## Cboe Exchange, Inc. Fees Schedule - [August] <u>September [</u> 3]1, 2020



Rate Table - Underlying Symbol List A (34) (Also applies to GTH)(37)

Options Transaction Fees (1)(3)(4)(7)(13)(15)(33)(39)

	Options mans	uetion 1 ccs (2)(5)(1)(1)(2 <u>5)(</u> 25)(55)(55)
Rate Table - All Products Excluding Underlying Symbol List A (34)[(13)]		Transaction Fee Per Contract
		No change.

No change.

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Options Transaction Fees (1)(3)(4)(7)(13)(15)(33)(39)(12)

Order Router Subsidy Program (6)(13)(29)			
Description	Capacity Code	Subsidy Per Contract	Notes
	С	I SO OO	Cboe Options may enter into subsidy arrangements with Trading Permit Holders ("TPHs") or broker-dealers that are not Cboe Options Trading Permit Holders ("Non-Cboe Options TPHs") that provide certain routing functionalities to other Cboe Options TPHs, Non-Cboe Options TPHs and/or use such functionalities themselves. Participating TPHs or participating Non-Cboe Options TPHs will receive a payment from Cboe Options for every executed contract (excluding those executed in AIM or as a QCC) for orders routed to Cboe Options through that participating Cboe Options TPH or Non-Cboe Options TPH's system to subsidize their costs associated with providing order routing functionalities.
ORS Program	FJLMBNU	\$0.07	
		\$0.07	ORS/CORS participants whose total aggregate non-customer ORS and CORS volume is greater than 0.25% of the total national volume (excluding volume in options classes included in Underlying Symbol List A, Sector Indexes (47), DJX, MXEA, MXEF or XSP) will receive an additional payment for all executed contracts exceeding that threshold during a calendar month.
Complex Order Router Sub	osidy Program (6) <u>(13)</u> (30)		
Description	Capacity Code	Subsidy Per Contract	Notes
CORS Program	С	\$0.00	Cboe Options may enter into subsidy arrangements with Trading Permit Holders ("TPHs") or broker-dealers that are not Cboe Options Trading Permit Holders ("Non-Cboe Options TPHs") that provide certain complex order routing functionalities to other Cboe Options TPHs, Non-Cboe Options TPHs and/or use such functionalities
	FJLMBNU		themselves. Participating TPHs or participating Non-Cboe Options TPHs will receive a payment from Cboe Options for every executed contract (excluding those executed in AIM or as a QCC) for complex orders routed to Cboe Options through that participating Cboe Options TPH or Non-Cboe Options TPH's system to subsidize their costs associated with providing order routing functionalities.
		\$0.07	ORS/CORS participants whose total aggregate non-customer ORS and CORS volume is greater than 0.25% of the total national volume (excluding volume in options classes included in Underlying Symbol List A, Sector Indexes (47), DJX, MXEA, MXEF or XSP) will receive an additional payment for all executed contracts exceeding that threshold during a calendar month.

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	Footnotes:
Footnote Number	Description
1-11	lo change.
13	Arket-maker, Clearing Trading Permit Holder, JBO participant, broker-dealer and non-Trading Permit Holder market-maker transaction fees are capped at \$[1,]0,00 for all [(i)] merger_[strategies and (ii)] short stock interest_[strategies and at \$700 for all] reversal[s], onversion[s] and jelly roll strategies executed in open outcry on the same trading day in the same option class across all symbols[for options on equities, ETFs and ETNs. Such transaction fees for these strategies are further capped at \$25,000 per month per initiating Trading ermit Holder or TPH organization (excluding Clearing Trading Permit Holders). These surcharge fees will not be included in the calculation of the \$1,000 per day per class fee cap or the \$25,000 per month fee cap for merger and short stock interest strategies]. A "merger trategy" is defined as transactions done to achieve a merger arbitrage involving the purchase, sale and exercise of options of the same class and expiration date, each executed prior to the date on which shareholders of record are required to elect their respective form of onsideration, i.e., cash or stock. A "short stock interest strategy" is defined as transactions done to achieve a short security and a stransactions done to achieve a short security and a congruing of the same class. A "reversal strategy[:]" is established by combining short security position with a short put and a long call position that shares the same strike and expiration. A "jelly roll strategy" is created by entering into two separate positions simultaneously. One position involves buying a put and selling a call with the same strike price and expiration. The second position involves selling a put and buying a call, with the same strike price, but with a different expiration from the first position. Strategies tied to QCC orders will not be eligible to receive a strategy rebate. Strategies defined in this footnote 13 will not be eligible for an ORS/CORS subsidy.
14-50	lo change.