

Additions underlined

Deletions [bracketed]

Rules of NYSE MKT LLC

Office Rules

RULE 8000. INVESTIGATIONS AND SANCTIONS

RULE 8300. SANCTIONS

Rule 8313. Release of Disciplinary Complaints, Decisions and Other Information

(a) General Standards

(1) The Exchange shall release to the public a copy of, and at the Exchange's discretion information with respect to, any disciplinary complaint or disciplinary decision issued by the Exchange, as defined in paragraph (e) of this Rule under the Rule 9000 Series, other than minor rule violations, on its website. The Exchange shall, in response to a request, release to the requesting party a copy of any identified disciplinary complaint or disciplinary decision issued by the Exchange, as defined in paragraph (e) of this Rule.

(2) The Exchange shall release to the public a copy of, and at the Exchange's discretion information with respect to, any statutory disqualification decision, notification, or notice issued by the Exchange pursuant to the Rule 9520 Series that will be filed with the SEC and any temporary cease and desist order or decision issued by the Exchange pursuant to the Rule 9800 Series.

(3) The Exchange shall release to the public information with respect to any suspension, cancellation, expulsion, or bar that constitutes final Exchange action imposed pursuant to Rules 9552, 9554, 9555, 9556, [and]9558 and 9560, and information with respect to any suspension imposed pursuant to Rule 9557. The Exchange shall release to the public a copy of, and information with respect to, any decision issued pursuant to Rule 9559 that constitutes final Exchange action. The Exchange shall release to the public information with respect to the summary suspension or expulsion of a member organization or the

summary revocation of the registration of a covered person for a failure to pay fines, other monetary sanctions, or costs pursuant to Rule 8320.

(4) The Exchange may release to the public a copy of, and information with respect to, any decision or notice issued pursuant to the Rule 9600 Series, and any other decision appealable to the SEC under Exchange Act Section 19(d).

(e) Definitions

(1) For the purpose of this Rule, the term "disciplinary complaint" shall mean any complaint issued pursuant to the Rule 9200 Series or any notice served pursuant to Rule 9560.

(2) For the purpose of this Rule, the term "disciplinary decision" shall mean any decision issued pursuant to the Rule 9000 Series, including, decisions issued by a Hearing Officer, Hearing Panel, Extended Hearing Panel, or the Board of Directors, orders accepting offers of settlement, and Letters of Acceptance, Waiver and Consent and suspension orders pursuant to Rule 9560; provided, however, such term does not include decisions issued pursuant to the Rule 9550 Series, Rule 9600 Series, or Rule 9800 Series, or decisions, notifications, or notices issued pursuant to the Rule 9520 Series, which are addressed by paragraphs (a)(2), (a)(3) and (a)(4) of this Rule. Minor rule violation plan letters issued pursuant to Rules 9216 and 9217 are not subject to this Rule.

RULE 9000. CODE OF PROCEDURE

RULE 9500. OTHER PROCEEDINGS

Rule 9560. Expedited Suspension Proceeding

(a) Initiation of Proceeding

(1) Scope of Authority

With the prior written authorization of the Chief Regulatory Officer ("CRO") or such other senior officers as the CRO may designate, Enforcement may initiate an expedited suspension proceeding with respect to alleged violations of Rule 5220 – Equities (Disruptive Quoting and Trading Activity Prohibited) or Rule 996NY (Disruptive Quoting and Trading Activity Prohibited).

(2) Service of Notice

Enforcement shall initiate the proceeding by serving a notice on a member organization, covered person, ATP Holder or associated person of an ATP Holder (hereinafter "Respondent"). Enforcement shall serve the notice by personal service or overnight commercial courier. The notice shall be effective upon service.

(3) Content of Notice

The notice shall state whether Enforcement is requesting the Respondent to be required to take action or to refrain from taking action. The notice shall be accompanied by:

- (A) a declaration of facts, signed by a person with knowledge of the facts contained therein, that specifies the acts that constitute the alleged violation; and
- (B) a proposed order that contains the required elements of a suspension order (except the date and hour of the order's issuance), which are set forth in sub-paragraph (d)(2) of this Rule).

(b) Appointment of Hearing Officers and Hearing Panel

(1) As soon as practicable after Enforcement initiates a suspension proceeding, a Hearing Panel shall be assigned in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) of Rule 9231.

(2) If at any time a Hearing Officer determines that he or she has a conflict of interest or bias or circumstances otherwise exist where his or her fairness might reasonably be questioned, or if a Party files a motion to disqualify a Hearing Officer, the recusal and disqualification proceeding shall be conducted in accordance with Rules 9233(a), except that:

- (A) a motion seeking disqualification of a Hearing Officer must be filed no later than 5 days after the announcement of the Hearing Panel; and
- (B) Enforcement may file a brief in opposition to the Respondent's motion no later than 5 days after service thereof.

(c) Hearing

(1) When Held. The hearing shall be held not later than 15 days after service of the notice initiating the suspension proceeding, unless otherwise extended by the Chairman of the Hearing Panel with the consent of the Parties for good cause shown. If a Hearing Officer is recused or disqualified, the hearing shall be held not later than five days after a replacement Hearing Officer is appointed.

(2) Service of Notice of Hearing. A notice of date, time, and place of the hearing shall be served on the Parties not later than seven days before the hearing, unless otherwise ordered by the Chairman of the Hearing Panel. Service shall be made by personal service or overnight commercial courier. The notice shall be effective upon service.

(3) Authority of Hearing Officers. A Hearing Officer shall have authority to do all things necessary and appropriate to discharge his or her duties as set forth in Rules 9235 and 9280.

(4) Witnesses. A person who is subject to the jurisdiction of the Exchange shall testify under oath or affirmation. The oath or affirmation shall be administered by a court reporter or a notary public.

(5) Additional Information. At any time during its consideration, the Hearing Panel may direct a Party to submit additional information. Any additional information submitted shall be provided to all Parties at least one day before the Hearing Panel renders its decision.

(6) Transcript. The hearing shall be recorded by a court reporter and a written transcript thereof shall be prepared. A transcript of the hearing shall be available to the Parties for purchase from the court reporter at prescribed rates. A witness may purchase a copy of the transcript of his or her own testimony from the court reporter at prescribed rates. Proposed corrections to the transcript may be submitted by affidavit to the Hearing Panel within a reasonable time determined by the Hearing Panel. Upon notice to all the Parties to the proceeding, the Hearing Panel may order corrections to the transcript as requested or sua sponte.

(7) Record and Evidence Not Admitted. The record shall consist of the notice initiating the proceeding, the declaration, and the proposed order described in subparagraph (a)(3) above; the transcript of the hearing; all evidence considered by the Hearing Panel; and any other document or item accepted into the record by the Hearing Panel. Enforcement shall be the custodian of the record. Proffered evidence that is not accepted into the record by the Hearing Panel shall be retained by the custodian of the record until the date when the Exchange's decision becomes final or, if applicable, upon the conclusion of any review by the SEC or the federal courts.

(8) Failure to Appear at a Hearing. If a Respondent fails to appear at a hearing for which it has notice, the allegations in the notice and accompanying declaration may be deemed admitted, and the Hearing Panel may issue a suspension order without further proceedings. If Enforcement fails to appear at a hearing for which it has notice, the Hearing Panel may order that the suspension proceeding be dismissed.

(d) Issuance of Suspension Order by Hearing Panel

(1) Basis for Issuance. The Hearing Panel shall issue a written decision stating whether a suspension order shall be imposed. The Hearing Panel shall issue the decision not later

than ten days after receipt of the hearing transcript, unless otherwise extended by the Chairman of the Hearing Panel with the consent of the Parties for good cause shown. A suspension order shall be imposed if the Hearing Panel finds:

- (A) by a preponderance of the evidence that the alleged violation specified in the notice has occurred; and
- (B) that the violative conduct or continuation thereof is likely to result in significant market disruption or other significant harm to investors.

(2) Content, Scope, and Form of Order. A suspension order shall:

- (A) be limited to: (i) ordering a Respondent to cease and desist from violating Rule 5220 – Equities, and/or (ii) ordering a Respondent to cease and desist from providing access to the Exchange to a client of Respondent that is causing violations of Rule 5220 – Equities;
- (B) set forth the alleged violation and the significant market disruption or other significant harm to investors that is likely to result without the issuance of an order;
- (C) describe in reasonable detail the act or acts the Respondent is to take or refrain from taking and to suspend the Respondent unless and until such action is taken or refrained from; and
- (D) include the date and hour of its issuance.

(3) Duration of Order. A suspension order shall remain effective and enforceable unless modified, set aside, limited, or revoked pursuant to paragraph (e), below.

(4) Service. The Hearing Panel's decision and any suspension order shall be served by personal service or overnight commercial courier. The suspension order shall be effective upon service.

(e) Review by Hearing Panel

At any time after the Respondent is served with a suspension order, a Party may apply to the Hearing Panel to have the order modified, set aside, limited, or revoked. The application shall set forth with specificity the facts that support the request. The opposing Party shall have an opportunity to respond to the request within a period of time set by the Chairman of the Hearing Panel. The Hearing Panel shall respond to the request in writing within ten days after receipt of the request, unless otherwise extended by the Chairman of the Hearing Panel with the consent of the Parties for good cause shown. The Hearing Panel's response shall be served on the Respondent via personal service or overnight commercial courier. The filing of an application under this Rule shall not stay the effectiveness of the suspension order.

(f) Call for Review by the Exchange Board of Directors

If there is no pending application to the Hearing Panel to have a suspension order modified, set aside, limited, or revoked, the Exchange Board of Directors, in accordance with Rule 9310, may call for review the Hearing Panel decision on whether to issue a suspension order. A call for review by the Exchange Board of Directors shall not stay the effectiveness of a suspension order.

(g) Application to SEC for Review

If there is no call for review by the Exchange Board of Directors, sanctions imposed pursuant to this Rule constitute final and immediately effective disciplinary sanctions imposed by the Exchange. If there is a call for review by the Exchange Board of Directors, their decision shall constitute final and immediately effective disciplinary sanctions imposed by the Exchange. The right to have any action under this Rule reviewed by the SEC is governed by Section 19 of the Exchange Act. The filing of an application for review shall not stay the effectiveness of a suspension order unless the SEC otherwise orders.

Equities Rules

Rule 5220 – Equities. Disruptive Quoting and Trading Activity Prohibited

(a) No member organization or covered person shall engage in or facilitate disruptive quoting and trading activity on the Exchange, including acting in concert with other persons to effect such activity.

(b) For purposes of this rule, disruptive quoting and trading activity shall include a frequent pattern in which the following facts are present:

(1) Disruptive Quoting and Trading Activity Type 1:

- (A) a party enters multiple limit orders on one side of the market at various price levels (the “Displayed Orders”); and**
- (B) following the entry of the Displayed Orders, the level of supply and demand for the security changes; and**
- (C) the party enters one or more orders on the opposite side of the market of the Displayed Orders (the “Contra-Side Orders”) that are subsequently executed; and**

- (D) following the execution of the Contra-Side Orders, the party cancels the Displayed Orders.

(2) Disruptive Quoting and Trading Activity Type 2:

- (A) a party narrows the spread for a security by placing an order inside the national best bid and national best offer (“NBBO”); and
- (B) the party then submits an order on the opposite side of the market that executes against another market participant that joined the new inside market established by the order described in paragraph (A).

(c) Applicability. For purposes of this Rule, disruptive quoting and trading activity shall include a frequent pattern in which the facts listed above are present. Unless otherwise indicated, the order of the events indicating the pattern does not modify the applicability of the Rule. Further, disruptive quoting and trading activity includes a pattern or practice in which all of the quoting and trading activity is conducted on the Exchange as well as a pattern or practice in which some portion of the quoting or trading activity is conducted on the Exchange and the other portions of the quoting or trading activity is conducted on one or more other exchanges.

Trading of Option Contracts

Rule 996NY. Disruptive Quoting and Trading Activity Prohibited

(a) No ATP Holder or associated person of an ATP Holder shall engage in or facilitate disruptive quoting and trading activity on the Exchange, including acting in concert with other persons to effect such activity.

(b) For purposes of this rule, disruptive quoting and trading activity shall include a frequent pattern in which the following facts are present:

(1) Disruptive Quoting and Trading Activity Type 1:

- (A) a party enters multiple limit orders on one side of the market at various price levels (the “Displayed Orders”); and
- (B) following the entry of the Displayed Orders, the level of supply and demand for the security changes; and

(C) the party enters one or more orders on the opposite side of the market of the Displayed Orders (the “Contra-Side Orders”) that are subsequently executed; and

(D) following the execution of the Contra-Side Orders, the party cancels the Displayed Orders.

(3) Disruptive Quoting and Trading Activity Type 2:

(A) a party narrows the spread for a security by placing an order inside the national best bid and national best offer (“NBBO”); and

(B) the party then submits an order on the opposite side of the market that executes against another market participant that joined the new inside market established by the order described in paragraph (A).

(c) Applicability. For purposes of this Rule, disruptive quoting and trading activity shall include a frequent pattern in which the facts listed above are present. Unless otherwise indicated, the order of the events indicating the pattern does not modify the applicability of the Rule. Further, disruptive quoting and trading activity includes a pattern or practice in which all of the quoting and trading activity is conducted on the Exchange as well as a pattern or practice in which some portion of the quoting or trading activity is conducted on the Exchange and the other portions of the quoting or trading activity is conducted on one or more other exchanges.
