Self-Regulatory Organizations; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change by New York Stock Exchange LLC Amending NYSE Rule 2 to Redefine the Term “Member Organization”

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")\(^1\), and Rule 19b-4\(^2\) thereunder, notice is hereby given that on June 30, 2009, New York Stock Exchange LLC ("NYSE" or "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the self-regulatory organization. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend NYSE Rule 2 to redefine the term “member organization.” The text of the proposed rule change is available at the Exchange, the Commission’s Public Reference Room, and www.nyse.com.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has

---


prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant parts of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

The Exchange is proposing to amend its rules to broaden the definition of a “member organization” to include a registered broker or dealer that is not a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (“FINRA”) so long as the broker or dealer is a member of another registered securities exchange. However, member organizations that transact business with public customers or conduct business on the Floor of the Exchange must at all times be members of FINRA. The revised definition as proposed is consistent with the rules of other national securities exchanges that have been approved by the Commission.

Under current NYSE Rule 2(b)(i), a registered broker or dealer must be a member of FINRA in order to qualify as a “member organization” of the Exchange and to be eligible for an NYSE trading license. Under this arrangement, FINRA is the DEA for all NYSE member organizations. Similarly, NYSE Rule 2(b)(ii) provides that a registered broker or dealer can become a member organization, even though it does not own an NYSE trading license, if it agrees to be regulated as such by the Exchange, but only if it is a member of FINRA. The Exchange proposes to make membership more broadly available to other registered brokers or dealers who are not FINRA members but who are members of another registered securities exchange and do not transact business with public customers or conduct business on the Floor of the Exchange. The Exchange believes that this change can be made without any sacrifice of regulatory rigor.
Under the proposed rule change, those NYSE member organizations that are also members of FINRA will continue to be regulated pursuant to the terms of the existing allocation plan pursuant to Rule 17d-2 of the Act among FINRA, NYSE, and NYSE Regulation, Inc. (“NYSE Regulation”), and FINRA will continue to be the DEA for these member organizations. For those NYSE member organizations that are not members of FINRA, but are members of another registered securities exchange, NYSE Regulation will provide for the exercise of certain of its regulatory responsibilities with respect to these member organizations pursuant to an amendment to an existing regulatory services agreement among NYSE, NYSE Regulation, and FINRA.3

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with the rules of other registered national securities exchanges that have previously been approved by the Commission. For example, the rules of BATS Exchange, Inc. (“BATS”) provide that “any registered broker or dealer which is a member of another registered national securities exchange or association or any person associated with such a registered broker or dealer shall be eligible” to be a member of that exchange.4 Stated otherwise, to be eligible for BATS membership, a firm must be a member of either FINRA or another

3 Because the new class of member organization proposed in this rule filing would not be FINRA members, they would not be covered under an existing allocation plan among NYSE, NYSE Regulation, and NASD (k/n/a FINRA) pursuant to Rule 17d-2 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “17d-2 Agreement”). See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 56148 (July 26, 2007), 72 FR 42146 (August 1, 2007) (Notice of Filing and Order Approving and Declaring Effective a Plan for the Allocation of Regulatory Responsibilities). Accordingly, pursuant to an amendment to an existing regulatory services agreement, NYSE Regulation will retain FINRA to provide regulatory services for certain NYSE rules defined as “Common Rules” under the 17d-2 Agreement for any NYSE member organization that is not a FINRA member, starting from the effective date of this filing.

4 See BATS Rule 2.3.
registered national securities exchange. Similarly, the rules of National Stock Exchange, Inc. (“NSX”) contain no requirement for FINRA membership in its eligibility requirements and restrictions applicable to a registered broker or dealer that seeks to become an ETP Holder on that Exchange.\(^5\)

Finally, the rules of The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC (“Nasdaq”) provide for membership in Nasdaq of a registered broker or dealer that is either a member of FINRA or a member of another registered securities exchange, with the additional requirement (also being proposed herein by the Exchange) that “Nasdaq members that transact business with customers shall at all times be members of FINRA.”\(^6\) The term “customers” in the foregoing sentence refers to public customers and does not include brokers or dealers.\(^7\)

2. **Statutory Basis**

The proposed rule change is consistent with Section 6(b)\(^8\) of the Act, in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5)\(^9\) in particular in that it is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest. More specifically, the NYSE believes that, by

---

\(^5\) See NSX Rules 2.3 and 2.4.  
\(^6\) See Nasdaq Rule 1002(e). See also Nasdaq Rule 1014(a)(3).  
\(^7\) See Nasdaq Rule 0120(g).  
(i) expanding the number of registered brokers and dealers that are eligible to become NYSE member organizations and trade on the Exchange, while maintaining high regulatory standards with respect to such firms, and (ii) aligning NYSE membership requirements more closely with those of other registered securities exchanges, the proposed rule change will contribute to perfecting the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, which outcomes are also consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest.

B. **Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition**

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

C. **Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others**

No written comments were solicited or received with respect to the proposed rule change.

III. **Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action**

Because the foregoing proposed rule change does not: (i) significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) impose any significant burden on competition; and (iii) become operative for 30 days after the date of the filing, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate, if consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest, it has become effective pursuant to 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act\(^\text{10}\) and Rule 19b-4(f)(6) thereunder.\(^\text{11}\)

The Exchange has requested that the Commission waive the 30-day operative delay so that the Exchange may expand the number of registered brokers and dealers that are eligible to become NYSE member organizations and trade on the Exchange without delay. The Commission has determined that waiving the 30-day operative delay of the Exchange’s proposal is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest because such waiver will enable the Exchange to extend Exchange membership to registered broker-dealers that are members of other exchanges in a manner that is consistent with the rules of other exchanges, which previously were approved by the Commission. Therefore, the Commission designates the proposal operative upon filing.

At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission may summarily abrogate such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

---

11 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6). In addition, Rule 19b-4(f)(6) requires a self-regulatory organization to give the Commission written notice of its intent to file the proposed rule change at least five business days prior to the date of filing of the proposed rule change, or such shorter time as designated by the Commission. The Exchange has satisfied this requirement.


13 For purposes only of waiving the 30-day operative delay, the Commission has considered the proposed rule’s impact on efficiency, competition, and capital formation. See 15 U.S.C. 78c(f).
IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic comments:

- Use the Commission’s Internet comment form
  (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an e-mail to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR-NYSE-2009-63 on the subject line.

Paper comments:

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Elizabeth M. Murphy, Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NYSE-2009-63. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for inspection and copying in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Copies of the filing also will be available for inspection and copying at the principal
office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NYSE-2009-63 and should be submitted on or before [insert date 21 days from publication in the Federal Register].

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.14

Florence E. Harmon
Deputy Secretary