March 17, 2009

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change by New York Stock Exchange LLC Amending the NYSE Rule Book to Delete References to Specific Exchange Systems and to Remove the Requirement that Opening Transactions Receive Specific Designations Pursuant to NYSE Rules 79A and 115A

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1)\(^1\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act”)\(^2\) and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,\(^3\) notice is hereby given that, on March 13, 2009, New York Stock Exchange LLC (“NYSE” or the “Exchange”) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II, below, which Items have been prepared by the self-regulatory organization. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

The Exchange proposes to amend the NYSE Rule Book to delete references to specific Exchange systems and to remove the requirement that opening transactions receive specific designations pursuant to NYSE Rules 79A and 115A.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization’s Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of, and basis for, the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of those statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and

\(^3\) 17 CFR 240.19b-4.
A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

Through this filing, the Exchange proposes to amend its rule book to delete references to specific Exchange systems. The Exchange seeks to replace references to “DOT”, “SuperDot”, “Limit Order System” and “Opening Automated Report Service” (“OARS”) with “Exchange systems”. In addition, the Exchange seeks to remove the requirement that certain opening transactions be designated “OPD”, “OPN” pursuant to NYSE Rule 79A (Miscellaneous Requirements on Stock Market Procedures) and Rule 115A (Orders at Opening or in Unusual Situations).4

Background

Exchange Systems

On March 1, 1976, the Exchange commenced the operation of its Designated Order Turnaround (“DOT”) system. It was re-designated “SuperDot” (or sometimes cited as “SuperDOT”) in 1984. Today, SuperDot® is an electronic order-routing system used by NYSE member organizations to send market and limit orders directly to the trading post where the security is traded. The system provides members and member organizations the ability to enter and manage their order flow on the Exchange electronically. After the orders have been executed, SuperDot uses the same electronic circuit to send post-trade reports back to member firms.

4 The Exchange notes that a companion filing is being made by NYSE Alternext LLC to amend similar rules of that self-regulatory organization. See SR-NYSE Alternext-2009-28 (to be filed March 13, 2009).
At one time, the Exchange’s Limit Order System electronically filed orders to be executed when and if the specific limit price of an order is reached and electronically updates the Display Book. Good 'til Cancelled orders not executed on the day of submission are automatically stored in this system until executed or cancelled.

When first introduced in 1980, OARS was designed to facilitate more efficient and accurate processing of orders received by the Exchange prior to the opening, a critical point in the trading day. It provided automation of certain clerical functions carried out at the trading post, issued reports on executions and substantially reduced the number of potential unmatched trades since processing was done electronically.

OARS accepts member organizations’ pre-opening market orders for execution at the opening. OARS automatically pairs buy and sell orders and presents the imbalance to the DMM up to the time of the opening to assist the DMM in determining the opening price. Once that price is determined and transmitted by the DMM, the OARS system assigns the price to the orders it holds and issues reports back to the entering firms and brokers immediately.

Opening Report “OPD” Opened Designation

NYSE Rule 79A.20 requires a Designated Market Maker to obtain prior Floor Official approval if a security is going to open at one or more dollars away from the closing price at the Exchange when the closing price was under $20 a share, or two dollars or more away from the closing price at the Exchange when the closing price was $20 per share or more. Under (c) of Rule 79A.20, when such a transaction is an opening trade, the symbol “OPD”, which means opened, will appear next to the transaction when published to the Consolidated Tape.

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The “OPD” designation traces back to when executions were manually entered to be reported to the Consolidated Tape. The “OPD” designation served two functions. First, because getting Floor Official approval required time, securities that were opening at one or more dollars away from the closing price usually had delayed openings. The “OPD” designation provided notice that the stock had in fact commenced trading. In addition, “OPD” provided a validation to the individual charged with manually entering the opening transaction information that the price associated with the opening transaction being reported was valid as the transaction would be a dollar or more away from the closing price.

NYSE Rule 115A.30 provides that orders stored in OARS will receive “OPN” or “such other universal contra as the Exchange may designate” to identify that the trade took place in Exchange systems at the opening. “OPN” is used as an omnibus account designation to identify market orders executed through OARS to the member or member organization receiving the report of execution of the trade.

Proposed Amendments

Exchange Systems

The Exchange is enhancing its systems to create a strong platform for technological growth that offers its customers the most comprehensive set of trading technology solutions to meet their needs and expectations. In order to attain this goal, the Exchange is continually upgrading its systems that accept, manage and report orders. In this process, legacy systems that once performed the functions governed by certain NYSE Rules may be upgraded or replaced in their entirety. In order to keep pace with the enhancements to its technology, the Exchange seeks to replace references to specific systems that perform a function and replace it with the phrase “Exchange systems”.
The Exchange therefore proposes to amend NYSE Rules 123C (Market on The Close Policy And Expiration Procedures), 123D (Openings and Halts in Trading), 130 (Overnight Comparison of Exchange Transactions) and 132B (Order Tracking Requirements) to replace any references to “Designated Order Turnaround”, “Limit Order System”, “DOT”, “SuperDot” or “SuperDOT” with “Exchange systems”.

The OARS system functioning will be carried out through similar functioning in the Display Book®; and as a result, there will no longer be a separate system for processing openings. As a result, the Exchange seeks to remove the references to “Opening Automated Report Service” from .30 in the Supplementary Material to Rule 91 (Taking or Supplying Securities Named in Order), from various references in .30 of Rule 115A (Orders at Opening or in Unusual Situations) and in .10 under Supplementary Material to Rule 134 (Differences and Omissions – Cleared Transactions). The Exchange seeks to insert the phrase “Exchange systems” in Rules 91.10, 115A.30 and 134 to replace the references to the “Opening Automated Report Service” or “the Service”. In addition, the Exchange proposes to substitute the phrase “securities on the Exchange” and similar wording to replace the phrase “designated stock”, “designated stocks” or “stocks”. In practice, the instant rules apply to all instruments traded on the Exchange, which include structured products such as capital trusts and warrants. As such, the broader term “securities” more accurately reflects the types of instruments traded on the Exchange than the narrower term “stock”. Finally, the Exchange proposes to remove the specific references to “OPN and OARS” as contras in Rule 115A and proposes to add language to the

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6 Display Book® is an order management and execution facility that receives and displays orders to the DMM and provides a mechanism to execute and report transactions and publish the results to the Consolidated Tape. In addition, the Display Book is connected to a variety of other Exchange systems for the purposes of comparison, surveillance, and reporting information to customers and other market data and national market systems.
Rule to indicate that the designation by the Exchange of universal contras for orders stored in
Exchange systems will not be deemed inconsistent with Exchange Rules 121.10 and 138. Both
these rules allow that a substitute name may be used with respect to trade reports and the use of
universal contras designated by the Exchange is deemed consistent with those requirements.

“OPD” and “OPN” Designations

These enhancements to Exchange systems have also negated the need for the “OPD” and
“OPN” designations. Currently Exchange systems process orders, allocate the executed shares to
the various participants, and publish reports of executions automatically. Given this change from
how interest was processed in the manual environment, “OPD” no longer serves the purpose of
validating the transaction price and is therefore no longer necessary, as the opening price is
systemically validated. As such, the Exchange seeks through this filing to eliminate the
requirement pursuant to Rule 79A.20(c) that opening transactions at one or more dollars away
from the closing price “be accompanied when published on tape by the symbol "OPD". In
addition, as explained above, the Exchange also seeks to remove the reference to “OPN” in Rule
115A since, with the transference of the functions of OARS to the NYSE Display Book, the
universal contra of “OPN” will no longer be used.

2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with the requirement
under Section 6(b)(5)7 of the Act that an Exchange have rules that are designed to promote just
and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free
and open market and national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public
interest. The Exchange believes that the rescission of the references to outdated systems and

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processes promotes just and equitable principles of trade and protects investors and the public interest because it allows the Exchange to upgrade its systems in a timely manner thus providing customers the most comprehensive and all-encompassing set of trading technology solutions and mechanisms for efficient executions.

B. **Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition**

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act.

C. **Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others**

No written comments were solicited or received with respect to the proposed rule change.

III. **Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action**

Because the foregoing proposed rule change: (1) does not significantly affect the protection of investors or the public interest; (2) does not impose any significant burden on competition; and (3) by its terms, does not become operative for 30 days after the date of filing, or such shorter time as the Commission may designate if consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest, the proposed rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act\(^8\) and Rule 19b-4(f)(6) thereunder.\(^9\)

A proposed rule change filed under Rule 19b-4(f)(6) normally does not become operative for 30 days after the date of filing.\(^{10}\) However, Rule 19b-4(f)(6)(iii) permits the Commission to

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\(^{10}\) 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6)(iii). In addition, Rule 19b-4(f)(6)(iii) requires the self-regulatory organization to give the Commission notice of its intent to file the proposed rule change, along with a brief description and text of the proposed rule change, at least five business days prior to the date of filing of the proposed rule change, or such shorter time as designated by the Commission. NYSE has satisfied this requirement.
designate a shorter time if such action is consistent with the protection of investors and the public
interest. The Exchange requested that the Commission waive the 30-day operative delay.

The Commission believes that waiving the 30-day operative delay is consistent with the
protection of investors and the public interest. By waiving the operative delay, the proposed rule
change may take effect on or about March 16, 2009, when the Exchange expects to install these
technological changes. A waiver of the 30-day operative delay will also allow timely removal of
outdated language in Exchange rules and avoid any potential confusion, and it will ensure that
Exchange rule text is more accurate. For these reasons, the Commission designates the proposed
rule change as operative upon filing.11

At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission
may summarily abrogate such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is
necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in
furtherance of the purposes of the Act.12

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning
the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments
may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic comments:

- Use the Commission’s Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an e-mail to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR-NYSE-

11 For purposes only of waiving the 30-day operative delay, the Commission has also
considered the proposed rule’s effect on efficiency, competition, and capital formation.

2009-29 on the subject line.

Paper comments:

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Elizabeth M. Murphy, Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-NYSE-2009-29. This file number should be included on the subject line if e-mail is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission’s Internet Web site (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for inspection and copying in the Commission’s Public Reference Room, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of the filing will also be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the self-regulatory organization. All comments received will be posted without change; the Commission does not edit personal identifying information from submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer
to File Number SR-NYSE-2009-29 and should be submitted on or before [insert date 21 days from publication in the Federal Register].

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.\(^\text{13}\)

Florence E. Harmon
Deputy Secretary

\(^{13}\) 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).