EXHIBIT 5

The text of the proposed rule change is below. Proposed new language is underlined; deletions are bracketed.

4120. Limit Up-Limit Down Plan and Trading Halts

(a) – (b) No change.

(c) Procedure for Initiating and Terminating a Trading Halt

(1) – (6) No change.

(7)

(A) A trading halt or pause initiated under Rule 4120(a)(1), (4), (5), (6), (9), (10), (11), or (12)(F) shall be terminated when Nasdaq releases the security for trading. For any such security listed on Nasdaq, prior to terminating the halt or pause, there will be a 5-minute Display Only Period during which market participants may enter quotations and orders in that security in Nasdaq systems. In addition, in instances where a trading halt is in effect prior to the commencement of the Display Only Period, market participants may enter orders in a security that is the subject of the trading halt on Nasdaq and designate such orders to be held until the beginning of the Display Only Period. Such orders will be held in a suspended state until the beginning of the Display Only Period, at which time they will be entered into the system. [At the conclusion of the 5-minute Display Only Period, the security shall be released for trading unless Nasdaq extends the Display Only Period for an additional 1-minute period pursuant to subparagraph (C) below. At the conclusion of the Display Only Period, trading shall immediately resume pursuant to Rule 4753.]

(B) At the conclusion of the 5-minute Display Only Period, the security will be released for trading unless, at the end of a Display Only Period or during the subsequent process to release the security for trading, Nasdaq detects an order imbalance in the security. In that case, Nasdaq will extend the Display Only Period for an additional 1-minute period. At the conclusion of the Display Only Period, trading shall immediately resume pursuant to Rule 4753.

(C) For purposes of Rule 4120(c)(7), an order imbalance shall be established as follows:

(1) When (i) the last available Current Reference Price, as defined in Rule 4753(a)(2)(A), disseminated immediately prior to the end of the Display Only Period and any of the three preceding Current Reference Prices differ by more than the greater of 5 percent or 50 cents, or (ii) all market orders will not be executed in the cross; or

(2) If, upon completion of the cross calculation, (i) the calculated price at which the security would be released for trading and any of the three preceding Current Reference Prices disseminated immediately prior to the initiation of the cross calculation differ by more than the greater of 5 percent or 50 cents, or (ii) all market orders would not be executed in the cross.
[(B) (A)] A trading halt initiated under Rule 4120(a)(7) shall be terminated when Nasdaq releases the security for trading and the conditions described in this rule are satisfied. Prior to terminating the halt, there will be a 15-minute Display Only Period during which market participants may enter quotes and orders in that security in Nasdaq systems. In addition, beginning at 4:00 a.m., market participants may enter orders in a security that is the subject of an Initial Public Offering (“IPO”) on Nasdaq and designate such orders to be held until the beginning of the Display Only Period, at which time they will be entered into the system.

After the conclusion of the 15-minute Display Only Period [(the time after conclusion of the Display Only Period is hereafter referred to as the “Pre-Launch Period”), the security will enter a “Pre-Launch Period” of indeterminate duration. The Pre-Launch Period shall end and the security shall be released for trading by Nasdaq [at such time as both of the following conditions are simultaneously met] when the conditions described in paragraphs (c)(8)(A)(i), (ii), and (iii) are all met.

(i) Nasdaq receives notice from the underwriter of the IPO that the security is ready to trade. The Nasdaq system will calculate the Current Reference Price at that time (the “Expected Price”) and display it to the underwriter. If the underwriter then approves proceeding, the Nasdaq system will conduct the following validation checks: [and]

(ii) The Nasdaq system must determine that all market orders will be executed in the cross [there is no order imbalance in the security as defined in subparagraph (C) below]; and

(iii) the security must pass the price validation test described below in subparagraph (B).

The failure to satisfy these conditions during the process to release the security for trading will result in a delay of the release for trading of the IPO, and a continuation of the Pre-Launch Period, until all conditions have been satisfied. The underwriter, with concurrence of Nasdaq, may determine at any point during the IPO Halt Cross process up through the conclusion of the Pre-Launch Period to postpone and reschedule the IPO. Market participants may continue to enter orders and order cancellations for participation in the cross auction during the Pre-Launch Period up to the point that the cross auction process commences.

[(C) If at the end of a Display Only Period or during the subsequent process to release the security for trading, Nasdaq detects an order imbalance in the security, Nasdaq will extend the Display Only Period as permitted under subparagraph (A). In the case of subparagraph (B), any order imbalance during the Pre-Launch Period or during the subsequent process to release the security for trading will result in a delay of the release for trading of the IPO until the end of the order imbalance and satisfaction of the other requirements for release of the IPO contained in subparagraph (B). Order imbalances are established as follows:]
(1) Order imbalances under subparagraph (A) shall be established when (i) the last available Current Reference Price, as defined in Rule 4753(a)(2)(A), disseminated immediately prior to the end of the Display Only Period and any of the three preceding Current Reference Prices differ by more than the greater of 5 percent or 50 cents, or (ii) all buy or sell market orders will not be executed in the cross.

(2) Order imbalances under subparagraph (B) shall be established when (i) the Current Reference Price, as defined in Rule 4753(a)(2)(A), disseminated immediately prior to commencing the release of the IPO for trading during the Pre-Launch Period and any of the three preceding Current Reference Prices differ by more than the greater of 5 percent or 50 cents, or (ii) all buy or sell market orders will not be executed in the cross.

(3) Order imbalances under both subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall be established during the subsequent process to release a security for trading, which occurs at the termination of either a Display Only Period under subparagraph (A) or a Pre-Launch Period under subparagraph (B), if, upon completion of the cross calculation, (i) the calculated price at which the security would be released for trading and any of the three preceding Current Reference Prices disseminated immediately prior to the initiation of the cross calculation differ by more than the greater of 5 percent or 50 cents, or (ii) all buy or sell market orders would not be executed in the cross.

(B) Prior to the conclusion of the Pre-Launch Period, the underwriter shall select price bands for purposes of applying the price validation test. Under the price validation test, the System compares the Expected Price with the actual price calculated by the Cross. If the actual price calculated by the Cross differs from the Expected Price by an amount in excess of the price band selected by the underwriter, the security will not be released for trading and the Pre-Launch Period will continue. The underwriter shall select an upper price band (i.e., an amount by which the actual price may not exceed the Expected Price) and a lower price band (i.e., an amount by which the actual price may not be lower than the Expected Price). If a security does not pass the price validation test, the underwriter may, but is not required to, select different price bands before recommencing the process to release the security for trading. The price bands available for selection shall be in such increments, and at such price points, as may be established from time to time by Nasdaq; the available price bands shall include $0 but shall not be in excess of $0.50. Nasdaq will notify member organizations and the public of changes in available price band or increments through a notice that is widely disseminated at least one week in advance of the change. In selecting available price bands and increments, Nasdaq will consider input from underwriters and other market participants and the results of past usage of price bands to adopt price bands and increments that promote efficiency in the initiation of trading and protect investors and the public interest.

[(8) (9) For purposes of this Rule and Rule 4753, the process for halting and initial pricing of a security that is the subject of an initial public offering shall also be available for the initial pricing of any other security that has not been listed on a national securities exchange or traded in the over-the-counter market pursuant to FINRA Form 211 immediately prior to the initial pricing, provided that a broker-dealer serving in the role]
of financial advisor to the issuer of the securities being listed is willing to perform the functions under Rule 4120(c)(7)(B) that are performed by an underwriter with respect to an initial public offering.