Name and Address:

Cisco Systems, Inc. ("Cisco")
170 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, California 95134

Details of organization:

Stock corporation organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of California on December 10, 1984

Contractual relationship:

The Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc. and Cisco are parties to a Master Services Agreement dated July 11, 2005 and a Master Agreement to Lease Equipment dated July 14, 2003.

Business or functions:

Cisco is the network equipment provider for the Nasdaq Market Center, providing routers and switches used to provide network connectivity between the Nasdaq Market Center and market participants and market data vendors and users.

Certificate of Incorporation:

Attached as Exhibit A.

By-Laws:

Attached as Exhibit B.

Officers, Governors, and Standing Committee Members

Attached as Exhibit C.
RESTATED ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.,
a California Corporation

The undersigned, John T. Chambers and Larry R. Carter, hereby certify that:

ONE: They are the duly elected and acting President and Secretary, respectively, of said corporation.

TWO: The Restated Articles of Incorporation of said corporation shall be amended and restated in its entirety to read in full as follows:

ARTICLE I

The name of this corporation is Cisco Systems, Inc.

ARTICLE II

The purpose of this corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which a corporation may be organized under the General Corporation Law of California other than the banking business, the trust company business or the practice of a profession permitted to be incorporated by the California Corporations Code.

ARTICLE III

The liability of the directors of the corporation for monetary damages shall be eliminated to the fullest extent permissible under California law.

ARTICLE IV

(A) Classes of Stock. This corporation is authorized to issue two classes of stock to be designated, respectively, "Common Stock" and "Preferred Stock." The total number of shares that the corporation is authorized to issue is Twenty Billion Five Million (20,005,000,000) shares. Twenty Billion (20,000,000,000) shares shall be Common Stock, par value of $0.001, and Five Million (5,000,000) shares shall be Preferred Stock.

(B) Rights, Preferences and Restrictions of Preferred Stock. The Preferred Stock authorized by these Restated Articles of Incorporation may be issued from time to time in series. The Board of Directors is hereby authorized to fix or alter the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions granted to or imposed upon series of Preferred Stock, and the number of shares constituting any such series and the designation thereof, or of any of them. Subject to compliance with applicable protective voting rights that have been or may be granted to the Preferred Stock or any series thereof in any Certificate of Determination or the corporation's Articles of Incorporation ("Protective Provisions"), but notwithstanding any other rights of the
Preferred Stock or any series thereof, the rights, privileges, preferences and restrictions of any such additional series may be subordinated to, pari passu with (including, without limitation, inclusion in provisions with respect to liquidation and acquisition preferences, redemption and/or approval of matters by vote or written consent), or senior to any of those of any present or future class or series of Preferred Stock or Common Stock. Subject to compliance with applicable Protective Provisions, the Board of Directors also is authorized to increase or decrease the number of shares of any series prior or subsequent to the issue of that series, but not below the number of shares of such series then outstanding. In case the number of shares of any series shall be so decreased, the shares constituting such decrease shall resume the status which they had prior to the adoption of the resolution originally fixing the number of shares of such series.

1. **Repurchase of Shares.** In connection with repurchases by this corporation of its Common Stock pursuant to its agreements with certain of the holders thereof, Sections 502 and 503 of the California General Corporation Law shall not apply in whole or in part with respect to such repurchases.

(C) **Common Stock.**

1. **Dividend Rights.** Subject to the prior rights of holders of all classes of stock at the time outstanding having prior rights as to dividends, the holders of the Common Stock shall be entitled to receive, when and as declared by the Board of Directors, out of any assets of the corporation legally available therefor, such dividends as may be declared from time to time by the Board of Directors.

2. **Liquidation Rights.** Subject to the prior rights of holders of all classes of stock at the time outstanding having prior rights as to liquidation, upon the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the corporation, the assets of the corporation shall be distributed to the holders of the Common Stock.

3. **Redemption.** The Common Stock is not redeemable.

4. **Voting Rights.** The holder of each share of Common Stock shall have the right to one vote, and shall be entitled to notice of any shareholders' meeting in accordance with the Bylaws of this corporation, and shall be entitled to vote upon such matters and in such manner as may be provided by law.

(D) **Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock.** The shares of such series shall be designated as "Series A Junior Participating Stock" (the "Series A Preferred Stock") and the number of shares constituting the Series A Preferred Stock shall be one million two hundred thousand (1,200,000). Such number of shares may be increased or decreased by resolution of the Board of Directors; provided, that no decrease shall reduce the number of shares of Series A Preferred Stock to a number less than the number of shares then outstanding plus the number of shares reserved for issuance upon the exercise of outstanding options, rights or warrants or upon the conversion of any outstanding securities issued by the Corporation convertible into Series A Preferred Stock. The rights, preferences, privileges, and restrictions granted and imposed on the Series A Preferred Stock are as set forth below in this Article VII.
1. Dividends and Distributions.

(A) Subject to the rights of the holders of any shares of any series of Preferred Stock (or any similar stock) ranking prior and superior to the Series A Preferred Stock with respect to dividends, each holder of a share of Series A Preferred Stock, in preference to the holders of shares of Common Stock, par value $.001 per share (the “Common Stock”), of the Corporation, and of any other junior stock, shall be entitled to receive, when declared by the Board of Directors out of funds legally available for the purpose, quarterly dividends payable in cash on the last day of March, June, September and December in each year (each such date being referred to herein as a “Quarterly Dividend Payment Date”), commencing on the first Quarterly Dividend Payment Date after the first issuance of a share or fraction of a share Series A Preferred Stock, in an amount per share (rounded to the nearest cent) equal to, subject to the provision for adjustment hereinafter set forth, Ten Thousand (10,000) times the aggregate per share amount of all cash dividends, and Ten Thousand (10,000) times the aggregate per share amount (payable in kind) of all non-cash dividends or other distributions, other than a dividend payable in shares of Common Stock or a subdivision of the outstanding shares of Common Stock (by reclassification or otherwise), declared on the Common Stock since the immediately preceding Quarterly Dividend Payment Date or, with respect to the first Quarterly Dividend Payment Date, since the first issuance of a share or fraction of Series A Preferred Stock. In the event the Corporation shall at any time declare or pay any dividend on the Common Stock payable in shares of Common Stock, or effect a subdivision or combination or consolidation of the outstanding shares of Common Stock (by reclassification or otherwise than by payment of a dividend in shares of Common Stock) into a greater or lesser number of shares of Common Stock, then in each such case the amount to which holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock were entitled immediately prior to such event under clause (b) of the preceding sentence shall be adjusted by multiplying such amount by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after such event and the denominator of which is the number of shares of Common Stock that were outstanding immediately prior to such event.

(B) The Corporation shall declare a dividend or distribution on the shares of Series A Preferred Stock as provided in paragraph (A) of this Section immediately after it declares a dividend or distribution on the Common Stock (other than a dividend payable in shares of Common Stock); provided, however, that, in the event no dividend or distribution shall have been declared on the Common Stock during the period between any Quarterly Distribution Date and the next subsequent Quarterly Dividend Payment Date, a dividend of $.000001 per share of Series A Preferred Stock shall nevertheless be payable on such subsequent Quarterly Dividend Payment Date.

(C) Dividends shall begin to accrue and be cumulative on each outstanding share of Series A Preferred Stock from the Quarterly Dividend Payment Date next preceding the date of issue of such share of Series A Preferred Stock, unless the date of issue of such share is prior to the record date for the first Quarterly Dividend Payment Date, in which case dividends on such share shall begin to accrue from the date of issue of such share, or unless the date of issue is a Quarterly Dividend Payment Date or is a date after the record date for the determination of holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock entitled to receive a quarterly dividend and before such Quarterly Dividend Payment Date, in either of which events such
dividends shall begin to accrue and be cumulative from such Quarterly Dividend Payment Date. Accrued but unpaid dividends shall not bear interest. Dividends paid on the shares of Series A Preferred Stock in an amount less than the total amount of such dividends at the time accrued and payable on such shares shall be allocated pro rata on a share-by-share basis among all such shares at the time outstanding. The Board of Directors may fix a record date for the determination of holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock entitled to receive payment of a dividend or distribution declared thereon, which record date shall be not more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for the payment thereof.

2. Voting Rights. The holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock shall have the following voting rights:

   (A) Subject to the provision for adjustment hereinafter set forth, each share of Series A Preferred Stock shall entitle the holder thereof to Ten Thousand (10,000) votes on all matters submitted to a vote of the shareholders of the Corporation. In the event the Corporation shall at any time declare or pay any dividend on the Common Stock payable in shares of Common Stock, or effect a subdivision or combination or consolidation of the outstanding shares of Common Stock (by reclassification or otherwise than by payment of a dividend in shares of Common Stock) into a greater or lesser number of shares of Common Stock, then in each such case the number of votes per share to which holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock were entitled immediately prior to such event shall be adjusted by multiplying such number by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after such event and the denominator of which is the number of shares of Common Stock that were outstanding immediately prior to such event.

   (B) Except as otherwise provided herein, in any other Certificate of Determination creating a series of Preferred Stock or any similar stock, or by law, the holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock and the holders of shares of Common Stock and any other capital stock of the Corporation having general voting rights shall vote together as one class on all matters submitted to a vote of shareholders of the Corporation.

   (C) Except as set forth herein, or as otherwise provided by law, holders of Series A Preferred Stock shall have no special voting rights and their consent shall not be required (except to the extent they are entitled to vote with holders of Common Stock as set forth herein) for taking any corporate action.

3. Certain Restrictions.

   (A) Whenever quarterly dividends or other dividends or distributions payable on the Series A Preferred Stock as provided in Section 2 are in arrears, thereafter and until all accrued and unpaid dividends and distributions, whether or not declared, on shares of Series A Preferred Stock outstanding shall have been paid in full, the Corporation shall not:

   (i) declare or pay dividends, or make any other distributions, on any shares of stock ranking junior (either as to dividends or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up) to the Series A Preferred Stock;
(ii) declare or pay dividends, or make any other distributions, on any shares of stock ranking on a parity (either as to dividends or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up) with the Series A Preferred Stock, except dividends paid ratably on the shares of Series A Preferred Stock and all such parity stock on which dividends are payable or in arrears in proportion to the total amounts to which the holders of all such shares are then entitled;

(iii) redeem or purchase or otherwise acquire for consideration shares of any stock ranking junior (either as to dividends or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up) to the Series A Preferred Stock, provided that the Corporation may at any time redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire shares of any such junior stock in exchange for shares of any stock of the Corporation ranking junior (either as to dividends or upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up) to the Series A Preferred Stock; or

(iv) redeem or purchase or otherwise acquire for consideration any shares of Series A Preferred Stock, or any shares of stock ranking on a parity with the Series A Preferred Stock, except in accordance with a purchase offer made in writing or by publication (as determined by the Board of Directors) to all holders of such shares upon such terms as the Board of Directors, after consideration of the respective annual dividend rates and other relative rights and preferences of the respective series and classes, shall determine in good faith will result in fair and equitable treatment among the respective series or classes.

(B) The Corporation shall not permit any subsidiary of the Corporation to purchase or otherwise acquire for consideration any shares of stock of the Corporation unless the Corporation could, under paragraph (A) of this Section 4, purchase or otherwise acquire such shares at such time and in such manner.

4. Reacquired Shares. Any shares of Series A Preferred Stock purchased or otherwise acquired by the Corporation in any manner whatsoever shall be retired and cancelled promptly after the acquisition thereof. All such shares shall upon their cancellation become authorized but unissued shares of Preferred Stock and may be reissued as part of a new series of Preferred Stock subject to the conditions and restrictions on issuance set forth herein, in the Articles of Incorporation, or in any other Certificate of Determination creating a series of Preferred Stock or any similar stock or as otherwise required by law.

5. Liquidation, Dissolution or Winding Up.

(A) Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, no distribution shall be made (1) to the holders of shares of stock ranking junior (either as to dividends or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up) to the Series A Preferred Stock unless, prior thereto, the holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock shall have received Ten Thousand Dollars ($10,000) per share, plus an amount equal to accrued and unpaid dividends and distributions thereon, whether or not declared, to the date of such payment, provided that the holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive an aggregate amount per share, subject to the provision for adjustment hereinafter set forth, equal to 10,000 times the
aggregate amount to be distributed per share to holders of shares of Common Stock, or (2) to the holders of shares of stock ranking on a parity (either as to dividends or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up) with the Series A Preferred Stock, except distributions made ratably on the Series A Preferred Stock and all such parity stock in proportion to the total amounts to which the holders of all such shares are entitled upon such liquidation, dissolution or winding up. In the event the Corporation shall at any time declare or pay any dividend on the Common Stock payable in shares of Common Stock, or effect a subdivision or combination or consolidation of the outstanding shares of Common Stock (by reclassification or otherwise than by payment of a dividend in shares of Common Stock) into a greater or lesser number of shares of Common Stock, then in each such case the aggregate amount to which holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock were entitled immediately prior to such event under the proviso in clause (1) of the preceding sentence shall be adjusted by multiplying such amount by a fraction the numerator of which is the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after such event and the denominator of which is the number of shares of Common Stock that were outstanding immediately prior to such event.

(B) In the event, however, that there are not sufficient assets available to permit payment in full to the Series A Liquidation Preference and the liquidation preferences of all other series of Preferred Stock, if any, which rank on a parity with the Series A Preferred Stock, then such remaining assets shall be distributed ratably to the holders of such parity shares in proportion to their respective liquidation preferences. In the event, however, that there are not sufficient assets available to permit payment in full of the Common Adjustment, then such remaining assets shall be distributed ratably to the holders of Common Stock.

(C) In the event the Corporation shall at any time after the Rights Declaration Date (i) declare any dividend on Common Stock payable in shares of Common Stock, (ii) subdivide the outstanding Common Stock, or (iii) combine the outstanding Common Stock into a smaller number of shares, then in each such case the Adjustment Number in effect immediately prior to such event shall be adjusted by multiplying such Adjustment Number by a fraction the numerator of which is the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after such event and the denominator of which is the number of shares of Common Stock that were outstanding immediately prior to such event.

6. Consolidation, Merger, etc. In case the Corporation shall enter into any consolidation, merger, combination or other transaction in which the shares of Common Stock are exchanged for or changed into other stock or securities, cash and/or any other property, then in any such case each share of Series A Preferred Stock shall at the same time be similarly exchanged or changed into an amount per share, subject to the provision for adjustment hereinafter set forth, equal to Ten Thousand (10,000) times the aggregate amount of stock, securities, cash and/or any other property (payable in kind), as the case may be, into which or for which each share of Common Stock is changed or exchanged. In the event the Corporation shall at any time declare or pay any dividend on the Common Stock payable in shares of Common Stock, or effect a subdivision or combination or consolidation of the outstanding shares of Common Stock (by reclassification or otherwise than by payment of a dividend in shares of Common Stock) into a greater or lesser number of shares of Common Stock, then in each such case the amount set forth in the preceding sentence with respect to the exchange or change of shares of Series A Preferred Stock shall be adjusted by multiplying such amount by a fraction,
the numerator of which is the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after such event and the denominator of which is the number of shares of Common Stock that were outstanding immediately prior to such event.

7. **No Redemption.** The shares of Series A Preferred Stock shall not be redeemable.

8. **Rank.** The Series A Preferred Stock shall rank, with respect to the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets, junior to all series of any other class of the Corporation's Preferred Stock.

9. **Amendment.** The Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation shall not be amended in any manner which would materially alter or change the powers, preferences or special rights of the Series A Preferred Stock so as to affect them adversely without the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock, voting together as a single class.

**ARTICLE V**

(A) The liability of the directors of the corporation for monetary damages shall be eliminated to the fullest extent permissible under California law.

(B) The corporation is authorized to provide indemnification of agents (as defined in Section 317 of the California Corporations Code) through bylaw provisions, agreements with agents, vote of shareholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, in excess of the indemnification otherwise permitted by Section 317 of the California Corporations Code, subject only to applicable limits set forth in Section 204 of the California Corporations Code with respect to actions for breach of duty to the corporation and its shareholders.

**ARTICLE VI**

Shareholders of this corporation shall not be entitled to cumulate their votes at any election of directors of this corporation. The corporation's common stock is qualified for trading on the Nasdaq National Market and there were at least 800 holders of its equity securities as of the record date of the most recent annual shareholders meeting.

THREE: The foregoing restatement of the Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended, has been duly approved by the Board of Directors of said corporation and does not require shareholder approval pursuant to section 910(b) of the California Corporations Code.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed these Restated Articles of Incorporation on the 15th of November, 2000.

/s/ John T. Chambers
John T. Chambers, President

/s/ Larry R. Carter
Larry R. Carter, Secretary
The undersigned certifies under penalty of perjury that they have read the foregoing Restated Articles of Incorporation and know the contents thereof, and that the statements therein are true.

Executed at San Jose, California, on November 15, 2000.

/s/ John T. Chambers
John T. Chambers

/s/ Larry R. Carter
Larry R. Carter
AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS

OF

CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.


Article 1.

- OFFICES

Section 1.01 The principal executive offices of Cisco Systems, Inc. (the "Corporation") shall be at such place inside or outside the State of California as the Board of Directors may determine from time to time.

Section 1.02 The Corporation may also have offices at such other places as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate, or as the business of the Corporation may require.

Article 2.

- SHAREHOLDERS’ MEETINGS

Section 2.01 Annual Meetings. The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation for the election of directors to succeed those whose terms expire and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting shall be held each year on the second Thursday in November at 10:00 a.m. at the principal office of the Corporation, or at such other time and place as may be determined by the Board of Directors.

Section 2.02 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the shareholders may be called at any time by the Chairman of the Board, by the President, by the Board of Directors, or by one or more shareholders holding not less than ten percent (10%) of the voting power of the Corporation on the record date established pursuant to Article 5, Section 5.01 of these Bylaws. The person or persons calling any such meeting shall concurrently specify the purpose of such meeting and the business proposed to be transacted at such meeting. In connection with any special meeting called in accordance with the provisions of this Article 2, Section 2.02, upon request in writing sent by registered mail to the Chairman of the Board, the President, a Vice President or the Secretary of the Corporation, or delivered to any such officer in person, by the person or persons calling such meeting (such request, if sent by a shareholder or shareholders, to include the information required by Article 2, Section 2.12 of these Bylaws), it shall be the duty of such officer, subject to the immediately succeeding sentence, to cause notice of such meeting to be given in accordance with Article 2, Section 2.04 of these Bylaws as promptly as reasonably practicable and, in connection therewith, to establish the place and, subject to Section 601(c) of the California Corporations’ Code, the date and hour of such meeting. Within five (5) business
days after receiving such a request from a shareholder or shareholders of the Corporation, the
Board of Directors shall determine whether such shareholder or shareholders have satisfied the
requirements for calling a special meeting of the shareholders and notify the requesting party or
parties of its finding.

Section 2.03  Place. All meetings of the shareholders shall be at any place
within or without the State of California designated either by the Board of Directors or the
President of the Corporation. In the absence of any such designation, shareholders’ meetings
shall be held at the principal executive office of the Corporation.

Section 2.04  Notice. Notice of meetings of the shareholders of the Corporation
shall be given in writing to each shareholder entitled to vote, either personally or by first-class
mail (unless the Corporation has 500 or more shareholders determined as provided by the
California Corporations Code on the record date for the meeting, in which case notice may be
sent by third-class mail) or other means of written communication, charges prepaid, addressed to
the shareholder at his address appearing on the books of the Corporation or given by the
shareholder to the Corporation for the purpose of notice. Notice of any such meeting of
shareholders shall be sent to each shareholder entitled thereto not less than ten (10) days (or, if
sent by third-class mail, thirty (30) days) nor more than sixty (60) days before the meeting. Said
notice shall state the place, date and hour of the meeting and, (1) in the case of special meetings,
the purpose of the meeting and the business proposed to be transacted, or (2) in the case of
annual meetings, those matters which the Board of Directors, at the time of the mailing of the
notice, intends to present for action by the shareholders, and (3) in the case of any meeting at
which directors are to be elected, the names of the nominees intended at the time of the mailing
of the notice to be presented by management for election.

Section 2.05  Adjourned Meetings. Any shareholders’ meeting may be
adjourned from time to time by (1) the vote of the holders of a majority of the voting shares
present at the meeting either in person or by proxy or (2) the presiding officer of the meeting.
Written notice of the place, date and hour of any adjourned meeting need not be given if such
place, date and hour are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken; provided,
however, that if the adjournment is for more than forty-five (45) days or, if after the
adjournment, a new record date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, written notice of the place,
date and hour of the adjourned meeting must be given in conformity with Article 2, Section 2.04
of these Bylaws. At any adjourned meeting, any business may be transacted which properly
could have been transacted at the original meeting.

Section 2.06  Quorum. The presence in person or by proxy of the persons
entitled to vote a majority of the shares entitled to vote at any meeting constitutes a quorum for
the transaction of business. The shareholders present at a duly called or held meeting at which a
quorum is present may continue to do business until adjournment, notwithstanding the
withdrawal of enough shareholders to leave less than a quorum, if any action taken (other than
adjournment) is approved by at least a majority of the shares required to constitute a quorum or,
if required by the California Corporations Code or the Articles of Incorporation of the
Corporation, the vote of a greater number or voting by classes.
In the absence of a quorum, any meeting of shareholders may be adjourned from
time to time by the vote of a majority of the shares, the holders of which are either present in
person or represented by proxy thereat, but no other business may be transacted, except as
provided above.

Section 2.07 Consent to Shareholder Action. Any action which may be taken at
any meeting of shareholders may be taken without a meeting and without prior notice, if a
consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by the holders of outstanding
shares on the record date established pursuant to Article 5, Section 5.01 of these Bylaws having
not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such
action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted; provided,
however, that (1) unless the consents of all shareholders entitled to vote have been solicited in
writing, notice of any shareholder approval without a meeting by less than unanimous written
consent shall be given as required by the California Corporations Code, and (2) directors may not
be elected by written consent except by unanimous written consent of all shares entitled to vote
for the election of directors.

Any written consent may be revoked by a writing received by the Secretary of the
Corporation prior to the time that written consents of the number of shares required to authorize
the proposed action have been filed with the Secretary.

Section 2.08 Waiver of Notice. The transactions of any meeting of
shareholders, however called and noticed, and whenever held, shall be as valid as though had at a
meeting duly held after regular call and notice, if a quorum be present either in person or by
proxy, and if, either before or after the meeting, each of the persons entitled to vote, not present
in person or by proxy, signs a written waiver of notice, or a consent to the holding of the
meeting, or an approval of the minutes thereof. All such waivers, consents, or approvals shall be
filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meeting.

Section 2.09 Voting. At any meeting of the shareholders, every shareholder
having the right to vote shall be entitled to vote in person, or by proxy appointed in a writing
subscribed by such shareholder and bearing a date not more than eleven (11) months prior to said
meeting, unless the writing states that it is irrevocable and satisfies Section 705(e) of the
California Corporations Code, in which event it is irrevocable for the period specified in said
writing and said Section 705(e). The voting at meetings of shareholders need not be by ballot,
but any qualified shareholder before the voting begins may demand that voting be by ballot, each
of which shall state the name of the shareholder or proxy voting and the number of shares voted
by such shareholder or proxy.

Section 2.10 Record Dates. In the event the Board of Directors fixes a day for
the determination of shareholders of record entitled to vote as provided in Article 5, Section 5.01
of these Bylaws, then, subject to the provisions of the General Corporation Law of the State of
California, only persons in whose name shares entitled to vote stand on the stock records of the
Corporation at the close of business on such day shall be entitled to vote.

If no record date is fixed:
The record date for determining shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders shall be at the close of business on the business day next preceding the day notice is given or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the business day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held;

In order that the Corporation may determine the shareholders entitled to consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting or request a special meeting of the shareholders, the Board of Directors shall fix a record date, which record date shall not precede the date upon which the resolution fixing such record date is adopted by the Board of Directors. Any shareholder of record seeking to have the shareholders authorize or take corporate action by written consent or request a special meeting of the shareholders shall, by written notice to the Secretary, request the Board of Directors to fix a record date. The Board of Directors shall promptly, but in no event later than twenty-eight (28) days after the date on which such request is received, adopt a resolution fixing the record date; and

The record date for determining shareholders for any other purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the Board of Directors adopts the resolution relating thereto, or the sixtieth (60th) day prior to the date of such other action, whichever is later.

A determination of shareholders of record entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting unless the Board of Directors fixes a new record date for the adjourned meeting, but the Board of Directors shall fix a new record date if the meeting is adjourned for more than forty-five (45) days.

Section 2.11  Order of Business.

The Chairman of the Board, or such other officer of the Corporation designated by a majority of the Board of Directors, will call meetings of the shareholders to order and will act as presiding officer thereof. Unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors prior to the meeting, the presiding officer of the meeting of the shareholders will also determine the order of business and have the authority in his or her sole discretion to regulate the conduct of any such meeting, including without limitation by (i) imposing restrictions on the persons (other than shareholders of the Corporation or their duly appointed proxies) who may attend any such shareholders' meeting, (ii) ascertaining whether any shareholder or his proxy may be excluded from any meeting of the shareholders based upon any determination by the presiding officer, in his or her sole discretion, that any such person has unduly disrupted or is likely to disrupt the proceedings thereof, and (iii) determining the circumstances in which any person may make a statement or ask questions at any meeting of the shareholders.

At an annual meeting of the shareholders, only such business will be conducted or considered as is properly brought before the meeting. To be properly brought before an annual meeting, business must be (i) specified in the notice of meeting (or any supplement thereto) given by or at the direction of the Board of Directors, (ii) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by the presiding officer or by or at the direction of a majority of the Board of Directors, or (iii) otherwise properly requested to be brought before the meeting by a shareholder of the Corporation in accordance with the immediately succeeding sentence. For business to be properly requested by a shareholder to be brought before an annual meeting, the shareholder
must (i) be a shareholder of record at the time of the giving of the notice of such annual meeting by or at the direction of the Board of Directors, (ii) be entitled to vote at such meeting, and (iii) have given timely written notice thereof to the Secretary in accordance with Article 2, Section 2.12 of these Bylaws.

Nominations of persons for election as Directors of the Corporation may be made at an annual meeting of shareholders only (i) by or at the direction of the Board of Directors or (ii) by any shareholder who is a shareholder of record at the time of the giving of the notice of such annual meeting by or at the direction of the Board of Directors, who is entitled to vote for the election of directors at such meeting and who has given timely written notice thereof to the Secretary in accordance with Article 2, Section 2.12 of these Bylaws. Only persons who are nominated in accordance with this Article 2, Section 2.11 will be eligible for election at a meeting of shareholders as Directors of the Corporation.

At a special meeting of shareholders, only such business may be conducted or considered as is properly brought before the meeting. To be properly brought before a special meeting, business must be (i) specified in the notice of the meeting (or any supplement thereto) given by or at the direction of the Chairman of the Board, the President, a Vice President or the Secretary or (ii) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by the presiding officer or by or at the direction of a majority of the Board of Directors.

The determination of whether any business sought to be brought before any annual or special meeting of the shareholders is properly brought before such meeting in accordance with this Article 2, Section 2.11, and whether any nomination of a person for election as a Director of the Corporation at any annual meeting of the shareholders was properly made in accordance with this Article 2, Section 2.11, will be made by the presiding officer of such meeting. If the presiding officer determines that any business is not properly brought before such meeting, or any nomination was not properly made, he or she will so declare to the meeting and any such business will not be conducted or considered and any such nomination will be disregarded.

Section 2.12 Advance Notice of Shareholder Proposals and Director Nominations. To be timely for purposes of Article 2, Section 2.11 of these Bylaws, a shareholder’s notice must be addressed to the Secretary and delivered or mailed to and received at the principal executive offices of the Corporation not less than sixty (60) nor more than ninety (90) calendar days prior to the anniversary date of the date (as specified in the Corporation’s proxy materials for its immediately preceding annual meeting of shareholders) on which the Corporation first mailed its proxy materials for its immediately preceding annual meeting of shareholders; provided, however, that in the event the annual meeting is called for a date that is not within thirty (30) calendar days of the anniversary date of the date on which the immediately preceding annual meeting of shareholders was called, to be timely, notice by the shareholder must be so received not later than the close of business on the tenth (10th) calendar day following the day on which public announcement of the date of the annual meeting is first made. In no event will the public announcement of an adjournment of an annual meeting of shareholders commence a new time period for the giving of a shareholder’s not as provided above.
In the case of a request by a shareholder for business to be brought before any annual meeting of shareholders, a shareholder’s notice to the Secretary must set forth as to each matter the shareholder proposes to bring before the annual meeting (i) a description in reasonable detail of the business desired to be brought before the annual meeting and the reasons for conducting such business at the annual meeting, (ii) the name and address, as they appear on the Corporation’s books, of the shareholder proposing such business and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made, (iii) the class and number of shares of the Corporation that are owned beneficially and of record by the shareholder proposing such business and by the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made, and (iv) any material interest of such shareholder proposing such business and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made in such business.

In the case of a nomination by a shareholder of a person for election as a director of the Corporation at any annual meeting of shareholders, a shareholder notice to the Secretary must set forth (i) the shareholders intent to nominate one or more persons for election as a director of the Corporation, the name of each such nominee proposed by the shareholder giving the notice, and the reason for making such nomination at the annual meeting, (ii) the name and address, as they appear on the Corporation’s books, of the shareholder proposing such nomination and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is proposed, (iii) the class and number of shares of the Corporation that are owned beneficially and of record by the shareholder proposing such nomination and by the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is proposed, and (iv) any material interest of such shareholder proposing such nomination and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made, (v) a description of all arrangements or understandings between or among any of (A) the shareholder giving the notice, (B) each nominee, and (C) any other person or persons (naming such person or persons) pursuant to which the nomination or nominations are to be made by the shareholder giving the notice, (vi) such other information regarding each nominee proposed by the shareholder giving the notice as would be required to be included in a proxy statement filed in accordance with the proxy rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission had the nominee been nominated, or intended to be nominated, by the Board, and (vii) the signed consent of each nominee proposed by the shareholder giving the notice to serve as a director of the Company if so elected.

Any shareholder or shareholders seeking to call a special meeting pursuant to Article 2, Section 2.02 of these Bylaws shall provide information comparable to that required by the preceding paragraphs, to the extent applicable, in any request made pursuant to such Article and Section.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 2.11 and 2.12 of this Article 2, a shareholder must also comply with all applicable requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder with respect to the matters set forth in Sections 2.11 and 2.12 of this Article 2. Nothing in Sections 2.11 and 2.12 of this Article 2 will be deemed to affect any rights of shareholders to request inclusion of proposals in the Corporation’s proxy statement in accordance with the provisions of Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
For purposes of this Article 2, Section 2.12, “public announcement” means disclosure in a press release reported by the Dow Jones News Service, Associated Press, or comparable national news service or in a document publicly filed by the Corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Sections 13, 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or furnished to shareholders.

Article 3.

- BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 3.01 Powers. Subject to any limitations in the Restated Articles of Incorporation or these Amended and Restated Bylaws and to any provision of the California Corporations Code requiring shareholder authorization or approval for a particular action, the business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed and all corporate powers shall be exercised by, or under the direction of, the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may delegate the management of the day-to-day operation of the business of the Corporation to a management company or other person provided that the business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed, and all corporate powers shall be exercised, under the ultimate direction of the Board of Directors.

Section 3.02 Number and Qualification of Directors. The number of authorized directors of this Corporation shall be not less than eight (8) nor more than fifteen (15), the exact number of directors to be fixed from time to time within such range by a duly adopted resolution of the Board of Directors or shareholders.

Directors shall hold office until the next annual meeting of shareholders and until their respective successors are elected. If any such annual meeting is not held, or the directors are not elected thereat, the directors may be elected at any special meeting of shareholders held for that purpose. Directors need not be shareholders.

Section 3.03 Regular Meetings. A regular annual meeting of the Board of Directors shall be held without other notice than this Bylaw provision immediately after, and at the same place as, the annual meeting of shareholders. The Board of Directors may provide for other regular meetings from time to time by resolution.

Section 3.04 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called at any time by the Chairman of the Board, the President of the Corporation or any two (2) directors. Written notice of the time and place of all special meetings of the Board of Directors shall be delivered personally or by telephone or telegraph to each director at least forty-eight (48) hours before the meeting, or sent to each director by first-class mail, postage prepaid, at least four (4) days before the meeting. Such notice need not specify the purpose of the meeting. Notice of any meeting of the Board of Directors need not be given to any director who signs a waiver of notice, whether before or after the meeting, or who attends the meeting without protesting prior thereto or at its commencement, the lack of notice to such director.

Section 3.05 Place of Meetings. Meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at any place within or without the State of California, which has been designated in the
notice, or if not stated in the notice or there is no notice, the principal executive office of the Corporation or as designated by the resolution duly adopted by the Board of Directors.

Section 3.06 Participation by Telephone. Members of the Board of Directors may participate in a meeting through use of conference telephone or similar communications equipment, so long as all members participating in such meeting can hear one another.

Section 3.07 Quorum. A quorum at all meetings of the Board of Directors shall be a majority of the authorized directors. In the absence of a quorum a majority of the directors present may adjourn any meeting to another time and place. If a meeting is adjourned for more than twenty-four (24) hours, notice of any adjournment to another time or place shall be given prior to the time of the reconvened meeting to the directors who were not present at the time of adjournment.

Section 3.08 Action at Meeting. Every act or decision done or made by a majority of the directors present at a meeting duly held at which a quorum is present is the act of the Board of Directors. A meeting at which a quorum is initially present may continue to transact business notwithstanding the withdrawal of directors, if any action taken is approved by at least a majority of the required quorum for such meeting.

Section 3.09 Waiver of Notice. The transactions of any meeting of the Board of Directors, however called and noticed or wherever held, are as valid as though had at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice if a quorum is present and if, either before or after the meeting, each of the directors not present signs a written waiver of notice, a consent to holding the meeting, or an approval of the minutes thereof. All such waivers, consents and approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meeting.

Section 3.10 Action Without Meeting. Any action required or permitted to be taken by the Board of Directors may be taken without a meeting, if all members of the Board individually or collectively consent in writing to such action. Such written consent or consents shall be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board of Directors. Such action by written consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote of such directors.

Section 3.11 Removal. The Board of Directors may declare vacant the office of a director who has been declared of unsound mind by an order of court or who has been convicted of a felony.

The entire Board of Directors or any individual director may be removed from office without cause by a vote of shareholders holding a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote at an election of directors; provided, however, that unless the entire Board of Directors is removed, no individual director may be removed when the votes cast against removal, or not consenting in writing to such removal, would be sufficient to elect such director if voted cumulatively at an election at which the same total number of votes cast were cast (or, if such action is taken by written consent, all shares entitled to vote were voted) and the entire number of directors authorized at the time of the director’s most recent election were then being elected.
In the event an office of a director is so declared vacant or in case the Board of Directors or any one or more directors be so removed, new directors may be elected at the same meeting.

Section 3.12 Resignations. Any director may resign effective upon giving written notice to the Chairman of the Board, the President, the Secretary or the Board of Directors of the Corporation, unless the notice specifies a later time for the effectiveness of such resignation. If the resignation is effective at a future time, a successor may be elected to take office when the resignation becomes effective.

Section 3.13 Vacancies. Except for a vacancy created by the removal of a director, all vacancies in the Board of Directors, whether caused by resignation, death or otherwise, may be filled by a majority of the remaining directors, though less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director, and each director so elected shall hold office until his successor is elected at an annual, regular or special meeting of the shareholders. Vacancies created by the removal of a director may be filled only by approval of the shareholders.

Section 3.14 Compensation. Directors and members of committees may receive such compensation, if any, for their services as may be fixed or determined by resolution of the Board of Directors. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to preclude any director from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefore.

Section 3.15 Committees. The Board of Directors may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the authorized number of directors, designate one or more committees, each consisting of two (2) or more directors, to serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may designate one or more directors as alternate members of any committee, who may replace any absent member at any meeting of the committee. The appointment of members or alternate members of a committee requires the vote of a majority of the authorized number of directors. Any such committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the Board of Directors, shall have all the authority of the Board of Directors in the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation, except with respect to (a) the approval of any action requiring shareholders' approval or approval of the outstanding shares, (b) the filling of vacancies on the Board of Directors or any committee, (c) the fixing of compensation of directors for serving on the Board of Directors or a committee, (d) the adoption, amendment or repeal of Bylaws, (e) the amendment or repeal of any resolution of the Board of Directors which by its express terms is not so amendable or repealable, (f) a distribution to shareholders, except at a rate or in a periodic amount or within a price range determined by the Board of Directors, and (g) the appointment of other committees of the Board of Directors or the members thereof.

Article 4.

- OFFICERS

Section 4.01 Number and Term. The officers of the Corporation shall include a President, a Secretary and a Chief Financial Officer, all of which shall be chosen by the Board of Directors. The Corporation may also have a Chairperson of the Board who shall be chosen by the Board of Directors. In addition, the Board of Directors may appoint such other officers (which
may include, without limitation, certain Vice Presidents) as may be deemed expedient for the
proper conduct of the business of the Corporation, each of whom shall have such authority and
perform such duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine. Such officers
shall be chosen in such manner and hold their offices for such terms as the Board of Directors
may prescribe and shall serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors.

Section 4.02 Inability to Act. In the case of absence or inability to act of any
officer of the Corporation and of any person herein authorized to act in his place, the Board of
Directors may from time to time delegate the powers or duties of such officer to any other
officer, or any director or other person whom it may select.

Section 4.03 Removal and Resignation. Any officer chosen by the Board of
Directors may be removed at any time, with or without cause, by the affirmative vote of a
majority of all the members of the Board of Directors.

Any officer chosen by the Board of Directors may resign at any time by giving
written notice of said resignation to the Corporation. Unless a different time is specified therein,
such resignation shall be effective upon its receipt by the Chairman of the Board, the President,
the Secretary or the Board of Directors.

Section 4.04 Vacancies. A vacancy in any office because of any cause may be
filled by the Board of Directors for the unexpired portion of the term.

Section 4.05 Chairman of the Board. The Chairman of the Board shall preside
at all meetings of the Board of Directors.

Section 4.06 President. The President shall be the general manager and chief
executive officer of the Corporation, subject to the control of the Board of Directors, and as such
shall preside at all meetings of shareholders, shall have general supervision of the affairs of the
Corporation, shall sign or countersign or authorize another officer to sign all certificates,
contracts, and other instruments of the Corporation as authorized by the Board of Directors, shall
make reports to the Board of Directors and shareholders, and shall have all such other authority
and perform all such other duties as are incident to such office or as may be delegated or
assigned from time to time by the Board of Directors.

Section 4.07 Vice President. In the absence of the President, or in the event of
such officer's death, disability or refusal to act, the Vice President, or in the event there is more
than one Vice President, the Vice Presidents in the order designated at the time of their selection,
or in the absence of any such designation, then in the order of their selection, shall perform the
duties of President, and when so acting, shall have all the powers and be subject to all restrictions
upon the President. Each Vice President shall have all such other authority and perform all such
other duties as are incident to such office or as may be delegated or assigned from time to time
by the President or by the Board of Directors.

Section 4.08 Secretary. The Secretary shall see that notices for all meetings are
given in accordance with the provisions of these Bylaws and as required by law, shall keep
minutes of all meetings, shall have charge of the seal and the corporate books, and shall have all
such other authority and perform all such other duties as are incident to such office or as may be delegated or assigned from time to time by the President or by the Board of Directors.

The Assistant Secretary or the Assistant Secretaries, in the order of their seniority, shall, in the absence or disability of the Secretary, or in the event of such officer’s refusal to act, perform the duties of Secretary and, when so acting, shall have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the Secretary. Each Assistant Secretary shall have all such other authority and perform all such other duties as are incident to such office or as may be assigned or delegated from time to time by the President or by the Board of Directors.

Section 4.09 Chief Financial Officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall have all such authority and perform all such duties as are incident to such office or as may be delegated or assigned from time to time by the President or by the Board of Directors.

Section 4.10 Treasurer. The Treasurer shall have custody of all moneys and securities of the Corporation and shall keep regular books of account. Such officer shall disburse the funds of the Corporation in payment of the just demands against the Corporation, or as may be ordered by the Board of Directors, taking proper vouchers for such disbursements, and shall render to the Board of Directors from time to time as may be required of such officer, an account of all transactions as Treasurer and of the financial condition of the Corporation. Such officer shall have all such other authority and perform all such other duties as are incident to such office or as may be delegated or assigned by the President or by the Board of Directors.

The Assistant Treasurer or the Assistant Treasurers, in the order of their seniority, shall, in the absence or disability of the Treasurer, or in the event of such officer’s refusal to act, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Treasurer, and shall have all such other authority and perform all such other duties as are incident to such office or as may be delegated or assigned from time to time by the by the President or by the Board of Directors.

Section 4.11 Salaries. The salaries of the officers shall be fixed from time to time by the Board of Directors and no officer shall be prevented from receiving such salary by reason of the fact that such officer is also a director of the Corporation.

Section 4.12 Officers Holding More than One Office. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person.

Section 4.13Approval of Loans to Directors and Officers. The Corporation may, upon the approval of the Board of Directors alone, make loans of money or property to, or guarantee the obligations of, any director or officer of the Corporation or its parent or subsidiary, or adopt an employee benefit plan or plans authorizing such loans or guaranties provided that (i) the Board of Directors determines that such a loan or guaranty or plan may reasonably be expected to benefit the Corporation, (ii) the Corporation has outstanding shares held of record by 100 or more persons (determined as provided in Section 605 of the California Corporations Code) on the date of approval by the Board of Directors, and (iii) the approval of the Board of Directors is by a vote sufficient without counting the vote of any interested director or directors.
Article 5.

- MISCELLANEOUS

Section 5.01 Record Date and Closing of Stock Books. The Board of Directors may fix a time in the future as a record date for the determination of the shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at any meeting of shareholders or entitled to receive payment of any dividend or distribution, or any allotment of rights, or to exercise rights in respect to any other lawful action. The record date so fixed shall not be more than sixty (60) nor less than ten (10) days prior to the date of the meeting or event for the purposes of which it is fixed. When a record date is so fixed, only shareholders of record at the close of business on that date are entitled to notice of and to vote at the meeting or to receive the dividend, distribution, or allotment of rights, or to exercise the rights, as the case may be, notwithstanding any transfer of any shares on the books of the Corporation after the record date.

In the event that no record date is fixed by the Board of Directors, the record date for determining shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders will be at the close of business on the calendar day next preceding the day on which notice is given, or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the calendar day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held. A determination of shareholders of record entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of the shareholders will apply to any adjournment of the meeting; provided, however, that the Board of Directors may fix a new record date for the adjourned meeting.

The Board of Directors may close the books of the Corporation against transfers of shares during the whole or any part of a period of not more than sixty (60) days prior to the date of a shareholders' meeting, the date when the right to any dividend, distribution, or allotment of rights vests, or the effective date of any change, conversion or exchange of shares.

Section 5.02 Certificates. Certificates of stock shall be issued in numerical order and each shareholder shall be entitled to a certificate signed in the name of the Corporation by the Chairman of the Board or the President or a Vice President, and the Chief Financial Officer, the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary, certifying to the number of shares owned by such shareholder. Any or all of the signatures on the certificate may be facsimile. Prior to the due presentment for registration of transfer in the stock transfer book of the Corporation, the registered owner shall be treated as the person exclusively entitled to vote, to receive notifications and otherwise to exercise all the rights and powers of an owner, except as expressly provided otherwise by the laws of the State of California.

The Secretary may direct a new certificate or certificates to be issued in place of any certificate or certificates theretofore issued by the Corporation alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed, upon the making of an affidavit of that fact, satisfactory to the Secretary, by the person claiming the certificate of stock to be lost, stolen or destroyed. As a condition precedent to the issuance of a new certificate or certificates, the Secretary may require the owners of such lost, stolen or destroyed certificate or certificates to give the Corporation a bond in such sum and with such surety or sureties as the Secretary may direct as indemnity against any
claims that may be made against the Corporation with respect to the certificate alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed or the issuance of the new certificate.

Section 5.03 Representation of Shares in Other Corporations. Shares of other corporations standing in the name of this Corporation may be voted or represented and all incidents thereto may be exercised on behalf of the Corporation by the Chairman of the Board, the President or any Vice President and the Chief Financial Officer or the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary.

Section 5.04 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Corporation shall end on the last Saturday of July.

Section 5.05 Annual Reports. The Annual Report to shareholders, described in the California Corporations Code, is expressly waived and dispensed with.

Section 5.06 Amendments. Bylaws may be adopted, amended, or repealed by the vote or the written consent of shareholders entitled to exercise a majority of the voting power of the Corporation. Subject to the right of shareholders to adopt, amend, or repeal Bylaws, Bylaws may be adopted, amended, or repealed by the Board of Directors, except that a Bylaw amendment thereof changing the authorized number of directors may be adopted by the Board of Directors only if these Bylaws permit an indefinite number of directors and the Bylaw or amendment thereof adopted by the Board of Directors changes the authorized number of directors within the limits specified in these Bylaws.

Section 5.07 Indemnification of Corporate Agents.

(a) The Corporation shall indemnify each of its agents against expenses, judgments, fines, settlements and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred by such person by reason of such person’s having been made or having threatened to be made a party to a proceeding to the fullest extent permissible by the provisions of Section 317 of the California Corporations Code. The terms “agent,” “proceeding” and “expenses” made in this Section 7 shall have the same meaning as such terms in said Section 317.

(b) Expenses reasonably incurred by an agent of the Corporation in defending a civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding by reason of the fact that he or she is or was an agent of the Corporation (or was serving at the Corporation’s request as a director or officer of another corporation) shall be paid by the Corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such agent to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that he or she is not entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation as authorized by relevant sections of the General Corporation Law of California.

(c) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation shall not be required to advance such expenses to an agent who is party to an action, suit or proceeding brought by the Corporation and approved by a majority of the Board of Directors which alleges willful misappropriation of corporate assets by such agent, wrongful disclosure of confidential information, or any other willful and deliberate breach in bad faith of such agent’s duty to the Corporation or its shareholders.
Cisco Systems Corporate Governance Board of Directors

Board of Directors

Carol Bartz - Chairman and CEO, Autodesk, Inc.
James F. Gibbons, Ph.D. - Professor (Research) of Electrical Engineering, Stanford University
John L. Hennessy - President, Stanford University
Roderick C. McGeary - Chairman of the Board, BearingPoint, Inc.
James C. Morgan - Chairman, Applied Materials, Inc.
Donald T. Valentine - Partner and Founder, Sequoia Capital
Steven M. West - Founder and Partner, Emerging Company Partners
Jerry Yang - Co-founder, Chief Yahoo! and Director, Yahoo! Inc.
Larry Carter - Senior Vice President, Office of the President
John T. Chambers - President and CEO, Cisco Systems, Inc.
John P. Morgridge - Chairman of the Board, Cisco Systems, Inc.
M. Michele Burns - Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Mirant Corporation
Richard Kovacevich - Chairman and CEO, Wells Fargo & Company

What's New
Cisco will report its Q4 and FY05 financial results on Tuesday, August 9, 2005, after the market close.
Please click here for more information.

Please click here for Webcast
Cisco and NASDAQ team to showcase the first ever Virtual Opening and Closing Bell Ceremonies of NASDAQ market – August 10th.
Please click here for more information.

Answers to some of our Investors' top of mind questions.

Investor Corner- Please click here for more details.
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Larry R. Carter - Senior Vice President, Office of the President
John Chambers - President and CEO
Mark Chandler - Vice President, Legal Services, General Counsel and Secretary
Charlie Giancarlo - Senior Vice President, Chief Development Officer and President, Cisco-Linksys LLC
Richard J. Justice - Senior Vice President, Worldwide Field Operations
Randy Pond - Senior Vice President, Operations, Processes, and Systems
Dennis Powell - Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Betsy Rafael - Cisco Vice President, Corporate Controller and Principal Accounting Officer
James Richardson - Senior Vice President, Chief Marketing Officer
### Corporate Governance Committee Composition

Below is a summary of our committee structure and membership information. To read more about any of the committees click on the committee name listed at the top of the table. To learn more about some of our board members, visit the Board of Directors area of our website.

<table>
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#### OUTSIDE DIRECTORS

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<tr>
<td>Carol Bartz</td>
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<td>M. Michele Burns</td>
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<td>James F. Gibbons</td>
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<td>Roderick C. McGeary</td>
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<td>James C. Morgan</td>
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<td>Donald T. Valentine</td>
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<td>Steven M. West</td>
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<td>Jerry Yang</td>
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#### INSIDE DIRECTORS

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<td>Larry Carter</td>
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<td>John T. Chambers</td>
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<td>Richard Kovacevich</td>
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<td>John P. Morgridge</td>
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http://investor.cisco.com/phoenix.zhtml?c=81192&p=irol-govCommitteeComp

8/7/2005
Audit Committee
The purpose of the Audit Committee (the "Committee") is to assist the Board of Directors (the "Board") in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities by reviewing the financial information which will be provide to the shareholders and others; reviewing the systems of internal controls which...
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Acquisition Committee
The Acquisition Committee shall have the authority to review and approve merger and acquisition transactions and investment transactions proposed by the Company's management. The Acquisition Committee is authorized to approve merger and acquisition transactions and investment transaction by the Company valued in an...
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Compensation and Management Development Committee
The Compensation and Management Development Committee's (the "Committee") basic responsibility is to review the performance and development of Company management in achieving corporate and objectives and to assure that senior executives of the Company are compensated effectively and consistently with... 
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Investment/Finance Committee
The Investment/Finance Committee is authorized to review and approve the Company's global investment policy which applies to all equity and fixed income investments made by the Company by its subsidiaries worldwide; review the Company's minority investments and fixed income assets; authorize the issuance of debt...
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Nomination and Governance Committee
The Nomination and Governance Committee (the "Committee") shall oversee, review, and make periodic recommendations concerning the Company's corporate governance policies...
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Technology Committee
The purpose of the Technology Committee (the "Committee") is to review the Company's technology development and strategic opportunities, including in the context of the company's long term strategic planning...
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