SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. IC-31856; File No. 812-14122]

Triton Pacific Investment Corporation, Inc., et al.; Notice of Application

September 30, 2015

Agency: Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission").

Action: Notice of application for an order under sections 17(d) and 57(i) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “Act”) and rule 17d-1 under the Act to permit certain joint transactions otherwise prohibited by sections 17(d) and 57(a)(4) of the Act and rule 17d-1 under the Act.

Summary of Application: Applicants request an order to permit certain business development companies (“BDCs”) and closed-end management investment companies to co-invest in portfolio companies with each other and with affiliated investment funds.

Applicants: Triton Pacific Investment Corporation, Inc. (the “Company”), Triton Pacific Income & Growth Fund IV, LP (“Fund IV”), Triton Pacific Platinum Fund IV, LP (“Platinum IV” and, together with Fund IV, the “Existing Affiliated Private Funds”), TPCP Fund Manager IV, LLC (the “Fund Manager”), Triton Pacific Adviser, LLC (the “BDC Adviser”), Triton Pacific Capital Partners, LLC (“TPCP”), and Triton Pacific Group, Inc. (“TPG”).


Hearing or Notification of Hearing: An order granting the requested relief will be issued unless the Commission orders a hearing. Interested persons may request a hearing by writing to the Commission’s Secretary and serving applicants with a copy of the request, personally or by mail. Hearing requests should be received by the Commission by 5:30 p.m. on October 26, 2015, and
should be accompanied by proof of service on applicants, in the form of an affidavit or, for lawyers, a certificate of service. Pursuant to rule 0-5 under the Act, hearing requests should state the nature of the writer’s interest, any facts bearing upon the desirability of a hearing on the matter, the reason for the request, and the issues contested. Persons who wish to be notified of a hearing may request notification by writing to the Commission’s Secretary.

**Addresses:** Brent J. Fields, Secretary, U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F St., NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090. Applicants: 10877 Wilshire Blvd., 12th Floor, Los Angeles, CA 90024.

**For Further Information Contact:** Laura J. Riegel, Senior Counsel, at (202) 551-6873 or Mary Kay Frech, Branch Chief, at (202) 551-6821 (Chief Counsel’s Office, Division of Investment Management).

**Supplementary Information:** The following is a summary of the application. The complete application may be obtained via the Commission’s website by searching for the file number, or for an applicant using the Company name box, at http://www.sec.gov/search/search.htm or by calling (202) 551-8090.

**Applicants’ Representations:**

1. The Company, a Maryland corporation, is organized as a closed-end management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under section 54(a) of the Act.\(^1\) The

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\(^1\) Section 2(a)(48) defines a BDC to be any closed-end investment company that operates for the purpose of making investments in securities described in sections 55(a)(1) through 55(a)(3) of the Act and makes available significant managerial assistance with respect to the issuers of such securities.
Company’s Objectives and Strategies\(^2\) are to maximize total return by generating current income from debt investments and long term capital appreciation from equity investments. The Company invests primarily in debt and equity investments in small and mid-sized private U.S. companies. The board of directors of the Company (for any Regulated Fund, the “Board”) is comprised of five members, three of whom are not “interested persons” as defined in section 2(a)(19) of the Act (“Independent Directors”). Craig Faggen (the “Principal”) serves as a director on the Company’s Board and as the Company’s chief executive officer. The Principal controls TPG, TPCP, and the BDC Adviser.

2. The Existing Affiliated Private Funds are parallel funds. Fund IV is a Delaware limited partnership and Platinum IV is a Delaware limited liability company. Each Existing Affiliated Private Fund would be an investment company but for section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of the Act. The investment strategy of each Existing Affiliated Private Fund is to generate current income and capital appreciation by investing in small and mid-sized private U.S. companies. The Existing Affiliated Private Funds and the Company have similar investment strategies.

3. The BDC Adviser, a Delaware limited liability company, is registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (the “Advisers Act”). The BDC Adviser serves as investment adviser to the Company and the Existing Affiliated Private Funds.

4. The Fund Manager, a Delaware limited liability company, is the general partner of the Existing Affiliated Private Funds. TPCP, a California limited liability company, is the managing member of the Fund Manager. TPG, a California corporation, is the managing member of TPCP.

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\(^2\)“Objectives and Strategies” means a Regulated Fund’s (as defined below) investment objectives and strategies, as described in the Regulated Fund’s registration statement on Form N-2, other filings the Regulated Fund makes with the Commission under the Securities Act of 1933 (the “Securities Act”), or under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the Regulated Fund’s reports to shareholders.
5. Applicants seek an order (“Order”) to permit one or more Regulated Funds\(^3\) and/or one or more Affiliated Private Funds\(^4\) to participate in the same investment opportunities through a proposed co-investment program (the “Co-Investment Program”) where such participation would otherwise be prohibited under section 57(a)(4) and rule 17d-1 by (a) co-investing with each other in securities issued by issuers in private placement transactions in which an Adviser negotiates terms in addition to price (“Co-Investment Program”);\(^5\) and (b) making additional investments in securities of such issuers, including through the exercise of warrants, conversion privileges, and other rights to purchase additional securities of the issuers (“Follow-On Investments”). “Co-Investment Transaction” means any transaction in which a Regulated Fund (or its Wholly-Owned Investment Sub, as defined below) participated together with one or more other Regulated Funds and/or one or more Affiliated Private Funds in reliance on the requested Order. “Potential Co-Investment Transaction” means any investment opportunity in which a Regulated Fund (or its Wholly-Owned Investment Sub) could not participate together with one or more other Regulated Funds and/or one or more Affiliated Private Funds without obtaining and relying on the Order.\(^6\)

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3 “Regulated Funds” means the Company and any Future Regulated Fund. “Future Regulated Fund” means any closed-end management investment company (a) that is registered under the Act or has elected to be regulated as BDC, (b) whose investment adviser is an Adviser, and (c) that intends to participate in the Co-Investment Program. The term “Adviser” means the BDC Adviser and any future investment adviser that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the BDC Adviser and is registered as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act. All references to the term “Adviser” include successors-in-interest to the Adviser. A successor-in-interest is limited to an entity that results from a reorganization into another jurisdiction or change in the type of business organization.

4 “Affiliated Private Fund” means the Existing Affiliated Private Funds and any Future Affiliated Private Fund. “Future Affiliated Private Fund” means any entity (a) whose investment adviser is an Adviser, (b) that would be an investment company but for section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of the Act, and (c) that intends to participate in the Co-Investment Program.

5 The term “private placement transactions” means transactions in which the offer and sale of securities by the issuer are exempt from registration under the Securities Act.

6 All existing entities that currently intend to rely on the Order have been named as applicants. Any
6. Applicants state that a Regulated Fund may, from time to time, form one or more Wholly-Owned Investment Subs. Such a subsidiary would be prohibited from investing in a Co-Investment Transaction with any other Regulated Fund or Affiliated Private Fund because it would be a company controlled by its parent Regulated Fund for purposes of section 57(a)(4) and rule 17d-1. Applicants request that each Wholly-Owned Investment Sub be permitted to participate in Co-Investment Transactions in lieu of its parent Regulated Fund and that the Wholly-Owned Investment Sub’s participation in any such transaction be treated, for purposes of the Order, as though the parent Regulated Fund were participating directly. Applicants represent that this treatment is justified because a Wholly-Owned Investment Sub would have no purpose other than serving as a holding vehicle for the Regulated Fund’s investments and, therefore, no conflicts of interest could arise between the Regulated Fund and the Wholly-Owned Investment Sub. The Regulated Fund’s Board would make all relevant determinations under the conditions with regard to a Wholly-Owned Investment Sub’s participation in a Co-Investment Transaction, and the Regulated Fund’s Board would be informed of, and take into consideration, any proposed use of a Wholly-Owned Investment Sub in the Regulated Fund’s place. If the Regulated Fund proposes to participate in the same Co-Investment Transaction with any of its Wholly-Owned Investment Subs, the Board of the Regulated Fund will also be informed of, and take into consideration, the relative participation of the Regulated Fund and the Wholly-Owned Investment Sub.

7 Other existing or future entity that subsequently relies on the Order will comply with the terms and conditions of the application.

The term “Wholly-Owned Investment Sub” means an entity: (i) that is wholly-owned by a Regulated Fund (with the Regulated Fund at all times beneficially holding, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting and economic interests); (ii) whose sole business purpose is to hold one or more investments on behalf of the Regulated Fund; (iii) with respect to which the Regulated Fund’s Board has the sole authority to make all determinations with respect to the entity’s participation under the conditions of the application; and (iv) that would be an investment company but for section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of the Act.
7. When considering Potential Co-Investment Transactions for any Regulated Fund, the Adviser will consider only the Objectives and Strategies, investment policies, investment positions, capital available for investment (“Available Capital”), and other pertinent factors applicable to that Regulated Fund. The Adviser expects that any portfolio company that is an appropriate investment for a Regulated Fund should also be an appropriate investment for one or more other Regulated Funds and/or one or more Affiliated Private Funds, with certain exceptions based on Available Capital or diversification.

8. Other than pro rata dispositions and Follow-On Investments as provided in conditions 7 and 8, and after making the determinations required in conditions 1 and 2(a), the Adviser will present each Potential Co-Investment Transaction and the proposed allocation to the directors of the Board eligible to vote under section 57(o) of the Act (“Eligible Directors”), and the “required majority,” as defined in section 57(o) of the Act (“Required Majority”) will approve each Co-Investment Transaction prior to any investment by the participating Regulated Fund.

9. With respect to the pro rata dispositions and Follow-On Investments provided in conditions 7 and 8, a Regulated Fund may participate in a pro rata disposition or Follow-On Investment without obtaining prior approval of the Required Majority if, among other things: (i) the proposed participation of each Regulated Fund and Affiliated Private Fund in such disposition or Follow-On Investment is proportionate to its outstanding investments in the issuer immediately preceding the disposition or Follow-On Investment, as the case may be; and (ii) the Board of the Regulated Funds, however, will not be obligated to invest, or co-invest, when investment opportunities are referred to them.

8 “Available Capital” consists solely of liquid assets not held for permanent investment, including cash, amounts that can currently be drawn from lines of credit, and marketable securities held for short-term purposes. In addition, for the Affiliated Private Funds, Available Capital would include bona fide uncalled capital commitments that can be called by the settlement date of the Co-Investment Transaction.

9 The Regulated Funds, however, will not be obligated to invest, or co-invest, when investment opportunities are referred to them.

10 In the case of a Regulated Fund that is a registered closed-end fund, the directors that make up the Required Majority will be determined as if the Regulated Fund were a BDC subject to section 57(o).
Regulated Fund has approved that Regulated Fund’s participation in pro rata dispositions and Follow-On Investments as being in the best interests of the Regulated Fund. If the Board does not so approve, any such disposition or Follow-On Investment will be submitted to the Regulated Fund’s Eligible Directors. The Board of any Regulated Fund may at any time rescind, suspend or qualify its approval of pro rata dispositions and Follow-On Investments with the result that all dispositions and/or Follow-On Investments must be submitted to the Eligible Directors.

10. No Independent Director of a Regulated Fund will have a direct or indirect financial interest in any Co-Investment Transaction, other than through share ownership in one of the Regulated Funds, including any interest in securities of a company whose securities are acquired in the Co-Investment Transaction.

11. Under condition 14, if an Adviser, the Principal, any person controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the Adviser or the Principal, and the Affiliated Private Funds (collectively, the “Holders”) own in the aggregate more than 25% of the outstanding voting securities of the Company or another a Regulated Fund (“Shares”), then the Holders will vote such Shares as directed by an independent third party when voting on matters specified in the condition. Applicants believe that this condition will ensure that the Independent Directors will act independently in evaluating the Co-Investment Program, because the ability of an Adviser or the Principal to influence the Independent Directors by a suggestion, explicit or implied, that the Independent Directors can be removed will be limited significantly. Applicants represent that the Independent Directors will evaluate and approve any such voting trust or proxy adviser, taking into accounts its qualifications, reputation for independence, cost to the shareholders, and other factors that they deem relevant.
Applicants’ Legal Analysis:

1. Section 57(a)(4) of the Act prohibits certain affiliated persons of a BDC from participating in joint transactions with the BDC or a company controlled by a BDC in contravention of rules as prescribed by the Commission. Under section 57(b)(2) of the Act, any person who is directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with a BDC is subject to section 57(a)(4). Applicants submit that each of the Regulated Funds and Affiliated Private Funds could be deemed to be a person related to each Regulated Fund in a manner described by section 57(b) by virtue of being under common control. Section 57(i) of the Act provides that, until the Commission prescribes rules under section 57(a)(4), the Commission’s rules under section 17(d) of the Act applicable to registered closed-end investment companies will be deemed to apply to transactions subject to section 57(a)(4). Because the Commission has not adopted any rules under section 57(a)(4), rule 17d-1 also applies to joint transactions with Regulated Funds that are BDCs. Section 17(d) of the Act and rule 17d-1 under the Act are applicable to Regulated Funds that are registered closed-end investment companies.

2. Section 17(d) of the Act and rule 17d-1 under the Act prohibit affiliated persons of a registered investment company from participating in joint transactions with the company unless the Commission has granted an order permitting such transactions. In passing upon applications under rule 17d-1, the Commission considers whether the company’s participation in the joint transaction is consistent with the provisions, policies, and purposes of the Act and the extent to which such participation is on a basis different from or less advantageous than that of other participants.

3. Applicants state that in the absence of the requested relief, the Regulated Funds would be, in some circumstances, limited in their ability to participate in attractive and appropriate investment opportunities. Applicants believe that the proposed terms and conditions will ensure
that the Co-Investment Transactions are consistent with the protection of each Regulated Fund’s shareholders and with the purposes intended by the policies and provisions of the Act. Applicants state that the Regulated Funds’ participation in the Co-Investment Transactions will be consistent with the provisions, policies, and purposes of the Act and on a basis that is not different from or less advantageous than that of other participants.

**Applicants’ Conditions:**

Applicants agree that any Order granting the requested relief shall be subject to the following conditions:

1. Each time an Adviser considers a Potential Co-Investment Transaction for the Affiliated Private Funds or another Regulated Fund that falls within a Regulated Fund’s then-current Objectives and Strategies, the Adviser will make an independent determination of the appropriateness of the investment for the Regulated Fund in light of the Regulated Fund’s then-current circumstances.

2. (a) If the Adviser deems a Regulated Fund’s participation in any Potential Co-Investment Transaction to be appropriate for the Regulated Fund, the Adviser will then determine an appropriate level of investment for the Regulated Fund.

   (b) If the aggregate amount recommended by the applicable Adviser to be invested by the applicable Regulated Fund in the Potential Co-Investment Transaction, together with the amount proposed to be invested by the other participating Regulated Funds and Affiliated Private Funds, collectively in the same transaction, exceeds the amount of the investment opportunity, the investment opportunity will be allocated among them pro rata based on each participating party’s Available Capital, up to the amount proposed to be invested by each. The applicable Adviser will provide the Eligible Directors of each participating Regulated Fund with information concerning
each participating party’s Available Capital to assist the Eligible Directors with their review of the Regulated Fund’s investments for compliance with these allocation procedures.

(c) After making the determinations required in conditions 1 and 2(a), the applicable Adviser will distribute written information concerning the Potential Co-Investment Transaction (including the amount proposed to be invested by each participating Regulated Fund and the Affiliated Private Funds) to the Eligible Directors of each participating Regulated Fund for their consideration. A Regulated Fund will co-invest with one or more Regulated Funds and/or one or more Affiliated Private Funds only if, prior to the Regulated Fund’s participation in the Potential Co-Investment Transaction, a Required Majority concludes that:

(i) the terms of the Potential Co-Investment Transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to the Regulated Fund and its shareholders and do not involve overreaching in respect of the Regulated Fund or its shareholders on the part of any person concerned;

(ii) the Potential Co-Investment Transaction is consistent with:

(A) the interests of the shareholders of the Regulated Fund; and

(B) the Regulated Fund’s then-current Objectives and Strategies;

(iii) the investment by other Regulated Funds or the Affiliated Private Funds would not disadvantage the Regulated Fund, and participation by the Regulated Fund would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that of other Regulated Funds or the Affiliated Private Funds; provided that, if any other Regulated Fund or the Affiliated Private Funds, but not the Regulated Fund itself, gains the right to nominate a director for election to a portfolio company’s board of directors or the right to have a board observer or any similar right to participate in the
governance or management of the portfolio company, such event will not be interpreted to prohibit
the Required Majority from reaching the conclusions required by this condition (2)(c)(iii), if:

(A) the Eligible Directors will have the right to ratify the selection of such
director or board observer, if any;

(B) the Adviser agrees to, and does, provide, periodic reports to the Regulated
Fund’s Board with respect to the actions of the director or the information received by the
board observer or obtained through the exercise of any similar right to participate in the
governance or management of the portfolio company; and

(C) any fees or other compensation that the Affiliated Private Funds or any
Regulated Fund or any affiliated person of the Affiliated Private Funds or any Regulated
Fund receives in connection with the right of the Affiliated Private Funds or the Regulated
Fund to nominate a director or appoint a board observer or otherwise to participate in the
governance or management of the portfolio company will be shared proportionately among
the participating Affiliated Private Funds (who each may, in turn, share its portion with its
affiliated persons) and the participating Regulated Funds in accordance with the amount of
each party’s investment; and

(iv) the proposed investment by the Regulated Fund will not benefit the Advisers, the
Affiliated Private Funds or the other Regulated Funds or any affiliated person of any of them (other
than the parties to the Co-Investment Transaction), except (A) to the extent permitted by condition
13, (B) to the extent permitted by section 17(e) or 57(k) of the Act, as applicable, (C) indirectly, as a
result of an interest in the securities issued by one of the parties to the Co-Investment Transaction,
or (D) in the case of fees or other compensation described in condition 2(c)(iii)(C).
3. Each Regulated Fund has the right to decline to participate in any Potential Co-Investment Transaction or to invest less than the amount proposed.

4. The applicable Adviser will present to each Regulated Fund’s Board, on a quarterly basis, a record of all investments in Potential Co-Investment Transactions made by any of the other Regulated Funds or the Affiliated Private Funds during the preceding quarter that fell within the Regulated Fund’s then-current Objectives and Strategies that were not made available to the Regulated Fund, and an explanation of why the investment opportunities were not offered to the Regulated Fund. All information presented to the Regulated Fund’s Board pursuant to this condition will be kept for the life of the Regulated Fund and at least two years thereafter, and will be subject to examination by the Commission and its staff.

5. Except for Follow-On Investments made in accordance with condition 8, a Regulated Fund will not invest in reliance on the Order in any issuer in which another Regulated Fund or Affiliated Private Fund or any affiliated person of another Regulated Fund or Affiliated Private Fund is an existing investor.

6. A Regulated Fund will not participate in any Potential Co-Investment Transaction unless the terms, conditions, price, class of securities to be purchased, settlement date, and registration rights will be the same for each participating Regulated Fund and Affiliated Private Fund. The grant to any Affiliated Private Fund or another Regulated Fund, but not the Regulated Fund, of the right to nominate a director for election to a portfolio company’s board of directors, the right to have an observer on the board of directors or similar rights to participate in the governance or management of the portfolio company will not be interpreted so as to violate this condition 6, if conditions 2(c)(iii)(A), (B) and (C) are met.

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11 This exception only applies to Follow-On Investments by a Regulated Fund in issuers in which that Regulated Fund already holds investments.
7  (a) If any Affiliated Private Fund or any Regulated Fund elects to sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of an interest in a security that was acquired in a Co-Investment Transaction, the applicable Advisers will:

   (i) notify each Regulated Fund that participated in the Co-Investment Transaction of the proposed disposition at the earliest practical time; and

   (ii) formulate a recommendation as to participation by each Regulated Fund in the disposition.

(b) Each Regulated Fund will have the right to participate in such disposition on a proportionate basis, at the same price and on the same terms and conditions as those applicable to the participating Affiliated Private Funds and Regulated Funds.

(c) A Regulated Fund may participate in such disposition without obtaining prior approval of the Required Majority if: (i) the proposed participation of each Regulated Fund and each Affiliated Private Fund in such disposition is proportionate to its outstanding investments in the issuer immediately preceding the disposition; (ii) the Regulated Fund’s Board has approved as being in the best interests of the Regulated Fund the ability to participate in such dispositions on a pro rata basis (as described in greater detail in the application); and (iii) the Regulated Fund’s Board is provided on a quarterly basis with a list of all dispositions made in accordance with this condition. In all other cases, the Adviser will provide its written recommendation as to the Regulated Fund’s participation to the Eligible Directors, and the Regulated Fund will participate in such disposition solely to the extent that a Required Majority determines that it is in the Regulated Fund’s best interests.

(d) Each Affiliated Private Fund and each Regulated Fund will bear their own expenses in connection with any such disposition.
8  (a) If any Affiliated Private Fund or any Regulated Fund desires to make a Follow-On Investment in a portfolio company whose securities were acquired in a Co-Investment Transaction, the applicable Advisers will:

(i) notify each Regulated Fund that participated in the Co-Investment Transaction of the proposed transaction at the earliest practical time; and

(ii) formulate a recommendation as to the proposed participation, including the amount of the proposed Follow-On Investment, by each Regulated Fund.

(b) A Regulated Fund may participate in such Follow-On Investment without obtaining prior approval of the Required Majority if: (i) the proposed participation of each Regulated Fund and each Affiliated Private Fund in such investment is proportionate to its outstanding investments in the issuer immediately preceding the Follow-On Investment; and (ii) the Regulated Fund’s Board has approved as being in the best interests of the Regulated Fund the ability to participate in Follow-On Investments on a pro rata basis (as described in greater detail in the application). In all other cases, the Adviser will provide its written recommendation as to the Regulated Fund’s participation to the Eligible Directors, and the Regulated Fund will participate in such Follow-On Investment solely to the extent that a Required Majority determines that it is in the Regulated Fund’s best interests.

(c) If, with respect to any Follow-On Investment:

(i) the amount of the opportunity is not based on the Regulated Funds’ and the Affiliated Private Funds’ outstanding investments immediately preceding the Follow-On Investment; and
(ii) the aggregate amount recommended by the applicable Adviser to be invested by each Regulated Fund in the Follow-On Investment, together with the amount proposed to be invested by the participating Affiliated Private Funds in the same transaction, exceeds the amount of the opportunity, then the amount invested by each such party will be allocated among them pro rata based on each party’s Available Capital, up to the amount proposed to be invested by each.

(d) The acquisition of Follow-On Investments as permitted by this condition will be considered a Co-Investment Transaction for all purposes and subject to the other conditions set forth in the application.

9. The Independent Directors of each Regulated Fund will be provided quarterly for review all information concerning Potential Co-Investment Transactions and Co-Investment Transactions, including investments made by other Regulated Funds or the Affiliated Private Funds that the Regulated Fund considered but declined to participate in, so that the Independent Directors may determine whether all investments made during the preceding quarter, including investments that the Regulated Fund considered but declined to participate in, comply with the conditions of the Order. In addition, the Independent Directors will consider at least annually the continued appropriateness for the Regulated Fund of participating in new and existing Co-Investment Transactions.

10. Each Regulated Fund will maintain the records required by section 57(f)(3) of the Act as if each of the Regulated Funds were a BDC and each of the investments permitted under these conditions were approved by the Required Majority under section 57(f).
11. No Independent Director of a Regulated Fund will also be a director, general partner, 
managing member or principal, or otherwise an “affiliated person” (as defined in the Act), of any of 
the Affiliated Private Funds.

12. The expenses, if any, associated with acquiring, holding or disposing of any 
securities acquired in a Co-Investment Transaction (including, without limitation, the expenses of 
the distribution of any such securities registered for sale under the Securities Act) will, to the extent 
not payable by the Advisers under their investment advisory agreements with the Regulated Funds 
and the Affiliated Private Funds, be shared by the Regulated Funds and the Affiliated Private Funds 
in proportion to the relative amounts of the securities held or be acquired or disposed of, as the case 
may be.

13. Any transaction fee (including break-up or commitment fees but excluding broker’s 
fees contemplated by section 17(e) or 57(k) of the Act, as applicable) received in connection with a 
Co-Investment Transaction will be distributed to the participating Regulated Funds and the 
Affiliated Private Funds on a pro rata basis based on the amounts they invested or committed, as the 
case may be, in such Co-Investment Transaction. If any transaction fee is to be held by an Adviser 
pending consummation of the transaction, the fee will be deposited into an account maintained by 
the Adviser at a bank or banks having the qualifications prescribed in section 26(a)(1) of the Act, 
and the account will earn a competitive rate of interest that will also be divided pro rata among the 
participating Regulated Funds and the Affiliated Private Funds based on the amounts they invest in 
such Co-Investment Transaction. None of the Affiliated Private Funds, the Advisers, the other 
Regulated Funds, or any affiliated person of the Regulated Funds or the Affiliated Private Funds 
will receive additional compensation or remuneration of any kind as a result of or in connection 
with a Co-Investment Transaction (other than (a) in the case of the Regulated Funds and the
Affiliated Private Funds, the pro rata transaction fees described above and fees or other compensation described in condition 2(c)(iii)(C) and (b) in the case of an Adviser, investment advisory fees paid in accordance with the respective agreements between the Adviser and the Regulated Funds or the Affiliated Private Funds).

14. If the Holders own in the aggregate more than 25% of the outstanding Shares of a Regulated Fund, then the Holders will vote such Shares as directed by an independent third party (such as the trustee of a voting trust or a proxy adviser) when voting on (1) the election of directors; (2) the removal of one or more directors; or (3) any matters requiring approval by the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities, as defined in section 2(a)(42) of the Act.

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, under delegated authority.

Robert W. Errett
Deputy Secretary