
Action: Notice of an application under section 6(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (“Act”) for an exemption from rule 12d1-2(a) under the Act.

Summary of Application: Applicants request an order to permit funds of funds relying on rule 12d1-2 under the Act to invest in certain financial instruments.

Applicants: Morgan Stanley Series Fund (the “Trust”), Morgan Stanley Investment Advisors, Inc. (the “Adviser”), Morgan Stanley Investment Management Ltd. (the “Sub-Adviser”) and Morgan Stanley Distributors Inc. (the “Distributor”).

Filing Date: The application was filed on May 18, 2008 and amended on September 19, 2008.

Hearing or Notification of Hearing: An order granting the application will be issued unless the Commission orders a hearing. Interested persons may request a hearing by writing to the Commission’s Secretary and serving applicants with a copy of the request, personally or by mail. Hearing requests should be received by the Commission by 5:30 p.m. on October 20, 2008 and should be accompanied by proof of service on applicants, in the form of an affidavit or, for lawyers, a certificate of service. Hearing requests should state the nature of the writer’s interest, the reason for the request, and the issues contested. Persons who wish to be notified of a hearing may request notification by writing to the Commission’s Secretary.

Addresses: Secretary, U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090; Applicants, 522 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY 10036.
Applicants’ Representations:

1. The Trust is organized as a Massachusetts business trust and is registered as an open-end management investment company under the Act. Applicants request the exemption to the extent necessary to permit any existing or future registered open-end management investment companies and their series advised by the Adviser or any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, the Adviser that operate as “funds of funds” (the “Applicant Funds”) and invest in other registered investment companies in reliance on section 12(d)(1)(G) of the Act and which is also eligible to invest in securities (as defined in section 2(a)(36) of the Act) in reliance on rule 12d1-2 under the Act (together with the Trust and its series, the “Applicant Funds”), to also invest, to the extent consistent with its investment objective, policies, strategies and limitations, in financial instruments that may not be securities within the meaning of section 2(a)(36) of the Act (“Other Investments”).

2. The Adviser and Sub-Adviser are both wholly-owned subsidiaries of Morgan Stanley registered as investment advisers under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (the “Advisers Act”). The Adviser is the investment adviser for each series of the Trust. The Sub-Adviser serves as investment sub-adviser to certain series of the Trust. The Distributor is a wholly-

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1 Every existing entity that currently intends to rely on the requested order is named as an applicant. Any existing or future entity that relies on the order in the future will do so only in accordance with the terms and conditions in the application.
owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley and a registered broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Distributor provides marketing and distribution services to the Trust.

3. Consistent with its fiduciary obligations under the Act, each Applicant Fund’s board of trustees or directors will review the advisory fees charged by the Applicant Fund’s investment adviser to ensure that they are based on services provided that are in addition to, rather than duplicative of, services provided pursuant to the advisory agreement of any investment company in which the Applicant Fund may invest.

Applicants’ Legal Analysis:

1. Section 12(d)(1)(A) of the Act provides that no registered investment company (“acquiring company”) may acquire securities of another investment company (“acquired company”) if such securities represent more than 3% of the acquired company’s outstanding voting stock or more than 5% of the acquiring company’s total assets, or if such securities, together with the securities of other investment companies, represent more than 10% of the acquiring company’s total assets. Section 12(d)(1)(B) of the Act provides that no registered open-end investment company may sell its securities to another investment company if the sale will cause the acquiring company to own more than 3% of the acquired company’s voting stock, or cause more than 10% of the acquired company’s voting stock to be owned by investment companies.

2. Section 12(d)(1)(G) of the Act provides that section 12(d)(1) will not apply to securities of an acquired company purchased by an acquiring company if: (i) the acquiring company and acquired company are part of the same group of investment companies; (ii) the acquiring company holds only securities of acquired companies that are part of the same group of
investment companies, government securities, and short-term paper; (iii) the aggregate sales
loads and distribution-related fees of the acquiring company and the acquired company are not
excessive under rules adopted pursuant to section 22(b) or section 22(c) of the Act by a securities
association registered under section 15A of the Exchange Act or by the Commission; and (iv) the
acquired company has a policy that prohibits it from acquiring securities of registered open-end
management investment companies or registered unit investment trusts in reliance on section
12(d)(1)(F) or (G) of the Act.

3. Rule 12d1-2 under the Act permits a registered open-end investment company or a
registered unit investment trust that relies on section 12(d)(1)(G) of the Act to acquire, in
addition to securities issued by another registered investment company in the same group of
investment companies, government securities, and short-term paper: (1) securities issued by an
investment company that is not in the same group of investment companies, when the acquisition
is in reliance on section 12(d)(1)(A) or 12(d)(1)(F) of the Act; (2) securities (other than securities
issued by an investment company); and (3) securities issued by a money market fund, when the
investment is in reliance on rule 12d1-1 under the Act. For the purposes of rule 12d1-2,
“securities” means any security as defined in section 2(a)(36) of the Act.

4. Section 6(c) of the Act provides that the Commission may exempt any person, security,
or transaction from any provision of the Act, or from any rule under the Act, if such exemption is
necessary or appropriate in the public interest and consistent with the protection of investors and
the purposes fairly intended by the policies and provisions of the Act.

5. Applicants state that the proposed arrangement would comply with the provisions of rule
12d1-2 under the Act, but for the fact that the Applicant Funds may invest a portion of their
assets in Other Investments. Applicants request an order under section 6(c) of the Act for an
exemption from rule 12d1-2(a) to allow the Applicant Funds to invest in Other Investments. Applicants assert that permitting the Applicant Funds to invest in Other Investments as described in the application would not raise any of the concerns that the requirements of section 12(d)(1) were designed to address.

Applicants’ Condition:

Applicants agree that any order granting the requested relief will be subject to the following condition:

Applicants will comply with all provisions of rule 12d1-2 under the Act, except for paragraph (a)(2) to the extent that it restricts any Applicant Fund from investing in Other Investments as described in the Application.

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, under delegated authority.

Florence E. Harmon

Acting Secretary