



Part 2A of Form ADV: Firm Brochure

March 2021

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This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Ridgewood Energy Corporation. If you have any questions about the content of this brochure, please contact us by telephone at 800.942.5550 or 201.447.9000 or by e-mail at: investorrelations@ridgewoodenergy.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Ridgewood Energy Corporation also is available on the SEC's web site at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

Ridgewood Energy Corporation is an investment adviser registered with the SEC (a "registered investment adviser"). This registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

Item 2: Material Changes

This Brochure is intended to provide prospective and current clients of Ridgewood Energy Corporation (“Ridgewood Energy”) with an overview of its businesses and provide important disclosures, such as key potential investment risks.

The following is a discussion of material changes to the Brochure since its last annual update filed by Ridgewood Energy Corporation in March 2020.

Executive Changes

Ridgewood Energy Corporation’s Senior Managing Director, Robert L. Gold, retired and ceased to be a member of Ridgewood Energy’s investment committee as of the end of February 2021. Effective March 1, 2021, Samuel J. Lissner, assumed the role of Managing Director and joined the investment committee in place of Mr. Gold.

Item 3: Table of Contents

Item 2: Material Changes.....	2
Item 3: Table of Contents	3
Item 4: Advisory Business of Ridgewood Energy.....	4
Item 5: Fees and Compensation.....	4
Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management	5
Item 7: Types of Clients.....	6
Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss	6
Item 9: Disciplinary Information	11
Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliates	11
Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading	11
Item 12: Brokerage Practices.....	12
Item 13: Review of Accounts	12
Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation.....	12
Item 15: Custody.....	12
Items 16 & 17: Investment Discretion and Voting Client Securities.....	13
Item 18: Financial Information.....	13

Item 4: Advisory Business of Ridgewood Energy

Ridgewood Energy Corporation (“Ridgewood Energy” or the “Company”) is a Delaware Corporation that was founded in 1982 by Robert E. Swanson. Ridgewood Energy remains privately owned by Mr. Swanson, certain family trusts and Mr. Swanson’s son, Matthew E. Swanson. Robert E. Swanson is the Company’s sole director and Matthew E. Swanson is a Senior Managing Director.

Ridgewood Energy is primarily engaged in the business of furnishing investment, supervisory and management services to pooled investment vehicles it sponsors (the “Ridgewood Funds”). There are two categories of Ridgewood Funds. The first are the Ridgewood Funds that were primarily raised through a network of independent FINRA registered broker-dealers; referred to in this Brochure as the “IBD Funds”. The Company does not anticipate sponsoring any new IBD Funds, but it continues to manage the IBD Funds’ investments in Projects (as defined below). The second are the Ridgewood Funds that only accept investments from institutions meeting the definition of qualified purchaser under the Investment Company Act of 1940; these funds are referred to in this Brochure as the “Institutional Funds”. Ridgewood Energy also provides advisory and management services to a group of related institutional investors (collectively, the “Institutional Clients”; together with the Ridgewood Funds, the “Clients”) in connection with investments in the Projects.

The Ridgewood Funds and the Institutional Clients invest, directly or through special purpose companies (each, an “SPC”), in working interests in oil and gas projects (the “Projects”) in the U.S. waters of the Gulf of Mexico (the “US GOM”).

Generally, the services Ridgewood Energy provides its Clients include (the “Services”):

- Performing due diligence on, and selecting or recommending Projects for investment by the Clients.
- Monitoring the drilling activities of exploratory and developmental Projects and the development and production of successful Projects.¹ The day-to-day operations of the Projects are the responsibility of a project operator under an agreement (w.g. a joint operating agreement) with the Ridgewood Funds or SPC that owns an interest in such Project and other owners of the Project.
- Handling financial matters, such as audits and tax matters, regulatory issues (including filings with regulatory agencies), legal matters and other general corporate and related matters.
- Handling investor relations matters for the Ridgewood Funds.

Ridgewood Energy has full, exclusive and complete discretion in the management and control of the Ridgewood Funds, including the authority to select investments on behalf of each Ridgewood Fund.

Item 5: Fees and Compensation

For the Services, the Ridgewood Funds pay the fees set out in their respective limited liability company or limited partnership agreements (the “Fund Agreement”). The Institutional Clients pay the overhead reimbursement fees as set forth in certain management services agreements with the Company.

The Company may enter into side letters or other written understandings with investors that have the effect of establishing rights under, or altering or supplementing, the terms of a particular Ridgewood Fund Agreement.

While the fees the Ridgewood Funds pay are not negotiable or refundable, Ridgewood Energy has the right to reduce or waive, temporarily or permanently, its fees and has done so in the past. The fees payable to Ridgewood Energy by the Ridgewood Funds have generally included one or more of the following:

¹ The term successful as used in this context refers only to the determination that hydrocarbons have been found in sufficient quantities (based on then available data) to warrant completing the well and bringing the project on production.

Organizational, Distribution (sales & marketing) and Offering Fee (collectively the “Offering Fees”)²: Offering fees are one-time fees set out as a percentage of the total capital contributions made to the Ridgewood Fund with respect each share of ownership interests. The Offering Fees cover the expenses incurred to establish and to offer and sell interests in the Ridgewood Fund (including any series of ownership interests) including legal expenses, accounting expenses, consulting fees, printing, filing, postage and other expenses. In the case of the Institutional Funds, the Fund Agreement generally provides for the payment of Offering Fees up to a maximum amount and the payment of any excess to be borne by the Company as an offset against Management Fees.

Management Fee:³ The Management Fee payable by the limited partners of the Institutional Funds have generally been capped at 2% of capital commitments. Management Fees have ranged from 1% to 2% depending on the amount of capital commitment made by the limited partner. The Institutional Funds’ Fund Agreements generally provide for a reduction in the management fee after the subject Institutional Fund reaches certain milestones in respect of its investment activities. After achievement of such milestones, Management Fees are calculated on amounts invested, committed or reserved with respect to the Fund’s Projects.

Ridgewood Energy retains the right at all times to reduce or waive, temporarily or permanently, its Management Fee and has elected to do so in connection with certain IBD Funds.

Carried Interest and Distributive Share: The Fund Agreements for the Institutional Funds generally provide that Ridgewood Energy is entitled to a carried interest payment after the Institutional Fund limited partners have received distributions equal to their capital contributions and a preferred return. The Fund Agreements generally contain general partner catch-up provisions and general partner claw-back provisions.

The Fund Agreement for the IBD Funds provides for (1) a “distributive share” payment to Ridgewood Energy of an amount equal to fifteen to twenty-five percent (15% - 25%) of the available cash from operations distributed to such Ridgewood Fund’s shareholders, and (2) carried interest payable to Ridgewood Energy from distributions from a capital transaction (e.g. sale of assets) of 1% of such amount if such distribution is made before each investor in such IBD Fund has received aggregate distributions equal to such investors aggregate capital contribution in such Ridgewood Fund (“Payout”), and thereafter, Ridgewood Energy is entitled to an amount equal to 15% of such distribution from a capital transaction (several more recent Fund Agreements provide that Ridgewood Energy is also entitled to receive a “catch-up” payment after investors have received Payout), and (3) Losses attributable to the IBD Funds’ operations are also allocated to the Company.⁴

Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

As discussed in item 5 above, Ridgewood Energy is entitled to carried interest distributions with respect to the Ridgewood Funds. The Company does not consider the carried interest arrangement to create a conflict for it in

² The IBD Funds paid up to 5% of the total capital contributions made with respect to each series of interests in such IBD Fund, without considering any discounts or waivers. The investment fee compensated Ridgewood Energy for services associated with locating, investigating, evaluating, and negotiating investment opportunities and negotiating related transactions. The investment fee was paid on the IBD Funds’ effective date and on each date on which it received and collected full payment for additional subscriptions. The IBD Fund Offering Fees ranged from 4%-6% and were generally on each IBD Fund effective date and on each date on which it received and collected full payment for additional subscriptions. As of the date of this Brochure, Ridgewood Energy does not anticipate sponsoring any new IBD Funds.

³ Until December 31, 2006, the management fee paid by many of the IBD Funds was 2.5% of the total capital contributions to such IBD Funds. Beginning January 2007, the management fee ranges from 1% to 2.5% of the total shareholder contributions and/or commitment depending on the type of IBD Fund. The Fund Agreement may provide that Management Fees are net of dry-hole expenses.

⁴ As part of the offering of interests of the IBD Funds, Ridgewood Securities Corporation (“RSC”), the Company’s affiliate, received a placement agent fee and participating broker-dealers selling commissions for their efforts in selling interests to investors. The placement agent fee to RSC was generally 1% and the broker-dealer selling commissions ranged between 5%-7% as more fully specified in each IBD Fund’s Fund Agreement and offering materials.

selecting Projects given that the nature of the Projects and the selection process utilized by the Company to determine whether a Project is an appropriate investment for the Ridgewood Funds.

Item 7: Types of Clients

Ridgewood Energy does not provide advisory services to the general public.

Ridgewood Energy's current Clients are the Ridgewood Funds and the Institutional Clients. As of the date of this Brochure, each Ridgewood Fund is either a Delaware limited partnership or a limited liability company. In addition, one of the Institutional Funds has a parallel co-invest vehicle that participates in certain of the Projects in which the Institutional Fund has invested; the co-invest vehicles limited partners are all limited partners in the Institutional Fund although not all limited partners in the Institutional Fund are limited partners in the co-invest vehicle.

Each Ridgewood Fund is operated in accordance with its Fund Agreement that is provided to every investor in such Ridgewood Fund at the time of its offering. The Fund Agreement is part of the organized structure of each Ridgewood Fund. From time to time, Institutional Funds may enter into side letters or other written understandings with certain limited partners that alter or amend the relevant Institutional Fund's Fund Agreement. The altered terms are often necessitated by the limited partner's structure (e.g. public pension fund) and related to, among other things, excuse rights or transparency, tax status, and confidentiality.

The Ridgewood Funds are structured to comply with the exemption to registration set forth in Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933. Investors in the Ridgewood Funds must meet the accreditation standards set forth in such Ridgewood Fund's offering materials before making an investment. Investors must be Accredited Investors (as defined in Regulation D) and Qualified Purchasers (as defined in Section 2(a)(51) of the Investment Company Act). Investors must also be Qualified Clients (as defined in Rule 205-3 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940). Qualified Purchasers are deemed to be Qualified Clients.

The Ridgewood Funds invest directly, or, in the case of certain Institutional Funds, indirectly through SPCs, in Projects.

Investors in Ridgewood Funds acknowledge that they understand that the Ridgewood Funds are private placements and are not transferrable, and it is possible for the investor to lose the entire amount of the investment.

Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

As of the date of this Brochure, none of the IBD Funds are expected to make investments into new Projects although some have continuing follow-on investment obligations related to their existing portfolio of Projects.

Investment Strategy: The investment strategy of the Ridgewood Funds is to generate cash flow from the production of oil and natural gas. Ridgewood Energy's focus has historically been to invest in Projects in the US GOM. Since 2009, Ridgewood Energy has been targeting oil opportunities in the deep waters of the US GOM. Ridgewood Energy selects every Project in which the Ridgewood Funds invest and that it recommends to the Institutional Clients for investment.

Ridgewood Energy does not invest the Ridgewood Funds' money in exchange-traded securities, mutual funds, stocks, bonds or other securities, except that funds waiting to be deployed may be invested in securities or obligations of or guaranteed by the U.S. government or an instrumentality thereof or is maintained in bank accounts (such as certificates of deposit, money market, savings and checking accounts).

Methods of Analysis – Project Sourcing & Selection Process: Projects are sourced in one of four ways: (i) acquiring leases through bidding at Federal lease sales; (ii) participating in Projects offered by third-parties; (iii) participating in Projects by way of Ridgewood Energy approaching third-parties, and (iv) on a more limited basis,

acquisitions. Ridgewood Energy performs extensive due diligence on each Project before investing a Ridgewood Fund's money or recommending it to its Institutional Clients. The following are the key areas Ridgewood Energy reviews when performing due diligence on potential Projects:

- Operator and Project Partners. Ridgewood Energy seeks experienced operators. Attractive characteristics of potential Project operators includes a good safety and compliance record, financial stability, sophistication and experience of its geological and geophysical team particularly as it relates to the proposed region, geology and technical environment, drilling success rate in the US GOM. The other project partners' resources and experience in the industry is also considered. A further consideration is the percentage of the Project the operator will retain and the percentage held by the other participating Project partners.
- Technical and Operational Review. This review includes analysis of the potential Project's geology, seismic profile, locational trends and whether the potential Project has the potential for multiple prospects. The analysis will also focus on project risk factors, such as (but not limited to) reservoir peculiarities, operational, engineering and other related risks. Ridgewood Energy employs advanced 3-D reservoir modeling to determine the mechanisms for optimum well placement and maximum recovery of in-place oil volumes.
- Reserve Potential. Ridgewood Energy estimates potential Project's gross reserves using a Monte Carlo simulation approach utilizing information, such as seismic data, log analysis and performance data from analogous offset wells. Ridgewood Energy assigns an estimate of low, most likely and high values for each of the parameters used to calculate the recoverable reserves associated with the potential Project. The Monte Carlo method, commonly used in the industry, performs thousands of iterations, varying each of these parameters against each other in order to obtain a distribution of results. The P50 of this analysis is the median value, which is the number of results greater than the P50 value equaling the number of results less than the P50 value. It is this value of recoverable reserves that Ridgewood Energy uses in its economic evaluation of a potential project. These estimates are dependent on a variety of geologic, geophysical and engineering factors and risks that are impossible to accurately predict.

If the potential project is an acquisition of a proven undeveloped reserve (a discovery that has not yet been brought on production), Ridgewood Energy reviews the operator's existing data set, including any third-party reserve reports.

- Development Plan. Ridgewood Energy will assess both the proximity and availability of required infrastructure, including production platforms and connecting pipeline. If existing infrastructure does not have the capacity to process production from a potential Project, if successful, Ridgewood Energy will assess whether it is possible to develop, construct, operate and own such infrastructure.
- Investment terms – Costs & Control Rights. Ridgewood Energy's management assesses the economics of a potential Project including (among other things) the overall size of the working interest available, the portion of the budgeted expenses directed toward exploration versus development, if successful, and the proposed timing of expenditures. This review also looks at the proposed contractual terms.

Once the technical and economic analyses described above has been completed and a potential Project is deemed to satisfy Ridgewood Energy's technical criteria, provides an attractive economic risk/reward ratio and fits within Ridgewood Energy's strategy, a final investment recommendation is provided to the Company's Investment Committee.⁵

⁵ In connection with the IBD Funds, the Investment Committee was responsible for determining whether one or more of the IBD Funds should invest in a potential Project and the percentage of working interest such IBD Funds should acquire when more than one IBD Fund had available capital for investment.

Once the Investment Committee decides that an investment in the potential Project should be made, Ridgewood Energy negotiates the participation agreement and joint operating agreement (the “JOA”) with the goal of achieving the best possible economics and governance rights for the participating Clients. The JOA is the document that governs the Project partner’s participation in the Project, including the rights to make proposals and influence decisions involving certain operational matters.

Risks: There is no guarantee that the Ridgewood Funds will achieve the desired cash flow or meet their investment objectives. The investment strategy for the Ridgewood Funds involves a substantial degree of risk. The Projects in which the Company’s Clients invest are generally exploratory Projects, and occasionally developmental or proven undeveloped reserves. All Projects are subject to significant risks. Ridgewood Funds are appropriate only for sophisticated persons who fully understand the risks and are capable of bearing the risks of the investment, including loss of the entire investment. Investors in Ridgewood Fund are required to review such Ridgewood Fund’s offering materials prior to making an investment in such Ridgewood Fund. Each Ridgewood Fund’s offering materials provides a more complete discussion of the risks associated with an investment in such Ridgewood Fund, including the risks related to the operations in which such Ridgewood Fund will invest.

Below is an explanation of some (but not all) of the many risks associated with engaging in oil and natural gas exploration and production activities. The risks identified below are qualified in their entirety by the risks set forth in each Ridgewood Fund’s offering materials.

- Loss of the Entire Investment in a Project: Once drilling on an exploratory or developmental Project is completed, the operator may discover that it is a dry-hole, meaning that the well was found to be incapable of producing either oil or natural gas in sufficient quantities to justify completion. The entire amount invested in such Project is lost.
- Operational Risks: Exploration, development and production activities in the US GOM involve numerous risks that may cause a delay or cancellation of such activities and/or significantly increase the costs of such activities. Some of these risks include (among other things): (i) unexpected drilling conditions, pressure or irregularities in formations; (ii) equipment failures or accidents; (iii) fires, explosions, blow-outs and surface cratering; (iv) marine risks such as capsizing or collisions; (v) adverse weather conditions, including hurricanes; (vi) shortages or delays in the delivery of equipment; and (vii) Governmental action or inaction, such as new regulations or delay in issuing permits.
- Unforeseen Costs: The actual costs to drill and/or complete a successful Project can materially exceed the operator’s best estimates due to unforeseen cost overruns. Cost overruns can occur for any number of operational risks, including those discussed above. In the event of cost overruns, the Ridgewood Funds participating in the Project are responsible for paying their share of those cost overruns. As a result, the Ridgewood Funds may be required to use capital to cover cost overruns which might otherwise have been used for investing in other Projects.
- Reserve Data & Technology: Reserve data, including engineering and geological data generated by the Project operator is confidential and proprietary. As a result, investors in Ridgewood Funds are relying exclusively on Ridgewood Energy’s in-house technical personnel to evaluate such information. The tools used in the oil and gas drilling and production industry for analyzing Projects are being improved regularly. As competitors use or develop new technologies, Ridgewood Funds may be placed at a competitive disadvantage or may be required to adopt such new technologies at significant cost. In addition, our competitors may have greater financial, technical and personnel resources that may allow them to implement new technologies quickly. There is no assurance that Ridgewood Energy will be able to implement new technologies on a timely basis or at an acceptable cost. Lastly, notwithstanding Ridgewood Energy’s efforts to accurately estimate a Project’s potential reserves, reserve estimates may be significantly

different from actual results. Actual reserves may be materially lower than Ridgewood Energy's estimates which could result in a significant loss to the Ridgewood Funds participating in the subject Project.

- Ability to Develop & Produce Projects: Successful Projects require significant equipment and infrastructure to be brought on production. The Ridgewood Funds do not generally own drilling equipment or infrastructure and therefore are affected by competition for drilling rigs, platforms and availability of related infrastructure such as pipelines and processing facilities which are owned by unaffiliated third-parties. If such facilities are not available or cannot adequately support the production from a given Project, the Ridgewood Funds may have to invest in building new infrastructure at a significant cost. If existing infrastructure is available and accessed, such infrastructure may be located either onshore or offshore and is susceptible to damages by environmental and operational events. In the event existing infrastructure is damaged significantly, such that it is deemed beyond repair, the Ridgewood Funds may be unable to procure different infrastructure and may have to build new infrastructure at a significant cost. As a result, the Ridgewood Fund may be required to withhold making distributions in order to preserve capital to pay for such development efforts.
- Volatile Commodity Prices, Ability to Sell Production & Unforeseen Events: The Ridgewood Funds' ability to generate cash flow for its investors is highly dependent on Ridgewood Energy's ability to market the oil and natural gas produced, if any, by the Projects and the price such oil and natural gas receives. Generally, Ridgewood Energy sells the Ridgewood Funds' oil and natural gas to the market. As a result, the Ridgewood Funds cannot determine, prior to developing a successful Project the prices the participating Ridgewood Funds' will receive from such production. The price of oil and natural gas is highly volatile and is affected by many factors, including (but without limitation): (i) price and competition from foreign oil; (ii) consumer demand – including weather related seasonal demand; (iii) global economic and geopolitical conditions; (iv) instability in other oil producing areas of the world, such as the Middle East, Asia and South America; (v) technological advances and conservation efforts affecting energy consumption; (vi) cost, proximity and capacity of necessary infrastructure to deliver the Project's oil and/or natural gas; and (vii) significant weather and other natural events; and (viii) regional or global health crises, such as the Covid-19, pandemic and their impact on commodities and financial markets. The extent to which these risks impact the Projects cannot be predicted. Prolonged periods of low oil and natural gas commodity prices negatively impacts cash flow from Projects. Ridgewood Energy is committed to maintaining an effective price risk control function designed to mitigate, to the extent possible, commodity price risk and related risks, inherent in the oil and gas market. There is no guarantee that Ridgewood Energy's efforts to mitigate price risk will be successful.
- Project Location: Ridgewood Energy may cause some Ridgewood Funds to invest in locations that are adjacent to Projects owned by other Ridgewood Funds. While the Projects are not to be drilled for the purpose of proving/disproving the existence of oil and/or natural gas on adjacent areas, such drilling activities may incidentally develop information valuable to a Ridgewood Fund that is not invested in such Project. Accordingly, a conflict of interest may, by the very nature of the business, exist between the interests of Ridgewood Funds owning adjacent Projects.
- Insurance Coverage Limitations or Availability: Projects in the US GOM are exposed to the potential of significant losses resulting from natural disasters or other catastrophes. Ridgewood Energy procures available insurance at such levels as it deems appropriate given the unpredictability of the losses that a Project may incur (if any). As with all insurance policies, the available coverage is subject to exclusions and limitations. In addition, Ridgewood Energy may not be able to procure the same types of insurance and the same coverage limits every policy period. As a result, the Ridgewood Funds may incur liabilities that are not covered in whole or in part by insurance or may have been covered in one policy period but are not covered in a subsequent period. Exposure to and the payment of such liabilities could reduce or eliminate the capital available for exploration and development of Projects or result in loss of Projects all of which could reduce or eliminate distributions to investors in the Ridgewood Funds.

- Royalty Payments: All Projects in the US GOM are required to pay royalty payments to the US government. While the royalty interest percentage is fixed at the time the lease is entered into, the US government may from time to time make changes or reinterpret the applicable regulations governing its royalty interests which could result in the Ridgewood Funds being required to pay higher royalties. In addition, from time to time, a Project is subject to overriding royalty interests owned by third-parties who may have at one time been in the chain of title of the Project or provide services to the Project. As a result, although a Ridgewood Fund may acquire a set working interest percentage in a Project, the Ridgewood Funds' "net royalty interest" in such Project will be its share in the production after all burdens such as government royalties and overriding royalty interests have been deducted.
- Activities & Condition of Project Operators: The Ridgewood Funds' projects are operated by unaffiliated third-parties engaged in the business of oil and natural gas exploration. Those unaffiliated operator's activities may compete with the Ridgewood Funds' interests. In addition, the Ridgewood Funds are subject the financial and economic condition of the Project operators. Operators are generally also working interest owners in the Projects in which the Ridgewood Funds participate. The operators are not only responsible for the day-to-day management of a Project, but also for contributing its percentage share of drilling, development and other costs. If the Project operator experiences financial difficulties it may not be in a position to contribute its percentage share of costs associated with the Project and may also be unable to sustain its management and operations of the Project. As a result, the other Project partners may be required to contribute the costs that would otherwise be contributed by the operator or alternatively may have to participate in a Project with a new operator that acquires the initial operator's interests. The impact on the Ridgewood Fund of such events include increasing the Project's costs and delaying its drilling or if successful, development which could negatively impact such Ridgewood Funds' ability to make distributions to investors.

In addition to the risks related to oil and natural gas exploration, there are risks to the Ridgewood Funds related to Ridgewood Energy's providing Services to numerous Clients. Inherent in the exercise of discretion as manager of the Ridgewood Funds, Ridgewood Energy will face conflicts of interests when selecting and acquiring Projects for the Ridgewood Funds and recommending Projects to its Institutional Clients. These conflicts include, but are not limited to:

- Lack of Liquidity: Investors in Ridgewood Funds are required to be Accredited Investors and Qualified Clients or Qualified Purchasers within the meaning of applicable federal securities laws and regulations. Such investors are required to certify that they are acquiring shares in the Fund for investment purposes only and not with a view toward resale or distribution. There is no public market for the shares in the Ridgewood Funds and no such market is expected to develop. The shares in Ridgewood Funds are subject to restrictions on transferability and resale and may not be transferred or sold without the prior consent of the Ridgewood Fund and Ridgewood Energy, and then only as permitted under the terms of the applicable Fund Agreement and applicable securities laws and regulations. Investors in Ridgewood Funds should be aware that they will have to bear the financial risks of an investment in a Ridgewood Fund for an indefinite period of time and perhaps as long as the life of the Ridgewood Fund.
- Compensation to Ridgewood Energy & Its Personnel: Ridgewood Energy personnel may be compensated to some extent based upon actual results of the Projects in which the Ridgewood Funds invest and which such personnel are responsible for recommending for investment. As a result, such personnel could be motivated to recommend Projects that have higher return potentials but lower likelihood of success or a higher likelihood of success but lower return potentials. Ridgewood Energy believes that it has developed an investment decision making process that mitigates the potential conflicts arising out of its compensation structure. In addition, by structuring the Ridgewood Funds in a way that results in their paying the Company similar fees at similar rates, the Company has mitigated

any potential conflict that could arise between the Ridgewood Funds as a result of the compensation to the Company.

Ridgewood Energy is aware that other conflicts may arise from time to time as it provides the Services to its Clients. The Company exercises its fiduciary duty to its Clients in good faith and in accordance with applicable laws. Ridgewood Energy tries to resolve conflicts in the best interests of each Client. Under each Fund Agreement, however, Ridgewood Energy is not liable to the Ridgewood Funds' investors for such resolution unless Ridgewood Energy acted in bad faith, engaged in gross negligence or willful misconduct.

In addition to the foregoing, Ridgewood Energy's Clients and the Projects may encounter unforeseen events particular to the oil and gas industry, as well as general economic, environmental, public health, and political conditions, all of which may have a significant negative impact on the operations and profitability of the Projects and the Clients. These events are beyond Ridgewood Energy's control and cannot be predicted.

Item 9: Disciplinary Information

Not applicable.

Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliates

Robert E. Swanson was also the founder and sole director of Ridgewood Securities Corporation ("Securities") and Ridgewood Capital Management, LLC ("Ridgewood Capital"). Securities ceased to do business in 2019 and its filing for withdrawal from registration with FINRA was accepted by the SEC in December 2019.

Securities was only one of many broker-dealers that offered and sold the IBD Funds' securities as placement agent; all other broker-dealers were not affiliated with Securities or any other Ridgewood entity. In accordance with and as disclosed in that IBD Fund's Confidential Offering Memorandum and Fund Agreement, unaffiliated broker dealers were paid a commission from the proceeds of the offering of an IBD Fund's shares.

As of the first quarter of 2021, Ridgewood Capital has begun the process of winding down the private investment vehicles it managed. Capital's private funds made a final distribution to investors and are expected to be dissolved before year-end. Capital is not expected to sponsor or undertake any new investment services or businesses.

In 2014, Robert E. Swanson and Matthew E. Swanson founded Ridgewood Private Equity Partners, LLC ("RPEP") for the purpose of sponsoring and managing private investment funds focused on investing in the energy sector through either other institutional funds or directly into private equity companies. In 2017, Matthew E. Swanson founded Ridgewood Infrastructure, LLC ("RI") for the purpose of sponsoring private investment funds focused on investing in the water and strategic infrastructure sectors. The RPEP and RI private equity funds are not expected to invest in any Ridgewood Fund or in Projects in which the Ridgewood Funds are invested. Except for Mr. Robert E. Swanson's membership on the RPEP investment committee and ownership interests therein, none of the members of the Ridgewood Energy investment committee are members of the RPEP or RI investment committees. Samuel J. Lissner, Managing Director of Ridgewood Energy and a member of the investment committee, manages the LP relations function for RPEP & RI. Mr. Lissner also spearheads the Environmental, Social, Governance policies of Ridgewood Energy, RPEP & RI.

Some Ridgewood Energy employees, such as the VP-Legal and Chief Compliance Officer, members of the Treasury Department and the IT Department also provide services to RPEP and RI.

Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

Code of Ethics: Ridgewood Energy has adopted a code of ethics to govern the conduct of its employees. The code of ethics establishes Ridgewood Energy's standards of business conduct, which standards reflect the Company's fiduciary obligations to the Ridgewood Funds. The code of ethics also contains provisions requiring employees to

comply with applicable federal and state securities laws. Certain employees of Ridgewood Energy are required to report to the Company certain personal securities transactions and holdings, and in certain instances obtain the consent of the Company before undertaking a securities transaction. Similarly, such employees are required to provide the Company with information about any business activities outside of their work for Ridgewood Energy, and as with securities transactions, first have to obtain Ridgewood Energy's consent to participate in certain outside business activities. In addition to the code of ethics, Ridgewood Energy has adopted internal reporting procedures, that when taken together with the code of ethics, requires employees to report any violations of the code or applicable securities or other laws to the Company or the appropriate authorities.

A copy of each of the code of ethics and internal reporting procedures has been posted to the Ridgewood Energy website. In addition, they are available to the Ridgewood Fund investors upon request.

Co-Investments: Several Ridgewood Funds are invested in the same Project. Initially all such co-investments were done on substantially similar terms, but additional investments into a Project may differ over time according to available capital in the subject Ridgewood Funds. As of the date of this Brochure, such "co-investment" in new projects is limited to an Institutional Fund investing alongside one or more limited partners in that Institutional Fund through a co-invest vehicle or other Institutional Clients. The Company may, from time to time, in its discretion offer co-investment opportunities to limited partners of the Institutional Funds or other third-parties. The Company will set the terms of any such co-investment and it is understood that neither the Company nor any Ridgewood Fund has any obligation to offer a co-investment opportunity to any person.

Item 12: Brokerage Practices

Not applicable.

Item 13: Review of Accounts

Review of Accounts: The Chief Financial Officer of the Company reviews the status of Ridgewood Funds on a regular basis. In addition, Ridgewood Funds may be reviewed when a Project becomes available for investment or a Project is deemed successful and plans for development are being considered.

Investor Reports: Investors in the IBD Funds are generally provided with a monthly report on the status of all Projects (to the extent communications are not prohibited by either securities laws or the JOA), audited financial statements annually, and some of the IBD Funds file reports on forms 10Q and 10K.

Investors in the Institutional Funds are provided with quarterly unaudited financial statements and audited financial statements annually, together with quarterly valuation reports. They may also receive ad-hoc communications concerning the status of a Project if Ridgewood Energy determines such communication is warranted and appropriate.

Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation

Not applicable. All Ridgewood Funds are offered through a placement agent that is either an independent broker-dealer or Ridgewood Securities (the Company's affiliate) who are paid commissions or fees for offering a Ridgewood Fund's shares as described in item 5 above.

Item 15: Custody

Evidence of the Ridgewood Funds' ownership in the Projects are maintained electronically on the Company's records system. Cash and temporary securities (e.g. Treasuries or sweep accounts) are held at Wells Fargo National Bank. Institutional Funds that have credit facilities will also have accounts at the institution granting such facility. Ridgewood Energy receives the Ridgewood Funds' account statements. Neither Wells Fargo or the credit institutions send duplicate account statements to the applicable Ridgewood Funds' investors. Existing Ridgewood

Funds are audited for each calendar year and such audited financial statements are made available to investors via Ridgewood Energy's web-site or on paper upon request.

Items 16 & 17: Investment Discretion and Voting Client Securities

As explained above, Ridgewood Energy has complete and total discretion over the selection of Projects for the Ridgewood Funds. This includes the authority to participate in Projects and make additional investments in completion or other work related to such Projects. The investors in the Ridgewood Funds are not required to approve any investment decision made by Ridgewood Energy. The frequency and amount of distributions, if any, is determined by Ridgewood Energy in accordance with the terms of the applicable Fund Agreement.

With respect to the shares of Ridgewood Funds, Ridgewood Energy does not hold authority to vote on behalf of the Fund's investors. Under the Fund Agreements, however, there are a limited number of items for which a vote of investors is required.

The Fund Agreements for the Institutional Funds provide for the establishment of an investor advisory committee to review and resolve conflicts of interest.

Item 18: Financial Information

Not applicable.



Part 2A of Form ADV: Brochure Supplement
Dated: March 2021

Robert E. Swanson
230 Royal Palm Way
Palm Beach, Florida 33480

Samuel J. Lissner
Kathleen P. McSherry
Ridgewood Energy Corporation
14 Philips Parkway
Montvale, New Jersey 07645
201.447.9000

Kenneth L. Lang
Niloy Shah
Spencer Howe
Ridgewood Energy Corporation
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This brochure supplement provides information about Messrs. Swanson and Lissner, Ms. McSherry and Messrs. Lang, Shah and Howe that supplements the Ridgewood Energy Corporation (“Ridgewood Energy”) brochure. You should have received a copy of the brochure.

Please contact us by e-mail at investorrelations@ridgewoodenergy.com or by telephone at 201.447.9000 or 800.942.5550 if you did not receive Ridgewood Energy’s brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.



Part 2A of Form ADV: Brochure Supplement
Dated: March 2021

Robert E. Swanson ("Bob")
Chairman & Chief Executive Officer
Year of birth: 1947

Item 2. Educational Background and Business Experience

Education: Bob earned his A.B. degree from Amherst College and received his J.D. from Fordham University Law School.

Business Experience: Bob is the Chairman & Chief Executive Officer, as well as the controlling shareholder of Ridgewood Energy. Bob is also the Chairman of the Ridgewood Energy investment committee responsible for the selection of investments of the private investment funds sponsored and/or managed by Ridgewood Energy. Bob founded Ridgewood Energy in 1982. After four years of investing in onshore U.S. energy, Ridgewood Energy began investing in the offshore Gulf of Mexico in 1986, initially in the shallow waters. Since 2009, Ridgewood Energy's focus has been on deep water opportunities. Bob is also the Chairman and sole manager of Ridgewood Private Equity Partners, LLC ("RPEP") and a member of RPEP's investment committee.

Prior to forming Ridgewood Energy, Bob was a tax partner at the former New York and Los Angeles law firm of Fulop & Hardee and an officer in the Trust and Investment Division of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company. His specialty was in personal tax and financial planning, including income, estate, and gift tax.

Item 3. Disciplinary Information

Ridgewood Energy is required to provide all material information about legal or disciplinary events material to an investor's evaluation. No information is applicable to this Item 3.

Item 4. Other Business Activities

Bob is the sole owner of Ridgewood Securities Corporation ("Securities"), a broker-dealer registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") that provided placement agent and investor relations services to some of the private investment funds sponsored by Energy & RPEP. Securities ceased to do business in 2019 and its withdrawal from registration with FINRA was accepted by the SEC in December 2019. Bob is also the Chairman of Ridgewood Capital Management, LLC, an affiliated adviser that is in the process of being wound down.

Item 5. Additional Compensation

None.

Item 6. Supervision

As Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and controlling shareholder, Bob is primarily responsible for Ridgewood Energy's advisory services. Although Bob does not report to any other employee of Ridgewood Energy, he is subject to Ridgewood Energy's compliance program through which his activities are monitored.



Part 2A of Form ADV: Brochure Supplement
Dated: March 2021

Samuel J. Lissner (“Sam”)
Managing Director
Year of birth: 1986

Item 2. Educational Background and Business Experience

Education: Sam received his A.B. from Harvard University, where he concentrated in Middle East Studies. He earned a M.S. from New York University focused on energy and environmental policy, and he received an M.B.A. from the Columbia University Graduate School of Business.

Business Experience: Sam Lissner is a Managing Director of Ridgewood Energy. Prior to joining Ridgewood in 2013, Sam focused on investing in and building several successful energy-focused businesses at Kohl Partners. During his graduate studies, Sam worked on the Environmental Protection Agency’s Mobile Sources Team and in the U.S. Department of Energy’s Energy Information Administration.

Sam is a member of the Board of Advisors of NYU’s Center for Global Affairs.

Item 3. Disciplinary Information

Ridgewood Energy is required to provide all material information about legal or disciplinary events material to an investor’s evaluation. No information is applicable to this Item 3.

Item 4. Other Business Activities

Sam is a Principal of Ridgewood Infrastructure, LLC, and its parent company, Ridgewood Private Equity Partners, LLC.

Item 5. Additional Compensation

None.

Item 6. Supervision

Sam reports to Robert E. Swanson, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. Sam is also subject to Ridgewood Energy’s compliance program through which his activities are monitored.



Part 2A of Form ADV: Brochure Supplement
Dated: March 2021

Kathleen P. McSherry (“Kathy”)

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer & Assistant Secretary
Year of birth: 1966

Item 2. Educational Background and Business Experience

Education: Kathy holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting from Kean University.

Business Experience: Kathy joined Ridgewood Energy in 1987 as Assistant Controller and was promoted in 1994 to Controller. Kathy assumed the role of Chief Financial Officer. She is responsible for all of Ridgewood Energy’s finance operations including accounting and reporting tax, Sarbanes-Oxley compliance and maintaining all of Ridgewood Energy’s due diligence relationships.

Prior to her employment at Ridgewood Energy, Kathy worked in the Trust department for Midlantic National Bank. Kathy also spent two years working for BBDO New York as the Vice President of Finance for the Internet Division.

Item 3. Disciplinary Information

Ridgewood Energy is required to provide all material information about legal or disciplinary events material to an investor’s evaluation. No information is applicable to this Item 3.

Item 4. Other Business Activities

None.

Item 5. Additional Compensation

None.

Item 6. Supervision

Kathy reports to Robert E. Swanson, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. Kathy is also subject to Ridgewood Energy’s compliance program through which his activities are monitored.



Part 2A of Form ADV: Brochure Supplement
Dated: March 2021

Kenneth W. Lang (“Kenny”)
President
Year of birth: 1955

Item 2. Educational Background and Business Experience

Education: Kenny attended the University of Houston, receiving his B.S. in Mechanical Engineering.

Business Experience: Kenny is a member of the Ridgewood Energy investment committee responsible for the selection of investments of the private investment funds sponsored and/or managed by Ridgewood Energy.

Kenny joined Ridgewood in 2009 after a 24-year career at BP, where he ultimately served as Senior Vice President for BP’s entire Gulf of Mexico business and a member of the Board for BP America. In his most recent role at BP, Kenny was responsible for managing 2,000 professionals in the Gulf of Mexico region and overseeing one of BP’s largest revenue-generating sectors. Prior to that, Kenny led the creation of BP’s Gulf of Mexico deep water strategy and was accountable for all aspects of production in the Gulf. In addition to his work in the Gulf of Mexico, Kenny has held leadership roles in BP’s London, Aberdeen and Alaska locations.

He is a member of the Board of Trustees for the Houston Museum of Natural Science.

Item 3. Disciplinary Information

Ridgewood Energy is required to provide all material information about legal or disciplinary events material to an investor’s evaluation. No information is applicable to this Item 3.

Item 4. Other Business Activities

None.

Item 5. Additional Compensation

None.

Item 6. Supervision

Kenny reports to Robert E. Swanson, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. Kenny manages the Houston, Texas office of Ridgewood Energy. Kenny is also subject to Ridgewood Energy’s compliance program through which his activities are monitored.



Part 2A of Form ADV: Brochure Supplement
Dated: March 2021

Niloy Shah
Chief Operating Officer
Year of birth: 1964

Item 2. Educational Background and Business Experience

Education: Niloy earned a B.S. and M.S. in Computer Science from the University of Tulsa and an MBA from the University of Houston.

Business Experience: Niloy is a member of the Ridgewood Energy investment committee responsible for the selection of investments of the private investment funds sponsored and/or managed by Ridgewood Energy.

Niloy joined Ridgewood Energy in 2017 and oversees all commercial aspects of offshore oil and gas activities including land management, oil and gas marketing, and strategic planning.

He began his career with BP (Amoco) in 1985 and spent 32 years with the company before joining Ridgewood Energy in 2017. His most recent positions included Head of Planning & Commercial Operations for the Americas, Global Head of Commercial Operations, CFO for the Gulf of Mexico Business, and CFO for the Asia Pacific Business. He has had central functional roles and a number of commercial roles for BP businesses in Alaska, Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, Indonesia, Mexico, Vietnam, and the US Gulf of Mexico.

Item 3. Disciplinary Information

Ridgewood Energy is required to provide all material information about legal or disciplinary events material to an investor's evaluation. No information is applicable to this Item 3.

Item 4. Other Business Activities

None.

Item 5. Additional Compensation

None.

Item 6. Supervision

Niloy reports to Kenneth W. Lang, President. Niloy is also subject to Ridgewood Energy's compliance program through which his activities are monitored.



Part 2A of Form ADV: Brochure Supplement
Dated: March 2021

Spencer Howe
Executive Vice President of Exploration
Year of birth: 1961

Item 2. Educational Background and Business Experience

Education: Spencer received a Bachelors in Applied Physics & Chemistry and Masters in Geophysics from University of Durham, UK.

Business Experience: Spencer is a member of the Ridgewood Energy investment committee responsible for the selection of investments of the private investment funds sponsored and/or managed by Ridgewood Energy.

Spencer joined Ridgewood Energy in August 2018 and leads Ridgewood Energy's geoscience team. He has 33 years of experience as an exploration geoscience leader with BP. Prior to joining Ridgewood Energy, in his most recent role as BP's VP of Exploration for Gulf of Mexico and Mexico, Mr. Howe led the discovery of several large fields in the U.S. waters of the Gulf of Mexico. He also previously held senior leadership roles at BP for exploration in Asia, Brazil, Canada, Colombia, the onshore U.S., Trinidad, the North Sea, and Venezuela. Mr. Howe is an industry authority on leading major exploration and appraisal programs, and on managing integrated commercial and strategic assessments around the globe. He also possesses a passion for safety, process improvement and integrity in all aspects of business.

Item 3. Disciplinary Information

Ridgewood Energy is required to provide all material information about legal or disciplinary events material to an investor's evaluation. No information is applicable to this Item 3.

Item 4. Other Business Activities

None.

Item 5. Additional Compensation

None.

Item 6. Supervision

Spencer reports to Kenneth W. Lang, President. Spencer is also subject to Ridgewood Energy's compliance program through which his activities are monitored.