

TRINITY FINANCIAL ADVISORS LLC

SEC # 801-81196

ADV Part 2A, Brochure

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This Brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Trinity Financial Advisors LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this Brochure, please contact us at gbiehn@tfadvisors.com or 614-848-7667. The information in this Brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Trinity Financial Advisors LLC also is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

References herein to Trinity Financial Advisors LLC as a “registered investment adviser” or any reference to being “registered” does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

Item 2 Material Changes

Since the March 23, 2020 annual update filing, this Brochure has not been materially amended. However, as of December 31, 2020, Benjamin Hartings became a member (i.e., owner) of Trinity Financial Advisors LLC.

ANY QUESTIONS: Trinity Financial Advisors LLC’s Chief Compliance Officer, Geoffrey Biehn, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client has about this Brochure.

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Item 4 Advisory Business

- A. Trinity Financial Advisors LLC (the “Registrant”) is an Ohio limited liability company formed in 2004. The Registrant was previously registered as an investment adviser with the Ohio Division of Securities, and transitioned its registration to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on April 1, 2015. The Registrant is principally owned by Geoffrey Biehn, who serves as the President and Chief Compliance Officer. Benjamin Hartings serves as Vice President and is also a minority owner.
- B. As discussed below, the Registrant offers investment advisory services to its clients (currently: individuals and high net worth individuals), as well as financial planning and consulting services on a *fee-only* basis.

INVESTMENT ADVISORY SERVICES

The client can engage the Registrant to provide discretionary investment advisory services on a *fee-only* basis. The Registrant’s annual investment advisory fee is based upon a percentage (%) of the market value of the assets placed under management. Before engaging the Registrant to provide investment advisory services, clients are required to enter into an Investment Advisory Agreement with Registrant setting forth the terms and conditions of the engagement (including termination), describing the scope of the services to be provided, and the fee that is due from the client.

Registrant’s annual investment advisory fee includes investment advisory services, and general financial planning and consulting services. In the event that the client requires extraordinary planning and/or consultation services (to be determined in the sole discretion of the Registrant), the Registrant may determine to charge for such additional services pursuant to a stand-alone Financial Planning and Consulting Agreement (see below).

The Registrant provides investment advisory services tailored specifically to the needs of each client. Before providing investment advisory services, an investment adviser representative will ascertain each client’s investment objectives. Then, the Registrant will allocate and/or recommend that the client allocate investment assets consistent with the designated investment objectives. The Registrant primarily allocates client investment assets among: exchange-listed securities, mutual funds, individual bonds, bond funds, and exchange traded funds (“ETFs”) on a discretionary basis in accordance with the client’s designated investment objective(s). Once allocated, the Registrant provides ongoing monitoring and review of account performance and asset allocation as compared to client investment objectives and may periodically rebalance/execute transactions for the account based upon such reviews.

BUSINESS ADVISORY SERVICES

Registrant also offers combined investment advisory services and business-related financial planning services to business entities. While the investment advisory services are generally as described immediately above, the business-related financial planning services somewhat differ. The client and Registrant will agree on the nature and scope of those financial planning services from time to time, which will generally include some or all of the following: overall business analysis and review; cash flow planning; company

distribution planning; receivables analysis; coordination with client's designated tax professional(s) regarding tax planning; analysis and advice regarding buying or selling part or an entirety of the client's business; business real estate structuring, financing, or refinancing analysis. Registrant will provide these services as appropriate during the engagement, but will not be obligated to provide such services with any regularity or according to a set schedule unless specifically agreed with the client.

MISCELLANEOUS

Limitations of Financial Planning and Non-Investment Consulting/Implementation Services. To the extent requested by the client, Registrant will generally provide financial planning and related consulting services regarding non-investment related matters, such as estate planning, tax planning, insurance, etc. Registrant does not serve as a law firm, accounting firm, or insurance agency, and no portion of its services should be construed as legal, accounting, or insurance implementation services. Accordingly, Registrant does not prepare estate planning documents, tax returns, or sell commissioned insurance products. To the extent requested by a client, Registrant may recommend the services of other professionals for certain non-investment implementation purposes (i.e. attorneys, accountants, insurance agents, etc.). The client is under no obligation to engage those services. The client retains absolute discretion over all such implementation decisions and is free to accept or reject any recommendation from Registrant and/or its representatives. The engaged licensed professional (i.e. attorney, accountant, insurance agent, etc.), and not Trinity, shall be responsible for the quality and competency of the services provided. If the client engages any recommended professional on a separate and individual basis, and a dispute arises thereafter relative to such engagement, the client agrees to seek recourse exclusively from and against the engaged professional. The preceding sentence shall not limit or waive any applicable rights under federal or state law, including securities laws and fiduciary obligations that cannot be limited or waived.

Client Obligations. In performing its services, Registrant shall not be required to verify any information received from the client or from the client's other professionals, and is expressly authorized to rely thereon. Moreover, each client is advised that it remains their responsibility to promptly notify the Registrant if there is ever any change in their financial situation or investment objectives for the purpose of reviewing, evaluating, or revising Registrant's previous recommendations and/or services.

Portfolio Activity. Registrant has a fiduciary duty to provide services consistent with the client's best interest. As part of its investment advisory services, Registrant will review client portfolios on an ongoing basis to determine if any changes are necessary based upon various factors, including but not limited to investment performance, financial circumstances, account additions/withdrawals, and changes in the client's investment objectives. Based upon these and other factors, there may be extended periods of time when Registrant determines that changes to a client's portfolio are neither necessary nor prudent. Clients remain subject to the fees described in Item 5 below during periods of account inactivity. Notwithstanding, there can be no assurance that investment decisions made by Registrant will be profitable or equal any specific performance level.

Account Aggregation / Financial Planning Platforms. Registrant may provide its clients with access to online account aggregation / financial planning platforms (the "Platforms"). The Platforms can allow a client to view their complete asset allocation, including those assets that Registrant does not manage (the "Excluded Assets"). Registrant does not provide investment management, monitoring, or implementation

services for the Excluded Assets. Therefore, Registrant shall not be responsible for the investment performance of the Excluded Assets. Rather, the client and/or their advisor(s) that maintain management authority for the Excluded Assets, and not Registrant, shall be exclusively responsible for such investment performance. The client may choose to engage Registrant to manage some or all of the Excluded Assets pursuant to the terms and conditions of an Investment Advisory Agreement between Registrant and the client. The Platforms may also provide access to other types of information and functionality, including financial planning information and applications/calculators, which should not, in any manner whatsoever, be construed as services, advice, or recommendations provided by Registrant. Finally, Registrant shall not be held responsible for any adverse results a client may experience if the client engages in financial planning or other functions available on the Platforms without Registrant's assistance or oversight.

Retirement Plan Rollovers – No Obligation / Conflict of Interest. A client or prospective client leaving an employer typically has four options regarding an existing retirement plan (and may engage in a combination of these options): (i) leave the money in the former employer's plan, if permitted, (ii) roll over the assets to the new employer's plan, if one is available and rollovers are permitted, (iii) roll over to an Individual Retirement Account ("IRA"), or (iv) cash out the account value (which could, depending upon the client's age, result in adverse tax consequences). If the Registrant recommends that a client roll over their retirement plan assets into an account to be managed by the Registrant, such a recommendation creates a conflict of interest if the Registrant will earn a new (or increase its current) advisory fee as a result of the rollover. **No client is under any obligation to roll over retirement plan assets to an account managed by Registrant. The Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Geoffrey Biehn, remains available to address any questions regarding the conflict of interest presented by such a rollover recommendation.**

Margin / Securities Based Loans. Upon client request, Registrant may recommend that a client establish a margin loan or a securities based loan (collectively, "SBLs") with the client's broker-dealer/custodian or their affiliated banks (each, an "SBL Lender") to access cash flow. For example, clients may seek to borrow money on margin to pay bills or other expenses such as financing the purchase, construction, or maintenance of a real estate project. Unlike a traditional real estate-backed loan, an SBL has the potential benefit of: enabling borrowers to access to funds in a shorter period of time, providing greater repayment flexibility, and may also result in the borrower receiving certain tax benefits. Clients interested in learning more about the potential tax benefits of borrowing money on margin should consult with an accountant or tax advisor. The terms and conditions of each SBL are contained in a separate agreement between the client and the SBL Lender selected by the client, which terms and conditions may vary from client to client. Borrowing funds on margin is not suitable for all clients and is subject to certain risks, including but not limited to: increased market risk, increased risk of loss, especially in the event of a significant downturn; liquidity risk; the potential obligation to post collateral or repay the SBL if the SBL Lender determines that the value of collateralized securities is no longer sufficient to support the value of the SBL; the risk that the SBL Lender may liquidate the client's securities to satisfy its demand for additional collateral or repayment / the risk that the SBL Lender may terminate the SBL at any time. Before agreeing to participate in an SBL program, clients should carefully review the applicable SBL agreement and all risk disclosures provided by the SBL Lender including the initial margin and maintenance requirements for the specific program in which the client

enrolls, and the procedures for issuing “margin calls” and liquidating securities and other assets in the client’s accounts.

If Registrant recommends that a client apply for an SBL instead of selling securities that Registrant manages for a fee to meet liquidity needs, the recommendation presents an ongoing conflict of interest because selling those securities (instead of leveraging those securities to access an SBL) would reduce the amount of assets to which the Registrant’s investment advisory fee percentage is applied, and thereby reduce the amount of investment advisory fees collected by the Registrant. Likewise, the same ongoing conflict of interest is present if a client determines to apply for an SBL on their own initiative. These ongoing conflicts of interest would persist as long as Registrant has an economic disincentive to recommend that the client terminate the use of SBLs. Clients are therefore reminded that they are not under any obligation to employ the use of SBLs, and are solely responsible for determining when to use, reduce, and terminate the use of SBLs. Although Registrant seeks to disclose all conflicts of interest related to its recommended use of SBLs and related business practices, there may be other conflicts of interest that are not identified above. Clients are therefore reminded to carefully review the applicable SBL agreement and all risk disclosures provided by the SBL Lender as applicable, and contact the Registrant’s Chief Compliance Officer with any questions regarding the use of SBLs.

Unaffiliated Private Investment Funds. Registrant provides investment advice regarding unaffiliated private investment funds, which may include recommendations that certain qualified clients consider investing in one or more private investment funds. Registrant’s role in this respect will be limited to initial and ongoing due diligence and investment monitoring services. If a client determines to become an unaffiliated private fund investor, the amount of assets invested in the respective fund(s) will be included as part of “assets under management” for purposes of Registrant calculating its investment advisory fee (unless Registrant expressly agrees otherwise, in writing). Registrant’s clients are under absolutely no obligation to consider or make an investment in a private investment fund(s). Private investment funds involve various risk factors as further described in Item 8 below. Unlike liquid investments that a client may own, private investment funds do not provide daily liquidity or pricing. Each prospective client investor will be required to complete a Subscription Agreement, pursuant to which the client shall establish qualification for investment in the fund, and acknowledges and accepts the various risk factors that are associated with such an investment.

Unaffiliated Private Investment Fund Valuation: If Registrant bills an investment advisory fee based upon the value of private investment funds or otherwise references private investment funds owned by the client on any supplemental account reports prepared by Registrant, the value for all private investment funds owned by the client will reflect the most recent valuation provided by the fund sponsor. **The current value of any private investment fund could be significantly more or less than the original purchase price or the price reflected in any supplemental account report.**

Use of Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds. While the Registrant may recommend allocating investment assets to mutual funds and ETFs that are not available directly to the public, the Registrant may also recommend that clients allocate investment assets to publicly-available mutual funds and ETFs that the client could obtain without engaging Registrant as an investment adviser. However, if a client or prospective client determines to allocate investment assets to publicly-available mutual funds and ETFs

without engaging Registrant as an investment adviser, the client or prospective client would not receive the benefit of Registrant's initial and ongoing investment advisory services. Registrant also allocates client investment assets to mutual funds issued by Dimensional Fund Advisors ("DFA"). DFA funds are generally only available through registered investment advisers approved by DFA. Therefore, if the client was to terminate Registrant's services, and transition to another adviser who has not been approved by DFA to utilize DFA funds, restrictions regarding additional purchases of, or reallocation among other DFA funds will generally apply. In addition to Registrant's investment advisory fee described below, and transaction and/or custodial fees discussed below, clients will also incur, relative to all mutual fund and exchange traded fund purchases, charges imposed at the fund level (e.g. management fees and other fund expenses).

- C. The Registrant provides investment advisory services tailored specifically to the needs of each client. Before providing investment advisory services, an investment adviser representative will ascertain each client's investment objective(s). Thereafter, the Registrant shall allocate and/or recommend that the client allocate investment assets consistent with the designated investment objective(s). The client may, at any time, impose reasonable restrictions, in writing, on the Registrant's services.
- D. The Registrant does not participate in a wrap fee program.
- E. As of December 31, 2020, the Registrant had \$286,168,032 in assets under management on a discretionary basis.

Item 5 Fees and Compensation

A. INVESTMENT ADVISORY SERVICES

Clients can engage the Registrant on a *fee-only* basis to provide discretionary investment advisory services including general financial planning and consulting services upon specific client request. Registrant's negotiable annual investment advisory fee is generally based upon a percentage (%) of the market value and type of assets placed under Registrant's management according to the following tiered fee schedule:

<u>Market Value of Portfolio</u>	<u>Annual Fee %</u>
Up to \$1,000,000	0.90%
Next \$3,000,000	0.75%
Next \$6,000,000	0.60%
Amount Over \$10,000,000	0.45%

The investment advisory fee is fixed annually, based generally upon the above-fee schedule and potentially adjusted based upon the complexity of the client's financial situation and the level and scope of anticipated services to be provided by Registrant. If a client materially increases or decreases the amount of assets managed by the Registrant during a billing period, the Registrant reserves the right to, but is not obligated to, revisit the fee with the client. Each year, at the contract anniversary date, Registrant will recalculate and confirm the annual investment advisory fee with the client.

The Registrant reserves the right to negotiate fees with any client or prospective client but is not required to do so. As a result, the Registrant may agree to a fee arrangement that differs from the schedule referenced above.

BUSINESS ADVISORY SERVICES

Registrant charges an annual fixed fee for business advisory services, generally ranging between \$15,000 and \$50,000 per year, payable quarterly in advance.

- B. Clients may elect to have the Registrant's advisory fees deducted from their custodial account. Both Registrant's Investment Advisory Agreement and the custodial/clearing agreement may authorize the custodian to debit the account for the amount of the Registrant's investment advisory fee and to directly remit that advisory fee to the Registrant in compliance with regulatory procedures. In the limited event that the Registrant bills the client directly, payment is due upon receipt of the Registrant's invoice. The Registrant shall deduct fees and/or bill clients quarterly in advance, based upon the market value of the assets on the last business day of the previous quarter.
- C. As discussed in Item 12 below, unless the client directs otherwise or an individual client's circumstances require, the Registrant will generally recommend that Charles Schwab and Co., Inc., and its affiliates ("Schwab") to serve as the broker-dealer/custodian for client investment advisory assets. Broker-dealers such as Schwab charge brokerage commissions and/or transaction fees for effecting certain securities transactions (i.e. transaction fees are charged for certain no-load mutual funds, commissions are charged for individual equity and fixed income securities transactions). In addition to Registrant's investment advisory fee, brokerage commissions and/or transaction fees, clients will also incur fees as shareholders, limited partners, or members of mutual funds, ETFs, and other investment vehicles that they own (e.g. management fees and other fund expenses). The fees charged by the applicable broker-dealer/custodian, and the charges imposed at the fund level, are in addition to Registrant's investment advisory fees referenced in this Item 5.
- D. The Registrant's annual investment advisory fee is prorated and paid quarterly in advance. Upon termination of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Registrant shall refund the pro-rated portion of the advanced advisory fee paid based upon the number of days remaining in the billing quarter.
- E. Neither Registrant, nor its representatives, accepts compensation from the sale of securities or other investment products.

Item 6 Performance-Based Fees and Side-by-Side Management

Neither the Registrant nor any supervised person of the Registrant accepts performance-based fees.

Item 7 Types of Clients

The Registrant's clients will generally include: individuals and high net worth individuals. The Registrant generally imposes a \$5,000 annual investment advisory fee for its services. Registrant, in its sole discretion, may charge a lesser investment advisory fee and/or reduce or waive its annual minimum fee based upon certain criteria (i.e. anticipated future earning capacity, anticipated future additional assets, dollar amount of assets to be managed, related accounts, account composition, competition, negotiations

with client, etc.). Clients who maintain less than \$555,555.55 of assets under Registrant's management, who are subject to the \$5,000 annual minimum fee will typically pay a higher percentage fee than referenced in the above fee schedule. As result of the above, similarly situated clients could pay different fees. In addition, similar advisory services may be available from other investment advisers for similar or lower fees.

Item 8 Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

A. The Registrant may utilize the following methods of security analysis:

- Charting – analysis performed using patterns to identify current trends and trend reversals to forecast the direction of prices;
- Fundamental – analysis performed on historical and present data, with the goal of making financial forecasts; and
- Technical – analysis performed on historical and present data, focusing on price and trade volume, to forecast the direction of price.

The Registrant may utilize the following investment strategies when implementing investment advice given to clients:

- Long Term Purchases – securities held at least a year; and
- Short Term Purchases – securities sold within a year.

Investment Risk. Investing in securities involves risk of loss that clients should be prepared to bear, including the complete loss of principal investment. Past performance may not be indicative of future results. Different types of investments involve varying degrees of risk, and it should not be assumed that future performance of any specific investment or investment strategy (including the investments and/or investment strategies recommended or undertaken by Registrant) will be profitable or equal any specific performance level. Investment strategies such as asset allocation, diversification, or rebalancing do not assure or guarantee better performance and cannot eliminate the risk of investment losses. There is no guarantee that a portfolio employing these or any other strategy will outperform a portfolio that does not engage in such strategies. While asset values may increase and client account values could benefit as a result, it is also possible that asset values may decrease and client account values could suffer a loss.

B. The Registrant's methods of analysis and investment strategies do not present any significant or unusual risks. However, every method of analysis has its own inherent risks. To perform an accurate market analysis the Registrant must have access to current/new market information. The Registrant has no control over the dissemination rate of market information; therefore, unbeknownst to the Registrant, certain analyses may be compiled with outdated market information, severely limiting the value of the Registrant's analysis. Furthermore, an accurate market analysis can only produce a forecast of the direction of market values. There can be no assurances that a forecasted change in market value will materialize into actionable and/or profitable investment opportunities.

The Registrant's primary investment strategies are fundamental investment strategies. However, every investment strategy has its own inherent risks and limitations. For

example, longer term investment strategies require a longer investment time period to allow for the strategy to potentially develop. Shorter term investment strategies require a shorter investment time period to potentially develop but, as a result of more frequent trading, may incur higher transactional costs when compared to a longer term investment strategy.

- C. Currently, the Registrant primarily allocates client investment assets among: exchange-listed securities, mutual funds, individual bonds, bond funds, and ETFs on a discretionary basis in accordance with the client's designated investment objective(s). Each type of investment has its own unique set of risks associated with it. The following provides a short description of some of the underlying risks associated with the types of investments that Registrant uses or recommends:

Market Risk. The price of a security may drop in reaction to tangible and intangible events and conditions. This type of risk may be caused by external factors (such as economic or political factors), but may also be incurred because of a security's specific underlying investments. Additionally, each security's price can fluctuate based on market movement, which may or may not be due to the security's operations or changes in its true value. For example, political, economic and social conditions may trigger market events which are temporarily negative, or temporarily positive.

Unsystematic Risk. Unsystematic risk is the company-specific or industry-specific risk in a portfolio that the investor bears. Unsystematic risk is typically addressed through diversification. However, as indicated above, diversification does not guarantee better performance and cannot eliminate the risk of investment losses.

Value Investment Risk. Value stocks may perform differently from the market as a whole and following a value-oriented investment strategy may cause a portfolio to underperform growth stocks.

Growth Investment Risk. Prices of growth stocks tend to be higher in relation to their companies' earnings and may be more sensitive to market, political and economic developments than other stocks, making their prices more volatile.

Small Company Risk. Securities of small companies are often less liquid than those of large companies and this could make it difficult to sell a small company security at a desired time or price. As a result, small company stocks may fluctuate relatively more in price. In general, small capitalization companies are more vulnerable than larger companies to adverse business or economic developments and they may have more limited resources.

Commodity Risk. The value of commodity-linked derivative instruments may be affected by changes in overall market movements, commodity index volatility, changes in interest rates, or factors affecting a particular industry or commodity, such as drought, floods, weather, livestock disease, embargoes, tariffs, and international economic, political, and regulatory developments.

Foreign Securities and Currencies Risk. Foreign securities prices may decline or fluctuate because of: (i) economic or political actions of foreign governments, and/or (ii) less regulated or liquid securities markets. Investors holding these securities are also exposed

to foreign currency risk (the possibility that foreign currency will fluctuate in value against the U.S. dollar).

Interest Rate Risk. Fixed income securities and fixed income-based securities are subject to interest rate risk because the prices of fixed income securities tend to move in the opposite direction of interest rates. When interest rates rise, fixed income security prices tend to fall. When interest rates fall, fixed income security prices tend to rise. In general, fixed income securities with longer maturities are more sensitive to these price changes.

Inflation Risk. When any type of inflation is present, a dollar at present value will not carry the same purchasing power as a dollar in the future, because that purchasing power erodes at the rate of inflation.

Reinvestment Risk. Future proceeds from investments may have to be reinvested at a potentially lower rate of return (i.e. interest rate), which primarily relates to fixed income securities.

Credit Risk. The issuer of a security may be unable to make interest payments and/or repay principal when due. A downgrade to an issuer's credit rating or a perceived change in an issuer's financial strength may affect a security's value and impact performance. Credit risk is considered greater for fixed income securities with ratings below investment grade. Fixed income securities that are below investment grade involve higher credit risk and are considered speculative.

Call Risk. During periods of falling interest rates, a bond issuer will call or repay a higher-yielding bond before its maturity date, forcing the investment to reinvest in bonds with lower interest rates than the original obligations.

Regulatory Risk. Changes in laws and regulations from any government can change the market value of companies subject to such regulations. Certain industries are more susceptible to government regulation. For example, changes in zoning, tax structure or laws may impact the return on investments.

Mutual Fund Risk. Mutual funds are operated by investment companies that raise money from shareholders and invest it in stocks, bonds, and/or other types of securities. Each fund will have a manager that trades the fund's investments in accordance with the fund's investment objective. Mutual funds charge a separate management fee for their services, so the returns on mutual funds are reduced by the costs to manage the funds. While mutual funds generally provide diversification, risks can be significantly increased if the fund is concentrated in a particular sector of the market. Mutual funds come in many varieties. Some invest aggressively for capital appreciation, while others are conservative and are designed to generate income for shareholders. In addition, the client's overall portfolio may be affected by losses of an underlying fund and the level of risk arising from the investment practices of an underlying fund (such as the use of derivatives).

Exchange Traded Fund Risk. ETFs are marketable securities that are designed to track, before fees and expenses, the performance or returns of a relevant index, commodity, bonds or basket of assets, like an index fund. Unlike mutual funds, ETFs trade like common stock on a stock exchange. ETFs experience price changes throughout the day as they are bought and sold. In addition to the general risks of investing, there are specific risks to consider with respect to an investment in ETFs, including, but not limited to: (i)

an ETF's shares may trade at a market price that is above or below its net asset value; (ii) the ETF may employ an investment strategy that utilizes high leverage ratios; or (iii) trading of an ETF's shares may be halted if the listing exchange's officials deem such action appropriate, the shares are de-listed from the exchange, or the activation of market-wide "circuit breakers" (which are tied to large decreases in stock prices) halts stock trading generally.

Unaffiliated Private Investment Fund Risk Factors. Private investment funds generally involve various risk factors, including, but not limited to, potential for complete loss of principal, liquidity constraints and lack of transparency, a complete discussion of which is set forth in each fund's offering documents, which will be provided to each client for review and consideration. Unlike liquid investments that a client may own, private investment funds do not provide daily liquidity or pricing. Each prospective client investor will be required to complete a Subscription Agreement, pursuant to which the client shall establish that he/she is qualified for investment in the fund, and acknowledges and accepts the various risk factors that are associated with such an investment. Further, if Registrant bills an investment advisory fee based upon the value of private investment funds or otherwise references private investment funds owned by the client on any supplemental account reports prepared by Registrant, the value for all private investment funds owned by the client will reflect the most recent valuation provided by the fund sponsor. The current value of any private investment fund could be significantly more or less than the original purchase price or the price reflected in any supplemental account report.

Item 9 Disciplinary Information

The Registrant has not been the subject of a disciplinary action.

Item 10 Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

- A. Neither the Registrant, nor its representatives, are registered or have an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer or a registered representative of a broker-dealer.
- B. Neither the Registrant, nor its representatives, are registered or have an application pending to register, as a futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator, a commodity trading advisor, or a representative of the foregoing.
- C. The Registrant has no other relationship or arrangement with a related person that is material to its advisory business.
- D. The Registrant does not recommend or select other investment advisors for its clients for which the Registrant receives compensation.

Item 11 Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

- A. The Registrant maintains an investment policy relative to personal securities transactions. This investment policy is part of Registrant's overall Code of Ethics, which serves to establish a standard of business conduct for all of Registrant's Representatives that is based upon fundamental principles of openness, integrity, honesty and trust, a copy of which is available upon request.

In accordance with Section 204A of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, the Registrant also maintains and enforces written policies reasonably designed to prevent the misuse of material non-public information by the Registrant or any person associated with the Registrant.

- B. Neither the Registrant nor any related person of Registrant recommends, buys, or sells for client accounts, securities in which the Registrant or any related person of Registrant has a material financial interest.
- C. The Registrant and/or representatives of the Registrant may buy or sell securities that are also recommended to clients. This practice may create a situation where the Registrant and/or representatives of the Registrant are in a position to materially benefit from the sale or purchase of those securities. Therefore, this situation presents a conflict of interest. Practices such as "scalping" (i.e., a practice whereby the owner of shares of a security recommends that security for investment and then immediately sells it at a profit upon the rise in the market price which follows the recommendation) could take place if the Registrant did not have adequate policies in place to detect such activities. In addition, this requirement can help detect insider trading, "front-running" (i.e., personal trades executed before those of the Registrant's clients) and other potentially abusive practices.

The Registrant has a personal securities transaction policy in place to monitor the personal securities transactions and securities holdings of each of the Registrant's "Access Persons." The Registrant's securities transaction policy requires that Access Person of the Registrant must provide the Chief Compliance Officer or his/her designee with a written report of the their current securities holdings within ten (10) days after becoming an Access Person. Furthermore, Access Persons must provide the Chief Compliance Officer with a quarterly transaction report, detail all trades in the Access Person's account during the previous quarter; and on an annual basis, each Access Person must provide the Chief Compliance Officer with a written report of the Access Person's current securities holdings.

- D. The Registrant and/or representatives of the Registrant may buy or sell securities, at or around the same time as those securities are recommended to clients. This practice creates a situation where the Registrant and/or representatives of the Registrant are in a position to materially benefit from the sale or purchase of those securities. Therefore, this situation presents a conflict of interest. As indicated above in Item 11.C., the Registrant has a personal securities transaction policy in place to monitor the personal securities transaction and securities holdings of each of Registrant's Access Persons.

Item 12 Brokerage Practices

- A. If the client requests that the Registrant recommend a broker-dealer/custodian for execution and/or custodial services (exclusive of those clients that may direct the Registrant to use a specific broker-dealer/custodian), Registrant generally recommends that investment advisory accounts be maintained at Schwab. Before engaging Registrant to provide investment advisory services, the client will be required to enter into a formal Investment Advisory Agreement with Registrant setting forth the terms and conditions under which Registrant shall manage the client's assets, and a separate custodial/clearing agreement with each designated broker-dealer/custodian. Factors that the Registrant considers in recommending Schwab (or another broker-dealer/custodian) to clients include: historical relationship with the Registrant, financial strength, reputation, execution capabilities, pricing, research, and service. Although the commissions and/or transaction fees paid by Registrant's clients shall comply with the Registrant's duty to seek best execution, a client may pay a commission that is higher than another qualified broker-dealer might charge to effect the same transaction where the Registrant determines, in good faith, that the commission/transaction fee is reasonable. In seeking best execution, the determinative factor is not the lowest possible cost, but whether the transaction represents the best qualitative execution, taking into consideration the full range of broker-dealer services, including the value of research provided, execution capability, commission rates, and responsiveness. Accordingly, although Registrant will seek competitive rates, it may not necessarily obtain the lowest possible commission rates for client account transactions. The brokerage commissions or transaction fees charged by the designated broker-dealer/custodian are exclusive of, and in addition to, Registrant's investment advisory fee.

1. Non-Soft Dollar Research and Additional Benefits

Although not a material consideration when determining whether to recommend that a client utilize the services of a particular broker-dealer/custodian, Registrant receives from Schwab (or could receive from other broker-dealer/custodians, unaffiliated investment managers, vendors, investment platforms, and/or product/fund sponsors) without cost (and/or at a discount) support services and/or products, certain of which assist the Registrant to better monitor and service client accounts maintained at such institutions. The support services that Registrant receives can include: investment-related research, pricing information and market data, software and other technology that provide access to client account data, compliance and/or practice management-related publications, discounted or free consulting services, discounted and/or free travel and attendance at conferences, meetings, and other educational and/or social events, marketing support, computer hardware and/or software and/or other products used by Registrant in furtherance of its investment advisory business operations. As referenced above, certain of the support services and/or products that Registrant can receive may assist the Registrant in managing and administering client accounts. Others do not directly provide such assistance, but rather assist the Registrant to manage and further develop its business enterprise. The receipt of these support services and products presents a conflict of interest, because the Registrant has the incentive to recommend that clients utilize Schwab as a broker-dealer/custodian based upon its interest in continuing to receive the above-described support services and products, rather than based on a client's particular need. However, Registrant's clients do not pay more for investment transactions effected and/or assets maintained at Schwab as a result of this arrangement. There is no corresponding commitment made by the Registrant to Schwab or any other entity to invest any specific amount or percentage of client assets in any specific mutual funds, securities or other investment

products as a result of the above arrangement. Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Geoffrey Biehn, remains available to address any questions regarding the conflicts of interest presented by the above arrangements.

Schwab Advisor Services

Schwab Advisor Services (formerly called Schwab Institutional) is Schwab's business serving independent investment advisory firms like the Registrant. Schwab Advisor Services provides Registrant and its clients with access to its institutional brokerage –trading, custody, reporting and related services – many of which are not typically available to Schwab retail customers. Schwab also makes available various support services. Some of those services help Registrant manage or administer its clients' accounts while others help Registrant manage and grow its business. Schwab may also provide monetary assistance to Registrant to defray certain costs related to technology, compliance, legal, business consulting and other related expenses. Schwab's support services are generally available on an unsolicited basis (Registrant does not have to request them) and at no charge to Registrant as long as it maintains a total of at least \$10 million of its clients' assets in accounts at Schwab.

Schwab Advisor Services that Benefit the Client

Schwab's services described in this paragraph generally benefit clients and client accounts, but may also benefit the Registrant as well. Schwab's institutional brokerage services include access to a broad range of investment products, execution of securities transactions, and custody of client assets. The investment products available through Schwab include some to which Registrant might not otherwise have access or that would require a significantly higher minimum initial investment by its clients.

Schwab Advisor Services that May Not Directly Benefit the Client

Schwab also makes available to Registrant other products and services that benefit Registrant but may not directly benefit its clients or its clients' accounts. These products and services assist Registrant in managing and administering its clients' accounts. Such products and services may include investment research, both Schwab's own and that of third parties. Registrant may use this research to service all or some substantial number of its clients' accounts, including accounts not maintained at Schwab. In addition to investment research, Schwab also makes available software and other technology that: provides access to client account data (such as duplicate trade confirmations and account statements); facilitates trade execution and allocates aggregated trade orders for multiple client accounts; provides pricing and other market data; facilitates payment of Registrant's fees from clients' accounts; and assists with back-office functions, recordkeeping and client reporting.

Schwab Advisor Services that Generally Benefit Only Registrant

Schwab also offers other services intended to help Registrant manage and further develop Registrant's business enterprise. These services include: educational conferences and events; technology, compliance, legal, and business consulting; publications and conferences on practice management and business succession; and access to employee benefits providers, human capital consultants and insurance providers. Schwab may provide some of these services itself. In other cases, it will arrange for third-party vendors to provide the services to Registrant. Schwab may also discount or waive its fees for some of these services or pay all or a part of a third

party's fees. Schwab may also provide Registrant with other benefits such as occasional business entertainment of Registrant's personnel.

Conflict of Interest

The availability of the services from Schwab described above benefit Registrant because it does not have to produce or purchase them. Registrant does not have to pay for Schwab's services so long as it: generally maintains a total of at least \$10 million of client assets in accounts at Schwab. However, the \$10 million minimum may give Registrant an incentive to suggest that clients maintain their account with Schwab as broker-dealer/custodian based on Registrant's interest in receiving Schwab's services that benefit Registrant's business rather than based on clients' interest in receiving the best value in custody services and the most favorable execution of transactions. This presents a conflict of interest. When recommending Schwab's services to clients, however, Registrant does so when it reasonably believes that its selection of Schwab as custodian and broker is in the best interests of its clients based upon the factors discussed above. Further, based on the value of Registrant's assets under management as reported above under Item 4.E., and the amount of its client assets currently maintained at Schwab, the Registrant does not believe that maintaining at least \$10 million of assets at Schwab presents a material conflict of interest. The Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Geoffrey Biehn, remains available to address any questions regarding the above arrangements and the related conflicts of interest.

2. The Registrant does not receive referrals from broker-dealers.
3. The Registrant does not generally accept directed brokerage arrangements (when a client requires that account transactions be effected through a specific broker-dealer). In such client directed arrangements, the client will negotiate terms and arrangements for their account with that broker-dealer, and Registrant will not seek better execution services or prices from other broker-dealers or be able to "batch" the client's transactions for execution through other broker-dealers with orders for other accounts managed by Registrant. As a result, clients may pay higher commissions or other transaction costs or greater spreads, or receive less favorable net prices, on transactions for the account than would otherwise be the case.

If the client directs Registrant to effect securities transactions for the client's accounts through a specific broker-dealer, the client correspondingly acknowledges that such direction may cause the accounts to incur higher commissions or transaction costs than the accounts would otherwise incur had the client determined to effect account transactions through alternative clearing arrangements that may be available through Registrant. Higher transaction costs adversely impact account performance. Transactions for directed accounts will generally be executed following the execution of portfolio transactions for non-directed accounts. The Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Geoffrey Biehn, remains available to address any questions regarding the above arrangements.

- B. The transactions for each client account generally will be effected independently, unless the Registrant decides to purchase or sell the same securities for several clients at approximately the same time. The Registrant may (but is not obligated to) combine or "bunch" such orders to seek best execution, to negotiate more favorable commission rates or to allocate equitably among the Registrant's clients differences in prices and

commissions or other transaction costs that might have been obtained had such orders been placed independently. Under this procedure, transactions will be averaged as to price and will be allocated among clients in proportion to the purchase and sale orders placed for each client account on any given day. The Registrant shall not receive any additional compensation or remuneration as a result of such aggregation.

Item 13 Review of Accounts

- A. For those clients to whom Registrant provides investment supervisory services, account reviews are conducted on an ongoing basis by the Registrant's principals or investment adviser representatives. All investment supervisory clients are advised that it remains their responsibility to advise the Registrant of any changes in their investment objectives or financial situation. All clients (in person or via telephone) are encouraged to review financial planning issues (to the extent applicable), investment objectives and account performance with the Registrant on an annual basis.
- B. The Registrant may conduct account reviews on an other-than-periodic basis upon the occurrence of a triggering event, such as a change in client investment objectives and/or financial situation, market corrections and client request.
- C. Clients are provided, at least quarterly, with written and/or electronic transaction confirmation notices and regular written summary account statements directly from the broker-dealer/custodian and/or program sponsor for the client accounts. The Registrant may also provide a written periodic report summarizing account activity and performance.

Item 14 Client Referrals and Other Compensation

- A. As referenced in Item 12.A.1 above, the Registrant receives economic benefits from Schwab such as support services and/or products without cost (and/or at a discount). Registrant's clients do not pay more for investment transactions effected and/or assets maintained at Schwab or another broker-dealer/custodian as a result of these arrangements. There is no corresponding commitment made by the Registrant to a broker-dealer/custodian or any other entity to invest any specific amount or percentage of client assets in any specific mutual funds, securities or other investment products as a result of the above arrangements. The Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Geoffrey Biehn, remains available to address any questions regarding the above arrangements.
- B. Neither Registrant, nor any related person of Registrant directly or indirectly compensates any person for client referrals.

Item 15 Custody

The Registrant shall have written authorization granting it the ability to have its advisory fee for each client debited by the custodian on a quarterly basis. Clients are provided, at least quarterly, with written transaction confirmation notices and regular written summary account statements directly from the broker-dealer/custodian and/or program

sponsor for the client accounts. The Registrant may also provide a written periodic report summarizing account activity and performance.

To the extent that the Registrant provides clients with periodic account statements or reports, Registrant urges clients to carefully review those statements and compare them to custodial account statements. Registrant's statements may vary from custodial statements based on accounting procedures, reporting dates, or valuation methodologies of certain securities. The account custodian does not verify the accuracy of the Registrant's advisory fee calculations.

The Registrant provides other services on behalf of its clients that require disclosure at ADV Part 1, Item 9. In particular, certain clients have signed asset transfer authorizations that permit the qualified custodian to rely upon instructions from the Registrant to transfer client funds to "third parties." In accordance with the guidance provided in the SEC Staff's February 21, 2017 Investment Adviser Association No-Action Letter, the affected accounts are not subjected to an annual surprise CPA examination.

Item 16 Investment Discretion

The client can determine to engage the Registrant to provide investment advisory services on a discretionary or non-discretionary basis. Before the Registrant assumes discretionary authority over a client's account, the client shall be required to execute an Investment Advisory Agreement, naming the Registrant as client's attorney and agent in fact, granting the Registrant full authority to buy, sell, or otherwise effect investment transactions involving the assets in the client's name found in the discretionary account. Clients who engage the Registrant on a discretionary basis may, at any time, impose restrictions, in writing, on the Registrant's discretionary authority (i.e. limit the types/amounts of particular securities purchased for their account, exclude the ability to purchase securities with an inverse relationship to the market, limit or proscribe the Registrant's use of margin, etc.).

Item 17 Voting Client Securities

- A. The Registrant does not vote client proxies. Clients maintain exclusive responsibility for: (1) directing the manner in which proxies solicited by issuers of securities owned by the client shall be voted, and (2) making all elections relative to any mergers, acquisitions, tender offers, bankruptcy proceedings or other type events pertaining to the client's investment assets.
- B. Clients will receive their proxies or other solicitations directly from their custodian. Clients may contact the Registrant to discuss any questions they may have with a particular solicitation.

Item 18 Financial Information

- A. The Registrant does not solicit fees of more than \$1,200, per client, six months or more in advance.
- B. The Registrant is unaware of any financial condition that is reasonably likely to impair its ability to meet its contractual commitments relating to its discretionary authority over certain client accounts.
- C. The Registrant has not been the subject of a bankruptcy petition.

ANY QUESTIONS: The Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Geoffrey Biehn, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding the above disclosures and arrangements.