



Firm Brochure

(Part 2A and Part 2B of Form ADV)

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This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Michael Brady & Co., LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at: (440) 235-2100, or by email at: mike@MichaelBradyCo.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Michael Brady & Co., LLC is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov

January 25, 2021

Material Changes

Annual Update

The Material Changes section of this brochure will be updated annually when material changes occur since the previous release of the Firm Brochure.

Material Changes since the Last Update

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission issued a final rule in July 2010 requiring advisers to provide a Firm Brochure in narrative “plain English” format. The new final rule specifies mandatory sections and organization.

The material changes in this brochure from the last annual updating amendment of Michael Brady & Co., LLC on 01/10/2020 are described below. Material changes relate to Michael Brady & Co., LLC’s policies, practices or conflicts of interests.:

- Modified the fee schedule in the “Fees and Compensation” section.
- Updated financial information in item 18.

Full Brochure Available

Whenever you would like to receive a complete copy of our Firm Brochure, please contact us by telephone at: (440) 235-2100 or by email at: mike@MichaelBradyCo.com.

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Advisory Business

Firm Description

Michael Brady & Co., LLC (“MBCO”) was founded in 2003.

MBCO provides fee-only financial planning services in combination with fee-only investment management services. We specialize in retirement planning for pre-retirees and retirees. We offer a package of services that includes:

- Reviewing and prioritizing goals and objectives
- Developing a summary of your current financial situation
- Reviewing your current investment portfolio and developing an asset management strategy
- Developing a retirement income strategy, including financial projections of cash flows and assets required at estimated retirement date
- Determining an optimal Social Security claiming strategy
- Assessing estate net worth and liquidity
- Confirming proper beneficiary designations and the existence of proper estate planning documents
- Identifying tax planning strategies to optimize financial position
- Assessing risk management and review of current insurance coverages including Medicare and Medicare supplement policies
- Developing an asset protection and long-term care financing strategy
- Making recommendations designed to meet your stated goals and objectives
- Developing an action plan to implement the agreed upon recommendations
- Referral to other professionals as required to assist with implementation of the recommendations
- Assisting you with the implementation of the recommendations
- Determining the necessity to revise your financial plan

In combination with these financial planning services we provide investment management services. We charge a fee for this combination of financial planning and investment management services. Our fee is described below.

MBCO is strictly a fee-only financial planning and investment advisory firm. The firm and its employees do not sell annuities, insurance, stocks, bonds, mutual funds, limited partnerships, or other commissioned products. The firm is not affiliated with entities that sell financial products or securities. No commissions in any form are accepted. No finder’s fees are accepted. MBCO does not receive any direct compensation from anyone other than the client.

Investment advice is provided on a discretionary basis. MBCO does not act as a qualified custodian of client assets. While MBCO can move money between client accounts under client's prior written standing instructions at client's request, client always maintains asset control. MBCO places trades in client's account under a limited power of attorney.

An evaluation of each client's initial situation is provided to the client. Periodic reviews are also communicated to provide reminders of the specific courses of action that need to be taken. More frequent reviews occur but are not necessarily communicated to the client unless immediate changes are recommended.

Other professionals (e.g., lawyers, accountants, insurance agents, etc.) are engaged directly by the client on an as-needed basis. MBCO does not provide tax preparation or legal services. Conflicts of interest will be disclosed to the client in the unlikely event they should occur.

The initial meeting, which may be by telephone, is free of charge and is considered an exploratory interview to determine the extent to which financial planning and investment advisory services may be beneficial to the client.

Clients must maintain a minimum combined account balance of \$250,000 in their accounts under management with us. We may waive this requirement at our sole discretion.

Principal Owners

Michael Brady owns 95% of the outstanding shares of MBCO. Cameron Brady owns 5% of the outstanding shares of MBCO.

Types of Advisory Services

Investment Management: MBCO provides investment management services, also known as asset management services, and furnishes investment advice through consultations.

As of December 31, 2020, MBCO manages approximately \$130,797,236.00 in assets for approximately 591 clients. Approximately \$130,797,236.00 is managed on a discretionary basis, and \$0.00 is managed on a non-discretionary basis.

Financial Planning: On more than an occasional basis, MBCO furnishes advice to clients on matters not involving securities, such as determination of financial objectives, identification of financial problems, cash flow management, tax planning, insurance review, investment management, education funding, retirement planning, and estate planning. These services are considered financial planning services.

Tailored Relationships

The goals and objectives for each client are documented in our client relationship management and financial planning systems. An Investor Profile is created that reflects each client's stated goals and objectives, time horizon, risk tolerance, and liquidity need. Clients may impose restrictions on investing in certain securities or types of securities.

Types of Agreements

Investment Management: Our Investment Management Services Agreement and Investor Profile define the investment management client relationship. All investment management clients sign our Investment Management Services Agreement which describes the terms under which accounts will be accepted by MBCO. Our Investment Management Services Agreement may not be assigned without client consent.

Financial Planning: Our Financial Planning Engagement Letter defines the financial planning client relationship. All financial planning clients sign our Financial Planning Engagement Letter which describes the terms under which we will provide financial planning advice and services.

Investment Management Services

MBCO believes that a successful investment program requires (1) a defined set of investment objectives based on a thorough review of the client's investment time horizon, long-term goals and expectations, and short-term risk attitudes (the "Investor Profile"), (2) a diversified asset allocation strategy designed to meet the client's objectives with an acceptable amount of investment risk, (3) a process of evaluating and selecting professional investment managers, and (4) a process of carefully monitoring investment activity and adjusting and rebalancing the portfolio.

MBCO provides clients a full-service investment approach utilizing low-fee, no-commission stock, bond and/or balanced mutual funds, exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), money market funds, and/or individual stocks and bonds.

MBCO may utilize low-fee, no-commission mutual funds and ETFs in a strategic, globally allocated portfolio. This is generally a buy-and-hold strategy with periodic rebalancing. Orders to purchase or sell securities are placed infrequently and primarily when adverse fund performance or other factors indicate replacing one fund with another, rebalancing of the account is necessary, or the client contributes or withdraws funds to/from the account.

MBCO may utilize third-party investment advisors and private money management firms as sub-advisors to manage portfolios of individual stocks and/or bonds, no-commission mutual funds and/or ETFs for client accounts. These accounts generally

utilize tactical management and experience more trading than our buy-and-hold strategy.

MBCO may also provide consultative advice concerning the following investments: equities (stocks), warrants, corporate debt securities, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, municipal securities, investment company securities (variable life insurance, variable annuities, and mutual funds shares), U. S. government securities, options contracts, futures contracts, and interests in partnerships.

Other Services

MBCO may also provide advice to clients not involving securities. These services may be termed financial planning services. Clients may select certain services to be performed either as a package of services or ala carte.

MBCO does not provide tax preparation or legal services.

Clients who maintain an Investment Management agreement will be provided with a cloud-based client web portal and personal financial organizer which will be used to provide account aggregation, financial planning, and secure document storage.

Termination of Agreement

Financial Planning: Our Financial Planning Engagement Letter is an ongoing agreement. We will provide financial planning services to you as long as you maintain an investment management relationship with us. You are engaging MBCO to provide financial planning services to you on an as-needed basis. MBCO or Client may terminate the Financial Planning Engagement Letter at any time by providing verbal notice to the other party.

Investment Management: Our Investment Management Services Agreement is an ongoing agreement and constant monitoring and servicing are required. Under the Investment Management Services Agreement, length of service to the client is at the client's discretion. MBCO or Client may terminate the Investment Management Services Agreement at any time by providing verbal notice to the other party.

Fees and Compensation

Description

MBCO provides investment management services and financial planning services as a package. As such you will pay us directly a fee that is computed as a percentage of the assets you have invested with us. This is the only compensation that we receive. We do not receive any commissions or any other compensation from the sale of any investment or insurance product. We do not receive any compensation from any professional that we may refer you to. We do not receive any direct compensation

from any broker-dealer or custodian that you may use. Because we compute our fee as a percentage of your invested assets, we have a conflict of interest. The more assets there are in a retail investor's advisory accounts, the more a retail investor will pay in fees, and we may therefore have an incentive to encourage the retail investor to increase the assets in his or her account.

Clients receive investment management services and financial planning services computed by the fee schedule below:

<u>Account Size</u>	<u>Annual Fee Percentage</u>
Up to \$250,000	1.50%
\$250,001 to \$1,000,000	1.00%
\$1,000,001 to \$3,000,000	0.80%
\$3,000,001 to \$5,000,000	0.70%
Over \$5,000,000	0.60%

All fees are negotiable. Current client relationships may exist where the fees are lower than the fee schedule above. MBCO, in its sole discretion, may charge a lesser investment advisory fee based upon certain criteria (e.g., historical relationship, type of assets, anticipated future earning capacity, anticipated future additional assets, dollar amounts of assets to be managed, related accounts, account composition, negotiations with clients, etc.).

Fee Billing

One fourth of the annual advisory fee will be charged each calendar quarter based on the account's market value at the end of the prior quarter (or on the initial deposit amount in the first quarter.) Investment management fees are billed in advance, meaning that we invoice you at the beginning of the three month period. Payment in full is expected upon invoice presentation. Fees are usually deducted from a designated client account to facilitate billing. The client must consent in advance to direct debiting of their investment account. At termination, Client is responsible for any advisory fee accrued from the beginning of the quarter to the date of termination. MBCO is responsible for refund of any payment made in advance accrued from the date of termination to the end of the quarter.

You will pay fees and costs whether you make or lose money on your investments. Fees and costs will reduce any amount of money you make on your investments over time. Please make sure you understand what fees and costs you are paying.

Other Fees

Sub-Advisors: Investment management fees charged by third-party sub-advisors are not included in, and are in addition to, MBCO's fees.

Custodians: Custodians may charge transaction fees on purchases or sales of certain stocks, bonds, mutual funds, exchange traded funds or other securities. These transaction charges are usually small and incidental to the purchase or sale of a security. The selection of the security is more important than the nominal fee that the custodian charges to buy or sell the security. See “Brokerage Practices” below for more information concerning the selection of Custodians. MBCO will attempt to minimize transaction fees where possible.

Custodians may also charge various fees for services they provide. Custodians will provide a list of these various fees to Clients at the time accounts are established.

Other Professionals: If we refer you to other professionals (i.e. attorneys, accountants, insurance agents), you may also pay fees to them for their services.

Expense Ratios

Mutual funds and ETFs generally charge a management fee for their services as investment managers. The management fee is called an expense ratio. For example, an expense ratio of 0.50 means that the mutual fund company or ETF manager charges 0.5% annually for their services. These fees are in addition to the fees paid by you to MBCO.

Performance figures quoted by third-party private money managers, sub-advisors, mutual fund companies and ETFs in various publications are after their fees have been deducted.

Past-Due Accounts and Termination of Agreement

Under the Investment Management Services Agreement, asset management fees at termination will be billed on a pro rata basis for the portion of the quarter completed. The portfolio value at the completion of the prior full billing quarter is used as the basis for the fee computation, adjusted for the number of days during the billing quarter prior to termination.

If the client made an advance payment, MBCO will refund any unearned portion of the advance payment. Any unused portion of fees collected in advance will be refunded within 90 days.

MBCO reserves the right to stop work on any account that is more than 90 days overdue. In addition, MBCO reserves the right to terminate any engagement where a client has willfully concealed or has refused to provide pertinent information about financial situations when necessary and appropriate, in MBCO’s judgment, to providing proper financial advice.

Performance-Based Fees

Sharing of Capital Gains

Fees are not based on a share of the capital gains or capital appreciation of managed securities.

MBCO does not use a performance-based fee structure because of the potential conflict of interest. Performance-based compensation may create an incentive for the adviser to recommend an investment that may carry a higher degree of risk to the client.

Types of Clients

Description

MBCO generally provides financial planning and investment management services to individual retirees and pre-retirees. Client relationships vary in scope and length of service.

Account Minimums

Clients must maintain a minimum combined account balance of \$250,000 in their accounts under management with us. We may waive this requirement at our sole discretion.

Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

Methods of Analysis

Security analysis methods may include charting, fundamental analysis, technical analysis, and cyclical analysis.

Charting analysis strategy involves using and comparing various charts to predict long and short term performance or market trends. The risk involved in using this method is that only past performance data is considered without using other methods to crosscheck data. Using charting analysis without other methods of analysis would be making the assumption that past performance will be indicative of future performance. This may not be the case.

Fundamental analysis concentrates on factors that determine a company's value and expected future earnings. This strategy would normally encourage equity purchases in stocks that are undervalued or priced below their perceived value. The risk assumed is that the market will fail to reach expectations of perceived value.

Technical analysis attempts to predict a future stock price or direction based on market trends. The assumption is that the market follows discernible patterns and if these patterns can be identified then a prediction can be made. The risk is that markets do not always follow patterns and relying solely on this method may not work long term.

Cyclical analysis assumes that the markets react in cyclical patterns which, once identified, can be leveraged to provide performance. The risks with this strategy are two-fold: 1) the markets do not always repeat cyclical patterns and 2) if too many investors begin to implement this strategy, it changes the very cycles these investors are trying to exploit.

The main sources of information include financial newspapers and magazines, research materials prepared by others, corporate rating services, annual reports, prospectuses, filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and company press releases.

Other sources of information that MBCO may use include Morningstar Principia mutual fund information, Morningstar Principia stock information, Fidelity Investment's Wealth Central research service, and the internet.

Investment Strategies

The primary investment strategy used on client accounts is strategic, global asset allocation with periodic rebalancing. Portfolios are globally diversified to control the risk associated with traditional markets.

The investment strategy for a specific client is based upon the objectives stated by the client during consultations. The client may change these objectives at any time. Each client executes an Investor Profile that documents their objectives and their desired investment strategy.

Other strategies may include long-term trading, short-term trading, short sales, margin transactions, and option writing (including covered options, uncovered options or spreading strategies). Many of these strategies may be provided by private money managers acting as sub-advisors to client accounts. More frequent trading can affect investment performance, particularly through increased brokerage and other transaction costs and taxes.

Long-term trading is designed to capture market rates of both return and risk. Due to its nature, the long-term investment strategy can expose clients to various types of risk that will typically surface at various intervals during the time the client owns the investments. These risks include but are not limited to inflation (purchasing

power) risk, interest rate risk, economic risk, market risk, and political/regulatory risk.

Short-term trading risks include liquidity, economic stability and inflation, in addition to the long-term trading risks listed above. Frequent trading, can affect investment performance, particularly through increased brokerage and other transaction costs and taxes.

Short sales entail the possibility of unlimited loss. An increase in the applicable securities' prices will result in a loss and, over time, the market has historically trended upward.

Margin transactions use leverage that is borrowed from a brokerage firm as collateral. Leverage enhances the ability to acquire assets, but also amplifies net profits and losses and increases transaction costs. When losses occur, the value of the margin account may fall below the brokerage firm's threshold thereby triggering a margin call. This may force the account holder to either allocate more funds to the account or sell assets on a shorter time frame than desired.

Options writing or trading involves a contract to purchase a security at a given price, not necessarily at market value, depending on the market. This strategy includes the risk that an option may expire out of the money resulting in minimal or no value and the possibility of leveraged loss of trading capital due to the leveraged nature of stock options.

Risk of Loss

All investment programs have certain risks that are borne by the investor. Our investment approach constantly keeps the risk of loss in mind. Investors face the following investment risks:

- Interest-rate Risk: Fluctuations in interest rates may cause investment prices to fluctuate. For example, when interest rates rise, yields on existing bonds become less attractive, causing their market values to decline.
- Market Risk: The price of a security, bond, or mutual fund may drop in reaction to tangible and intangible events and conditions. This type of risk is caused by external factors independent of a security's particular underlying circumstances. For example, political, economic and social conditions may trigger market events.
- Inflation Risk: When any type of inflation is present, a dollar today will not buy as much as a dollar next year, because purchasing power is eroding at the rate of inflation.

- **Currency Risk:** Overseas investments are subject to fluctuations in the value of the dollar against the currency of the investment's originating country. This is also referred to as exchange rate risk.
- **Reinvestment Risk:** This is the risk that future proceeds from investments may have to be reinvested at a potentially lower rate of return (i.e. interest rate). This primarily relates to fixed income securities.
- **Business Risk:** These risks are associated with a particular industry or a particular company within an industry. For example, oil-drilling companies depend on finding oil and then refining it, a lengthy process, before they can generate a profit. They carry a higher risk of profitability than an electric company, which generates its income from a steady stream of customers who buy electricity no matter what the economic environment is like.
- **Liquidity Risk:** Liquidity is the ability to readily convert an investment into cash. Generally, assets are more liquid if many traders are interested in a standardized product. For example, Treasury Bills are highly liquid, while real estate properties are not.
- **Financial Risk:** Excessive borrowing to finance a business' operations increases the risk of profitability, because the company must meet the terms of its obligations in good times and bad. During periods of financial stress, the inability to meet loan obligations may result in bankruptcy and/or a declining market value.
- **Mutual Funds:** Investing in mutual funds carries the risk of capital loss and thus you may lose money investing in mutual funds. All mutual funds have costs that lower investment returns. They can be of bond (fixed income) nature or stock (equity) nature, or a mix of multiple underlying security types.
- **Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs):** An ETF is an investment fund traded on stock exchanges, similar to stocks. Investing in ETFs carries the risk of capital loss (sometimes up to a 100% loss in the case of a stock holding bankruptcy). Areas of concern include the lack of transparency in products and increasing complexity, conflicts of interest and the possibility of inadequate regulatory compliance. Because ETFs use "authorized participants" (APs) as agents to facilitate creations or redemptions (primary market), there is a risk that an AP decides to no longer participate for a particular ETF; however, that risk is mitigated by the fact that other APs can step in to fill the vacancy of the withdrawing AP [an ETF typically has multiple APs] and ETF transactions predominantly take place in the secondary market without need for an AP. Like other liquid securities, ETF pricing changes throughout the trading day and there can be no guarantee that an ETF is

purchased at the optimal time in terms of market movements. Moreover, due to market fluctuations, ETF brokerage costs, differing demand and characteristics of underlying securities, and other factors, the price of an ETF can be lower than the aggregate market price of its cash and component individual securities (net asset value – NAV). An ETF is subject to the same market risks as those of its underlying individual securities, and also has internal expenses that can lower investment returns.

Disciplinary Information

Legal and Disciplinary

During the years 2006, 2007 and 2008, Michael Brady printed written materials in a newsletter sent to his clients that were written, produced and earlier distributed by another financial journalist, giving no attribution to the original source of the materials, thereby holding them out as his own. On August 7, 2009, the Ohio Department of Securities suspended Michael Brady's individual Ohio Investment Advisor Representative registration for a period of three days. (<https://adviserinfo.sec.gov>) Subsequently, on December 29, 2009 the CFP Board suspended his use of the Certified Financial Planner™ designation for a period of one year. (<https://www.cfp.net>)

Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

Financial Industry Activities

MBCO, and its management employees, are engaged solely as a fee-only financial planning and investment advisory firm.

Affiliations

MBCO, and its management employees, do not have any arrangements that are material to their advisory business or their clients with a related person who is a broker-dealer, investment company, other investment advisor, financial planning firm, commodity pool operator, commodity trading adviser or futures commission merchant, banking or thrift institution, accounting firm, law firm, insurance company or agency, pension consultant, real estate broker or dealer, or an entity that creates or packages limited partnerships.

Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

Code of Ethics

The Investment Advisers Act of 1940 imposes a fiduciary duty on investment advisors. As a fiduciary, MBCO has a duty of utmost good faith to act solely in the best interests of each of our clients. Our clients entrust us with their funds, which in turn places a high standard on our conduct and integrity. Our fiduciary duty compels all of our employees to act with the utmost integrity in all of our dealings. This fiduciary duty is the core principal underlying our Code of Ethics (the "Code") and our Personal Trading Policy, and represents the expected basis of all of our dealings with our clients.

MBCO has adopted the Code which includes written procedures governing the conduct of MBCO's employees. The Code deals with standards of conduct, protection of material non-public information, personal conduct of employees, and personal trading policies. The Code includes sanctions for violations and is overseen by MBCO's Chief Compliance Officer. Clients may request a copy of the Code and our Personal Trading Policy by contacting Michael Brady by email at mike@MichaelBradyCo.com or by mail c/o Michael Brady & Co., LLC, 28871 Center Ridge Road, Suite 102, Westlake, Ohio 44145.

All financial and investment advisors have some types of conflicts. Our clients pay our firm fees based upon a percentage of the assets we advise upon. This is a very common form of compensation for registered investment advisory firms and avoids the multiple inherent conflicts of interest associated with commission-based compensation. Our firm does not accept commission-based compensation of any nature, nor does our firm accept 12b-1 fees, finder's fees, or referral fees.

Our method of compensation can still at times lead to conflicts of interest between our firm and our client as to the advice we provide. For example, conflicts of interest may arise relating to the following financial decisions in life: to incur or pay down debt; to gift funds to charities or to individuals; the purchase of a (larger) home or car or other non-investment assets; the purchase of a lifetime immediate annuity; expenditures of funds for travel or other activities; making an investment in private equity investments (private real estate ventures, closely held businesses, etc.); and the amount of funds to place in non-managed cash reserve accounts. These decisions have the effect of decreasing the amount of investment assets you have and thus decrease the amount of our fee. We have adopted internal policies to properly manage these and other potential conflicts of interest. Our goal is that our advice to you remains at all times in your best interests, disregarding any impact of the decision to be undertaken upon our firm.

As we seek to avoid material conflicts of interest, neither our firm nor its employees receive any third party direct monetary compensation (i.e., commissions, 12b-1 fees, or other fees) from brokerage firms (custodians,) mutual fund companies, or private money managers. However, some non-direct compensation is provided to our firm as a result of its relationships with custodian(s). Our firm believes that the services and benefits actually provided to it by brokerage firms (custodians) do not materially affect the investment management recommendations made to clients of our firm. See "Brokerage Services – Soft Dollars" section below.

Participation or Interest in Client Transactions

MBCO and its employees may buy or sell securities that are also held by clients. Employees may not trade their own securities ahead of client trades. Employees comply with the provisions of the MBCO Compliance Manual and the MBCO Code of Ethics.

Personal Trading

The Chief Compliance Officer of MBCO is Michael Brady. He reviews all employee trades on a regular schedule. The personal trading reviews ensure that the personal trading of employees does not affect the markets, and that clients of the firm receive preferential treatment. Since most employee trades are small mutual fund trades or exchange-traded fund trades, the trades do not significantly affect the securities markets.

Brokerage Practices

Selecting Brokerage Firms

MBCO does not have any affiliation with product sales firms but MBCO may recommend specific brokers for custody and execution of trades. In so doing, MBCO's considers various factors including: (1) financial condition, (2) acceptable record keeping, (3) ability to obtain best price, (4) knowledge of market, securities and industries, (5) commission structure, and (6) reputation and integrity. Specific custodian recommendations are made to Clients based on their need for such services.

MBCO recommends Fidelity Institutional Wealth Services ("Fidelity") as a preferred custodian for clients' accounts. Through this program, Fidelity provides both brokerage and custodial services to MBCO's clients, although clients may elect for their accounts to be held at another custodian with MBCO's approval.

Should MBCO trade in securities in which MBCO is uncomfortable with any custodian's ability to deliver best execution, MBCO will locate a more suitable broker using the factors outlined above.

MBCO does not receive compensation, fees or commissions from any of these arrangements.

Best Execution

MBCO reviews the execution of trades at each custodian on a regular schedule. The review is documented by our Compliance Officer. Transaction fees charged by the custodians are also reviewed on a regular schedule. MBCO does not receive any portion of the transaction fees.

Soft Dollars

MBCO participates in the advisor services programs of custodians such as Fidelity. While there is no direct linkage between the investment advice given and participation in the advisor services program, economic benefits are received by MBCO which would not be received if our firm did not give investment advice to clients.

These benefits include: (a) receipt of electronic duplicate client confirmations; (b) receipt of electronic duplicate statements; (c) access to a trading desk serving ASP participants exclusively; (d) access to the investment advisor portion of the ASP web sites which includes practice management articles, compliance updates, and other financial planning related information and research materials; (e) access to other vendors (such as insurance or compliance providers, or providers of research or other materials) on a discounted fee basis through discounts arranged by the ASP, and (f) permitting our firm to access an electronic communication network for client order entry and various account information.

Participation in the advisor services program also provides access to certain mutual funds and private money management firms which generally require significantly higher minimum initial investments or are generally available only to institutional investors.

Order Aggregation

Most trades are mutual funds or exchange-traded funds where trade aggregation does not garner any client benefit. MBCO does not utilize block trading.

Review of Accounts

Periodic Reviews

The nature and frequency of account reviews depend upon the type of investment account being managed. Accounts are generally monitored on a monthly, quarterly

or annual basis, depending upon the needs of the client and the investment objective and policies of the account, and are reviewed by a management employee.

Reviews are conducted to ensure that the accounts are being managed in accordance with stated objectives and policies, and in order to facilitate and implement those objectives and policies. Management employees are instructed to consider the client's current security positions and the likelihood that the performance of each security will contribute to the investment objectives of the client. Based upon these reviews, MBCO may make purchases or sales of securities for its clients.

Review Triggers

Other conditions that may trigger a review are changes in the tax laws, new investment information, and changes in a client's own financial situation.

Regular Reports

The custodian will promptly send account statements as well as confirmations of transactions executed in the account to the client and/or the client's designated party. MBCO does not assume any responsibility for the accuracy of the information furnished by any custodian or any other party. MBCO does not provide account statements or any investment performance reporting. Client should review custodial statements promptly when received and report any concerns to MBCO and their custodian.

Client Referrals and Other Compensation

Incoming Referrals

MBCO has been fortunate to receive many client referrals over the years. The referrals came from current clients, estate planning attorneys, accountants, employees, personal friends of employees and other similar sources. The firm does not directly or indirectly compensate referring parties for these referrals.

Referrals Out

MBCO does not accept referral fees or any form of remuneration from other professionals when a prospect or client is referred to them.

Other Compensation

MBCO only accepts our financial planning and investment advisory fees which are directly paid by our client. MBCO does not receive any other direct compensation. MBCO receives indirect benefits from custodians as described in the Brokerage Practices section above.

Custody

Account Statements

All assets are held at qualified custodians, which means the custodians provide account statements directly to clients at their address of record at least quarterly. Clients should carefully review those statements.

Limited Custody

When it deducts fees directly from client accounts at a selected custodian, MBCO will be deemed to have limited custody of client's assets and must have written authorization from the client to do so. Clients will receive all account statements and billing invoices that are required in each jurisdiction, and they should carefully review those statements for accuracy.

Custody is also disclosed in Form ADV because MBCO has authority to transfer money from client account(s), which constitutes a Standing Letter of Authorization (SLOA). Accordingly, MBCO will follow the safeguards specified by the SEC rather than undergo an annual audit.

Investment Discretion

Discretionary Authority for Trading

MBCO accepts discretionary authority to manage securities accounts on behalf of clients. MBCO has the authority to determine, without obtaining specific client consent, the securities to be bought or sold, the amount of the securities to be bought or sold and the timing of the purchases or sales.

The client approves the custodian to be used and the commission rates paid to the custodian. MBCO does not receive any portion of the transaction fees or commissions paid by the client to the custodian on any trades.

Discretionary trading authority facilitates placing trades in your accounts on your behalf so that we may promptly implement the investment policy that you have approved in writing.

Limited Power of Attorney

A limited power of attorney is a trading authorization for this purpose. You sign a limited power of attorney so that we may execute the investment strategy that you have pre-approved.

You may also give us the authority to direct your custodian to transfer funds between your accounts held with the custodian and to direct the custodian to send you funds either by check payable to you and mailed to your address of record or to

transfer funds between your bank accounts and your accounts with your custodian (we call this “standing instructions”).) You can also direct us in writing to direct your custodian to wire transfer funds from your accounts to third parties for your benefit.

Voting Client Securities

Proxy Votes

Without exception, MBCO does not vote proxies on behalf of Clients. All proxy materials received on behalf of a Client account are to be sent directly to Clients or their designated representative who is responsible for voting the proxy. Clients may appoint a sub-advisor to be their designated representative.

MBCO employees may answer questions regarding proxy-voting matters in an effort to assist the client in determining how to vote the proxy. However, the final decision of how to vote the proxy rests with the client or their designated representative.

Financial Information

Financial Condition

MBCO does not have any financial impairment that will preclude the firm from meeting contractual commitments to clients.

A balance sheet is not required to be provided because MBCO does not serve as a custodian for client funds or securities, and does not require prepayment of fees of more than \$1200 per client, and six months or more in advance.

In light of the COVID-19 coronavirus pandemic and the resulting historic decline in market values, Michael Brady & Co., LLC has elected to participate in the CARES Act’s Paycheck Protection Program (“PPP”) to strengthen its balance sheet. Michael Brady & Co., LLC intends to use this loan predominantly to continue payroll for the firm and may ultimately seek loan forgiveness per the terms of the PPP. Michael Brady & Co., LLC has also elected to participate in the CARES Act’s Economic Injury Disaster Loan (“EIDL”) program to strengthen its balance sheet. Due to these and other measures taken internally, Michael Brady & Co., LLC has been able to operate and continue serving its clients.

Brochure Supplement (Part 2B of Form ADV)

Education and Business Standards

MBCO requires that advisors in its employ have a bachelor's degree and further coursework demonstrating knowledge of financial planning and investment management.

Examples of acceptable coursework include: an MBA, CFP®, CFA, ChFC, CIMA®, JD, CTFA, EA or CPA. Additionally, advisors must have work experience that demonstrates their aptitude for financial planning and investment management.

Professional Certifications

Employees have earned certifications and credentials that are required to be explained in further detail.

Certified Financial Planner™ Practitioner (CFP®): Certified Financial Planner™ Practitioners are licensed by the CFP Board to use the CFP® mark. CFP® certification requirements include:

- Bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university.
- Completion of the financial planning education requirements set by the CFP Board.
- Successful completion of the 10-hour CFP® Certification Exam.
- Three-year qualifying full-time work experience.
- Successfully pass the Candidate Fitness Standards and background check.

Michael C. Brady

Date of Birth: 1957

Educational Background:

- Bachelor of Science in Business Administration (BSBA)
Finance Major
Fisher School of Business
The Ohio State University
Columbus, OH
1979

- Master of Business Administration (MBA)
Finance Major
Monte Ahuja College of Business
Cleveland State University
Cleveland, OH
1982
- Certified Financial Planner™ Practitioner (CFP®)
College for Financial Planning
Denver, CO
1985
- Executive Education leading to the Certified Investment Management Analyst® (CIMA®) certification
The Wharton School
University of Pennsylvania
Philadelphia, PA
2000

Business Experience:

- Michael Brady & Co., LLC, President & CEO, 2004-present
- Prim Capital Corporation, Senior Managing Director, 1997-2004
- Chapel Hill Securities, Inc., President & CEO, 1990-1997
- Brady Foley & Company, Managing Director, 1987-1990
- National City Bank, Vice President, 1979-1987

Disciplinary Information:

During the years 2006, 2007 and 2008, Michael Brady printed written materials in a newsletter sent to his clients that were written, produced and earlier distributed by another financial journalist, giving no attribution to the original source of the materials, thereby holding them out as his own. On August 7, 2009, the Ohio Department of Securities suspended Michael Brady's individual Ohio Investment Advisor Representative registration for a period of three days. (<https://adviserinfo.sec.gov>)

Subsequently, in 2010, the CFP Board suspended his use of the Certified Financial Planner™ designation for a period of one year. (<https://www.cfp.net>)

Other Business Activities: None

Additional Compensation: None

Supervision:

Michael C. Brady is the Chief Compliance Officer of MBCO. As such, he reviews his own work and is assisted in his compliance activities by his compliance assistant who prepares reports of the activities of all of MBCO's employees utilizing our client relationship management system and the trading system of our custodian.

You may contact the Chief Compliance Officer at:

Phone: (440) 235-2100

Email: mike@MichaelBradyCo.com

Arbitration Claims: None

Self-Regulatory Organization or Administrative Proceeding: None

Bankruptcy Petition: None

Cameron M. Brady

Date of Birth: 1989

Educational Background:

- Bachelor of Science in Business Administration (BSBA)
Finance and Financial Services Major
Haub School of Business
Saint Joseph's University
Philadelphia, PA
2012
- Certified Financial Planner™ Practitioner (CFP®)
DePaul University
Chicago, IL
2015

Business Experience:

- Michael Brady & Co., LLC, Financial Advisor, 2017-present

- CliftonLarsonAllen Wealth Advisors, Associate Wealth Advisor, 2014-2017
- Mass Mutual, Wealth Management Associate, 2012-2014

Disciplinary Information: None

Other Business Activities: None

Additional Compensation: None

Supervision:

Michael C. Brady is the Chief Compliance Officer of MBCO. As such, he reviews Cameron's work and is assisted in his compliance activities by his compliance assistant who prepares reports of the activities of all of MBCO's employees utilizing our client relationship management system and the trading system of our custodian.

You may contact the Chief Compliance Officer at:

Phone: (440) 235-2100

Email: mike@MichaelBradyCo.com

Arbitration Claims: None

Self-Regulatory Organization or Administrative Proceeding: None

Bankruptcy Petition: None