

Castine Capital Management, LLC

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Part 2A of Form ADV: Firm Brochure

March 30, 2020

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Castine Capital Management, LLC ("Castine"). If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at 617.310.5190. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Castine also is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

Any reference to Castine as a "registered investment adviser" or as being "registered", does not imply any level of skill or training.

This document is not an advertisement for the advisory services of Castine, nor an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to purchase interests in any fund managed by Castine.

Item 2: Material Changes

There have been no material changes to this brochure since the last update on March 25, 2019.

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Item 4: Advisory Business

Castine is a Massachusetts limited liability company that was established in 2003 and is principally owned by Paul Magidson, Ostrom Enders and Jonathan Cohen. Castine provides investment management services on a discretionary basis to privately offered pooled investment vehicles exempt from registration under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (collectively, the “Funds”). Castine does not provide investment advice directly to investors in the Funds, therefore we generally do not permit investors in the Funds to impose limitations on the investment activities described in the offering documents for the Funds.

Castine does not participate in wrap fee programs.

As of December 31, 2019, Castine had \$742,812,408 in regulatory assets under management, all of which are managed on a discretionary basis.

Item 5: Fees and Compensation

Castine receives management fees as compensation for performing advisory services to the Funds equal to 1.0% of the net assets of the Funds. Management fees are paid quarterly in advance and are prorated for capital contributions made during the quarter. The management fee is not negotiable, although Castine, retains the discretion to waive or reduce the management fee for investors that are principals, employees or affiliates of the adviser or General Partner or relatives of such persons, and for certain large or strategic investors. Castine does not collect a management fee from its affiliated and employee investors or their relatives.

In addition to the management fee, each investor bears its allocable share of expenses associated with the operations of the Funds including, but not limited to, legal, accounting, auditing and other professional expenses, research expenses, third party administrative expenses, investment expenses such as commissions (further described in Item 12), custodial fees, bank service fees, Administrator fees and expenses, director’s fees and expenses and other expenses related to the purchase, sale or transmittal of fund assets. The Funds will bear organizational expenses, including the expenses of the initial offer and sale of limited partnership interests. Potential investors should review the appropriate Fund offering documents for complete disclosure of investor fees and expenses.

Neither Castine nor any of our supervised persons accepts compensation for the sale of securities or other investment products.

Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

In addition to the management fee, investors in the Castine Funds are subject to an incentive fee which is payable to Castine Management GP, LLC (the “General Partner” and an affiliate of Castine).

A portion of net profits initially allocated to each investor’s capital account is reallocated to the capital account of the General Partner as of the end of each fiscal year. In the event that a limited partner withdraws or is required to retire at any time other than at the end of a fiscal year, the Incentive Allocation will be made with respect to such partner on the applicable withdrawal or retirement date. The incentive allocation is subject to a loss carryforward provision as outlined in the Fund offering documents.

The incentive fee is not negotiable, although Castine, retains the discretion to waive or reduce the incentive fee for investors that are principals, employees or affiliates of the adviser or General Partner or relatives of such persons, and for certain large or strategic investors. The General Partner does not receive incentive fees from its affiliated and employee investors or their relatives.

Castine does not manage funds or accounts with differing terms related to performance-based fees, therefore we avoid the potential conflicts of interest of favoring one account over another.

Item 7: Types of Clients

Castine provides investment advice to privately offered pooled investment vehicles, one of which qualifies for an exemption under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. The offshore fund is a Cayman Islands exempted company. Investors in the Funds include, but are not limited to, endowments, other funds, high net worth individuals, family offices and charitable institutions.

A minimum initial investment of \$500,000 is generally required to invest in our funds. However, Castine has discretion to decrease or waive the minimum initial investment as long as the investor qualifies to invest based on all other suitability and regulatory requirements as applicable to each fund.

Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

Investment Strategy and Methods of Analysis

The investment objective of the Funds is to achieve long-term capital appreciation through investment primarily in publicly traded equity securities of United States financial institutions. The Funds may utilize leverage, short positions, derivative instruments such as options, and other investment strategies, as described in detail in each fund's respective offering memorandum. There is no assurance that our strategy and methodologies will be successful over any given period of time or that the Funds will achieve their investment objectives.

A combination of fundamental analysis and industry perspective determines individual positions in the Funds. In selecting investments, we search for companies that have strong or recovering fundamentals or are undervalued in relation to their investment potential. We emphasize bottom-up, fundamental research in identifying such opportunities. We also seek to benefit financially from short positions. Short positions serve as a partial hedge against the Funds' long positions and are also used to profit from the identification of deteriorating fundamentals or a negative catalyst at a particular company.

There is no assurance our strategy and methodologies will be successful over any given period of time. Investing is speculative and involves significant risks, including the risk of total loss of invested capital. The following information is not intended to be a summary of all the risks associated with an investment in the Funds, but rather some specific risks associated with our strategy and the securities in which we typically invest which we believe are important for investors to consider. Investors should carefully review the expanded summary of risks in the Funds' private offering memoranda.

Summary of Risks

Short Sales

Short sales can, in certain circumstances, substantially increase the impact of adverse price movements on a portfolio. A short sale involves the risk of a theoretically unlimited increase in the market price of the particular investment sold short, which could result in an inability to cover the short position and a theoretically unlimited loss. There is a risk that the Funds would have to return the securities it borrows, in connection with a short sale, to the securities lender on short notice. If a request for return of borrowed

securities occurs at a time when other short sellers of the security are receiving similar requests, a “short squeeze” can occur, and the Funds may be compelled to replace borrowed securities previously sold short with purchases on the open market at the most disadvantageous time, possibly at prices significantly in excess of the proceeds received in originally selling the securities short.

Special Situations

The Funds invest in companies involved in (or that are the target of) acquisition attempts or tender offers or in companies involved in work-outs, liquidations, spin-offs, reorganizations, bankruptcies and similar transactions. In any investment opportunity involving any such type of special situation, there exists the risk that the contemplated transaction either will be unsuccessful, take considerable time or result in a distribution of cash or a new security, the value of which will be less than the purchase price to the Funds of the security or other financial instrument in respect of which such distribution is received. Similarly, if an anticipated transaction does not in fact occur, the Funds may be required to sell the investment at a loss. Because there is substantial uncertainty concerning the outcome of transactions involving financially troubled companies in which the Funds may invest, there is a potential risk of loss by the Funds of its entire investment in such companies.

Option Transactions

The purchase or sale of an option involves the payment or receipt of a premium payment by the investor and the corresponding right or obligation, as the case may be, to either purchase or sell the underlying security, commodity or other instrument for a specific price at a certain time or during a certain period. Purchasing options involves the risk that the underlying instrument does not change in price in the manner expected, so that the option expires worthless and the investor loses its premium. Selling options, on the other hand, involves potentially greater risk because the investor is exposed to the extent of the actual price movement in the underlying security rather than only the premium payment received. In addition, an option purchased or sold over-the-counter involves counterparty solvency risk.

Margin Borrowing

The Funds are authorized to engage in margin borrowing under Regulation T of the Federal Reserve Board’s margin rules. Margin borrowing increases returns to investors if the Funds earn a greater return on leveraged investments than the Funds’ cost of such leverage. However, the use of margin borrowing exposes the Funds to additional levels of risk including (i) greater losses from investments than would otherwise have been the case had the Fund not borrowed to make the investments, (ii) margin calls or changes in margin requirements may force premature liquidations of investment positions and (iii) losses on investments where the investment fails to earn a return that equals or exceeds the Fund’s cost of leverage related to such investments. In case of a sudden, precipitous drop in asset value, a Fund might not be able to liquidate assets quickly enough to repay its borrowings, further magnifying the losses incurred.

Lack of Diversification

The Funds will not generally be as diversified as other investment vehicles. Accordingly, the investments in the Funds may be subject to more rapid change in value than would be the case if the Funds were required to maintain a wide diversification among types of securities, geographical areas, issuers and industries.

Lack of Liquidity

Fund assets may, at any given time, include securities and other financial instruments or obligations that are thinly traded or for which no market exists and/or which are restricted as to their transferability under

applicable securities laws. The sale of any such investments may be possible only at substantial discounts, and it may be extremely difficult to value accurately any such investments.

Absence of Regulatory Oversight (Castine Offshore Fund Ltd.)

Registration under the Cayman Islands Mutual Funds Law (Revised) does not involve a detailed examination of the merits of the Fund or substantive supervision of the investment performance of the Fund by the Cayman Islands government or the Cayman Islands Monetary Authority (the "Monetary Authority"). There is no financial obligation or compensation scheme imposed on or by the government of the Cayman Islands in favor of or available to the investors in the Fund.

Fund assets may, at any given time, include securities and other financial instruments or obligations that are thinly traded or for which no market exists and/or which are restricted as to their transferability under applicable securities laws. The sale of any such investments may be possible only at substantial discounts, and it may be extremely difficult to value accurately any such investments.

Item 9: Disciplinary Information

Castine has no legal or disciplinary events to report that would impact the evaluation by a client, investor or prospective client or investor, of our advisory business or the integrity of our management.

Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

Neither our Firm, nor any of our management persons are registered, or have an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer or a registered representative of a broker-dealer.

Neither our Firm, nor any of our management persons are registered, or have an application pending to register, as a futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator, a commodity trading adviser, or an associated person of the foregoing entities.

Aside from the investment advisory and general partner relationships between Castine and the general partner, on the one hand, and the applicable Funds, on the other, as well as the common control of Castine and the general partner by Messrs. Magidson, Enders and Cohen, neither Castine nor any of its management persons has a relationship material to the business of Castine or the Funds with any related person that are among any of the following types of entities: broker-dealer, municipal securities dealer, or government securities dealer or broker; other investment adviser or financial planner; futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator, or commodity trading adviser; banking or thrift institution; accountant or accounting firm; lawyer or law firm; insurance company or agency; pension consultant; real estate broker or dealer; sponsor or syndicator of limited partnerships.

Castine does not recommend or select other investment advisers for our clients in return for direct or indirect compensation from such advisers, nor does Castine have other business relationships with any investment advisers so recommended or selected, in each case, that creates a material conflict of interest.

Item 11: Code of Ethics

Code of Ethics

Castine has adopted a Code of Ethics describing its high standards of business conduct and fiduciary duty to its clients. The Code includes provisions relating to the confidentiality of client/investor information, a prohibition on insider trading, guidelines surrounding gifts and business entertainment items, personal securities trading, conflicts of interest, among other things. All supervised persons (employees) must acknowledge the terms of the Code initially upon hire as well as annually, or as amended.

Employees may maintain personal securities accounts provided any personal investing by an employee in any accounts in which the employee has a beneficial interest is consistent with the Firm's personal trading guidelines and applicable regulatory requirements. Castine has a fiduciary duty to our clients and investors and therefore discourages frequent trading in personal accounts.

In order to avoid a potential conflict with our Funds and investors, employees are prohibited from transacting in any securities within the financial sector or industry, subject to narrow exceptions and only with prior approval from the Compliance Officer. Employees are permitted to transact in a private placement or limited offerings, but must first obtain prior approval by the Compliance Officer and Managing Member.

All reportable transactions are reported to the Compliance Officer in accordance with the reporting requirements outlined in the Code and personal trading is continually monitored in order to reasonably prevent conflicts of interest between Castine and its investors.

A copy of our Code of Ethics will be provided to clients and investors upon request.

Castine does not, nor do any of our related persons, recommend to clients, securities in which we have a material financial interest. In addition, Castine, nor any of our related persons, buy or sell for client accounts, securities in which we have a material financial interest. Castine does not engage in principal transactions or agency cross transactions.

Investments by Castine or its employees, for their own accounts, in securities that are also in the Funds' portfolio could give the perception of interfering with our fiduciary duty of making decisions which are in the best interest of our Funds and could otherwise have a disadvantageous effect on the values, prices or trading strategies of the Funds. Our personal trading policy, described above, has been developed to address this particular conflict by prohibiting transactions in securities in the financial sector. However, a limited number of exceptions have been granted for certain securities held in employee accounts that are also securities held in our Funds. In each case, the securities were purchased in advance of implementing our personal trading policy. As such, these securities are deemed to be "grandfathered" securities and require approval from the Compliance Officer prior to initiating a disposition in order to ensure such disposition will not be disadvantageous to the Funds.

Castine manages the Funds pursuant to a single investment strategy and trades are allocated according to pre-established allocation percentages.

Other Conflicts of Interest

Conflicts Related to Performance-Based Fees (Incentive Allocation)

As indicated in Item 6, conflicts relating to performance-based fees are mitigated by the fact that the Funds are managed pursuant to a single investment strategy and are subject to the same incentive allocation rate. The existence of the incentive allocation creates an incentive for the General Partner to cause the Funds to make investments that are riskier or more speculative than would be the case if this allocation were not made. To address these conflicts, our policies and procedures require that investment decisions be made based on the best interests of our clients, without consideration of Firm or employee pecuniary interests.

Conflicts Related to Investors / Side Letters

Castine has entered into a limited number of side letters with certain investors in the Funds which have established different rights or privileges with respect to key man, capacity, most favored nations, in kind distributions and UBTI.

Item 12: Brokerage Practices

Selection of Brokers

Castine has discretion over what securities and the amount thereof to be bought and sold for the Funds, the broker or dealer to be used as well as the commission rates to be paid. In selecting brokers or dealers to execute transactions, we are not required to solicit competitive bids and do not have an obligation to seek the lowest available commission cost. It is not our practice to negotiate "execution only" commission rates, and thus the Funds may be deemed to be paying for research, brokerage or other services provided by the broker that are included in the commission rate.

In selecting brokers and negotiating commission rates, we take into account the financial stability and reputation of brokerage firms, and the research, brokerage or other services provided by such brokers. Broker dealers, including firms that serve as prime brokers to the Funds, from time to time, permit Castine to participate in capital introduction programs with respect to the Funds and/or recommend the Funds as an investment to clients. Portfolio transactions may be placed with firms who have made such recommendations or provided capital introduction opportunities, if otherwise consistent with seeking best execution. Castine does not select a broker or dealer as a means of remuneration for recommending the Funds or affording Castine with the opportunity to participate in capital introduction programs.

Research and Other Soft Dollars

Castine has a soft dollar arrangement in place with our prime broker pursuant to which we receive third party research products and services, all of which meet the safe harbor criteria of Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. In addition, Castine receives valuable proprietary research services from various broker-dealers. Consistent with our responsibility to seek best execution, as part of our broker selection process we consider the value of proprietary research and related services we receive in relation to the commission paid.

The types of proprietary research and other products and services we received during our last fiscal year from broker-dealers as part of the services offered to their trading customers and from third-party providers under our soft dollar arrangement mentioned above include, but are not limited to, specialized publications geared towards the financial sector, macroeconomic analysis from boutique research firms, the use of a financial services database for research and analytical purposes, Bloomberg, exchange fees, pricing services, written information and analyses concerning specific securities, companies or sectors; market, financial and economic studies and forecasts; and discussions with research personnel. All such services satisfy the criteria of Section 28(e).

The use of soft dollars creates conflicts of interest. First, the use of externally-developed research, whether purchased with soft dollars or directly, supplements and may at times partially supplant, the research we perform internally. Because the Funds are responsible for both research expenses and brokerage commissions, the cost of external research is borne by the Funds rather than the adviser regardless of the means of payment. Also, the availability of external research could influence our selection of brokers and lead us to pay higher commission rates to research-providing brokers than the rates available from execution-only brokers, all in the manner we describe above.

Another potential conflict surrounding soft dollar usage arises when soft dollar credits generated by the trading of one client account are applied to obtain research benefiting different or multiple client accounts. At this time our only clients are the Castine Funds which are managed pursuant to a single investment strategy with trades allocated across the Funds on a pro-rata basis. Soft dollar credits are generated by certain transaction types across all Castine Funds, and, therefore all Funds benefit.

During our last fiscal year, we have taken into account the quality, comprehensiveness and frequency of available research and brokerage services considered to be of value provided by brokers when directing Fund transactions to a particular broker. We directed transactions to such brokers only consistent with best execution.

Castine does not engage in the practice of seeking or considering client referrals from broker-dealers and does not engage in directed brokerage arrangements.

Aggregation of Trade Orders

The securities to be purchased or sold by the Funds may be aggregated in order to obtain superior execution and/or lower brokerage expenses. Execution prices for identical securities purchased or sold on behalf of both Funds in any one day may be (but are not required to be) averaged. In such instances, allocation of prices, as well as expenses incurred in the transaction, will be made in a manner that Castine considers to be equitable given the circumstances.

Item 13: Review of Accounts

Reviews

Castine has an internal risk management process in place for monitoring the Funds. The Chief Operating Officer utilizes various reports and security information to create internal exposure reports that are reviewed by the Portfolio Manager. The investment team, consisting of the Portfolio Manager and the analysts, continuously review the Funds to ensure the investments are consistent with the investment objectives, philosophy, strategy and methodologies that we have described to investors in our offering documents and to ensure that they are comfortable with the general levels of investment, position concentration and other measures of risk/reward potential.

Reporting

Monthly capital statements summarizing the investor's individual performance are prepared by the Administrator and provided to investors. In addition, a monthly fund performance update is provided to investors.

On a quarterly basis, Castine provides each investor with an investor letter that includes performance information, commentary, investment updates and organizational updates.

On an annual basis, each investor receives a copy of the Fund's audited financial statements prepared by the independent auditors and tax reporting information. Castine also provides additional information as requested by our investors provided that such requests are deemed reasonable in content and scope and that we are prepared to supply the same level of information to other investors who may ask for similar information.

Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation

Castine does not receive any economic benefit from anyone other than its clients for providing investment advice or other advisory services to its clients, nor do we compensate any person for client referrals.

Item 15: Custody

While Castine does not hold investor subscription monies, Castine is deemed to have custody of the funds and securities of the Castine Funds as a result of the authority of Castine and the Fund's general partner to withdraw funds or securities from the Castine Funds for the payment of management fees and other expenses, as well as the overall access of such persons to the funds and securities of the funds.

Consistent with the requirements under the Advisers Act, the assets of the Castine Funds are held in accounts maintained with our prime brokers, who are "qualified custodians" within the meaning of the Advisers Act. Our prime brokers are registered broker-dealers that hold Fund assets in separate accounts (or in a separate customer account with records identifying the assets of each such Fund in accordance with applicable broker-dealer and custodial bank regulation).

In addition, the annual financial statements of the Funds are prepared in accordance with GAAP, audited by an independent accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board and distributed to all investors within 120 days of the Funds' fiscal year end.

Item 16: Investment Discretion

Castine has full discretionary authority over all assets it manages for the Castine Funds pursuant to an investment management or limited partnership agreement and consistent with the investment objectives and strategy described in each Fund's offering documents. Castine does not provide advisory services directly to investors in the Funds.

Item 17: Voting Client Securities

Castine has the authority to vote client securities, which we exercise in accordance with our written proxy voting policies and procedure. Our policy defines procedures for voting securities for the benefit of, and in the best interest of, the clients (Funds). The objective of voting a security in each case under our policy is to seek to enhance the value of the security, or to reduce potential for a decline in the security's value. Our policy does not prescribe specific voting requirements or specific voting considerations. Instead, it provides procedures for applying the informed expertise and judgment of our investment professionals on a timely basis.

We believe that an important consideration in the framing of a proxy voting policy is the need to avoid unduly diverting resources from our primary responsibilities to add value to our clients' investments through portfolio management and client service. Castine's policy has been prepared on this basis. We do not consider it feasible or desirable to prescribe in advance comprehensive guidelines as to how we will exercise proxy voting authority in all circumstances. The primary aim of our approach to corporate governance issues is to encourage a culture of performance among the companies in which we manage investments in order to add value to our portfolios, rather than one of mere conformance with a prescriptive set of rules and constraints. In our proxy voting policy, we describe some factors we are likely to consider when approaching votes on matters where some general observations may be drawn, but the facts and circumstances of the issuer at the time of each vote ultimately guides our voting decision.

We use reasonable efforts to determine whether a potential conflict may exist with respect to voting proxies and are sensitive to conflicts of interest that may arise in the proxy decision-making process, and therefore have identified potential conflicts as part of our policies and procedures. Materiality determinations are based on an assessment of the particular facts and circumstances and in consultation with outside legal counsel. If we determine that a material conflict of interest exists between the interests of Castine and the interest of the Funds with respect to a particular vote, we will retain a proxy voting service, or turn to another independent third party, to determine the manner in which such vote should be cast.

We will provide a copy of our proxy voting policy and/or information regarding our voting record to clients and investors upon request.

Item 18: Financial Information

Castine does not require or solicit prepayment of any fees six months or more in advance and does not have any financial condition that would impair its ability to meet contractual commitments to clients.