

Kaplan Unlimited Inc.

Firm Brochure - Form ADV Part 2A

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Kaplan Unlimited Inc.. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at (516) 487-9040 or by email at:SKAPLANMD@OPTIMUM.NET. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Kaplan Unlimited Inc. is also available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov. Kaplan Unlimited Inc.'s CRD number is: 297430.

19 Gateway Drive
Great Neck, NY 11021
(516) 487-9040
skaplanmd@optimum.net

Registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

Version Date: 09/11/2018

Item 2: Material Changes

Kaplan Unlimited Inc. has the following material changes to report. Material changes relate to Kaplan Unlimited Inc.'s policies, practices or conflicts of interests.

- Kaplan Unlimited Inc. has updated Item 14.B to disclose the use of solicitors.
- Kaplan Unlimited Inc. has updated their discretionary Asset Under Management. (Item 4E)

Item 3: Table of Contents

Item 1: Cover Page	
Item 2: Material Changes.....	ii
Item 3: Table of Contents.....	iii
Item 4: Advisory Business.....	6
A. Description of the Advisory Firm.....	6
B. Types of Advisory Services.....	6
C. Client Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions	7
D. Wrap Fee Programs.....	7
E. Assets Under Management.....	7
Item 5: Fees and Compensation.....	7
A. Fee Schedule.....	7
B. Payment of Fees.....	8
C. Client Responsibility For Third Party Fees.....	8
D. Prepayment of Fees	8
E. Outside Compensation For the Sale of Securities to Clients.....	9
Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management	9
Item 7: Types of Clients	9
Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, & Risk of Loss	9
A. Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies.....	9
B. Material Risks Involved	10
C. Risks of Specific Securities Utilized	11
Item 9: Disciplinary Information	12
A. Criminal or Civil Actions.....	12
B. Administrative Proceedings	12
C. Self-regulatory Organization (SRO) Proceedings	13
Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations.....	13
A. Registration as a Broker/Dealer or Broker/Dealer Representative	13
B. Registration as a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or a Commodity Trading Advisor	13
C. Registration Relationships Material to this Advisory Business and Possible Conflicts of Interests.....	13
D. Selection of Other Advisers or Managers and How This Adviser is Compensated for Those Selections	13
Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading.....	13
A. Code of Ethics.....	13
B. Recommendations Involving Material Financial Interests	14
C. Investing Personal Money in the Same Securities as Clients.....	14

D. Trading Securities At/ Around the Same Time as Clients' Securities	14
Item 12: Brokerage Practices.....	14
A. Factors Used to Select Custodians and/or Broker/Dealers	14
1. Research and Other Soft-Dollar Benefits	15
2. Brokerage for Client Referrals	15
3. Clients Directing Which Broker/Dealer/Custodian to Use	15
B. Aggregating (Block) Trading for Multiple Client Accounts	15
Item 13: Review of Accounts	16
A. Frequency and Nature of Periodic Reviews and Who Makes Those Reviews.....	16
B. Factors That Will Trigger a Non-Periodic Review of Client Accounts.....	16
C. Content and Frequency of Regular Reports Provided to Clients.....	16
Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation	16
A. Economic Benefits Provided by Third Parties for Advice Rendered to Clients (Includes Sales Awards or Other Prizes)	16
B. Compensation to Non – Advisory Personnel for Client Referrals.....	17
Item 15: Custody.....	17
Item 16: Investment Discretion	17
Item 17: Voting Client Securities (Proxy Voting).....	17
Item 18: Financial Information.....	17
A. Balance Sheet	17
B. Financial Conditions Reasonably Likely to Impair Ability to Meet Contractual Commitments to Clients	18
C. Bankruptcy Petitions in Previous Ten Years	18

Item 4: Advisory Business

A. Description of the Advisory Firm

Kaplan Unlimited Inc. (hereinafter “KUI”) is a Corporation organized in the State of New York. The firm was formed in May 2018, and the principal owner is Stewart Kaplan.

B. Types of Advisory Services

Portfolio Management Services

KUI offers ongoing portfolio management services based on the individual goals, objectives, time horizon, and risk tolerance of each client. KUI creates an Investment Policy Statement for each client, which outlines the client’s current situation (income, tax levels, and risk tolerance levels). Portfolio management services include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Investment strategy
- Asset allocation
- Risk tolerance
- Personal investment policy
- Asset selection
- Regular portfolio monitoring

KUI evaluates the current investments of each client with respect to their risk tolerance levels and time horizon. KUI will request discretionary authority from clients in order to select securities and execute transactions without permission from the client prior to each transaction. Risk tolerance levels are documented in the Investment Policy Statement, which is given to each client.

KUI seeks to provide that investment decisions are made in accordance with the fiduciary duties owed to its accounts and without consideration of KUI’s economic, investment or other financial interests. To meet its fiduciary obligations, KUI attempts to avoid, among other things, investment or trading practices that systematically advantage or disadvantage certain client portfolios, and accordingly, KUI’s policy is to seek fair and equitable allocation of investment opportunities/transactions among its clients to avoid favoring one client over another over time. It is KUI’s policy to allocate investment opportunities and transactions it identifies as being appropriate and prudent among its clients on a fair and equitable basis over time.

Financial Planning

Financial plans and financial planning may include, but are not limited to: investment planning; life insurance; tax concerns; retirement planning; college planning; and debt/credit planning.

Services Limited to Specific Types of Investments

KUI generally limits its investment advice to mutual funds, fixed income securities, insurance products including annuities, equities and ETFs. KUI may use other securities as well to help diversify a portfolio when applicable.

C. Client Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions

KUI offers the same suite of services to all of its clients. However, specific client investment strategies and their implementation are dependent upon the client Investment Policy Statement which outlines each client's current situation (income, tax levels, and risk tolerance levels). Clients may impose restrictions in investing in certain securities or types of securities in accordance with their values or beliefs. However, if the restrictions prevent KUI from properly servicing the client account, or if the restrictions would require KUI to deviate from its standard suite of services, KUI reserves the right to end the relationship.

D. Wrap Fee Programs

A wrap fee program is an investment program where the investor pays one stated fee that includes management fees, transaction costs, and certain other administrative fees. KUI does not participate in wrap fee programs.

E. Assets Under Management

KUI has the following assets under management:

Discretionary Amounts:	Non-discretionary Amounts:	Date Calculated:
\$ 32,143,915.00	\$0.00	September 2018

Item 5: Fees and Compensation

A. Fee Schedule

Portfolio Management Fees

Total Assets Under Management	Annual Fees
All Assets	1.50%

KUI uses an average of the daily balance in the client's account throughout the billing period, after taking into account deposits and withdrawals, for purposes of determining the market value of the assets upon which the advisory fee is based.

These fees are generally negotiable and the final fee schedule will be memorialized in the client's advisory agreement. Clients may terminate the agreement without penalty for a full refund of KUI's fees within five business days of signing the Investment Advisory Contract. Thereafter, clients may terminate the Investment Advisory Contract generally with 30 days' written notice.

Financial Planning Fees

Hourly Fees

The negotiated hourly fee for these services is between \$100 and \$250.

Clients may terminate the agreement without penalty, for full refund of KUI's fees, within five business days of signing the Financial Planning Agreement. Thereafter, clients may terminate the Financial Planning Agreement generally upon written notice.

B. Payment of Fees

Payment of Portfolio Management Fees

Asset-based portfolio management fees are withdrawn directly from the client's accounts with client's written authorization on a quarterly basis. Fees are paid in arrears.

Payment of Financial Planning Fees

Financial planning fees are paid via check, cash and wire.

Hourly financial planning fees are paid in arrears upon completion.

C. Client Responsibility For Third Party Fees

Clients are responsible for the payment of all third party fees (i.e. custodian fees, brokerage fees, mutual fund fees, transaction fees, etc.). Those fees are separate and distinct from the fees and expenses charged by KUI. Please see Item 12 of this brochure regarding broker-dealer/custodian.

D. Prepayment of Fees

KUI collects its fees in arrears. It does not collect fees in advance.

E. Outside Compensation For the Sale of Securities to Clients

Neither KUI nor its supervised persons accept any compensation for the sale of investment products, including asset-based sales charges or service fees from the sale of mutual funds.

Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

KUI does not accept performance-based fees or other fees based on a share of capital gains on or capital appreciation of the assets of a client.

Item 7: Types of Clients

KUI generally provides advisory services to the following types of clients:

- ❖ Individuals
- ❖ High-Net-Worth Individuals

There is no account minimum for any of KUI's services.

Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, & Risk of Loss

A. Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies

Methods of Analysis

KUI's methods of analysis include Charting analysis, Fundamental analysis, Quantitative analysis and Technical analysis.

Charting analysis involves the use of patterns in performance charts. KUI uses this technique to search for patterns used to help predict favorable conditions for buying and/or selling a security.

Fundamental analysis involves the analysis of financial statements, the general financial health of companies, and/or the analysis of management or competitive advantages.

Quantitative analysis deals with measurable factors as distinguished from qualitative considerations such as the character of management or the state of employee morale, such as the value of assets, the cost of capital, historical projections of sales, and so on.

Technical analysis involves the analysis of past market data; primarily price and volume.

Investment Strategies

KUI uses long term trading, short term trading, short sales, margin transactions and options trading (including covered options, uncovered options, or spreading strategies).

Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

B. Material Risks Involved

Methods of Analysis

Charting analysis strategy involves using and comparing various charts to predict long and short term performance or market trends. The risk involved in using this method is that only past performance data is considered without using other methods to crosscheck data. Using charting analysis without other methods of analysis would be making the assumption that past performance will be indicative of future performance. This may not be the case.

Fundamental analysis concentrates on factors that determine a company's value and expected future earnings. This strategy would normally encourage equity purchases in stocks that are undervalued or priced below their perceived value. The risk assumed is that the market will fail to reach expectations of perceived value.

Quantitative analysis Investment strategies using quantitative models may perform differently than expected as a result of, among other things, the factors used in the models, the weight placed on each factor, changes from the factors' historical trends, and technical issues in the construction and implementation of the models.

Technical analysis attempts to predict a future stock price or direction based on market trends. The assumption is that the market follows discernible patterns and if these patterns can be identified then a prediction can be made. The risk is that markets do not always follow patterns and relying solely on this method may not take into account new patterns that emerge over time.

Investment Strategies

KUI's use of short sales, margin transactions and options trading generally holds greater risk, and clients should be aware that there is a material risk of loss using any of those strategies.

Long term trading is designed to capture market rates of both return and risk. Due to its nature, the long-term investment strategy can expose clients to various types of risk that will typically surface at various intervals during the time the client owns the

investments. These risks include but are not limited to inflation (purchasing power) risk, interest rate risk, economic risk, market risk, and political/regulatory risk.

Margin transactions use leverage that is borrowed from a brokerage firm as collateral. When losses occur, the value of the margin account may fall below the brokerage firm's threshold thereby triggering a margin call. This may force the account holder to either allocate more funds to the account or sell assets on a shorter time frame than desired.

Options transactions involve a contract to purchase a security at a given price, not necessarily at market value, depending on the market. This strategy includes the risk that an option may expire out of the money resulting in minimal or no value, as well as the possibility of leveraged loss of trading capital due to the leveraged nature of stock options.

Short sales entail the possibility of infinite loss. An increase in the applicable securities' prices will result in a loss and, over time, the market has historically trended upward.

Short term trading risks include liquidity, economic stability, and inflation, in addition to the long term trading risks listed above. Frequent trading can affect investment performance, particularly through increased brokerage and other transaction costs and taxes.

Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

C. Risks of Specific Securities Utilized

KUI's use of short sales, margin transactions and options trading generally holds greater risk of capital loss. Clients should be aware that there is a material risk of loss using any investment strategy. The investment types listed below are not guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or any other government agency.

Mutual Funds: Investing in mutual funds carries the risk of capital loss and thus you may lose money investing in mutual funds. All mutual funds have costs that lower investment returns. The funds can be of bond "fixed income" nature (lower risk) or stock "equity" nature.

Equity investment generally refers to buying shares of stocks in return for receiving a future payment of dividends and/or capital gains if the value of the stock increases. The value of equity securities may fluctuate in response to specific situations for each company, industry conditions and the general economic environments.

Fixed income investments generally pay a return on a fixed schedule, though the amount of the payments can vary. This type of investment can include corporate and government debt securities, leveraged loans, high yield, and investment grade debt and structured products, such as mortgage and other asset-backed securities, although individual bonds may be the best known type of fixed income security. In general, the

fixed income market is volatile and fixed income securities carry interest rate risk. (As interest rates rise, bond prices usually fall, and vice versa. This effect is usually more pronounced for longer-term securities.) Fixed income securities also carry inflation risk, liquidity risk, call risk, and credit and default risks for both issuers and counterparties. The risk of default on treasury inflation protected/inflation linked bonds is dependent upon the U.S. Treasury defaulting (extremely unlikely); however, they carry a potential risk of losing share price value, albeit rather minimal. Risks of investing in foreign fixed income securities also include the general risk of non-U.S. investing described below.

Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs): An ETF is an investment fund traded on stock exchanges, similar to stocks. Investing in ETFs carries the risk of capital loss (sometimes up to a 100% loss in the case of a stock holding bankruptcy). Areas of concern include the lack of transparency in products and increasing complexity, conflicts of interest and the possibility of inadequate regulatory compliance.

Annuities are a retirement product for those who may have the ability to pay a premium now and want to guarantee they receive certain monthly payments or a return on investment later in the future. Annuities are contracts issued by a life insurance company designed to meet requirement or other long-term goals. An annuity is not a life insurance policy. Variable annuities are designed to be long-term investments, to meet retirement and other long-range goals. Variable annuities are not suitable for meeting short-term goals because substantial taxes and insurance company charges may apply if you withdraw your money early. Variable annuities also involve investment risks, just as mutual funds do.

Options are contracts to purchase a security at a given price, risking that an option may expire out of the money resulting in minimal or no value. An uncovered option is a type of options contract that is not backed by an offsetting position that would help mitigate risk. The risk for a “naked” or uncovered put is not unlimited, whereas the potential loss for an uncovered call option is limitless. Spread option positions entail buying and selling multiple options on the same underlying security, but with different strike prices or expiration dates, which helps limit the risk of other option trading strategies. Option transactions also involve risks including but not limited to economic risk, market risk, sector risk, idiosyncratic risk, political/regulatory risk, inflation (purchasing power) risk and interest rate risk.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

Item 9: Disciplinary Information

A. Criminal or Civil Actions

There are no criminal or civil actions to report.

B. Administrative Proceedings

There are no administrative proceedings to report.

C. Self-regulatory Organization (SRO) Proceedings

There are no self-regulatory organization proceedings to report.

Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

A. Registration as a Broker/Dealer or Broker/Dealer Representative

Neither KUI nor its representatives are registered as, or have pending applications to become, a broker/dealer or a representative of a broker/dealer.

B. Registration as a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or a Commodity Trading Advisor

Neither KUI nor its representatives are registered as or have pending applications to become either a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or Commodity Trading Advisor or an associated person of the foregoing entities.

C. Registration Relationships Material to this Advisory Business and Possible Conflicts of Interests

Stewart Kaplan is a Medical Doctor. This is a full-time position.

D. Selection of Other Advisers or Managers and How This Adviser is Compensated for Those Selections

KUI does not utilize nor select third-party investment advisers.

Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

A. Code of Ethics

KUI has a written Code of Ethics that covers the following areas: Prohibited Purchases and Sales, Insider Trading, Personal Securities Transactions, Exempted Transactions, Prohibited Activities, Conflicts of Interest, Gifts and Entertainment, Confidentiality,

Service on a Board of Directors, Compliance Procedures, Compliance with Laws and Regulations, Procedures and Reporting, Certification of Compliance, Reporting Violations, Compliance Officer Duties, Training and Education, Recordkeeping, Annual Review, and Sanctions. KUI's Code of Ethics is available free upon request to any client or prospective client.

B. Recommendations Involving Material Financial Interests

KUI does not recommend that clients buy or sell any security in which a related person to KUI or KUI has a material financial interest.

C. Investing Personal Money in the Same Securities as Clients

From time to time, representatives of KUI may buy or sell securities for themselves that they also recommend to clients. This may provide an opportunity for representatives of KUI to buy or sell the same securities before or after recommending the same securities to clients resulting in representatives profiting off the recommendations they provide to clients. Such transactions may create a conflict of interest. KUI will always document any transactions that could be construed as conflicts of interest and will never engage in trading that operates to the client's disadvantage when similar securities are being bought or sold.

D. Trading Securities At/Around the Same Time as Clients' Securities

From time to time, representatives of KUI may buy or sell securities for themselves at or around the same time as clients. This may provide an opportunity for representatives of KUI to buy or sell securities before or after recommending securities to clients resulting in representatives profiting off the recommendations they provide to clients. Such transactions may create a conflict of interest; however, KUI will never engage in trading that operates to the client's disadvantage if representatives of KUI buy or sell securities at or around the same time as clients.

Item 12: Brokerage Practices

A. Factors Used to Select Custodians and/or Broker/Dealers

Custodians/broker-dealers will be recommended based on KUI's duty to seek "best execution," which is the obligation to seek execution of securities transactions for a client on the most favorable terms for the client under the circumstances. Clients will not necessarily pay the lowest commission or commission equivalent, and KUI may also consider the market expertise and research access provided by the broker-dealer/custodian, including but not limited to access to written research, oral communication with analysts, admittance to research conferences and other resources provided by the brokers that may aid in KUI's research efforts. KUI will never charge a

premium or commission on transactions, beyond the actual cost imposed by the broker-dealer/custodian.

KUI will recommend clients to E*Trade.

1. Research and Other Soft-Dollar Benefits

While KUI has no formal soft dollars program in which soft dollars are used to pay for third party services, KUI may receive research, products, or other services from custodians and broker-dealers in connection with client securities transactions ("soft dollar benefits"). KUI may enter into soft-dollar arrangements consistent with (and not outside of) the safe harbor contained in Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. There can be no assurance that any particular client will benefit from soft dollar research, whether or not the client's transactions paid for it, and KUI does not seek to allocate benefits to client accounts proportionate to any soft dollar credits generated by the accounts. KUI benefits by not having to produce or pay for the research, products or services, and KUI will have an incentive to recommend a broker-dealer based on receiving research or services. Clients should be aware that KUI's acceptance of soft dollar benefits may result in higher commissions charged to the client.

2. Brokerage for Client Referrals

KUI receives no referrals from a broker-dealer or third party in exchange for using that broker-dealer or third party.

3. Clients Directing Which Broker/Dealer/Custodian to Use

KUI may permit clients to direct it to execute transactions through a specified broker-dealer. Clients must refer to their advisory agreements for a complete understanding of how they may be permitted to direct brokerage. If a client directs brokerage, the client will be required to acknowledge in writing that the client's direction with respect to the use of brokers supersedes any authority granted to KUI to select brokers; this direction may result in higher commissions, which may result in a disparity between free and directed accounts; and trades for the client and other directed accounts may be executed after trades for free accounts, which may result in less favorable prices, particularly for illiquid securities or during volatile market conditions. Not all investment advisers allow their clients to direct brokerage.

B. Aggregating (Block) Trading for Multiple Client Accounts

KUI does not aggregate or bunch the securities to be purchased or sold for multiple clients. This may result in less favorable prices, particularly for illiquid securities or during volatile market conditions.

Item 13: Review of Accounts

A. Frequency and Nature of Periodic Reviews and Who Makes Those Reviews

All client accounts for KUI's advisory services provided on an ongoing basis are reviewed at least Monthly by Stewart Kaplan, President, with regard to clients' respective investment policies and risk tolerance levels. All accounts at KUI are assigned to this reviewer.

All financial planning accounts are reviewed upon financial plan creation and plan delivery by Stewart Kaplan, President. Financial planning clients are provided a one-time financial plan concerning their financial situation. After the presentation of the plan, there are no further reports. Clients may request additional plans or reports for a fee.

B. Factors That Will Trigger a Non-Periodic Review of Client Accounts

Reviews may be triggered by material market, economic or political events, or by changes in client's financial situations (such as retirement, termination of employment, physical move, or inheritance).

With respect to financial plans, KUI's services will generally conclude upon delivery of the financial plan.

C. Content and Frequency of Regular Reports Provided to Clients

Each client of KUI's advisory services provided on an ongoing basis will receive a monthly report detailing the client's account, including assets held, asset value, and calculation of fees. This written report will come from the custodian.

Each financial planning client will receive the financial plan upon completion.

Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation

A. Economic Benefits Provided by Third Parties for Advice Rendered to Clients (Includes Sales Awards or Other Prizes)

KUI does not receive any economic benefit, directly or indirectly from any third party for advice rendered to KUI's clients.

B. Compensation to Non – Advisory Personnel for Client Referrals

KUI may, via written arrangement, retain third parties to act as solicitors for KUI's investment management services. All compensation with respect to the foregoing will be fully disclosed to each client to the extent required by applicable law. KUI will ensure each solicitor is properly registered in all appropriate jurisdictions.

Item 15: Custody

When advisory fees are deducted directly from client accounts at client's custodian, KUI will be deemed to have limited custody of client's assets and must have written authorization from the client to do so. Clients will receive all account statements and billing invoices that are required in each jurisdiction, and they should carefully review those statements for accuracy.

Item 16: Investment Discretion

KUI provides discretionary and non-discretionary investment advisory services to clients. The advisory contract established with each client sets forth the discretionary authority for trading. Where investment discretion has been granted, KUI generally manages the client's account and makes investment decisions without consultation with the client as to when the securities are to be bought or sold for the account, the total amount of the securities to be bought/sold, what securities to buy or sell, or the price per share.

Item 17: Voting Client Securities (Proxy Voting)

KUI will not ask for, nor accept voting authority for client securities. Clients will receive proxies directly from the issuer of the security or the custodian. Clients should direct all proxy questions to the issuer of the security.

Item 18: Financial Information

A. Balance Sheet

KUI neither requires nor solicits prepayment of more than \$1,200 in fees per client, six months or more in advance, and therefore is not required to include a balance sheet with this brochure.

B. Financial Conditions Reasonably Likely to Impair Ability to Meet Contractual Commitments to Clients

Neither KUI nor its management has any financial condition that is likely to reasonably impair KUI's ability to meet contractual commitments to clients.

C. Bankruptcy Petitions in Previous Ten Years

KUI has not been the subject of a bankruptcy petition in the last ten years.