

# Stylus Capital LLC

## Firm Brochure - Form ADV Part 2A

*This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Stylus Capital LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at +90 536 433 84 66 or by email at: [info@styluscapital.com](mailto:info@styluscapital.com). The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.*

*Additional information about Stylus Capital LLC is also available on the SEC's website at [www.adviserinfo.sec.gov](http://www.adviserinfo.sec.gov). Stylus Capital LLC's CRD number is: 282156.*

Yesilcimen Sok. Topuz Apt. No:4  
D:2 Dikilitas Mah. Besiktas  
Istanbul, Turkey 34364  
+90 536 433 84 66  
<https://www.styluscapital.com>  
[info@styluscapital.com](mailto:info@styluscapital.com)

*Registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training.*

Version Date: 1/6/2015

## **Item 2: Material Changes**

Stylus Capital LLC has not yet filed an annual updating amendment using the Form ADV Part 2A. Therefore there are no material changes to report.

## Item 3: Table of Contents

Item 1: Cover Page	
Item 2: Material Changes .....	i
Item 3: Table of Contents .....	ii
Item 4: Advisory Business .....	2
A. Description of the Advisory Firm.....	2
B. Types of Advisory Services.....	2
C. Client Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions .....	3
D. Wrap Fee Programs.....	3
E. Assets Under Management.....	3
Item 5: Fees and Compensation.....	4
A. Fee Schedule.....	4
B. Payment of Fees.....	4
C. Client Responsibility For Third Party Fees.....	4
D. Prepayment of Fees .....	4
E. Outside Compensation For the Sale of Securities to Clients.....	5
Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management .....	5
Item 7: Types of Clients .....	5
Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, and Risk of Loss.....	5
A. Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies .....	5
B. Material Risks Involved .....	6
C. Risks of Specific Securities Utilized .....	7
Item 9: Disciplinary Information .....	9
A. Criminal or Civil Actions .....	9
B. Administrative Proceedings .....	9
C. Self-regulatory Organization (SRO) Proceedings .....	9
Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations.....	9
A. Registration as a Broker/Dealer or Broker/Dealer Representative .....	9
B. Registration as a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or a Commodity Trading Advisor .....	9
C. Registration Relationships Material to this Advisory Business and Possible Conflicts of Interests.....	10
D. Selection of Other Advisers or Managers and How This Adviser is Compensated for Those Selections .....	10
Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading.....	10
A. Code of Ethics.....	10
B. Recommendations Involving Material Financial Interests .....	10
C. Investing Personal Money in the Same Securities as Clients.....	10
D. Trading Securities At/ Around the Same Time as Clients' Securities .....	11

Item 12: Brokerage Practices.....	11
A.    Factors Used to Select Custodians and/or Broker/Dealers .....	11
1.    Research and Other Soft Dollar Benefits .....	11
2.    Brokerage for Client Referrals .....	12
3.    Clients Directing Which Broker/Dealer/Custodian to Use .....	12
B.    Aggregating (Block) Trading for Multiple Client Accounts .....	12
Item 13: Review of Accounts .....	12
A.    Frequency and Nature of Periodic Reviews and Who Makes Those Reviews.....	12
B.    Factors That Will Trigger a Non-Periodic Review of Client Accounts.....	12
C.    Content and Frequency of Regular Reports Provided to Clients.....	12
Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation .....	13
A.    Economic Benefits Provided by Third Parties for Advice Rendered to Clients (Includes Sales Awards or Other Prizes) .....	13
B.    Compensation to Non – Advisory Personnel for Client Referrals.....	13
Item 15: Custody.....	13
Item 16: Investment Discretion .....	13
Item 17: Voting Client Securities (Proxy Voting).....	13
Item 18: Financial Information.....	14
A.    Balance Sheet .....	14
B.    Financial Conditions Reasonably Likely to Impair Ability to Meet Contractual Commitments to Clients .....	14
C.    Bankruptcy Petitions in Previous Ten Years .....	14

## **Item 4: Advisory Business**

### **A. Description of the Advisory Firm**

Stylus Capital LLC (hereinafter “Stylus Capital”) is a Limited Liability Company organized in the State of Delaware.

The firm was formed in March 2014, and the principal owner is Burak Yenigun.

### **B. Types of Advisory Services**

#### ***Portfolio Management Services***

Stylus Capital offers ongoing portfolio management services based on the individual goals, objectives, time horizon, and risk tolerance of each client. Stylus Capital creates an Investment Policy Statement for each client, which outlines the client’s current situation (income, tax levels, and risk tolerance levels). Portfolio management services include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Investment strategy
- Asset allocation
- Risk tolerance
- Personal investment policy
- Asset selection
- Regular portfolio monitoring

Stylus Capital evaluates the current investments of each client with respect to their risk tolerance levels and time horizon. Stylus Capital will request discretionary authority from clients in order to select securities and execute transactions without permission from the client prior to each transaction. Risk tolerance levels are documented in the Investment Policy Statement, which is given to each client.

Stylus Capital seeks to provide that investment decisions are made in accordance with the fiduciary duties owed to its accounts and without consideration of Stylus Capital’s economic, investment or other financial interests. To meet its fiduciary obligations, Stylus Capital attempts to avoid, among other things, investment or trading practices that systematically advantage or disadvantage certain client portfolios, and accordingly, Stylus Capital’s policy is to seek fair and equitable allocation of investment opportunities/transactions among its clients to avoid favoring one client over another over time. It is Stylus Capital’s policy to allocate investment opportunities and transactions it identifies as being appropriate and prudent, including initial public offerings ("IPOs") and other investment opportunities that might have a limited supply, among its clients on a fair and equitable basis over time.

### Services Limited to Specific Types of Investments

Stylus Capital generally limits its investment advice to mutual funds, fixed income securities, real estate funds (including REITs), equities, ETFs (including ETFs in the gold and precious metal sectors), treasury inflation protected/inflation linked bonds, commodities, non-U.S. securities and private placements. Stylus Capital may use other securities as well to help diversify a portfolio when applicable.

### **C. Client Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions**

Stylus Capital offers the same suite of services to all of its clients. However, specific client investment strategies and their implementation are dependent upon the client Investment Policy Statement which outlines each client's current situation (income, tax levels, and risk tolerance levels). Clients may impose restrictions in investing in certain securities or types of securities in accordance with their values or beliefs. However, if the restrictions prevent Stylus Capital from properly servicing the client account, or if the restrictions would require Stylus Capital to deviate from its standard suite of services, Stylus Capital reserves the right to end the relationship.

### **D. Wrap Fee Programs**

A wrap fee program is an investment program where the investor pays one stated fee that includes management fees, transaction costs, fund expenses, and other administrative fees. Stylus Capital does not participate in any wrap fee programs.

### **E. Assets Under Management**

Stylus Capital has the following assets under management:

Discretionary Amounts:	Non-discretionary Amounts:	Date Calculated:
\$0	\$0	November 2015

## Item 5: Fees and Compensation

### A. Fee Schedule

#### *Asset-Based Fees for Portfolio Management*

Total Assets Under Management	Annual Fee
\$0 - \$1,000,000	1.00%
\$1,000,001 - And Up	0.65%

These fees are generally negotiable and the final fee schedule is attached as Exhibit II of the Investment Advisory Contract. Clients may terminate the agreement without penalty for a full refund of Stylus Capital's fees within five business days of signing the Investment Advisory Contract. Thereafter, clients may terminate the Investment Advisory Contract generally with 7 days' written notice.

Stylus Capital uses an average of the daily balance in the client's account throughout the billing period, after taking into account deposits and withdrawals, for purposes of determining the market value of the assets upon which the advisory fee is based.

### B. Payment of Fees

#### *Payment of Asset-Based Portfolio Management Fees*

Asset-based portfolio management fees are withdrawn directly from the client's accounts with client's written authorization on a monthly basis. Fees are paid in arrears.

### C. Client Responsibility For Third Party Fees

Clients are responsible for the payment of all third party fees (i.e. custodian fees, brokerage fees, mutual fund fees, transaction fees, etc.). Those fees are separate and distinct from the fees and expenses charged by Stylus Capital. Please see Item 12 of this brochure regarding broker-dealer/custodian.

### D. Prepayment of Fees

Stylus Capital collects its fees in arrears. It does not collect fees in advance.

## **E. Outside Compensation For the Sale of Securities to Clients**

Neither Stylus Capital nor its supervised persons accept any compensation for the sale of securities or other investment products, including asset-based sales charges or service fees from the sale of mutual funds.

## **Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management**

Stylus Capital does not accept performance-based fees or other fees based on a share of capital gains on or capital appreciation of the assets of a client.

## **Item 7: Types of Clients**

Stylus Capital generally provides advisory services to the following types of clients:

- ❖ Individuals
- ❖ High-Net-Worth Individuals
- ❖ Pooled Investment Vehicles
- ❖ Corporations or Business Entities

### ***Minimum Account Size***

There is no account minimum for any of Stylus Capital's services.

## **Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, and Risk of Loss**

### **A. Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies**

#### ***Methods of Analysis***

Stylus Capital's methods of analysis include fundamental analysis and modern portfolio theory.

**Fundamental analysis** involves the analysis of financial statements, the general financial health of companies, and/or the analysis of management or competitive advantages.

**Modern portfolio theory** is a theory of investment that attempts to maximize portfolio expected return for a given amount of portfolio risk, or equivalently minimize risk for a given level of expected return, each by carefully choosing the proportions of various asset.



## ***Investment Strategies***

Stylus Capital uses long term trading, short term trading, short sales, margin transactions and options trading (including covered options, uncovered options, or spreading strategies).

Stylus Capital may recommend unusually risky investments to clients. For example: In cases where our clients have expressed substantial risk tolerance, we can recommend our clients distressed equity or distressed fixed income investments or the derivative products whose underlying's are these securities. Such cases would involve situations where a company or a sovereign entity is undergoing substantial financial stress but given our fundamental analysis the security in question (equity, bond etc.) have substantial upside for returns, along with substantial risk

**Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.**

## **B. Material Risks Involved**

### ***Methods of Analysis***

**Fundamental analysis** concentrates on factors that determine a company's value and expected future earnings. This strategy would normally encourage equity purchases in stocks that are undervalued or priced below their perceived value. The risk assumed is that the market will fail to reach expectations of perceived value.

**Modern Portfolio Theory** assumes that investors are risk adverse, meaning that given two portfolios that offer the same expected return, investors will prefer the less risky one. Thus, an investor will take on increased risk only if compensated by higher expected returns. Conversely, an investor who wants higher expected returns must accept more risk. The exact trade-off will be the same for all investors, but different investors will evaluate the trade-off differently based on individual risk aversion characteristics. The implication is that a rational investor will not invest in a portfolio if a second portfolio exists with a more favorable risk-expected return profile – i.e., if for that level of risk an alternative portfolio exists which has better expected returns.

### ***Investment Strategies***

Stylus Capital's use of short sales, margin transactions and options trading generally holds greater risk, and clients should be aware that there is a material risk of loss using any of those strategies.

**Long term trading** is designed to capture market rates of both return and risk. Due to its nature, the long-term investment strategy can expose clients to various types of risk that will typically surface at various intervals during the time the client owns the investments.

These risks include but are not limited to inflation (purchasing power) risk, interest rate risk, economic risk, market risk, and political/regulatory risk.

**Short term trading** risks include liquidity, economic stability, and inflation, in addition to the long term trading risks listed above. Frequent trading can affect investment performance, particularly through increased brokerage and other transaction costs and taxes.

**Short sales** entail the possibility of infinite loss. An increase in the applicable securities' prices will result in a loss and, over time, the market has historically trended upward.

**Margin transactions** use leverage that is borrowed from a brokerage firm as collateral. When losses occur, the value of the margin account may fall below the brokerage firm's threshold thereby triggering a margin call. This may force the account holder to either allocate more funds to the account or sell assets on a shorter time frame than desired.

**Options transactions** involve a contract to purchase a security at a given price, not necessarily at market value, depending on the market. This strategy includes the risk that an option may expire out of the money resulting in minimal or no value, as well as the possibility of leveraged loss of trading capital due to the leveraged nature of stock options.

**Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.**

### **C. Risks of Specific Securities Utilized**

Stylus Capital's use of short sales, margin transactions and options trading generally holds greater risk of capital loss. Clients should be aware that there is a material risk of loss using any investment strategy. The investment types listed below (leaving aside Treasury Inflation Protected/Inflation Linked Bonds) are not guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or any other government agency.

**Mutual Funds:** Investing in mutual funds carries the risk of capital loss and thus you may lose money investing in mutual funds. All mutual funds have costs that lower investment returns. The funds can be of bond "fixed income" nature (lower risk) or stock "equity" nature.

**Equity** investment generally refers to buying shares of stocks in return for receiving a future payment of dividends and/or capital gains if the value of the stock increases. The value of equity securities may fluctuate in response to specific situations for each company, industry conditions and the general economic environments.

**Fixed income** investments generally pay a return on a fixed schedule, though the amount of the payments can vary. This type of investment can include corporate and government debt securities, leveraged loans, high yield, and investment grade debt and structured products, such as mortgage and other asset-backed securities, although individual bonds may be the best known type of fixed income security. In general, the fixed income market

is volatile and fixed income securities carry interest rate risk. (As interest rates rise, bond prices usually fall, and vice versa. This effect is usually more pronounced for longer-term securities.) Fixed income securities also carry inflation risk, liquidity risk, call risk, and credit and default risks for both issuers and counterparties. The risk of default on treasury inflation protected/inflation linked bonds is dependent upon the U.S. Treasury defaulting (extremely unlikely); however, they carry a potential risk of losing share price value, albeit rather minimal. Risks of investing in foreign fixed income securities also include the general risk of non-U.S. investing described below.

**Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs):** An ETF is an investment fund traded on stock exchanges, similar to stocks. Investing in ETFs carries the risk of capital loss (sometimes up to a 100% loss in the case of a stock holding bankruptcy). Areas of concern include the lack of transparency in products and increasing complexity, conflicts of interest and the possibility of inadequate regulatory compliance. Precious Metal ETFs (e.g., Gold, Silver, or Palladium Bullion backed “electronic shares” not physical metal) specifically may be negatively impacted by several unique factors, among them (1) large sales by the official sector which own a significant portion of aggregate world holdings in gold and other precious metals, (2) a significant increase in hedging activities by producers of gold or other precious metals, (3) a significant change in the attitude of speculators and investors.

**Real Estate** funds (including REITs) face several kinds of risk that are inherent in the real estate sector, which historically has experienced significant fluctuations and cycles in performance. Revenues and cash flows may be adversely affected by: changes in local real estate market conditions due to changes in national or local economic conditions or changes in local property market characteristics; competition from other properties offering the same or similar services; changes in interest rates and in the state of the debt and equity credit markets; the ongoing need for capital improvements; changes in real estate tax rates and other operating expenses; adverse changes in governmental rules and fiscal policies; adverse changes in zoning laws; the impact of present or future environmental legislation and compliance with environmental laws.

**Private placements** carry a substantial risk as they are subject to less regulation than are publicly offered securities, the market to resell these assets under applicable securities laws may be illiquid, due to restrictions, and the liquidation may be taken at a substantial discount to the underlying value or result in the entire loss of the value of such assets.

**Commodities** are tangible assets used to manufacture and produce goods or services. Commodity prices are affected by different risk factors, such as disease, storage capacity, supply, demand, delivery constraints and weather. Because of those risk factors, even a well-diversified investment in commodities can be uncertain.

**Options** are contracts to purchase a security at a given price, risking that an option may expire out of the money resulting in minimal or no value. An uncovered option is a type of options contract that is not backed by an offsetting position that would help mitigate risk. The risk for a “naked” or uncovered put is not unlimited, whereas the potential loss for an uncovered call option is limitless. Spread option positions entail buying and selling multiple options on the same underlying security, but with different strike prices or

expiration dates, which helps limit the risk of other option trading strategies. Option transactions also involve risks including but not limited to economic risk, market risk, sector risk, idiosyncratic risk, political/regulatory risk, inflation (purchasing power) risk and interest rate risk.

**Non-U.S. securities** present certain risks such as currency fluctuation, political and economic change, social unrest, changes in government regulation, differences in accounting and the lesser degree of accurate public information available.

**Past performance is not indicative of future results. Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.**

## **Item 9: Disciplinary Information**

### **A. Criminal or Civil Actions**

There are no criminal or civil actions to report.

### **B. Administrative Proceedings**

There are no administrative proceedings to report.

### **C. Self-regulatory Organization (SRO) Proceedings**

There are no self-regulatory organization proceedings to report.

## **Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations**

### **A. Registration as a Broker/Dealer or Broker/Dealer Representative**

Neither Stylus Capital nor its representatives are registered as, or have pending applications to become, a broker/dealer or a representative of a broker/dealer.

### **B. Registration as a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or a Commodity Trading Advisor**

Neither Stylus Capital nor its representatives are registered as or have pending applications to become either a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or Commodity Trading Advisor or an associated person of the foregoing entities.

### **C. Registration Relationships Material to this Advisory Business and Possible Conflicts of Interests**

Burak Yenigun is founder of Stylus Algo Bilişim ve Danışmanlık A.Ş, a financial software company in Turkey. All activities of this company are totally unrelated to Stylus Capital LLC's business.

### **D. Selection of Other Advisers or Managers and How This Adviser is Compensated for Those Selections**

Stylus Capital does not utilize nor select third-party investment advisers. All assets are managed by Stylus Capital management.

## **Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading**

### **A. Code of Ethics**

Stylus Capital has a written Code of Ethics that covers the following areas: Prohibited Purchases and Sales, Insider Trading, Personal Securities Transactions, Exempted Transactions, Prohibited Activities, Conflicts of Interest, Gifts and Entertainment, Confidentiality, Service on a Board of Directors, Compliance Procedures, Compliance with Laws and Regulations, Procedures and Reporting, Certification of Compliance, Reporting Violations, Compliance Officer Duties, Training and Education, Recordkeeping, Annual Review, and Sanctions. Stylus Capital's Code of Ethics is available free upon request to any client or prospective client.

### **B. Recommendations Involving Material Financial Interests**

Stylus Capital does not recommend that clients buy or sell any security in which a related person to Stylus Capital or Stylus Capital has a material financial interest.

### **C. Investing Personal Money in the Same Securities as Clients**

From time to time, representatives of Stylus Capital may buy or sell securities for themselves that they also recommend to clients. This may provide an opportunity for representatives of Stylus Capital to buy or sell the same securities before or after recommending the same securities to clients resulting in representatives profiting off the recommendations they provide to clients. Such transactions may create a conflict of interest. Stylus Capital will always document any transactions that could be construed as conflicts of interest and will never engage in trading that operates to the client's disadvantage when similar securities are being bought or sold.

#### **D. Trading Securities At/Around the Same Time as Clients' Securities**

From time to time, representatives of Stylus Capital may buy or sell securities for themselves at or around the same time as clients. This may provide an opportunity for representatives of Stylus Capital to buy or sell securities before or after recommending securities to clients resulting in representatives profiting off the recommendations they provide to clients. Such transactions may create a conflict of interest; however, Stylus Capital will never engage in trading that operates to the client's disadvantage if representatives of Stylus Capital buy or sell securities at or around the same time as clients.

### **Item 12: Brokerage Practices**

#### **A. Factors Used to Select Custodians and/or Broker/Dealers**

Custodians/broker-dealers will be recommended based on Stylus Capital's duty to seek "best execution," which is the obligation to seek execution of securities transactions for a client on the most favorable terms for the client under the circumstances. Clients will not necessarily pay the lowest commission or commission equivalent, and Stylus Capital may also consider the market expertise and research access provided by the broker-dealer/custodian, including but not limited to access to written research, oral communication with analysts, admittance to research conferences and other resources provided by the brokers that may aid in Stylus Capital's research efforts. Stylus Capital will never charge a premium or commission on transactions, beyond the actual cost imposed by the broker-dealer/custodian.

Stylus Capital will require clients to use Interactive Brokers LLC.

#### ***1. Research and Other Soft Dollar Benefits***

While Stylus Capital has no formal soft dollars program in which soft dollars are used to pay for third party services, Stylus Capital may receive research, products, or other services from custodians and broker-dealers in connection with client securities transactions ("soft dollar benefits"). Stylus Capital may enter into soft-dollar arrangements consistent with (and not outside of) the safe harbor contained in Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. There can be no assurance that any particular client will benefit from soft dollar research, whether or not the client's transactions paid for it, and Stylus Capital does not seek to allocate benefits to client accounts proportionate to any soft dollar credits generated by the accounts. Stylus Capital benefits by not having to produce or pay for the research, products or services, and Stylus Capital will have an incentive to recommend a broker-dealer based on receiving research or services. Clients should be aware that Stylus Capital's acceptance of soft dollar benefits may result in higher commissions charged to the client.

## ***2. Brokerage for Client Referrals***

Stylus Capital receives no referrals from a broker-dealer or third party in exchange for using that broker-dealer or third party.

## ***3. Clients Directing Which Broker/Dealer/Custodian to Use***

Stylus Capital will require clients to use a specific broker-dealer to execute transactions. Not all advisers require clients to use a particular broker-dealer.

### **B. Aggregating (Block) Trading for Multiple Client Accounts**

If Stylus Capital buys or sells the same securities on behalf of more than one client, then it may (but would be under no obligation to) aggregate or bunch such securities in a single transaction for multiple clients in order to seek more favorable prices, lower brokerage commissions, or more efficient execution. In such case, Stylus Capital would place an aggregate order with the broker on behalf of all such clients in order to ensure fairness for all clients; provided, however, that trades would be reviewed periodically to ensure that accounts are not systematically disadvantaged by this policy. Stylus Capital would determine the appropriate number of shares and select the appropriate brokers consistent with its duty to seek best execution, except for those accounts with specific brokerage direction (if any).

## **Item 13: Review of Accounts**

### **A. Frequency and Nature of Periodic Reviews and Who Makes Those Reviews**

All client accounts for Stylus Capital's advisory services provided on an ongoing basis are reviewed at least monthly by Burak Yenigun, Founder, with regard to clients' respective investment policies and risk tolerance levels. All accounts at Stylus Capital are assigned to this reviewer.

### **B. Factors That Will Trigger a Non-Periodic Review of Client Accounts**

Reviews may be triggered by material market, economic or political events, or by changes in client's financial situations (such as retirement, termination of employment, physical move, or inheritance).

### **C. Content and Frequency of Regular Reports Provided to Clients**

Each client of Stylus Capital's advisory services provided on an ongoing basis will receive a quarterly report detailing the client's account, including assets held, asset value, and calculation of fees. This written report will come from the custodian.

## **Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation**

### **A. Economic Benefits Provided by Third Parties for Advice Rendered to Clients (Includes Sales Awards or Other Prizes)**

Stylus Capital does not receive any economic benefit, directly or indirectly from any third party for advice rendered to Stylus Capital's clients.

### **B. Compensation to Non – Advisory Personnel for Client Referrals**

Stylus Capital may enter into written arrangements with third parties to act as solicitors for Stylus Capital's investment management services. Solicitor relationships will be fully disclosed to each Client to the extent required by applicable law. Stylus Capital will ensure each solicitor is exempt, notice filed, or properly registered in all appropriate jurisdictions. All such referral activities will be conducted in accordance with Rule 206(4)-3 under the Advisers Act, where applicable.

## **Item 15: Custody**

When advisory fees are deducted directly from client accounts at client's custodian, Stylus Capital will be deemed to have limited custody of client's assets and must have written authorization from the client to do so. Clients will receive all account statements and billing invoices that are required in each jurisdiction, and they should carefully review those statements for accuracy.

## **Item 16: Investment Discretion**

Stylus Capital provides discretionary and non-discretionary investment advisory services to clients. The Investment Advisory Contract established with each client sets forth the discretionary authority for trading. Where investment discretion has been granted, Stylus Capital generally manages the client's account and makes investment decisions without consultation with the client as to when the securities are to be bought or sold for the account, the total amount of the securities to be bought/sold, what securities to buy or sell, or the price per share.

## **Item 17: Voting Client Securities (Proxy Voting)**

Stylus Capital will not ask for, nor accept voting authority for client securities. Clients will receive proxies directly from the issuer of the security or the custodian. Clients should direct all proxy questions to the issuer of the security.



## **Item 18: Financial Information**

### **A. Balance Sheet**

Stylus Capital neither requires nor solicits prepayment of more than \$1,200 in fees per client, six months or more in advance, and therefore is not required to include a balance sheet with this brochure.

### **B. Financial Conditions Reasonably Likely to Impair Ability to Meet Contractual Commitments to Clients**

Neither Stylus Capital nor its management has any financial condition that is likely to reasonably impair Stylus Capital's ability to meet contractual commitments to clients.

### **C. Bankruptcy Petitions in Previous Ten Years**

Stylus Capital has not been the subject of a bankruptcy petition in the last ten years.