

VisionPoint Advisory Group, LLC

Firm Brochure - Form ADV Part 2A

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of VisionPoint Advisory Group, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at (800) 282-4032 or by email at: jmars@vpadvisor.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about VisionPoint Advisory Group, LLC is also available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov. VisionPoint Advisory Group, LLC's CRD number is: 1687333.

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Registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

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Item 2: Material Changes

Below listed are the material changes in this brochure from the last annual updating amendment of VisionPoint Advisory Group, LLC on March 21, 2016. Material changes relate to VisionPoint Advisory Group, LLC's policies, practices or conflicts of interests only.

James Mars is now the Chief Compliance Officer effective February, 2017

Matthew Bernard Stahr is no longer with VisionPoint Advisory Group with effective February, 2017

Main office is now 5001 Spring Valley Road, Suite 200W, Dallas, TX 75244

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Item 4: Advisory Business

A. Description of the Advisory Firm

VisionPoint Advisory Group, LLC (hereinafter "VisionPoint") is a Limited Liability Company organized in the State of Iowa. The firm was formed in August 2013. Currently there are four partners: James Mars, JW Waggoner, Donald Peterson, and Andrew Susanin.

B. Types of Advisory Services

VisionPoint offers the following services to advisory clients:

Portfolio Management Services

VisionPoint offers ongoing portfolio management services, through the wrap fee program described below, based on the individual goals, objectives, time horizon, and risk tolerance of each client. VisionPoint seeks to design investment strategies utilizing the client's current situation (income, tax levels, and risk tolerance levels) to construct a plan to aid in the selection of a portfolio that matches each client's specific situation.

Portfolio management services include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Investment strategy
- Asset allocation
- Risk tolerance
- Personal investment policy
- Asset selection
- Regular portfolio monitoring

VisionPoint evaluates the current investments of each client with respect to their risk tolerance levels and time horizon. Risk tolerance levels are documented in the Investment Advisory Contract, which is given to each client.

VisionPoint seeks to provide that investment decisions are made in accordance with the fiduciary duties owed to its accounts and without consideration of VisionPoint's economic, investment or other financial interests. To meet its fiduciary obligations, VisionPoint attempts to avoid, among other things, investment or trading practices that systematically advantage or disadvantage certain client portfolios, and, accordingly, VisionPoint's policy is to seek fair and equitable allocation of investment opportunities/transactions among its clients to avoid favoring one client over another over time.

Selection of Other Advisers

VisionPoint may direct clients to third-party investment advisers, including, as described below, certain programs sponsored by LPL Financial. Before selecting other advisers for clients, VisionPoint will always ensure those other advisers are properly licensed or registered as an investment adviser.

Subadviser Services

VisionPoint may also act as a subadviser to advisers unaffiliated with VisionPoint. These third-party advisers would outsource portfolio management services to VisionPoint. This relationship will be memorialized in each contract between VisionPoint and the third-party advisor.

Pension Consulting Services

VisionPoint offers ongoing consulting services to pension or other employee benefit plans (including but not limited to 401(k) plans) based on the demographics, goals, objectives, time horizon, and/or risk tolerance of the plan's participants.

Financial Planning

Financial plans and financial planning may include, but are not limited to: investment planning; life insurance; tax concerns; retirement planning; college planning; and debt/credit planning.

Services Limited to Specific Types of Investments

VisionPoint generally limits its investment advice to mutual funds, equities, fixed income securities, ETFs (including ETFs in the gold and precious metal sectors), real estate funds (including REITs), non-U.S. securities (to a limited extent), hedge funds, and insurance products including annuities. VisionPoint may invest in American Depositary Receipts, but expects to do so infrequently, and may use other securities as well to help diversify a portfolio when applicable.

C. Client Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions

VisionPoint will tailor a program for each individual client. This will include an interview session to get to know the client's specific needs and requirements as well as a plan that will be executed by VisionPoint on behalf of the client. Clients completed a basic financial plan with their advisor to determine short and long term needs, cash flow, retirement needs in addition to risk tolerance. VisionPoint may use "model portfolios" together with a specific set of recommendations for each client based on their personal restrictions, needs, and targets. Clients may impose restrictions in investing in certain securities or types of securities in accordance with their values or beliefs. However, if the restrictions prevent VisionPoint from properly servicing the client account, or if the restrictions would

require VisionPoint to deviate from its standard suite of services, VisionPoint reserves the right to end the relationship.

D. Wrap Fee Programs

VisionPoint sponsors a wrap fee program, which is an investment program where the investor pays one stated fee that includes management fees, transaction costs, fund expenses, and any other administrative fees. VisionPoint manages the investments in the wrap fee program differently than non-wrap fee accounts in that it will not involve allocation to third party managers. A portion of the fees paid to the wrap account program will be given to VisionPoint as a management fee.

E. Assets Under Management

VisionPoint has the following assets under management:

Discretionary Amounts:	Non-discretionary Amounts:	Date Calculated:
\$ 385,524,678.00	\$ 1,344,777	12/31/2016

Item 5: Fees and Compensation

A. Fee Schedule

Portfolio Management Services Fees

VisionPoint charges an annual fee of up to 2.50% of total assets under management, through the wrap program described above. These fees are generally negotiable and the final fee schedule is attached as Exhibit I of the Investment Advisory Contract.

VisionPoint uses an average of the daily balance in the client's account throughout the billing period, after taking into account deposits and withdrawals, for purposes of determining the market value of the assets upon which the advisory fee is based.

Selection of Other Advisers Fees

VisionPoint may direct clients to third-party investment advisers. VisionPoint will be compensated via a fee share from the advisers to which it directs those clients. This relationship will be memorialized in each contract between VisionPoint and each third-party adviser. The fees shared will not exceed any limit imposed by any regulatory agency. The notice of termination requirement and payment of fees for third-party investment advisers will depend on the specific third-party adviser selected.

In addition, when appropriate VisionPoint will have the ability to provide advisory services through certain programs sponsored by LPL Financial. Annualized fees for participation in LPL advisory programs vary up to maximum of 2.50%. For more information regarding the LPL programs, including more information on the advisory services and fees that apply, the types of investments available in the programs and the potential conflicts of interest presented by the programs please see the LPL Financial Form ADV Part 2 or the applicable LPL program's Wrap Fee Program Brochure and the applicable LPL Financial client agreement.

Subadviser Services Fees

VisionPoint may also act as a subadviser to unaffiliated third-party advisers and VisionPoint would receive a share of the fees collected from the third-party adviser's client. The fees charged will not exceed any limit imposed by any regulatory agency. This relationship will be memorialized in each contract between VisionPoint and the third-party adviser.

Pension Consulting Services Fees

The rate for pension consulting services is an asset-based rate of up to a maximum of 1.00% of the plan assets for which VisionPoint is providing such consulting services. These fees are negotiable.

Financial Planning Fees

Fixed Fees

The maximum rate for creating client financial plans is up to \$10,000. The fees are negotiable and the final fee schedule will be attached as Exhibit II of the Financial Planning Agreement.

Hourly Fees

The hourly fee for these services is \$250. The fees are negotiable and the final fee schedule will be attached as Exhibit II of the Financial Planning Agreement.

Income Based Fees

The maximum fee that can be charged for creating a financial plan based on household income is 2.00%. The fees are negotiable and the final fee schedule will be attached as Exhibit II of the Financial Planning Agreement.

Termination of Agreement

Clients may terminate the agreement without penalty, for full refund of VisionPoint's fees, within five business days of signing the Investment Advisory Contract. Thereafter, clients may terminate the Investment Advisory Contract generally with thirty days' written

notice.

B. Payment of Fees

Payment of Portfolio Management Fees

Portfolio management fees are withdrawn directly from the client's accounts with client's written authorization or may be invoiced and billed directly to the client; clients may select the method in which they are billed. Fees are paid quarterly.

Payment of Selection of Other Advisers Fees

The timing, frequency, and method of paying fees for selection of third-party managers will depend on the specific third-party adviser selected and will be disclosed to the client prior to entering into a relationship with the third-party advisor.

Payment of Subadviser Fees

Subadviser fees may be withdrawn from client's accounts or clients may be invoiced for such fees, as disclosed in each contract between VisionPoint and the applicable third-party adviser.

Payment of Pension Consulting Services Fees

Pension Consulting fees are primarily withdrawn directly from the client's accounts with client's written authorization, but they may also be invoiced and billed directly to the client and clients may select the method in which they are billed. Fees are paid quarterly.

Payment of Financial Planning Fees

Fixed or Hourly Financial Planning fees are paid via check.

C. Clients Are Responsible For Third Party Fees

VisionPoint will wrap third party fees (i.e. custodian fees, brokerage fees, mutual fund fees, transaction fees, etc.). VisionPoint will charge clients one fee of 2.50% of assets under management, and pay all transaction fees using the fee collected from the client. Fees are paid quarterly.

D. Prepayment of Fees

VisionPoint collects its fees in arrears and also in advance.

Refunds for fees paid in advance will be returned within fourteen days to the client via check, or return deposit back into the client's account.

For all asset-based fees paid in advance, the fee refunded will be the balance of the fees collected in advance minus the daily rate* times the number of days in the billing period up to and including the day of termination. (*The daily rate is calculated by dividing the annual asset-based fee by 365.)

Fixed fees that are collected in advance will be refunded based on the prorated amount of work completed at the point of termination.

For hourly fees that are collected in advance, the fee refunded will be the balance of the fees collected in advance minus the hourly rate times the number of hours of work that has been completed up to and including the day of termination.

E. Outside Compensation For the Sale of Securities to Clients

Employees of VisionPoint in their role as registered representatives of LPL Financial accept compensation for the sale of securities to VisionPoint clients.

1. This is a Conflict of Interest

The supervised persons will accept compensation for the sale of securities or other investment products, including asset based sales charges or service fees from the sale of mutual funds to its clients. This presents a conflict of interest and gives the supervised person an incentive to recommend products based on the compensation received rather than on the client's needs. When recommending the sale of securities or investment products for which the supervised persons receives compensation, they will document the conflict of interest in the client file and inform the client of the conflict of interest.

2. Clients Have the Option to Purchase Recommended Products From Other Brokers

Clients always have the option to purchase VisionPoint recommended products through other brokers or agents that are not affiliated with VisionPoint.

3. Commissions are not the Primary Source of Income for VisionPoint

Commissions are not VisionPoint's primary source of compensation.

4. Advisory Fees in Addition to Commissions or Markups

Advisory fees that are charged to clients are not reduced to offset the commissions or markups on securities or investment products recommended to clients.

Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

VisionPoint does not accept performance-based fees or other fees based on a share of capital gains on or capital appreciation of the assets of a client.

Item 7: Types of Clients

VisionPoint generally provides advisory services to the following types of clients:

- ❖ Individuals
- ❖ High-Net-Worth Individuals
- ❖ Banks and Thrift Institutions
- ❖ Pension and Profit Sharing Plans
- ❖ Charitable Organizations
- ❖ Corporations or Business Entities
- ❖ State or Municipal Government Entities
- ❖ Other Investment Advisers

Minimum Account Size

There is no account minimum.

Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, and Risk of Investment Loss

A. Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies

Methods of Analysis

VisionPoint's methods of analysis include charting analysis, fundamental analysis, technical analysis, cyclical analysis, quantitative analysis and modern portfolio theory.

Charting analysis involves the use of patterns in performance charts. VisionPoint uses this technique to search for patterns used to help predict favorable conditions for buying and/or selling a security.

Fundamental analysis involves the analysis of financial statements, the general financial health of companies, and/or the analysis of management or competitive advantages.

Technical analysis involves the analysis of past market data; primarily price and volume.

Cyclical analysis involved the analysis of business cycles to find favorable conditions for buying and/or selling a security.

Quantitative analysis deals with measurable factors as distinguished from qualitative considerations such as the character of management or the state of employee morale, such as the value of assets, the cost of capital, historical projections of sales, and so on.

Modern portfolio theory is a theory of investment which attempts to maximize portfolio expected return for a given amount of portfolio risk, or equivalently minimize risk for a given level of expected return, by carefully choosing the proportions of various assets.

Investment Strategies

VisionPoint uses long term trading, short term trading, short sales, and options trading (including covered options, uncovered options, or spreading strategies).

Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

B. Material Risks Involved

Methods of Analysis

Charting analysis strategy involves using and comparing various charts to predict long and short term performance or market trends. The risk involved in using this method is that only past performance data is considered without using other methods to crosscheck data. Using charting analysis without other methods of analysis would be making the assumption that past performance will be indicative of future performance. This may not be the case.

Fundamental analysis concentrates on factors that determine a company's value and expected future earnings. This strategy would normally encourage equity purchases in stocks that are undervalued or priced below their perceived value. The risk assumed is that the market will fail to reach expectations of perceived value.

Technical analysis attempts to predict a future stock price or direction based on market trends. The assumption is that the market follows discernible patterns and if these patterns can be identified then a prediction can be made. The risk is that markets do not always follow patterns and relying solely on this method may not work long term.

Cyclical analysis assumes that the markets react in cyclical patterns which, once identified, can be leveraged to provide performance. The risks with this strategy are two-fold: 1) the markets do not always repeat cyclical patterns and 2) if too many investors begin to implement this strategy, it changes the very cycles these investors are trying to exploit.

Quantitative Model Risk. Investment strategies using quantitative models may perform differently than expected as a result of, among other things, the factors used in the models, the weight placed on each factor, changes from the factors' historical trends, and technical issues in the construction and implementation of the models.

Modern Portfolio Theory assumes that investors are risk adverse, meaning that given two portfolios that offer the same expected return, investors will prefer the less risky one.

Thus, an investor will take on increased risk only if compensated by higher expected returns. Conversely, an investor who wants higher expected returns must accept more risk. The exact trade-off will be the same for all investors, but different investors will evaluate the trade-off differently based on individual risk aversion characteristics. The implication is that a rational investor will not invest in a portfolio if a second portfolio exists with a more favorable risk-expected return profile – i.e., if for that level of risk an alternative portfolio exists which has better expected returns.

Investment Strategies

VisionPoint's use of short term trading, short sales, and options trading generally holds greater risk and clients should be aware that there is a material risk of loss using any of those strategies.

Long term trading is designed to capture market rates of both return and risk. Due to its nature, the long-term investment strategy can expose clients to various types of risk that will typically surface at various intervals during the time the client owns the investments. These risks include but are not limited to inflation (purchasing power) risk, interest rate risk, economic risk, market risk, and political/regulatory risk.

Short term trading risks include liquidity, economic stability and inflation, in addition to the long term trading risks listed above. Frequent trading, can affect investment performance, particularly through increased brokerage and other transaction costs and taxes.

Short sales entail the possibility of infinite loss. An increase in the applicable securities' prices will result in a loss and, over time, the market has historically trended upward.

Options writing or trading involves a contract to purchase a security at a given price, not necessarily at market value, depending on the market. This strategy includes the risk that an option may expire out of the money resulting in minimal or no value and the possibility of leveraged loss of trading capital due to the leveraged nature of stock options.

Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

C. Risks of Specific Securities Utilized

VisionPoint's use of short sales and options trading generally holds greater risk of capital loss. Clients should be aware that there is a material risk of loss using any investment strategy. The investment types listed below (leaving aside Treasury Inflation Protected/Inflation Linked Bonds) are not guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or any other government agency.

Mutual Funds: Investing in mutual funds carries the risk of capital loss and thus you may lose money investing in mutual funds. All mutual funds have costs that lower investment

returns. They can be of bond “fixed income” nature (lower risk) or stock “equity” nature (mentioned below).

Equity investment generally refers to buying shares of stocks in return for receiving a future payment of dividends and capital gains if the value of the stock increases. The value of equity securities may fluctuate in response to specific situations for each company, industry market conditions and general economic environments.

Fixed income investments generally pay a return on a fixed schedule, though the amount of the payments can vary and include corporate and government debt securities, leveraged loans, high yield, and investment grade debt and structured products, such as mortgage and other asset-backed securities, although individual bonds may be the best known type of fixed income security. In general the fixed income market is volatile, and fixed income securities carry interest rate risk. (As interest rates rise, bond prices usually fall, and vice versa. This effect is usually more pronounced for longer-term securities.) Fixed income securities also carry inflation risk, liquidity risk, call risk and credit and default risks for both issuers and counterparties. The risk of default on treasury inflation protected/inflation linked bonds is dependent upon the U.S. Treasury defaulting (extremely unlikely); however, they carry a potential risk of losing share price value, albeit rather minimal. Risks of investing in foreign fixed income securities also include the general risk of non-U.S. investing described below.

Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs): Investing in ETFs carries the risk of capital loss (sometimes up to a 100% loss in the case of a stock holding bankruptcy). The price of Precious Metal ETFs (e.g., Gold, Silver, or Palladium Bullion backed “electronic shares” not physical metal) may be negatively impacted by several factors, among them (1) large sales by the official sector which own a significant portion of aggregate world holdings in gold and other precious metals, (2) a significant increase in hedging activities by producers of gold or other precious metals, (3) a significant change in the attitude of speculators and investors.

Real Estate funds (including REITs) face several kinds of risk that are inherent in the real estate sector, which historically has experienced significant fluctuations and cycles in performance. Revenues and cash flows may be adversely affected by: changes in local real estate market conditions due to changes in national or local economic conditions or changes in local property market characteristics; competition from other properties offering the same or similar services; changes in interest rates and in the state of the debt and equity credit markets; the ongoing need for capital improvements; changes in real estate tax rates and other operating expenses; adverse changes in governmental rules and fiscal policies; adverse changes in zoning laws; the impact of present or future environmental legislation and compliance with environmental laws.

Hedge Funds often engage in leveraging and other speculative investment practices that may increase the risk of investment loss; can be highly illiquid; are not required to provide periodic pricing or valuation information to investors; May involve complex tax structures and delays in distributing important tax information; are not

subject to the same regulatory requirements as mutual funds; and often charge high fees. In addition, hedge funds may invest in risky securities and engage in risky strategies.

Options are contracts to purchase a security at a given price, risking that an option may expire out of the money resulting in minimal or no value. An uncovered option is a type of options contract that is not backed by an offsetting position that would help mitigate risk. The risk for a “naked” or uncovered put is not unlimited, whereas the potential loss for an uncovered call option is limitless. Spread option positions entail buying and selling multiple options on the same underlying security, but with different strike prices or expiration dates, which helps limit the risk of other option trading strategies. Option writing also involves risks including but not limited to economic risk, market risk, sector risk, idiosyncratic risk, political/regulatory risk, inflation (purchasing power) risk and interest rate risk.

Non-U.S. securities present certain risks such as currency fluctuation, political and economic change, social unrest, changes in government regulation, differences in accounting and the lesser degree of accurate public information available.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

Item 9: Disciplinary Information

A. Criminal or Civil Actions

There are no criminal or civil actions to report.

B. Administrative Proceedings

There are no administrative proceedings to report.

C. Self-regulatory Organization (SRO) Proceedings

There are no self-regulatory organization proceedings to report.

Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

A. Registration as a Broker/Dealer or Broker/Dealer Representative

VisionPoint’s investment advisory representatives will be registered representatives of LPL Financial.

VisionPoint IARs are also Registered Representatives of LPL Financial Corporation ("LPL"), a registered Broker/Dealer, member FINRA and SIPC. Clients are under no obligation to purchase or sell securities through IARs. However, if a client chooses to implement the recommendations, commissions may be earned by IARs in addition to any fees paid for advisory services. Commissions may be higher or lower at LPL than at other broker/dealers. IARs may have a conflict of interest in having clients purchase securities and/or insurance related products through LPL in that the higher their production with LPL the greater potential for obtaining a higher pay-out on commissions earned. Further, IARs may be restricted to only offering those products and services that have been reviewed and approved for offering to the public through LPL. They spend approximately 20% of their time offering securities products on a commission basis. However, the amount of time spent by each IAR will vary. Some IARs may spend significantly more or less time offering commissionable products and services through LPL.

As discussed previously, certain associated persons of VisionPoint are Registered Representatives of LPL Financial. As a result of this relationship, LPL Financial may have access to certain confidential information (e.g., financial information, investment objectives, transactions and holdings) about VisionPoint' clients, even if client does not establish any account through LPL Financial. If you would like a copy of the LPL Financial privacy policy, please contact our Chief Compliance Officer at 515-974-4579.

Certain VisionPoint Investment Advisory Representatives (IARs) may be dually registered as IARs with the registered investment advisory firm LPL Financial for the sole purpose of offering the LPL Retirement Plan Consulting Program.

VisionPoint Wealth Partners, Ltd. offers insurance products and services for which commissions will be paid. IARs and other related persons of VisionPoint may be licensed with various insurance companies. VisionPoint, its IARs and related persons have a conflict of interest to recommend clients purchase insurance products since commissions may be earned in addition to fees for advisory services. Clients are not obligated to purchase insurance products through VisionPoint or its IARs. IARs spend approximately 5% of their time offering insurance products. However, the amount of time spent by each IAR will vary. Some IARs may spend significantly more or less time offering insurance products and services. The principal business of VisionPoint is not to offer insurance products and services. Less than 10% of VisionPoint' resources are dedicated to insurance business.

As stated above, IARs are generally independent contractors. As such, the IARs have a direct incentive in the advisory fees being charged since a portion of the advisory fee collected by VisionPoint will be paid to the IAR for compensation for advisory services. Further, clients are advised that the amount paid by VisionPoint to the IAR will be based on the production of the IAR. Therefore, the higher sales the IAR produces the

more compensation the IAR will receive. Consequently, since production is a basis for determining the IAR's payout, and since a portion of the advisory fees will be retained by VisionPoint, there is a conflict of interest for the IAR to potentially charge a higher fee.

B. Registration as a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or a Commodity Trading Advisor

Neither VisionPoint nor its representatives are registered as or have pending applications to become either a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or Commodity Trading Advisor or an associated person of the foregoing entities.

C. Registration Relationships Material to this Advisory Business and Possible Conflicts of Interests

VisionPoint's investment adviser representatives will be registered representatives of LPL Financial. From time to time, they will offer clients advice or products from those activities and may receive commissions from sales of packaged products, including without limitation brokerage transactions, mutual fund loads, Variable Annuities. Clients should be aware that these services pay a commission or other compensation and involve a conflict of interest, as commissionable products conflict with the fiduciary duties of a registered investment adviser. VisionPoint always acts in the best interest of the client, including with respect to the sale of commissionable products to advisory clients. Clients are in no way required to implement the plan through any representative of VisionPoint in such individual's capacity as a registered representative.

Certain employees are licensed insurance agents. From time to time, they will offer clients advice or products from those activities. Clients should be aware that these services pay a commission or other compensation and involve a conflict of interest, as commissionable products conflict with the fiduciary duties of a registered investment adviser. VisionPoint always acts in the best interest of the client; including the sale of commissionable products to advisory clients. Clients are in no way required to implement the plan through any representative of VisionPoint in such individual's capacity as an insurance agent.

Potential Conflicts of Interest

If an IAR has recently become associated with LPL, he or she may have received payments from LPL in connection with the transition from another broker dealer. These payments, which may be significant, are intended to assist an IAR with the costs associated with transition, such as moving expenses, leasing space, furniture, staff and termination fees associated with moving accounts; however LPL does not confirm the use of these payments for such transition costs. These payments may be in the form of loans to the IAR, which may be repayable to LPL or may be forgiven by LPL based on years of service with LPL (e.g. if the IAR remains with LPL for 5 years) and/or the scope of business engaged in with LPL, including the amount of advisory account assets with LPL. This presents a potential conflict of interest in that an IAR has a financial incentive to recommend that a client engage

with the IAR and LPL for advisory services in order for the loan to be forgiven. However, an IAR may only recommend a program or service that he or she believes is suitable for you. LPL and VisionPoint Advisory Group have systems in place to review IAR-managed accounts for suitability over the course of the advisory relationship.

In addition, James Mars, Principal of VisionPoint Advisory Group in his role as Office of Jurisdiction (OSJ) Manager, may receive a portion of the payment paid by LPL to the IAR. These payments, are intended to offset costs associated with the support of an IAR's transition. This presents a potential conflict of interest as Mr. Mars has a financial incentive to support the recommendation advisory services associated with LPL. Mr. Mars and the IAR may only recommend a program or service that he believes is suitable for the client involved. LPL and VisionPoint Advisory Group have systems in place to review managed accounts for suitability over the course of the advisory relationship.

Transactions in LPL advisory program accounts are generally effected through LPL as the executing broker-dealer. VisionPoint receives compensation from LPL as a result of a client's participation in an LPL program. Depending on, among other things, the size of the account, changes in its value over time, the ability to negotiate fees or commissions, and the number of transactions, the amount of this compensation may be more or less than what the VisionPoint would receive if the client participated in other programs, whether through LPL or another sponsor, or whether the client paid separately for investment advice, brokerage and other services.

D. Selection of Other Advisers or Managers and How This Adviser is Compensated for Those Selections

VisionPoint may direct clients to third-party investment advisers. VisionPoint will be compensated via a fee share from the advisers to which it directs those clients. This relationship will be memorialized in each contract between VisionPoint and each third-party advisor. The fees shared will not exceed any limit imposed by any regulatory agency. This creates a conflict of interest in that VisionPoint has an incentive to direct clients to the third-party investment advisers that provide VisionPoint with a larger fee split. VisionPoint will always act in the best interests of the client, including when determining which third-party investment adviser to recommend to clients. VisionPoint will ensure that all recommended advisers are licensed or notice filed in the states in which VisionPoint is recommending them to clients.

Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

A. Code of Ethics

VisionPoint has a written Code of Ethics that covers the following areas: Prohibited Purchases and Sales, Insider Trading, Personal Securities Transactions, Exempted Transactions, Prohibited Activities, Conflicts of Interest, Gifts and Entertainment, Confidentiality, Service on a Board of Directors, Compliance Procedures, Compliance with Laws and Regulations, Procedures and Reporting, Certification of Compliance, Reporting Violations, Compliance Officer Duties, Training and Education, Recordkeeping, Annual Review, and Sanctions. Our Code of Ethics is available free upon request to any client or prospective client.

B. Recommendations Involving Material Financial Interests

VisionPoint does not recommend that clients buy or sell any security in which a related person to VisionPoint or VisionPoint has a material financial interest.

C. Investing Personal Money in the Same Securities as Clients

From time to time, representatives of VisionPoint may buy or sell securities for themselves that they also recommend to clients. This may provide an opportunity for representatives of VisionPoint to buy or sell the same securities before or after recommending the same securities to clients resulting in representatives profiting off the recommendations they provide to clients. Such transactions may create a conflict of interest. VisionPoint will always document any transactions that could be construed as conflicts of interest and will never engage in trading that operates to the client's disadvantage when similar securities are being bought or sold.

D. Trading Securities At/Around the Same Time as Clients' Securities

From time to time, representatives of VisionPoint may buy or sell securities for themselves at or around the same time as clients. This may provide an opportunity for representatives of VisionPoint to buy or sell securities before or after recommending securities to clients resulting in representatives profiting off the recommendations they provide to clients. Such transactions may create a conflict of interest; however, VisionPoint will never engage in trading that operates to the client's disadvantage when similar securities are being bought or sold.

Item 12: Brokerage Practices

A. Factors Used to Select Custodians and/or Broker/Dealers

Custodians/broker-dealers will be recommended based on VisionPoint's duty to seek "best execution," which is the obligation to seek to execute securities transactions for a Client on terms that are the most favorable to the Client under the circumstances. The client will not necessarily pay the lowest commission or commission equivalent, and VisionPoint may also consider the market expertise and research access provided by the payment of commissions, including but not limited to access to written research, oral communication with analysts, admittance to research conferences and other resources provided by the brokers to aid in the research efforts of VisionPoint. VisionPoint will never charge a premium or commission on transactions, beyond the actual cost imposed by the broker-dealer/custodian. LPL is recommended by VisionPoint.

1. Research and Other Soft-Dollar Benefits

While VisionPoint has no formal soft dollars program in which soft dollars are used to pay for third party services, VisionPoint may receive research, products, or other services from its broker/dealer in connection with client securities transactions ("soft dollar benefits") consistent with (and not outside of) the safe harbor contained in Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and may consider these benefits in recommending brokers. There can be no assurance that any particular client will benefit from any particular soft dollar research or other benefits. VisionPoint benefits by not having to produce or pay for the research, products or services, and VisionPoint will have an incentive to recommend a broker dealer based on receiving research or services. Clients should be aware that VisionPoint's acceptance of soft dollar benefits may result in higher commissions charged to the client.

VisionPoint personnel from time to time may accept invitations to financial events and conferences from vendors which may include flights, lodging and meals in addition to other expenses. VisionPoint personnel may also be reimbursed for expenses related to these financial events.

2. Brokerage for Client Referrals

VisionPoint receives no referrals from a broker-dealer or third party in exchange for using that broker-dealer or third party.

3. Clients Directing Which Broker/Dealer/Custodian to Use

VisionPoint will require clients to use a specific broker-dealer to execute transactions.

B. Aggregating (Block) Trading for Multiple Client Accounts

If VisionPoint buys or sells the same securities on behalf of more than one client, it

might, but would be under no obligation to, aggregate or bunch, to the extent permitted by applicable law and regulations, the securities to be purchased or sold for multiple Clients in order to seek more favorable prices, lower brokerage commissions or more efficient execution. In such case, VisionPoint would place an aggregate order with the broker on behalf of all such clients in order to ensure fairness for all clients; provided, however, that trades would be reviewed periodically to ensure that accounts are not systematically disadvantaged by this policy. VisionPoint would determine the appropriate number of shares to place with brokers and will select the appropriate brokers consistent with the Adviser's duty to seek best execution, except for those accounts with specific brokerage direction (if any).

Item 13: Reviews of Accounts

A. Frequency and Nature of Periodic Reviews and Who Makes Those Reviews

Currently the VisionPoint Investment Committee meets monthly to review Due Diligence on managers, investments, strategies, etc. The investment committee documents changes within each strategy on an ongoing basis.

B. Factors That Will Trigger a Non-Periodic Review of Client Accounts

Portfolio management reviews may be triggered by material market, economic or political events, or by changes in client's financial situations (such as retirement, termination of employment, physical move, or inheritance). With respect to one-off financial plans, VisionPoint's services will generally conclude upon delivery of the financial plan.

C. Content and Frequency of Regular Reports Provided to Clients

Each portfolio management client will receive at least quarterly a written report that details the client's account including assets held and asset value, which report will come from the custodian. Each one-off financial planning client will receive the financial plan upon completion.

Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation

A. Economic Benefits Provided by Third Parties for Advice Rendered to Clients (Includes Sales Awards or Other Prizes)

VisionPoint does not receive any economic benefit, directly or indirectly from any third party for advice rendered to VisionPoint clients.

B. Compensation to Non – Advisory Personnel for Client Referrals

VisionPoint may enter into written arrangements with third parties to act as solicitors for the Adviser's investment management services. All compensation with respect to the foregoing will be fully disclosed to each Client to the extent required by applicable law. All such referral activities will be conducted in accordance with Rule 206(4)-3 under the Advisers Act, where applicable.

Item 15: Custody

VisionPoint, with client written authority, has limited custody of client's assets through direct fee deduction of VisionPoint's fees only. If the client chooses to be billed directly by LPL or the client's chosen custodian, VisionPoint would have constructive custody over that account and must have written authorization from the client to do so. Clients will receive all account statements and billing invoices that are required in each jurisdiction, and they should carefully review those statements for accuracy.

Item 16: Investment Discretion

VisionPoint provides discretionary and non-discretionary investment advisory services to clients. The Investment Advisory Contract established with each client outlines the discretionary authority for trading. Where investment discretion has been granted, VisionPoint generally manages the client's account and makes investment decisions without consultation with the client as to what securities to buy or sell, when the securities are to be bought or sold for the account, the total amount of the securities to be bought/sold, the price per share. In some instances, VisionPoint's discretionary authority in making these determinations may be limited by conditions imposed by a client (in investment guidelines or objectives, or client instructions otherwise provided to VisionPoint).

Item 17: Voting Client Securities (Proxy Voting)

From time to time, VisionPoint may elect to vote proxies on behalf of clients. VisionPoint acknowledges its fiduciary obligation to vote proxies on behalf of those clients that have delegated to it, or for which it is deemed to have, proxy voting authority. VisionPoint will vote proxies on behalf of a client solely in the best interest of the relevant client. VisionPoint has established general guidelines for voting proxies. VisionPoint may also abstain from voting if, based on factors such as expense or difficulty of exercise, it determines that a client's interests are better served by abstaining. Further, because proxy proposals and individual company facts and circumstances may vary, VisionPoint may vote in a manner that is contrary to the general guidelines if it believes that it would be in a client's best interest to do so. If a proxy proposal presents a conflict of interest between VisionPoint and a client, then VisionPoint will disclose the conflict of interest to the client prior to the proxy vote and, if participating in the vote, will vote in accordance with the client's wishes.

Clients may obtain a complete copy of the proxy voting policies and procedures by contacting VisionPoint in writing and requesting such information. Each client may also request, by contacting

VisionPoint in writing, information concerning the manner in which proxy votes have been cast with respect to portfolio securities held by the relevant client during the prior annual period. Clients can send written requests to the Chief Compliance Officer at jmars@vpadvisor.com.

Item 18: Financial Information

A. Balance Sheet

VisionPoint neither requires nor solicits prepayment of more than \$500 in fees per client, six months or more in advance and therefore does not need to include a balance sheet with this brochure.

B. Financial Conditions Reasonably Likely to Impair Ability to Meet Contractual Commitments to Clients

Neither VisionPoint nor its management has any financial condition that is likely to reasonably impair VisionPoint's ability to meet contractual commitments to clients.

C. Bankruptcy Petitions in Previous Ten Years

VisionPoint has not been the subject of a bankruptcy petition in the last ten years.