

Disclosure Brochure

August 23, 2011

DRAGUS CAPITAL, LLC

a Registered Investment Adviser

1000 Brickell Ave, Suite 200
Miami, Florida

(786) 477-5777

www.draguscapital.com.

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of DRAGUS CAPITAL, LLC (hereinafter "Dragus"). If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact Adriana Gutierrez at (786) 477-5777. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority. Additional information about DRAGUS CAPITAL, LLC is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

DRAGUS CAPITAL, LLC is an SEC registered investment adviser. Registration does not imply any level of skill or training.

Item 2. Material Changes

Since this is Dragus' initial Disclosure Brochure, there are no material changes to report.

Item 3. Table of Contents

Firm Disclosure Brochure

Item 1. Cover Page	i
Item 2. Material Changes	ii
Item 3. Table of Contents.....	iii
Item 4. Advisory Business.....	4
Item 5. Fees and Compensation	6
Item 6. Performance-Based Fees and Side-by-Side Management	9
Item 7. Types of Clients	10
Item 8. Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss	11
Item 9. Disciplinary Information.....	14
Item 10. Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations	15
Item 11. Code of Ethics	16
Item 12. Brokerage Practices.....	17
Item 13. Review of Accounts.....	20
Item 14. Client Referrals and Other Compensation	21
Item 15. Custody	22
Item 16. Investment Discretion.....	23
Item 17. Voting Client Securities	24
Item 18. Financial Information.....	25

Supervised Person Brochure Supplement(s)

Item 4. Advisory Business

Dragus is an independent Registered Investment Advisory Company focused on providing investment management services to high net worth individuals, families, companies and institutions. By consolidating resources Dragus provides a discreet and stable service based on strategies designed to protect and grow the liquid assets of our clients.

Dragus' sole mission is the management of its client's liquid assets. The firm's objective is the preservation of capital and the long term growth of the assets under its management. We achieve this through intelligent solutions focused on the specific needs of our individual clients.

Dragus provides close consultation and consideration of its clients' goals and risk tolerance before reaching a mutual decision with the client on how best to seek to build and preserve their wealth. Dragus follows a rigorous and disciplined process and seeks to leverage high-quality investment products and providers to create a diversified portfolio aimed at meeting its clients' objectives.

Prior to engaging Dragus to provide any of the foregoing investment advisory services, the client is required to enter into one or more written agreements with Dragus setting forth the terms and conditions under which Dragus renders its services (collectively the "*Agreement*").

Dragus has been in business since August 2011. Antonio Polegre, Jorge Sanchez, Javier Madariaga and Antonio Polegre, Jr. are the firm's principal owners. As of August 23, 2011, Dragus has \$0 of assets under management.

This Disclosure Brochure describes the business of Dragus. Certain sections will also describe the activities of *Supervised Persons*. *Supervised Persons* are any of Dragus' officers, partners, directors (or other persons occupying a similar status or performing similar functions), or employees, or any other person who provides investment advice on Dragus' behalf and is subject to Dragus' supervision or control.

Investment Management Services

Clients can engage Dragus to manage all or a portion of their assets either on a discretionary or non-discretionary basis.

Dragus primarily allocates clients' investment management assets among mutual funds, exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), individual debt and equity securities and/or options in accordance with the investment objectives of the client. Dragus Investment Policy does not allow recommendations of private equity placements securities, which may include debt, equity, and/or pooled investment vehicles, even to clients who are "accredited investors" as defined under Rule 501 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Dragus also provides advice about any type of investment held in clients' portfolios.

DRAGUS CAPITAL, LLC Disclosure Brochure

Dragus tailors its advisory services to the individual needs of clients. To do that, Dragus consults with clients initially and on an ongoing basis to determine risk tolerance, time horizon and other factors that may impact the clients' investment needs. Dragus ensures that clients' investments are suitable for their investment needs, goals, objectives and risk tolerance.

Clients are advised to promptly notify Dragus if there are changes in their financial situation or investment objectives or if they wish to impose any reasonable restrictions upon Dragus' management services. Clients may impose reasonable restrictions or mandates on the management of their account (e.g., require that a portion of their assets be invested in socially responsible funds) if, in Dragus' sole discretion, the conditions will not materially impact the performance of a portfolio strategy or prove overly burdensome to its management efforts.

Item 5. Fees and Compensation

Dragus offers its services on a fee basis, which may include hourly and/or fixed fees, as well as fees based upon assets under management or the performance of the client's portfolio.

Non-Discretionary Investment Management Program Fee

Dragus provides non-discretionary investment management services for an annual fee based upon a percentage of the market value of the assets it manages. Dragus' annual fee is exclusive of, and in addition to brokerage commissions, transaction fees, and other related costs and expenses which are incurred by the client. Dragus does not, however, receive any portion of these commissions, fees, and costs. The annual fee is prorated and charged quarterly, in arrears, based upon the market value of the assets being managed by Dragus based on the average balance of the client's assets on the last day of each month in the prior quarter. The annual fee varies (between 0.50% and 1.00%) depending upon the market value of the assets under management, as follows:

<u>PORTFOLIO VALUE</u>	<u>ANNUAL FEE</u>
up to \$5,000,000	1.00%
\$5,000,001 - \$15,000,000	0.80%
above 15,000,000	0.50%

Discretionary Investment Management Program Fee

For *qualified clients* investing with Dragus on a discretionary basis, Dragus generally renders investment management services for a performance-based fee in accordance with the requirements set forth in applicable laws, rules, and regulations. For those clients, Dragus charges a fee based upon a percentage of the market value of the assets being managed by Dragus ("*base fee*") in addition to a fee based on the performance of the account ("*performance fee*").

Dragus charges a *performance fee* up to ten percent (10%) of the net performance by which the account exceeds an agreed upon benchmark, and subject to a high water mark. Dragus also charges a *base fee* which varies (between 0.80% and 1.00%) depending upon the market value of the assets under management, as follows:

<u>PORTFOLIO VALUE</u>	<u>BASE FEE</u>
up to \$5,000,000	1.00%
above \$5,000,000	0.80%

The *base fee* is prorated and charged quarterly, in arrears, based upon the market value of the assets being managed by Dragus. The base fee is calculated upon the average balance of the client's assets on

the last day of each month in the prior quarter. Dragus' *performance fee*, if any, is charged annually, in arrears, based on the net gains of the client's portfolio at the end of the calendar period.

Dragus, in its sole discretion, may negotiate to charge a lesser management fee based upon certain criteria (i.e., anticipated future earning capacity, anticipated future additional assets, dollar amount of assets to be managed, related accounts, account composition, pre-existing client, account retention, *pro bono* activities, etc.).

Fees Charged by Financial Institutions

As further discussed in response to Item 12 (below), Dragus generally recommends that clients utilize the brokerage and clearing services of Pershing, LLC through Pershing Investment Manager Services ("*Pershing*") or RBC Capital Markets, LLC ("*RBC*") for investment management accounts.

Dragus may only implement its investment management recommendations after the client has arranged for and furnished Dragus with all information and authorization regarding accounts with appropriate financial institutions. Financial institutions include, but are not limited to, *Pershing*, RBC and any other broker-dealer recommended by Dragus or directed by the client. These may include trust companies, banks etc. (collectively referred to herein as the "*Financial Institutions*").

Clients may incur certain charges imposed by the *Financial Institutions* and other third parties such as custodial fees, charges imposed directly by a mutual fund or ETF in the account, which are disclosed in the fund's prospectus (e.g., fund management fees and other fund expenses), deferred sales charges, odd-lot differentials, transfer taxes, wire transfer and electronic fund fees, and other fees and taxes on brokerage accounts and securities transactions. Additionally, for assets outside of any wrap fee programs, clients may incur brokerage commissions and transaction fees. Such charges, fees and commissions are charged directly by the broker-dealer and/or custodian to the client and are exclusive of and in addition to Dragus' fee.

Dragus' *Agreement* and the separate agreement with any *Financial Institution* may authorize Dragus to debit the client's account for the amount of Dragus' fee and to directly remit that management fee to Dragus. All *Financial Institutions* recommended by Dragus have agreed to send a statement to the client, at least quarterly, indicating all amounts disbursed from the account including the amount of management fees paid directly to Dragus.

Fees for Management During Partial Quarters of Service

For the initial period of investment management services, the fees are calculated on a *pro rata* basis.

The *Agreement* between Dragus and the client will continue in effect until terminated by either party pursuant to the terms of the *Agreement*. Dragus' fees are prorated through the date of termination and any remaining balance is charged or refunded to the client, as appropriate.

DRAGUS CAPITAL, LLC Disclosure Brochure

Clients may make additions to and withdrawals from their account at any time, subject to Dragus' right to terminate an account. Additions may be in cash or securities provided that Dragus reserves the right to liquidate any transferred securities or decline to accept particular securities into a client's account. Clients may withdraw account assets on notice to Dragus, subject to the usual and customary securities settlement procedures. However, Dragus designs its portfolios as long-term investments and the withdrawal of assets may impair the achievement of a client's investment objectives. Dragus may consult with its clients about the options and ramifications of transferring securities. However, clients are advised that when transferred securities are liquidated, they are subject to transaction fees, fees assessed at the mutual fund level (i.e. contingent deferred sales charge) and/or tax ramifications. Dragus is not empowered to withdraw or transfer assets from a client's account. All transfers and withdrawals must be ordered directly by the client to the custodial.

If assets are deposited into or withdrawn from an account after the inception of a quarter, the fee payable with respect to such assets will be adjusted or prorated based on the number of days remaining in the quarter.

Item 6. Performance-Based Fees and Side-by-Side Management

As discussed in response to Item 5, above, Dragus may render discretionary investment management services to *qualified clients* that so desire, for a performance-based fee. This type of fee arrangement is an option and not a requirement. It is offered only to *qualified clients* that solicit it.

This fee arrangement raises conflicts of interest. The performance fee may be an incentive for Dragus to make investments that are riskier or more speculative than would be the case absent a performance fee arrangement. In addition, where Dragus charges performance-based fees and also provides similar services to accounts not being charged performance-based fees, there is an incentive to favor accounts paying a performance-based fee.

Dragus has procedures in place to ensure that any recommendations made are in the best interest of clients regardless of whether the client is paying a performance-based fee or different type of fee.

.

Item 7. Types of Clients

Dragus provides its services to individuals, trusts, estates, charitable organizations, corporations and business entities. Because of the background of its Principals and their profound knowledge of the region, Dragus specializes in servicing the particular needs of clients from Latin America and Spain.

Minimum Account Size

As a condition for starting and maintaining a relationship, Dragus generally requires a minimum portfolio size of \$1,000,000. The firm may, in its sole discretion, accept clients with smaller portfolios based upon certain criteria, including (but not limited to): anticipated future earning capacity, anticipated future additional assets, dollar amount of assets to be managed, related accounts, account composition, pre-existing client, account retention, and *pro bono* activities. Dragus only accepts clients with less than the minimum portfolio size if, in the sole opinion of Dragus, the smaller portfolio size will not cause a substantial increase of investment risk beyond the client's identified risk tolerance. Under certain circumstances Dragus may aggregate the portfolios of family members as a risk avoidance strategy.

Item 8. Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

Methods of Analysis

Dragus's primarily employs fundamental, technical and cyclical methods of investment analysis.

Fundamental analysis involves the fundamental financial condition and competitive position of a company. Dragus will analyze the financial condition, capabilities of management, earnings, new products and services, as well as the company's markets and position amongst its competitors in order to determine the recommendations made to clients. The primary risk in using fundamental analysis is that while the overall health and position of a company may be good, market conditions may negatively impact the security.

Technical analysis involves the analysis of past market data rather than specific company data in determining the recommendations made to clients. Technical analysis may involve the use of charts to identify market patterns and trends which may be based on investor sentiment rather than the fundamentals of the company. The primary risk in using technical analysis is that spotting historical trends may not help to predict such trends in the future. Even if the trend will eventually reoccur, there is no guarantee that Dragus will be able to accurately predict such a reoccurrence.

Cyclical analysis is similar to technical analysis in that it involves the analysis of market conditions at a macro (entire market/economy) or micro (company specific) level, rather than the overall fundamental analysis of the health of the particular company that Dragus is recommending. The risks with cyclical analysis are similar to those of technical analysis.

Investment Strategies

Dragus seeks to provide clients with investment advisory services as a comprehensive wealth counselor. The firm will assist clients in identifying personal and business goals and objectives as well as time-horizon limits, constraints and risk preferences. These factors serve as the basis for establishing financial plan recommendations, investment return targets, and risk tolerances for the investment portfolio. Clients seeking integrated planning and investment management services are expected to provide Dragus with an overview of their total financial situation, including detailed and ongoing disclosures of any financial strategies or assets that are self-managed or under the direction of other professional service providers.

Dragus will engage in a multi-faceted process of needs analysis which includes a client questionnaire with risk survey, a series of discovery interviews and a request for production of all relevant financial documents by the client. Any resulting financial plan or investment strategy will be based on the client's overall financial and emotional preferential status as disclosed by the client.

Dragus manages investment portfolios based upon the unique risk return profile of each client which it itself based on the on the client's time-horizon, return target, and risk tolerance. Dragus constructs

portfolios designed with the objective of achieving the client's total return target while seeking to reduce risk below that of an unmanaged equity index with similar historical return characteristics.

Risks of Loss

Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs)

An investment in a mutual fund or ETF involves risk, including the loss of principal. Mutual fund and ETF shareholders are necessarily subject to the risks stemming from the individual issuers of the fund's underlying portfolio securities. Such shareholders are also liable for taxes on any fund-level capital gains, as mutual funds and ETFs are required by law to distribute capital gains in the event they sell securities for a profit that cannot be offset by a corresponding loss.

Shares of mutual funds are generally distributed and redeemed on an ongoing basis by the fund itself or a broker acting on its behalf. The trading price at which a share is transacted is equal to a fund's stated daily per share net asset value ("NAV"), plus any shareholders fees (e.g., sales loads, purchase fees, redemption fees). The per share NAV of a mutual fund is calculated at the end of each business day, although the actual NAV fluctuates with intraday changes to the market value of the fund's holdings.

Shares of ETFs are listed on securities exchanges and transacted at negotiated prices in the secondary market. Generally, ETF shares trade at or near their most recent NAV, which is generally calculated at least once daily for indexed-based ETFs and more frequently for actively managed ETFs. However, certain inefficiencies may cause the shares to trade at a premium or discount to their pro rata NAV. There is also no guarantee that an active secondary market for such shares will develop or continue to exist. Generally, an ETF only redeems shares when aggregated as creation units (usually 50,000 shares or more). Therefore, if a liquid secondary market ceases to exist for shares of a particular ETF, a shareholder may have no way to dispose of such shares.

Options

Options allow investors to buy or sell a security at a contracted "strike" price (not necessarily the current market price) at or within a specific period of time. Clients may pay or collect a premium for buying or selling an option. Investors transact in options to either hedge (limit) losses in an attempt to reduce risk or to speculate on the performance of the underlying securities. Options transactions contain a number of inherent risks, including the partial or total loss of principal in the event that the value of the underlying security or index does not increase/decrease to the level of the respective strike price. Holders of options contracts are also subject to default by the option writer which may be unwilling or unable to perform its contractual obligations.

Market Risks

The profitability of a significant portion of Dragus' recommendations may depend to a great extent upon correctly assessing the future course of price movements of stocks and bonds. There can be no assurance that Dragus will be able to predict those price movements accurately.

Use of Margin: (Dragus limits the use of margin facilities in client accounts to *Options*.)

While the use of margin borrowing can substantially improve returns, such use may also increase the adverse impact to which a client's portfolio may be subject. Borrowings will usually be from securities brokers and dealers and will typically be secured by the client's securities and/or other assets. Under certain circumstances, such a broker-dealer may demand an increase in the collateral that secures the client's obligations and if the client were unable to provide additional collateral, the broker-dealer could liquidate assets held in the account to satisfy the client's obligations to the broker-dealer. Liquidation in that manner could have extremely adverse consequences. In addition, the amount of the client's borrowings and the interest rates on those borrowings, which will fluctuate, will have a significant effect on the client's profitability.

General Risk of Loss

Investing in securities involves the risk of loss of principal. Clients should be prepared to bear such loss.

Item 9. Disciplinary Information

Dragus is required to disclose the facts of any legal or disciplinary events that are material to a client's evaluation of its advisory business or the integrity of management. Dragus does not have any required disclosures to this Item.

Item 10. Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

Dragus is required to disclose any relationship or arrangement that is material to its advisory business or to its clients with certain related persons.

Affiliated Investment Adviser

Dragus intends to render investment management services to Dragus International, S.A., a Panamenian “investment advisor” that has applied for registration with the Comision Nacional de Valores (National Securities Commission) of Panama. Dragus International shares common ownership with Dragus Capital (but not management) and primarily serves different clients.

Item 11. Code of Ethics

Dragus and persons associated with Dragus ("Associated Persons") are permitted to buy or sell securities that it also recommends to clients consistent with Dragus's policies and procedures.

Dragus has adopted a code of ethics that sets forth the standards of conduct expected of its associated persons and requires compliance with applicable securities laws ("*Code of Ethics*"). In accordance with Section 204A of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (the "Advisers Act"), its *Code of Ethics* contains written policies reasonably designed to prevent the unlawful use of material non-public information by Dragus or any of its associated persons. The *Code of Ethics* also requires that certain of Dragus's personnel (called "*Access Persons*") report their personal securities holdings and transactions and obtain pre-approval of certain investments such as initial public offerings and limited offerings.

Unless specifically permitted in Dragus's *Code of Ethics*, none of Dragus's *Access Persons* may effect for themselves or for their immediate family (i.e., spouse, minor children, and adults living in the same household as the *Access Person*) any transactions in a security which is being actively purchased or sold, or is being considered for purchase or sale, on behalf of any of Dragus's clients.

When Dragus is purchasing or considering for purchase any security on behalf of a client, no *Access Person* may effect a transaction in that security prior to the completion of the purchase or until a decision has been made not to purchase such security. Similarly, when Dragus is selling or considering the sale of any security on behalf of a client, no *Access Person* may effect a transaction in that security prior to the completion of the sale or until a decision has been made not to sell such security. These requirements are not applicable to: (i) direct obligations of the Government of the United States; (ii) money market instruments, bankers' acceptances, bank certificates of deposit, commercial paper, repurchase agreements and other high quality short-term debt instruments, including repurchase agreements; (iii) shares issued by mutual funds or money market funds; and (iv) shares issued by unit investment trusts that are invested exclusively in one or more mutual funds.

Clients and prospective clients may contact Dragus to request a copy of its *Code of Ethics*.

Item 12. Brokerage Practices

As discussed above, in Item 5, Dragus generally recommends that clients utilize the brokerage and clearing services of *Pershing* or *RBC*.

Factors which Dragus considers in recommending *Pershing*, *RBC* or any other broker-dealer to clients include their respective financial strength, reputation, execution, pricing, research and service. The commissions and/or transaction fees charged by *Pershing* or *RBC* may be higher or lower than those charged by other *Financial Institutions*.

The commissions paid by Dragus' clients comply with its duty to obtain "best execution." Clients may pay commissions that are higher than another qualified *Financial Institution* might charge to effect the same transaction where Dragus determines that the commissions are reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage and research services received. In seeking best execution, the determinative factor is not the lowest possible cost, but whether the transaction represents the best qualitative execution, taking into consideration the full range of a *Financial Institution's* services, including among others, the value of research provided, execution capability, commission rates, and responsiveness. Dragus seeks competitive rates by negotiating with the brokerage/custodian institutional fees that are much smaller than those the client would pay if he would be dealing individually with the broker-custodian but may not necessarily obtain the lowest possible commission rates for client transactions.

Dragus periodically and systematically reviews its policies and procedures regarding its recommendation of *Financial Institutions* in light of its duty to obtain best execution.

The client may direct Dragus in writing to use a particular *Financial Institution* to execute some or all transactions for the client. In that case, the client will negotiate terms and arrangements for the account with that *Financial Institution*, and Dragus will not seek better execution services or prices from other *Financial Institutions* or be able to "batch" client transactions for execution through other *Financial Institutions* with orders for other accounts managed by Dragus (as described below). As a result, the client may pay higher commissions or other transaction costs or greater spreads, or receive less favorable net prices, on transactions for the account than would otherwise be the case. Subject to its duty of best execution, Dragus may decline a client's request to direct brokerage if, in Dragus' sole discretion, such directed brokerage arrangements would result in additional operational difficulties.

Transactions for each client generally will be effected independently, unless Dragus decides to purchase or sell the same securities for several clients at approximately the same time. Dragus may (but is not obligated to) combine or "batch" such orders to obtain best execution, to negotiate more favorable commission rates, or to allocate equitably among Dragus' clients differences in prices and commissions or other transaction costs that might have been obtained had such orders been placed independently. Under this procedure, transactions will generally be averaged as to price and allocated among Dragus' clients pro rata to the purchase and sale orders placed for each client on any given day. To the extent that Dragus determines to aggregate client orders for the purchase or sale of securities, including

securities in which Dragus' *Supervised Persons* may invest, Dragus generally does so in accordance with applicable rules promulgated under the Advisers Act and no-action guidance provided by the staff of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Dragus does not receive any additional compensation or remuneration as a result of the aggregation. In the event that Dragus determines that a prorated allocation is not appropriate under the particular circumstances, the allocation will be made based upon other relevant factors, which may include: (i) when only a small percentage of the order is executed, shares may be allocated to the account with the smallest order or the smallest position or to an account that is out of line with respect to security or sector weightings relative to other portfolios, with similar mandates; (ii) allocations may be given to one account when one account has limitations in its investment guidelines which prohibit it from purchasing other securities which are expected to produce similar investment results and can be purchased by other accounts; (iii) if an account reaches an investment guideline limit and cannot participate in an allocation, shares may be reallocated to other accounts (this may be due to unforeseen changes in an account's assets after an order is placed); (iv) with respect to sale allocations, allocations may be given to accounts low in cash; (v) in cases when a pro rata allocation of a potential execution would result in a *de minimis* allocation in one or more accounts, Dragus may exclude the account(s) from the allocation; the transactions may be executed on a pro rata basis among the remaining accounts; or (vi) in cases where a small proportion of an order is executed in all accounts, shares may be allocated to one or more accounts on a random basis.

Consistent with obtaining best execution, brokerage transactions may be directed to certain broker-dealers in return for investment research products and/or services which assist Dragus in its investment decision-making process. Such research generally will be used to service all of Dragus' clients, but brokerage commissions paid by one client may be used to pay for research that is not used in managing that client's portfolio. The receipt of investment research products and/or services as well as the allocation of the benefit of such investment research products and/or services poses a conflict of interest because Dragus does not have to produce or pay for the products or services.

Software and Support Provided by Financial Institutions

Dragus may receive from *Pershing*, *RBC* or other financial institutions without cost to Dragus, computer software and related systems support, which allow Dragus to better monitor client accounts maintained at *Pershing*, *RBC* or other financial institutions. Dragus may receive the software and related support without cost because Dragus renders investment management services to clients that maintain assets at *Pershing*, *RBC* or other financial institutions. The software and related systems support may benefit Dragus, but not its clients directly. In fulfilling its duties to its clients, Dragus endeavors at all times to put the interests of its clients first. Clients should be aware, however, that Dragus' receipt of economic benefits from a broker-dealer creates a conflict of interest since these benefits may influence Dragus' choice of broker-dealer over another broker-dealer that does not furnish similar software, systems support, or services.

Additionally, Dragus may receive the following benefits from *Pershing* through its Pershing Advisor Solutions division or from RBC Advisor Services or from other financial institutions: receipt of duplicate client confirmations and bundled duplicate statements; access to a trading desk that exclusively services RIA's such as Pershing Advisor Solutions or RBC Advisor Services participants; access to block trading which provides the ability to aggregate securities transactions and then allocate the appropriate shares to client accounts; and access to an electronic communication network for client order entry and account information.

Item 13. Review of Accounts

Dragus formally reviews all client portfolios on a monthly and quarterly basis as part of its system of internal controls. Such reviews are conducted by Dragus's Investment Services Department, the clients CRM and by its Compliance Officer. All investment advisory clients are encouraged to discuss their needs, goals, and objectives with Dragus and to keep Dragus informed of any changes thereto. Dragus contacts ongoing investment advisory clients at least twice every year to review its previous services and/or recommendations and to discuss the impact resulting from any changes in the client's financial situation and/or investment objectives.

Unless otherwise agreed upon, clients are provided with transaction confirmation notices and regular summary account statements directly from the broker-dealer or custodian for the client accounts. Those clients to whom Dragus provides investment advisory services will also receive a quarterly report from Dragus that may include such relevant account and/or market-related information such as an inventory of account holdings and account performance on a quarterly basis. Clients should compare the account statements they receive from their custodian with those they receive from Dragus.

Item 14. Client Referrals and Other Compensation

Dragus is required to disclose any relationship or arrangement where it receives an economic benefit from a third party (non-client) for providing advisory services. In addition, Dragus is required to disclose any direct or indirect compensation that it provides for client referrals. Dragus does not have any required disclosures to this Item.

Item 15. Custody

Dragus' *Agreement* and/or the separate agreement with any *Financial Institution* may authorize Dragus through such *Financial Institution* to debit the client's account for the amount of Dragus' fee and to directly remit that management fee to Dragus in accordance with applicable custody rules.

The *Financial Institutions* recommended by Dragus have agreed to send a statement to the client, at least quarterly, indicating all amounts disbursed from the account including the amount of management fees paid directly to Dragus. In addition, as discussed in Item 13, Dragus also sends periodic supplemental reports to clients. Clients should carefully review the statements sent directly by the *Financial Institutions* and compare them to those received from Dragus.

Item 16. Investment Discretion

Dragus offers discretionary investment services to clients. Dragus is considered to exercise investment discretion over a client's account if it can effect transactions for the client without first having to seek the client's consent. Dragus is given this authority through a power-of-attorney included in the agreement between Dragus and the client. Clients may request a limitation on this authority (such as certain securities not to be bought or sold). When Dragus is given discretionary authority, Dragus takes discretion over the following activities:

- The securities to be purchased or sold;
- The amount of securities to be purchased or sold; and
- When transactions are made;

Item 17. Voting Client Securities

For certain clients, Dragus may vote client securities (proxies) on behalf of its clients. When Dragus accepts such responsibility, it will only cast proxy votes in a manner consistent with the best interest of its clients. Absent special circumstances, which are fully- described in Dragus' Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures, all proxies will be voted consistent with guidelines established and described in Dragus's Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures, as they may be amended from time-to-time. Clients may contact Dragus to request information about how Dragus voted proxies for that client's securities or to get a copy of Dragus's Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures. A brief summary of Dragus' Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures is as follows:

- Dragus has formed a Proxy Voting Committee that will be responsible for monitoring corporate actions, making voting decisions in the best interest of clients, and ensuring that proxies are submitted in a timely manner. The Proxy Voting Committee will generally vote proxies according to Dragus's then current Proxy Voting Guidelines. The Proxy Voting Guidelines include many specific examples of voting decisions for the types of proposals that are most frequently presented, including: composition of the board of directors; approval of independent auditors; management and director compensation; anti-takeover mechanisms and related issues; changes to capital structure; corporate and social policy issues; and issues involving mutual funds.
- Although the Proxy Voting Guidelines are followed as a general policy, certain issues are considered on a case-by-case basis based on the relevant facts and circumstances. Since corporate governance issues are diverse and continually evolving, Dragus devotes an appropriate amount of time and resources to monitor these changes.
- At the discretion of the Proxy Voting Committee certain "extraordinary corporate actions" may be forwarded to clients together with Dragus recommendations. These will be voted according to the client's direction. Clients can direct Dragus's vote on a particular solicitation and can revoke Dragus's authority to vote proxies.

In situations where there may be a conflict of interest in the voting of proxies due to business or personal relationships that Dragus maintains with persons having an interest in the outcome of certain votes, Dragus will exclude itself from the voting process and will vote according to the client wishes. All circumstances related to *corporate actions* that may arise in the course of business cannot addressed, but Dragus' proxy voting decisions are made in the best interest of its clients.

Item 18. Financial Information

Dragus does not require or solicit the prepayment of fees in advance of providing services to clients.

DRAGUS CAPITAL, LLC

a Registered Investment Adviser

1000 Brickell Ave, Suite 200
Miami, Florida

(786) 477-5777

www.draguscapital.com.

Prepared by:



MARKETCOUNSEL®
The Adviser's Advisor®