

Pingora Partners, LLC
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Firm Contact: Keith Ohnmeis
Managing Member and Chief Compliance Officer

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Pingora Partners, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact by telephone at 307-739-8686 or email at kohnmeis@pingorapartners.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any State Securities Authority.

Additional information about Pingora Partners, LLC is also available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov by searching CRD# 148262.

Please note that the use of the term "registered investment adviser" and description of Pingora Partners, LLC. and/or our associates as "registered" does not imply a certain level of skill or training. You are encouraged to review this Brochure and Brochure Supplements for our firm's associates who advise you for more information on the qualifications of our firm and our employees.

Item 2: Material Changes

Pingora Partners, LLC is required to advise you of any material changes to our Firm Brochure (“Brochure”) from our last annual update. We must state clearly that we are discussing only material changes since the last annual update of our Brochure, and we must provide the date of the last annual update.

Since the last annual amendment filed on 03/29/2017, the following changes have been made:

- As part of the implementation of the Department of Labor’s Fiduciary Rule, the “Compliance with the DOL Fiduciary Rule” section of our Code of Ethics disclosed herein will be effective. This addition includes, among other things, important procedures defining our firm as a level-fee fiduciary and our compliance with the Impartial Conduct Standard.

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Item 4: Advisory Business

We are dedicated to providing individuals and other types of clients with a wide array of investment advisory services. Our firm is a limited liability company formed in the State of Wyoming and has been in business as an investment adviser since 2008. The firm is wholly owned Keith Bryan Ohnmeis.

Description of the Types of Advisory Services We Offer

Asset Management:

We emphasize continuous and regular account supervision. As part of our asset management service, we generally create a portfolio, consisting of individual stocks or bonds, exchange traded funds ("ETFs"), options, mutual funds and other public and private securities or investments. The client's individual investment strategy is tailored to their specific needs and may include some or all of the previously mentioned securities. Each portfolio will be initially designed to meet a particular investment goal, which we determine to be suitable to the client's circumstances. Once the appropriate portfolio has been determined, we review the portfolio at least quarterly and if necessary, rebalance the portfolio based upon the client's individual needs, stated goals and objectives. Each client has the opportunity to place reasonable restrictions on the types of investments to be held in the portfolio.

Tailoring of Advisory Services

We offer individualized investment advice to all clients. We usually do not allow clients to impose restrictions on investing in certain securities or types of securities due to the level of difficulty this would entail in managing their account.

Participation in Wrap Fee Programs

We do not offer wrap fee programs.

Regulatory Assets under Management

We manage \$32,000,000 on a discretionary basis as of December 31, 2016.

Item 5: Fees and Compensation

Compensation for Our Advisory Services

Asset Management:

Assets under Management
All Assets

Annual Percentage of Assets Charge:
Up to 2.00%

Our firm's fees are billed on a pro-rata annualized basis or quarterly in arrears based on the value of your account on the last day of the quarter. Fees will be automatically deducted from your managed account. In rare cases, we will agree to directly bill clients. As part of the fee deduction process, you understand and acknowledge the following:

- a) Clients must provide our firm with written authorization permitting direct payment of advisory fees from their account(s) maintained by a custodian who is independent of our firm;
- b) Our firm sends quarterly statements to the client showing the fee amount, the value of the assets upon which the fee is based, and the specific manner in which the fee is calculated as well as disclosing that it is the client's responsibility to verify the accuracy of fee calculation, and that the custodian does not determine its accuracy; and
- c) The account custodian sends a statement to the client, at least quarterly, showing all account disbursements, including advisory fees.

*Billing to clients and performance reporting will be provided by a third party group.

Other Types of Fees and Expenses

Clients will incur transaction charges for trades executed in their accounts. These transaction fees are separate from our fees and will be disclosed by the firm that the trades are executed through. Also, clients will pay the following separately incurred expenses, which we do not receive any part of: charges imposed directly by a mutual fund, index fund, or exchange traded fund which shall be disclosed in the fund's prospectus (i.e., fund management fees and other fund expenses).

Termination and Refunds

We charge our advisory fees quarterly in arrears. If you wish to terminate our services, you need to contact us in writing and state that you wish to cancel this Agreement Upon receipt of your letter of termination, we will proceed to close out your account and charge you a pro-rata advisory fee(s) for services rendered up to the point of termination.

Commissionable Securities Sales

We do not sell securities for a commission. In order to sell securities for a commission, we would need to have our associated person registered with a broker-dealer. We have chosen not to do so.

Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

We do not charge performance fees to our clients.

Item 7: Types of Clients and Account Requirements

We have the following types of clients:

- Individuals and High Net Worth Individuals;
- Trusts, Estates or Charitable Organizations;
- Pension and Profit Sharing Plans;
- Corporations, limited liability companies and/or other business types

We require a minimum account balance of \$250,000 for our asset management service. Generally, this minimum account balance requirement is not negotiable and would be required throughout the course of the client's relationship with our firm.

Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, and Risk of Loss

Methods of Analysis

We use the following methods of analysis in formulating our investment advice and/or managing client assets:

Fundamental Analysis: We attempt to measure the intrinsic value of a security by looking at economic and financial factors (including the overall economy, industry conditions, and the financial condition and management of the company itself) to determine if the company is underpriced (indicating it may be a good time to buy) or overpriced (indicating it may be time to sell). Fundamental analysis does not attempt to anticipate market movements. This presents a potential risk, as the price of a security can move up or down along with the overall market regardless of the economic and financial factors considered in evaluating the stock.

Investment Strategies We Use

We use the following strategies in managing client accounts, provided that such strategies are appropriate to the needs of the client and consistent with the client's investment objectives, risk tolerance, and time horizons, among other considerations:

Long-Term Purchases: When utilizing this strategy, we may purchase securities with the idea of holding them for a relatively long time (typically held for at least a year). A risk in a long-term purchase strategy is that by holding the security for this length of time, we may not take advantages of short-term gains that could be profitable to a client. Moreover, if our predictions are incorrect, a security may decline sharply in value before we make the decision to sell. Typically, we employ this sub-strategy when we believe the securities to be undervalued; and/or we want exposure to a particular asset class over time, regardless of the current projection for this class. The potential risks associated with this investment strategy involve a lower than expected return, for several years in a row. Lower-than-expected returns that last for a long time and/or that are severe in nature would have the impact of dramatically lowering the ending value of your portfolio, and thus could significantly threaten your ability to meet financial goals.

Short-Term Purchases: When utilizing this strategy, we may also purchase securities with the idea of selling them within a relatively short time (typically a year or less). We do this in an attempt to take advantage of conditions that we believe will soon result in a price swing in the securities we purchase. The potential risks associated with this investment strategy involve currency or exchange rate fluctuations and sharp downturns that may be unrecoverable due to the short time horizon of the investment.

Trading: We purchase securities with the idea of selling them very quickly (typically within 30 days or less). We do this in an attempt to take advantage of our predictions of brief price swings. Trading involves risk that may not be suitable for every investor, and may involve a high volume of trading activity. Each trade generates a commission and the total daily commission on such a high volume of trading can be considerable. Active trading accounts should be considered speculative in nature with the objective being to generate short-term profits. This activity may result in the loss of more than 100% of an investment.

Short Sales: A short sale is a transaction in which an investor sells borrowed securities in anticipation of a price decline and is required to return an equal number of shares at some point in the future. These transactions have a number of risks that make it highly unsuitable for the novice investor. This strategy has a slanted payoff ratio in that the maximum gain (which would occur if the shorted stock was to plunge to zero) is limited, but the maximum loss is theoretically infinite (since stocks can, in theory, go up infinitely in price). The following risks should be considered: (1) In addition to trading commissions, other costs with short selling include that of borrowing the security to short it, as well as interest payable on the margin account that holds the shorted security. (2) The short seller is responsible for making dividend payments on the shorted stock to the entity from whom the stock has been borrowed. (3) Stocks with very high short interest may occasionally surge in price. This usually happens when there is a positive development in the stock, which forces short sellers to buy the shares back to close their short positions. Heavily shorted stocks are also susceptible to "buy-ins," which occur when a broker closes out short positions in a difficult-to-borrow stock whose lenders are demanding it back. (4) Regulators may impose bans on short sales in a specific sector or even in the broad market to avoid panic and unwarranted selling pressure. Such actions can cause a spike in stock prices, forcing the short seller to cover short positions at huge losses. (5) Unlike the "buy-and-hold" investor who can afford to wait for an investment to work out, the short seller does not have the luxury of time because of the many costs and risks associated with short selling. Timing is everything when it comes to shorting. (5) Short selling should only be undertaken by experienced traders who have the discipline to cut a losing short position, rather than add to it hoping that it will eventually work out.

Margin Transactions: We will purchase stocks for your portfolio with money borrowed from your brokerage account. This allows you to purchase more stock than you would be able to with your available cash, and allows us to purchase stock without selling other holdings. Margin accounts and transactions are risky and not necessarily for every client. The potential risks associated with these transactions are (1) You can lose more funds than are deposited into the margin account; (2) the force sale of securities or other assets in your account; (3) the sale of securities or other assets without contacting you; and (4) you may not be entitled to choose which securities or other assets in your account(s) are liquidated or sold to meet a margin call.

Option Writing: We may use options as an investment strategy. An option is a contract that gives the buyer the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell an asset (such as a share of stock) at a specific price on or before a certain date. An option, just like a stock or bond, is a security. An option is also a derivative, because it derives its value from an underlying asset. The two types of options are calls and puts. A call gives us the right to buy an asset at a certain price within a specific period of time. We will buy a call if we have determined that the stock will increase substantially before the option expires. A put gives us the holder the right to sell an asset at a certain price within a specific period of time. We will buy a put if we have determined that the price of the stock will fall before the option expires. We will use options to "hedge" a purchase of the underlying security; in other words, we will use an option purchase to limit the potential upside and downside of a security we have purchased for your portfolio. We use "covered calls", in which we sell an option on security you own. In this strategy, you receive a fee for making the option available, and the person purchasing the option has the right to buy the security from you at an agreed-upon price. We use a "spreading strategy", in which we purchase two or more option contracts (for example, a call option that you buy and a call option that you sell) for the same underlying security. This effectively puts you on both sides of the market, but with the ability to vary price, time and other factors. The potential risks associated with these transactions are that (1) all options expire. The closer the option gets to expiration, the quicker the premium in the option deteriorates; and (2) Prices can move very quickly. Depending on factors

such as time until expiration and the relationship of the stock price to the option's strike price, small movements in a stock can translate into big movements in the underlying options.

Risk of Loss

Investing in securities involves risk of loss that clients should be prepared to bear. While the financial markets and value of the securities your portfolio is invested in may increase and your account(s) could enjoy a gain, it is also possible that the financial markets and the value of the securities your portfolio is invested in may decrease and your account(s) could suffer a loss. It is important that you understand the risks associated with investing in the financial markets, that the risks are appropriately diversified in your investments, and that you ask us any questions you may have.

Description of Material, Significant or Unusual Risks

We generally invest clients' cash balances in FDIC insured bank deposit programs or money market funds, FDIC Insured Certificates of Deposit, high-grade commercial paper and/or government backed debt instruments. Some cash will be maintained so that our firm may debit advisory fees for our services related to Comprehensive Portfolio Management as applicable. Ultimately, we try to achieve the highest return on our clients' cash balances through relatively low-risk conservative investments.

Capital Risk: Capital risk is one of the most basic, fundamental risks of investing; it is the risk that you may lose 100% of your money. All investments carry some form of risk and the loss of capital is generally a risk for any investment instrument.

Currency Risk: Currency or exchange rate risk is a form of risk that arises from the change in price of one currency against another. The constant fluctuations in the foreign currency in which an investment is denominated vis-à-vis one's home currency may add risk to the value of a security. Currency risk is greater for shorter term investments, which do not have time to level off like longer term foreign investments.

Economic Risk: The prevailing economic environment is important to the health of all businesses. Some companies, however, are more sensitive to changes in the domestic or global economy than others. These types of companies are often referred to as cyclical businesses. Countries in which a large portion of businesses are in cyclical industries are thus also very economically sensitive and carry a higher amount of economic risk. If an investment is issued by a party located in a country that experiences wide swings from an economic standpoint or in situations where certain elements of an investment instrument are hinged on dealings in such countries, the investment instrument will generally be subject to a higher level of economic risk.

ETF & Mutual Fund Risk: When investing in an ETF or mutual fund, you will bear additional expenses based on your pro rata share of the ETF's or mutual fund's operating expenses, including the potential duplication of management fees. The risk of owning an ETF or mutual fund generally reflects the risks of owning the underlying securities the ETF or mutual fund holds. Clients will also incur brokerage costs when purchasing ETFs.

Financial Risk: Financial risk is represented by internal disruptions within an investment or the issuer of an investment that can lead to unfavorable performance of the investment. Examples of financial risk can be found in cases like Enron or many of the dot com companies that were caught up in a period of extraordinary market valuations that were not based on solid financial footings of the companies.

Options Risk: Options on securities may be subject to greater fluctuations in value than an investment in the underlying securities. Purchasing and writing put and call options are highly specialized activities and entail greater than ordinary investment risks.

Strategy Risk: There is no guarantee that the investment strategies discussed herein will work under all market conditions and each investor should evaluate his/her ability to maintain any investment he/she is considering in light of his/her own investment time horizon. Investments are subject to risk, including possible loss of principal.

Item 9: Disciplinary Information

We have determined that our firm and management have nothing to disclose under the aforementioned standard.

Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

The following is a description of any relationship or arrangement that is material to our advisory business or to our clients that we or any of our management persons have with any related person listed below. We are required to identify the related person and if the relationship or arrangement creates a material conflict of interest with clients, describe the nature of the conflict and how we address it.

Goff Capital, Inc. is a Family Office in which Mr. Ohnmeis acts as an investment manager. Mr. Ohnmeis also acts as the co-manager for Goff REN Holdings, LLC. Our firm discloses to its Clients that they are under no obligation to engage with Goff Capital, Inc. or Goff REN Holdings, LLC for additional related services and will not be solicited to invest in Goff Capital or Goff REN Holdings, LLC. Mr. Ohnmeis has a 50% vested ownership with Kulik Partners, LP. None of Pingora clients are solicited to invest in Kulik Partners, LP. Mr. Ohnmeis is a partner of Cuerno Largo Partners, LP and owns 12%. None of Pingora clients are solicited to invest in Cuerno Largo Partners, LP. Mr. Ohnmeis devotes approximately 50% of his time to these entities.

Mr. Ohnmeis is a trustee to several trusts but does not act as an advisor to the trusts. None of these trusts invest in or are solicited to invest in Pingora Partners, Inc. Mr. Ohnmeis also maintains private investments in separate private partnerships.

Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions, and Personal Trading

An investment adviser is considered a fiduciary and our firm has a fiduciary duty to all of our clients. As a fiduciary, it is an investment adviser's responsibility to provide fair and full disclosure of all material facts and to act solely in the best interest of each of our clients at all times. Our fiduciary duty is considered the core underlying principle for our Code of Ethics which also includes policies and procedures to avoid Insider Trading, as well as Personal Securities Transactions Policies and Procedures. Upon employment or affiliation, and at least annually thereafter, all supervised persons will sign an acknowledgement that they have read, understand, and agree to comply with our Code of Ethics.

Our firm and supervised persons must conduct business in an honest, ethical, and fair manner and avoid all circumstances that might negatively affect or appear to affect our duty of complete loyalty to all

clients. This disclosure is provided to give all clients a summary of our Code of Ethics. If a client or a potential client wishes to review our Code of Ethics in its entirety, a copy will be provided upon request.

Neither our firm nor a related person recommends to clients, or buys or sells for client accounts, securities in which our firm or a related person has a material financial interest. Related persons of our firm may buy or sell securities and other investments that are also owned by our clients. In order to minimize this potential conflict of interest, our related persons will place client interests ahead of their own interests and adhere to our firm's Code of Ethics. Further, our related persons will refrain from buying or selling the same securities prior to buying or selling for our clients in the same day. If related persons' accounts are included in a block trade, our related persons accounts will be traded in the same manner every time.

Compliance with Department of Labor Fiduciary Rule

Our firm provides investment advice to assets affected by the Department of Labor ("DOL") Fiduciary Rule for a level fee. As such, we abide by the Impartial Conduct Standards as defined by the DOL. To comply with these standards, our firm and our advisors give advice that is in our clients' best interest, charge no more than reasonable compensation (within the meaning of ERISA Section 408(b)(2) and Internal Revenue Code Section 4975(d)(2), and make no misleading statements about investment transactions, compensation, conflicts of interest, and any other matters related to investment decisions.

As a level-fee fiduciary, we maintain a non-variable compensation structure that is provided on the basis of a fixed percentage of the value of assets or a set fee that does not vary with the particular investment recommended, as opposed to a commission or other transaction based fee.

Item 12: Brokerage Practices

Selecting a Brokerage Firm

We seek to recommend a custodian/broker who will hold your assets and execute transactions on terms that are overall most advantageous when compared to other available providers and their services. With the aforementioned in consideration, our firm has an arrangement with the Schwab Institutional division of Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. ("Schwab"), Goldman Sachs ("Goldman") and Southside Bank ("Southside") (collectively "Broker-Dealer"), (collectively "Custodian"), registered broker-dealers, Members SIPC under which we receive non-soft-dollar services such as research and administrative functions including portfolio pricing, account statement generation and fee calculations, which are intended to support our firm in conducting business and in serving the best interests of our clients. These services do not incentivize us to recommend the Custodian. Our recommendation of the Custodian to our clients is based on our clients' interests in receiving best execution and the level of competitively-priced, professional services the Custodian provides.

Soft Dollars and Directed Brokerage

Our firm does not receive client brokerage commissions (or markups or markdowns) to obtain research or other products or services. We do not receive soft dollars, products or services acquired with client brokerage commissions. Our firm does not receive brokerage for client referrals nor do we direct client transactions to the Custodian in return for soft-dollar benefits.

Neither we nor any of our firm's related persons have discretionary authority in making the determination of the brokers with whom orders for the purchase or sale of securities are placed for

execution, and the commission rates at which such securities transactions are effected. We routinely recommend that a client directs us to execute through a specified broker-dealer. Each client will be required to establish their account(s) with the Custodian if not already done. Please note that not all advisers have this requirement.

We allow clients to direct brokerage outside our recommendation. In such cases, we may be unable to achieve the most favorable execution of client transactions as client directed brokerage may cost clients more money. For example, in a directed brokerage account, you may pay higher brokerage commissions because we may not be able to aggregate orders to reduce transaction costs, or you may receive less favorable prices.

Special Considerations for ERISA Clients

A retirement or ERISA plan client may direct all or part of portfolio transactions for its account through a specific broker or dealer in order to obtain goods or services on behalf of the plan. Such direction is permitted provided that the goods and services provided are reasonable expenses of the plan incurred in the ordinary course of its business for which it otherwise would be obligated and empowered to pay. ERISA prohibits directed brokerage arrangements when the goods or services purchased are not for the exclusive benefit of the plan. Consequently, we will request that plan sponsors who direct plan brokerage provide us with a letter documenting that this arrangement will be for the exclusive benefit of the plan.

Aggregation of Purchase or Sale

We perform investment management services for various clients. There are occasions on which portfolio transactions may be executed as part of concurrent authorizations to purchase or sell the same security for numerous accounts served by our firm, which involve accounts with similar investment objectives. Although such concurrent authorizations potentially could be either advantageous or disadvantageous to any one or more particular accounts, they are effected only when we believe that to do so will be in the best interest of the affected accounts. When such concurrent authorizations occur, the objective is to allocate the executions in a manner which is deemed equitable to the accounts involved. In any given situation, we attempt to allocate trade executions in the most equitable manner possible, taking into consideration client objectives, current asset allocation and availability of funds using price averaging, proration and consistently non-arbitrary methods of allocation.

Special Considerations for Sub-Advisory Management Clients

We select the Custodian/Broker Dealer for any purchase or sale of assets of Client Accounts and are responsible for obtaining best execution for transactions. Consistent with this idea, we may, in the allocation of portfolio brokerage business and the payment of brokerage commissions, consider the brokerage and research services furnished the Sub-Adviser by brokers and dealers, in accordance with the provisions of Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such research generally will be used to service all of our clients, but brokerage commissions paid by the Client Accounts may be used to pay for research that is not used in managing the Client Accounts.

Should a Client direct in writing that the Adviser or our firm use a particular broker or dealer, then such Client will negotiate terms and arrangements for their Account with that broker or dealer and we will not seek better execution services or prices from other broker-dealers. As a result, such Client

Account may pay higher commissions or greater spreads, or receive less favorable net prices, on transactions for the Client Account than would otherwise be the case.

Adviser and our firm are not responsible or liable for the acts or omissions of any broker-dealer.

Item 13: Review of Accounts or Financial Plans

We review accounts on at least a weekly basis for our clients subscribing to the Asset Management Service. The nature of these reviews is to learn whether clients' accounts are in line with their investment objectives, appropriately positioned based on market conditions, and investment policies, if applicable. Only our Financial Advisors or Portfolio Managers will conduct reviews.

We may review client accounts more frequently than described above. Among the factors which may trigger an off-cycle review are major market or economic events, the client's life events, requests by the client, etc. We do not provide written reports to clients, unless asked to do so. Verbal reports to clients take place on at least an annual basis when we meet with clients.

Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation

Other Compensation

Except for the arrangements outlined in Item 12 of this brochure, we have no additional arrangements to disclose.

Client Referrals

We do not pay referral fees (non-commission based) to independent solicitors (non-registered representatives) for the referral of their clients to our firm in accordance with Rule 206 (4)-3 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

Item 15: Custody

All of our clients receive at least quarterly account statements directly from their custodians. Upon opening an account with a qualified custodian on a client's behalf, we promptly notify the client in writing of the qualified custodian's contact information. If we decide to also send account statements to clients, such notice and account statements include a legend that recommends that the client compare the account statements received from the qualified custodian with those received from our firm.

We encourage our clients to raise any questions with us about the custody, safety or security of their assets. The custodians we do business with will send you independent account statements listing your account balance(s), transaction history and any fee debits or other fees taken out of your account.

Item 16: Investment Discretion

Our clients need to sign a discretionary investment advisory agreement with our firm for the management of their account. This type of agreement only applies to our Asset Management clients. We do not take or exercise discretion with respect to our other clients.

Item 17: Voting Client Securities

We do not and will not accept the proxy authority to vote client securities. Clients will receive proxies or other solicitations directly from their custodian or a transfer agent. In the event that proxies are sent to our firm, we will forward them on to you and ask the party who sent them to mail them directly to you in the future. Clients may call, write or email us to discuss questions they may have about particular proxy votes or other solicitations.

Item 18: Financial Information

We are not required to provide financial information in this Brochure because:

- We do not require the prepayment of more than \$500 in fees and six or more months in advance.
- We do not take custody of client funds or securities.
- We do not have a financial condition or commitment that impairs our ability to meet contractual and fiduciary obligations to clients.
- We have never been the subject of a bankruptcy proceeding.

Item 19: Requirements for State-Registered Advisers

Executive Officers & Management Persons

Keith Bryan Ohnmeis

Year of Birth: 1959

Formal Education:

- 1985: Southern Methodist University – Dallas, TX; MBA
- 1982: Princeton University – Princeton, NJ; BA

Business Background:

- 2008-Present Pingora Partners LLC; Registered Investment Advisor, Chief Compliance Officer & Managing Member
- 2007-Present Goff Capital Inc.; Principal
- 2003-2008 Madden Asset Management; Registered Investment Advisor
- 1997-2008 Madden Securities; Broker/Dealer
- 1985-1995 Goldman Sachs; Registered Representative

Please see Item 10 of this Firm Brochure for any other business in which our firm is actively engaged. Our firm does not charge performance based fees. Our firm and management persons have not been involved in any arbitration awards, found liable in any civil, self-regulatory organization or administrative proceedings or have any relationships with issuers or securities apart from what is disclosed above.

Our firm does not have compensation arrangements connected with advisory services which are in addition to our advisory fees. Our management persons and representatives do not engage in other financial industry activities or affiliations. As a fiduciary, our firm always put our Client's interest above our own. Information regarding participation of interest in client transactions can be found in our Code of Ethics as well as Item 11 of this Brochure. Clients may obtain a copy of our Code of Ethics by contacting Keith Ohnmeis, Chief Compliance Officer at 307-739-8686.