

ITEM 1: COVER PAGE

WEST GATE ADVISORS, LLC
(“**We**” or “**Us**”)

Form ADV, Part 2A
(the “**Brochure**”)

September 30, 2011

West Gate Advisors, LLC
865 South Figueroa Street, Suite 2100
Los Angeles, CA 90017
www.tcw.com

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of West Gate Advisors, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at advpartII@tcw.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“**SEC**”) or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about West Gate Advisors, LLC also is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

We may refer to ourselves as a “registered investment adviser” or “**RIA**”. You should be aware that registration with the SEC or a state securities authority does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

ITEM 2: MATERIAL CHANGES

This item is not applicable because the September 30, 2011 update of Part 2 of our ADV is the first that we are making in this new format. We will advise you in future annual updates of any material changes, either in this Item or a separate document that we refer to in this Item

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ITEM 4: ADVISORY BUSINESS

WHO WE ARE. We are an investment adviser registered with the SEC under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the “*Advisers Act*”) and have been since 2004. We are a California limited liability company.

We are wholly-owned by Metropolitan West Asset Management, LLC, a California corporation, which is in turn wholly-owned by The TCW Group, Inc., a Nevada corporation (“**Our Parent**”). Our Parent is majority-owned by Société Générale Asset Management S.A., (“**SG Asset Management**”), which is controlled by Société Générale, S.A., (“**SG**”) an international banking company. SG Asset Management is the only 25% or more shareholder of Our Parent. SG is the only 25% or more shareholder of SG Asset Management.

THE SERVICES WE OFFER. We specialize in traditional fixed income management of low duration, intermediate fixed income and total return portfolios, but we also offer more focused strategies and products. We offer fixed income portfolio management services to private investment funds (“the **Funds**”).

While we may tailor our strategies based on specific client requests or restrictions, we generally do not tailor our investment advice based on our determination of the investment needs of our clients. The Funds we provide services to may have investment guidelines that restrict the securities or types of securities that we invest in on their behalf.

ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT. As of June 30, 2011, we had \$1,619,492 in discretionary assets under management and no non-discretionary assets under management.

ITEM 5: FEES AND COMPENSATION

OUR COMPENSATION.

We, or our affiliates, receive management fees payable at the annual rate and paid in the manner described in the relevant offering material for the Fund. We, in our discretion, may waive all or a portion of the management fee as to an investor, or may agree confidentially with an investor to other changes to the management fee respecting such investor. Investors in these Funds may have different fee arrangements.

We, or our affiliates, may receive an incentive fee with respect to a Fund. Each Fund’s offering material provides the terms of these incentive fees and provides other important information about the applicable Fund, including the significant risks associated with an investment in the Fund. Fees based on performance will meet all requirements for such fees as specified under Rule 205-3 under the Advisers Act.

OTHER EXPENSES IN CONNECTION WITH FUNDS.

Our Fund clients will typically pay fees to their custodian in addition to our management fees and incentive fees. Depending on the investment strategy of a particular Fund, the Fund will incur brokerage fees for most equity trading, and the effect of the difference with respect to the bid/ask spread for trading in fixed income investments. If the strategy for the Fund involves derivatives, the Fund may be required to make payments under the derivatives to counterparties. Funds will typically incur fees for maintenance of books and records, audit expense, tax preparation expense, organizational expense, fees to fund administrators, insurance expense, and annual licensing and registration fees and taxes. If the Fund permits borrowing or other leverage, there may be interest expense and fees for credit. Certain alternative strategies may incur legal expense in connection with the acquisition or disposition of investments and the handling of distressed investments. The Fund offering documents describe these fees and expenses in greater detail.

COMPENSATION OF OUR EMPLOYEE MARKETING REPRESENTATIVES.

Our employees who act as our marketing representatives are not normally paid a sales commission by our Funds for marketing those Funds to our clients. If they were to be paid a sales commission by any of our Funds, we would fully disclose that in the Fund documents provided to potential investors prior to investment. We do, however, compensate our Marketing Representatives from the management fees for their clients who invest in our Funds. This practice presents a conflict of interest and gives our marketing representatives an incentive to recommend our investment strategies and Funds based on the compensation received, rather than on a client's needs.

ITEM 6: PERFORMANCE-BASED FEES AND SIDE-BY-SIDE MANAGEMENT

We may receive investment advisory fees for some Funds that we manage that are performance fees, as described in Item 5, above.

Our portfolio managers may share in performance fees. In each case the fees are specifically authorized by the Fund documents and disclosed in any Fund disclosure documents. For other Funds we manage that make the same or similar investments, we may receive investment advisory fees based only on a percentage of assets or a fixed fee.

Performance fees create a risk that:

- we may have an incentive to allocate more attractive investment opportunities to Funds with performance fees, and
- we may cause the Fund to make investments that are more speculative than we would for an Fund with similar investment guidelines that does not have performance fees. However, we may receive no performance fee or a reduced fee

if the account or fund has losses, which can align our interest with the client and temper this risk.

Funds that make similar investments, but do not pay us performance fees, may have different investment advisory fees from each other, which also can create the risk that we may allocate more attractive investment opportunities to Funds with greater investment advisory fees.

To mitigate these risks, we monitor Funds for compliance with investment guidelines and follow investment allocation policies. Under our allocation policies, when a particular investment would be appropriate for several Funds we manage, we apportion the investment in a manner that we determine in good faith to be fair and equitable. Our apportionment may not be strictly pro rata depending on our determination of all relevant factors such as differing investment objectives, diversification considerations, and cash availability. We follow similar good faith apportionment policies when disposing of investments for our Funds. These allocation policies could in certain circumstances adversely affect the price paid or received by our Funds. See Item 12 of this Brochure, describing our *Brokerage Practices*, for more information.

ITEM 7: TYPES OF CLIENTS

Our clients are Funds and are not generally available to the public for investment. A Fund may be organized as either US or non-US pooled investment vehicles, and we or an affiliate also may serve as a general partner or managing member of a Fund that is organized as a limited partnership or limited liability company. Our employees may also serve as officers or directors of Funds that are organized as corporations.

Investment interests in Funds are generally only available to investors who meet the definitions of “Accredited Investor” under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and “Qualified Purchaser” under the Investment Company Act of 1940. In addition, Fund investors are required to make representations concerning their sophistication as investors and ability to bear risk of loss of their entire investment. Under certain circumstances, we may waive all or part of any admission standard of any Fund within our sole discretion. The minimum subscription that will generally be accepted within any particular Fund is disclosed, along with other restrictions on investment, in the offering material provided to potential investors.

The investment objective, investment policies, risk factors and other important information for each Fund is described in the Fund’s offering material.

ITEM 8: METHODS OF ANALYSIS, INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISK OF LOSS

An investment in any of our strategies involves risk, including the risk that an investor can lose money. An investment in any of these strategies by itself is not a balanced

investment program for purposes of an investor's portfolio diversification needs. Investors should consult with their financial adviser regarding the appropriateness of an investment in any of these strategies for their overall investment program.

RISKS OF OUR STRATEGIES.

The principal risks affecting all fixed income strategies are:

- **interest rate risk:** the risk that debt securities will decline in value because of changes in interest rates or a decline in interest rates will lower the Fund's yield.
- **credit risk:** the risk that an issuer will default in the payment of principal and/or interest on a security.
- **price volatility risk:** the risk that the value of the Fund's investment portfolio will change as the prices of its investments go up or down.
- **issuer risk:** the risk that the value of a security may decline for reasons directly related to the issuer such as management performance, financial leverage and reduced demand for the issuer's goods or services.
- **liquidity risk:** the risk that there may be no willing buyer of the Fund's portfolio securities and the Fund may have to sell those securities at a lower price or may not be able to sell the securities at all each of which would have a negative effect on performance.
- **market risk:** the risk that returns from the securities in which the Fund invests will underperform returns from the general securities markets or other types of securities.
- **securities selection risk:** the risk that the securities held by the Fund will underperform other funds investing in the same asset class or benchmarks that are representative of the asset class because of the portfolio managers' choice of securities.
- **portfolio management risk:** the risk that an investment strategy may fail to produce the intended results.
- **globalization risk:** the risk that the growing inter-relationship of all global economies and financial markets has increased the effect of conditions in one country or region on issuers of securities in a different country or region.

The following are risks of strategies that invest in mortgage-backed securities:

- **prepayment risk of mortgage-backed securities:** the risk that in times of declining interest rates, the Fund's higher yielding securities will be prepaid and the Fund will have to replace them with securities having a lower yield.
- **extension risk of mortgage-backed securities:** the risk that in times of rising interest rates mortgage prepayments will slow causing portfolio securities considered short or intermediate term to be long-term securities which fluctuate more widely in response to changes in interest rates than shorter term securities.

The following are risks of strategies that employ derivatives or leverage:

- **derivatives risk:** the risk of investing in derivative instruments, including liquidity, interest rate, market and management risks, mispricing or improper value. Changes in the value of a derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, reference rate or index and the Fund could lose more than the principal amount invested.
- **leveraging risk:** the risk that leverage created from borrowing or certain types of transactions or instruments, including derivatives, may impair the Fund's liquidity, cause it to liquidate positions at an unfavorable time, increase volatility or otherwise not achieve its intended result.
- **counterparty risk:** the risk that the other party to a contract, such as a swap agreement, will not fulfill its contractual obligations.

The following are risks of strategies that invest in asset-backed securities:

- **asset-backed securities investment risk:** the risk that the impairment of the value of the collateral underlying a security in which the Fund invests such as non-payment of loans, will result in a reduction in the value of the security.

METHODS AND SOURCES OF OUR ANALYSIS

We perform fundamental, technical, and cyclical analysis. Our sources of information includes financial news, inspection of corporate activities, internal and external research, corporate rating services, annual reports and corporate filings with the SEC, company press releases, macroeconomic data, and interviews with other investors to gain market intelligences or to learn of possible bondholder initiatives. We conduct interviews with issuers or their representatives to develop earnings estimates and to assess changes in corporate directions, management changes, and financial condition. We receive typical, unsolicited information from various brokers, such as research and analysis regarding securities issuers.

ITEM 9: DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION

Not Applicable.

ITEM 10: OTHER FINANCIAL INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS

Broker-Dealer. TCW Funds Distributors (“TFD”) is a registered broker-dealer that is affiliated with us. Some of our employees are registered representatives or principals of TFD. These registered representatives and principals may receive compensation from us for selling interests in open- and closed-end commingled investment vehicles that we manage. They do not receive sales commissions from those investment vehicles, unless specifically disclosed.

Commodities Registration. Our affiliate Metropolitan West Asset Management, LLC is registered as a commodity trading adviser (“CTA”). Our affiliate TCW Asset Management Company is registered as a commodity pool operator (“CPO”) and a CTA. Trust Company of the West (“TrustCo”), related party that is a California Trust Company licensed by the California Department of Financial Institutions, is also registered as a CPO. Some of our officers are registered as associated persons of the CPO or CTA. These associated persons may receive compensation from us or our affiliates for selling interests in Funds or for Accounts we or our affiliates manage. They do not receive sales commissions or other compensation from those funds or accounts, unless specifically disclosed.

Investment Advisers. For certain strategies, we may retain related registered investment advisers on a fully-disclosed basis. See the ADV Part 1 and the Brochure for each registered investment adviser described below for additional information regarding their investment management services.

- Buchanan Street Partners, L.P. (SEC Number: 801-60634; CRD Number: 113634)
- Metropolitan West Asset Management, LLC (SEC Number: 801-5332; CRD Number 104571)
- TCW Asset Management Company (SEC Number: 801-6642; CRD Number: 105742)
- TCW Investment Management Company (SEC Number: 801-29075; CRD Number: 106546)
- Lyxor Asset Management Inc. (SEC Number: 801-61375; CRD No. 121552)
- West Gate Advisors, LLC (Sec Number: 801- 63237; CRD No. 131967)

Banks and Trust Companies. An affiliate of ours, Trust Company of the West, is a California trust company licensed by the California Department of Financial Institutions. We are indirectly controlled by Société Générale, S.A., an international banking institution. See Item 11, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions, for further information about transactions we may enter into with Société Générale, S.A. and its affiliates.

Private Funds. One or more of our related parties comprise the board of directors of the company listed below that we provide investment management services to and for which our clients of have been solicited to invest. At the time of any such solicitation clients received disclosures relating to the company.

- West Gate Strategic Income Fund I Master Fund Ltd.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

This Brochure may be provided to a prospective investor (“Investor”) in one of our Funds, together with the Fund’s private placement memorandum (“PPM”), organizational documents and other related documents (“Governing Documents”), in

connection with Investor's consideration of an investment in the Fund. While this Brochure may include information about the Fund, it does not represent a complete discussion of the features, risks or conflicts associated with the Fund. More complete information about each of our Funds is included in its PPM and other Governing Documents.

In no event should this Brochure be considered an offer of interests in a Fund or relied upon in determining to invest in a Fund. It is also not an offer of, or agreement to provide, advisory services directly to any recipient. Rather, this Brochure is designed only to provide information about us to comply with regulatory requirements under the Advisers Act, which may cause information in this Brochure to differ from the information provided in a PPM. If there is any conflict between the information in this Brochure and similar information in the Fund's PPM, you should rely on the information in the PPM.

Other Advisers We May Recommend to Clients.

We from time to time recommend to our clients affiliated and unaffiliated investment advisors that are not subsidiaries of The TCW Group, Inc. (together "**Non-TCW Advisors**"). The Non-TCW Advisors may pay us compensation, including a portion of the management and performance fees that they receive, for any of our clients that invest with the Non-TCW advisor. This could create the risk that we refer our clients to the Non-TCW Advisors solely to receive the compensation, without consideration of the interests of the client. However, we review each Non-TCW Advisor, as well as their investment strategies and funds that we recommend, to determine that the adviser has appropriate business capability and capacity and that they offer investment alternatives that may not be available from us. We disclose to the clients we refer to Non-TCW Advisors that we may be compensated if the client establishes an Account or invests in a Fund of the Non-TCW Advisor.

The following are Non-TCW Advisors we may refer our clients to:

- Amundi Group
- Lyxor Asset Management, S.A.
- Lyxor Asset Management Inc.
- Rockefeller & Co., Inc.

ITEM 11: CODE OF ETHICS, PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT TRANSACTIONS AND PERSONAL TRADING

SUMMARY OF OUR CODE OF ETHICS

Our officers, directors and employees are generally subject to our Code of Ethics (the "**Code**"). We will provide a copy of our Code of Ethics to any client or prospective client

upon request. Our contact information appears on the first page of this Brochure. For this summary “TCW” refers to the subsidiaries of The TCW Group, Inc. including us.

The Code includes:

- **Conduct Principles.** General principles of conduct for all employees;
- **Restrictions on Personal Investment.** Restrictions on investment transactions in which our officers, directors and certain other persons have a beneficial interest to avoid any actual or potential conflict or abuse of their fiduciary position. The Code permits personnel subject to the Code to invest in securities, but contains several restrictions and procedures designed to eliminate conflicts of interest including: (a) pre-clearance of non-exempt personal investment transactions; (b) quarterly reporting of personal securities transactions and initial and annual reporting of securities holdings; (c) a prohibition against personally acquiring securities in an initial public offering, entering into uncovered short sales and writing uncovered options; (d) a ten day “black out period” prior or subsequent to a client transaction during which portfolio managers are prohibited from making certain transactions in securities which are being purchased or sold by a client of such manager; (e) a prohibition, with respect to certain investment personnel, from profiting in the purchase and sale, or sale and purchase, of the same (or equivalent) securities, within 60 calendar days; (f) a prohibition against buying or selling any security which is subject to firm wide or, if applicable, a department restriction; (g) a prohibition of the purchase of securities offered in a hedge fund, other private placement or limited offering (other than certain TCW-sponsored offerings) except with prior approval of designated officers; (h) a prohibition of a purchase, without prior disclosure to a designated officer, on behalf of a client through a private placement of a security of an issuer or its affiliate, if a member of the department purchasing the security has a beneficial interest in the issuer or affiliate; and (i) a prohibition of acquiring any shares of third party mutual fund advised or subadvised by TCW.
- **Insider Trading Rules.** A policy statement on insider trading that provides generally that no officer, director or employee of TCW (a) may buy or sell a security either for themselves or others while in possession of material non-public information about the company, or (b) communicate material, non-public information to others who have no official need to know. The policy statement provides guidance about what is material non-public information, lists common examples of situations in which TCW personnel could obtain that information, and describes TCW's procedures regarding securities maintained on its "Restricted Securities List" and for establishing Information Walls. It also identifies parties to contact for questions in connection with the requirements of the policy statement.
- **Restrictions on Gifts and Preferential Treatment.** A policy governing gifts, payments and preferential treatment that includes an approval process for specific

categories of gifts and entertainment provided to TCW employees or given by TCW employees.

- **Restrictions on Employee Outside Activities.** A policy governing an employee's activities outside of their employment with TCW, including outside employment, service as a director or in a similar capacity, fiduciary appointments, participation in public affairs and service as treasurer of clubs, houses of worship and lodges.
- **Restrictions on Political Contributions and Activities.** A policy on political activities and contributions, containing general rules governing contributions and solicitation, responsibility of individuals for personal contribution limits, quarterly reporting of political activities by certain employees and rules for political activities on TCW premises and for using TCW resources. The policy further requires employees and certain of their related parties to obtain pre-clearance of political contributions, solicitations and volunteer activity.
- **Confidentiality Requirements.** Policies governing the confidentiality of our client and business information.
- **Whistleblower Provisions.** A policy stating it is TCW's practice that employees report illegal activity or activities not in compliance with TCW's formal written policies and procedures, including the Code.

The Code provides that exemptive relief may be given from certain of its requirements, upon application.

PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with Société Générale and Related Parties. Société Générale Asset Management, S.A., a company controlled by Société Générale, S.A. ("SG") owns a majority of the stock of The TCW Group, Inc., our indirect parent company. As a result, SG and its subsidiaries and affiliates (which include broker-dealers, banks and other financial intermediaries and institutions) are now our related persons.

- We will enter into transactions or services involving related persons only in accordance with applicable laws and where we determine that the transactions or services are being done on an arm's length basis at fees or rates comparable to: (i) those generally available to the related person's other clients and (ii) those available to us in the marketplace from unrelated parties.
- Where required under Section 206(3) of the Advisers Act, and related rules, or Rule 17e-1 under the Investment Company Act, we will obtain client consent prior to effecting transactions with related parties, either on a case-by-case basis or on a blanket basis, as required or permitted by law. Certain funds we manage specifically authorize transactions with related parties and we, or an affiliate, may consent to those on behalf of those funds.

- From time to time, we may take the following actions on behalf of our clients, or recommend to our clients that they take such actions:
 - buy or sell securities in which persons related to us have a financial interest;
 - effect transactions through related persons, including broker-dealers acting as principal or as agent for non-clients;
 - buy or sell securities to or from related persons who are broker-dealers;
 - buy or sell securities in which we, parties related to us or our other client's accounts are at the same time effecting a sale or purchase; and
 - effect transactions with brokers that have clearing relationships with related persons who are broker-dealers.

In any transaction with a related party, the related party may receive compensation. Furthermore, we may act as investment adviser for related persons and may act as investment adviser for pension vehicles of related persons. We may be restricted under certain circumstances from entering into principal and agency and other transactions with affiliates of Société Générale S.A. (“S.G.”). We have adopted procedures to identify brokers affiliated with SG, and that are designed generally to prevent the purchase for certain clients of securities issued by SG and certain of its affiliates. We have also adopted policies and procedures with respect to permitted transactions with our affiliates designed to assure that client interests are not adversely affected.

Investment Products. We may, from time to time, recommend to or purchase or sell on behalf of clients, securities or other investment products ("**Investment Products**") in which we, our affiliates or other related persons have a financial interest as the investment manager, general partner or trustee or as a co-investor in such Investment Products.

Consulting and Structuring Fees. We and our affiliates may receive fees from third parties for performing consulting, merger and acquisition structuring or other financial advisory services or acting as directors, officers or creditors' committee members. These fees can relate to actual, contemplated or potential investments of our clients. Such fees may be retained entirely affiliates or us.

Certain Funds pay us or an affiliate up-front structuring fees. In each case the fees are specifically authorized by the fund documents and disclosed in fund or account disclosure documents, if any. All or a portion of any structuring fees may be credited against investment advisory fees that we earn from the fund.

Transactions by Different Accounts, Funds and Strategies. We may recommend or enter into for clients of any investment strategy:

- sales of or short positions (if allowed) in securities of an issuer, at the same time other of our or our related investment strategies purchase securities of the same issuer for their clients; or
- investments in securities in the same and/or different parts of the capital structure of an issuer than other of our, or our related, strategies.

Securities We Purchase, Hold or Sell. We may recommend, buy or sell securities of issuers in which we or related persons may also purchase, hold or sell securities. These securities may be either publicly traded or private placements. Our Code of Ethics described above establishes various procedures with respect to investment transactions in which our related persons have a beneficial interest that are designed to reduce the potential for conflicts of interest.

Board of Director Memberships. Our officers or employees may from time to time be members of the boards of directors of publicly-held companies which may be permitted investments of various investment strategies we offer. In these cases, we take steps, such as establishing appropriate “Information Wall” procedures or placing the security in question on a Restricted List, which may limit or preclude us from purchasing or selling such securities for our clients.

ITEM 12: BROKERAGE PRACTICES

General. We and our affiliates seek to achieve best execution when trading. Other goals include execution of trades on behalf of clients in a timely and cost effective manner, fairness to clients, both in priority of order execution and in the allocation of the price obtained in execution of trades, and compliance with client trading related mandates and investment restrictions. In executing fixed income trades, such factors as price (including the applicable dealer spread), size of order, and difficulty of execution are also taken into account.

Fixed income securities are generally purchased from the issuer or a primary market maker acting as principal on a net basis without a stated commission but at prices generally reflecting a dealer spread. Fixed income securities may also be purchased from underwriters at prices that include underwriting fees. Because of this pricing structure, research, and other products and services are not paid for from trades in fixed income securities.

Block Trades. In an effort to achieve efficiencies in execution and reduce trading costs, we and our affiliates frequently aggregate securities transactions on behalf of a number of accounts at the same time, generally referred to as “*block trades*.” When executing block trades, trades will be allocated among accounts using procedures that we consider fair and equitable. Participation of an account in the allocation is based on such considerations as investment objectives, guidelines and restrictions, availability of cash, amount of existing holdings (or substitutes) of the security in the accounts, investment horizon and directed brokerage instructions, if applicable. We may execute securities

transactions alongside or interspersed between block orders when we think that such execution will not interfere with our ability to execute the order in a manner believed to be most favorable to our clients as a whole. We may exclude trades for accounts that direct brokerage or that are managed in part for tax considerations from block trades.

In some cases, various forms of pro rata allocation are used, and in other cases, random allocation processes are used. However, considerations such as lot size, existing or targeted account weightings in particular securities, account size, cash availability, diversification requirements and investment objectives, restrictions and time horizons may result in more particularized allocations. In connection with multi-account purchase or sale programs, and in other circumstances, if practicable, if multiple trades for a specific security are made with the same broker in a single day, those securities are allocated to accounts based on a weighted average purchase or sale price.

Allocation of New Issues. For new issues of fixed income securities, various forms of pro rata allocations among eligible accounts are generally used, and in other cases, random allocation processes are used. If a small amount of par value is allocated to us, we may allocate disproportionately, taking into consideration lot size, existing or targeted account weightings in particular securities and/or sectors, account size, diversification requirements and investment objectives/restrictions.

Client Directed Brokerage. We may not be able to obtain volume discounts or negotiate price with a broker for accounts that direct brokerage. Because of that, such accounts may not get best execution. Accounts with directed brokerage instructions may be excluded from block trades and their directed orders will generally be executed following completion of any non-directed trades. As a result, performance results for these accounts may vary from other client accounts we manage in the same strategy. In some instances, the client may direct us to make all or substantially all of their account trades with specific broker-dealers (“*fully directed*” accounts). Fully directed account clients may be required to sign certain acknowledgments, including the fact that such direction regarding brokerage may compromise best execution and that the client’s account may trade after other accounts.

Affiliated Broker-Dealers. Broker-dealers selected may include broker-dealers in which clients or their affiliates, or, indirectly, we or our affiliates, have some financial interest.

Women-Owned/Minority-Owned Brokers. We may, consistent with our duty to seek best execution, select broker-dealers for the execution of portfolio transactions that are majority-owned or operated by women and/or members of minority groups. We will select such a broker-dealer only if the broker-dealer can achieve best execution for the account and if selecting the broker-dealer will not cause our clients to incur portfolio transaction costs in an amount greater than would have been incurred if we had not used such firm. We maintain a selected list of women-owned and minority-owned broker-dealers that we have determined are capable of providing best execution. The Trading Review Committee establishes and reviews targets for use of women-owned and

minority-owned broker-dealers.

ITEM 13: REVIEW OF ACCOUNTS

Our clients are divided among investment professionals according to the investment strategy of the portfolio. Portfolios are typically monitored and reviewed by the personnel who handle the strategy on an ongoing basis. The details of the monitoring vary based on the nature of the investment strategy.

Separately, our compliance and risk functions perform monitoring and review, including daily transaction reviews for marketable securities strategies.

The activities of each investment strategy are normally reviewed quarterly at an investment product review committee meeting. Participants typically include senior portfolio management personnel, and members of our senior management and our legal and compliance departments.

We generally distribute quarterly or semi-annual written reports to investors in the Funds. The reports describe the activities and provide information about the investments of these funds. In addition, annual reports containing the audited financial statements are prepared and distributed to the investors for many of these Funds.

ITEM 14: CLIENT REFERRALS AND OTHER COMPENSATION

From time to time, we may pay a non-affiliated third party (“Solicitor”) a fee or compensation for referral of a client to us in a separate account. The Solicitor is required to provide prospective clients with a current copy of our Brochure and the Solicitor's written disclosure statement. The Solicitor's statement will disclose the particulars of the referral relationship and the compensation we will pay to the Solicitor. We will obtain a signed and dated acknowledgement from each referred client of the receipt of the Brochure and the disclosure statement, as required by Rule 206-4(3) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

At times, we may pay persons affiliated with us a fee or compensation for referring a client to us in a separate account. Those persons will disclose to clients the nature of their relationship to us at the time they solicit clients for us.

Many of our clients engage the services of consultants in connection with their investments and investment managers. Compensation we pay to consultants would typically be disclosed as indicated by the paragraph above, as required by law. We may also pay from time to time a portion the cost of conferences, seminars and other activities we attend that are sponsored by consultants.

ITEM 15: CUSTODY

Private Funds. Because we or an affiliate serves as general partner or managing member of certain private Funds, we are deemed to have “custody” of the private funds within the meaning of Rule 206(4)-2 under the Advisers Act. We provide each investor in the fund with audited financial statements that comply with U.S. generally accepted accounting practices (“**GAAP Audits**”) within 120 days following the Fund’s fiscal year end.

ITEM 16: INVESTMENT DISCRETION

We enter into written agreements for each Fund that we manage that state our discretion to manage the Fund. We typically have discretionary authority for the investments of these Accounts and Funds, subject to specific investment guidelines and restrictions of those agreements. We enter into these agreements after legal, risk and compliance review on our behalf.

ITEM 17: VOTING CLIENT SECURITIES

We will accept proxy voting authority from our clients, and follow our Proxy Voting Policy, which is summarized below. If we have accepted proxy voting authority from the client, we do not provide the client the option to direct a proxy vote with respect to a particular solicitation. We do, however, agree with some clients to use their general proxy voting guidelines when voting proxies on their behalf.

Some of our clients do not give us the authority to vote proxies on their behalf, choosing to vote proxies themselves. Those clients will likely receive proxy solicitations from a custodian and transfer agent, and not through us. Those clients occasionally contact us with questions about a particular solicitation. Our Senior Proxy Specialist will discuss our guidelines with respect to the solicitation with the client.

SUMMARY OF PROXY VOTING POLICY

The following is a summary of our Proxy Voting Policy. We will provide a copy of our Proxy Voting Policy to any client or prospective client upon request. Our contact information appears on the first page of this Brochure.

If we have responsibility for voting proxies in connection with our investment advisory duties, or has the responsibility to specify to an agent how to vote the client’s proxies, we exercise such voting responsibilities through the corporate proxy voting process. We believe that the right to vote proxies is a significant asset of its clients’ holdings. In order to provide a basis for making decisions in the voting of proxies for its clients, we have established a proxy voting committee (the “**Proxy Committee**”) and adopted proxy voting guidelines (the “**Guidelines**”) and procedures. The Proxy Committee generally meets quarterly (or at such other frequency as determined by the Proxy Committee), and its duties include establishing proxy voting guidelines and procedures, overseeing the internal proxy voting process, and reviewing proxy voting issues. The members of the

Proxy Committee include our personnel from the investment, compliance, legal and marketing departments. We also use outside proxy voting services (each an “**Outside Service**”) to help manage the proxy voting process. The Outside Service facilitates our voting according to the Guidelines (or according to guidelines submitted by our clients) and helps maintain our proxy voting records. Our proxy voting and record keeping is dependent on the timely provision of proxy ballots by custodians, clients and other third parties. Under circumstances described below involving potential conflicts of interest, we may also request the Outside Service to help decide certain proxy votes. In certain limited circumstances, particularly in the area of structured finance, we may enter into voting agreements or other contractual obligations that govern the voting of shares. In the event of a conflict between any contractual requirements and the Guidelines, we will vote in accordance with its contractual obligations.

Philosophy. The Guidelines provide a basis for our decisions in the voting of proxies for clients. When voting proxies, our utmost concern is that all decisions be made solely in the interests of the client and with the goal of maximizing the value of the client’s investments. With this goal in mind, the Guidelines cover various categories of voting decisions and generally specify whether we will vote for or against a particular type of proposal. Our underlying philosophy, however, is that our portfolio managers, who are primarily responsible for evaluating the individual holdings of our clients, are best able to determine how best to further client interests and goals. The portfolio managers may, in their discretion, take into account the recommendations of our management, the Proxy Committee, and the Outside Service.

Overrides and Conflict Resolution. Individual portfolio managers, in the exercise of their best judgment and discretion, may from time to time override the Guidelines and vote proxies in a manner that they believe will enhance the economic value of clients’ assets, keeping in mind the best interests of the beneficial owners. The Guidelines provide procedures for documenting and, as required, approving such overrides. It is unlikely that serious conflicts of interest will arise in the context of our proxy voting, because we do not engage in investment banking or the managing or advising of public companies. In the event a potential conflict does arise, the primary means by which we avoid a conflict of interest in the voting of proxies for its clients is by casting votes solely in the interests of its clients and in the interests of maximizing the value of their portfolio holdings. In this regard, if a potential conflict of interest arises, but the proxy vote to be decided is predetermined under the Guidelines to be cast either in favor or against, then we will follow the Guidelines and vote accordingly. On the other hand, if a potential conflict of interest arises and there is no predetermined vote, or the Guidelines themselves refer such vote to the portfolio manager for decision, or the portfolio manager would like to override a predetermined vote, then the Guidelines provide procedures for determining whether a material conflict of interest exists and, if so, resolving such conflict.

Proxy Voting Information and Recordkeeping. Upon request, we provide proxy voting records to its clients. These records state how votes were cast on behalf of client

accounts, whether a particular matter was proposed by the company or a shareholder, and whether or not we voted in line with management recommendations. We are prepared to explain to clients the rationale for votes cast on behalf of client accounts. To obtain proxy voting records, a client should contact our Proxy Specialist.

We or an Outside Service will keep records of the following items: (i) the Guidelines and any other proxy voting procedures; (ii) proxy statements received regarding client securities (unless such statements are available on the SEC's Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis, and Retrieval (EDGAR) system); (iii) records of votes cast on behalf of clients (if maintained by an Outside Service, that Outside Service will provide copies of those records promptly upon request); (iv) records of written requests for proxy voting information and our response (whether a client's request was oral or in writing); and (v) any documents we prepared that were material to making a decision how to vote, or that memorialized the basis for the decision. Additionally, we or an Outside Service will maintain any documentation related to an identified material conflict of interest.

We or an Outside Service will maintain these records in an easily accessible place for at least five years from the end of the fiscal year during which the last entry was made on such record. For the first two years, we or an Outside Service will store such records at its principal office.

International Proxy Voting. While we utilize the Guidelines for both international and domestic portfolios and clients, there are some significant differences between voting U.S. company proxies and voting non-U.S. company proxies. For U.S. companies, it is relatively easy to vote proxies, as the proxies are automatically received and may be voted by mail or electronically. In most cases, the officers of a U.S. company soliciting a proxy act as proxies for the company's shareholders.

For proxies of non-U.S. companies, however, it is typically both difficult and costly to vote proxies. The major difficulties and costs may include: (i) appointing a proxy; (ii) knowing when a meeting is taking place; (iii) obtaining relevant information about proxies, voting procedures for foreign shareholders, and restrictions on trading securities that are subject to proxy votes; (iv) arranging for a proxy to vote; and (v) evaluating the cost of voting.

Furthermore, the operational hurdles to voting proxies vary by country. As a result, we consider whether or not to vote an international proxy based on the particular facts and circumstances. However, when we believes that an issue to be voted is likely to affect the economic value of the portfolio securities, that its vote may influence the ultimate outcome of the contest, and that the benefits of voting the proxy exceed the expected costs, we will make every reasonable effort to vote such proxies.

CLASS ACTION NOTICES AND PROOFS OF CLAIM

As an adviser to clients and funds, we sometimes receive notices of rights to participate

in class action settlements, notices to submit proofs of claims (collectively, "**Notices**"). Exercising these rights and responding to these Notices is generally a corporate action and is normally to be performed by the custodian for a client or a fund or the client itself. When our role is solely as an investment adviser and the client or fund has a third party custodian, we may assume that a client's or fund's custodian or the client itself will have received and responded to the Notice. However, if a Notice specifically addressed to a client or a fund instead comes to us, we will forward the Notice to the appropriate custodian.

ITEM 18: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Not applicable.