

Lepercq de Neuflyze Asset Management LLC

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This Brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Lepercq de Neuflyze Asset Management LLC ("LNAME" or the "Firm"). If you have any questions about the contents of this Brochure, please contact us at 212-698-0700 or by email at compliance@lepercq.com.

The information in this Brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority. LNAME is an SEC registered investment adviser. Registration of an Investment Adviser does not imply any level of skill or training. Additional information about LNAME also is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

Item 2 – Material Changes

LNAM is providing this Disclosure Brochure (“Brochure”) as part of its 2016 annual update. LNAM’s last annual update to its Brochure was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in March, 2015. The following summarizes the material changes made in this Brochure since the last update.

- There are no material changes to report at this time. The Firm updated its discretionary AUM in Item 4. Item 10 was updated to reflect management persons of the Firm as newly registered representatives of an unaffiliated broker-dealer.

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Item 4 – Advisory Business

Principal Owners

Lepercq de Neuflize Asset Management (“LNAM” or the “Firm”) is an investment advisor with its principal place of business in New York, New York. LNAM has been registered with the SEC as an investment advisor since 2002.

The principal owner of LNAM is Lepercq, de Neuflize & Co. Incorporated (“LN&Co.”). Executive officers of the Firm, listed within Schedule A to the Firm’s Form ADV Part I, are minority owners of the firm.

Firm Description

LNAM provides investment management services on a discretionary basis to pooled investment vehicles (its “Clients,” or the “Funds”). LNAM provides advice to its Clients based on specific investment objectives and strategies, set forth within the organizational and offering documents of each respective Fund (collectively, the “Offering Documents”).

LNAM generally allocates Client assets among third party managers or sub-advisors (“Sub-Managers”) that employ strategies that can invest or trade in a wide variety of global securities and other instruments including but not limited to equities, fixed income, currencies, commodities, futures contracts, options and other derivative instruments. LNAM may also invest Client capital direct into any of the aforementioned securities or instruments. Each Fund’s Offering Documents describe the Fund’s investment strategies and objectives.

Regulatory Assets Under Management

Pooled Investment Vehicles: \$605,694,722*
Total: \$605,694,722*

*Estimated as of 12/31/2015

Item 5 – Fees and Compensation

Management and Performance-Based Fees

LNAM provides investment management services to domestic and offshore Funds. Investors in the Funds (the “Investors”) pay management-based fees and performance-based fees accruing to LNAM (in addition to the fees charged by any Sub-Managers), as described in each Fund’s Offering Documents and as provided in each Fund’s governing documents (the “Governing Documents”). Depending on the Fund, these management fees may range from 0% to 1.25%, and performance fees range from 0 to 10%. Management fees are typically paid quarterly in advance by the Funds, based on the Governing Document terms. LNAM’s fees can be waived or adjusted at LNAM’s discretion, and the Firm can elect to reduce fees for certain Investors. The Funds’ management and performance fees may differ between each Fund and subsequently-organized Funds.

Other Fees and Expenses

Fees paid to LNAM by the Funds are exclusive of brokerage commissions, transaction fees, underlying fund and Sub-Manager management fees and other related costs and expenses which are incurred by the Funds. Clients may incur certain charges imposed by custodians, brokers and other third parties such as fees charged by Sub-Managers, custodial fees, deferred sales charges, odd-lot differentials, transfer taxes, wire transfer and electronic fund fees, and other fees and taxes on brokerage accounts and securities transactions. Mutual funds and exchange-traded funds also charge management fees, which are disclosed in a mutual fund’s prospectus. Such charges, fees and commissions are exclusive of and in addition to LNAM’s fees paid by the Funds.

Item 6 – Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

As discussed above, LNAM typically earns both asset-based management fees and performance-based compensation from Funds.

Item 7 – Types of Clients

The Firm serves as the investment manager or sub-adviser to the Funds. The Funds are typically privately offered only to person(s) that meet the definitions of accredited investors and qualified purchasers, and typically require a minimum investment, unless otherwise waived by the Fund’s general partner or investment manager.

Item 8 – Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

Investments selected for Funds are predominantly made through externally-managed funds and separately-managed accounts managed by Sub-Managers. The Firm’s selection of external Sub-Managers is conducted through a combination of top-down asset allocation and manager-specific due diligence, and relies on multiple quantitative and qualitative techniques.

Asset allocation generally involves an assessment of economic and market conditions in an effort to identify compelling broad asset classes on the basis of valuation, risk, and diversifying properties. Additionally, the Firm seeks to identify asset classes with useful pricing inefficiency, leading to opportunities for active management strategies.

In the evaluation of Sub-Managers, the Firm considers a variety of factors not limited to educational and professional background, investment track record, depth of team, specialized skills and competitive edge, organizational and ownership structure, corporate governance, and risk management controls. Due diligence is conducted in advance of new Sub-Manager allocations and is maintained periodically throughout a Fund’s investment period. All

Sub-Manager allocations are approved by the Firm's investment committee.

Risk of Loss

All investment programs are exposed to a variety of risks which may lead to the temporary or permanent loss of a Fund's capital or failure to achieve return objectives. The Funds face numerous risks described in the Offering Documents, which may include:

- **Interest-rate Risk:** Generally refers to the risk of loss in fixed income investments when interest rates rise.
- **Market and Systemic Risk:** The risk that equity and equity-like investments will experience losses in the event of economic downturn, market dislocation, or correction of over-valuation.
- **Inflation Risk:** The risk of erosion of purchasing power of one's currency or erosion of corporate earnings power due to an inability to pass through input cost increases to consumers.
- **Currency Risk:** The risk that any one currency may fail to maintain its purchasing power or value relative to another currency or basket of currencies.
- **Business/Industry Risk:** The risk of loss resulting from general competitive forces or the failure of an enterprise to execute its' business plan and meet expectations or objectives.
- **Liquidity Risk:** The risk that marketable securities and private investment interests may not be convertible into cash or without materially adversely affecting the price received.
- **Counterparty Risk:** The risk that a financial counterparty such as a broker or custodian fails to uphold a contractual agreement or safeguard client assets.
- **Execution Risk:** The risk that an investment manager fails to execute its investment strategy, leading to impairment or capital or failure to meet investment performance objectives.

Item 9 – Disciplinary Information

Not applicable.

Item 10 – Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

LNAM employees, Tim Jannetta, Senior Vice President of Institutional Business Development, and Joshua Fremed, Chief Compliance Officer and Chief Operating Officer, are registered representatives of Foreside Financial Group, an unaffiliated broker-dealer, for the purpose of marketing the Funds to outside investors.

LNAM is 100% owner of Lepercq Partners LLC, the Managing Member of one of the Funds. Subsequently-organized Funds may have general partners or managing members that are similarly affiliated with the Firm. One

LNAM affiliate that is also a subsidiary of LN&Co. serves as a service provider for one of the Funds with respect to non-U.S. Investors and receives compensation from such Fund for those services.

Item 11 – Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

As the investment adviser to a Fund, LNAM may recommend, or a Sub-Manager may recommend, that such Fund directly invest in another Fund. As described in the Offering Documents, causing a Fund to invest in another Fund from which the Firm earns advisory fees presents a conflict of interest. LNAM manages this conflict by fully disclosing the relationships in the Offering Documents and not earning duplicative fees.

LNAM has established procedures intended to limit conflicts of interest in cases when LNAM, a related person or any of their employees, buys or sells securities recommended by LNAM to clients. LNAM has adopted a Code of Ethics for its employees and other supervised persons. This Code is available to any Client or Investor upon request by contacting us at 212-698-0700 or by email at compliance@lepercq.com. It is the policy of LNAM that no persons employed by LNAM may purchase or sell any security being implemented for an account so long as the employee is aware of the transaction, thus attempting to prevent such employees from benefiting from transactions placed on behalf of advisory accounts. Securities accounts of LNAM "access persons" and their immediate families are reviewed to determine compliance with such restrictions. LNAM maintains a "Restricted List" designating securities or funds that may not be traded without prior review and authorization. Appropriate disclosure is made in Offering Documents that LNAM and related persons may have an interest in the securities recommended.

Item 12 – Brokerage Practices

Generally

As the investment adviser to the Funds, the Firm typically has the discretion to select broker-dealers that execute transactions for the Funds, as well as the amount of commissions paid for Fund transactions. Generally, the Firm delegates this authority, as well as the resulting responsibilities, to the Sub-Managers with respect to Fund transactions. The Firm may in any event exercise such discretion from time to time. If the Firm selects a broker to execute Fund transactions, it may consider a wide range of factors, including the following:

- the broker's capability to execute, clear, and settle trades;
- the broker's breadth of investment products made available (stocks, bonds, mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, etc.);
- the quality of the broker's services;

- the competitiveness of the price of those services (commission rates, margin interest rates, other fees, etc.) and willingness to negotiate them;
- reputation, financial strength, and stability of the provider; and
- the broker's prior service to the Firm and its Clients.

Aggregating Securities Transactions for Funds

Where the Firm directs trades for any Funds, it may aggregate orders for the same securities purchased for multiple Funds at the same time. Any such trade aggregation would be performed to ensure, to the extent possible, optimal execution and consistent results across the Clients. Accounts owned by the Firm or its managers, investment adviser representatives or employees may participate in aggregated orders; however, they will not be given preferential treatment. Occasionally, the Firm could only partially fill an aggregated order. Under those circumstances and to the extent it makes practical sense, the Firm would allocate the order on a pro rata basis among the applicable Fund accounts and not allocate to Firm or employee accounts unless all Client orders are fully filled. The Firm would not allocate based on account performance or the amount or structure of management or performance fees paid by any Client. There may be instances when partially filled orders may adversely affect the size of the position or the price any one Fund may pay or receive, as compared with the size of the position or price that the Fund would have paid or received had no aggregation occurred.

Trade Errors

When a trade error occurs, the Client will retain any net gains resulting from the error correction, and the Firm will make any Fund whole (either itself or by the broker) for any loss resulting from the error or its correction.

Item 13 – Review of Accounts

The Funds are monitored on an ongoing basis by the investment team who meets no less than quarterly. More frequent reviews of the Funds may be triggered by material events affecting the markets or the investment advisers chosen to manage a portion of a Fund's assets. Quarterly reviews focus on portfolio composition, re-balancing, concentration, fees and performance. At least annually the Firm aims to discuss with Investors the summary report of year-to-date performance.

Item 14 – Client Referrals and Other Compensation

Not applicable.

Item 15 – Custody

Neither the Firm nor any affiliate has actual custody over any advisory clients' cash or bank accounts or securities, but as

the investment adviser, general partner or managing member, may be deemed to have custody. LNAM maintains all Fund assets at a qualified custodian. Each Fund is normally subject to an audit of its financial statements annually by an independent public accountant registered with, and subject to regular inspection by, the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board. Such audited financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and are generally distributed to each Investor within 180 days of the Fund's fiscal year end.

Item 16 – Investment Discretion

LNAM has complete discretionary authority to manage the Funds. The Firm's authority over the Funds is described in each Fund's Offering Documents, as provided in their respective Governing Documents. When selecting Sub-Managers or selecting securities and determining amounts, LNAM observes the investment policies, limitations and restrictions of the particular Fund.

Item 17 – Voting Client Securities

As the investment adviser to the Funds, the Firm typically has the authority to vote proxies respecting securities held by a Fund. Generally, the Firm delegates this authority, as well as the resulting responsibilities, to the Sub-Managers with respect to Fund-held securities. The Firm may in any event exercise such authority. In keeping with its fiduciary duties, LNAM has adopted a Proxy Voting Policy, which provides policies and procedures designed to ensure that the Firm would vote any client's securities in the best interests of the client. If the Firm does vote a proxy, LNAM will seek to approve or reject proposed changes in the best interests of each affected Fund. In certain instances, if a vote is directly required, the proper research and analysis is performed by the analyst team and the most beneficial response for the Fund is determined. When making proxy voting decisions, the Firm may seek advice or assistance from third-party consultants, such as proxy voting services or legal counsel, especially if a conflict arose between the Firm's interests and the interests of the Fund.

Item 18 – Financial Information

Not applicable.