

LEGG MASON

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

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Advisory Brochure

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June 28, 2013

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Legg Mason Capital Management, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at (866) 410-5500. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Legg Mason Capital Management, LLC is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov. Investment adviser registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

Statement of Material Change

In the second quarter 2013, Legg Mason Capital Management, LLC (“LMCM”) integrated its business operations with those of its affiliate, ClearBridge Investments, LLC (“ClearBridge”). As part of the integration, ClearBridge’s senior management assumed leadership positions at LMCM, including those of Chief Executive Officer, co-Chief Investment Officers, Chief Financial Officer, General Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer. ClearBridge employees, as dual hatted employees of LMCM, provide support to LMCM in the following areas: trading, operations, technology, legal, compliance, finance, risk management, human resources, client services, marketing, institutional sales and consultant relations. To facilitate the relationship, all LMCM employees are also dual-hatted into ClearBridge and all of LMCM’s compliance policies, including those discussed in Items 11 and 12 below, were changed to those of ClearBridge.

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Advisory Business

Our Firm

Legg Mason Capital Management, LLC (“LMCM” or the “Firm”) and its predecessors have been providing discretionary investment management services to clients since 1982. LMCM is a wholly owned subsidiary of Legg Mason, Inc., a publicly traded company (NYSE: LM). As of March 31, 2013, LMCM managed approximately \$5.7 billion in assets on a discretionary basis.

LMCM offers a variety of investment mandates to a global-client base. Each strategy adheres firmly to LMCM's value-driven, research intensive investment process. By adhering to a consistent, value-driven process, LMCM strives to outperform its benchmarks over the long-term. LMCM seeks to provide its client accounts with long-term capital appreciation by actively selecting securities that the Firm believes are trading at a discount to intrinsic value.

LMCM's investment management services are typically provided on a fully discretionary basis; however, clients may impose reasonable restrictions on their accounts (for example, limits on the percentage invested in a particular security; limits on industry concentration; or prohibitions against investments in particular securities). In most circumstances, LMCM will accommodate client restrictions provided they do not interfere materially with LMCM's portfolio construction process.

LMCM currently offers the following investment strategies:

Value Equity is designed for investors seeking a concentrated portfolio of primarily large-cap U.S. securities.

Mid-Cap is designed for investors seeking a concentrated portfolio of primarily mid-cap U.S. securities.

Growth Equity is designed for investors seeking a secularly advantaged, concentrated, high-alpha approach to large cap growth.

Global Growth is designed for investors seeking a concentrated portfolio of U.S. and foreign securities that, in LMCM's opinion, appear to offer above average growth potential and trade at a significant discount to our assessment of their intrinsic value.

In addition to the investment styles described above, LMCM may, from time to time, agree to manage accounts according to different investment guidelines specifically negotiated with a client.

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Fees and Compensation

Fees

Separate Account Clients

LMCM's fees for separate account clients are negotiable. The fees typically range from 0.30% to 0.80% of assets under management. The factors involved in negotiation may include the size of the client's account, other investment account relationships between the client and LMCM, whether the account is taxable or non-taxable, and the level of client service required.

Alternative Fee Arrangements

LMCM may, in its discretion, be willing to consider and negotiate fee arrangements that are not based on a percentage of assets under management (for example, performance fees or flat fees).

Fees for Fund Management

For fees charged by registered investment companies advised or subadvised by LMCM, please see the appropriate fund prospectus. LMCM also manages funds that are not registered under the US securities laws.

What's Not Included in Our Fee

LMCM's standard investment management fees are generally based on a percentage of assets under management and are for the provision of investment advisory services and do not include other fees a client may incur, such as brokerage commissions and mark-ups and mark-downs (see Item 12 for a discussion of our brokerage practices), transfer fees, exchange or similar fees (such as for ADRs), custody and fees charged by other service providers, such as consultants.

Fees – How and When Clients Are Billed

Fees are typically billed to clients on a quarterly basis and they are payable in arrears based upon the value of the assets in the account on the last trading day of the calendar quarter. If the investment management agreement between LMCM and the client is terminated, the client will be responsible for paying a pro-rated fee for the quarter in which the account was terminated. Clients may agree to pay by having their accounts debited by their custodian or by separate invoice. LMCM does not require clients to pay fees in advance; however some clients have chosen to do so. If an agreement with a client that pays fees in advance is terminated, LMCM will refund a proportionate part of any prepaid fee.

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Performance-Based Fees and Side by Side Management

Performance Based Fees and Conflicts of Interest

LMCM generally charges fees based on assets under management but may enter into arrangements that allow for it to receive fees that are based on a share of the capital gains or capital appreciation of the assets of an account. The terms of these agreements are negotiated between LMCM and the client, but in all events, such arrangements comply with the applicable provisions under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

Other Conflicts Created by Side-By-Side Management

LMCM may manage accounts that pay a performance-based fee. These accounts may be managed by a portfolio manager who also manages accounts that pay fees based on a percentage of assets under management. Since the compensation of each of LMCM's portfolio managers is impacted by firm profitability, it is possible under certain circumstances that a portfolio manager's compensation could be more positively impacted if an account that pays a performance fee performs better than accounts that do not. LMCM recognizes that this creates the potential for conflicts of interest and the Firm has taken steps to address these conflicts.

How We Address the Conflicts

To manage these potential conflicts of interest, LMCM has adopted policies and procedures to ensure that all investment opportunities are allocated equitably to clients. The Compliance Department monitors the allocation of investment opportunities on a daily basis. Furthermore, to the extent possible, orders for accounts are aggregated and executions are allocated without consideration of client fee structure or ownership components. Compliance also reviews these allocations daily, as well as all investments in initial public offerings to ensure they comply with our policies. In addition, performance dispersion among similarly managed accounts is reviewed by Compliance on a quarterly basis.

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Types of Clients

LMCM generally provides investment advice to high net worth individuals, investment companies (including mutual funds and foreign equivalents), pension and profit sharing plans (other than plan participants), other pooled investment vehicles (for example, private funds), charitable organizations, endowments, foundations, corporations, state or municipal government entities, sovereign wealth funds, insurance companies and other tax exempt entities.

LMCM also acts as adviser to the Legg Mason Capital Management Funds which are predominately sold through intermediaries, including broker-dealers, registered investment advisers and banks. LMCM also acts as subadviser to non-proprietary funds and also advises off-shore funds which are offered and sold by some of its off-shore affiliates which can serve as investment manager, distributor, and shareholder servicing agent.

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Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

Our Methods of Analysis

LMCM offers a variety of investment mandates to a global-client base. Each strategy adheres firmly to LMCM's value-driven, research intensive investment process (See Section entitled "Advisory Business" for more information). By adhering to a consistent, value-driven process, LMCM strives to outperform its benchmarks over the long-term. LMCM seeks to provide its client accounts with long-term capital appreciation by actively selecting securities that the Firm believes are trading at a discount to intrinsic value.

LMCM invests primarily in equity securities. Risk is inherent in all investing. There is no assurance that a client account will meet its investment objective. Clients may lose a significant part of the value of their account and their account may not perform as well as other similar investments. The following is a summary description of the material risks that clients should consider when establishing an account.

Risks

There can be multiple factors that contribute to investment risk and risks vary, depending upon investment strategy. LMCM does not guarantee the future performance of a client's account or any specific level of performance. The following are certain important risks that should be considered by clients before investing.

Risk of Loss

Investing in securities involves risk of loss, including the risk of loss of principal.

Issuer Risk

Securities may decline in value because of changes in the financial condition of the issuer. An individual security may perform differently than the market as a whole.

Equity Risk

Investments in equity securities (e.g., common stocks, preferred stocks, convertible securities, right, warrants and depository receipts) are subject to greater price volatility than fixed income securities. Investments in income-producing equities are subject to the risk that the issuer may reduce or discontinue the dividend.

Style Risk

Growth or value securities as a group may be out of favor and underperform the overall equity market while the market concentrates on other types of securities. Growth securities typically are very sensitive to market movements because their market prices tend to reflect future expectations. When it appears those expectations will not be met, the prices of growth securities typically fall. The value approach to investing involves the risk that stocks may remain undervalued.

Market Capitalization Risk

Risks may vary depending upon an issuer's market capitalization. Strategies that primarily invest in either large, mid, or small cap stocks take on the risk that one category may be out of favor. The stocks of small and mid cap companies may carry more risks than those of large capitalization companies as their businesses may have less financial resources and their prices are often more volatile. Small and mid cap stocks may underperform larger capitalization companies and their shares may be less liquid and therefore harder to sell.

Industry and Issuer Concentration Risk

LMCM may invest a significant portion of a client account in a small number of industries, and thus will be more susceptible to negative events affecting those industries. LMCM also tends to manage concentrated portfolios and invest in a smaller number of stocks as compared to other investment managers. As a result, changes in the value of individual stocks may have a significant impact on a client's investment account.

Foreign Securities

Investments in foreign securities, which may be in the form of ADRs (American Depositary Receipts), ordinary shares of non-U.S. companies traded in non-U.S. markets or U.S.-traded securities of foreign issuers, carry greater risks than those of U.S. securities. Non-U.S. markets may be more volatile and less liquid than U.S. markets, be effected by political and economic instability and there may be less information available about companies and markets than in the U.S. and lower accounting standards and regulatory oversight. Investments in foreign securities may be subject to non-U.S. withholding and other taxes. Foreign securities are also subject to currency exchange rate fluctuations which may have a negative effect on investments.

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Disciplinary Information

There are no reportable legal or disciplinary events for LMCM or its employees.

Item 10

Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

A. Our Limited Purpose Broker-Dealer Affiliate

Certain employees of LMCM are registered representatives of Legg Mason Investor Services, LLC, an affiliated broker-dealer ("LMIS"). These individuals maintain their registrations solely to permit the marketing of mutual funds managed by LMCM. LMCM employees do not receive compensation based on the sale of any of LMCM products nor do they receive commissions on client transactions.

B. Commodities

Neither LMCM nor any management persons are registered, or have an application pending to register, as a futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator, a commodity trading advisor, or an associated person of the foregoing entities.

C. Related Person Relationships

CLEARBRIDGE INVESTMENTS, LLC

As noted above in Item 2, in the second quarter of 2013, LMCM integrated its business functions with those of its affiliate, ClearBridge, pursuant to which we share personnel. As part of this relationship, ClearBridge provides support to LMCM in the following functional areas: trading, operations, legal, compliance, risk management, technology, finance, human resources, client services, marketing, institutional sales and consultant relations. To facilitate the relationship, all ClearBridge employees are dual-hatted into LMCM and vice versa. Senior management of ClearBridge (Chief Executive Officer, co-Chief Investment Officers, Chief Financial Officer, General Counsel/Chief Compliance Officer) is also senior management of LMCM. So as to prevent any conflicts of interest from arising, especially in view of the fact that ClearBridge traders trade for LMCM accounts, all LMCM compliance procedures were amended to be identical to ClearBridge's procedures. In that way, all accounts are subject to the same policies and procedures designed to mitigate conflicts of interest and risks. Furthermore, ClearBridge's Chief Compliance Officer became LMCM's Chief Compliance Officer and ClearBridge's Compliance Department replaced that of LMCM.

OTHER AFFILIATIONS

LMCM has an arrangement with its affiliate LMIS, a registered broker-dealer, that is material to LMCM's advisory business. LMIS is a wholly owned subsidiary of Legg Mason, Inc. and serves as the distributor for several mutual funds that are managed or sub-advised by LMCM.

LMCM also has an arrangement that is material to its advisory business with its affiliate, Legg Mason Investment Counsel & Trust Company, National Association, a national bank organized under the laws of the United States (“LMIC”). LMIC is trustee of the Legg Mason Collective Trust and it has appointed LMCM to serve as investment sub-adviser for a collective investment fund called the Legg Mason Value Equity CIF.

LMCM serves as investment manager for the following U.S. registered investment companies: (a) Legg Mason Capital Management Value Trust; (b) Legg Mason Capital Management Special Investment Trust; and (c) Legg Mason Capital Management Global Growth Trust.

LMCM also provides investment advisory or sub-advisory services to the following foreign investment companies: (a) Legg Mason Capital Management Value Fund, a portfolio of Legg Mason Global Funds plc (“LM Global Funds”), a collective investment scheme incorporated in Ireland; (b) Legg Mason Capital Management Growth Fund, a portfolio of LM Global Funds; and (c) Legg Mason US Equity Fund, a sub-fund of Legg Mason Funds ICVC, an investment company incorporated in the United Kingdom.

Item 11

Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

LMCM has adopted a code of ethics (the “Code”) imposing standards of business conduct, including requirements to put client interests first and not to take inappropriate advantage of employment-related information. The Code is intended to mitigate or obviate potential conflicts of interest between employees and investment advisory clients and assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations. To ensure that employees do not take advantage of the knowledge of which securities are being purchased and sold on behalf of clients, the Code imposes restrictions on employee personal securities transactions. The Code requires LMCM employees to obtain pre-approval of most personal securities transactions from the Compliance Department. If there is an open order for a security on the trading desk, unless there is a de minimis exception where it is believed that the size of the employee’s trade will not impact those of clients, the Code prohibits the employee from trading. The Code imposes greater restrictions on portfolio managers, who cannot trade in the same securities for their personal accounts for seven days before and after they have implemented a trade for client accounts. By having these “black-out” periods, the Code seeks to prevent employees from “front-running” client trades, possibly benefiting from the impact of client trades on the market. In addition, when seeking preclearance to trade in personal accounts, employees are required to certify that they are not (i) taking an investment opportunity from a client and (ii) trading on material non-public information.

Additional restrictions imposed by the Code include minimum holding periods for profitable trades so that employees, especially portfolio managers and analysts, devote their time to managing client accounts and not their own, as well as mandatory holding periods for mutual funds we manage to prevent marketing timing. Upon employment, all employees are required to report their personal securities accounts and holdings to the Compliance Department and to certify to the completeness of the information and their compliance with the Code on an annual basis.

Existing and prospective LMCM clients may obtain copies of the Code by mailing a written request for such document to:

Legg Mason Capital Management, LLC
620 8th Avenue, 47th Floor
New York, NY 10018
Attention: Compliance Department

Item 12

Brokerage Practices

A. Factors Considered in Selecting Broker-Dealer

It is LMCM's policy to seek best execution when executing transactions on behalf of clients. Best execution consists of obtaining the most favorable result, considering the full range of services provided, within the current parameters of the market. Best execution is not necessarily measured by the circumstances surrounding a single transaction but may be measured over time through multiple transactions.

As discussed in Items 2 and 10, ClearBridge employees dual-hatted into LMCM, trade LMCM's clients' accounts and all trading-related policies for both entities, including oversight functions, are the same. In selecting broker-dealers to execute securities transactions, we consider the difficulty of the trade and other market-related factors that may influence trading costs, such as the liquidity of the security being traded and the size of the transaction. Criteria considered include whether a broker-dealer is willing to commit capital, counterparty risk, the broker-dealer's record of timely and proper delivery of securities and payment for trades and the broker-dealer's expertise in the types of securities traded. LMCM also considers the value of research services provided by broker-dealers, as described below. Alternative execution services venues (such as electronic communications networks ("ECNs"), crossing networks, direct market access, algorithmic trading and program trading) are also utilized to seek best execution.

ClearBridge's Brokerage Committee oversees both LMCM's and ClearBridge's trading activities to ensure that client transactions are executed in the most cost-effective manner and that client brokerage is utilized in an efficient and beneficial manner. Members of the Brokerage

Committee consist of representatives from the business, research, trading, portfolio management, legal, compliance and risk. An objective of the Brokerage Committee is to assure that the broker-dealers selected to execute transactions are the most appropriate, considering several factors, such as price, execution capabilities, and the receipt of research or other benefits.

Twice a year, the portfolio managers and analysts engage in a “broker vote” for the purpose of selecting those brokers who they believe provide the best overall services. Since the commencement of the Clearbridge relationship, LMCM’s portfolio managers and analysts participate in the vote to the same extent as ClearBridge. These services include company meetings, idea generation, proprietary research, surveys and channel checks, among others. The broker vote methodology is overseen by the Brokerage Committee. The target amounts determined by this voting process, are considered by the trading desk in selecting broker-dealers, but achievement of any specific target is always subject to best execution.

Currency trades for settlement and hedging of international stocks are executed in-house with five different counterparties. We trade currencies throughout the course of the day in real time markets sourcing liquidity with the top FX counterparties in the market. We have added algorithmic trading venues to capture volume within currencies’ quoted spreads. Prices are monitored within stated quotes during the day.

On a daily basis, the Head of Trading, with assistance from the Risk Management Department, monitors counterparty risk. On a daily basis, the Head of Trading also monitors the performance of executing brokers by reviewing trade costs analyses provided by a third party vendor utilized to measure and monitor equity securities trading performance. On a quarterly basis, the Brokerage Committee reviews the broker-dealers the Firm has used to effect transactions on behalf of clients in each prior quarter, utilizing trade cost analyses provided by the third party vendor to enable it to evaluate the overall effectiveness of the trading desk’s trading activities.

1. Research and Other Soft Dollar Benefits

LMCM uses “soft dollars” to obtain research which supplements our internally generated research. By using clients’ commissions, the Firm receives a benefit because it does not have to directly pay for this research. This creates a conflict of interest because the Firm may have an incentive to select a broker-dealer in order to receive research, not because that broker-dealer is providing best execution.

We believe that by using Client Commission Arrangements (CCAs), we can more effectively address potential conflicts. CCAs allow LMCM to separate the costs of trade execution from those of research. Accordingly, the Firm is able to compensate research providers even when they are not used for trade execution. The CCAs allow LMCM to unbundle the costs of research and execution. Brokers execute trades at execution rates that have been negotiated separate from the cost of research. The agreements allow for the creation of pools of credits that we direct the executing broker-dealers to use to compensate research

providers. Trade Support electronically monitors the credits daily to ensure that they are being properly credited. On a periodic basis, the Head of Trading directs Trade Support to notify the broker-dealers to pay the third party research providers.

The use of CCAs are subject to the Firm's policy of seeking best execution and come within the safe harbor of Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which permits the payment of commissions that exceed commissions other broker-dealers may charge if LMCM determines that the commissions are reasonable in relation to the research or brokerage services provided. LMCM pays higher commissions when the Firm pays for research, as well as execution. In those instances, a good faith determination has been made that the higher commissions are reasonable in relation to the value of research and brokerage services provided, viewed in terms of either that particular transaction or the Firm's overall responsibilities with respect to all clients' accounts.

Under Section 28(e), LMCM may only use soft dollars to obtain brokerage and research services that provide lawful and appropriate assistance to it in carrying out its investment decision-making responsibilities. Research received may include proprietary research generated by the broker-dealers that execute the transactions or research generated by a third party. They may be structured as traditional soft dollar arrangements whereby a broker-dealer is obligated to pay for a specific research product or they may be structured to allow LMCM to designate payments to specific independent research providers based on the broker vote.

The research service must provide lawful and appropriate assistance to the investment decision-making process, and may only include:

- Advice as to the value of securities, the advisability of investing in, purchasing or selling securities, and the availability of securities or purchasers or sellers of securities; or
- Analyses and reports concerning issuers, industries, securities, economic factors and trends, portfolio strategy and the performance of accounts.

Specific types of research LMCM may receive include, without limitation, reports on insider transactions, meetings with security analysts, government representatives and company and industry representatives, attendance at research conferences (including conferences relating to social investing issues), reports of third-party market strategists, earnings information (including estimates), surveys and custom research reports and performance attribution software and analyses.

LMCM does not allocate the relative costs or benefits of research, believing that the research received is, in the aggregate, of assistance in fulfilling its overall responsibilities to clients. Accordingly, any research received from a particular client's brokerage commissions may be useful to the client, but also may be useful in the management of other client

accounts, including ClearBridge's accounts. We may also use research paid through CCAs to benefit accounts other than the accounts that paid the soft dollar commissions.

2. Brokerage for Client Referrals

LMCM does not consider whether the Firm, or any of its related persons, receives referrals from a broker-dealer before selecting that broker-dealer to execute client transactions.

3. Directed Brokerage

When requested by institutional separate account clients or mutual funds that wish to recapture part of their brokerage, we will attempt to accommodate a client request to direct us to use a specific broker-dealer. Our policy is to accept reasonable directed brokerage instructions for a client's commissions on an annual basis. LMCM will use best efforts to honor the client requests for directed business while our primary responsibility remains best execution. We use correspondent brokers as a means to meet client requests for directed broker credit. This process allows us to aggregate the client's orders with other clients to obtain best execution. ERISA accounts may be subject to additional requirements and restrictions.

Clients who have requested that all of their brokerage be directed to one broker ("Directed Broker") should be aware that: (i) LMCM will not negotiate trade execution services for the client's account or the Directed Broker's compensation for such services, (ii) LMCM will not be in a position to, and will not monitor for best price and execution of the transactions the Directed Broker executes for the client's account, and (iii) there may be a disparity between the prices and execution quality achieved for the client's account and the prices and execution quality achieved for other clients. In addition, LMCM may have business relationships with a Directed Broker. The relationship may be perceived to give LMCM an incentive to recommend that a client direct its brokerage to the Directed Broker, although LMCM makes no such recommendations. A client that directs LMCM to use a Directed Broker to execute trades may terminate such direction by giving written notice to LMCM. Termination shall become effective after LMCM has made any necessary adjustments to its trading systems and/or practices for the client's account, and LMCM shall have a reasonable amount of time after receipt of notice to make any such adjustments. Accounts subject to client directions to use Directed Brokers for trade execution generally are excluded from purchasing securities in initial or secondary offerings.

B. Allocation and Aggregation of Client Orders

Our policy is to treat each client account fairly and equitably in the aggregation of trade orders and the allocation of available securities. Trades are generally aggregated, and the allocation documented, prior to execution. It is our policy to aggregate or bunch client orders when it is determined that it is in the best interests of clients. If there are orders for the same securities for ClearBridge's clients, those orders will be aggregated with LMCM's clients' orders and allocated in the same manner. Our trade allocation procedures are designed to ensure that: (i) clients are

treated fairly as to the securities purchased and sold for their accounts; (ii) clients are treated fairly with respect to the priority of execution of orders; (iii) clients are treated fairly with respect to the allocation of trades; (iv) allocation of trades is done on a timely basis; and (v) all accounts receive the same treatment with respect to average price on transactions. Aggregated transactions are allocated according to one or more methods designed to ensure equitable and fair treatment. These methods include pro rata allocation, which is the usual allocation method. In situations where the trading desk determines that a partial execution quantity falls short of allowing a meaningful pro rata allocation, the trading system will randomly allocate the fill. If a client prohibits the aggregation of its order with those of other clients, that client's order is placed after the execution of the order for accounts that allow aggregation. If there is more than one client that prohibits aggregation, order placement is rotated among those clients.

LMCM maintains an "IPO Allocation Policy" to ensure that shares of initial public offerings and secondary offerings are allocated in a manner that, over time, treats all advisory accounts fairly. The procedures are designed to allocate IPO shares in as objective a manner as possible among accounts for which the security is suitable. (Clients who direct their brokerage usually cannot participate in these fixed price offerings.) These policies and procedures require fair and equitable allocation of IPO shares among accounts.

Portfolio managers who are interested in obtaining an allocation of an IPO must prepare an IPO Eligibility/Suitability Form expressing his or her interest, detailing the client account participation and indicating whether they are "long-term holders" or "short-term holders." (Long-term holders are expected to hold their shares for at least 60 days, unless there is an increase or decrease of 30% or more from the IPO price.) IPO shares are first allocated based upon whether the portfolio managers who submitted indications of interest are long-term holders or short-term holders, pursuant to percentages reflected in a matrix covered in the policy.

The Compliance Department monitors each instance of an IPO and follow-on or secondary offering to ensure the allocations are in accordance with the policy.

C. Error Resolution Procedures

Our Breaches and Error Resolution Procedures cover errors made in the investment decision-making process as well as errors in the trading process. The correction method we use for an error must put the client in the same position the client would have been in had the error not occurred (i.e., the client must be made whole for any error-related losses and costs suffered). Gains realized in a client account because of an error caused by LMCM generally will remain in the client's account. In the case of an error discovered before settlement, we may seek to have the broker cancel the erroneous transaction if it is flat or at a loss; provided, that, in the case of an error affecting a U.S.-registered investment company ("fund") client, a trade cancellation may be effected to correct the error only if it would not change the net asset value of the fund.

Item 13

Review of Accounts

On a daily basis, LMCM's portfolio managers review client accounts and approve the securities trades they initiate for client accounts. These reviews generally focus on accounts' performance relative to applicable benchmarks and the continued investment appropriateness of the account's composition, in light of factors such as the strategy selected and market conditions. Portfolio managers also utilize performance attribution analysis to help understand the sources of alpha (i.e., sector and stock selection components) for their investment strategies relative to applicable benchmarks and to assess portfolio diversification.

As part of its relationship with ClearBridge, LMCM maintains a Risk Management group and a Risk Management Committee that meets no less frequently than quarterly to review investment strategy performance, performance attribution, tracking error and other key performance-related matters. These strategy reviews focus on identifying and managing investment risk by evaluating risk factors associated with each strategy. The Risk Management Committee consists of LMCM's Chief Executive Officer, co-Chief Investment Officers, and the Head of Risk Management. The Risk Management Committee receives reports from the Risk Management team on a daily (counterparty, leverage, derivatives, etc.), weekly (credit instruments, top holdings, watch list, sector concentration, etc.), monthly (Northfield Risk Model results) and quarterly (risk profile analysis for each strategy) basis.

The Compliance Department performs a daily review of accounts to ensure consistency with regulatory and guideline restrictions. In addition, Compliance performs a daily trade blotter review to ensure that investment opportunities are equitably allocated and that clients that participated in aggregated trades receive appropriate allocations.

LMCM's Client Services Department provides value-added service to clients through frequent client meetings and discussions, prompt dissemination of pertinent organizational and portfolio information, and timely responses to client-requested deliverables. As part of a client's relationship with LMCM, the client may receive quarterly statements describing performance of the client's account in absolute terms and relative to the client's benchmark, as well as a breakdown of the account's current structure with changes during the period outlined. Monthly statements are also available. To meet specific needs, the Client Services Department also can produce customized monthly or quarterly reports containing in-depth performance data and metrics.

Item 14

Client Referrals and Other Compensation

Other than research services described in Item 12, LMCM does not receive economic benefits from anyone who is not a client in connection with the advisory services we provide to our clients.

LMCM may enter into agreements with, and pay fees to, individuals and firms that solicit clients for its investment advisory services. For every arrangement with an unaffiliated third party solicitor, the structure of the solicitation agreement, including the compensation payable to the solicitor, will be disclosed to the client as required by applicable law.

LMCM, or its distribution affiliates, may pay firms that sponsor or recommend LMCM's products to their clients for the costs of marketing or promotional expenses, for expenses incurred in connection with training or educational seminars for personnel of the firms or for expenses incurred in connection with client or prospective client meetings relating to LMCM investment services. These benefits could give firms and their personnel incentives to favor LMCM investment management services and LMCM-managed products over those of firms that do not provide the same payments and benefits. These payments and benefits are subject to internal policies and regulatory restrictions.

Item 15

Custody

We do not take physical custody of our clients' assets. Clients typically retain their own custodians under arrangements negotiated independently between them and their custodians. Although we do not have possession of client assets, under SEC rules we may be deemed to have custody of client assets if the client directs its custodian to pay LMCM its advisory fee. In this circumstance, LMCM ascertains that the custodian sends the client an account statement at least quarterly. Clients are urged to compare their custodial statements with those provided by LMCM.

Item 16

Investment Discretion

We require clients to enter into written agreements with us that set forth the terms of our relationship. Under these agreements, LMCM generally has discretionary authority to determine the securities to be bought and sold for client accounts, including the amounts of such securities. We also generally have the authority to select broker-dealers to execute transactions and to determine the price at which to transact such transactions.

Our discretionary authority is in all cases subject to the specific objectives, guidelines and restrictions in the investment management agreement. Investment guidelines generally set forth permitted investments and usually provide a benchmark against which the account is managed. As noted in Item 4 above, guidelines may also contain restrictions or limitations on issuers or types of issuers, percentage limitations on issuers, sectors or foreign securities, prohibited investments and prohibitions or limitations on investments in specific instruments, such as derivatives.

LMCM has self-imposed rules with regard to maximum size of positions in a security that may be held across the firm and in individual accounts. In addition, LMCM may be prohibited from purchasing or holding certain securities by virtue of legal, regulatory or issuer-imposed restrictions, including, without limitation, restrictions on the amount of securities that may be held or controlled by any one entity.

Under LMCM's Policy on Material Non-Public Information, if LMCM is in possession of material non-public information about an issuer, whether acquired unintentionally or otherwise, in general, neither LMCM nor its employees are permitted to trade in that issuer's securities for client accounts or their own accounts, until such time as the information is no longer deemed to be material non-public information. As such, there may be circumstances which will prevent the purchase or sale of securities for client accounts for a period of time.

Finally, clients may limit LMCM's authority by directing that all or a portion of a client's brokerage transactions be executed through a directed broker. See discussion in Item 12 above regarding directed brokerage.

Item 17

Proxy Voting

LMCM has implemented policies and procedures that it believes are reasonably designed to ensure that proxies are voted in the best interests of clients and with the goal of maximizing the value of the assets of client accounts. LMCM's authority to vote proxies is established through investment management agreements or comparable documents. In exercising its proxy voting authority, LMCM will not consult or enter into agreements with officers, directors or employees of its parent, Legg Mason Inc., or its affiliates, regarding the voting of any securities owned by its clients.

LMCM utilizes the services of a third party vendor which provides research and recommendations as to how to vote each proxy. The final determination, however, is made by LMCM. LMCM may vote proxies for the same security differently for different clients, depending upon the client's mandate. LMCM may determine not to vote proxies on behalf of a client where it believes that the expected benefit of voting shares is outweighed by countervailing considerations, such as in countries that require "share blocking," and in other extraordinary circumstances.

LMCM also has procedures for monitoring for potential material conflicts of interest on its part or the part of its employees in voting proxies on behalf of client accounts. Except for extraordinary circumstances, in any instance in which a material conflict of interest is identified, the conflict is resolved by either excluding any conflicted person from the voting process (in the case of a conflict on the part of one or more employees instead of a firm-level conflict) or by voting in accordance with the recommendation of the independent third party.

If you have authorized LMCM to vote proxies on your behalf and would like to know how your proxies were voted, or would like to receive a copy of LMCM's Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures, please write to:

Legg Mason Capital Management, LLC
100 International Drive
Baltimore, Maryland 21202
Attention: Client Service

Item 18

Financial Information

Not Applicable

Appendix A

Your Privacy at Legg Mason Capital Management, LLC

We are concerned about the privacy of the individuals for whom we provide advisory services. We are sending this notice to individuals (“you”) who invest, for personal, family, or household purposes, in accounts that we manage. This is to help you understand how we handle, protect and limit certain nonpublic personal information that we may collect in order to conduct and process your business with us. The provisions of this notice apply to former individual advisory clients as well as current individual advisory clients unless we state otherwise.

We protect any personal information we collect about you by maintaining physical, electronic and procedural safeguards that meet or exceed applicable law. Third parties who have access to such personal information must agree to follow appropriate standards of security and confidentiality. We train people who work for us in how to properly handle such personal information, and we restrict access to it.

The personal information that we may collect about you comes from the following sources:

- Information received from you, such as on applications or other forms.
- Information about your transactions with us, our affiliates and nonaffiliated third parties; and
- Information we may receive about you from other sources, such as your broker.

Our affiliates are the family of companies controlled by Legg Mason, Inc. If you are a customer of other Legg Mason, Inc. affiliates and you receive notices from them, you will need to read those notices separately.

We do not disclose any nonpublic personal information about you except as permitted by law. For example, we are permitted to disclose nonpublic personal information to our affiliates and non-affiliated third parties that perform various services on our behalf, including custodians, broker-dealers and companies that perform marketing services on our behalf or to other financial institutions with whom we have joint marketing agreements. These companies agree to use this information only for the services for which we hired them and are not permitted to use or share this information for any other purpose.