



Madison Investment Holdings, Inc.

Disclosure Brochure

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www.madisonadv.com

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Madison Investment Holdings, Inc. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at 800-767-0300. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Madison Investment Holdings, Inc. also is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

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ADVISORY BUSINESS

Our Firm and Its History

At Madison Investment Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a Madison Investment Advisors, Inc.) managing assets has been our only business since we were founded in 1974. Based in Madison, Wisconsin, we've earned a reputation for our risk-sensitive investment philosophy and our active bond and equity strategies. The clients of our firm and its affiliates who entrust us with their assets include institutional funds, pension accounts, foundations, endowments, corporations, municipalities and insurance companies. We and our affiliates also serve a wide range of individual investors. All share the similar investment objectives of achieving consistent investment returns with minimal portfolio risk.

We're an employee owned, independent investment management firm. The Madison investment philosophy is "participate and protect" which reflects our investment goals of achieving consistent investment returns while limiting portfolio risk. References to "Madison" in this brochure refer to Madison Investment Advisors, Inc. for periods before December 2010 and to Madison Investment Holdings, Inc. for periods after November 30, 2010.

Our Principal Owners

Frank E. Burgess is the principal owner of Madison Investment Holdings, Inc.

Our People

Rather than manage assets on a "star" or portfolio manager system, all of our clients' portfolios are managed on a team basis. Madison is overseen by a team of its most senior members, including the largest shareholders of Madison, as follows:

Christopher Berberet – Managing Director

Mr. Berberet provides valuable insights into our investment management process and our fixed income strategy. Mr. Berberet holds a BBA in Finance from the University of Wisconsin and is a Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA). Mr. Berberet joined the firm in February 1992.

Frank Burgess - President and Executive Director

Mr. Burgess is the founder of our firm, the principal owner and the President. Mr. Burgess has extensive experience in the investment world. Following degrees in Engineering and Law, he founded Madison in 1974.

Brian Cleven – Managing Director

Mr. Cleven has been integral in maintaining client relationships at our firm since 2001, with particular emphasis on institutional clients with fixed-income accounts. He holds his undergraduate degree from the University of Wisconsin and earned his MBA from Northwestern University.

Elizabeth Dettman – Chief Financial Officer and Managing Director

Ms. Dettman, CPA, has served as our Chief Financial Officer since 1996. She is a member of the Wisconsin Association of Certified Public Accountants and graduated with a BS in Accounting from Valparaiso University.

Richard Eisinger - Managing Director

Mr. Eisinger is the lead equity manager for the firm's mid-cap equity strategies. He joined Madison in July 1997. Mr. Eisinger holds both an MBA from Cornell University and a law degree from the University of Louisville.

Katherine Frank – Chief Operating Officer and Executive Director

An Economics graduate of Macalaster College, Ms. Frank is involved in a number of key areas in our firm and is intimately involved in maintaining client relationships. Ms. Frank joined the firm in September 1986.

Pamela Krill - General Counsel and Chief Legal Officer

Ms. Krill received her JD from the University of Wisconsin Law School, and her BBA in Finance, Investment and Banking, from the University of Wisconsin. Prior to joining the firm in September 2009, Ms. Krill served as Managing Associate General Counsel in the Office of General Counsel of CUNA Mutual Group in Madison. Prior to joining CUNA Mutual in July 2007, Ms. Krill was a shareholder in the Securities Practice Group of Godfrey & Kahn, S.C.

Paul Lefurgey – Managing Director

Mr. Lefurgey serves as the head of fixed income investments for Madison. He joined Madison in October 2005. Previously, he was head of fixed-income at MEMBERS Capital Advisors, Inc. and at Duff & Phelps Investment Management Company. Mr. Lefurgey holds a CFA designation and received his BA from Michigan State University.

W. Richard Mason - Chief Compliance Officer and Corporate Counsel

Mr. Mason graduated from The George Washington University National Law Center and from the School of Foreign Service of Georgetown University. Mr. Mason is FINRA registered. He joined the firm in 1996 and served as both Chief Compliance Officer and General Counsel until devoting his full attention to compliance in September 2009.

Michael Schlageter – Chief Marketing Officer and Executive Director

Mr. Schlageter provides valuable insights in a variety of key areas applying more than 20 years of investment experience. Mr. Schlageter is involved in client relationships and is responsible for overseeing our business development efforts. Mr. Schlageter obtained his business degree from the University of Notre Dame. Mr. Schlageter joined the firm in August 1986.

Jay Sekelsky – Chief Investment Officer and Executive Director

Mr. Sekelsky serves as the head of equity investments for Madison. He joined the Madison organization in January 1990 as an Assistant Portfolio Manager. He holds a BBA and MBA from the University of Wisconsin and has also earned both the CPA and CFA designations.

Michael Yaktus – Managing Director

Mr. Yaktus has primary responsibilities in the area of client development and service, overseeing Madison's institutional marketing team. He graduated from the University of Wisconsin with a BBA in Finance and Accounting. In addition, Mr. Yaktus has obtained both the CPA and CFP designations. He joined Madison in 1992.

The Investment Strategy Committee

Senior members of management and senior portfolio managers also serve as members of Madison's Investment Strategy Committee. The committee reviews, analyzes and discusses the various forces and factors that affect the financial markets and, in turn, the client portfolios we manage. The committee's review parameters include, for example, macroeconomic trends, Federal Reserve Policy, inflation, currency influences, valuation metrics and risk/reward profiles for various markets and market sectors. Currently, the committee members include Jay Sekelsky, Paul Lefurgey, Frank Burgess, Chris Berberet, Jack Call and David Hottmann.

Our Services

Our core expertise is active bond management (including corporate, government, and municipal bonds), risk-managed equity management (primarily common stocks) and personalized balanced portfolios. Services include the management of a wide range of fixed income, balanced and equity portfolios. In addition to the types of securities described above, we may invest in preferred stocks, government agency obligations, money market instruments and such other securities that we may select, unless expressly limited by written direction or client guidelines.

Discretionary Management

We have discretionary authority to make determinations regarding the securities that are to be bought and sold, as well as the quantities of such securities, for most clients. Such authority is provided in our contract with each client. In many cases, this discretion is subject to mutually agreed upon investment guidelines relative to the client's portfolio. We have model portfolio guidelines available for clients to adopt, in whole or in part, if they do not have their own. Client investment guidelines may or may not limit the scope of potential investments. As a result, clients can impose restrictions on investing in certain securities or types of securities. Within client guidelines and instructions, our portfolio managers make decisions as to the nature and quantity of securities to be bought or sold.

As part of a wrap fee program (discussed below) or existing client relationship, we may manage accounts on a non-discretionary basis. In the wrap program context, we will normally only recommend securities for a model portfolio, but have no or limited authority to effect account transactions.

Wrap Account Management

We may manage client accounts through wrap fee and model account programs sponsored by brokers or consulting firms. These "sponsor" firms generally enter into contracts with their clients to provide a variety of services for a predetermined fee. These services typically include all or some of the following: outline of client goals and objectives, asset allocation study, selection of advisers where appropriate, payment of advisers' management fees, custody of client assets, execution of trades for the client at no additional fee or commission and the monitoring of the investment performance on client assets. We receive a portion of the wrap fee for our services. It is the responsibility of the sponsoring organization to notify the client of the services provided by Madison and the portion of the attributable fee paid. As these programs are generally part of a multiple client program, they offer efficiencies to participating managers. As such, fees paid to us are lower than are otherwise available.

We manage our wrap fee accounts in the same manner as our other accounts. However, wrap fee accounts may have lower account minimums than our other accounts and, therefore, we may not be able to manage them identically to our larger accounts. For example, the smaller the size of the account, the less it is possible to efficiently hold certain small blocks of securities in the account.

Our Assets Under Management

As of December 31, 2010, Madison Investment Holdings, Inc. served as a holding company for its subsidiary, Madison Asset Management, LLC and its respective subsidiaries, Madison Investment Advisors, LLC, Madison Scottsdale, LC, Concord Asset Management, LLC and NorthRoad Capital Management LLC. As such, Madison Investment Holdings, Inc. did not manage assets directly as of December 31, 2010.

Together with our affiliated investment advisory firms described above, the Madison organization managed approximately \$15 billion in assets on a discretionary basis as of December 31, 2010. Madison Investment Holdings, Inc. generally will not manage accounts on a non-discretionary basis unless done so as part of a wrap fee program or other subadvisory relationship.

FEES AND COMPENSATION

Fee Schedules

Separately Managed Accounts. Our fee schedule for separately managed accounts is as follows:

Fixed Income Accounts	
On the first \$20 million.....	0.5% annually
On the next \$30 million.....	0.4% annually
On the balance.....	0.35% annually
Equity/Balanced Accounts	
On the first \$15 million.....	0.8% annually
On the balance.....	0.6% annually
Non-Proprietary Mutual Funds (held in above accounts)	
On all assets.....	0.2% annually

Depending on unique circumstances (another existing account relationship with a client, expected dramatic account growth, special conditions or portfolio guidelines, etc.), fees may be subject to negotiation.

Wrap Accounts. Fees charged to clients whose assets are held in wrap accounts are set forth in the sponsor's wrap fee brochure and/or client agreement. From this fee, the sponsor pays us for our advisory services to the client. The fee that we receive varies and may be affected by a number of factors including account size and distribution fees received from unaffiliated fund companies.

How We are Paid

We generally require fees to be computed and payable quarterly in advance, based on the valuation of assets under management on the last day of the prior quarterly period. Clients may select whether they prefer us to automatically deduct fees from their accounts or send them a bill for fees incurred. Clients in certain wrap fee programs may be billed monthly by the wrap program sponsor.

Other Fees You Should Understand

We do not have custody of client assets. Therefore, each client must appoint a custodian and may be required to pay custodian fees. Also, except with respect to clients in wrap fee programs, clients will generally incur brokerage and other transaction costs in the course of our management of their accounts. (See the section in this brochure entitled, "Brokerage Practices" for a discussion of how we make brokerage decisions that affect client accounts.)

Refunds of Advance Fees Paid

We may not change our fees without sixty days' advance written notice. In the event of the termination of our services, any unearned portion of fees previously paid is prorated and fully refundable. A client may terminate an agreement with us at any time by written notice to us.

Investments in Affiliated Funds

We do not exercise our discretion to invest non-investment company client assets in our affiliated funds. For the convenience of such clients, we may hold shares of our affiliated mutual funds (or any closed-end fund we manage) in client accounts so that clients will have a complete picture of their assets. We may recommend investment in our affiliated no-load funds if a client's account is too small to manage separately. In such circumstances, we will not charge our account management fee on these assets. Our employees are not compensated for the sale of securities in this manner. However, you should understand that we (or one of our affiliates) will receive any fees paid by the mutual fund or other investment company as disclosed in the applicable prospectus for the fund. That fee may be higher or lower than the fee a client may be paying on other assets that we manage in the client's account. Of course, to the extent the fee paid by the fund is higher than your account fee, any recommendation by us to invest in the fund represents a potential conflict of interest.

PERFORMANCE-BASED FEES AND SIDE BY SIDE MANAGEMENT.

We may entertain requests by certain "qualified clients" (as defined by Rule 205-3(d) under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940) to enter into an advisory contract that provides for compensation on the basis of a share of the capital gains upon, or the capital appreciation of, the qualified client's funds. This is commonly referred to as a "performance fee."

If we were to manage both accounts that are charged a performance-based fee and accounts that are charged an asset based fee as described above in the section, "Fees and Compensation," we would have an incentive to favor accounts for which we receive a performance-based fee. To address this conflict, our procedures require us to monitor securities allocations to any performance-based fee account and compare them with accounts without such fees in order to ensure that no preferential treatment is being provided to the account with the performance-based fee.

TYPES OF CLIENTS

We provide investment advisory services to a variety of clients, including individuals, pension and profit sharing trusts, insurance companies, foundations, charitable organizations and other “institutional clients,” such as mutual funds. A representative client list is available upon request.

Outside of formalized wrap account programs, our minimum account size is typically \$1,000,000. In addition, we reserve the right to refuse to accept proposed management responsibilities or to resign from the management of any individual account.

METHODS OF ANALYSIS, INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISK OF LOSS

Our Investment Strategies

Within the philosophies described below, our general investment strategies are to make long-term (securities held at least a year) and short-term (securities sold within a year) purchases.

Fixed-Income. Our strategy is to determine the overall direction of interest rates and position durations accordingly. We analyze the yield curve to determine the most advantageous portfolio construction. We determine the relative attractiveness of corporate vs. government and/or government agency securities. Based on the results of our analysis, we adjust durations/maturities when conditions indicate and shorten portfolio exposure when necessary to preserve capital.

In addition, we are active duration managers. This means that when we believe interest rates are falling, we lengthen duration to take advantage of the increased returns that should be available as rates drop. Likewise, when our proprietary market indicators warn of forces that threaten the markets, our managers will seek to shorten portfolio maturities and durations with the goal of limiting potential declines.

Based on the strategies and philosophy described above, we manage a variety of types of bond portfolios with the distinctions generally relating to the specific type of securities in the portfolio. For example, we manage accounts that contain: only government securities; only corporate securities; mixtures of both government and corporate securities; municipal bonds (tax-exempt securities); and securities with a limited duration.

Equity. We are bottom-up stock-pickers, focused on high-quality consistent growth companies trading at reasonable valuations. Our goal is to beat the market over a market cycle by fully participating in up markets, while protecting principal in difficult markets. We strive to remain both objective and unemotional in our decision-making process through independent thinking.

We follow a rigorous three-step process when evaluating companies. We consider (1) the business model, (2) the management team and (3) the valuation of each potential investment. When evaluating the business model, we look for a sustainable, competitive advantage, cash flow that is both predictable and growing, as well as a rock-solid balance sheet. When assessing management, we look to see how they have allocated capital in the past, their track record for enhancing shareholder value and the nature of their accounting practices. The final step in the process is assessing the proper valuation for the company. We strive to purchase securities trading at a discount to their intrinsic value as determined by discounted cash flows. We corroborate this valuation work with additional valuation methodologies. Often we find companies that clear the first or second hurdle, but not the third. Those companies are monitored for inclusion at a later date when the valuation is more appropriate.

Part of the overall valuation methodology is to establish an upside and downside target for each candidate. Typically, we will only invest in a stock with (1) triple the expected upside versus downside, and (2) at least a 25% return upside potential over the 12 months following purchase. This is intended to avoid the volatility associated with high growth/high multiple equities while still investing in high-quality growth companies. Our goal is for clients to end up with a portfolio of high-quality growth companies with very attractive upside return potential and limited downside risk. This risk-reward ratio is a key element in our stock selection process.

The number of holdings in a typical client “Large Cap Core Equity” account will range from 25-35. This reflects our belief that our client’s assets should be in our top investment ideas, not our 75th or 125th best idea. The portfolio’s weighting in any one economic sector generally will not exceed 2.5 times the weighting of that sector within the benchmark, at the time of purchase. The portfolio’s weighting for any one industry shall not exceed 25% of the total market value of the portfolio at the time of purchase. For a typical Large Cap Core Equity account, at least 75% of the portfolio holdings will typically be in large cap companies, generally defined as greater than a \$10 billion market cap. Up to 25% of such a portfolio (at purchase) may be in mid-cap companies. We would not normally purchase any company with a market capitalization below \$1 billion in market cap in a Large Cap Core Equity account.

Similarly, the number of securities in a typical client “Mid-Cap Core Equity” portfolio will likely range from 25 – 40. We generally define stocks of mid-cap companies as those whose market capitalization is similar to companies in the Russell Midcap Index or the S&P 400 Index. The size of the companies in each index changes with market conditions and the composition of the index. We generally do not purchase stocks of companies below \$500 million market capitalization for the “Mid-Cap Core Equity” portfolio, but such smaller companies are considered for other accounts with investment objectives that include opportunistic investing in smaller companies and special situations.

Because of our investment philosophy, the majority of our Large Cap Core and Mid-Cap Core Equity holdings will be found in these primary sectors: Consumer, Healthcare, Technology, Financial, Industrial and Energy. Typically, our portfolios will have more limited exposure to commodity-based (basic materials) or heavily cyclical (capital goods, autos, utilities) sectors.

Of course, these descriptions only illustrate Large Cap Core and Mid-Cap Core Equity accounts. Accounts managed as "Small/Mid-cap Equity," "Disciplined Equity," "Balanced" or in some other unique style would normally have appropriate differences in number of holdings, industry benchmarks, weightings and market capitalizations. For example, accounts managed with the objective of having exposure to all market sectors will hold a greater percentage of securities of companies in commodity-based or heavily cyclical sectors that reflect, to the extent possible, our general investment methodology among the opportunities available within those market sectors.

In light of market volatility, market capitalization references in this section may be adjusted to reflect current economic conditions.

Cash Management and ETFs

Each client custodian "sweeps" non-invested cash balances in client accounts every day into a money market or some other cash account selected by the client and offered as a service by the custodian. At the client's request, we will recommend the sweep vehicle among the choices offered by the custodian. In that case, we make a recommendation based on our understanding of the client's tax status and risk preferences. We do not direct cash sweeps to our proprietary money market mutual funds.

Cash sweeps generally fall into three categories: (1) government money market funds, (2) prime rated money market funds (commercial paper), and (3) tax-exempt money market funds (municipal vehicles). The process and mechanics are the same for equity and fixed income clients.

In some situations, often at a client's request or in connection with a specific investment strategy, we may invest client accounts in exchange traded funds ("ETFs") or other investment companies. To the extent any account is so invested, you should understand that the ETF or other investment company itself pays the manager of the fund an investment advisory fee like most other investment companies. Therefore, in addition to the fee you pay to us to manage your account, you will indirectly pay your *pro rata* portion of the management fee of the ETF or other investment company in which your account is invested. That fee is described in the offering materials (prospectus) for the ETF or other investment company.

Class Action Settlements

Although we may be authorized to vote proxies in client accounts as described below in the section entitled, "Voting Client Securities," we will not handle or otherwise process any potential "class action" claims or similar settlements that clients may be entitled to for securities held in client accounts. Clients will receive the paperwork for such claims directly from their account custodians. Each client should verify with his/her/its custodian or other account administrator whether such claims are being made on the client's behalf by the custodian or if the client is expected to file such claims directly.

Risk

Although we work hard to preserve your capital and achieve real growth of client wealth, investing in securities involves risk of loss that each client should be prepared to bear. Typical investment risks include market risk typified by a drop in a security's price due to company specific events (such as an earnings disappointment or a downgrade in the rating of a bond) or general market activity (such as occurs in a "bear" market when stock values fall in general). For fixed-income securities, a period of rising interest rates could erode the value of a bond since bond values generally fall as bond yields go up.

DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION

There are no legal or disciplinary events that we believe are material to a client's evaluation of our business or the integrity of our management.

OTHER FINANCIAL INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS

Investment Adviser Affiliates

Our Madison Asset Management, LLC affiliate is a joint venture with CUNA Mutual Insurance Society ("CUNA Mutual"). Madison Asset Management serves as investment adviser to mutual funds, closed-end funds and wrap accounts. While Madison Investment Holdings, Inc. controls Madison Asset Management, CUNA Mutual has a non-voting equity interest in the firm.

Madison Investment Advisors, LLC is a separately registered investment adviser with which we share all personnel and resources at our Madison headquarters. It is a subsidiary of Madison Asset Management.

Madison Scottsdale, LC, a separately registered investment adviser located in Scottsdale, Arizona, specializes in managing the assets of insurance and other companies governed by state insurance law and regulation. It is a subsidiary of Madison Asset Management.

Concord Asset Management, LLC, located in Chicago, Illinois, is also a separately registered investment adviser. Concord's services and clientele are similar to ours. It is also a subsidiary of Madison Asset Management.

Finally, our New York affiliate, NorthRoad Capital Management LLC, New York, New York, is also a separately registered investment adviser. NorthRoad's services and clientele are similar to those of Madison Investment Advisors and it specializes in international equity management. Madison Asset Management owns a majority interest in NorthRoad.

Registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

Investment Company Affiliates

Our Madison Investment Advisors, LLC affiliate sponsors and acts as investment adviser to the Madison Mosaic Funds family of no-load mutual funds consisting of 13 separate funds. Some of our officers hold offices in each fund, with Frank Burgess and Katherine Frank serving as a Trustee of most funds. We receive annual management fees indirectly from these funds from our affiliate.

Likewise, our Madison Asset Management subsidiary acts as investment adviser to the MEMBERS Mutual Funds (consisting of 13 separate funds) and Ultra Series Fund (consisting of 17 separate funds), as well as to the Madison Institutional Equity Option Fund (a series of Madison Mosaic Equity Trust). In addition to these mutual funds, Madison Asset Management is the investment adviser to the Madison Strategic Sector Premium Fund ("MSP"), a closed-end fund traded on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), and subadvises the Madison/Claymore Covered Call and Equity Strategy Fund, also a closed-end fund traded on the NYSE. Like the Madison Mosaic Funds, some of our officers hold offices in each of the investment companies affiliated with Madison Asset Management. In particular, Frank Burgess serves as Trustee of each closed-end fund and Katherine Frank serves as Trustee of the MEMBERS Mutual Funds, the Ultra Series Fund and MSP.

As an affiliated company, we receive management fees indirectly through Madison Asset Management and we share offices and personnel at our Madison, Wisconsin headquarters.

Broker-Dealer Affiliate

We also have an affiliated broker-dealer, Mosaic Funds Distributor, LLC, for the limited purpose of serving as the distributor of our affiliated mutual funds (MEMBERS Mutual Funds, the Madison Mosaic mutual fund family and Ultra Series Fund). Mosaic Funds Distributor does not perform any other brokerage activities, has no employees of its own and other than its mutual fund services, the broker-dealer engages in no trades, transactions or other brokerage activities whatsoever. It is not permitted to perform any trades for our clients, including the accounts of our affiliated mutual fund portfolios, and does not carry customer accounts. A number of our employees are registered representatives of Mosaic Funds Distributor, LLC so that they can make offers of our affiliated funds to the public. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of our firm.

CODE OF ETHICS, PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT TRANSACTIONS AND PERSONAL TRADING

Our Code of Ethics

We impose restrictions upon ourselves and any person associated with us in connection with the purchase or sale, directly or indirectly, for their own account or accounts controlled by them, of securities recommended to or purchased for clients. We maintain strict guidelines and a Code of Ethics for all our employees designed to assure that we, and persons associated with us, may not benefit, directly or indirectly, from transactions made for the accounts of clients and that no other conflict of interest exists.

Generally, employees may not trade in any securities that are held in client portfolios. Employees are also prohibited from investing in IPOs. We, our officers, employees and directors are required to pre-clear securities trades in order to avoid a conflict of interest between individual and client interests. We are also subject to an absolute ban on trading a security within seven days of a client's trade (in an account over which we have discretion) in that same security. Our Code of Ethics contains various exemptions for personal securities trades that we believe do not involve potential conflicts, such as transactions in Treasury Securities, open-end mutual funds and securities that we will not purchase for clients. Also, employees may be given permission to trade securities if no client account would trade the security for seven days before or after the employee trade. A copy of our Code of Ethics is available to any person upon request.

Prohibition on Use of Insider Information

We have also adopted policies and procedures to prevent the misuse of "insider" information (material, non-public information). A copy of such policies and procedures is available to any person upon request.

BROKERAGE PRACTICES

In General

Unless we receive specific directions from a client regarding the placement of brokerage business, we will select the brokers and dealers to effect client transactions. Our first consideration in selecting a broker is whether the broker will provide the best execution of the desired transaction. In addition to best execution price, selection is based on the overall reasonableness of brokerage commissions paid and consideration of a variety of other factors. An important consideration is the receipt of research products, research services, access to brokerage firm analysis, and the availability of economic data, market data and research. Also important is the availability of quotations, statistics and other investment decision-making aids. See the discussion below entitled, "Research and Soft Dollar Benefits."

Trading of Bonds

The purchase and sale of bonds is completely different from the process of buying and selling stocks (described below). Common stocks are traded on national exchanges or generally large, liquid over-the-counter (“OTC”) markets. Directed brokers (see the discussion below entitled, “Directed Brokerage and Compensation for Referrals”) and virtually all others, have full access to these markets to efficiently execute common stock transactions. The vast majority of bonds are not traded on exchanges, but rather are purchased from or sold to brokers or dealers. Each broker/dealer maintains an inventory of bonds (bond “positions”) that it owns as a principal and holds for resale to its customers. The number and value of bonds that each broker holds varies, depending on the brokerage firm’s size, financial strength and involvement in the bond market. No one firm dominates this market or provides substantially all the buying/selling needs of a particular money manager for all of its clients.

We use a three-step process to buy/sell bonds for client accounts, as follows: (1) “free to trade” – if, with respect to a client account, we are free to choose the brokers we wish to trade with, we typically contact at least three brokers before executing a trade in order to seek best execution; (2) “in competition” – for client accounts that require us to include a designated broker in our list of trading partners, we will put that broker in competition with others and select the broker who provides us with best execution (in the event of a tie between brokers, the designated broker receives the trade); and (3) “directed” – if a client has directed us, through written notification, to trade with a specific broker, we will not contact any other broker and instead will negotiate with that broker on any particular trade. When bonds are purchased, the type, sector, maturity, coupon and yield objectives are determined. Under normal circumstances, we will identify the issue we wish to purchase. The broker is asked to offer all such issues available, noting the required block size for all clients using that broker and/or custodian. The broker will offer any bonds meeting our criteria available in its current inventory if we have not identified a specific issue.

If these initial offerings are inadequate, we will work closely with the broker to locate additional attractive bonds from other dealers. We believe this to be in our clients’ best interest because it gives clients access to the best priced, most attractive securities from a number of dealers. By aggregating the purchases or sales of a broader base of clients, including those who use other brokers and/or custodians, we may be able to find additional bonds available in larger blocks, resulting in better overall prices.

When the client designated directed broker confirms a specific transaction, the same applicable commission agreed upon by the client shall be received by the broker as a principal, regardless of whether the bonds were acquired directly from the directed broker or indirectly from another broker/dealer. The commission may differ between our clients due to the dollar value or number of bonds being purchased or sold, the maturities of the bonds and the total arrangement between the client and their broker. These practices are followed unless they are specifically modified or limited by us or the client.

Trading of Common Stocks

When we trade the same security in more than one client account, we generally attempt to batch or “bunch” the trades in order to create a “block transaction.” Generally, buying and selling in blocks helps create trading efficiencies, prompt attention and desired price execution. We may block transactions among clients of our firm and among clients of our subsidiary investment adviser affiliates that share our resources and personnel in our Wisconsin office.

We will place all or substantially all transactions to purchase or sell common stocks with the client’s “directed” broker, when applicable. (See the discussion below entitled, “Directed Brokerage and Compensation for Client Referrals.”) Whenever possible, we will attempt to batch or aggregate trades for clients who use the same directed brokers in order to create a “block transaction.”

The commission amount and per share commission rate will differ between our clients with directed brokerage relationships versus those clients who do not have such relationships, due to the dollar value and the size (number of shares) of the trade for each account and the relationship between the client and their broker. Because each client may differ in portfolio size, investment objective, equity exposure and the extent of the relationship with their broker, we do not negotiate commission discounts on the block transaction itself.

Normally, no commission is added to transactions in the case where the client has established a “fee in lieu of commission” account. We often trade the same securities for accounts that pay commissions and those that do not. We may identify instances for which we are unable to achieve best execution of securities trades in “fee in lieu of commission” or “wrap” accounts that we manage. This is most likely to occur when the client’s designated broker is unable to execute a transaction in a timely manner. In those circumstances, we may execute a trade as a “step-out” transaction with another broker that has agreed to execute the transaction without charging a commission. We will, however, trade with such brokers at their prevailing commission rates for our non-wrap clients for whom we have brokerage discretion either as part of the same “block transaction” or for different transactions.

Trade Allocation Practices

When the firm has trading authority and brokerage discretion, we seek to allocate trades fairly across the various accounts we manage. If we cannot batch all transactions for all clients in a single transaction, then we follow our trade allocation policy among clients that are transacting in the same security. The policy is designed to ensure that we do not trade on behalf of any one client or group of clients in a systematic manner that favors that one client or group or is otherwise unfair to other clients. In these situations, on any given trade, a client’s account may trade first, last or mid-way in the order of trades executed. Decisions regarding whether any client account trades separately from others are based on liquidity, speed of execution and various other factors.

In order to ensure the most efficient executions of client brokerage transactions, we will, however, at times communicate changes to “model” portfolio recommendations to institutional sponsors of model-based programs we manage (and for which we do not have securities trading authority) after we complete trading for clients over which we have such trading authority.

Cross Trades

There may be occasions when we will sell a particular security for one of our clients (for example, because the client needs to raise cash or is changing investment priorities) at the same time that we buy the same type of security for another client. In such situations, we can reduce transaction costs to both clients by identifying a particular security and instructing a broker to sell from one account and purchase in the other. This is known as a "cross trade." Although we believe the transaction benefits both clients, you should be aware that we represent the interests of both the selling and buying client in the same transaction, and, as a result, may have conflicting loyalties at the time we effect a cross trade. For this reason, we always execute such trades through a third party broker who determines the respective purchase and sale price based on the market.

Cross trades by investment company clients are subject to additional or separate rules governed by the Investment Company Act of 1940. Cross trades involving clients subject to ERISA are generally prohibited by law and, therefore, we will not include any ERISA clients in cross trades.

Directed Brokerage and Compensation for Client Referrals

When executing transactions for a client account, we may place all or a portion of the transactions with a broker with whom the client has a special advisory or consulting relationship. Such transactions are placed with a broker who may have provided manager selection services, performance measurement services, asset allocation services, or a variety of other consulting or monitoring assistance to the client, all with the specific knowledge and full approval of the client.

We do not maintain agreements with referring brokers regarding our internal allocation of brokerage transactions. However, all or a sizable portion of a particular client's brokerage transaction business may be directed to a particular broker if the client has directed, agreed or stipulated us to do so. Commissions are not intended to compensate brokers for client referrals.

With regard to client directed brokerage, we are required to disclose that we may be unable to negotiate commissions, block or batch client orders or otherwise achieve the benefits described above, including best execution, if you limit our brokerage discretion. Directed brokerage commission rates may be higher than the rates we might pay for transactions in non-directed accounts. Also, clients that restrict our brokerage discretion may be disadvantaged in obtaining allocations of new issues of securities that we purchase or recommend for purchase in other clients' accounts. It is our policy that such accounts not participate in allocations of new issues of securities obtained through brokers and dealers other than those designated by the client. As a general rule, we encourage each client to compare the possible costs or disadvantages of directed brokerage against the value of the custodial or other services provided by the broker to the client in exchange for the directed broker designation. Simply put, directing brokerage may cost clients more money.

Other Fees in Connection with Trading

In our efforts to achieve best execution of portfolio transactions, we may trade securities for client accounts by utilizing electronic marketplaces or trading platforms. Some of these electronic systems may impose additional service fees or commissions. We may pay these fees directly to the provider of the service or these fees may be included in the execution price of a security. Our intention is that we will only use such systems and incur such fees if we believe that doing so helps us to achieve the best execution of the applicable transaction, taking into account all relevant factors under the circumstances. For example, we will consider the speed of the transaction, the price of the security, the research we receive (in equity transaction effected in this manner), our ability to block the transaction and other factors discussed in this Brokerage Practices section in connection with trading of stocks and bonds.

Accounts with Different Investment Objectives

It is possible that we or our affiliates may manage accounts of clients whose investment objectives are substantially different from one another. As a result, it is possible that it would be appropriate for us to sell a security "short" from one account while holding it "long" in another account. This may occur if we manage an account that involves significant short-term trading or pursues unique option strategies. In general, however, our positions with regard to any security will be net long. We seek to avoid a conflict of interest by attempting to limit such situations to, for example, an instance in which there is a readily available supply of the security being purchased or sold and the transactions in a security do not affect its market price.

Research and Other Soft Dollar Benefits

Obtaining the best price and execution of trades is of utmost importance in placing transactions. If a broker is allowed a commission in excess of that which another broker might have charged for executing the same transaction, it is done in recognition that such broker's special services are of great importance to us and our client(s). Research services furnished by brokers may be used in servicing all of our accounts; all clients benefit from the research received from all brokers with whom we deal.

Although we seek best execution of transactions, you should understand that obtaining research and services by means of soft dollar benefits represents a conflict of interest since it enables us to receive research that we might otherwise have to produce ourselves or purchase with our own money.

What is the "research" that is paid for with soft dollars? Research refers to services and/or products provided by a broker, the primary use of which must directly assist us in our "investment decision-making process" and not in the management of our firm. The term "investment decision-making process" refers to the quantitative and qualitative processes and related tools we use in rendering investment advice to our clients, including financial analysis, trading and risk analysis, securities selection, broker selection, asset allocation, and suitability analysis.

Research may be proprietary or third party. Proprietary research is provided directly from a broker (for example, research provided by broker analysts and employees about a specific security or industry or region). Third party research is provided by the payment by a broker,

in full or in part, for research services provided by third parties. Both types of research may involve electronically and facsimile provided research and electronic portfolio management services and computer software supporting such research and services. Typical third party research providers include, by way of example, First Call Notes, Bloomberg, Research Direct, First Call Earnings Per Share Estimates, Baseline, Bondedge, ISI, Bank Credit Analysis, S&P Creditweek, Factset and Global Sector Review. For example, a tool that helps us decide what might happen to the price of a particular bond following a specific change in interest rates is considered research because it affects our decision-making process regarding that bond.

In some situations we may execute a transaction with one broker and settle the transaction with another broker. This use of “step-outs” allows us to decouple - to some extent - execution services from research services. In other words, we may execute a transaction with an “execution” broker and step-out the transaction - and related commissions - to a broker who provides research services to book and settle the transaction.

We may receive products or services from brokers which we use for both research and for administrative, marketing or other non-research purposes. In such instances, we make a good faith effort to determine the relative proportion of our use of such product/service that is for research. Only that portion of the research aspect of the cost of obtaining such product/service may be paid for using soft dollars. We pay the remaining portion of the cost of obtaining the product or service in cash from our own resources.

We have an incentive to select a broker-dealer based on our interest in receiving the research or other services they can provide us. This incentive may conflict with client interests in receiving most favorable execution and our measurement of favorable execution may differ from that of a client. We believe we pay fair and reasonable brokerage commissions in return for research products or services provided by brokers. We may use research products or services provided by brokers in servicing any or all of our clients. Although we believe that all clients of our firm and its affiliates benefit from the research and services received by us from brokers, we may not necessarily use such research products or services in connection with the client accounts that paid commissions to or otherwise traded with the brokers providing such products or services.

Our firm has a standing Brokerage Committee consisting of members of our portfolio management and operations teams. The committee meets quarterly to review the quality of brokerage execution obtained on behalf of our clients and to monitor our use of soft dollar research and other services received in connection with client transactions. During our last fiscal year, our Brokerage Committee established an estimated equity brokerage commission budget in advance that reflected our estimate of the most value to our firm and its clients for research and other services, if any, provided by the broker-dealers to which we direct client transactions. The committee was satisfied with the quality of brokerage obtained by our firm and our Madison, Wisconsin based affiliates for our respective clients.

REVIEW OF ACCOUNTS

We review our client accounts at least quarterly. We do not have a limitation on the number of client accounts assigned to any particular account officer, nor is there a precise sequence or review schedule. All portfolios are reviewed continuously rather than periodically. Accounts are reviewed by our portfolio management professionals. The review includes holdings, aggregate statistical composition of factors such as sector weightings, and comparison to any relevant benchmarks and investment policies. Triggering factors could be major market moves, new information regarding specific holdings, or the passage of time. Investment strategy meetings usually occur each month. These meetings include a review of factors such as economic conditions, government policy, sector valuations, and other factors which might be expected to affect portfolio performance. Portfolios are then reviewed for any changes that might be needed due to strategy shifts developed in the investment strategy meeting. The participants in this process include portfolio managers, research analysts and senior management.

We furnish account reports to all non-wrap account clients on a quarterly basis (wrap account clients receive their client reports from the sponsor of their wrap account). All of our non-wrap clients also receive separate monthly accounting reports from their portfolio custodian detailing all cash and asset transactions and activity. In general, meetings with clients are held quarterly or less frequently, according to the stated desires of each client. Reports include an analysis of all assets under management, and current and historical performance.

CLIENT REFERRALS AND OTHER COMPENSATION

There may be occasions when we pay a percentage of the fee we receive from accounts that have been referred to us to the person making the referral (a “solicitor”). In such cases, you will receive a separate written disclosure statement from the solicitor before you open your account with us that will explain, among other things, the nature of our affiliation with the solicitor (if any) and a description of the compensation the solicitor will receive from us. Our policy is that if we pay such referral fees to a solicitor for any account, the fee schedule applicable to that client’s account will be the same as the schedule that would have applied to accounts of similar size receiving similar services where no referral fees are paid.

CUSTODY

We require each client to select a qualified custodian to hold its account. We will not serve in this capacity. Each client’s qualified custodian (bank or broker-dealer) will send quarterly or more frequent account statements directly to our clients. Clients are urged to compare the account statements they receive from their qualified custodians with the quarterly account statements we normally provide.

INVESTMENT DISCRETION

Please refer to the discussion entitled “Advisory Business—Discretionary Management,” above.

VOTING CLIENT SECURITIES

When you give us authority to vote proxies for securities held in your account, we do not assume the role of an active shareholder. Rather, if we are dissatisfied with the performance of a particular company, we will generally reduce or terminate our position in the company rather than attempt to force management changes through shareholder activism.

Nevertheless, our goal and intent is to vote all proxies in our clients’ best interests. For practical purposes, unless we make an affirmative decision to the contrary, when we vote a proxy as the Board of Directors of a company recommends, it means we agree with the Board that voting in such manner is in the interests of our clients as shareholders of the company for the reasons stated by the Board. However, if we believe that voting as the Board of Directors recommends would not be in a client’s best interests, then we must vote against the Board’s recommendation.

We will vote against the Board of Directors recommendation if the Board recommends an action that could dilute or otherwise diminish the value of your position. This may occur if we are unable to liquidate the affected securities without incurring a loss that would not otherwise have been recognized absent management’s proposal. This may also occur if the action would cause the securities held to lose value, rights or privileges and there are no comparable replacement investments readily available on the market. We may vote in a manner that could diminish the value of your position in the short-term if we believe it will increase the value in the long-term and we are holding the security in your portfolio for the long-term.

In the unlikely event that we are required to vote a proxy that could result in a conflict between your best interests and the interests of our firm, we may alert you or your representative in advance to obtain your consent or direction on how to vote a proxy under such circumstances. In general, however, in the event of a conflict, we will seek the advice of a knowledgeable, independent third party as to how to vote.

If you would like to know how we voted any proxy in your account, please contact your client service representative and he or she will give you that information. If you are not sure who your client service representative is, call us at 800-767-0300 and we will be happy to answer your questions. You may also request a complete copy of our written proxy voting procedures by calling us at 800-767-0300 to request a copy.

INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT PROFESSIONALS

Madison Investment Holdings, Inc. has definite standards of education and business experience required of all persons that manage portfolios, provide performance analysis or provide investment advice to clients. Such background includes appropriate college degrees, meaningful financial experience, and/or advanced degrees in finance or related fields. None of our managers has any disciplinary history.

Investment decisions for our clients are made by members of the firm's Investment Policy Group. This group is comprised of the following individuals:

Christopher Berberet, Managing Director, born 1959, received his BBA in finance from the University of Wisconsin in 1981. He earned his CFA designation in September 1988. He has been employed by The Madison organization, Inc. since February 1992.

Frank Burgess, President and Executive Director, born 1942, graduated from Iowa State University in 1964 with a BS in Engineering and from the University of Wisconsin in 1967 with a JD in Law. Mr. Burgess has been CEO of the Madison organization since he founded Madison Investment Advisors, Inc. in 1974.

John Brown, Vice President, born 1961, joined Madison in July 2009 from MEMBERS Capital Advisors, Inc. ("MCA") where he was a Managing Director and equity portfolio manager. Mr. Brown earned an MBA in Finance from the University of Wisconsin and a Bachelor's Degree in Finance and Computer Science from Northern Illinois University. He was awarded the CFA designation in 1989.

Jack Call, Vice President, born 1949, joined Madison in July 2009 from MCA where he was a Managing Director and fixed-income portfolio manager. Prior to joining MCA, Jack was the Senior Mortgage Market Strategist for Bank One Capital Markets. Jack worked for eight years at Credit Suisse First Boston and was on the faculty of the University of Kansas School of Business prior to his Wall Street career. Mr. Call earned his MBA and Doctorate Degrees from the Indiana University School of Business, where he majored in Business Economics and minored in Finance and Quantitative Analysis. He earned his Bachelor's Degree in political science from Indiana University and is a CFA.

Ray DiBernardo, Vice President, born 1962, holds a BA from the University of Western Ontario and is a CFA charterholder. Prior to joining Madison in 2003, he was employed at Concord Trust in Chicago as well as a Toronto-based International equity firm.

David DeVito, Vice President and Head of Trading, born 1974, holds a BA in Economics from Marist College and an MBA from the Stern School at NYU. Prior to joining Madison in 2006, Mr. DeVito was Director of Trading at Curian Capital in Denver, and previously held trading positions with Citigroup and Brown Brothers Harriman & Co. He is FINRA registered.

Bruce Ebel, Vice President, born 1956 joined Madison in July 2009 from MCA where he was a Managing Director and portfolio manager. Bruce earned a Bachelor's Degree, as well as a Master's Degree, in Finance from the University of Wisconsin and holds the CFA, CFP and CIC designations.

Richard Eisinger, Managing Director, born 1965, obtained a JD from the University of Louisville School of Law and an MBA in Finance from Cornell University's Johnson Graduate School of Management. He has been employed by Madison since July 1997.

Dave Halford, Vice President, born 1947, graduated from the University of Wisconsin, with a BS in 1970 and an MBA in 1974. He joined Madison in December 2000. He holds the CPA title and was awarded the CFA designation in 1986.

Matt Hayner, Vice President, born 1972, graduated from Eastern Illinois University in 1995 with a BS in Chemistry and obtained his MBA in finance from the University of St. Thomas in 2001. Mr. Hayner joined Madison's equity team in 2002 and has the CFA designation.

David Hottmann, Vice President, born 1959, joined Madison in September 2009 and is a senior member of the asset allocation team. Prior to joining Madison, Mr. Hottmann was the chief investment officer at ACS Johnson Investment Advisors, his employer since 1999. Mr. Hottmann is a Chartered Financial Analyst, a Certified Public Accountant and is a graduate of the University of Wisconsin.

Drew Justman, Vice President, born 1977, graduated from the University of Wisconsin with a BBA in Finance and Economics and a MS in Finance. Prior to joining The Madison organization in 2005, Mr. Justman was employed by Merrill Lynch. He earned his CFA designation in 2006.

Julie Lahtonen, Assistant Vice President, born 1955, graduated with a BS from the University of Wisconsin. She joined Madison in 1996.

Paul Lefurgey, Managing Director, born 1964, graduated from Michigan State University with a BA in Accounting. He earned the CFA designation in 1993 and joined Madison in 2005. Mr. Lefurgey was previously with MCA as Head of Fixed Income and Duff & Phelps Investment Management Company in Chicago where he also served as Portfolio Manager and Head of Fixed Income.

Christopher Nisbet, Vice President, born 1968, joined Madison in 1992. He graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1990 with a BS in Economics and an MS in Finance and Banking in 1998. He earned his CFA designation in 2004.

Allen Olson, Vice President, born 1973, obtained his BS in Economics from the University of Wisconsin and his MS in Finance from the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee and holds a CFA designation. He joined Madison in 2002. Previously, he was employed as a Fixed Income Analyst and Portfolio Manager at Clarica U.S., Inc.

Michael J. Peters, Vice President, born 1964, graduated from Valparaiso University in 1986 with a BS in Business Administration. He received his MBA degree from Indiana University in 1989 in Finance and Accounting and was awarded the CFA designation in 1993. He joined Madison in 1997.

Gregory Poppett, Vice President, born 1957, graduated from Illinois State University with a BS in Business in 1979 and with an MBA from Western Illinois University in 1981. He earned the CFA designation in 1992. Mr. Poppett joined Madison in 2004 and was previously with Voyageur Asset Management in Minneapolis.

Marian Quade, Vice President, born 1956, holds a BA in Economics from Stanford University and is a CFA charterholder. Ms. Quade has more than 30 years of investment experience with 22 of those as a portfolio manager. She specializes in personalized portfolio management for Madison's high-net worth relationships. Prior to joining Madison in 2009, Ms. Quade served in a similar capacity for Thompson Investment Management, and previously, was Head of Equities for U.S. Bank.

Andy Romanowich, Assistant Vice President, born 1979, joined Madison in July 2009 from MCA. Mr. Romanowich graduated from the University of Wisconsin with a Bachelor's Degree in finance and economics with a mathematical emphasis and a Master's Degree in finance. Mr. Romanowich earned the CFA designation 2008.

Patrick Ryan, Assistant Vice President, born 1979, joined Madison in July 2009 from MCA where he was a Senior Analyst. Mr. Ryan graduated from the University of Wisconsin with a BBA in Finance. He earned the CFA designation in 2010 and holds the CIMA® designation. He is also FINRA registered.

Jay Sekelsky, Chief Investment Officer and Executive Director, born 1959, graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1981 with a BBA in Accounting, and in 1987 with an MBA in Finance. He earned his CPA in 1982 and CFA in 1989. Mr. Sekelsky has been with the firm since January 1990.

Adam Sweet, Assistant Vice President, born 1976, joined Madison in July 2009 from MCA where he was an Equity Research Analyst. Mr. Sweet graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1999 with a BS in Computer & Electrical Engineering, and in 2007 with an MBA in Finance. Mr. Sweet has passed all three CFA examinations and is waiting to fulfill his work experience requirement to obtain the CFA charter.

Jon Younkman, Vice President, born 1968, joined the firm in July 2009 from MCA where he was a Senior Equity Analyst and Director of Research. Prior to joining MCA in 2006, he spent 8 years as an equity analyst at Ark Asset Management in New York; 3 years as an equity analyst at First Chicago NBD; and 2 more years as a credit analyst at the same company in Detroit. Mr. Younkman holds a MBA and an undergraduate engineering degree from the Ohio State University and holds the CFA designation.

CLIENT DEVELOPMENT, MARKETING AND SUPPORT PROFESSIONALS

Madison Investment Holdings, Inc. has a team of client development, marketing and support professionals who provide information, support and marketing to our firm, our clients and the broker-dealer and investment adviser community, including wrap program sponsors and their clients. Our team includes our legal and compliance group which counsels the firm with respect to all aspects of its business and ensures that the firm is in compliance with applicable regulatory requirements as well as the firm's own policies and procedures. None of these professionals has any disciplinary history.

Tony Babich, Vice President and Eastern Regional Director, born 1961, attended Cal State University at Fullerton and has earned his CPA, CFP, and CIMA® designations. Prior to joining Madison in 2002, Mr. Babich was employed by ADVISORport.com.

Holly Baggot, Vice President, born 1960, holds a BBA from the University of Wisconsin, majoring in Finance, Marketing and Management. Ms. Baggot is FINRA registered. Prior to joining the Madison organization in 2009, Ms. Baggot was employed by MCA in Madison.

Jeff Baker, Vice President and Western Regional Director, born 1971, received his BA from the University of California-Santa Barbara, is FINRA registered, and has obtained the CIMA® designation. Prior to joining Madison in 2003, he was employed at Tom Johnson Investment Management and Salomon Smith Barney.

Steve Carl, Vice President and Midwestern Regional Director, born 1971, holds a BBA in Finance and Accounting from the University of Wisconsin. In addition, he has obtained both the CPA and CIMA® designations and is FINRA registered. Prior to joining Madison in 2003, Mr. Carl was employed by Strong Investments and Coopers & Lybrand, LLP.

Brian Cleven, Managing Director, born 1963, earned an MBA from Northwestern University in 1999 and a BS in Electrical Engineering from the University of Wisconsin in 1986. He is FINRA registered and is a licensed professional engineer. Mr. Cleven joined Madison in 2001.

Elizabeth Dettman, Chief Financial Officer and Managing Director, born 1968, graduated from Valparaiso University with a BS in Accounting. She holds a CPA designation and is a member of the Wisconsin Association of Certified Public Accountants. Ms. Dettman has served as the Treasurer (initially) and Chief Financial Officer (currently) for Madison Investment Holdings, Inc. since 1996.

Rob Fletcher, Vice President and Southern Regional Director, born 1952, has over 20 years of investment industry experience and holds the CIMA® and CFP designations. Prior to joining Madison in 2001, he served as Vice President of Mobius Group and as Chief Investment Officer for an independent consulting firm. He is a member of the Financial Planning Association and the Investment Management Consultants Association. He attended Christopher Newport University.

Katherine Frank, Chief Operating Officer and Executive Director, born 1960, graduated from Macalaster College in St. Paul, MN in 1982 with a BA in Economics and Business. She has been employed by The Madison organization since September 1986.

Jill Friedow, Vice President and Director of Operations, born 1964, graduated from Iowa State University with a BS in 1986 and earned an MBA from Kent State University in 1995. Ms. Friedow earned the CFA in 2002. She joined Madison in 1999.

Greg Hoppe, Vice President, born 1969, graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1992 with a BBA in Accounting and Finance. He earned his CPA designation in 1994. Mr. Hoppe joined Madison in 1999 and was previously Chief Financial officer of Amcore Bank-South Central.

Lydia Kiebzak, Vice President, born 1961, obtained her BS degree from the University of Wisconsin, is FINRA registered, and has obtained the CIMA® designation. She joined Madison in 1999, and is a member of the Investment Management Consultants Association.

Mark Knipfer, Assistant Vice President, born 1972, has primary responsibility for supporting Madison's marketing staff. Mr. Knipfer earned a BBA with a minor in Sales & Sales Management from Cardinal Stritch University and has obtained the CIMA® designation. Prior to joining Madison in 2002, he was a sales and marketing specialist with Hausmann-Johnson Insurance in Madison.

Pamela Krill, General Counsel and Chief Legal Officer, born 1966, received her JD from the University of Wisconsin Law School, and her BBA in Finance, Investment and Banking, from the University of Wisconsin. Prior to joining The Madison organization in September 2009, Ms. Krill served as Managing Associate General Counsel in the Office of General Counsel of CUNA Mutual Group in Madison. Prior to joining CUNA Mutual in July 2007, Ms. Krill was a shareholder in the Securities Practice Group of Godfrey & Kahn, S.C.

Robert Lindner, Vice President, born 1961, joined Madison in 2009 from MEMBERS Capital Advisors where he was the Director of Managed Accounts. Mr. Lindner earned a Bachelor's Degree in Marketing from the University of Wisconsin and an MBA from Edgewood College in Madison. He holds the Certified Credit Union Executive (CCUE) designation from CUNA Management School.

W. Richard Mason, Chief Compliance Officer and Corporate Counsel, born 1960, graduated from The George Washington University National Law Center and from the School of Foreign Service of Georgetown University. Mr. Mason is FINRA registered. He joined the Madison organization in 1996 and served as both Chief Compliance Officer and General Counsel until devoting his full attention to compliance in September 2009.

Tony Nichols, Assistant Vice President, born 1968, holds a Bachelor's degree in Economics with minor in Business from the University of Wisconsin- Milwaukee and is FINRA registered. Prior to joining Madison in 2010, he was employed by Holt-Smith Advisors and Strong Investments.

Rob Roquitte, Vice President, born 1965, graduated from the University of Denver in 1987 with a BSBA in Finance and Marketing and graduated from the University of Chicago with a MBA in Finance and Economics in 1999. He earned the right to use the CFA designation in 2002. Mr. Roquitte has been in the industry since 1987.

Michael Schlageter, Chief Marketing Officer and Executive Director, born 1957, graduated from the University of Notre Dame in 1979 with a BBA in Business Administration. Mr. Schlageter has been with the firm since August 1986.

Larry Tabak, Vice President, born 1952, earned his undergraduate degree from Northwestern University and his Masters from the University of Iowa. He is FINRA registered and joined Madison in 1997.

Carol Vander Sluis, Vice President, born 1966, earned a BS degree in Finance from the University of Wisconsin and an MBA from Georgia State University. She is FINRA registered. Prior to joining Madison in 2009, Ms. Vander Sluis held senior marketing and client service positions at CUNA Mutual Group, Northern Capital Management and Artisan Partners.

Michael Yaktus, Managing Director, born 1961, graduated from the University of Wisconsin with a BBA in Finance and Accounting. In addition, Mr. Yaktus has obtained both the CPA and CFP designations. He joined Madison in 1992.

FACTS

WHAT DOES MADISON INVESTMENT ADVISORS DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?

Why?

Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.

What?

The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include:

- Social Security number and transaction history
- Account balances and checking account information
- Purchase history and wire transfer instructions

When you are *no longer* our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.

How?

All financial companies need to share investors' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their investors' personal information; the reasons the Madison organization chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reason we can share your personal information	Does Madison Investment Advisors share?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes— such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
For our marketing purposes— to offer our products and services to you	Yes	No
For joint marketing with other financial companies	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes— information about your transactions and experiences	Yes	No
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes— information about your creditworthiness	No	We don't share
For nonaffiliates to market to you	No	We don't share

Questions?

Call 1-800-767-0300 or go to www.madisonadv.com.

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Who we are

Who is providing this notice?	Madison Investment Advisors, LLC, Madison Asset Management, LLC and Madison Investment Holdings, Inc. (together “Madison”), 550 Science Drive, Madison, WI 53711
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What we do

How does Madison protect my personal information?	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.
How does Madison collect my personal information?	<p>We collect your personal information, for example, when you</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Open an account or provide account information ▪ Pay your bills or make deposits or withdrawals from your account ▪ Give us your contact information <p>We also collect your personal information from other companies.</p>
Why can't I limit all sharing?	<p>Federal law gives you the right to limit only</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes—information about your creditworthiness ▪ affiliates from using your information to market to you ▪ sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you <p>State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.</p>

Definitions

Affiliates	<p>Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Our affiliates include companies with a common "Madison," "Mosaic" or "MEMBERS" name; financial companies such as MEMBERS Funds and Mosaic Funds Distributor.
Nonaffiliates	<p>Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Madison does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.
Joint marketing	<p>A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Madison does not jointly market.

Other important information