

ITEM 1. COVER PAGE

FORM ADV PART 2A

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November 19, 2019

Important Disclosure:

Warwick Investment Group, LLC is an investment adviser that is registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. Registration with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Warwick Investment Group, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at (405) 607-3400. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Warwick Investment Group, LLC also is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

Item 2. Material Changes

Warwick Investment Group, LLC is required to disclose material changes since the last Annual update in this section. Warwick currently advises Warwick Partners III, L.P., a private investment company, and Warwick Partners IV, L.P., a private investment company.

As of December 31, 2018, the value of the assets under management were \$744,334,737 for Warwick Partners III, L.P.

Subsequently, Warwick Partners IV, L.P. held closes for commitments of \$401,000,000.

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Item 4. Advisory Business

Our Organization

Founded in 2014, Warwick Investment Group, LLC (“Warwick”, “Firm”, “Sponsor”, “our”, “us” or “we”), a Delaware limited liability company, is an investment advisory services firm specializing in investment management for private investments in the energy and real assets sector. The sole owner of the Firm is Katherine T. Richard.

Warwick provides advisory services as a private equity investment adviser to discretionary pooled private equity funds, Warwick Partners III, L.P. and Warwick Partners IV, L.P. (together with any parallel investment vehicle, each a “Fund” and together, the “Funds”). The Funds invest in oil and gas assets (excluding fee mineral rights), as well as in equity and equity-related securities of companies that own or operate oil and gas assets. The Funds have the ability to acquire working interests and oil and natural gas leases both through direct asset acquisitions and through corporate transactions acquiring entities that own these assets. Interests in the Funds are privately offered only to qualified investors (institutional investors and high net worth individuals) pursuant to exemptions available under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and the regulations promulgated thereunder. Investors participate in each Funds’ investments on the terms and conditions set forth in the respective Funds’ governing documents.

Each general partner of the Funds managed by Warwick are “relying advisers” and are not separately registered as investment advisors with the SEC as their activities and ownership substantially overlap with the Sponsor. The Sponsor and its management team have significant expertise in the energy sector as well as an integrated financial and technical team, existing acreage footprint, digitized intra-departmentally integrated data, extensive network of industry and operator relationships, proprietary investment underwriting and asset management processes.

The investment management services that we provide to the Funds consist primarily of investigating, structuring and negotiating investments and dispositions, monitoring the performance of the assets and performing certain administrative services. These services are provided pursuant to an investment management agreement with the Funds and as a result of a delegation of authority approved by the respective general partners of the Funds. We will manage the Funds in accordance with its investment strategy as disclosed in the Funds’ confidential private placement memorandum and the private placement memorandum supplement (the “Offering Documents”).

Assets Under Management

As of December 31, 2018, the value of the assets under management of the Adviser were \$744,334,737.

Subsequently, Warwick Partners IV, L.P. held closes for commitments of \$401,000,000.

Item 5. Fees and Compensation

Warwick receives fees from each Fund based on the agreement outlined in each Funds' Limited Partnership Agreement (each, an "LPA"). The following provides a general description of the fees, compensation and expenses that each Fund will pay. The Funds' LPAs and other governing documents describe such fees, compensation and expenses in greater detail. Investors in each Fund should refer to the governing documents for a more detailed description of the fees, compensation and expenses. Our Firm or our affiliates typically receive compensation from our clients based on a percentage of assets that we manage.

Management Fee

Warwick or its affiliated general partner receive management fees from each Fund that is payable quarterly in advance. The general partner of each Fund will make capital calls of the limited partners using the fees outlined in the Fund's governing documents.

Other Fees

The Sponsor and its affiliates may charge each Fund (a) transaction fees (including, without limitation, set-up, acquisition and commitment fees) or break-up fees in connection with an actual or potential portfolio investment or (b) directors' or monitoring fees in respect of a portfolio investment. Such fees will first be used to pay unreimbursed related expenses, and, thereafter, one hundred percent (100%) of the Funds' allocable share of any such fees shall be applied to reduce the management fee.

All fee offsets will be allocated among the Funds, any parallel investment vehicle and any other co-investor participating in the transactions or proposed transaction that gave rise to such fees on the basis of capital invested or proposed to be invested and in accordance with each Fund's LPA.

From time to time, the general partner of a Fund or its affiliates may enter into side letters or other written understandings with one or more investors which provides such investors with additional or different rights than such investors have pursuant to the Fund's governing documents. Such investors may receive additional rights (including, but not limited to, preferential economic terms or provisions relating to transparency) which other investors will not receive. Our compensation is subject to waiver and reduction.

Co-Investments Opportunities

In certain circumstances, we may provide investors in each Fund or third parties (including third parties whose participation might add value to the investment in terms of consummating, operating or exiting the investment) the opportunity to invest in certain of our portfolio assets alongside the Funds. Such co-investments will typically be required to invest and dispose of their investment in the applicable portfolio assets at the same time and on the same terms as the Fund.

Even though these co-investors benefit from the Funds' sourcing of proposed investments and may be offered an opportunity to, and may participate in, some consummated investments, it is expected that the Funds will bear all expenses which are incurred in connection with proposed co-investments which are not consummated. To the extent co-investment opportunities arise, co-investors that participate in such co-investment opportunities will share Portfolio Investment costs, including pre-acquisition expenses and ongoing expenses on a pro-rata basis with the funds based on capital invested, but co-investors will not pay for any "broken deal expenses."

Decisions regarding whether and to whom to offer co-investment opportunities are made at the sole discretion of the Fund's general partner and may be offered to some and not to other limited partners with allocations that may differ from their proportionate investments in the applicable Funds and may be based on a number of factors, including, without limitation, a limited partner's expressed interest in co-investments, the size of such limited partner's commitment, and the assessment of such limited partner's ability to both fund and timely execute such co-investment. In light of the foregoing, no limited partner should have any expectation of receiving co-investment opportunities. To the extent that co-investment opportunities do arise, each Fund's general partner has agreed to offer such opportunities to certain limited partners before they are offered to non-limited partners.

Expenses

Two general categories of expenses are allocated to and among the Funds and any parallel investment vehicles. These categories are discussed below under "Organizational Expenses" and "Operating Expenses." A third category, "Sponsor-Related Expenses", is allocated to and among portfolio investments of Funds and the Sponsor. Sponsor-Related Expenses are not borne by the Funds or its parallel investment vehicles.

Generally, the Funds shall pay (or reimburse the general partner, the Sponsor, and their respective affiliates and their respective employees, agents, advisors, managers, officers, directors, members, partners or shareholders) for any and all expenses, costs and liabilities incurred by the Funds in the conduct of the business of the Funds and its subsidiaries in accordance with the provisions of the Funds' governing documents.

Organizational Expenses

Each Fund will pay all expenses, costs and liabilities incurred in connection with (A) the offering and sale of interests in the Fund and interests in any parallel investment vehicle, including placement agent costs and placement agent fees, (B) the organization of the Fund,

any parallel investment vehicle, the general partner, the Sponsor and their respective affiliates formed in connection with the Fund's business and (C) the negotiation, execution and delivery of the Fund's LPA or other similar agreement in respect of any parallel investment vehicle, the investment management agreement between the Fund and the Sponsor (the "Investment Management Agreement") and any related or similar documents, including, without limitation, any related legal and accounting fees and expenses, certain travel expenses and filing fees.

Operating Expenses

Each Fund will pay, subject to the limitations below and according to the terms of its LPA, all expenses, costs and liabilities incurred in connection with the operation of the Fund and its subsidiaries and their respective portfolio investments and the performance by the general partner, the Sponsor, the Fund and its subsidiaries and their respective affiliates of their respective obligations under the Fund's governing documents and the Investment Management Agreement, including, without limitation, (A) legal, auditing, consulting and accounting fees and expenses (including costs of reports, financial statements, tax returns and K-1s), (B) the organization and maintenance of any alternative investment vehicle, holding vehicle, underlying company or feeder vehicle, including documentation related thereto, (C) the management fee, (D) all expenses, costs and liabilities incurred in connection with the identifying, evaluating, structuring, negotiating, making, monitoring, sale, proposed sale, other disposition or valuation of portfolio investments or prospective portfolio investments (including due diligence in connection therewith), including, but not limited to, underwriting commissions and discounts, research expenses, certain travel expenses, diligence expenses, legal, administrative, accounting, audit, investment banking, consulting, professional fees, entertainment and other expenses (to the extent not subject to reimbursement); provided, however, that with respect to each portfolio investment, beginning on the first anniversary of the date on which the Fund consummates a portfolio investment, the annual payments by the Fund for the expenses described in this clause (D) that are directly related to such portfolio investment shall not exceed two percent (2%) of the equity capital invested by the Fund in such portfolio investment without the approval of the LP Advisory Committee, (E) all expenses and costs incurred as a result of a proposed transaction or investment by the Fund that is not consummated, to the extent not reimbursed by a third party, (F) all indemnification and insurance expenses (including premiums therefor) and the costs and expenses of any litigation (including damages) involving the Fund and the amount of any judgments or settlements paid in connection therewith, (G) all taxes, interest, fees and other governmental or regulatory charges payable by the Fund, expenses incidental to the transfer, servicing and accounting for the Fund's cash and securities, including all charges of depositories and custodians, all expenses incurred in connection with any tax audit, investigation, settlement or review of the fund, (H) communications expenses and costs, (I) all expenses and costs of meetings of the Fund's limited partners, (J) all reasonable expenses and costs of the LP Advisory Committee in connection with their services, including, without limitation, reasonable travel expenses in connection with their attendance at LP Advisory Committee meetings, (K) brokerage commissions, custodial expenses, appraisal fees, environmental diligence, land, insurance and curative diligence expenses and other investment costs actually incurred in connection with portfolio investments, (L) all expenses and costs of winding up or liquidating the Fund and its subsidiaries, (M) all expenses and costs incurred in connection with the maintenance of the

Fund's books of account and the preparation of audited or unaudited financial statements required to comply with the Fund's governing documents or required by any governmental authority with jurisdiction over the Fund (including, without limitation, fees and expenses of independent auditors, accountants and counsel, all costs associated with any administrator of the Fund, the costs and expenses of preparing and circulating the reports required by the Fund's governing documents including any fees or imposts of a governmental authority imposed in connection with such books and records and statements) and other routine administrative expenses of the Fund or its subsidiaries, including, but not limited to, the cost of the preparation of tax returns, cash management expenses and insurance and legal expenses, (N) all expenses and costs (including interest payments) incurred in connection with any indebtedness of the Fund, guarantees or other credit arrangement (including any line of credit, loan commitment or letter of credit for the Fund or related to any portfolio investment (or any underlying asset)), (O) all expenses relating to a defaulting limited partner and (P) expenses incurred in connection with any restructuring or amendments to the constituent documents of the Fund and related entities, including the general partner and the Sponsor, to the extent necessary to implement a restructuring or amendment of the Fund's governing documents, (Q) expenses incurred in connection with distributions to partners; (R) expenses incurred in connection with the employment of any selling agent, broker, placement agent or finder (other than placement agent fees payable in connection with the sale of interests in the Fund) and (S) reasonable expenses for business development, travel and entertainment directly related to the development and management of portfolio investments and prospective portfolio investments, to the extent not reimbursed by a third party.

Each Fund may incur expenses and costs (including expenses and costs resulting from development, negotiation, and structuring) of a proposed transaction or investment by the Fund that is not consummated, to the extent not reimbursed by a third party.

Generally, expenses of the Fund, the general partner or the Sponsor incurred in connection with the structuring, negotiating, making, monitoring, sale, proposed sale or other disposition of portfolio investments will be borne by one or more portfolio investments and, as such, shall not be paid by the general partner or the Sponsor or paid or reimbursed by the Fund.

Sponsor-Related Expenses

For each Fund the Sponsor is generally responsible for expenses directly attributable to its senior management team, including, without limitation, salaries, employment taxes, bonuses, health insurance, life insurance, payroll processing, 401(k) contributions, benefits, information technology, software, and hardware. Expenses directly attributable to all other employees and contractors will be borne by either (a) portfolio investments, (b) the Sponsor or (c) the Fund based on time allocations and will be billed on a monthly basis. Common overhead expenses, including, without limitation, rent, server expenses, phone charges, industry association dues and subscriptions, information technology maintenance, utilities, office supplies, building-related insurance, employee-insurance and office-related expenses including cleaning and security, will be allocated monthly on a per capita basis taking into account all employees and contractors of the Sponsor. The Sponsor shall be responsible for the share of such common overhead expenses allocated to the senior management team. Any common overhead expenses

attributable to all other employees and contractors shall be borne by either (a) portfolio investments, (b) the Sponsor or (c) the Fund, based on allocations of time for the preceding month and will be billed on a monthly basis. Travel-related expenses and meals will be billed to individual portfolio investments, the Sponsor or the Fund as appropriate. Further, portfolio investment charges will be paid first out of cash flow from such portfolio investment to any extent possible and any charges in excess of the amount which can be funded from cash flow will be funded through capital calls to the limited partners of the Fund, subject to the limitations contained in Fund's governing documents.

Item 6. Performance-Based Fees and Side by Side Management

Each general partner of a Fund is generally entitled to a "carried interest" on the Fund's profits in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's governing documents. The "carried interest" is generally equal to twenty percent (20%) of the investment proceeds distributable by such Fund in excess of the capital invested by the Fund's investors and their allocable share of fees and expenses and is subject to a potential increase based on preferred return hurdles outlined in each Fund's governing documents.

Each general partner is also subject to a "clawback" of "carried interest" previously received to the extent that it has received cumulative distributions in excess of amounts otherwise distributable or anticipated to be distributed to the general partner by the Fund as "carried interest", applied on an aggregate basis covering all transactions of the Fund.

For the co-investment vehicles where fees paid by investors are based on capital contributions, such fees are paid concurrently with each investor's capital contributions from time to time.

Item 7. Types of Clients

We provide discretionary investment advice solely to private investment companies exempt from the registration requirements of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. We do not have any requirements for opening or maintaining a separate account.

Item 8. Method of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

In managing the Funds, we employ methods of analysis and investment strategies suitable for the investment objective as summarized below. Please see more detailed descriptions of the investment methods of analysis and investment strategies in the Funds' offering documents and governing documents. There can be no assurance that we will achieve each Fund's investment objectives and loss of investment capital is possible.

Investment Strategies

The Sponsor's investment objective for the Funds is the generation of capital appreciation by investing primarily in oil and gas assets as well as in equity and equity-related securities of companies that own or operate oil and gas assets. Employing an investment philosophy with a

view towards capital protection through downside minimization and value maximization, the Sponsor will strive to construct a portfolio with attractive and risk-adjusted returns.

The upstream oil and gas business involves exploration and production companies ranging from the super majors that are integrated across the upstream, midstream and downstream value chains to small private companies operating assets in single fields. This entire range of industry participants own assets that could be part of a Fund's potential portfolio. The ongoing consolidation and rationalization efforts to focus on core franchise assets by super-majors, public and private energy companies, private equity firms and public and independent family companies provide a number of attractive investment opportunities.

Exploration and production ("E&P") assets and companies are inherently exposed to the prices of oil and gas. The Sponsor intends to manage much of this exposure through commodity hedging. The Sponsor will consider commodity price risk management for Fund investments in which hedging strategies could protect against short-term commodity price declines and safeguard cash flow for growth capital in investments in which that is a goal.

The Sponsor believes that the main drivers of returns in investing in these assets include geology, reserve per well recoveries, midstream and pipeline capacity, production profiles, commodity prices, basis differential realizations, upfront drilling and completion capital expenditures, leverage (if used), and operating costs over the life of the wells. Operating costs for E&P assets and companies can be driven by factors unrelated to the price of the commodities produced, so these assets can possess significant operating and commodity price leverage, generating robust cash flow when prices are high. Likewise, if not hedged, these assets can yield weaker results during protracted periods of low commodity prices.

The Sponsor expects the Funds to invest in assets and companies with a broad range of enterprise values, with most transactions between \$10 thousand to \$300 million in value. Investment decisions will be reviewed at multiple levels within each Fund. Each Fund will have an Investment Committee comprised on certain Sponsor team members and third party experts, who will also review and evaluate certain high value investments. The Funds are expected to make both controlling and minority investments. In its minority investments, the Funds will seek to negotiate appropriate control over certain key areas relating to corporate governance and joint operating agreements.

The Funds' investments may include buyouts of non-core assets or operating subsidiaries of large corporations, consolidation plays and growth capital investments. Subject to longer-term fundamentals and exit opportunities, the anticipated holding period of the majority of the Funds' investments is estimated to average three to seven years. The Funds will also seek to invest where multiple exit alternatives exist.

The Sponsor strives to thoroughly diligence and investigate investment prospects focusing on a number of factors including, but not limited to, the quality of operators, geology, engineering, terms of joint operating and other governing legal agreements, marketing and gathering agreements, accounting data, historical capital expenditures, projected capital expenditures, trends in drilling design and completion, land and lease risks, historical commodity price realizations, political, environmental and regulatory risks, exit options, absolute and risk-

adjusted returns, the prospective asset's competitive advantages, legal and title records and lease obligations. The Sponsor has experience in conducting due diligence and valuing assets and aspects of transaction execution. Warwick will utilize its extensive network of relationships with energy-focused advisors in the fields of investment banking, accounting, tax, legal, insurance and environmental risk management.

The valuation of unrealized investments will be valued using one or more of the following methods: (i) comparable private market acquisition valuation, (ii) discounted cash flow analysis and (iii) comparable public market valuation. The relative weightings applied to each valuation method reflect Warwick's judgment as to the relative applicability of each approach to the specific unrealized investment.

The Sponsor will strive to safeguard the cost basis of portfolio investments and will manage commodity price exposure using financial hedges and other strategies where appropriate. The Sponsor intends to optimize value and drive value creation by actively managing its assets, digitizing data, working closely with operators and other non-operated partners, combining assets from different acquisitions and closely managing operating and capital costs and drilling and completion designs. Portfolio investments are intended to include active management of assets purchased at reasonable asset values and a defined investment and exit process.

From time to time, we may need to make short-term investments on behalf of clients for cash management purposes that may include investments in bank depository products, commercial paper and government securities. Other investments may take the form of privately negotiated investment instruments including unregistered equity and debt from both foreign and domestic issuers. We describe material risks relevant to our investment strategies below.

We analyze and evaluate investment opportunities using conventional financial measures, regardless of the sector or the development stage of the portfolio company. We work with the management teams and historical data of target companies to analyze past and present results, create a thorough operating plan and assess the organizational and capital resources necessary with a view to improve the target company's performance as well as exit alternatives. Our approach to portfolio monitoring and development requires a close focus on the assets, operator, legal agreements in place at time of acquisition and a blueprint for portfolio companies' growth and an incentive plan to potentially create a path towards optimization and value creation.

Risks

Despite our thorough research and analysis, investing in any security involves a risk of loss that any clients and investors in our clients must be prepared to bear. The following is an explanation of some of the significant risks associated with the investment strategies we employ and does not purport to be an exhaustive list of all risks. Please see each Fund's Offering Documents for a more detailed discussion of risks.

BUSINESS RISKS

Nature of Investments. Each Fund's portfolio investments may be leveraged. While investments in leveraged companies offer the opportunity for capital appreciation, such investments will be subject to increased exposure to adverse economic factors, such as rising interest rates, downturns in the economy or deteriorations in the conditions of such assets or its industry, which may have a more pronounced effect on the profitability or survival of such companies. If for any of these reasons a portfolio asset is unable to generate sufficient cash flow to meet principal or interest payments on its indebtedness or make regular dividend payments, the value of a Fund's investment in such assets could be significantly reduced or even eliminated.

General Economic Conditions. General economic conditions may affect each Fund's activities. Interest rates, general levels of economic activity, the price of securities and participation by other investors in the financial markets may affect the value and number of investments made by the Funds or considered for prospective investment. The value of investments may fluctuate in accordance with changes in the financial condition of portfolio assets and other factors that affect the markets in which the Funds invest. Economic slowdowns or downturns could lead to financial losses in each Fund's assets. In addition, many portfolio assets may be subject to the same economic conditions, which could adversely impact each Fund's returns.

Geopolitical Risks. An unstable geopolitical climate and continued threats of terrorism and war could have a material effect on general economic conditions, market conditions in the oil and gas industry and market liquidity. Additionally, a serious pandemic or a natural disaster could severely disrupt the global, national and/or regional economies. A resulting negative impact on economic fundamentals and consumer confidence may increase the risk of default of particular investments, negatively impact market value, increase market volatility and cause credit spreads to widen and reduce liquidity, all of which could have an adverse effect on each Fund's returns and ability to make new investments. No assurance can be given as to the effect of these events on the value of or markets for investments.

Illiquid and Long-Term Investments. Although each Fund's investments may generate current income, the return of capital and the realization of gains, if any, from an investment generally will most likely occur only upon the partial or complete disposition of such investment. While a Fund investment may be sold at any time, it is generally expected that the disposition of most of each Fund's investments will not occur for a number of years after such investments are made. It is unlikely that there will be a public market for the securities held by the Funds at the time of their acquisition. Each Fund generally will not be able to sell its securities publicly unless their sale is registered under applicable securities laws, or will be able to sell the securities only under Rule 144 or unless an exemption from registration requirements is available. In addition, in some cases, each Fund may be prohibited or limited by contract from selling certain securities for a period of time, and as a result, may not be permitted to sell a Fund investment at a time it might otherwise desire to do so.

Highly Competitive Market for Investment Opportunities. The activity of identifying, completing and realizing on attractive investments is a long and complex process and involves a high degree of uncertainty, especially with regards to timing. In addition, the process of searching for an appropriate investment is highly complex. Even if investment opportunities

are identified, there is no assurance that a Fund's bids to acquire interests in such investments will be successful; and upon a successful bid, legal or contractual transfer restrictions, including rights-of-first-refusal, change-of-control, and other similar provisions applicable to such investment may prevent the Funds from acquiring all or a portion of such investment. In addition, the Sponsor may not be able to obtain as favorable terms as it would otherwise in a less competitive investment environment. The availability of investment opportunities generally will be subject to market conditions as well as the prevailing regulatory or political climate. Each Fund will be competing for investment opportunities against various other groups, including industry participants. Furthermore, additional companies with similar investment objectives as a Fund may be formed in the future by unrelated parties. As a result, there can be no assurance that each Fund will be able to identify and complete investments that satisfy its investment objective, or realize the value of such investments, or that it will be able to invest fully its commitments. However, the limited partners will be required to pay the management fee. The difficulty in identifying and gaining access to attractive investment opportunities also applies to the management teams of the portfolio assets, who may be unable to fully invest all of the capital committed to such portfolio assets by the Fund. Each Fund and its portfolio assets may incur significant expenses investigating potential investments which are ultimately not consummated, including expenses relating to due diligence, transportation, legal expenses and the fees of other third-party advisors.

Projections. The Funds may rely upon projections developed by the Sponsor or a portfolio investment team concerning a portfolio asset's future performance, outcome and cash flow. Projections are inherently subject to uncertainty and factors beyond the control of the Sponsor and the portfolio asset and shall not be regarded by any prospective investor as a guarantee, prediction, definitive statement of fact or probability. In addition, privately held companies generally maintain less comprehensive financial information than public companies. Therefore, the Funds' general partners may make investment decisions and monitor such investments after reviewing information that is less comprehensive than that available with respect to a public company. The inaccuracy of certain assumptions, the failure to satisfy certain requirements and the occurrence of other unforeseen events could impair the ability of a portfolio asset to realize projected values, outcomes and cash-flow.

Disposition of Private Investments. Many of the Funds' investments will involve private securities. In connection with the disposition of an investment in private securities, the Funds may be required to make representations about the business and financial affairs of the portfolio asset typical of those made in connection with the sale of a business or may be responsible for the contents of disclosure documents under applicable securities laws. The Funds also may be required to indemnify the purchasers of such investment to the extent that any such representations turn out to be inaccurate. These arrangements may result in the incurrence of contingent liabilities that may ultimately yield funding obligations that must be satisfied by the limited partners of the Funds to the extent of distributions made to such limited partner.

Expedited Transactions. Investment analyses and decisions by the Funds' general partners may frequently be required to be undertaken on an expedited basis to take advantage of investment opportunities. In such cases, the information available to the Funds' general partners at the time an investment decision is made may be limited, and the Funds' general partner may not have

access to detailed information regarding the investment. Therefore, no assurance can be made that each Fund's general partner will have knowledge of all circumstances that may adversely affect an investment.

Labor Relations. Certain portfolio assets may have unionized work forces or employees who are covered by a collective bargaining agreement, which could subject any such portfolio asset's activities and labor relations matters to complex laws and regulations relating thereto. Moreover, a portfolio asset's operations and profitability could suffer if it experiences labor relations problems. Upon the expiration of any such portfolio asset's collective bargaining agreements, it may be unable to negotiate new collective bargaining agreements on terms favorable to it, and its business operations at one or more of its facilities may be interrupted as a result of labor disputes or difficulties and delays in the process of renegotiating its collective bargaining agreements. A work stoppage at one or more of a portfolio asset's facilities could have a material adverse effect on its business, results of operations and financial condition. Any such problems additionally may adversely affect the Funds' ability to implement its investment objectives.

Bridge Financings. From time to time, the Funds may lend portfolio assets on a short-term, unsecured basis or otherwise invest on an interim basis in portfolio assets in anticipation of a future issuance of equity or long-term debt securities or other refinancing or syndication. However, for reasons not always in a Fund's control, such long-term securities issuance or other refinancing or syndication may not occur and such bridge loans and interim investments may remain outstanding. In such event, the interest rate on such loans or the terms of such interim investments may not adequately reflect the risk associated with the position taken by a Fund.

Control Position. Each Fund will generally seek investment opportunities that allow the Fund to acquire control or exercise influence over management and the strategic direction of portfolio investments. The acquisition of control or the exercise of control or influence over a company imposes additional risks of liability for environmental damage, product defects, failure to supervise management, pension plan liabilities and other types of liability in which the limited liability generally characteristic of business operations may be ignored. The acquisition of control or the exercise of control or influence over a portfolio investment could expose the assets of the Funds to claims by such portfolio investment, its security holders and its creditors. While each Fund's general partner intends to manage the Fund in a way that will minimize exposure to these risks, the possibility of successful claims cannot be precluded.

Non-Controlling Investments. Each Fund may hold a non-controlling interest in certain portfolio assets where it may have limited influence. Such portfolio assets may have economic or business interests or goals that are inconsistent with those of the Fund, and the Fund may not be in a position to limit or otherwise protect its position in such portfolio assets. Each Fund's control over the investment policies of such portfolio assets may also be limited. This could result in the Fund's investments being frozen in minority positions that incur substantial loss. It could also prevent the Fund from realizing the value of its investments and distributing proceeds in a timely manner. In addition, although the Funds will generally seek board representation in connection with its non-controlling investments, there is no assurance that such representation, if sought, will be obtained.

Third-Party Involvement. Each Fund may co-invest with third parties through partnerships, joint ventures, or other entities. Such investments may involve risks not present in investments where a third party is not involved, including the possibility that a third party co-venturer or partner may at any time have economic or business interests or goals that are inconsistent with those of the Fund, or may be in a position to take action contrary to the Funds' investment objectives, and other risks associated with not having control over such investments. The management of such investments in certain instances may not be fully or even partially controlled by the Sponsor. In addition, the Funds may in certain circumstances be liable for actions of its third party co-venturers or partners.

Cybersecurity Risk. Warwick, each Fund's General Partner, each Fund's service providers and other market participants increasingly depend on complex information technology and communications systems to conduct business functions. These systems are subject to a number of different threats or risks that could adversely affect a Fund and its investors, despite the efforts of Warwick and service providers to adopt technologies, processes and practices intended to mitigate these risks and protect the security of their computer systems, software, networks and other technology assets, as well as the confidentiality, integrity and availability of information belonging to such Funds and its investors. For example, unauthorized third parties may attempt to improperly access, modify, disrupt the operations of, or prevent access to these systems of Warwick, the Funds' general partner, the Funds' service providers, counterparties or data within these systems. Third parties may also attempt to fraudulently induce employees, customers, third-party service providers or other users of our systems to disclose sensitive information in order to gain access to our data or that of a Fund's investors. A successful penetration or circumvention of the security of our systems could result in the loss or theft of an investor's data or funds, the inability to access electronic systems, loss or theft of proprietary information or corporate data, physical damage to a computer or network system or costs associated with system repairs. Such incidents could cause a Fund, Warwick or their service providers to incur regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional compliance costs or financial loss.

Litigation. Litigation can and does occur in the ordinary course of the management of an investment portfolio of securities. Each Fund may be engaged in litigation both as a plaintiff and as a defendant. This risk is somewhat greater where the Partnership exercises control or significant influence over a portfolio asset's direction, including as a result of board participation. Such litigation can arise as a result of issuer default, issuer bankruptcies and/or other reasons. In certain cases, such issuers may bring claims and/or counterclaims against each Fund, each Fund's General Partner, the Sponsor and/or their respective principals and affiliates alleging violations of securities laws and other typical issuer claims and counterclaims seeking significant damages. The expense of defending against claims made against a Fund by third parties and paying any amounts pursuant to settlements or judgments would be borne by the Fund to the extent that (i) the Fund has not been able to protect itself through indemnification or other rights against the portfolio assets, (ii) the Fund is not entitled to such protections or (iii) the portfolio asset is not solvent. The Sponsor, the Fund's General Partner and others may be indemnified by the Fund, as noted above, in connection with such litigation, subject to certain conditions.

Third-Party Advice. Each Fund, each Fund's General Partner, the Sponsor and Warwick use the services of experts, including without limitation, attorneys, accountants, bankers and other consultants in their operations. Each Fund, the Fund's General Partner, Warwick and the Sponsor generally rely upon such advisors for their professional judgment with respect to legal, tax and other regulatory matters. Nevertheless, there exists a risk that such advisors may provide incorrect advice from time to time. None of a Fund, such Fund's General Partner, Warwick or the Sponsor will have any liability to the Limited Partners for any reliance upon such advice (provided that such advisors have been selected with reasonable care).

RISK FACTORS RELATED TO THE OIL AND GAS INDUSTRY

Volatility of Oil and Gas Prices and Markets. The profitability of the portfolio assets and companies in which the Funds will invest is substantially dependent on prevailing prices for oil and natural gas. The volume of oil and gas produced and the prices obtainable therefore will be affected by market factors beyond each Fund's control. Such factors include the extent of domestic production, the level of imports of foreign oil and gas, the general level of market demand on a regional, national and worldwide basis, domestic and foreign economic conditions that determine levels of industrial production, political events in foreign oil-producing regions and variations in governmental regulations and tax laws or the imposition of new governmental requirements upon the energy industry. Prices for oil and gas are subject to wide fluctuation in response to relatively minor changes in supply of and demand for oil and gas, market uncertainty and a variety of additional factors that are beyond the control of each Fund. A substantial and prolonged decline in oil and gas prices could have a material adverse effect on each Fund's portfolio assets, and thus on each Fund.

Seismic Activity Risks. Seismic activity may cause risks from a legislative and regulatory perspective as they may result in regulations that have an impact on the energy industry, with a specific focus on water disposal wells. These regulations and restrictions could cause operational delays or an increase in operating and compliance costs that impact operations.

Operating Hazards and Uninsured Risks. Each of the Funds' portfolio assets will be subject to substantial operating risks, such as unusual or unexpected geologic formations, pressures, downhole fires, mechanical failures, blow-outs, cratering, explosions, pipe failure, uncontrollable flow of oil, gas or well fluids and pollution and other environmental risks. These hazards could result in substantial losses to a portfolio asset due to injury and loss of life, severe damage to and destruction of property and equipment, pollution and other environmental damage, suspension of operations and costs of remediation. Any offshore operations of a portfolio asset will be subject to a variety of operating risks peculiar to the marine environment, such as hurricanes or other adverse weather conditions, to more extensive governmental regulation, including regulations that may, in certain circumstances, impose strict liability for pollution damage, and to interruption or termination of operations by governmental authorities based on environmental or other considerations. Portfolio asset operations could result in liability for personal injuries, property damage, oil spills, discharge of hazardous materials, remediation and clean-up costs, and other environmental damages. A portfolio asset

could be liable for environmental damages caused by previous property owners. As a result, substantial liabilities to third parties or governmental entities may be incurred, the payments of which could have a material adverse effect on each Fund's portfolio assets, and thus on each fund. Each Fund will encourage each portfolio asset to carry insurance which the Fund believes is in accordance with customary and prudent business practices. However, portfolio assets will not be able to fully insure against all risks associated with their business, either because such insurance is not available or because the cost of such insurance would be prohibitive.

Demand for Oil and Gas. The success of the companies in which the Funds will invest is materially dependent upon the demand for oil and gas. The availability of a ready market for each Fund's portfolio assets' oil and gas production depends on a number of factors beyond each Fund's portfolio assets' control, including the demand for, and supply of, oil and gas, the availability of alternative energy sources, the proximity of reserves to, and the capacity of, oil and gas gathering systems, pipelines, or trucking and terminal facilities. Each Fund's portfolio assets may also have to shut-in some of its wells temporarily due to a lack of market or adverse weather conditions including hurricanes. In addition, federal and state regulation of oil and gas production and transportation, general economic conditions, and changes in supply and demand could adversely affect the Funds' portfolio assets' ability to produce and market its oil and gas on a profitable basis. Any significant change in the Funds' portfolio assets' ability to produce and market its oil and gas production could have a material adverse effect on the Funds' portfolio assets' financial condition and results of operations.

Drilling and Engineering Risks. The revenues and operating results of the Funds' portfolio assets will be dependent upon the success of their respective exploitation, development, and drilling activities. These oil and gas activities involve numerous risks, including the risk that no commercially productive oil or natural gas reservoirs will be encountered. The timing and cost of drilling, completing, and operating wells is often uncertain, and drilling operations may be curtailed, delayed, or canceled as a result of a variety of factors, including unexpected drilling conditions, pressure or irregularities in formations, equipment failures or accidents, adverse weather conditions, compliance with governmental requirements, and shortages or delays in the availability of drilling rigs and the delivery of equipment.

Hedging. Each of the Funds' portfolio assets may seek to reduce exposure to the volatility of oil and gas prices by actively hedging a portion of production. Certain types of hedging contracts could prevent the Funds' portfolio assets from receiving the full advantage of increases in oil and gas prices above the fixed amount specified in the hedge agreement. In a typical hedge transaction, a Company portfolio asset has the right to receive from the hedge counterparty the excess of the fixed price specified in the hedge agreement over a floating price based on a market index, multiplied by the quantity hedged. If the floating price exceeds the fixed price, each Fund's portfolio asset must pay the counterparty this difference multiplied by the quantities hedged even if the Fund's portfolio asset had insufficient production to cover the quantities specified in the hedge agreement. Accordingly, if a Fund's portfolio asset has less production than it has hedged when the floating price exceeds the fixed price, the Fund's portfolio asset must make payments against which there are no offsetting sales of production. If these payments become too large, the remainder of the Fund's portfolio assets' business may be adversely affected. In addition, hedging agreements expose the Fund's portfolio assets to the

risk of financial loss if a counterparty to a hedging contract defaults on its contract obligations. Each Fund may, at the discretion of the Fund's General Partner, enter into separate commodity derivative transactions to hedge against price fluctuations with respect to expected production volumes that either are not or cannot be hedged by the portfolio assets. The use of hedging strategies is a highly specialized activity and there can be no assurance that their use will achieve their intended result. Each Fund's hedging activities are subject to any limitation imposed by the de minimis exemption under CFTC Rule 4.13(a)(3) or any other exemption from registration under the Commodity Exchange Act applicable to the Funds at any time.

Unavailability of Equipment or Personnel. The energy industry is cyclical and, from time to time, there is a shortage of drilling rigs, equipment, supplies, or qualified personnel. During these periods, the cost and delivery times of rigs, equipment, and supplies are substantially greater. In addition, demand for, and wage rates of, qualified drilling rig crews rise with increases in the number of active rigs in service. If the unavailability or high cost of drilling rigs, equipment, supplied, or qualified personnel were particularly severe, a Fund's business could be materially and adversely affected.

Terrorist Activities. Recent terrorist attacks of unprecedented scope have caused instability in the world financial markets and may generate global economic instability. The continued threat of terrorism and the impact of military or other action have led to and will likely lead to increased volatility in prices for oil and gas and could affect a Fund's portfolio assets' financial results. Further, the U.S. government has issued public warnings indicating that energy assets might be specific targets of terrorist organizations. As a result of such a terrorist attack or of terrorist activities in general, a Fund's portfolio assets may not be able to obtain insurance coverage and other endorsements at commercially reasonable prices or at all.

Taxation. Investments in properties in the energy sector may be subject from time to time to numerous taxes and fees levied by the jurisdictions in which such companies are organized or operate. Properties engaged in oil and gas operations or having substantial real property holdings, in particular, may be subject to specific tax regimes, such as petroleum revenue taxes, fees for drilling rights and exploration licenses, oil production fees, real estate taxes, stamp duties and various state and local taxes. Limited Partners should consult their own tax advisors regarding the impact of such taxes, if any, on their investment in a Funds' portfolio assets.

Environmental Liabilities. The oil and gas business is subject to environmental hazards, such as oil spills, gas leaks and ruptures, discharges of petroleum products and hazardous substances, and historic disposal activities. These environmental hazards could expose a Funds' portfolio assets to material liabilities for property damages, personal injuries, or other environmental harm, including costs of investigating and remediating contaminated properties. In addition, a Fund's portfolio assets may also be liable for environmental damages caused by the previous owners or operators of properties it purchases. A variety of stringent federal, state, and local laws and regulations govern the environmental aspects of the oil and gas business. Any noncompliance with these laws and regulations could subject a Fund's portfolio assets to material administrative, civil or criminal penalties, or other liabilities. Additionally, compliance with these laws may, from time to time, result in increased costs of operations or decreased production, and may affect acquisition costs.

Governmental and Environmental Regulation. The oil and gas industry is subject to extensive regulation under a wide range of federal and state statutes, rules, orders and regulations. In addition, various federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment may affect the operations and costs of the companies in which the Funds invest. If a portfolio asset has operations abroad, it will be subject to the laws and regulations of the country in which it is doing business. These regulations may have a significant adverse impact on the financial condition, prospects and profitability of the Funds' portfolio assets.

Risk Factors Related to Midstream and Natural Gas Storage Industry. The profitability of the companies in which the Funds will invest that are principally engaged in business in the midstream or natural gas storage industry will also be dependent upon any pipeline, storage or related assets that they may own. The demand for use of pipeline, storage and related assets is dependent on prevailing prices and demand for oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids and the availability of third-party interconnections to the pipeline, storage and related assets of such portfolio companies. Such portfolio companies will not own all of the land on which their pipeline, storage or related assets are located and will therefore be subject to the possibility of increased costs or the inability to retain necessary land use. Additionally, new and existing environmental regulations and increased regulation of pipeline, storage and related assets by federal, state or local regulatory agencies, including the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, may increase operating costs or limit the rates that such portfolio companies can charge for their services. All or any of these factors in addition to the factors described elsewhere in this section may have a significant adverse impact on the financial condition, prospects and profitability of such portfolio companies.

MANAGEMENT RISKS

Reliance on the Sponsor's Management Team. The success of the Funds depends in substantial part upon the skill and expertise of the Sponsor and others providing investment advice with respect to each Fund. There can be no assurance that these key investment professionals will continue to be associated with each Funds' General Partner and the Sponsor or their respective affiliates throughout the life of the Fund. The loss of key personnel could have a material adverse effect on each Fund's ability to realize its investment objectives. In addition, members of the Sponsor and its affiliates are also members of the Fund's general partners of one or more of the Prior Companies. Thus, they will have demands made on their time for the investment, monitoring, exit strategy and other functions of such Funds.

Portfolio Asset Management Risks. With respect to management at the portfolio asset level, many portfolio assets rely on the services of a limited number of key individuals, the loss of any one of whom could significantly adversely affect the portfolio asset's performance. There can be no assurance that the existing management team of a portfolio asset, or any new team, will be able to successfully operate such portfolio asset, or will meet the Funds' expectations. Although each Fund's General Partner and the Sponsor expect to monitor portfolio asset management, management of each portfolio asset will have day-to-day responsibility with respect to the business of such portfolio asset. In addition, certain portfolio assets may operate in highly regulated environments, and the Funds will likely rely on the management teams to manage their activities in a manner consistent with applicable laws and regulations (including, without limitation, the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act ("FCPA") and other anti-corruption,

anti-bribery and anti-boycott laws, regulations and orders) and in a manner which will permit such portfolio asset to maintain a quality reputation. If a portfolio asset acts inconsistently with applicable laws and regulations or takes actions that cause such portfolio asset disrepute, such actions may adversely affect a Fund, as an investor in such portfolio asset, and may damage the Fund's reputation, which may adversely impact each Fund's ability to complete investments in other portfolio investments and the Fund's ability to realize its investment objective.

Board Participation. To the extent that the Funds invest in equity securities of a company that owns oil and gas assets, the Funds may be represented on the boards of directors of such company or may have its representatives serve as observers to such company's board of directors. Although such positions in certain circumstances may be important to a Fund's investment strategy and may enhance the Fund's General Partner's and the Sponsor's abilities to manage the investments, they may also have the effect of impairing the Fund's General Partner's ability to sell the related securities when, and upon the terms, it may otherwise desire, and may subject the Fund's General Partner, the Sponsor, and the Fund to claims they would not otherwise be subject to as an investor, including claims of breach of duty of loyalty, securities claims and other director-related claims. In general, the each Fund will indemnify the Fund's General Partner and the Sponsor from such claims.

Warwick Investments. Our firm, our affiliates and certain of our professionals may invest in investment companies advised by us or Warwick. Our principals and employees do not bear Management Fee or "carried interest" on their direct or indirect investment in the Funds. If the Firm, our affiliates or our professionals are investing in an investment company sponsored by us, any actual or potential fee waiver is disclosed to potential investors in the offering materials for the particular investment company.

Item 9. Disciplinary Information

Neither our firm nor any management person has been involved in any investment-related criminal or civil actions in a domestic, foreign or military court. Neither our firm nor any management person has been subject to an administrative proceeding before the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), any other federal regulatory agency, any foreign financial regulatory authority or any self-regulatory organization.

Item 10. Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliates

We are not registered, nor do we have an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer or a registered representative of a broker-dealer.

We are also not registered, nor do we have any application pending to register, as a futures commission merchant. Each Fund's General Partner has filed for an exemption from registration as a commodity pool operator in accordance with Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") Rule 4.13(a)(3) and we may file for an exemption from registration as a commodity trading advisor in accordance with CFTC Rule 4.14(a)(8).

See *Conflicts of Interest* in Item 11 below.

Item 11. Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

Code of Ethics

The Sponsor has adopted a Code of Ethics (the “Code”) pursuant to the SEC rule 204A-1. The Code is designed to foster a culture of honesty and accountability and to establish the standards of business conduct in order to assist those covered by the Code to comply with the U.S. Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the “Advisers Act”). It is designed to ensure that the highest level of ethical conduct be reflected in all of the Sponsor’s business activities including, but not limited to, relationships with investors, customers, suppliers, competitors, the government, regulators and the public.

The policies and procedures set forth in the Code apply to each (i) member, officer, supervisor or person performing a similar role of the Sponsor, (ii) employee of the Sponsor and (iii) person associated with the Sponsor (including employees of an affiliate and any consultant) who participates in or has responsibilities in connection with the Sponsor’s advisory activities (each herein referred to as an “advisory person” and collectively, “advisory persons”).

Advisory persons are required to conduct themselves according to the language and spirit of the Code and avoid even the appearance of improper behavior. The Sponsor recognizes that one of its most valuable assets is its reputation for integrity, professionalism and fairness and adhering to the Code and applicable law is imperative.

The Code contains policies which address the following situations:

Compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations

Advisory persons are prohibited from committing an illegal or unethical act, or instructing others to do so, for any reason. The Code sets forth a procedure for raising questions regarding compliance with the Code, applicable laws, rules or regulations. In addition, the Sponsor conducts training sessions to promote compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations.

Preventing Insider Trading

Advisory persons are not permitted to use non-public information (sometimes referred to as “inside information”) to trade in securities, or provide a family member, friend or any other person with a “tip” regarding inside information. Advisory persons are instructed not to use inside information for personal gain and to familiarize themselves and comply with the Sponsor’s policies and procedures designed to prevent insider trading.

Protection of Confidential Proprietary Information

The Code sets forth a policy designed to protect confidential proprietary information (*i.e.*, all non-public information that might be useful to competitors or that could be harmful to the Adviser, its clients, customers or its suppliers if disclosed) generated and gathered as a result of the Sponsor’s business. The Code requires that all proprietary information be maintained in

strict confidence (even after an advisory person is no longer associated with the firm), except when disclosure is authorized by the Sponsor or required by law.

Conflicts of Interest

The Code addresses conflicts of interest that may arise in the course of conducting the Sponsor's business and requires that all advisory persons endeavor to avoid situations that present potential or actual conflicts. The Code provides the following examples of situations which may constitute a conflict of interest: (i) working, in any capacity, for a competitor, customer or supplier while employed by the Sponsor, (ii) accepting gifts of more than modest value or receiving personal discounts or other benefits as a result of a person's position with the Sponsor from a competitor, customer or supplier, (iii) competing with the Sponsor for the purchase or sale of property, services or other interests, (iv) having an interest in a transaction involving the Sponsor, a client, a customer or supplier (other than as an advisory person, officer or director of the Sponsor and not including routine investments in publicly-traded companies), (v) receiving a loan or guarantee of an obligation as a result of a person's position with the Sponsor, (vi) making political contributions, and (vii) directing business to a supplier owned or managed by, or which employs, a relative or friend. The Code also requires advisory persons to report any potential or actual conflicts to the Chief Compliance Officer.

Policies and procedures regarding personal securities reporting and transactions have been established by the Sponsor to detect and prevent conflicts of interest. The Sponsor requires all advisory persons who are "access persons", their immediate family members and persons who rely on financial support from such advisory persons to report their personal securities holdings on an annual basis (as well initially upon hire) and personal securities transactions on a quarterly basis. These reports are reviewed in an effort to detect possible conflicts and abuse. The Sponsor deems all employees and under certain circumstances consultants as access persons.

Portfolio Asset Fees. Each Fund's General Partner, the Sponsor and their respective affiliates may receive certain transaction fees, director's fees, advisory fees, break-up fees, monitoring fees and other similar fees from portfolio assets and in connection with unconsummated transactions. The Sponsor's ability to receive such fees from portfolio assets for performing consulting and other services for such portfolio assets represents a conflict of interest to the extent that each Fund has or will have control or significant influence over such portfolio assets, although this potential conflict of interest is mitigated by the fact that an amount equal to 100% of each Fund's portion of such fees will be used to reduce future Management Fees payable to the Sponsor. Please see each Fund's Offering Documents for further detail.

Valuation. Valuation of assets acquired in a portfolio investment may be difficult, and there may generally be no established market for these assets. Each Fund's General Partner's determination of the fair value of an investment may impact the calculation of the Management Fee Charge and carried interest to the extent such valuation would result in a write-down, which could incentivize the Fund's General Partner to refrain from writing down investments.

Material Non-Public Information. By reason of their responsibilities in connection with the Funds and certain other activities of the Sponsor and its affiliates, certain employees of the

Sponsor or its affiliates may acquire confidential or material non-public information or be restricted from initiating transactions in certain securities. The Funds will not be free to act upon any such information and such information may serve to restrict the Funds in its investment activities. Due to these restrictions, the Funds may not be able to initiate a transaction that it otherwise might have initiated and may not be able to sell an investment that it otherwise might have sold.

Protection and Proper Use of the Sponsor's Assets

The Code contains a policy to protect the Sponsor's assets against loss, theft or other misuse. Loss, theft and misuse of the Sponsor's assets directly impact profitability, and therefore, advisory persons are required to report suspected loss, misuse or theft to the Chief Compliance Officer.

Corporate Opportunities

Advisory persons are prohibited from taking for themselves business opportunities that arise through the use of the Sponsor's property or information, or their position with the Sponsor. Advisory persons are not permitted to use such property, information or position for personal gain, and advisory persons are not permitted to compete with the Sponsor.

Fair Dealing; Gifts and Gratuities

The Code requires advisory persons to deal fairly and ethically with all customers, suppliers, competitors and the public. The Code's anti-corruption policy prohibits bribes, kickbacks or other similar payments in any form made directly or indirectly to or for anyone for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business or obtaining any other favorable action. The Code generally permits occasional business gifts to and entertainment of non-government persons in connection with business discussions or the development of business relationships. However, the Code requires that such gifts be given infrequently and their value be modest. The Code prohibits gifts or business entertainment of any kind to any government official or employee without prior approval. The Code notes that the FCPA generally prohibits giving anything of value directly or indirectly to any "foreign official" for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business.

Compliance with the Code and Reporting of Any Illegal or Unethical Behavior

The Code will be enforced throughout the firm and violations will be addressed, including subjecting persons to corrective and/or disciplinary action which may include dismissal or removal from office. Violations of the Code that involve illegal behavior may be reported to the appropriate authorities.

Any concerns about violations of laws, rules, regulations or the Code by any advisory person are to be reported promptly to the Chief Compliance Officer. The Sponsor encourages all advisory persons to report any suspected violations promptly and will thoroughly investigate any good faith reports of violations and it will not tolerate any kind of retaliation for reports or complaints regarding misconduct that were made in good faith. Advisory persons are required to cooperate in internal investigations of misconduct and unethical behavior.

Political Contributions and Activities

Political contributions must be pre-cleared in accordance with the Sponsor's policy. No one may be reimbursed directly or indirectly by the Sponsor for personal political contributions.

Education about this Code

Each employee is provided a copy of the Code and any amendments. Each of these persons is required to provide written acknowledgement of their receipt of the Code.

Recordkeeping

Copies of the Code and the written acknowledgements are maintained in accordance with the Advisers Act.

A copy of the Code is available to any investor or prospective investor upon request.

Item 12. Brokerage Practices

We do not make regular use of brokers for the purposes of purchasing or selling securities on behalf of the Funds because the securities that we typically purchase or sell on behalf of the Funds are acquired and/or disposed of in privately negotiated purchase and sale transactions. If we determine to engage a broker, we will select the broker considering the range and quality of its brokerage services, its execution capability, commission rate, financial responsibility and responsiveness to us, and the value to us of research provided, if any. We will negotiate the commission rates and other transaction costs relating to broker services. Warwick would select brokers and would determine the reasonableness of their commissions in a manner consistent with its fiduciary duty to obtain "best price and execution" for its clients, including (i) overall experience, expertise and reliability of the broker, (ii) the timing and size of the order and (iii) current market conditions.

Warwick may enter into arrangements with a registered broker-dealer under which such broker-dealer liquidates in-kind distributions of securities on behalf of each Fund's limited partners who elect such liquidation. Under such arrangements, Warwick may direct the Funds to select such broker-dealer as broker-dealer in respect of such liquidation, and the broker-dealer would receive a fee based on the number of shares liquidated.

Research and Other Soft Dollar Benefits

Not applicable. We do not receive soft dollar benefits or client referrals from broker-dealers in connection with client transactions.

Brokerage for Client Referrals

Not applicable.

Directed Brokerage

Not applicable.

Trade Aggregation Practices

Not applicable.

Item 13. Review of Accounts

The Investment Committee monitors the portfolio investments on an ongoing basis at least quarterly. The review focuses on the operations, financial performance and strategic direction of each investment. A subset of the Investment Committee monitors each portfolio investment more frequently to ensure compliance with its stated objective. In addition, the Investment Committee reviews the valuations of each Fund's investments that are non-marketable securities.

Investors in each Fund will receive written financial reports, on a quarterly basis. Investors in our clients also will receive audited financial statements of the Fund, valuations of all the Fund's investments and tax information necessary for the completion of U.S. tax returns on an annual basis. In addition to the information provided to all of each Fund's investors, we may arrange to provide certain investors of our clients with additional information or more frequent reports that other investors will not receive.

Item 14. Client Referrals and Other Compensation

We sponsor the formation of the Funds and we do not engage or compensate third party referral agents to solicit for us new investors. Any cash payments to solicitors of investors will be made in accordance with Rule 206(4)-3 under the Advisers Act. We will bear any compensation paid to such solicitors.

Item 15. Custody

We will engage as appropriate a third party to serve as qualified custodian for each Fund. Additionally, the Funds (within 120 days of the end of its fiscal year) will circulate to its limited partners audited annual financial reports prepared an independent auditing firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Item 16. Investment Discretion

We have entered into an investment management agreement with each Fund. Each such agreement, together with the management authority granted to the Fund's General Partner pursuant to each Fund's governance documents, provides us with full discretion to determine investments to be purchased and sold on behalf of the Funds and the terms of the related transactions. Limitations on our investment discretion are set forth in the investment management agreement and in each Fund's governance documents.

Item 17. Voting Client Securities

In situations where each Fund invests in securities, while such securities are not typically the subject of proxies, there could be certain circumstances where we, having discretionary authority over the accounts of the Fund, may be asked to vote the securities of such Company on restructuring or other corporate matters. We will ensure that a record of each securities position held by each Fund is maintained and, where any such vote is to occur, we will ensure that it receives all relevant information, disclosure materials and such proxies or consents as are necessary for us to cast votes in a timely manner.

Warwick will also determine where there is, or appears to be, a material conflict of interest that could influence the voting decision in a manner that would be adverse to the interests of each Fund. If we determine that there is no material conflict of interest, then we will make the voting determination and take the required voting action. If we determine that, due to a conflict of interest, we are not capable of making an independent determination as to the voting decision then the voting decision will be that recommended by the applicable LP Advisory Committee.

A copy of the proxy voting policies and procedures, together with information regarding how our firm voted particular proxies, will be provided to any client and prospective client upon request.

Item 18. Financial Information

We do not believe any financial condition exists that is reasonably likely to impair our ability to meet contractual commitments to our clients. Our firm has never been the subject of a bankruptcy petition.

Item 19. Requirements for State-Registered Advisers

Not applicable