

Item 1 – Cover Page

GUGGENHEIM PARTNERS ADVISORS, LLC

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March 28, 2024

This Brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Guggenheim Partners Advisors, LLC (“GPA”). If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at GIComplianceADV@guggenheimpartners.com. The information in this Brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) or by any state securities authority.

GPA is a registered investment adviser. Registration of an investment adviser does not imply any level of skill or training.

Additional information about GPA also is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

Item 2 – Material Changes

This is an update to the brochure published by GPA on March 31, 2023.

GPA has updated disclosures relating to its advisory business. In particular, this brochure includes updated disclosures in the following area:

- Item 4 – Advisory Business

Item 3 – Table of Contents

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Item 4 – Advisory Business

GPA is a Delaware limited liability company formed on March 10, 2016. Guggenheim Capital, LLC (“Guggenheim Capital”) is the sole owner of GPA through a series of holding companies, including Guggenheim Manager, Inc.; Guggenheim Partners, LLC (“Guggenheim Partners”); GI Holdco II LLC; GI Holdco LLC; GMI GPIMH, LLC; and Guggenheim Partners Investment Management Holdings, LLC (“GPIMH”). Sage Assets, Inc. holds a minority ownership interest in Guggenheim Capital, LLC. Consolidated Investment Services, Inc. owns SAGE Assets, Inc. Sammons Corporation owns Consolidated Investment Services, Inc. Sammons Enterprises, Inc. owns Sammons Corporation. Sammons Enterprises, Inc. Employee Stock Ownership Trust owns Sammons Enterprises, Inc. GreatBanc Trust Company is the Trustee for Sammons Enterprises, Inc. Employee Stock Ownership Trust.

GPA may provide investment advice to Guggenheim Partners Investment Management, LLC (“GPIM”) and/or other clients.

As of March 31, 2024, GPA does not manage any Regulatory Assets Under Management.

GPA does not participate in any wrap fee program.

Item 5 – Fees and Compensation

Management Fees

GPA expects to receive customary compensation for advisory services provided to its clients.

Additional Fees

GPA and its affiliates may receive fees, commissions, remuneration, or profits made in some transactions involving affiliated entities in addition to any management and performance fees. For more information on transactions involving affiliated entities, please see Item 11.

Expenses

GPA expects that customary costs and expenses will be borne by its clients.

Item 6 – Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

Performance-Based Fees

For certain clients, GPA may charge a performance or incentive fee or allocation constituting a percentage of profits or gains. Performance-based compensation arrangements are structured in accordance with the

requirements of Rule 205-3 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (“Advisers Act”) to the extent Rule 205-3 applies.

Performance-based fee arrangements may vary among clients and investment strategies.

To the extent that GPA may manage client accounts that pay performance-based fees and client accounts that pay only management fees, or performance-based fees that are calculated in a different manner, such activity may create a potential conflict of interest as the portfolio manager may have an incentive to favor clients with the potential to generate greater fees.

Performance-based compensation arrangements reward GPA for positive performance, and thus may create an incentive for GPA to recommend investments that may be riskier or more speculative than those that would be recommended under a different compensation arrangement.

These potential conflicts of interest are mitigated by GPA’s allocation and best execution procedures designed to ensure GPA acts in the best interests of its clients in accordance with its fiduciary duties.

Valuation

As noted above, GPA’s fees may be based on the value and performance of the assets held in the client account. When pricing a security, GPA will attempt, in good faith and in accordance with applicable laws, to determine the fair value of the security or other assets. Unless otherwise agreed to with a client, GPA will generally rely on prices provided by a broker-dealer or third-party pricing service for valuation purposes. However, when quotations from these sources are not readily available or are believed by GPA to be unreliable, the security or other assets will be valued by GPA or an affiliate in accordance with applicable valuation procedures.

GPA will value securities and assets in client accounts according to its valuation policies. GPA may value an identical asset differently than other affiliated subsidiaries of Guggenheim Partners, LLC (“Guggenheim Partners”) value the asset, including because such other entities have information regarding valuation techniques and models or other information that they do not share with GPA. This is particularly the case in respect of difficult-to-value assets. Where appropriate, GPA may also value an identical asset differently in different client accounts, for example because different client accounts are subject to different valuation guidelines pursuant to their respective governing agreements or different third party vendors perform valuation functions for the client accounts.

GPA faces a potential conflict with respect to such valuations because they affect GPA’s compensation. To the extent GPA’s fees are based on the value or performance of client accounts, GPA would benefit by receiving a fee based on the impact, if any, of an increased value of assets in an account. In order to mitigate such potential conflicts of interest, GPA will maintain a Valuation Policy to monitor GPA’s valuation determinations in accordance with its fiduciary duties.

In measuring clients’ assets for the calculation of performance-based compensation, GPA will generally include realized and unrealized capital gains and losses for purposes of such calculations.

Side-By-Side Management

Portfolio managers employed by GPA or its affiliates may manage multiple accounts according to the same or similar investment strategies and may seek to make or sell investments in the same securities, instruments, sectors or strategies. This side-by-side management of multiple accounts may create potential conflicts, particularly in circumstances where the availability or liquidity of investment opportunities is limited. Certain investments (such as commercial mortgage loans, products structured for insurance company investment requirements, private equity, hedge funds, venture capital and/or other equity interests) may be offered to some but not all clients when appropriately within client investment guidelines, including unaffiliated and affiliated insurance companies (as described below in “Item 10 – Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations – Other Potential Conflicts and Material Relationships with Affiliated Entities”).

To address these potential conflicts, GPA’s policies and procedures require that investment decisions for client accounts advised by GPA or its affiliates will be made independently from those of other client accounts and are made with specific reference to the individual needs and objectives of each client account, without consideration of GPA’s or its employees’ or affiliates’ pecuniary or investment interests. In particular, under GPA’s policies and procedures, investment opportunities will be allocated in a manner that GPA believes is consistent with its obligations as an investment adviser. GPA’s policies and procedures relating to allocation of investment opportunities are described further in the “Allocation” section below. For additional information relating to GPA’s general processes to mitigate potential conflicts of interest, see “Item 11 – Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading – General Process Regarding Potential Conflicts”. GPA is subject to these and/or other similar policies and procedures that are consistent with GPA’s obligations as an investment adviser and that address circumstances that may be unique to GPA’s business. Accordingly, certain client accounts may receive an allocation in a given transaction when other client accounts do not, and account investments and performance resulting from such decisions may differ from client to client.

Allocation

GPA may advise clients with similar investment strategies. To the extent that GPA has responsibility for allocating investments within GPA, it has implemented policies and procedures that govern the allocation of investment opportunities among clients in a fair and equitable manner, taking into account the needs and investment objectives of the clients as well as prevailing market conditions. In such circumstances, if an investment opportunity would be appropriate for more than one client, GPA may be required to choose among those clients in allocating the opportunity, or to allocate less of the opportunity to a client than it would ideally allocate if it did not have to allocate to multiple clients. In addition, GPA may determine that an investment opportunity is appropriate for a particular account, but not for another. There can be no assurance that a particular investment opportunity will be allocated in any particular manner.

In order to minimize execution costs for clients, trades in the same security transacted on behalf of more than one client may be aggregated (*i.e.*, blocked or bunched), subject to the aggregation being in the best interests of the participating clients and the firm’s obligation to seek best execution. GPA may aggregate trades, unless it believes that doing so would conflict or otherwise be inconsistent with its duty to seek best execution for the clients and/or the terms of the respective investment advisory contracts and other agreements and understandings relating to the clients for which trades are being aggregated. When GPA believes that it can effectively obtain best execution for the clients by aggregating trades, it may do so for all clients participating

in the trade for which aggregated trades are consistent with the respective investment advisory contracts, investment guidelines, and other agreements and understandings relating to the clients.

In the event trades are aggregated, GPA shall seek to: (i) treat all participating client accounts fairly; (ii) continue to seek best execution; and (iii) ensure that clients who participate in an aggregated order will participate at the same price, net of transaction costs.

Discretionary v. Non-Discretionary Accounts

GPA may provide non-discretionary investment advisory services where GPA advises client accounts on purchasing, selling, holding, valuing, or exercising rights with respect to particular investments, but does not have discretion to execute purchases or sales on behalf of the client accounts without the specific instruction of the client. GPA may advise with respect to the same or similar securities in discretionary and non-discretionary client accounts. There may be timing differences related to the transmission of advice to non-discretionary client accounts for consideration and a determination of whether to act on the advice. As a result, GPA may execute trades in investments for discretionary client accounts in advance of GPA communicating with non-discretionary client accounts about those investments. In other cases, GPA may decide to separate advice in discretionary and non-discretionary accounts.

Item 7 - Types of Clients

GPA will provide investment advisory services to a variety of different types of clients.

Item 8 – Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

Investing in securities involves risk of loss that clients should be prepared to bear.

GPA may use charting, fundamental analysis, and technical analysis to formulate client investment opportunities.

GPA may rely on research, economic theory, quantitative methods, and capital markets data provided by affiliates.

GPA may use the services of third-party market service data providers.

GPA intends to provide investment advice, and may manage client assets, using a variety of strategies.

GPA may recommend a variety of investments depending on the investment objectives and guidelines applicable to its clients. Each type of security will be subject to different risks.

Item 9 – Disciplinary Information

GPA does not have any reportable disciplinary events.

Item 10 – Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

GPA is an indirect subsidiary of Guggenheim Partners, which is a global, diversified financial services firm. Guggenheim Partners, its direct and indirect subsidiaries, and its affiliates (including GPA) and their respective officers, directors, partners, employees, and consultants (collectively, “Guggenheim Entities”), provide their clients with a broad array of investment management, broker-dealer, investment banking, and other services.

Affiliated Broker-Dealers

Guggenheim Securities, LLC (“Guggenheim Securities”), Guggenheim Investor Services, LLC (“GIS”) and Guggenheim Funds Distributors, LLC (“GFD”) are affiliates of GPA that are registered broker-dealers (Guggenheim Securities, GIS and GFD together, the “Affiliated Broker-Dealers”). Guggenheim Securities also periodically acts as underwriter, initial purchaser, placement agent, financial advisor, arranger and/or structuring advisor with respect to a securities offering or loan and will generally receive a fee from the securities issuer or seller or from the loan borrower, as applicable. Guggenheim Securities may also provide investment banking, financial advisory or similar services to issuers, borrowers or other transaction participants in the transaction to which the loan or security relates (such as acquisition financing in a transaction in which Guggenheim Securities represented the buyer or seller). In addition, Guggenheim Securities Credit Partners, LLC (“GSCP”), an affiliate of Guggenheim Securities, may provide bridge or other financing to potential borrowers, or provide arranging, structuring, administrative agent or similar services to potential borrowers, and will generally receive a fee from the loan borrower for such services.

GPA may be offered and may purchase, or recommend purchase of, investment opportunities for its clients in transactions for which its affiliates, Guggenheim Securities or GSCP, is involved, and may have an incentive to purchase such investments where such affiliate will receive a fee. Some transactions, depending on the nature of the transaction and Guggenheim Securities’ involvement, are considered Principal Transactions under Section 206(3) of the Advisers Act or require client consent under the relevant client’s investment guidelines or sub-advisory agreement, as applicable. The fees received by Guggenheim Securities or GSCP from the securities issuer or seller or the loan borrower, as applicable, with respect to the transactions described above are in addition to management fees and, where applicable, performance-based compensation received by GPA in respect of the client accounts to which GPA allocates the investments to. GPA maintains processes to mitigate such potential conflicts of interest – See “Item 11 – Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading – General Process Regarding Potential Conflicts” for more information.

Guggenheim Securities and/or GFD may also provide administrative, operations, and infrastructure services to GPA. GPA is also affiliated with other broker-dealers, none of which are material to GPA’s business.

Management Persons; Policies and Procedures

Certain of GPA's management persons may also hold positions with the affiliates listed above and in this Item 10. In these positions, those management persons of GPA may have some responsibility with respect to the business of these affiliates and the overall compensation these management persons receive may be based, in part, upon the profitability of other parts of Guggenheim Partners. Consequently, in carrying out their roles at GPA and these other entities, these management persons may be subject to the same or similar potential conflicts of interest that exist between GPA and these affiliates. GPA has established a variety of restrictions, policies, procedures, and disclosures designed to address potential conflicts that may arise between GPA, its management persons and its affiliates. These policies and procedures include information barriers designed to prevent the flow of information between GPA, personnel of GPA and certain other affiliates; policies and procedures relating to brokerage selection, trading with affiliates or investing in products managed or sponsored by affiliates; and allocation and trade sequencing policies applicable to client accounts. For additional information relating to GPA's general processes to mitigate potential conflicts of interest, see "Item 6 – Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management – Allocation" and "Item 11 – Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading – General Process Regarding Potential Conflicts".

Other Potential Conflicts and Material Relationships with Affiliated Entities

GPA may make investments for some client accounts that result in commissions, fees, or other remuneration paid to GPA or one of its affiliates, such as (a) GPIM, (b) Guggenheim Securities (and its affiliates), (c) Guggenheim Real Estate, LLC (and its affiliates), (d) GSA, LLC ("GSA"), (e) Guggenheim Corporate Funding, LLC ("GCF"), (f) Guggenheim Partners Europe Limited, an Investment Business Firm under Regulation 11 of European Communities, Markets in Financial Instruments Directive ("GPE"), (g) GIS and (h) Guggenheim Loan Services Company, LLC. Such investments may include (i) investments that GPA or one of its affiliates originated, arranged or placed, (ii) investments in which a GPA affiliate provided investment banking, financial advisory or similar services to a party involved in the transaction to which the investment relates (such as acquisition financing in a transaction in which a GPA affiliate represented the buyer or seller), (iii) investments where GPA or its affiliates provided other services to a transaction participant or other third party, (iv) investments where GPA or one of its affiliates acts as the collateral agent, administrator, administrative agent, originator, manager, or other service provider, and (v) investments that are secured or otherwise backed by collateral that could include assets originated, sold or financed by GPA or its affiliates, investment funds or pools managed by GPA or its affiliates or assets or obligations managed by GPA or its affiliates.

As permitted under applicable law and in client agreements, GPA and its affiliates may retain any commissions, fees, or other remuneration, arising from the investments described above. Except as required, such commissions, fees, or other remuneration generally will not reduce the management or other fees GPA receives from its advisory clients, though in certain circumstances, GPA may waive all or part of any fees with respect to certain affiliated or related party transactions for some, but not all, of its clients pursuant to an agreement or other arrangement with each such client. Commissions, fees, or other remuneration payable to GPA or its affiliates in these transactions may present a potential conflict in that GPA may be viewed as having an incentive to purchase such investments to earn, or facilitate its affiliates' ability to earn, such additional fees or compensation. GPA seeks to mitigate this potential conflict of interest (a) by evaluating the transaction to determine if it appears to be a favorable investment for the participating accounts irrespective of such fees and

relative to other non-related investment opportunities, (b) allocating opportunities to invest in such transactions in accordance with GPA's allocation policy, as described in "Item 6 – Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management – Allocation" and (c) through the processes described in "Item 11 – Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading – General Process Regarding Potential Conflicts".

To the extent permitted by any applicable agreements, GPA may in certain circumstances invest client assets in mutual funds, closed-end funds, private investment funds, and/or exchange-traded funds, some of which may be advised or sub-advised by GPA or a GPA affiliate. If a client holds an interest in any such fund, the client may be subject to two fees for the management of these assets, one to GPA and one to the adviser of the underlying fund, which may be a GPA affiliate. In other circumstances, GPA may make investments for clients in limited partnerships or similar vehicles. Certain of these vehicles are managed by affiliates of GPA that will be compensated for such management services. GPA affiliates may also receive annual management or administrative fees for asset or collateral management services provided to certain investment products (the "Structured Vehicles") in which client assets may be invested. These fees may be based on either the market value or par value of the underlying collateral, depending upon the structure of the relevant Structured Vehicle.

Where necessary or appropriate for the transactions described above, as provided by the relevant client investment guidelines, applicable agreements or governing fund documents (as applicable), or under Section 206(3) of the Advisers Act, GPA will disclose to its clients the nature of such transactions prior to the completion of such transaction and obtains the clients' consent.

For more information regarding potential conflicts of interest including participation or interest in client transactions, refer to Item 11.

GPA is also affiliated with other investment advisers, both registered and unregistered.

Item 11 – Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

Code of Ethics and Personal Trading

GPA has adopted a Code of Ethics ("Code") and Insider Trading Policy to comply with Rule 204A-1 under the Advisers Act. The Code includes procedures and limitations that govern the business conduct and personal securities trading of persons associated with GPA. The Code is based upon the principle that GPA's employees owe a fiduciary duty to clients to conduct their affairs, including their personal securities transactions and private investments, in a manner intended to avoid: (i) serving their own personal interests ahead of clients; (ii) taking inappropriate advantage of their position with the firm; and (iii) any actual or potential conflicts of interest or any abuse of their position of responsibility.

Clients may obtain a copy of the Code by contacting GIComplianceADV@guggenheimpartners.com.

Additionally, all personnel are subject to policies and procedures regarding confidential and proprietary information, information barriers, private investments, personal loans, outside business activities and political contributions.

Subject to the provisions of the Code described above, GPA and its related persons may from time to time buy or sell, for their own accounts, the same securities they buy or sell for, or recommend to, GPA clients. Such trading is performed independently of the trading activities in client accounts. Related persons may also make investments for their own accounts in securities that are not offered or available to GPA's clients.

GPA and its personnel are not permitted to trade on securities with respect to which any of them obtains material non-public information ("MNPI"), including information obtained from public companies which are clients of GPA. If GPA receives MNPI about certain issuers, such issuers will be placed on the restricted list. The restricted list is a list of issuers in which GPA and its employees (and, in some cases, GPA's affiliates and their employees) are restricted from trading. For example, securities will be added to the list in the following circumstances:

- Where there is a concentration of ownership in a security and GPA's clients already own a substantial portion of the publicly held outstanding shares;
- When GPA comes into possession of MNPI about a public company, such as business plans, earnings projections, or merger and acquisition plans;
- When GPA enters into a contractual agreement with the company not to trade in the company's securities for a period of time; or
- When the CCO determines that pre-clearance of trading in a security is required or desirable as an internal control to ensure continued compliance with applicable law and regulation.

With limited and specific exceptions, issuers on the restricted list may not be traded in GPA client or employee personal accounts. Client accounts may be forced to deviate from their stated objectives because an issuer is restricted. Specifically, the restricted list may prohibit GPA from buying or selling the issuer's or an affiliates' securities. If an issuer's securities are in a client account and subsequently that issuer's securities are placed on the restricted list, absent an exception, GPA will not trade that issuer's securities in the client's account until those securities are removed from the restricted list. Clients will bear the risk of loss during the period any such securities are on the restricted list. Accordingly, the placement of issuers' securities on the restricted list has the potential to affect GPA's exercise of discretion over and the performance of client accounts.

Participation or Interest in Client Transactions

GPA, from time to time, on behalf of clients, may initiate or recommend transactions in the securities of companies in which GPA's affiliates have controlling or other material direct or indirect interests or are affiliated. In addition, in some circumstances, GPA on behalf of its clients may invest in or provide financing to issuers or borrowers, or may otherwise participate in transactions, in which the issuer, borrower or another transaction party (such as a placement agent or arranger) is, or is a subsidiary or affiliate of or otherwise related to, (a) another GPA client, or (b) a related company or other company in which related persons of GPA, or

officers or employees of GPA, have investment, financial or other interests, or relationships (including but not limited to directorships or equivalent roles).

Additional conflicts may arise to the extent GPA invests client assets in parts of an issuer's or borrower's capital structure when GPA affiliates or related persons invest in different parts of the same issuer's or borrower's (or its affiliate's) capital structure (including but not limited to investments in public versus private securities, investments in debt versus equity, or investments in senior versus subordinated debt), or where the same or similar instruments in a given issuer or borrower held by GPA's clients and GPA's affiliates or related persons have different rights or benefits.

The financial interests of GPA's affiliates or related persons in issuers and borrowers may create a potential conflict between the economic interests of these affiliates or related persons and the interests of GPA's clients. In addition, to the extent a potential issuer or borrower (or one of its affiliates) is a GPA advisory client, or a GPA advisory client is a lender or financing provider to GPA or its affiliates, a potential conflict may exist, as GPA may have an incentive to favor the interests of those clients relative to those of its other clients. However, as discussed below in "General Process Regarding Potential Conflicts", GPA has developed procedures to address potential conflicts of interest involving such transactions.

GPA or its affiliates or related persons, or their respective officers, directors or employees, including portfolio managers or senior managers of GPA, also may have direct or indirect proprietary or personal investments in and/or have financial or other relationships (including but not limited to directorships or equivalent roles) with certain GPA clients or other investment vehicles that may create potential conflicts of interest. For example, a potential conflict could exist to the extent that portfolio managers or senior GPA personnel, or investment vehicles in which they participate, have direct or indirect personal investments in certain clients or when certain client accounts are investment options in GPA's employee benefit and/or deferred compensation plans. Investment vehicles in which GPA or its affiliates, or their respective officers, directors or employees, including portfolio managers or senior managers of GPA, have an interest may also receive loans or other funding from GPA clients. These participations or interests in client accounts may result in an incentive for GPA to favor these clients over other advisory clients. GPA's allocation policies and procedures with respect to the allocation of investment opportunities, more fully described in the response to Item 6, are intended to mitigate potential conflicts by providing that such investment opportunities are monitored and are allocated fairly and equitably in a manner consistent with GPA's applicable policies and procedures. For additional information regarding GPA's process for mitigating potential conflicts, see "Item 11 – Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading – General Process Regarding Potential Conflicts".

Cross Transactions and Principal Transactions

GPA from time to time may engage in cross transactions between client accounts in which one client will purchase securities or other financial instruments held by another client, only so long as the transaction is in the best interests of both clients and GPA, or an affiliate, does not receive any compensation in addition to its management fee in connection with the transaction. Cross trades present an inherent conflict of interest because GPA represents the interests of both the selling account and the buying account in the same transaction, and GPA may be perceived as seeking to treat one counterparty to the cross trade more favorably than the other party. Additionally, the price of a security bought or sold through a cross trade may not be as

favorable as it might have been had the trade been executed in the open market, and any benefits of a cross trade may not be equally distributed among participating clients. GPA has policies and procedures to mitigate these potential conflicts of interest and help ensure that internal cross transactions are in the best interests of, and appropriate for, all clients involved and the transactions are consistent with GPA's obligation to seek best execution.

GPA will seek to effect cross transactions at a price that is fair to the clients involved. This generally will be the last traded price, a price obtained from an independent third party source, such as a pricing service, or the average price obtained from three independent dealers, when available and reliable in accordance with GPA's valuation policies and procedures. GPA's trading desk will typically attempt to identify potential dealers by consulting available databases and utilizing dealer communication tools (*e.g.*, Bloomberg message function), to search for potential dealers from whom GPA can obtain a price for the security to be cross-traded. The trading desk may also contact other dealers with whom GPA has traded in the past, or who are known to be active in the particular industry sector of the asset in question.

There may be circumstances when three independent offers and bids are not available or reliable, or the last traded price is believed not to reflect the market. The quantity and source of any independent quotes from unaffiliated dealers will vary depending on, among other things, market conditions, the dealer's familiarity with the asset class, the type of asset class, and various characteristics of a security (*e.g.*, liquidity, rating, new issuances). Further, GPA's trading desk evaluates quotes to consider whether any such bid and/or ask is reflective of the security's value, and whether any such bid and/or ask should be deemed unreliable or an outlier and, therefore excluded as not reflective of an accurate price for the security. In such circumstances, GPA may use one or two independent bids and/or offers

However, there still may be instances where no reliable quotes are available. The illiquid nature of the market for leveraged loans and securities that are not publicly traded and that trade infrequently (such as asset-backed securities, mortgage-backed securities, other structured finance securities and certain corporate bonds) may mean that GPA cannot readily locate dealers willing to provide a quote for such securities and loans, or such a quote is unreliable. If no quotes are available or reliable, GPA may proactively solicit dealer bids, or effect a cross trade at a price determined using other methods outlined in its security pricing policy and appropriate for the transaction or instrument in question, such as pricing vendors or valuation models.

GPA will not charge a mark-up/mark-down for cross trades. From time to time, a cross trade may be effected in which one or both sides of the cross trade is an affiliate of GPA, or in which a GPA affiliate may charge a mark-up or commission for securities or other financial instruments GPA purchases from such affiliate or another affiliate.

GPA has developed policies and procedures addressing principal transactions, cross transactions, including those with affiliates, and agency cross transactions. In particular, where necessary or appropriate, GPA discloses to its clients the nature of the transaction prior to the completion of such transaction and obtains the clients' consent. See "General Process Regarding Potential Conflicts" below for more information regarding GPA's general processes to mitigate such potential conflicts of interest.

Investment Banking Activities

GPA believes that the nature and range of investment banking clients and other customers to whom our affiliate broker-dealer, Guggenheim Securities, renders investment banking, financial advisory and other services is such that it would be inadvisable to exclude such clients or customers from a GPA client's portfolio. Accordingly, unless a client advises us to the contrary, it is possible that such account's holdings may include the securities or other financial instruments of corporations or other entities for whom Guggenheim Securities performs investment banking and other services, including but not limited to financial advisory or financing services. Moreover, GPA clients' portfolios may include the securities of companies in which Guggenheim Securities makes a market.

Guggenheim Securities and GPA are separated by an information barrier, which generally mitigates any impact of Guggenheim Securities investment banking activities on GPA's trading and investment activities in securities or other financial instruments. At times, federal securities laws may prevent GPA from entering into or recommending certain types of transactions in the securities or other financial instruments of companies for which Guggenheim Securities, as an affiliated broker-dealer, is performing investment banking or other services.

Conflicts Resulting from Investment Management Activities

GPA is an indirect subsidiary of Guggenheim Partners, which is a global, diversified financial services firm. Guggenheim Partners and its direct and indirect subsidiaries (collectively the "Guggenheim Entities") provide their clients with a broad array of investment management, broker-dealer, investment banking, and other similar services which may create potential and actual conflicts of interest, including, for example, the situations described below.

Some Guggenheim Entities manage long and short portfolios. The simultaneous management of long and short portfolios creates potential conflicts of interest in portfolio management and trading in that opposite directional positions may be taken in client accounts managed by the same investment team, and creates potential risks such as (i) the risk that short sale activity could adversely affect the market value of long positions in one or more portfolios (and vice versa) and (ii) the risks associated with the trading desk receiving opposing orders in the same security simultaneously. GPA has adopted policies and procedures that are reasonably designed to mitigate these potential conflicts.

The Guggenheim Entities may invest on behalf of themselves in securities and other instruments that would be appropriate for, held by, or fall within the investment guidelines of GPA's clients. The Guggenheim Entities may give advice or take action for their own accounts that may differ from, potentially conflict with or be adverse to advice given or action taken for any of their clients or GPA's clients.

Potential conflicts also may arise because certain securities or instruments may be held in some client accounts but not in others, or that various client accounts may have different levels of holdings in certain securities or instruments, and because various client accounts may pay different levels of fees.

GPA may also give advice or take action with respect to the investments of one or more client accounts that may not be given or taken with respect to other client accounts with similar investment guidelines, objectives, and strategies. Accordingly, client accounts with similar strategies may not hold the same securities or

instruments or achieve the same performance. GPA also may advise client accounts with conflicting guidelines, objectives or strategies. For further detail, see “Item 6 – Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management”.

Different clients may, pursuant to one transaction or in a series of transactions over time, invest in different parts of an issuer’s or borrower’s capital structure (including but not limited to investments in public versus private securities, investments in debt versus equity, or investments in senior versus subordinated debt), depending on the respective client’s investment objectives and policies. As a result, GPA may at times seek to satisfy its fiduciary obligations to certain clients owning one type or class of investment in a particular issuer or borrower by pursuing or enforcing rights on behalf of those clients, and those activities may have an adverse effect on another client, which owns a different, including more senior or junior, investment in the same issuer or borrower. For example, if one client holds debt securities of an issuer and another client holds equity securities of the same issuer, if the issuer experiences financial or operational challenges, GPA may seek a liquidation of the issuer on behalf of the client that holds the debt securities, whereas the client holding the equity securities may benefit from a reorganization of the issuer. Thus, the actions taken on behalf of one client may negatively impact investments held by another client.

Any of the foregoing activities may adversely affect the prices and availability of other securities or instruments held by or potentially considered for one or more client accounts.

GPA may also from time to time enter into arrangements with, or establish certain collective investment vehicles for, certain clients, including affiliated and unaffiliated insurance companies, pursuant to which GPA agrees to share a portion of the fees, commissions, remuneration, or profits otherwise retained by GPA and its affiliates in certain transactions. For more information on transactions involving affiliated entities, including related insurance companies, please see “Item 10 – Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations – Other Potential Conflicts and Material Relationships with Affiliated Entities”. The foregoing arrangement may, depending on the circumstances, result in an incentive for GPA to favor or disfavor clients participating in these arrangement or vehicles relative to other advisory clients. GPA’s allocation policies and procedures with respect to the allocation of investment opportunities, more fully described in the response to Item 6, are intended to mitigate potential conflicts by providing that such investment opportunities are monitored and are allocated fairly and equitably consistent with GPA’s policies and procedures.

Finally, GPA may have potential conflicts in allocating its time and services among its clients. GPA devotes as much time to each client as it deems appropriate to perform its duties in accordance with each client’s applicable agreement.

General Process Regarding Potential Conflicts

The transactions described above involve potential conflicts of interest between GPA or its related persons and GPA clients. The Advisers Act, the 1940 Act and Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 impose certain requirements designed to decrease the possibility of conflicts of interest between an investment adviser and its clients. In some cases, transactions may be permitted subject to fulfillment of certain conditions. Certain other transactions may be prohibited. In addition, GPA has instituted policies and procedures designed to identify and mitigate potential conflicts of interest to the extent they arise in particular transactions and to

ensure that GPA effects such transactions in a manner that is consistent with its fiduciary obligations and in accordance with applicable law.

GPA seeks to ensure that potential or actual conflicts of interest are appropriately resolved taking into consideration the best interest of all clients involved. Appropriate resolution will depend on the nature of the transaction and the conflict of interest, but may include, without limitation, (a) general disclosure in this brochure, or in advisory or sub-advisory agreements for the relevant clients, or in specific client notifications, or (b) specific client consent for the applicable transaction both as required by applicable law and regulation - including for principal transactions subject to Section 206(3) of the Advisers Act or as required by client investment guidelines or advisory or sub-advisory agreements, or where otherwise determined necessary or appropriate.

Certain GPA compliance personnel have been designated to review transactions in which conflicts of interest may exist, including those described above, to ensure compliance with applicable GPA policies and legal or regulatory requirements.

Item 12 – Brokerage Practices

Counterparty/Broker Selection

In selecting a counterparty/broker-dealer to execute trades on behalf of clients, GPA will seek to obtain “best execution” for client transactions (*i.e.*, the most favorable price and execution). In seeking best execution, GPA is not obligated to choose the counterparty offering the lowest available commission rate if, in GPA’s reasonable judgment, (i) there is material risk that the overall cost to purchase securities will be higher or the proceeds from the sale of securities will be lower; (ii) a higher commission is justified by the trading or research services provided by the counterparty that fall within the safe harbor of Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or (iii) other considerations, such as the order size, the time required for execution, the depth and breadth of the market for the security, minimum credit quality considerations to transact business with a particular counterparty, or the quality of the counterparty’s operations dictate utilizing a different counterparty.

Counterparty/Brokerage Approval Policy and Procedures

GPA may adopt a Counterparty Approval Policy pursuant to which it maintains an Approved Counterparty List. The Approved Counterparty List will set out counterparties/broker-dealers approved by GPA that advisory personnel may use to execute client transactions. Transactions may only be executed with counterparties/broker-dealers on the Approved Counterparties List unless an exception is granted by an authorized person under the Counterparty Approval Policy. Initially and on an ongoing basis, GPA consults a variety of information relating to a counterparty/broker-dealer, including regulatory reports and financial information, in connection with adding and maintaining a counterparty to the Approved Counterparty List. Generally, counterparties on the Approved Counterparty List must, in GPA’s opinion, have financial stability and a positive reputation in the industry. GPA may execute client transactions through Guggenheim Securities, in which case GPA is required to seek best execution for its clients. More information regarding GPA’s relationship with affiliated broker-dealers is in “Item 10 – Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations – Affiliated Broker-Dealers”.

Soft Dollar Policy

GPA does not expect to participate in soft dollar arrangements.

Directed Brokerage

GPA does not expect to participate in directed brokerage.

Client Referrals

GPA does not expect to direct trades to brokers on the basis of client referrals or solicitations made by such brokers. GPA may execute client transactions through affiliated broker-dealers which solicit clients for GPA. GPA will direct execution to such brokers subject to best execution and proper disclosure to clients.

Wrap Fee Program

GPA does not expect to participate in or sponsor a wrap fee program.

Aggregation Policy

In order to minimize execution costs and obtain best execution for clients, trades in the same security transacted on behalf of more than one GPA client may be aggregated. Aggregation practices are described in Item 6.

Item 13 – Review of Accounts**Reviews**

Client accounts will be periodically reviewed by a combination of designated investment professionals, risk management, operations and investment committees. GPA will provide performance reports at the request of any client.

Item 14 – Client Referrals and Other Compensation

GPA may enter into arrangements with both affiliated and unaffiliated third-party promoters, including Affiliated Broker-Dealers, to refer prospective advisory clients and private fund investors to GPA. These arrangements will be structured to comply with Rule 206(4)-1 under the Advisers Act. Such promoters' compensation will be based on a percentage of the management fees, performance-based compensation, or a combination of both, earned by GPA from the referred client or investor, or on commissions deducted from an investor's investment in a private fund. In the case of Affiliated Broker-Dealers, referred clients and investors receive disclosure about the affiliation between GPA and such Affiliated Broker-Dealer.

The response to Item 10 above provides information regarding (i) GPA's and its affiliates' receipt and retention of fees and other compensation for origination, structuring, arranging, placement and other services provided in relation to transactions in which GPA invests client assets, (ii) investments by GPA of client assets in limited

partnerships or similar vehicles holding assets that are managed by GPA or its affiliates and for which GPA or such affiliates receive management, administrative or other fees or compensation in addition to account-level management fees payable to GPA, and (iii) GPA's receipt of management fees services provided to structured vehicles.

Item 15 – Custody

Unless otherwise agreed to in writing, GPA generally shall not have or maintain custody and/or physical control of assets in any custodial accounts, within the meaning of Rule 206(4)-2 of the Advisers Act (the "Custody Rule").

GPA shall not be deemed to have or maintain custody and/or physical control of assets in any custodial accounts by virtue of GPA's contractual authority to direct a custodian to make payments and deliveries of assets in any custodial accounts or accept payments and deliveries of cash and other assets of third parties for clients in connection with investments and transactions effected by GPA for a client in accordance with any agreement. Such payments and deliveries may include transfers and/or deliveries of assets as well as receipt of third-party assets as collateral security in connection investments or transactions effected by GPA for a client and deemed appropriate or necessary pursuant to GPA's duties under any applicable agreement.

Clients are urged to review account statements received directly from their custodian or trustee on a monthly or quarterly basis and to compare these statements to any statements received from GPA or an affiliate.

Item 16 – Investment Discretion

GPA will generally have investment discretion over its client accounts, but may also provide non-discretionary investment advisory services.

Item 17 – Voting Client Securities

Where GPA has been delegated the responsibility for voting proxies, it will take reasonable steps under the circumstances to ensure that proxies are received and voted in accordance with its fiduciary obligations to its clients and in the best long-term interests of its clients in a manner consistent with the client's investment objectives. This generally means voting proxies with a view to enhancing the value of the securities held in client accounts, considering all relevant factors and without undue influence from individuals or groups who may have an economic interest in the outcome of the proxy vote. GPA's authority is initially established by its advisory contracts with the client or comparable documents. Clients, however, may change their proxy voting direction at any time.

In voting proxies, GPA will follow procedures that are designed to identify conflicts of interest that could arise between GPA and its clients. Any material conflicts of interest between GPA and its clients with respect to proxy voting are resolved in the best interests of the clients.

GPA may refrain from voting where it believes abstaining would be in the best interests of its clients.

Clients may obtain a copy of GPA's proxy voting policy and information about how GPA voted proxies on their behalf by contacting their GPA administrative representative.

Item 18 – Financial Information

GPA does not require or solicit prepayment of more than \$1,200 in fees per client, six months or more in advance, and thus has not included a balance sheet for its most recent fiscal year. GPA is not subject to any financial condition that is reasonably likely to impair its ability to meet contractual commitments to its clients. Additionally, GPA has not been the subject of a bankruptcy proceeding.