

FORM ADV PART 2A: FIRM BROCHURE



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THIS BROCHURE PROVIDES INFORMATION ABOUT THE QUALIFICATIONS AND BUSINESS PRACTICES OF NEW VERNON WEALTH MANAGEMENT LLC. IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS ABOUT THE CONTENTS OF THIS BROCHURE, PLEASE CONTACT US AT 847-926-5700. THE INFORMATION IN THIS BROCHURE HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED OR VERIFIED BY THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR BY ANY STATE SECURITIES AUTHORITY.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT NEW VERNON WEALTH MANAGEMENT LLC ALSO IS AVAILABLE ON THE SEC'S WEBSITE AT WWW.ADVISERINFO.SEC.GOV.

REGISTRATION AS AN INVESTMENT ADVISER DOES NOT IMPLY A CERTAIN LEVEL OF SKILL OR TRAINING.

MATERIAL CHANGES

New Vernon Wealth Management LLC's ("NV-WM" or the "Firm") previous brochure filed with the Investment Adviser Registration Depository was dated March 31, 2023. The Firm has no information regarding material changes to report.

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ADVISORY BUSINESS

New Vernon Wealth Management LLC (“NV-WM”) is a Delaware limited liability company that succeeded to the investment advisory business of SF Investments, Inc. (d/b/a SF Investment Advisers) (“SFI”), effective as of January 1, 2013. Prior to that time, SFI had operated its investment advisory business since 2003. The principal ownership interests of NV-WM are divided among (i) Daniel Shapiro and Steven Shapiro and certain gift trusts established for their benefit (with a collective approximately 33% ownership interest), (ii) Mansoor Zakaria (with an approximately 33% ownership interest), and (iii) NV Capital Holdings II, LLC (also with an approximately 33% ownership interest) (“NVCH II”), a financial services holding company in which members of the Shapiro family hold a non-controlling minority interest.

NV-WM acts as a discretionary investment adviser to numerous investment accounts maintained by its advisory clients (“Clients”), and generally has full power and authority to buy and sell various financial instruments for their accounts, pursuant to the terms of their respective investment advisory agreements. Among the securities that NV-WM may purchase for Client accounts are fixed income securities including Federal Government, municipal and/or corporate bonds, and long and short positions in listed and unlisted common equities, preferred equities and convertible securities of issuers domiciled in developed or in emerging market countries. NV-WM may invest in equity securities regardless of market capitalization, including securities of micro- and small-cap companies.

NV-WM strives to implement a forward-looking, value based investment philosophy across a broad range of securities and asset classes, with a focus on the risk/return profile of each Client. NV-WM manages Client assets based on the Client’s individual investment goals and needs, including consideration of existing portfolio investments, cash/liquidity needs, risk tolerance, tax considerations and investment planning time horizons. NV-WM discusses these and other factors with its Clients in an effort to develop appropriate investment strategies for each Client. NV-WM may agree, upon Client request, to specific investment restrictions or guidelines as to the types or amounts of particular financial instruments traded for such Client’s account, which may include restrictions on investing in certain securities, types of securities or general industry sectors.

As of February 29, 2024, NV-WM managed approximately \$ 551,945,855 of Client assets on a discretionary basis.

FEES AND COMPENSATION

Advisory Fees. NV-WM charges each Client an asset-based fee equal to a percentage of the assets in such Client’s account, as set forth in the Client’s investment advisory agreement. NV-WM’s fee is charged at different rates based on the value of the Client’s account, with the overall rate decreasing as the Client’s assets under management with NV-WM increase. NV-WM’s current fee schedule is as follows:

Aggregate Dollar Value of Assets in Client’s Account	Annualized Fee Rate
\$0 - \$499,999.99	1.50%
\$500,000 - \$999,999.99	1.25%

\$1,000,000 - \$1,999,999.99	1.00%
\$2,000,000 and up	0.85%

These fees may be negotiated by NV-WM with respect to certain Client accounts based on a variety of factors, which may include the size and composition of the Client's account, special services agreed upon with the Client, additional costs associated with servicing international Clients or other factors deemed relevant by NV-WM. Accounts of multiple Clients who reside in the same household may be combined and charged fees on an aggregate basis. In addition, NV-WM has, and may again in the future, waive or reduce fees to be paid by clients related to NV-WM or its principals or affiliates.

NV-WM has entered into solicitation agreements with third-parties (each, a "Third-Party Introducer") that may introduce certain of their non-U.S. clients to NV-WM. As is disclosed to any such solicited clients, Clients referred to NV-WM pursuant to these solicitation agreements ("Solicited Clients") may be charged a higher advisory fee than those specified in the chart above. Generally speaking, fifty percent (50%) of these advisory fees will be paid to the applicable Third-Party Introducer. The differential increase in the advisory fees paid by such introduced clients to NV-WM is not expected to exceed 150 basis points (1.50%) of the Solicited Client's account value, per annum.

The annualized fee payable to NV-WM by a Client is paid on a quarterly basis, in advance. Fees generally are deducted from the Client's account in custody at the clearing broker for the Client's account (the "Clearing Broker"). The first payment generally is due upon NV-WM's determination of the initial allocation of a Client's account assets after execution of the Client's investment advisory agreement, and will be prorated for any partial quarter. Subsequent payments generally are due and will be assessed on the first day of each calendar quarter based on the value of the Client's assets under management at the beginning of such quarter.

In the event that a Client's investment advisory agreement with NV-WM is terminated during a calendar quarter, NV-WM will calculate and refund to the Client the "unearned" portion of its fee for such calendar quarter, based on the number of days remaining in the quarter after the agreement is terminated.

Other Fees and Expenses. NV-WM's fees are exclusive of transaction fees and other related costs and expenses that will be incurred by a Client with respect to the transactions in its account. (See "*Brokerage Practices*" below for additional information regarding the brokerage arrangements for Client accounts.) Additionally, NV-WM's fees described above do not include Individual Retirement Account ("IRA") and Qualified Retirement Plan account termination fees (if applicable), which will also be billed to the Client (as applicable). Aside from the fees NV-WM imposes, Pershing charges the following fees on all retirement account Clients: (1) annual maintenance fees and (2) fees for private placement with certain externally managed private funds, including annual administration fees and transaction fees.

Clients will also bear the investment management or other fees charged by any mutual funds, exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), other funds and investment products in which the Client's account may invest. Clients should carefully read the offering documents for such funds or investment products for a complete description of applicable fees. Such fees are in addition to NV-WM's investment advisory fees as described above. Finally, as described below in "*Client Referrals and Other Compensation*," NV-WM's affiliate, SFI, has in some cases received and/or may in the future receive: (i) rebates from Pershing, LLC ("Pershing") for certain administrative and/or recordkeeping services based on the average amount of Client cash balances invested through a money market program; (ii) 12b-1 fees in relation to mutual fund positions transferred into Client accounts; (iii) margin interest on the amount of any outstanding margin balances in a Client account; and (iv) a percentage of the net income from a fully paid securities lending transaction involving certain Clients' Pershing accounts.

PERFORMANCE BASED FEES AND SIDE-BY-SIDE MANAGEMENT

Unless otherwise negotiated, NV-WM currently does not charge its Clients any performance-based fees (fees based on a share of capital gains on or capital appreciation of the assets of a Client). Please see “*Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations -- Other Activities of NV-WM and Related Persons*” for a discussion of the management of accounts with different fee structures by NV-WM and its affiliates.

TYPES OF CLIENTS

NV-WM provides investment advice primarily to high net worth families and individuals, but also advises other individuals, trusts, defined benefit and defined contribution plans, profit sharing plans, charitable organizations, corporations and other entities.

METHODS OF ANALYSIS, INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISK OF LOSS

NV-WM’s investment approach is based upon consideration of each Client’s short, intermediate and long term investment goals and the Client’s current situation and outlook, income and capital needs and risk tolerance. After obtaining information about a Client’s investment needs, goals and risk tolerance NV-WM typically will develop an investment plan for that Client. These are reviewed with the Client and may be revised based on Client feedback. Once finalized with the Client, NV-WM will begin implementing the Client’s investment plan.

Methods of Analysis.

NV-WM’s investment team utilizes analytical tools, proprietary screens, industry and market experts, direct company contact and a wide variety of research from leading institutional providers and independent research firms in evaluating investment opportunities for its Clients’ accounts. In particular, NV-WM uses the following methods of analysis in formulating investment advice and managing Client assets:

Asset Allocation. Rather than focusing simply on securities selection as a means of maximizing investment returns, NV-WM initially attempts to identify an appropriate asset allocation – a ratio of equity securities, fixed income instruments and cash and cash equivalent assets to implement each Client’s indicated investment goals, considering the Client’s risk tolerance, cash and capital needs and other relevant factors. Asset allocations are reviewed periodically and may be adjusted from time to time, based on changing market conditions and/or Client needs and goals. Although this method of investing may help to mitigate the effect of declines in the value of a particular security, industry or market sector on a Client’s overall portfolio, a potential drawback of constructing Client portfolios in this manner is that a Client similarly may not benefit (or may benefit to a lesser extent) from sharp increases in the value of a particular security, industry or market sector. In addition, this method of investing requires periodic reevaluation and rebalancing to ensure that the ratio of securities, fixed income and cash in the Client’s account, which will

change over time due to stock and market movements, remains consistent with the Client's investment goals and risk tolerance.

Fundamental Analysis. NV-WM also seeks to measure the intrinsic value of the securities that it purchases for its Clients by considering various economic and financial factors (including the overall economy, industry conditions and the financial condition and management of the issuer) from a variety of sources to determine if the security is underpriced (indicating it might be a good time to buy) or overpriced (indicating it might be a good time to sell). Fundamental analysis does not attempt to anticipate broad market movements or trends, seeking instead to ascertain the intrinsic value of specific securities and to identify mispricings. However, this presents a potential risk, as the price of a security nonetheless may rise or fall as a result of overall market movements, regardless of the economic and financial factors considered in evaluating its intrinsic value.

Investment Strategies.

Investment Mandates. Client accounts are broadly managed along three investment mandates – Capital Preservation, Balanced Income & Growth and Capital Appreciation. These are described below:

Capital Preservation:

The primary goal of this investment mandate is to preserve the value of the portfolio. This mandate stresses safety, security and risk avoidance over portfolio gains. Some or all of the funds in accounts with this mandate are kept liquid so that they can be immediately available.

Balanced Income & Growth:

The primary goal of this investment mandate is to provide a balance of current income and future capital appreciation. Assets allocated according to this mandate are diversified across asset classes based on the Client's income and capital needs, risk tolerance etc. While aiming for increased return increases risk, this mandate seeks to balance potential gains with risks so that the portfolio achieves superior risk adjusted returns.

Capital Appreciation:

The primary goal is to produce gains in the portfolio. This investment mandate generally has larger allocations to equities and equity driven strategies and focuses on investing securities that will rise in value based on their current price, earnings potential and other fundamental factors. Investments targeted for capital appreciation tend to have more risk than assets allocated to capital preservation and income generation.

NV-WM's investment strategy generally pairs an opportunistic value investment philosophy with a mid-to long-term time horizon, subject to each Client's indicated investment objectives, risk tolerance and time horizons. Certain Client accounts are also managed with the International Dividend Strategy, as described in more detail below.

Opportunistic Value Investing. Opportunistic value investing is an investment strategy that seeks out attractive investment opportunities across a broad range of securities and asset classes, while at the same time considering the composition, time horizon and risk profile of the Client's overall portfolio. As NV-WM seeks to optimize its Clients' risk-adjusted returns (subject to each specific Client's investment objectives and needs), its strategies typically emphasize capital preservation, predictable income and long-term capital appreciation, rather than short-term, high turnover trading profits (as further described below). However, although NV-WM generally intends to invest in securities that it determines are valued favorably in comparison to peers or historically, there can be no guarantee that such securities will appreciate in value

or that any anticipated gains in value (which may take a significant period of time to occur) will be realized during the life of a Client's investment.

Mid- to Long-term Time Horizon. NV-WM generally purchases securities for its Clients with the intention of holding the securities for a year or longer, and positions its portfolio based on a 3 to 5 year time horizon (subject to the specific needs or objectives of each Client). Although this manner of investing will reduce portfolio turnover and the associated transaction costs in Client accounts (as compared to more active trading strategies) and may help to protect Clients from the effect of short-term price drops with respect to their securities, Clients also may not benefit from short-term gains in the value of their securities that might otherwise be profitable to the Client. Moreover, if NV-WM's mid- to long-term value predictions are incorrect (for example, if what is perceived to be a short-term decline in value proves to be a longer-term decline, or if a predicted long-term increase in value takes longer to materialize than initially anticipated), a Client's investment returns may be diminished and/or the Client may realize a loss on such investments.

International Dividend Strategy. For certain Clients, NV-WM uses the International Dividend Strategy, which seeks to generate a high level of income by investing in a diversified basket of dividend-paying, large- to mid-cap stocks from across the globe. The International Dividend Strategy invests in issuers that could potentially offer attractive dividend yields, dividend growth, and a strong cash flow to support a consistent dividend payout. Through the International Dividend Strategy, NV-WM seeks highly liquid stocks that permit easy entry and exit as needed for Client portfolios and provide access to capital markets during downturns.

NextGen Growth Portfolio. Certain clients may also have their accounts invested in NV-WM's NextGen Growth Portfolio. This portfolio takes a thematic approach to investing in fundamental economic shifts driven by technology, demographics and sociopolitical trends. In the NextGen Growth Portfolio, NV-WM seeks to invest in a relatively focused portfolio of approximately 25 stocks that NV-WM believes are well-positioned to benefit from these types of structural shifts. Key investment themes within this portfolio include data and cybersecurity, 5G communications and "internet of things," cloud/communications and software-as-a-service, cashless commerce/digital payments/fintech and biotech and pharmaceuticals.

In addition to the investment mandates and strategies described above, NV-WM provides customized advisory services to selected Clients (including NV-WM affiliates and other related persons) to the extent agreed upon by NV-WM and such Clients. This advice may entail the use of the investment mandates and strategies as described above, or it may involve other customized advisory services based on a particular Client's investment and financial situation, risks and goals as NV-WM and the Client may agree, including, but not limited to, consulting on or implementing bespoke strategies, portfolio construction, and investment opportunities.

Certain Risk Factors.

The identification of attractive investment opportunities is difficult and involves a significant degree of uncertainty. Although NV-WM's methodology seeks to minimize some of the risks and volatility associated with investing in securities and other financial instruments, there can be no assurance that NV-WM will be successful in doing so and, accordingly, Clients will be subject to those market risks common to investing in all types of financial instruments, including market volatility, which could result in a substantial loss in a Client's account. In addition to the risks described above, potential Clients should consider the following additional risks before engaging NV-WM to manage their accounts.

Equity Securities. NV-WM will trade in equity securities on behalf of its Clients. Common stock and similar equity securities generally represent the most junior position in an issuer's capital structure and, as

such, generally entitle holders to an interest in the assets of the issuer, if any, remaining after all more senior claims to such assets have been satisfied. Holders of common stock generally are entitled to dividends only if and to the extent declared by the governing body of the issuer out of income or other assets available after making interest, dividend and any other required payments on more senior securities of the issuer. The value of equity securities may fluctuate in response to specific situations for each company, industry market conditions and general economic environments. The securities of smaller companies may involve more risk and their prices may be subject to more volatility. NV-WM may also invest in distressed equity securities, which are generally considered to be riskier, speculative and relatively illiquid.

Fixed-Income Investments. NV-WM may invest in fixed-income instruments on behalf of its Clients. The value of fixed-income instruments will change as the general levels of volatility and interest rates fluctuate. When interest rates decline, the value of fixed-income instruments can be expected to rise. Conversely, when interest rates rise, the value of such instruments can be expected to decline. Investments in lower rated or unrated fixed-income instruments, while generally providing greater opportunity for gain and income than investments in higher rated instruments, usually entail greater risk (including the possibility of default or bankruptcy of the issuers of such instruments).

Small- to Micro-Cap Stocks. NV-WM may invest in small- to micro-cap companies on behalf of its Clients. While smaller companies may have potential for rapid growth, they often involve higher risks because they may lack the management experience, financial resources, product diversification and competitive strength of larger corporations. In addition, Clients may be unable to sell certain small- or micro-cap stocks at an advantageous time or price. In most cases, the frequency and volume of their trading is substantially less than is typical of larger companies. As a result, the securities of smaller companies may be subject to wider price fluctuations. Also, due to thin trading in some of these stocks, an investment in these stocks may be considered less liquid than an investment in many larger-capitalization stocks, making purchases or sales at desired prices or in desired quantities more difficult. When making large sales, it may be necessary to sell the securities at discounts from quoted prices or to make a series of small sales over an extended period of time due to the trading volume of the securities of smaller companies. Accordingly, such stocks may be required to be held for a lengthy period of time and often require more time to sell than does the sale of securities for which there is an active market. In some cases, a Client's disposition of the securities may be dependent upon a major issuer liquidity event (i.e., a sale of the issuer).

Trading in ETFs. NV-WM may invest in ETFs on behalf of its Clients, both long and short. ETFs are funds that track a particular basket or index of securities traded on a public exchange, such as NYSE Arca. ETF investments are subject to the risks arising from the portfolio of underlying stocks, including market and issuer risks, but may also present certain unique risks. It is possible for the value of ETFs to fall or to rise more slowly than the stock market as a whole even when stock prices in general are rising. In addition, the fees and expenses charged by such ETFs result in an additional level of fees and greater expense to Clients than would be associated with direct investment.

Trading on Exchanges in Non-U.S. Jurisdictions. Clients may engage in trading on exchanges outside the United States. Trading on such exchanges is not regulated by any United States governmental agency and may involve certain risks not applicable to trading on United States exchanges. For example, some foreign exchanges are "principals markets" in which performance is the responsibility only of the individual member with whom the trader has entered into a trade and not of an exchange or clearing organization. Moreover, such trading may be subject to whatever regulatory provisions are applicable to transactions effected outside the United States, whether on foreign exchanges or otherwise. Trading on foreign exchanges involves the additional risks of expropriation, burdensome or confiscatory taxation, moratoriums and investment controls, or political or diplomatic events that might adversely affect a Client account's trading activities. The risks of investing in non-U.S. securities and other financial instruments may also include reduced and less reliable information about issuers and markets, less stringent accounting standards,

illiquidity of securities and markets and higher brokerage commissions and custody fees. Furthermore, foreign trading is also subject to the risk of changes in the exchange rate between United States dollars and the currencies in which products traded on such exchanges are settled. Some foreign futures exchanges require margin for open positions to be converted to the “home currency” of the contract. Additionally, some brokerage firms have imposed this requirement for all foreign futures markets traded, whether or not it is required by a particular exchange. Whenever margin is held in a foreign currency, the applicable Client is exposed to potential gains or losses if exchange rates fluctuate.

Sovereign Debt. NV-WM may invest in sovereign debt securities on behalf of its Clients, including debt obligations issued or guaranteed by national, state or provincial governments, political subdivisions or quasi-governmental or supranational entities, in developed and emerging markets. Certain sovereign debt may have non-investment grade ratings or be in distress or even default. Sovereign debt issued by many emerging market countries is considered to be below investment grade, and should be viewed as speculative with respect to the issuing government’s ability to make payments on interest and principal. Risks that are inherent in sovereign debt, such as the ability of the issuing country to make timely payments, amounts outstanding, market liquidity, limited legal recourse, economic and fiscal factors affecting the price of the sovereign debt, and other external factors, all could have a material impact on the market value of the securities in which Clients may invest. Additionally, all the aforementioned risks inherent in sovereign debt may impact the ability of NV-WM to execute hedging strategies involving sovereign debt.

High Yield Securities. NV-WM may invest on behalf of its Clients in “high yield” bonds and preferred securities which are rated in the lower rating categories by the various credit rating agencies (or in comparable non-rated securities). Securities in the lower rating categories are subject to greater risk of loss of principal and interest than higher-rated securities and are generally considered to be predominately speculative with respect to the issuer’s capacity to pay interest and repay principal. They also are generally considered to be subject to greater risk than securities with higher ratings in the case of deterioration of general economic conditions. Because investors generally perceive that there are greater risks associated with the lower-rated securities, the yields and prices of such securities may tend to fluctuate more than those of higher-rated securities. The market for lower-rated securities is thinner and less active than that for higher-rated securities, which can adversely affect the prices at which these securities can be sold. In addition, adverse publicity and investor perceptions about lower rated securities, whether or not based on fundamental analysis, may be a contributing factor in a decrease in the value and liquidity of such lower-rated securities.

Trading in Currencies. Certain Client accounts may trade currencies in interbank and forward contract markets which NV-WM believes to be well-established and of recognized standing. Nonetheless, Clients may be exposed in the interbank market to risks associated with any government or market action that might suspend or restrict trading or otherwise render illiquid, in whole or in part, the Client’s position, with little or no prior notice. Among other things, price movements of foreign currencies are influenced by interest rates, changes in balance of payments and trade, domestic and international rates of inflation, international trade restrictions and currency devaluations and revaluations and various other unpredictable factors. Although certain currency trades may be effected through exchange-traded instruments, the foreign currency market remains predominantly an over-the-counter market, and is therefore subject to the risks typical to over-the-counter trading. See “*Certain Risk Factors – Over-the-Counter Trading in General*” below. NV-WM may effect such trades with brokers, banks and other market participants which it believes to be creditworthy.

Over-the-Counter Trading in General. Over-the-counter instruments, unlike exchange traded financial instruments, are negotiated, two-party contracts. Because performance of over-the-counter instruments is not guaranteed by any exchange or clearinghouse, Clients will be subject to the risk of the inability or refusal to perform with respect to such instruments on the part of the counterparties with which they trade.

Subordinated Securities. NV-WM may invest in securities that are subordinate to one or more senior classes on behalf of its Clients. Generally, such subordinated securities bear the first risk of loss on the collateral underlying such securities. As a result, changes in the value of the performance of subordinated securities are expected to be greater than the change in the value or payment performance of the underlying collateral. In the event of a default, proceeds from any realization on the underlying collateral will first be allocated to the senior classes of securities in accordance with the priority of payments prior to any allocation to the subordinated securities held by a Client.

Credit Risk of Issuer. NV-WM may invest in securities that have built-in convertibility (from debt to equity) features on behalf of its Clients. The risks associated with such securities include credit risk. Credit risk is the possibility that an issuer will be unable to make interest payments and repay principal when due. Changes in an issuer's financial strength or in a security's credit rating may affect a security's value. Securities rated below investment grade, sometimes called "junk bonds," generally have more credit risk than higher rated securities.

Technology and Telecommunications Sector Risks. The technology and telecommunications markets are characterized by increasing competition and regulation. Companies in these sectors may encounter distressed cash flows due to the need to commit substantial capital to meet increasing competition, particularly in formulating new products and services using new technology. Companies in these industries may be exposed to a variety of risks, including exposure to hacking and cyberattacks, outages, downtime and delays, which could decrease the value of such companies or impair their ability to continue operating. Technological innovations may make the products and services of technology and telecommunications companies obsolete, and any failure by such companies to maintain their proprietary intellectual property, unauthorized use of such companies' intellectual property or litigation (even if a company is successful and regardless of the merits), may result in a material reduction or even total loss of the value of such company. Any such events may adversely affect Client's investments in the technology and telecommunications sectors.

General Economic and Market Conditions. The success of NV-WM's investment activities may be affected by general economic and market conditions, such as interest rates, availability of credit, inflation rates, economic uncertainty, climate change, local epidemics and global pandemics, national and international political circumstances (including wars, terrorist acts or security operations), and changes in laws that could have a negative impact on the national, regional or global economy and business activity in any of the countries in which any Client account may invest and thereby adversely affect the performance of such Client account's investments. These factors may affect the level and volatility of securities prices and the liquidity of the Client account's investments. Unexpected volatility or illiquidity could impair the Client account's profitability or result in losses.

INVESTMENT IN SECURITIES AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS INVOLVES CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT RISKS, INCLUDING LOSS OF AN INVESTOR'S ENTIRE INVESTMENT.

DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION

NV-WM is required to disclose all material facts regarding any legal or disciplinary events that would be material to a client's evaluation of NV-WM or the integrity of NV-WM's management. NV-WM has no such information to report regarding NV-WM or its management persons.

OTHER FINANCIAL INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS

NV-WM is a successor to the advisory business of SFI. SFI no longer provides investment advisory services, but continues to operate as a broker-dealer. NV-WM intends to continue utilizing the brokerage services of SFI on behalf of Clients (as further described below in this section and in “*Brokerage Practices*”). SFI is a registered broker-dealer and Financial Industry Regulatory Authority member that is principally owned by three trusts for the benefit of certain executive officers of SFI and NV-WM and members of their families. Daniel Shapiro and Steven Shapiro are Registered Principals of SFI.

Daniel Shapiro, Steven Shapiro and their father, Nathan Shapiro, are also minority owners of (i) New Vernon Investment Management LLC (“NVIM”), an investment management firm that is managed by Steven Shapiro and provides investment advice to several private investment funds, and (ii) New Vernon Partners LLC (“NVP”), a firm managed by Steven Shapiro which operates the private investment funds advised by NVIM.

NVCH II, which holds a 33% interest in NV-WM, is a financial services holding company that beneficially owns both the General Partner’s and Limited Partner’s interests in New Vernon Advisers LP (“NVA”), an investment management firm that advises several private investment funds and is registered as an investment adviser with the SEC. Daniel Shapiro, Steven Shapiro and their father, Nathan Shapiro, are also minority owners of NVCH II. However, NV-WM and its personnel have no direct day-to-day involvement in the business and operations of the other subsidiaries of NVCH II, other than as described in the preceding paragraph.

Arshad Zakaria, the principal owner and Chief Executive Officer of NVA, serves as Chairman of NV-WM’s Board of Managers, along with Daniel Shapiro, Steven Shapiro and Mansoor Zakaria. NV-WM generally operates independently from NVA, and NVA and its trading personnel generally are not involved in NV-WM’s day-to-day trading operations. However, personnel of NV-WM and NVA in some cases provide administrative and back-office services (such as legal and operational services) to both firms. In addition, a limited number of NV-WM’s personnel share and discuss market information and potential investment opportunities, and from time to time review fund investment positions, portfolio composition and anticipated transactions, with a limited number of personnel at NVA. NV-WM at all times retains independent investment discretion over Client accounts, including determination of the investments to be made by Clients and the timing and price of transactions in their respective portfolios.

The relationship between NV-WM and NVA creates certain potential conflicts of interest, as it may enable each firm to use investment information generated by personnel of the other firm to the disadvantage of clients of the other firm. However, NVA and NV-WM implement materially different investment strategies for their respective clients, and therefore are not generally anticipated to compete with one another for investment opportunities. Moreover, in light of the size and liquidity of those markets in which NV-WM and NVA trade, they generally do not anticipate that their trading would have a material impact on market prices. NV-WM and NVA have adopted policies and procedures to mitigate these conflicts of interests, including a single restricted list, and the Chief Compliance Officers of each firm actively coordinate the compliance function of each firm as particular circumstances arise.

Affiliated Brokerage. It is anticipated that SFI will act as introducing broker for NV-WM Client accounts. Client accounts are assessed the fees, expenses and other charges imposed by the Clearing Broker; however,

SFI does not charge Clients additional brokerage commissions for transactions in their accounts advised by NV-WM. See “Brokerage Practices” for additional information.

Other Clients. As described above, affiliates of NV-WM act as investment adviser to private investment funds, and may also act as investment adviser to other clients. Although NV-WM and its affiliates may manage investments on behalf of a number of client accounts, investment decisions and allocations will not necessarily be made in parallel among all such accounts. Other accounts managed by NV-WM, NVIM, NVP, NVA or their respective principals or affiliates may make investments and utilize investment strategies that may not be made or utilized by NV-WM on behalf of all (or any) of its Clients, and may take positions that are opposite those of all or some Clients. Accordingly, the various accounts managed by NV-WM, NVIM, NVP, NVA and their respective principals and affiliates may produce results that are materially different from those experienced by a particular Client, and the records of any investment management activities that NV-WM, NVIM, NVP, NVA and their respective principals and affiliates may engage in on behalf of other clients will not be available to any such Client.

Other Activities of NV-WM and Related Persons. NVA, NVIM and NVP are advisory affiliates of NV-WM and advise and/or operate various private investment funds. As described above, certain key personnel of NV-WM are also members of and/or involved in the operations of NVIM and NVP and, in some cases, NVA. Although these individuals are expected to commit an appropriate amount of their business efforts to NV-WM, they are not required to devote all of their time to the affairs of NV-WM or of a particular Client.

NV-WM, NVIM, NVP, NVA and their respective principals and affiliates may engage in, invest in, participate in or otherwise enter into other business ventures of any kind, nature or description, alone or with others, including, without limitation, the management of or investment in other investment or trading accounts, entities or vehicles, and Clients shall have no right in or to any such activities or the income or profits derived therefrom. NV-WM may have a conflict of interest in rendering advice to a Client because the financial benefit to NV-WM or one of its affiliates from managing some other client’s account may be greater, which could provide an incentive to favor such other account.

NV-WM, NVIM, NVP, NVA and their respective principals and affiliates may invest and trade for their own accounts, including in securities which are the same as or different or opposite from those traded or held by NV-WM’s Clients. As a result, NV-WM, NVIM, NVP, NVA and their respective principals and affiliates may from time to time have proprietary investments in securities in which a Client may take a position, may trade and invest simultaneously with Clients and may take investment positions that are different or opposite from the positions taken by Clients. As a result, conflicts of interest may arise between NV-WM’s Clients and NV-WM, NVIM, NVP, NVA or their respective principals or affiliates with respect to matters such as the allocation of investment opportunities, purchases and sales of securities in connection with particular trading situations and allocation of personnel, resources and expenses. The records of trading by NV-WM, NVIM, NVP, NVA and their respective principals and affiliates will not be made available to Clients, except to the extent required by law. However, it is NV-WM’s policy that the interests of its advisory Clients must precede the interests of NV-WM’s own proprietary trading on a given trading day, with Client transactions to be executed at the same price or better than NV-WM’s proprietary transactions. In addition, trading by principals and personnel of NV-WM will be subject to NV-WM’s Code of Ethics and personal trading policy, as described below in “*Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading*,” which seeks to further mitigate the conflicts described above.

CODE OF ETHICS, PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT TRANSACTIONS AND PERSONAL TRADING

NV-WM has adopted a Code of Ethics for all supervised persons of the Firm describing its high standard of business conduct, and fiduciary duty to its Clients. The Code of Ethics includes provisions relating to the confidentiality of Client information, a prohibition on insider trading, and personal securities trading procedures, among other things. All supervised persons at NV-WM must acknowledge the terms of the Code of Ethics annually, or as amended. NV-WM's Clients or prospective Clients may request a copy of NV-WM's Code of Ethics by contacting the Chief Compliance Officer, Gary Just, at (847) 926-5724.

As a matter of policy, NV-WM does not cause Client accounts to effect transactions in which such Client purchases securities or other instruments from, or sells securities or other instruments to, NV-WM or its principals or affiliates (i.e., principal trades), or in which one of NV-WM's affiliates acts as broker for both the Client's account and the other party to the transaction (i.e., agency cross transactions).

NV-WM anticipates that, in appropriate circumstances, consistent with Clients' investment objectives, it will cause Client accounts to purchase or sell securities in which NV-WM, its affiliates and/or clients, directly or indirectly, have a position or interest. NV-WM's employees and persons associated with NV-WM are required to follow NV-WM's Code of Ethics. Subject to satisfying this policy and applicable laws, officers, directors and employees of NV-WM and its affiliates may trade for their own accounts in securities which are recommended to and/or purchased for Clients, as described above in "*Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations*." The Code of Ethics is designed to assure that the personal transactions, activities and interests of the employees of NV-WM will not interfere with (i) making decisions in the best interest of advisory Clients and (ii) implementing such decisions while at the same time allowing employees to invest for their own accounts. The Code of Ethics requires pre-clearance of certain transactions, and requires that the interests of Client accounts be placed ahead of those of NV-WM employees in their personal trading. Nonetheless, because the Code of Ethics in some circumstances would permit employees to invest in the same securities as Clients, there is a possibility that employees might benefit from market activity by a Client in a security held by an employee. Employee trading is regularly monitored under the Code of Ethics, in an effort to prevent conflicts of interest between NV-WM and its Clients.

Trade Errors. Although they are not expected to occur frequently, trading errors may from time to time occur with respect to Client accounts. Such errors may include, but are not limited to, purchases or sales of the incorrect security, an incorrect order size or order type (e.g., "buy" versus "sell"), execution of orders that would contravene Client instructions or guidelines, or other similar errors. Upon identifying a trade error in respect of a Client account, NV-WM's policy is to promptly correct the error in a manner that places the Client in the same position he or she would have been in had the error not occurred. This process may involve NV-WM or its affiliated broker-dealer, SFI (where the order is committed by the broker), taking the error trade into their own account(s), at their own expense and risk. However, from time to time, such error trades may ultimately result in a profit to NV-WM or SFI after their transfer. In such circumstances, Clients should be aware that NV-WM or SFI (as applicable) may retain such profits to defray their costs and risks associated with correcting errors in Client accounts, and are not required to account to Clients for, or notify Clients of, any such profits that may be received in this manner.

BROKERAGE PRACTICES

Unless otherwise agreed between NV-WM and a particular Client, NV-WM will require the Client to direct brokerage to SFI, an affiliated broker-dealer which will effect all transactions for a Client's account, and Pershing will clear and carry the Client's account as Clearing Broker, except as otherwise agreed. Clients should note that not all advisers require their clients to direct brokerage. Because Clients of NV-WM whose accounts are carried by Pershing are required to direct brokerage to SFI, they may be unable to achieve most favorable execution of their transactions.

A Client will bear any other fees and charges, such as a "ticket charge" per transaction that are imposed by the Clearing Broker and any regulatory fees and taxes that may apply to any transactions. Currently, SFI does not charge additional brokerage commissions with respect to transactions for Client accounts advised by NV-WM. A Client may be charged a negotiated fee for special transactions and any related fees and charges, if applicable. "Special Transactions" include sales pursuant to SEC Rules 144 and 144A, other sales of control and/or restricted securities, private placement activities, block positioning and related transactions, so-called "reorganization" items and other similar situations. In each case, the relevant fee for a Special Transaction will be provided to and negotiated with the applicable Client no later than the time of the transaction or trade.

NV-WM reserves the right to use brokers other than SFI and Pershing to execute transactions for Client accounts under certain circumstances (including, for example, where another broker may have particular industry, company-specific, geographic or other expertise for particular transactions). In such cases, the commissions payable by the Client shall be determined by negotiation between NV-WM and such other executing brokers, and may be higher than the fees and charges described above for transactions effected by SFI and Pershing.

Aggregation and Allocation of Client Orders/Investments. NV-WM may aggregate orders for a Client's account with orders for other Client accounts (and/or for certain NV-WM-affiliated accounts) in the same security, when consistent with NV-WM's obligation of best execution. In such circumstances, the participating Client accounts (and, if applicable, NV-WM-affiliated accounts) will share transaction costs equally and receive securities at a total average price. NV-WM will retain records of the trade order (specifying each participating account) and its allocation, which will be completed prior to the entry of the aggregated order. Completed orders will be allocated as specified in the initial trade order. Partially filled orders will be allocated on a pro rata basis. Any exceptions will be explained on the trade order ticket.

REVIEW OF ACCOUNTS

Account Reviews. NV-WM conducts periodic portfolio and account reviews with Clients on at least an annual basis, or more frequently as determined between the Client and NV-WM. Client accounts are reviewed by NV-WM's Chief Investment Officer and other members of the investment team, as appropriate.

Client Reporting. Clients receive all brokerage confirmations and monthly statements with respect to their accounts. Clients also have the option to obtain online, electronic access to their account information,

including statements and tax documents. Additionally, at any time upon Client request, NV-WM will provide a Client with a portfolio appraisal.

CLIENT REFERRALS AND OTHER COMPENSATION

NV-WM has invested cash balances through sweep arrangements to bank deposit accounts pursuant to the Liquid Insured DepositsSM Program and, in connection therewith, NV-WM's affiliate SFI receives payments from Pershing for certain administrative and/or recordkeeping services. The amount of such payments is based upon the average amount of cash balances invested through the program (together with assets of clients of NV-WM's affiliate, NVIM, that are held with SFI) and averaged approximately 6 bps per month of such amounts during 2014, approximately 8 bps per month of such amounts during 2015, approximately 17 bps per month of such amounts during 2016, approximately 29 bps per month of such amounts during 2017, approximately 30 bps per month of such amounts during 2018, approximately 29 bps per month of such amounts during 2019, approximately 16 bps per month of such amounts during 2020, approximately 6 bps per month of such amounts during 2021, approximately 20 bps per month of such amounts during 2022, and approximately 30 bps per month of such amounts during 2023.

In 2014, SFI received payments with respect to assets invested through the program of approximately \$38,171, which represented approximately 7.3% of SFI's total revenues for 2014. In 2015, SFI received payments with respect to assets invested through the program of approximately \$44,793, which represented approximately 10% of SFI's total revenues for 2015. In 2016, SFI received payments with respect to assets invested through the program of approximately \$146,823, which represented approximately 31% of SFI's total revenues for 2016. In 2017, SFI received payments with respect to assets invested through the program of approximately \$188,122, which represented approximately 20% of SFI's total revenues for 2017. In 2018, SFI received payments with respect to assets invested through the program of approximately \$185,760, which represented approximately 67% of SFI's total revenues for 2018. In 2019, SFI received payments with respect to assets invested through the program of approximately \$175,812, which represented approximately 40% of SFI's total revenues for 2019. In 2020, SFI received payments with respect to assets invested through the program of approximately \$81,887, which represented approximately 20% of SFI's total revenues for 2020. In 2021, SFI received payments with respect to assets invested through the program of approximately \$34,705, which represented approximately 5% of SFI's total revenues for 2021. In 2022, SFI received payments with respect to assets invested through the program of approximately \$104,365, which represented approximately 27% of SFI's total revenues for 2022. In 2023, SFI received payments with respect to assets invested through the program of approximately \$10,334, which represented approximately 2.5% of SFI's total revenues for 2023.

During the last two months of 2021, Pershing also initiated an automatic backup sweep option for accounts with balances in excess of \$2.5 million, pursuant to which any uninvested cash balances in such accounts are automatically swept overnight into Investor shares of the Dreyfus Government Cash Management Fund. This sweep arrangement generated approximately \$55 in rebates for 2021, which amounts were retained by SFI and represented a negligible portion of SFI's total revenues for 2021. For 2022, this sweep arrangement generated approximately \$1,707, which amounts were retained by SFI and represented approximately 0.4% of SFI's total revenues for 2022. For 2023, this sweep arrangement did not generate any rebates for SFI.

Commencing in late December 2022, NV-WM changed the sweep option for Client accounts from the Liquid Insured DepositsSM Program and Dreyfus Government Cash Management Fund backup sweep options noted above. Under this new sweep arrangement, uninvested cash balances are swept overnight into

shares of the Dreyfus Treasury Securities Cash Management Fund. Depending on the amount of uninvested cash in the account that is covered by the sweep arrangement when it is put in place (which will be reviewed on a periodic basis by NV-WM), such amounts will be swept either into the Service Share class (for cash balances below \$100,000), the Investor Share class (for cash balances between \$100,000 and \$500,000) or the Administrative Share class (for cash balances of \$500,000 and above). This sweep arrangement generates 12b-1 payments to SFI and typically ranges from 35 bps per annum for amounts invested in the Service Share class, to 15 bps per annum for amounts invested in the Investor Share class, and to 0 bps for amounts invested in the Administrative Share class, as applicable. In 2023, SFI received payments with respect to assets invested through the program of approximately \$78,001, which represented approximately 19% of SFI's total revenues for 2023, or an average of 21 bps per month.

In addition, NV-WM may in the future invest cash balances through other cash management deposit or money market products for which SFI may receive similar payments, including in connection with shareholder servicing, distribution of fund shares (12b-1 payments) and/or certain other administrative or recordkeeping services. As a result of these payments, SFI (and, indirectly, certain principals of NV-WM) may receive greater revenue in connection with the investment of assets through these programs than it might receive if such assets were invested in other cash management alternatives that might be available to Clients. Clients are free to direct that their cash balances instead be managed through investment in U.S. Treasury securities or investment in other money market products that would not result in the receipt by SFI of the payments described above. Clients may also make arrangements to have their cash managed by persons or entities other than NV-WM.

SFI previously received 12b-1 payments from certain Clients who transferred a mutual fund position to the Client's NV-WM account. However, NV-WM has discontinued the practice of accepting mutual fund positions that Clients or prospective Clients propose to transfer to their NV-WM account unless the Chief Compliance Officer grants an exception in a specific case (on a finding that the mutual fund shares to be transferred are of the lowest cost share class). If accepted, upon transferring any mutual fund position to NV-WM, it is expected that the position will promptly be liquidated.

Aside from 12b-1 payments, SFI and Pershing previously entered into an agreement that permitted SFI to mark up margin interest charges for NV-WM accounts. Generally speaking, NV-WM does not recommend that its Clients trade on margin. However, if a Client requested the use of margin or if margin was necessary to address temporary liquidity needs in the Client's account, purchasing securities on margin increased the market value of the account (potentially enlarging the advisory fee for the Client's account). SFI no longer marks up margin interest charges for NV-WM accounts.

In addition, a limited number of Client accounts have entered into a Fully Paid Master Securities Loan Agreement ("MSLA") with Pershing. Under the terms of these MSLAs, Pershing, as the borrower, agreed to pay the relevant Client 70% of the net income from a fully paid securities lending transaction involving such Client's account with Pershing. Of the remaining 30%, Pershing paid 5% to SFI and retained 25%. However, this practice has been discontinued, and SFI will no longer accept any percentage of the income derived from a fully paid securities lending transaction involving a Client account with Pershing.

As noted above (see "*Fees and Compensation*"), NV-WM has entered into solicitation agreements with Third-Party Introducers that may introduce certain of their non-U.S. clients to NV-WM. Solicited Clients may be charged a higher advisory fee than those specified herein. Generally speaking, fifty percent (50%) of these fees will be paid to the applicable Third-Party Introducer. The differential increase in the advisory fees paid by such Solicited Clients to NV-WM is not expected to exceed 150 basis points (1.50%) of the Solicited Client's account value, per annum. Required disclosures relating to the existence and terms of these solicitation agreements are provided to the Solicited Clients by the applicable Third-Party Introducer, in compliance with Rule 206(4)-1 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers

Act”). When required, NV-WM sends Solicited Clients separate fee disclosures explaining that the Solicited Clients may be charged additional fees.

Certain Clients hold interests in investment products sponsored and/or managed by parties associated with one of the Third-Party Introducers, and such associated parties earn fees with respect to the amounts invested by NV-WM’s Clients in such products. This gives rise to a potential conflict of interest, in that NV-WM may have an incentive to direct Client assets into products related to the relevant Third-Party Introducer in an effort to incentivize such Third-Party Introducer to introduce additional Clients to NV-WM. However, NV-WM seeks to mitigate this conflict by fully disclosing the existence of the fees payable to the sponsors of such products, and by not actively investing in or recommending such products for its Clients, with investments in such products to be made only upon a non-discretionary investment direction received from the Client.

Except as described above, NV-WM currently has no other arrangements whereby it receives an economic benefit from any person who is not a Client for providing investment advice or other advisory services to its Clients.

CUSTODY

NV-WM is deemed to have custody of its Clients’ funds and securities, which are maintained at one or more “qualified custodians,” as defined under Rule 206(4)-2 of the Advisers Act, due to NV-WM’s ability to withdraw its advisory fee from Client accounts. A “qualified custodian” generally is a bank or savings association that has deposits insured by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, a broker-dealer registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, a futures commission merchant or a foreign financial institution that holds segregated customer assets. The Clearing Broker currently acts as the qualified custodian for NV-WM Client accounts.

Clients should receive at least quarterly statements from the qualified custodian that holds and maintains the Client’s investment assets. NV-WM urges each Client to carefully review such statements and compare such official custodial records to any account statements that NV-WM may provide such Client. NV-WM’s statements may vary from custodial statements based on accounting procedures, reporting dates or valuation methodologies of certain securities.

INVESTMENT DISCRETION

NV-WM accepts discretionary authority to manage the accounts of its Clients. NV-WM usually receives discretionary authority from the Client at the outset of an advisory relationship, by means of an investment advisory agreement which grants a power of attorney in favor of NV-WM to select the identity and amount of any securities to be bought or sold for its Clients. In all cases, however, such discretion is to be exercised in a manner consistent with the stated investment objectives for the particular Client account. Although Clients do not commonly impose limitations on NV-WM’s investment discretion, NV-WM may agree, upon Client request, to specific investment restrictions or guidelines as to the types or amounts of particular securities traded for such Client’s account.

VOTING CLIENT SECURITIES

As a matter of Firm policy and practice, NV-WM does not, and does not have any authority to, vote proxies on behalf of Clients. Clients retain the responsibility for receiving and voting proxies for any and all securities maintained in Client accounts.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

NV-WM is required to provide certain financial information or disclosures about its financial condition. NV-WM has no financial commitment that impairs its ability to meet contractual and fiduciary commitments to Clients, and has not been the subject of a bankruptcy proceeding.