

IFC PERSONAL MONEY MANAGERS, INC.

ADV Part 2A, Firm Brochure
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This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of IFC Personal Money Managers, Inc. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at (212) 721-8713 or gary@objectiveadvice.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about IFC Personal Money Managers, Inc. also is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

References herein to IFC Personal Money Managers, Inc. as a “registered investment adviser” or any reference to being “registered” does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

Item 2 Material Changes

Since IFC Personal Money Managers, Inc.’s previous Annual Amendment filing on March 23, 2023, this Disclosure Brochure has been revised as follows:

At Item 4 to enhance disclosure regarding our advisory services.

Item 3 Table of Contents

Item 1	Cover Page	1
Item 2	Material Changes	2
Item 3	Table of Contents.....	2
Item 4	Advisory Business	3
Item 5	Fees and Compensation.....	7
Item 6	Performance-Based Fees and Side-by-Side Management.....	8
Item 7	Types of Clients	9
Item 8	Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss	9
Item 9	Disciplinary Information.....	13
Item 10	Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations	13
Item 11	Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading.....	14
Item 12	Brokerage Practices.....	15
Item 13	Review of Accounts.....	18
Item 14	Client Referrals and Other Compensation.....	18
Item 15	Custody	18
Item 16	Investment Discretion	19
Item 17	Voting Client Securities	19
Item 18	Financial Information.....	19

Item 4 Advisory Business

- A. IFC Personal Money Managers, Inc. (the “Registrant”) is a corporation formed under the laws of the State of New York on February 2, 1982. The Registrant has been registered as an investment adviser since April 1, 2003. The Registrant is primarily owned by Gary Schatsky.
- B. As discussed below, the Registrant offers to its clients (individuals, high net worth individuals, trusts, estates and charitable organizations, etc.) investment advisory services and financial planning and consulting services.

INVESTMENT ADVISORY SERVICES

The client can engage the Registrant to provide non-discretionary investment advisory services on an hourly or fixed-fee basis. Registrant’s annual investment advisory fee shall include investment advisory services, and, to the extent specifically requested by the client, general financial planning and consulting services. In the event that the client requires extraordinary planning and/or consultation services (to be determined in the sole discretion of the Registrant), the Registrant may determine to charge for such additional services pursuant to a stand-alone Financial Planning and Consulting relationship.

The Registrant provides investment advisory services specific to the needs of each client. Before providing investment advisory services, an investment adviser representative will ascertain each client’s investment objectives. Then, the Registrant will allocate and/or recommend that the client allocate investment assets consistent with the designated investment objectives. The Registrant generally allocates or recommends that clients allocate investment assets among: exchange-listed securities, mutual fund shares, corporate debt, exchange traded funds (“ETFs”), US government securities, and certificates of deposit on a non-discretionary basis in accordance with the client’s designated investment objective(s). Once allocated, the Registrant provides ongoing monitoring and review of account performance, asset allocation and client investment objectives.

FINANCIAL PLANNING AND CONSULTING SERVICES (STAND-ALONE)

To the extent requested by a client, the Registrant may also provide financial planning and/or consulting services (including investment and non-investment related matters, including estate planning, insurance planning, etc.) either in combination with ongoing investment advisory services or on a stand-alone separate fee basis.

If requested by the client, Registrant may recommend the services of other professionals for implementation purposes including Registrant’s principal, Gary Schatsky and/or representatives, in their separate individual licensed capacities as attorneys (See disclosure below). The client is under no obligation to engage the services of any such recommended professional. The client retains absolute discretion over all such implementation decisions and is free to accept or reject any recommendation from the Registrant. **Please Note:** If the client engages any such recommended professional, and a dispute arises thereafter relative to such engagement, the client agrees to seek recourse exclusively from and against the engaged professional. **Please Also Note:** It remains the client’s responsibility to promptly notify the Registrant if there is ever any change in his/her/its financial situation or investment objectives for the purpose of reviewing/evaluating/revising Registrant’s previous recommendations and/or services.

TAX PREPARATION SERVICES

To the extent requested by the client, the Registrant and/or Registrant's representatives, in their separate and individual capacities, may determine to provide tax preparation services on a stand-alone separate fee basis. Registrant's tax preparation fees are generally between \$250 and \$650 per hour on an hourly basis. The Registrant, in its sole discretion, may adjust its tax preparation services fee or offer such services gratis to clients.

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Limitations of Financial Planning and Non-Investment Consulting/Implementation Services.

As indicated above, to the extent requested by the client, Registrant may provide financial planning and related consulting services regarding non-investment related matters, such as estate planning, tax planning, insurance, etc. Registrant does not serve as a law firm or accounting firm, and no portion of its services should be construed as legal or accounting services. Accordingly, Registrant does not prepare estate planning documents. To the extent requested by a client, Registrant may recommend the services of other professionals for certain non-investment implementation purposes (i.e. attorneys, accountants, insurance agents, etc.), including representatives of Registrant in their separate individual capacities as licensed attorneys, as discussed in Item 10.C below. The client is under no obligation to engage the services of any such recommended professional. The client retains absolute discretion over all such implementation decisions and is free to accept or reject any recommendation from Registrant and/or its representatives. **Please Note:** If the client engages any professional (i.e. attorney, accountant, insurance agent, etc.), recommended or otherwise, and a dispute arises thereafter relative to such engagement, the client agrees to seek recourse exclusively from the engaged professional. At all times, the engaged licensed professional(s) (i.e. attorney, accountant, insurance agent, etc.), and not Registrant, shall be responsible for the quality and competency of the services provided. **Please Also Note-Conflict of Interest.** The recommendation by the Registrant or its representative, that a client of the Registrant retain an affiliated attorney to provide legal services of any kind presents a **material conflict of interest**, as the receipt of legal fees may provide an incentive to recommend the affiliated attorney to provide legal services, rather than on a particular client's need. No client is under any obligation to retain Registrant's affiliated attorney to provide legal services. Clients are reminded that they may obtain legal services through other, non-affiliated attorneys. **The Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Gary Schatsky, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective may have regarding the above conflicts of interest.**

Fee Differentials. As discussed in more detail at Item 5 below, we shall generally price our advisory services based upon various objective and subjective factors. As a result, our clients could pay diverse fees based upon the market value of their assets, the complexity of the engagement, the level and scope of the overall investment advisory services to be rendered, negotiations, and other factors. As a result, similarly situated clients could pay diverse fees, and the services to be provided by Registrant to any particular client could be available from other advisers at lower fees. All clients and prospective clients should be guided accordingly. **ANY QUESTIONS:** Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Gary Schatsky, remains available to address any questions regarding Fee Differentials.

Retirement Rollovers-Potential for Conflict of Interest: A client or prospective client leaving an employer typically has four options regarding an existing retirement plan (and may engage in a combination of these options): (i) leave the money in the former employer's plan, if permitted, (ii) roll over the assets to the new employer's plan, if one is

available and rollovers are permitted, (iii) roll over to an Individual Retirement Account (“IRA”), or (iv) cash out the account value (which could, depending upon the client’s age, result in adverse tax consequences). If the Registrant recommends that a client roll over their retirement plan assets into an account to be managed by the Registrant, such a recommendation creates a conflict of interest if the Registrant will earn a new (or increase its current) advisory fee as a result of the rollover. No client is under any obligation to roll over retirement plan assets to an account managed by Registrant, whether it is from an employer’s plan or an existing IRA. If Registrant provides a recommendation as to whether a client should engage in a rollover or not (whether it is from an employer’s plan or an existing IRA), Registrant is acting as a fiduciary within the meaning of Title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act and/or the Internal Revenue Code, as applicable, which are laws governing retirement accounts. **The Registrant’s Chief Compliance Officer, Gary Schatsky, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding the conflict of interest presented by such a rollover recommendation.**

Portfolio Activity. Registrant has a fiduciary duty to provide services consistent with the client’s best interest. As part of its investment advisory services, Registrant will review client portfolios to determine if any changes are necessary based upon various factors, including, but not limited to, investment performance, market conditions, mutual fund manager tenure, style drift, and/or a change in the client’s investment objective. Based upon these factors, there may be extended periods of time when Registrant determines that changes to a client’s portfolio are neither necessary nor prudent. Clients nonetheless remain subject to the fees described in Item 5 below during periods of account inactivity. Of course, as indicated below, there can be no assurance that investment decisions made by Registrant will be profitable or equal any specific performance level(s).

Margin Accounts: Risks/Conflict of Interest. Registrant does not recommend the use of margin for investment purposes. A margin account is a brokerage account that allows investors to borrow money to buy securities. By using borrowed funds, the customer is employing leverage that will magnify both account gains and losses. The broker charges the investor interest for the right to borrow money and uses the securities as collateral. Should a client determine to use margin, Registrant does not include the additional market value of the margined assets when computing its advisory fee. The use of margin can cause significant adverse financial consequences in the event of a market correction. ANY QUESTIONS: Our Chief Compliance Officer, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding the use of margin.

Use of Mutual Funds and ETFs. Most mutual funds and exchange traded funds (“ETFs”) are available directly to the public. Thus, a prospective client can obtain many of the funds that may be utilized by Registrant independent of engaging Registrant as an investment advisor. However, if a prospective client determines to do so, he/she will not receive Registrant’s initial and ongoing investment advisory services. **Please Note:** In addition to Registrant’s investment advisory fee described below, and transaction and/or custodial fees discussed below, clients will also incur, relative to all mutual fund and exchange traded fund purchases, charges imposed at the fund level (e.g. management fees and other fund expenses).

Custodian Charges – Additional Fees. As discussed below at Item 12, when requested to recommend a broker-dealer/custodian for client accounts, Registrant generally recommends that Charles Schwab & Co, Inc. (“Schwab”) serve as the broker-dealer/custodian for client investment management assets. Broker-dealers such as Schwab

charge transaction fees for effecting certain securities transactions for the client's account (i.e., including transaction fees for certain mutual funds, and mark-ups and mark-downs charged for fixed income transactions, etc.). The types of securities for which transaction fees, commissions, and/or other type fees (as well as the amount of those fees) shall differ depending upon the broker- dealer/custodian. While certain custodians, including Schwab, generally (with potential exceptions) do not currently charge fees on individual equity transactions (including ETFs), others do. **Please Note:** there can be no assurance that Schwab will not change their transaction fee pricing in the future. **Please Also Note:** Schwab may also assess fees to clients who elect to receive trade confirmations and account statements by regular mail rather than electronically. The fees charged by Schwab, or any broker- dealer/custodian directed by the client, are in addition to Registrant's advisory fee referenced in Item 5 below. **ANY QUESTIONS:** Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Gary Schatsky, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding the above.

Cybersecurity Risk. The information technology systems and networks that Registrant and its third-party service providers use to provide services to Registrant's clients employ various controls, which are designed to prevent cybersecurity incidents stemming from intentional or unintentional actions that could cause significant interruptions in Registrant's operations and result in the unauthorized acquisition or use of clients' confidential or non-public personal information. Clients and Registrant are nonetheless subject to the risk of cybersecurity incidents that could ultimately cause them to incur losses, including for example: financial losses, cost and reputational damage to respond to regulatory obligations, other costs associated with corrective measures, and loss from damage or interruption to systems. Although Registrant has established its procedures to reduce the risk of cybersecurity incidents, there is no guarantee that these efforts will always be successful, especially considering that Registrant does not directly control the cybersecurity measures and policies employed by third-party service providers. Clients could incur similar adverse consequences resulting from cybersecurity incidents that more directly affect issuers of securities in which those clients invest, broker-dealers, qualified custodians, governmental and other regulatory authorities, exchange and other financial market operators, or other financial institutions.

Non-Discretionary Service Limitations. Clients that determine to engage Registrant on a non-discretionary investment advisory basis must be willing to accept that Registrant cannot effect any account transactions without obtaining prior consent to such transaction(s) from the client. Thus, in the event that Registrant would like to make a transaction for a client's account (including in the event of an individual holding or general market correction), and the client is unavailable, the Registrant will be unable to effect the account transaction(s) without first obtaining the client's consent.

Client Obligations. In performing its services, Registrant shall not be required to verify any information received from the client or from the client's other designated professionals, and is expressly authorized to rely thereon. Moreover, each client is advised that it remains their responsibility to promptly notify Registrant if there is ever any change in their financial situation or investment objectives for the purpose of reviewing/evaluating/revising Registrant's previous recommendations and/or services.

Disclosure Statement. A copy of the Registrant's written Brochure as set forth on Part 2A of Form ADV, and our Form ADV Part 3 (Relationship Summary), shall be provided to each client before, or contemporaneously with, the execution of the Investment Advisory Agreement or Financial Planning and Consulting Agreement.

- C. The Registrant shall provide investment advisory services specific to the needs of each client. Before providing investment advisory services, an investment adviser representative will ascertain each client's financial needs. Thereafter, the Registrant shall recommend that the client allocate investment assets consistent with the client's identified needs. The client may, at any time, impose reasonable restrictions, in writing, on the Registrant's services.
- D. The Registrant does not participate in a wrap fee program.
- E. As of December 31, 2023, the Registrant had approximately \$395,211,304 in assets under management on a non-discretionary basis.

Item 5 Fees and Compensation

A. INVESTMENT ADVISORY SERVICES

The client can engage the Registrant to provide non-discretionary investment advisory services on a fee-only basis. Registrant's negotiable fixed annual investment advisory fee is generally between \$10,000 and \$65,000 per year.

Please Note: As indicated above, Registrant shall provide investment advisory services for a fixed annual fee. However, fees shall vary depending upon various objective and subjective factors, including but not limited to: the representative assigned to the account, the amount of assets to be invested, the complexity of the engagement, the anticipated number of meetings and servicing needs, related accounts, future earning capacity, anticipated future additional assets, and negotiations with the client. As a result, similar clients could pay different fees, which will correspondingly impact a client's net account performance. Moreover, the services to be provided by the Registrant to any particular client could be available from other advisers at lower fees. All clients and prospective clients should be guided accordingly. **The Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Gary Schatsky, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding the above.**

FINANCIAL PLANNING AND CONSULTING SERVICES (STAND-ALONE)

The Registrant may provide financial planning and/or consulting services (including investment and non-investment related matters, including estate planning, insurance planning, etc.) on a stand-alone fee basis. Registrant's planning and consulting fees are negotiable, but generally the Registrant charges \$5,000 on a fixed fee basis, or between \$250 and \$650 per hour on an hourly basis, depending upon the level and scope of the service(s) required and the professional(s) rendering the service(s).

TAX PREPARATION SERVICES

Registrant's tax preparation fees are generally between \$250 and \$650 per hour on an hourly basis. The Registrant, in its sole discretion, may adjust its tax preparation services fee or offer such services gratis to clients. To the extent tax preparation services are provided by a representative of Registrant, in his or her separate and individual capacity, the hourly fee rates will generally remain the same, but compensation for such services will

be paid directly to the representative. In such instances, no portion of this fee shall be retained by Registrant.

- B. The Registrant generally does not deduct advisory fees from client's custodial account. Instead, unless otherwise agreed, the Registrant bills the client directly, in which case, payment is generally due within thirty (30) days of the Registrant's invoice. In very limited instances, clients may direct Registrant to deduct its advisory fees from the client's custodial account. In such instances, Registrant will obtain written approval from the client prior to processing the client's fee.
- C. As discussed below, unless the client directs otherwise or an individual client's circumstances require, Registrant shall generally recommend that Schwab serve as the broker-dealer/custodian for client investment management assets. Broker-dealers such as Schwab charge brokerage commissions and/or transaction fees for effecting certain securities transactions in accordance with their respective brokerage commission and transaction fee schedules. In addition to Registrant's investment management fee and applicable brokerage commissions and/or transaction fees, clients will also incur, relative to all mutual fund and exchange traded fund purchases, charges imposed at the fund level (e.g. management fees and other fund expenses).
- D. The Registrant's annual investment advisory fee shall generally be prorated and paid in advance. The Registrant expects at least a thirty (30) day receivable period, so prepaid amounts are not required or solicited six months or more in advance. The Registrant generally requires a minimum annual investment advisory fee of \$10,000. The Registrant, in its sole discretion, may adjust its investment advisory fee based upon certain criteria (i.e. anticipated future earning capacity, anticipated future additional assets, familial relationship, dollar amount of assets to be managed, related accounts, account composition, etc.).

The Investment Advisory Agreement between the Registrant and the client will automatically renew on an annual basis until terminated by either party by written notice in accordance with the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement. The client may terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement at any time. The client will not be entitled to a refund of any fee paid, and will remain obligated to pay any yet unpaid fees, if the Investment Advisory Agreement is terminated after the commencement of an initial or new annual service period.

- E. Neither the Registrant, nor its representatives accept compensation from the sale of securities or other investment products

Item 6 Performance-Based Fees and Side-by-Side Management

Neither the Registrant nor any supervised person of the Registrant accepts performance-based fees.

Item 7 Types of Clients

The Registrant's clients shall generally include individuals, high net worth individuals, pension and profit sharing plans, trusts, estates, and business entities. The Registrant generally requires a minimum annual investment advisory fee of \$10,000. **Please Note:** As indicated above, Registrant's fees shall vary depending upon various objective and subjective factors, including but not limited to: the representative assigned to the account, the amount of assets to be invested, the complexity of the engagement, the anticipated number of meetings and servicing needs, related accounts, future earning capacity, anticipated future additional assets, and negotiations with the client. As a result, similar clients could pay different fees, which will correspondingly impact a client's net account performance. Moreover, the services to be provided by the Registrant to any particular client could be available from other advisers at lower fees. All clients and prospective clients should be guided accordingly. **The Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Gary Schatsky, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding the above.**

Item 8 Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

A. The Registrant may utilize the following methods of security analysis:

- **Charting** - (analysis performed using patterns to identify current trends and trend reversals to forecast the direction of prices)
- **Fundamental** - (analysis performed on historical and present data, with the goal of making financial forecasts)
- **Technical** – (analysis performed on historical and present data, focusing on price and trade volume, to forecast the direction of prices)
- **Cyclical** – (analysis performed on historical relationships between price and market trends, to forecast the direction of prices)

The Registrant may utilize the following investment strategies when implementing investment advice given to clients:

- **Long Term Purchases** (securities held at least a year)
- **Short Term Purchases** (securities sold within a year)
- **Trading** (securities sold within thirty (30) days)
- **Options** (contract for the purchase or sale of a security at a predetermined price during a specific period of time)

Please Note: Investment Risk. Investing in securities involves risk of loss that clients should be prepared to bear. Different types of investments involve varying degrees of risk, and it should not be assumed that future performance of any specific investment or investment strategy (including the investments and/or investment strategies recommended or undertaken by the Registrant) will be profitable or equal any specific performance level(s). **Please Also Note:** Investing in securities involves risk of loss that clients should be prepared to bear.

- B. The Registrant's methods of analysis and investment strategies do not present any significant or unusual risks.

However, every method of analysis has its own inherent risks. To perform an accurate market analysis the Registrant must have access to current/new market information. The Registrant has no control over the dissemination rate of market information; therefore, unbeknownst to the Registrant, certain analyses may be compiled with outdated market information, severely limiting the value of the Registrant's analysis. Furthermore, an accurate market analysis can only produce a forecast of the direction of market values. There can be no assurances that a forecasted change in market value will materialize into actionable and/or profitable investment opportunities.

The Registrant's primary investment strategies - Long Term Purchases, Short Term Purchases, and Trading—are fundamental investment strategies. However, every investment strategy has its own inherent risks and limitations. For example, longer term investment strategies require a longer investment time period to allow for the strategy to potentially develop. Shorter term investment strategies require a shorter investment time period to potentially develop but, as a result of more frequent trading, may incur higher transactional costs when compared to a longer term investment strategy. Trading, an investment strategy that requires the purchase and sale of securities within a thirty (30) day investment time period, involves a very short investment time period but will incur higher transaction costs when compared to a short term investment strategy and substantially higher transaction costs than a longer term investment strategy.

In addition to the fundamental investment strategies discussed above, the Registrant may also implement and/or recommend options transactions. This strategy has a high level of inherent risk. (See discussion below).

The Registrant may engage in options transactions for the purpose of hedging risk and/or generating portfolio income. The use of options transactions as an investment strategy can involve a high level of inherent risk. Option transactions establish a contract between two parties concerning the buying or selling of an asset at a predetermined price during a specific period of time. During the term of the option contract, the buyer of the option gains the right to demand fulfillment by the seller. Fulfillment may take the form of either selling or purchasing a security, depending upon the nature of the option contract. Generally, the purchase or sale of an option contract shall be with the intent of "hedging" a potential market risk in a client's portfolio and/or generating income for a client's portfolio. **Please Note:** Certain options-related strategies (i.e. straddles, short positions, etc.), may, in and of themselves, produce principal volatility and/or risk. Thus, a client must be willing to accept these enhanced volatility and principal risks associated with such strategies. In light of these enhanced risks, client may direct Registrant, in writing, not to employ any or all such strategies for his/her/their/its accounts. **Please Also Note:** There can be no guarantee that an options strategy will achieve its objective or prove successful. No client is under any obligation to enter into any option transactions. However, if the client does so, he/she must be prepared to accept the potential for unintended or undesired consequences (i.e., losing ownership of the security, incurring capital gains taxes).

Covered Call Writing. Covered call writing is the sale of in-, at-, or out-of- the money call option against a long security position held in a client portfolio. This type of transaction is used to generate income. It also serves to create downside protection in the event the security position declines in value. Income is received from the proceeds of the option sale.

Such income may be reduced to the extent it is necessary to buy back the option position prior to its expiration. This strategy may involve a degree of trading velocity, transaction costs and significant losses if the underlying security has volatile price movement. Covered call strategies are generally suited for companies with little price volatility.

- C. Registrant recommends asset allocations based on a particular client's: economic situation, liquidity needs, risk tolerance, proposed investment period, need for diversification, reliance upon current income, present and anticipated tax situation. Registrant also considers historical yields, potential appreciation and marketability before making investment recommendations. Registrant recommends and manages many types of asset allocations, including: exchange-listed securities, mutual fund shares, corporate debt, ETFs, real estate investment trusts, US government securities, and certificates of deposit on a non-discretionary basis in accordance with the client's designated investment objective(s).

Risks associated with these asset types include:

1. Interest-rate Risk: Fluctuations in interest rates may cause investment prices to fluctuate. For example, when interest rates rise, yields on existing bonds become less attractive, causing their market values to decline.
2. Market Risk: The price of a security, bond, or mutual fund may drop in reaction to tangible and intangible events and conditions. This type of risk may be caused by external factors independent of the fund's specific investments as well as due to the fund's specific investments. Additionally, each security's price will fluctuate based on market movement and emotion, which may, or may not be due to the security's operations or changes in its true value. For example, political, economic and social conditions may trigger market events which are temporarily negative, or temporarily positive.
3. Inflation Risk: When any type of inflation is present, a dollar today will not buy as much as a dollar next year, because purchasing power is eroding at the rate of inflation.
4. Reinvestment Risk: This is the risk that future proceeds from investments may have to be reinvested at a potentially lower rate of return (i.e. interest rate). This primarily relates to fixed income securities.
5. Financial Risk: Excessive borrowing to finance a business' operations increases the risk of profitability, because the company must meet the terms of its obligations in good times and bad. During periods of financial stress, the inability to meet loan obligations may result in bankruptcy and/or a declining market value.
6. Market Risk (Systematic Risk): Even a long-term investment approach cannot guarantee a profit. Economic, political, and issuer-specific events will cause the value of securities to rise or fall. Because the value of your portfolio will fluctuate, there is a risk that you will lose money.
7. Unsystematic Risk: Unsystematic risk is the company-specific or industry-specific risk in a portfolio. The combination of systematic (market risk) and unsystematic risk is defined as the portfolio risk that the investor bears. While the investor can do little to reduce systematic risk, he or she can affect unsystematic risk. Unsystematic risk may

be significantly reduced through diversification. However, even a portfolio of well-diversified assets cannot escape all risk.

8. **Credit Risk:** Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a security may be unable to make interest payments and/or repay principal when due. A downgrade to an issuer's credit rating or a perceived change in an issuer's financial strength may affect a security's value, and thus, impact performance. Credit risk is greater for fixed income securities with ratings below investment grade (BB or below by Standard & Poor's Rating Group or Ba or below by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.). Fixed income securities that are below investment grade involve higher credit risk and are considered speculative.
9. **Income Risk:** Income risk is the risk that falling interest rates will cause the investment's income to decline.
10. **Call Risk:** Call risk is the risk that during periods of falling interest rates, a bond issuer will call or repay a higher-yielding bond before its maturity date, forcing the investment to reinvest in bonds with lower interest rates than the original obligations.
11. **Purchasing Power Risk:** Purchasing power risk is the risk that your investment's value will decline as the price of goods rises (inflation). The investment's value itself does not decline, but its relative value does, which is the same thing. Inflation can happen for a variety of complex reasons, including a growing economy and a rising money supply. Rising inflation means that if you have \$1,000 and inflation rises 5 percent in a year, your \$1,000 has lost 5 percent of its value, as it cannot buy what it could buy a year previous.
12. **Political Risks:** Most investments have a global component, even domestic stocks. Political events anywhere in the world may have unforeseen consequences to markets around the world.
13. **Regulatory Risk:** Changes in laws and regulations from any government can change the market value of companies subject to such regulations. Certain industries are more susceptible to government regulation. Changes in zoning, tax structure or laws impact the return on these investments.
14. **Risks Related to Investment Term:** Securities do not follow a straight line up in value. All securities will have periods of time when the current price of the security is not what we believe it is truly worth. If you require us to liquidate your portfolio during one of these periods, you will not realize as much value as you would have had the investment had the opportunity to regain its value.

An investment in a mutual fund or ETF involves risk, including the loss of principal. Mutual fund and ETF shareholders are necessarily subject to the risks stemming from the individual issuers of the fund's underlying portfolio securities. Such shareholders are also liable for taxes on any fund-level capital gains, as ETFs and mutual funds are required by law to distribute capital gains in the event they sell securities for a profit that cannot be offset by a corresponding loss. As such, a mutual fund or ETF client or investor may incur substantial tax liabilities even when the fund underperforms.

Shares of mutual funds are distributed and redeemed on an ongoing basis by the fund itself or a broker acting on its behalf. The trading price at which a share is transacted is equal to

a fund's stated daily per share net asset value ("NAV"), plus any shareholders fees (e.g., sales loads, purchase fees, redemption fees). The per-share NAV of a mutual fund is calculated at the end of each business day, although the actual NAV fluctuates with intraday changes in the market value of the fund's holdings. The trading prices of a mutual fund's shares can differ significantly from the NAV during periods of market volatility, which may, among other factors, lead to the mutual fund's shares trading at a premium or discount to NAV.

Shares of ETFs are listed on securities exchanges and transacted at negotiated prices in the secondary market. Generally, ETF shares trade at or near their most recent NAV, which is generally calculated at least once daily for indexed-based ETFs and more frequently for actively managed ETFs. However, certain inefficiencies can cause the shares to trade at a premium or discount to their pro-rata NAV. There is also no guarantee that an active secondary market for such shares will develop or continue to exist. While clients and investors may be able to sell their ETF shares on an exchange, ETFs generally only redeems shares directly from shareholders when aggregated as creation units (usually 50,000 shares or more). Therefore, if a liquid secondary market ceases to exist for shares of a particular ETF, a shareholder may have no way to dispose of such shares.

Item 9 Disciplinary Information

The Registrant has not been the subject of any disciplinary actions.

Item 10 Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

- A. Neither the Registrant, nor its representatives, are registered or have an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer or a registered representative of a broker-dealer.
- B. Neither the Registrant, nor its representatives, are registered or have an application pending to register, as a futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator, a commodity trading advisor, or a representative of the foregoing.
- C. **Licensed Attorney.** Gary Schatsky is licensed to practice law and is a sole proprietor who shares the same office space as the Registrant. To the extent that Mr. Schatsky provides legal services to any clients, including clients of the Registrant, all such services shall be performed by Mr. Schatsky, in his individual professional capacity, independent of the Registrant, for which services the Registrant shall not receive any portion of the fees charged by Mr. Schatsky, referral or otherwise. It is expected that Mr. Schatsky, solely incidental to his practice as an attorney, shall recommend the Registrant's services to certain of its clients. No client of the Registrant is under any obligation to use the services of Mr. Schatsky.

Conflict of Interest. The recommendation by the Registrant or its investment adviser representatives, that a client of the Registrant retain Mr. Schatsky to provide legal services of any kind presents a **material conflict of interest**, as the receipt of legal fees may provide an incentive to recommend Mr. Schatsky to provide legal services, rather than on a particular client's need. No client is under any obligation to retain Mr. Schatsky to provide legal services. At the Clients are reminded that they may acquire legal services through other, non-affiliated law firms. **The Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Gary**

Schatsky, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective may have regarding the above conflicts of interest.

- D. The Registrant does not recommend or select other investment advisors for its clients.

Item 11 Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

- A. The Registrant maintains an investment policy relative to personal securities transactions. This investment policy is part of Registrant's overall Code of Ethics, which serves to establish a standard of business conduct for all of Registrant's Representatives that is based upon fundamental principles of openness, integrity, honesty and trust, a copy of which is available upon request.

In accordance with Section 204A of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, the Registrant also maintains and enforces written policies reasonably designed to prevent the misuse of material non-public information by the Registrant or any person associated with the Registrant.

- B. Neither the Registrant nor any related person of Registrant recommends, buys, or sells for client accounts, securities in which the Registrant or any related person of Registrant has a material financial interest.
- C. The Registrant and/or representatives of the Registrant may buy or sell securities that are also recommended to clients. This practice may create a situation where the Registrant and/or representatives of the Registrant are in a position to materially benefit from the sale or purchase of those securities. Therefore, this situation creates a potential conflict of interest. Practices such as "scalping" (i.e., a practice whereby the owner of shares of a security recommends that security for investment and then immediately sells it at a profit upon the rise in the market price which follows the recommendation) could take place if the Registrant did not have adequate policies in place to detect such activities. In addition, this requirement can help detect insider trading, "front-running" (i.e., personal trades executed before those of the Registrant's clients) and other potentially abusive practices.

The Registrant has a personal securities transaction policy in place to monitor the personal securities transactions and securities holdings of each of the Registrant's "Access Persons." The Registrant's securities transaction policy requires that Access Person of the Registrant must provide the Chief Compliance Officer or his/her designee with a written report of the their current securities holdings within ten (10) days after becoming an Access Person. Furthermore, Access Persons must provide the Chief Compliance Officer with a quarterly transaction report, detail all trades in the Access Person's account during the previous quarter; and on an annual basis, each Access Person must provide the Chief Compliance Officer with a written report of the Access Person's current securities holdings. However, at any time that the Registrant has only one Access Person, he or she shall not be required to submit any securities report described above.

- D. The Registrant and/or representatives of the Registrant may buy or sell securities, at or around the same time as those securities are recommended to clients. This practice creates a situation where the Registrant and/or representatives of the Registrant are in a position to materially benefit from the sale or purchase of those securities. Therefore, this situation creates a potential conflict of interest. As indicated above in Item 11C, the Registrant has

a personal securities transaction policy in place to monitor the personal securities transaction and securities holdings of each of Registrant's Access Persons.

Item 12 Brokerage Practices

- A. In the event that the client requests that the Registrant recommend a broker-dealer/custodian for execution and/or custodial services (exclusive of those clients that may direct the Registrant to use a specific broker-dealer/custodian), Registrant generally recommends that investment management accounts be maintained at Schwab. Prior to engaging Registrant to provide investment management services, the client will be required to enter into a formal Investment Advisory Agreement with Registrant setting forth the terms and conditions under which Registrant shall manage the client's assets, and a separate custodial/clearing agreement with each designated broker-dealer/custodian.

Factors that the Registrant considers in recommending Schwab (or another broker-dealer/custodian) include historical relationship with the Registrant, financial strength, reputation, execution capabilities, pricing, research, and service. Although the commissions and/or transaction fees paid by Registrant's clients (to the extent that such transaction fees and commissions are paid) shall comply with the Registrant's duty to obtain best execution, a client may pay a commission that is higher than another qualified broker-dealer might charge to effect the same transaction where the Registrant determines, in good faith, that the commission/transaction fee is reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage and research services received. In seeking best execution, the determinative factor is not the lowest possible cost, but whether the transaction represents the best qualitative execution, taking into consideration the full range of a broker-dealer's services, including the value of research provided, execution capability, commission rates, and responsiveness. Accordingly, although Registrant will seek competitive rates, it may not necessarily obtain the lowest possible commission rates for client account transactions. The brokerage commissions or transaction fees charged by the designated broker-dealer/custodian are exclusive of, and in addition to, Registrant's investment management fee. The Registrant's best execution responsibility is qualified if securities that it purchases for client accounts are mutual funds that trade at net asset value as determined at the daily market close.

1. Research and Additional Benefits

Although not a material consideration when determining whether to recommend that a client utilize the services of a particular broker-dealer/custodian, Registrant may receive from Schwab (or another broker-dealer/custodian, investment platform, unaffiliated investment manager, mutual fund sponsor, or vendor) without cost (and/or at a discount) support services and/or products, certain of which assist the Registrant to better monitor and service client accounts maintained at such institutions. Included within the support services that may be obtained by the Registrant may be investment-related research, pricing information and market data, software and other technology that provide access to client account data, compliance and/or practice management-related publications, discounted or gratis consulting services, discounted and/or gratis attendance at conferences, meetings, and other educational and/or social events, marketing support, computer hardware and/or software and/or other products used by Registrant in furtherance of its investment advisory business operations.

As indicated above, certain of the support services and/or products that may be received may assist the Registrant in managing and administering client accounts. Others do not directly provide such assistance, but rather assist the Registrant to manage and further develop its business enterprise.

Registrant's clients do not pay more for investment transactions effected and/or assets maintained at Schwab as a result of this arrangement. There is no corresponding commitment made by the Registrant to Schwab or any other entity to invest any specific amount or percentage of client assets in any specific mutual funds, securities or other investment products as a result of the above arrangement.

The Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Gary Schatsky, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding the above arrangement and any corresponding conflict of interest such arrangement creates.

Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Gary Schatsky, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding the above arrangement and any corresponding conflict of interest such arrangement creates.

2. The Registrant does not receive referrals from broker-dealers.
3. The Registrant does not generally accept directed brokerage arrangements (when a client requires that account transactions be effected through a specific broker-dealer). In such client directed arrangements, the client will negotiate terms and arrangements for their account with that broker-dealer, and Registrant will not seek better execution services or prices from other broker-dealers or be able to "batch" the client's transactions for execution through other broker-dealers with orders for other accounts managed by Registrant. As a result, client may pay higher commissions or other transaction costs or greater spreads, or receive less favorable net prices, on transactions for the account than would otherwise be the case.

Please Note: In the event that the client directs Registrant to effect securities transactions for the client's accounts through a specific broker-dealer, the client correspondingly acknowledges that such direction may cause the accounts to incur higher commissions or transaction costs than the accounts would otherwise incur had the client determined to effect account transactions through alternative clearing arrangements that may be available through Registrant. Higher transaction costs adversely impact account performance. **Please Also Note:** Transactions for directed accounts will generally be executed following the execution of portfolio transactions for non-directed accounts.

The Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Gary Schatsky, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding the above arrangement.

- B. To the extent that the Registrant provides investment advisory services to its clients, the transactions for each client account generally will be effected independently, unless the Registrant decides to purchase or sell the same securities for several clients at approximately the same time. The Registrant may (but is not obligated to) combine or "bunch" such orders to obtain best execution, to negotiate more favorable commission

rates or to allocate equitably among the Registrant's clients differences in prices and commissions or other transaction costs that might have been obtained had such orders been placed independently. Under this procedure, transactions will be averaged as to price and will be allocated among clients in proportion to the purchase and sale orders placed for each client account on any given day. The Registrant shall not receive any additional compensation or remuneration as a result of such aggregation.

Item 13 Review of Accounts

- A. For those clients to whom Registrant provides investment supervisory services on a non-discretionary basis, account reviews are conducted on an ongoing by the Registrant's Principal. All investment supervisory clients are advised that it remains their responsibility to advise the Registrant of any changes in their investment objectives and/or financial situation. All clients (in person or via telephone) are encouraged to review financial planning issues (to the extent applicable), investment objectives and account performance with the Registrant on an annual basis.
- B. The Registrant **may** conduct account reviews on an other than periodic basis upon the occurrence of a triggering event, such as a change in client investment objectives and/or financial situation, market corrections and client request.
- C. Clients are provided, at least quarterly, with written transaction confirmation notices and regular written summary account statements directly from the broker-dealer/custodian and/or program sponsor for the client accounts. The Registrant may also provide a written periodic report summarizing account activity and performance.

Item 14 Client Referrals and Other Compensation

- A. As referenced in Item 12.A.1 above, the Registrant may receive an economic benefit from Schwab. The Registrant, without cost (and/or at a discount), may receive support services and/or products from Schwab (which may include direct monetary assistance from Schwab to obtain certain services or products).

Registrant's clients do not pay more for investment transactions effected and/or assets maintained at Schwab as a result of this arrangement. There is no corresponding commitment made by the Registrant to Schwab or any other entity to invest any specific amount or percentage of client assets in any specific mutual funds, securities or other investment products as a result of the above arrangement.

The Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Gary Schatsky, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding the above arrangement and any corresponding conflict of interest any such arrangement creates.

- B. The Registrant does not compensate, directly or indirectly, any person, other than its representatives, for client referrals.

Item 15 Custody

Except in very limited instances and at the specific request of the client, the Registrant does not deduct advisory fees from client accounts. Clients will receive account statements directly from the broker-dealer/custodian and the client should carefully review those statements.

For the limited clients that instruct Registrant to debit their fees from their custodial account, Registrant shall obtain written authorization to have its advisory fee debited by the custodian. These clients are provided, at least quarterly, with written transaction confirmation notices and regular written summary account statements directly from the broker-dealer/custodian and/or program sponsor for the client accounts.

In addition, certain clients have established asset transfer authorizations which permit the qualified custodian to rely upon instructions from the Registrant to transfer client funds or securities to third parties. These arrangements are disclosed at ADV Part 1, Item 9, but in accordance with the guidance provided in the SEC's February 21, 2017 Investment Adviser Association No-Action Letter, the affected accounts are not subject to an annual surprise CPA examination.

Item 16 Investment Discretion

The Registrant does not accept discretionary authority to manage securities accounts on behalf of clients.

Item 17 Voting Client Securities

- A. The Registrant does not vote client proxies. Clients maintain exclusive responsibility for: (1) directing the manner in which proxies solicited by issuers of securities owned by the client shall be voted, and (2) making all elections relative to any mergers, acquisitions, tender offers, bankruptcy proceedings or other type events pertaining to the client's investment assets.
- B. Clients will receive their proxies or other solicitations directly from their custodian. Clients may contact the Registrant to discuss any questions they may have with a particular solicitation.

Item 18 Financial Information

- A. The Registrant does not require or solicit fees of more than \$1,200, per client, six months or more in advance.
- B. The Registrant is unaware of any financial condition that is reasonably likely to impair its ability to meet its contractual commitments relating to its discretionary authority over certain client accounts
- C. The Registrant has not been the subject of a bankruptcy petition at any time during the past ten years.

ANY QUESTIONS: The Registrant's Chief Compliance Officer, Gary Schatsky,

remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding the above disclosures and arrangements.