

## **49 WEALTH MANAGEMENT, LLC**

*a Registered Investment Adviser*

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This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of 49 Wealth Management, LLC (hereinafter “49 WM” or the “Firm”). If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact the Firm at the telephone number listed above. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) or by any state securities authority. Additional information about the Firm is available on the SEC’s website at [www.adviserinfo.sec.gov](http://www.adviserinfo.sec.gov). The Firm is a registered investment adviser. Registration does not imply any level of skill or training.

## **Item 2. Material Changes**

In this Item, 49 WM is required to discuss any material changes that have been made to the brochure since the last annual amendment. There are no material changes to disclose.

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## Item 4. Advisory Business

49 WM offers a variety of advisory services, which include financial planning, consulting, and investment management services. Prior to 49 WM rendering any of the foregoing advisory services, clients are required to enter into one or more written agreements with 49 WM setting forth the relevant terms and conditions of the advisory relationship (the “Advisory Agreement”).

49 WM was registered as an investment adviser in October 2022 and is owned by 49 Holdings, LLC, Hunter Lloyd, and Kyle Sims. As of December 31, 2023, 49 WM had \$566,217,984 in assets under management, all of which were managed on a discretionary basis.

While this brochure generally describes the business of 49 WM, certain sections also discuss the activities of its Supervised Persons, which refer to the Firm’s officers, partners, directors (or other persons occupying a similar status or performing similar functions), employees or other persons who provide investment advice on 49 WM’s behalf and are subject to the Firm’s supervision or control.

### Financial Planning and Consulting Services

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49 WM offers clients a broad range of financial planning and consulting services, which include any or all of the following functions:

- Business Planning
- Trust and Estate Planning
- Insurance Planning
- Retirement Planning
- Tax and Cash Flow Planning
- Education Planning

In performing these services, 49 WM is not required to verify any information received from the client or from the client’s other professionals (e.g., attorneys, accountants, etc.) and is expressly authorized to rely on such information. 49 WM recommends certain clients engage the Firm for additional related services, its Supervised Persons in their individual capacities as insurance agents or registered representatives of a broker-dealer and/or other professionals to implement its recommendations. Clients are advised that a conflict of interest exists for the Firm to recommend that clients engage 49 WM or its affiliates to provide (or continue to provide) additional services for compensation, including investment management services. Clients retain absolute discretion over all decisions regarding implementation and are under no obligation to act upon any of the recommendations made by 49 WM under a financial planning or consulting engagement. Clients are advised that it remains their responsibility to promptly notify the Firm of any change in their financial situation or investment objectives for the purpose of reviewing, evaluating or revising 49 WM’s recommendations and/or services.

**Investment and Wealth Management Services**

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49 WM manages client investment portfolios on a discretionary or non-discretionary basis. 49 WM primarily allocates client assets among various mutual funds, exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”), structured notes, annuities, currencies (including cryptocurrencies or other digital assets directly or through collective vehicles), alternative investments (including real estate investment trusts, master limited partnerships, etc.) and independent investment managers (“Independent Managers”) in accordance with their stated investment objectives.

Where appropriate, the Firm also provides advice about any type of legacy position or other investment held in client portfolios, but clients should not assume that these assets are being continuously monitored or otherwise advised on by the Firm unless specifically agreed upon. Clients can engage 49 WM to manage and/or advise on certain investment products that are not maintained at their primary custodian, such as variable life insurance and annuity contracts and assets held in employer sponsored retirement plans and qualified tuition plans (i.e., 529 plans). In these situations, 49 WM directs or recommends the allocation of client assets among the various investment options available within the product. These assets are generally maintained at the underwriting insurance company, or the custodian designated by the product’s provider.

49 WM tailors its advisory services to meet the needs of its individual clients and seeks to ensure, on a continuous basis, that client portfolios are managed in a manner consistent with those needs and objectives. 49 WM consults with clients on an initial and ongoing basis to assess their specific risk tolerance, time horizon, liquidity constraints and other related factors relevant to the management of their portfolios. Clients are advised to promptly notify 49 WM if there are changes in their financial situation or if they wish to place any limitations on the management of their portfolios. Clients can impose reasonable restrictions or mandates on the management of their accounts if 49 WM determines, in its sole discretion, the conditions would not materially impact the performance of a management strategy or prove overly burdensome to the Firm’s management efforts.

**Retirement Plan Consulting Services**

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49 WM provides various consulting services to qualified employee benefit plans and their fiduciaries. This suite of institutional services is designed to assist plan sponsors in structuring, managing and optimizing their corporate retirement plans. Each engagement is individually negotiated and customized, and includes any or all of the following services:

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|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| • Plan Design and Strategy      | • Investment Selection        |
| • Plan Review and Evaluation    | • Plan Fee and Cost Analysis  |
| • Executive Planning & Benefits | • Plan Committee Consultation |

- Fiduciary and Compliance

As disclosed in the Advisory Agreement, certain of the foregoing services are provided by 49 WM as a fiduciary under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (“ERISA”). In accordance with ERISA Section 408(b)(2), each plan sponsor is provided with a written description of 49 WM’s fiduciary status, the specific services to be rendered and all direct and indirect compensation the Firm reasonably expects under the engagement.

- Participant Education

### **OCIO Services – Opal Capital LLC**

49 WM has engaged Austin Graff, Managing Member of Opal Capital LLC (“Opal”), an SEC registered investment adviser, to serve as an outsourced Chief Investment Officer (“CIO”). Mr. Graff’s services as an outsourced CIO may include one or more of the following, (i) providing analysis on the economy, securities markets, and individual securities, (ii) assisting 49 WM IARs and their clients in developing custom investment portfolios, (iii) attending client meetings, (iv) providing guidance on asset allocation, and (iv) otherwise assisting the firm in evaluating and monitoring current and prospective investment management providers and platforms. This arrangement creates a conflict of interest in that Mr. Graff’s duties and obligations to Opal will limit the time allocated to serving as outsourced CIO for 49 WM. We expect the time allocation conflict will be mitigated in part as result of the synergies Mr. Graff will benefit from by using similar investment methodologies for both Opal and 49 WM. In addition, Mr. Graff will have access to proprietary information of 49 WM; however, such access will be strictly governed by a confidentiality agreement.

### **Use of Independent Managers**

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As mentioned above, 49 WM selects certain Independent Managers to actively manage a portion of its clients’ assets. The specific terms and conditions under which a client engages an Independent Manager are set forth in a separate written agreement with the designated Independent Manager. That agreement can be between the Firm and the Independent Manager (often called a subadvisor) or the client and the Independent Manager (sometimes called a separate account manager). In addition to this brochure, clients will typically also receive the written disclosure documents of the respective Independent Managers engaged to manage their assets.

49 WM evaluates a variety of information about Independent Managers, which includes the Independent Managers’ public disclosure documents, materials supplied by the Independent Managers themselves and other third-party analyses it believes are reputable. To the extent possible, the Firm seeks to assess the Independent Managers’ investment strategies, past performance and risk results in relation to its clients’ individual portfolio allocations and risk exposure. 49 WM also takes into consideration each Independent Manager’s management style, returns, reputation, financial strength, reporting, pricing and research capabilities, among other factors.

49 WM continues to provide services relative to the discretionary or non-discretionary selection of the Independent Managers. On an ongoing basis, the Firm monitors the performance of those accounts being managed by Independent Managers. 49 WM seeks to ensure the Independent Managers’ strategies and target allocations remain aligned with its clients’ investment objectives and overall best interests.

**Item 5. Fees and Compensation**

49 WM offers services for fees based upon assets under management as well as fixed fees. Additionally, certain of the Firm's Supervised Persons, in their individual capacities, offers securities brokerage services and/or insurance products under a separate commission-based arrangement.

### **Financial Planning and Consulting Fees**

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49 WM can charge a fixed fee for providing financial planning and consulting services under a stand-alone engagement. These fees are negotiable but range from \$500 to \$75,000 depending upon the scope and complexity of the services and the professional rendering the financial planning and/or the consulting services. The fee can be for a defined project, such as the delivery of a plan, or for ongoing services. If the client engages the Firm for additional investment advisory services, 49 WM can offset all or a portion of its fees for those services based upon the amount paid for the financial planning and/or consulting services.

The terms and conditions of the financial planning and/or consulting engagement are set forth in the Advisory Agreement. For project-based services 49 WM requires one-half of the fee payable upon execution of the Advisory Agreement. The outstanding balance is due upon delivery of the financial plan or completion of the agreed upon services. Ongoing services are charged as described in the investment management section, below. The Firm does not, however, take receipt of \$1,200 or more in prepaid fees, six or more months in advance of services rendered.

### **Investment Management Fees**

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49 WM offers investment management services for an annual fee based on the amount of assets under the Firm's management. This management fee varies between 50 and 150 basis points (0.50% – 1.65%), depending upon the size and composition of a client's portfolio, the type and amount of services rendered and the individual(s) providing the services.

The annual fee is prorated and charged quarterly, in advance, based upon the market value of the assets being managed by 49 WM on the last day of the previous quarter as determined by a party independent from the Firm (including the client's custodian or another third-party).

If assets are deposited into or withdrawn from an account after the inception of a billing period, the fee payable with respect to such assets is adjusted to reflect the interim change in portfolio value. For the initial period of an engagement, the fee is calculated on a *pro rata* basis. In the event the advisory agreement is terminated, the fee for the final billing period is prorated through the effective date of the termination and the outstanding or unearned portion of the fee is charged or refunded to the client, as appropriate.

Additionally, for asset management services the Firm provides with respect to certain client holdings (e.g., held-away assets, accommodation accounts, alternative investments, etc.), 49 WM can negotiate a fee rate that differs from the range set forth above. Clients are advised that a conflict of interest exists for the Firm to recommend that clients engage 49 WM for additional services for compensation, including rolling over retirement accounts or moving other assets to the Firm's management. Clients retain absolute discretion over all decisions regarding engaging the Firm and are under no obligation to act upon any of the recommendations. As disclosed above, Austin Graff is the Managing Member of Opal. Opal, under a separate arrangement with SmartX provides its models to SmartX who in turn offers them through its



platform to third party financial firms such as investment advisers and broker-dealers. 49 WM is a subscriber to the SmartX platform ("Platform"). As CIO, Mr. Graff has an economic incentive to utilize Opal models provided through SmartX platform for 49 WM's clients. For this access SmartX charges 49 WM .0035% plus a Platform fee to access such model portfolios through the Platform. This fee, along with the Platform fee of .0007% and the 49 WM advisory fee are assessed to the 49 WM clients who utilize such Platform. As part of the financial terms of the outsourced CIO agreement, Mr. Graff has negotiated a discount with 49 WM in which Opal receives the model provider fee from SmartX and refunds .0010% to 49 WM. The clients' fees will not be reduced as a result of this discount arrangement although such an arrangement further incentivizes 49 WM to utilize and retain the models provided by Opal through the SmartX platform. 49 WM clients should be aware of this arrangement and conflict in selecting a model strategy.

In addition, 49 WM may enter into a sub-adviser relationship with Opal. In such an arrangement, the Opal management fee will be higher because (i) Opal would have a fiduciary relationship with 49 WM clients. (Presently, when Opal functions as a model provider the client facing adviser and, if applicable, the platform provider have fiduciary obligations to 49 WM clients and not Opal), and (ii) there are additional operational and trading obligations when managing assets as a sub-adviser which create additional costs that must be accounted for in the sub-adviser's fee. Investors should discuss with their financial professional the programs available through 49 WM and which program serves their best interests in light of applicable services, costs and fees.

**Retirement Plan Consulting Fees**

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49 WM charges as fixed project-based fee to provide clients with retirement plan consulting services. Each engagement is individually negotiated and tailored to accommodate the needs of the individual plan sponsor, as memorialized in the Agreement. These fees vary, based on the scope of the services to be rendered, and ranges up to \$75,000 per annum, depending upon services provided and the amount of assets to be advised on.

**Fee Discretion**

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49 WM may, in its sole discretion, negotiate to charge a lesser fee based upon certain criteria, such as anticipated future earning capacity, anticipated future additional assets, dollar amount of assets to be managed, related accounts, account composition, pre-existing/legacy client relationship, account retention, pro bono activities, or competitive purposes.

**Additional Fees and Expenses**

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In addition to the advisory fees paid to 49 WM, clients also incur certain charges imposed by other third parties, such as broker-dealers, custodians, trust companies, banks and other financial institutions (collectively “Financial Institutions”). These additional charges include securities brokerage commissions, transaction fees, custodial fees, fees attributable to alternative assets, fees charged by the Independent Managers, margin and other borrowing costs, charges imposed directly by a mutual fund or ETF in a client’s account, as disclosed in the fund’s prospectus (*e.g.*, fund management fees and other fund expenses), deferred sales charges, odd-lot differentials, transfer taxes, wire transfer and electronic fund fees, and other fees and taxes on brokerage accounts and securities transactions. The Firm’s brokerage practices are described at length in Item 12, below.

**Direct Fee Debit**

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Clients provide 49 WM and/or certain Independent Managers with the authority to directly debit their accounts for payment of the investment advisory fees. The Financial Institutions that act as the qualified custodian for client accounts, from which the Firm retains the authority to directly deduct fees, have agreed to send statements to clients not less than quarterly detailing all account transactions, including any amounts paid to 49 WM.

**Use of Margin**

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49 WM can recommend that certain clients utilize margin in the client’s investment portfolio or other borrowing. 49 WM only recommends such borrowing for non-investment needs, such as bridge loans and

other financing needs. The Firm's fees are determined based upon the value of the assets being managed gross of any margin or borrowing.

#### **Account Additions and Withdrawals**

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Clients can make additions to and withdrawals from their account at any time, subject to 49 WM's right to terminate an account. Additions can be in cash or securities provided that the Firm reserves the right to liquidate any transferred securities or declines to accept particular securities into a client's account. Clients can withdraw account assets on notice to 49 WM, subject to the usual and customary securities settlement procedures. However, the Firm designs its portfolios as long-term investments and the withdrawal of assets may impair the achievement of a client's investment objectives. 49 WM may consult with its clients about the options and implications of transferring securities. Clients are advised that when transferred securities are liquidated, they may be subject to transaction fees, short-term redemption fees, fees assessed at the mutual fund level (e.g., contingent deferred sales charges) and/or tax ramifications.

#### **Commissions and Sales Charges for Recommendations of Securities**

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Clients can engage certain persons associated with 49 WM (but not the Firm directly) to render securities brokerage services under a separate commission-based arrangement. Clients are under no obligation to engage such persons and may choose brokers or agents not affiliated with 49 WM.

Under this arrangement, the Firm's Supervised Persons, in their individual capacities as registered representatives of Oakwood Capital Securities, Inc. Can provide securities brokerage services and implement securities transactions under a separate commission-based arrangement. Supervised Persons are entitled to a portion of the brokerage commissions paid to Oakwood, as well as a share of any ongoing distribution or service (trail) fees from the sale of mutual funds. 49 WM can also recommend no-load or load-waived funds, where no sales charges are assessed, but where the Supervised Person receives other forms of compensation. Prior to effecting any transactions, clients are required to enter into a separate account agreement with Oakwood.

A conflict of interest exists to the extent that a Supervised Person of 49 WM recommends the purchase or sale of securities through a brokerage relationship where that Supervised Person receives commissions or other additional compensation as a result of that recommendation (the "Brokerage Relationship"). Because the Supervised Persons receive compensation in connection with the sale of securities in the Brokerage Relationship, a conflict of interest exists as such Supervised Persons, have an incentive to recommend more expensive securities or services to clients where such Supervised Persons earn more compensation with respect to the sale of such securities through the Brokerage Relationship rather than through an advisory relationship with the Firm. The Firm has procedures in place to ensure that any recommendations made by such Supervised Persons to engage in the Brokerage Relationship are in the best interest of that client. Clients should understand that the investments made in the Brokerage Relationship are not receiving

advisory services from the Firm. Therefore, the Firm does not have a fiduciary duty over the Brokerage Relationship recommendations.

## **Item 6. Performance-Based Fees and Side-by-Side Management**

49 WM does not provide any services for a performance-based fee (i.e., a fee based on a share of capital gains or capital appreciation of a client's assets).

## **Item 7. Types of Clients**

49 WM offers services to individuals, trusts, estates, corporations and business entities.

## **Item 8. Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss**

### **Methods of Analysis**

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49 WM utilizes a combination of fundamental, cyclical and Behavioral finance methods of analysis while employing an asset allocation strategy based on a derivative of Modern Portfolio Theory ("MPT").

Fundamental analysis involves an evaluation of the fundamental financial condition and competitive position of a particular fund or issuer. For 49 WM, this process typically involves an analysis of an issuer's management team, investment strategies, style drift, past performance, reputation and financial strength in relation to the asset class concentrations and risk exposures of the Firm's model asset allocations. A substantial risk in relying upon fundamental analysis is that while the overall health and position of a company may be good, evolving market conditions may negatively impact the security.

Cyclical analysis is similar to technical analysis in that it involves the assessment of market conditions at a macro (entire market or economy) or micro (company specific) level, rather than focusing on the overall fundamental analysis of the health of the particular company that 49 WM is recommending. The risks with cyclical analysis are similar to those of technical analysis.

Behavioral finance analysis involves an examination of conventional economics as well as behavioral and cognitive psychological factors. Behavioral finance methodology seeks to combine a qualitative and quantitative approach to provide explanations for why individuals may, at times, make irrational financial decisions. Where conventional financial theories have failed to explain certain patterns, the behavioral

finance methodology investigates the underlying reasons and biases that cause some people to behave against their best interests. The risks relating to behavior finance analysis are that it relies on spotting trends in human behavior that may not predict future trends.

Modern Portfolio Theory (“MPT”) is a mathematical based investment discipline that seeks to quantify expected portfolio returns in relation to corresponding portfolio risk. The basic premise of MPT is that the risk of a particular holding is to be assessed by comparing its price variations against those of the market portfolio. However, MPT disregards certain investment considerations and is based on a series of assumptions that may not necessarily reflect actual market conditions. As such, the factors for which MPT does not account (*e.g.*, tax implications, regulatory constraints and brokerage costs) may negate the upside or add to the actual risk of a particular allocation. Nevertheless, 49 WM’s investment process is structured in such a way to integrate those assumptions and real-life considerations for which MPT analytics do not account.

### **Investment Strategies**

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49 WM’s investment philosophy is centered on the concept of disciplined long-term diversified asset allocation. 49 WM believes that markets are mostly efficient, therefore, its portfolios are based on Modern Portfolio Theory and are designed to optimize return based on a client’s stated level of risk in alignment with their investment goals.

49 WM has constructed a group of model portfolios for both qualified and non-qualified assets ranging across various categories of risk from conservative to aggressive. These models contain exposure to several asset classes including, but not limited to, foreign and domestic small/mid/large cap equities, various fixed income investments, specialty sectors, etc.

49 WM’s model portfolios contain a mix of both ETFs and mutual funds which are selected based on a number of different filtering criteria. 49 WM generally believes that the risk contained within an individual stock holding is not worth the tradeoff of adjusted return. Therefore, the Firm’s model portfolios do not contain individual stock positions at this time.

Here are the primary filtering categories for funds selected by the Firm:

<i>Ranking</i>	<i>Management</i>	<i>Statistics</i>
• Performance vs peers	• Manager tenure	• Expense ratio
• Performance vs category	• Number of holdings	• Dividend yield
• Risk versus peers	• Turnover percentage	• Standard deviation
• Risk versus category	• Style drift	• Sharpe ratio
• Morningstar rating	• Investment strategy/analysis style	• Alpha
		• Upside/downside capture

The entirety of the categories listed above do not have to be superior to the ETF counterpart to be chosen. The investment operations specialist team will have the ultimate decision on whether a mutual fund should be added over an ETF based on their best-efforts analysis.

The model portfolios are built to be used for the benefit of the majority of 49 WM's clients, but the Firm may also create customized portfolios when necessary. If a client has specialty needs based on their goals and financial situation, the Firm can construct a customized portfolio outside of our typical model.

49 WM's Investment Operations Specialist Team and the Firm's investment adviser representatives are responsible for the ongoing review and management of these model portfolios and client specific accounts. The Firm's investment adviser representatives will seek to schedule and execute at minimum quarterly reviews with each client to update their goals and assure proper investment portfolio alignment.

The Investment Operations Specialist Team regularly meets to review current macroeconomic events including, but not limited to, global and domestic GDP numbers, interest rates/Federal Reserve activity, unemployment reports, geopolitical activity, etc. These regular meetings typically include a high-level review of the existing funds in our model portfolio to determine if any changes have been made which would cause the investment to fall outside our evaluation categories. These findings are communicated to the Firm's investment adviser representatives to inform their client reviews and to assist them in making customized rebalancing recommendations.

49 WM believes in a long-term strategic management style with the ability to execute tactical changes based on these macroeconomic observations detailed above. 49 WM allows for an acceptable range of each asset class to deviate based on market fluctuation or based on a tactical rebalance recommended by the Investment Operations Specialists Team throughout the year. This tactical rebalance must assure the overall portfolio remains in line with the long-term goals of the client within the appropriate risk category. This

rebalance will take place at minimum semiannually, but most often will take place during the client's quarterly reviews.

The Investment Operations Specialist Team executes a model portfolio deep dive at least semi-annually. This deep dive will include a complete in-depth analysis of each fund to make sure the appropriate percent allocation is assigned as well as if the fund needs to be completely replaced.

Ultimately, it is 49 WM's belief that some of the greatest value the Firm can offer investors is acting as their empathetic behavior coach. The Firm will seek to help clients avoid emotional decisions to rebalance large percentages of their portfolio's based on temporary market declines which would expose them to the risk of being in a portfolio that doesn't match up with their long-term investment goals.

### **Risk of Loss**

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The following list of risk factors does not purport to be a complete enumeration or explanation of the risks involved with respect to the Firm's investment management activities. Clients should consult with their legal, tax, and other advisors before engaging the Firm to provide investment management services on their behalf.

#### *Market Risks*

Investing involves risk, including the potential loss of principal, and all investors should be guided accordingly. The profitability of a significant portion of 49 WM's recommendations and/or investment decisions may depend to a great extent upon correctly assessing the future course of price movements of stocks, bonds and other asset classes. In addition, investments may be adversely affected by financial markets and economic conditions throughout the world. There can be no assurance that 49 WM will be able to predict these price movements accurately or capitalize on any such assumptions.

#### *Volatility Risks*

The prices and values of investments can be highly volatile, and are influenced by, among other things, interest rates, general economic conditions, the condition of the financial markets, the financial condition of the issuers of such assets, changing supply and demand relationships, and programs and policies of governments.

#### *Cash Management Risks*

The Firm may invest some of a client's assets temporarily in money market funds or other similar types of investments, during which time an advisory account may be prevented from achieving its investment objective.

*Equity-Related Securities and Instruments*

The Firm may take long short positions in common stocks of U.S. and non-U.S. issuers traded on national securities exchanges and over-the-counter markets. The value of equity securities varies in response to many factors. These factors include, without limitation, factors specific to an issuer and factors specific to the industry in which the issuer participates. Individual companies may report poor results or be negatively affected by industry and/or economic trends and developments, and the stock prices of such companies may suffer a decline in response. In addition, equity securities are subject to stock risk, which is the risk that stock prices historically rise and fall in periodic cycles. U.S. and non-U.S. stock markets have experienced periods of substantial price volatility in the past and may do so again in the future. In addition, investments in small-capitalization, mid-capitalization and financially distressed companies may be subject to more abrupt or erratic price movements and may lack sufficient market liquidity, and these issuers often face greater business risks.

*Currency Risks*

An advisory account that holds investments denominated in currencies other than the currency in which the advisory account is denominated may be adversely affected by the volatility of currency exchange rates.

*Fixed Income Securities*

While the Firm emphasizes risk-averse management and capital preservation in its fixed-income bond portfolios, clients who invest in this product can lose money, including losing a portion of their original investment. The prices of the securities in our portfolios fluctuate. The Firm does not guarantee any particular level of performance. Below is a representative list of the types of risks clients should consider before investing in this product.

- Interest rate risk. Prices of bonds tend to move in the opposite direction to interest rate changes. Typically, a rise in interest rates will negatively affect bond prices. The longer the duration and average maturity of a portfolio, the greater the likely reaction to interest rate moves.
- Credit (or default) risk. A bond's price will generally fall if the issuer fails to make a scheduled interest or principal payment, if the credit rating of the security is downgraded, or if the perceived creditworthiness of the issuer deteriorates.
- Liquidity risk. Sectors of the bond market can experience a sudden downturn in trading activity. When there is little or no trading activity in a security, it can be difficult to sell the security at or near its perceived value. In such a market, bond prices may fall.
- Call risk. Some bonds give the issuer the option to call or redeem the bond before the maturity date. If an issuer calls a bond when interest rates are declining, the proceeds may have to be reinvested



at a lower yield. During periods of market illiquidity or rising rates, prices of callable securities may be subject to increased volatility.

- Prepayment risk. When interest rates fall, the principal of mortgage-backed securities may be prepaid. These prepayments can reduce the portfolio's yield because proceeds may have to be reinvested at a lower yield.
- Extension risk. When interest rates rise or there is a lack of refinancing opportunities, prepayments of mortgage-backed securities or callable bonds may be less than expected. This would lengthen the portfolio's duration and average maturity and increase its sensitivity to rising rates and its potential for price declines.

#### *Mutual Funds and ETFs*

An investment in a mutual fund or ETF involves risk, including the loss of principal. Mutual fund and ETF shareholders are necessarily subject to the risks stemming from the individual issuers of the fund's underlying portfolio securities. Such shareholders are also liable for taxes on any fund-level capital gains, as mutual funds and ETFs are required by law to distribute capital gains in the event, they sell securities for a profit that cannot be offset by a corresponding loss.

Shares of mutual funds are generally distributed and redeemed on an ongoing basis by the fund itself or a broker acting on its behalf. Clients should be aware that some mutual funds have lock-up periods or early redemption fees. The trading price at which a share is transacted is equal to a fund's stated daily per share net asset value ("NAV"), plus any shareholders fees (e.g., sales loads, purchase fees, redemption fees). The per share NAV of a mutual fund is calculated at the end of each business day, although the actual NAV fluctuates with intraday changes to the market value of the fund's holdings. The trading prices of a mutual fund's shares may differ from the NAV during periods of market volatility, which may, among other factors, lead to the mutual fund's shares trading at a premium or discount to actual NAV.

Shares of ETFs are listed on securities exchanges and transacted at negotiated prices in the secondary market. Generally, ETF shares trade at or near their most recent NAV, which is generally calculated at least once daily for index-based ETFs and potentially more frequently for actively managed ETFs. However, certain inefficiencies may cause the shares to trade at a premium or discount to their pro rata NAV. There is also no guarantee that an active secondary market for such shares will develop or continue to exist. Generally, an ETF only redeems shares when aggregated as creation units (usually 20,000 shares or more). Therefore, if a liquid secondary market ceases to exist for shares of a particular ETF, a shareholder may have no way to dispose of such shares.

#### *Use of Independent Managers*

As stated above, 49 WM selects certain Independent Managers to manage a portion of its clients' assets. In these situations, 49 WM continues to conduct ongoing due diligence of such managers, but such

recommendations rely to a great extent on the Independent Managers' ability to successfully implement their investment strategies. In addition, 49 WM does not have the ability to supervise the Independent Managers on a day-to-day basis.

#### *Cryptocurrencies*

A digital currency is an identifiable exchangeable asset without physical substance. A cryptocurrency, which is a type of digital currency, is available solely in digital form, and for the most part is decentralized and not subject to any government control. Investing in cryptocurrencies is highly speculative, involving a host of risks and vulnerabilities, including, but not limited to, extreme price volatility, cyberattacks, computer outages and other technological risks, challenges associated with investors and custodians keeping the assets safe, extremely limited liquidity, risks associated with the issuer, information asymmetries and market interference, risks related to governance of the currency itself, the impact of future regulation, and human error, which could lead to the loss of all amounts invested.

#### *Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)*

Master Limited Partnerships ("MLPs") are collective investment vehicles, the partnership interests of which are publicly traded on national securities exchanges. MLPs invest primarily in companies within the energy sector that engage in qualifying lines of business, such as natural resource production and mineral refinement. MLPs are therefore subject to the underlying volatility of the energy industry and may be adversely affected by changes to supply and demand, regional instability, currency spreads, inflation and interest rate fluctuations, among other such factors. In addition, MLPs operate as pass-through tax entities, meaning that investors are liable for their pro rata share of the partnership taxes, regardless of the types of accounts where the interests are held.

#### *Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)*

49 WM recommends an investment in, or allocate assets among, various real estate investment trusts ("REITs"), the shares of which exist in the form of either publicly traded or privately placed securities. REITs are collective investment vehicles with portfolios comprised primarily of real estate and mortgage related holdings. Many REITs hold heavy concentrations of investments tied to commercial and/or residential developments, which inherently subject REIT investors to the risks associated with a downturn in the real estate market. Investments linked to certain regions that experience greater volatility in the local real estate market may give rise to large fluctuations in the value of the vehicle's shares. Mortgage related holdings may give rise to additional concerns pertaining to interest rates, inflation, liquidity and counterparty risk.

#### *Management through Similarly Managed "Model" Accounts*

49 WM manages certain accounts through the use of similarly managed "model" portfolios, whereby the Firm allocates all or a portion of its clients' assets among various mutual funds and/or securities on a

discretionary basis using one or more of its proprietary investment strategies. In managing assets through the use of models, the Firm remains in compliance with the safe harbor provisions of Rule 3a-4 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The strategy used to manage a model portfolio may involve an above average portfolio turnover that could negatively impact clients' net after tax gains. While the Firm seeks to ensure that clients' assets are managed in a manner consistent with their individual financial situations and investment objectives, securities transactions effected pursuant to a model investment strategy are usually done without regard to a client's individual tax ramifications. Clients should contact the Firm if they experience a change in their financial situation or if they want to impose reasonable restrictions on the management of their accounts.

#### *Use of Margin*

While the use of margin borrowing for investments can substantially improve returns, it may also increase overall portfolio risk. Margin transactions are generally effected using capital borrowed from a Financial Institution, which is secured by a client's holdings. Under certain circumstances, a lending Financial Institution may demand an increase in the underlying collateral. If the client is unable to provide the additional collateral, the Financial Institution may liquidate account assets to satisfy the client's outstanding obligations, which could have extremely adverse consequences. In addition, fluctuations in the amount of a client's borrowings and the corresponding interest rates may have a significant effect on the profitability and stability of a client's portfolio.

#### *Interest Rate Risks*

Interests' rates may fluctuate significantly, causing price volatility with respect to securities or instruments held by clients.

### **Item 9. Disciplinary Information**

49 WM has not been involved in any legal or disciplinary events that are material to a client's evaluation of its advisory business or the integrity of its management.

### **Item 10. Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations**

This item requires investment advisers to disclose certain financial industry activities and affiliations.

**Registered Representatives of a Broker-Dealer**

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Certain of the Firm's Supervised Persons are registered representatives of Oakwood Capital Securities and provide clients with securities brokerage services under a separate commission-based arrangement. This arrangement is described at length in Item 5.

**Licensed Insurance Agents and Affiliated Agency**

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The Firm is under common control with 49 Management Company, LLC ("49MC") which is a licensed insurance agency. In addition, a number of the Firm's Supervised Persons are licensed insurance agents and offer certain insurance products on a fully-disclosed commissionable basis. A conflict of interest exists to the extent that 49 WM or its Supervised Persons recommend the purchase of insurance products where 49 Management Company or the Firm's Supervised Persons are entitled to insurance commissions or other additional compensation.

In addition, 49 Management Company and/or its control persons have received loans from Financial Independence Group, LLC ("FIG"). The loan is forgiven based on the revenue generated by FIG products sold by 49MC, its control persons that received the loan, and supervised persons that are registered representatives of Oakwood who are also affiliated with 49MC in FIG offered products. This relationship results in an additional conflict of interest for 49MC and the Firm's Supervised Persons to recommend the FIG products. To mitigate the conflict, the 49MC control persons are not directly engaged in sales practices, not in the line of supervision, and sole compensation is limited to overrides and passive distributions from related companies. These are not investment adviser products, and no advisory fee will be charged on the products. The Firm's staff is not induced to sell any qualifying product by way of any non-level compensation.

**Outsourced CIO Services – Opal Capital LLC**

As disclosed in Item 4, Austin Graff serves as 49 WM's CIO. This arrangement creates a conflict of interest in that Mr. Graff's duties and obligations to Opal will limit the time allocated to serving as outsourced CIO for 49 WM. We expect the time allocation conflict will be mitigated in part as result of the synergies Mr. Graff will benefit from by using similar investment methodologies for both Opal and 49 WM.

**Item 11. Code of Ethics**

49 WM has adopted a code of ethics in compliance with applicable securities laws ("Code of Ethics") that sets forth the standards of conduct expected of its Supervised Persons. 49 WM's Code of Ethics contains written policies reasonably designed to prevent certain unlawful practices such as the use of material non-public information by the Firm or any of its Supervised Persons and the trading by the same of securities ahead of clients in order to take advantage of pending orders.

The Code of Ethics also requires certain of 49 WM's personnel to report their personal securities holdings and transactions and obtain pre-approval of certain investments (*e.g.*, initial public offerings, limited offerings). However, the Firm's Supervised Persons are permitted to buy or sell securities that it also recommends to clients if done in a fair and equitable manner that is consistent with the Firm's policies and

procedures. This Code of Ethics has been established recognizing that some securities trade in sufficiently broad markets to permit transactions by certain personnel to be completed without any appreciable impact on the markets of such securities. Therefore, under limited circumstances, exceptions may be made to the policies stated below.

When the Firm is engaging in or considering a transaction in any security on behalf of a client, no Supervised Person with access to this information may knowingly effect for themselves or for their immediate family (i.e., spouse, minor children and adults living in the same household) a transaction in that security unless:

- the transaction has been completed;
- the transaction for the Supervised Person is completed as part of a batch trade with clients; or
- a decision has been made not to engage in the transaction for the client.

These requirements are not applicable to: (i) direct obligations of the Government of the United States; (ii) money market instruments, bankers' acceptances, bank certificates of deposit, commercial paper, repurchase agreements and other high quality short-term debt instruments, including repurchase agreements; (iii) shares issued by money market funds; and iv) shares issued by other unaffiliated open-end mutual funds.

Clients and prospective clients may contact 49 WM to request a copy of its Code of Ethics by contacting the Firm at the phone number on the cover page of this brochure.

## Item 12. Brokerage Practices

### **Recommendation of Broker-Dealers for Client Transactions**

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49 WM recommends that clients utilize the custody, brokerage and clearing services of Charles Schwab & Co, Inc. through its Schwab Advisor Services division ("Schwab") for investment management accounts. The final decision to custody assets with Schwab is at the discretion of the client, including those accounts under ERISA or IRA rules and regulations, in which case the client is acting as either the plan sponsor or IRA accountholder. 49 WM is independently owned and operated and not affiliated with Schwab. Schwab provides 49 WM with access to its institutional trading and custody services, which are typically not available to retail investors.

Factors which 49 WM considers in recommending Schwab or any other broker-dealer to clients include their respective financial strength, reputation, execution, pricing, research and service. Schwab enables the Firm to obtain many mutual funds without transaction charges and other securities at nominal transaction

charges. Schwab has also agreed to reimburse clients for exit fees associated with moving accounts to Schwab. The reimbursement is only available up to a certain amount for all of the Firm's clients for a period of time. Fees are reimbursed on a first-come-first-served basis so that no clients are favored. The commissions and/or transaction fees charged by Schwab may be higher or lower than those charged by other Financial Institutions.

The commissions paid by 49 WM's clients to Schwab comply with the Firm's duty to obtain "best execution." Clients may pay commissions that are higher than another qualified Financial Institution might charge to effect the same transaction where 49 WM determines that the commissions are reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage and research services received. In seeking best execution, the determinative factor is not the lowest possible cost, but whether the transaction represents the best qualitative execution, taking into consideration the full range of a Financial Institution's services, including among others, the value of research provided, execution capability, commission rates and responsiveness. 49 WM seeks competitive rates but may not necessarily obtain the lowest possible commission rates for client transactions.

Consistent with obtaining best execution, brokerage transactions are directed to certain broker-dealers in return for investment research products and/or services which assist 49 WM in its investment decision-making process. Such research will be used to service all of the Firm's clients, but brokerage commissions paid by one client may be used to pay for research that is not used in managing that client's portfolio. The receipt of investment research products and/or services as well as the allocation of the benefit of such investment research products and/or services poses a conflict of interest because 49 WM does not have to produce or pay for the products or services.

49 WM periodically and systematically reviews its policies and procedures regarding its recommendation of Financial Institutions in light of its duty to obtain best execution.

#### **Software and Support Provided by Financial Institutions**

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49 WM receives without cost from Schwab administrative support, computer software, related systems support, as well as other third party support as further described below (together "Support") which allow 49 WM to better monitor client accounts maintained at Schwab and otherwise conduct its business. 49 WM receives the Support without cost because the Firm renders investment management services to clients that maintain assets at Schwab. The Support is not provided in connection with securities transactions of clients (i.e., not "soft dollars"). The Support benefits 49 WM, but not its clients directly. Clients should be aware that 49 WM's receipt of economic benefits such as the Support from a broker-dealer creates a conflict of interest since these benefits will influence the Firm's choice of broker-dealer over another that does not furnish similar software, systems support or services. In fulfilling its duties to its clients, 49 WM endeavors at all times to put the interests of its clients first and has determined that the recommendation of Schwab is in the best interest of clients and satisfies the Firm's duty to seek best execution.

Specifically, 49 WM receives the following benefits from Schwab: i) receipt of duplicate client confirmations and bundled duplicate statements; ii) access to a trading desk that exclusively services its institutional traders; iii) access to block trading which provides the ability to aggregate securities transactions and then allocate the appropriate shares to client accounts; and iv) access to an electronic communication network for client order entry and account information.

In addition, the Firm receives funds to be used toward qualifying third-party service providers for research, marketing, compliance, technology and software platforms and services.

These services generally are available to independent investment advisors on an unsolicited basis, at no charge to them so long as a certain amount of the advisor's clients' assets are maintained in accounts at Schwab. Schwab's services include brokerage services that are related to the execution of securities transactions, custody, research, including that in the form of advice, analyses and reports, and access to mutual funds and other investments that are otherwise generally available only to institutional investors or would require a significantly higher minimum initial investment.

For client accounts maintained in its custody, Schwab generally does not charge separately for custody services but is compensated by account holders through commissions or other transaction-related or asset-based fees for securities trades that are executed through Schwab or that settle into Schwab accounts.

Schwab also makes available to the Firm other products and services that benefit the Firm but may not benefit its clients' accounts. These benefits may include national, regional or Firm specific educational events organized and/or sponsored by Schwab. Other potential benefits may include occasional business entertainment of personnel of 49 WM by Schwab personnel, including meals, invitations to sporting events, including golf tournaments, and other forms of entertainment, some of which may accompany educational opportunities. Other of these products and services assist 49 WM in managing and administering clients' accounts. These include software and other technology (and related technological training) that provide access to client account data (such as trade confirmations and account statements), facilitate trade execution (and allocation of aggregated trade orders for multiple client accounts), provide research, pricing information and other market data, facilitate payment of the Firm's fees from its clients' accounts, and assist with back-office training and support functions, recordkeeping and client reporting. Many of these services generally may be used to service all or some substantial number of the Firm's accounts, including accounts not maintained at Schwab. Schwab also makes available to 49 WM other services intended to help the Firm manage and further develop its business enterprise. These services may include professional compliance, legal and business consulting, publications and conferences on practice management, information technology, business succession, regulatory compliance, employee benefits providers, human capital consultants, insurance and marketing. In addition, Schwab may make available, arrange and/or pay vendors for these types of services rendered to the Firm by independent third parties. Schwab may discount or waive fees it would otherwise charge for some of these services or pay all or a part of the fees of a third-party providing these services to the Firm. While, as a fiduciary, 49 WM endeavors to act in its clients'



best interests, the Firm's recommendation that clients maintain their assets in accounts at Schwab may be based in part on the benefits received and not solely on the nature, cost or quality of custody and brokerage services provided by Schwab, which creates a potential conflict of interest.

### **Brokerage for Client Referrals**

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49 WM does not consider, in selecting or recommending broker-dealers, whether the Firm receives client referrals from the Financial Institutions or other third party.

### **Directed Brokerage**

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The client may direct 49 WM in writing to use a particular Financial Institution to execute some or all transactions for the client. In that case, the client will negotiate terms and arrangements for the account with that Financial Institution and the Firm will not seek better execution services or prices from other Financial Institutions or be able to “batch” client transactions for execution through other Financial Institutions with orders for other accounts managed by 49 WM (as described above). As a result, the client may pay higher commissions or other transaction costs, greater spreads or may receive less favorable net prices, on transactions for the account than would otherwise be the case. Subject to its duty of best execution, 49 WM may decline a client’s request to direct brokerage if, in the Firm’s sole discretion, such directed brokerage arrangements would result in additional operational difficulties or violate restrictions imposed by other broker-dealers (as further discussed below).

### **Commissions or Sales Charges for Recommendations of Securities**

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As discussed above, certain Supervised Persons in their respective individual capacities are registered representatives of Oakwood. These Supervised Persons are subject to FINRA Rule 3280 which restricts registered representatives from conducting securities transactions away from their broker-dealer unless the registered representatives give prior notice of such transactions to Oakwood and, in most circumstances, Oakwood provides written consent. Therefore, clients are advised that certain Supervised Persons are restricted to conducting securities transactions through Oakwood if they have not secured written consent from Oakwood to execute securities transactions through a different broker-dealer. Absent such written consent or separation from Oakwood, these Supervised Persons are generally prohibited from executing securities transactions through any broker-dealer other than Oakwood under its internal supervisory policies. The Firm is cognizant of its duty to obtain best execution and has implemented policies and procedures reasonably designed in such pursuit.

### **Trade Aggregation**

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Transactions for each client will be effected independently, unless 49 WM decides to purchase or sell the same securities for several clients at approximately the same time. 49 WM may (but is not obligated to)

combine or “batch” such orders to obtain best execution, to negotiate more favorable commission rates or to allocate equitably among the Firm’s clients differences in prices and commissions or other transaction costs that might not have been obtained had such orders been placed independently. Under this procedure, transactions will be averaged as to price and allocated among 49 WM’s clients pro rata to the purchase and sale orders placed for each client on any given day. To the extent that the Firm determines to aggregate client orders for the purchase or sale of securities, including securities in which 49 WM’s Supervised Persons may invest, the Firm does so in accordance with applicable rules promulgated under the Advisers Act and no-action guidance provided by the staff of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. 49 WM does not receive any additional compensation or remuneration as a result of the aggregation.

In the event that the Firm determines that a prorated allocation is not appropriate under the particular circumstances, the allocation will be made based upon other relevant factors, which include: (i) when only a small percentage of the order is executed, shares may be allocated to the account with the smallest order or the smallest position or to an account that is out of line with respect to security or sector weightings relative to other portfolios, with similar mandates; (ii) allocations may be given to one account when one account has limitations in its investment guidelines which prohibit it from purchasing other securities which are expected to produce similar investment results and can be purchased by other accounts; (iii) if an account reaches an investment guideline limit and cannot participate in an allocation, shares may be reallocated to other accounts (this may be due to unforeseen changes in an account’s assets after an order is placed); (iv) with respect to sale allocations, allocations may be given to accounts low in cash; (v) in cases when a pro rata allocation of a potential execution would result in a de minimis allocation in one or more accounts, the Firm may exclude the account(s) from the allocation; the transactions may be executed on a pro rata basis among the remaining accounts; or (vi) in cases where a small proportion of an order is executed in all accounts, shares may be allocated to one or more accounts on a random basis.

## **Item 13. Review of Accounts**

### **Account Reviews**

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49 WM monitors client portfolios on a continuous and ongoing basis and regular account reviews are conducted on at least an annual basis. Such reviews are conducted by the Firm’s investment adviser representatives. In its regular account reviews, the Firm reviews whether current investments in the client’s portfolio continue to remain suitable based on their needs, goals and objectives. All investment advisory clients are encouraged to discuss their needs, goals and objectives with 49 WM and to keep the Firm informed of any changes thereto. The Firm contacts ongoing investment advisory clients at least annually to review its previous services and/or recommendations and quarterly to discuss the impact resulting from any changes in the client’s financial situation and/or investment objectives.

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**Account Statements and Reports**

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Clients are provided with transaction confirmation notices and regular summary account statements directly from the Financial Institutions where their assets are custodied. From time-to-time or as otherwise requested, clients may also receive written or electronic reports from 49 WM and/or an outside service provider, which contain certain account and/or market-related information, such as an inventory of account holdings or account performance. Clients should compare the account statements they receive from their custodian with any documents or reports they receive from 49 WM or an outside service provider.

**Item 14. Client Referrals and Other Compensation**

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**Client Referrals**

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In the event a client is introduced to 49 WM by either an unaffiliated or an affiliated solicitor, the Firm may pay that solicitor a referral fee in accordance with applicable state securities laws. Unless otherwise disclosed, any such referral fee is paid solely from 49 WM's investment management fee and does not result in any additional charge to the client. If the client is introduced to the Firm by an unaffiliated solicitor, the client will receive a solicitor's disclosure statement containing the terms and conditions of the solicitation arrangement. Any affiliated solicitor of 49 WM is required to disclose the nature of his or her relationship to prospective clients at the time of the solicitation and will provide all prospective clients with a copy of the Firm's written brochure(s) at the time of the solicitation.

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**Other Compensation**

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The Firm receives economic benefits from Schwab. The benefits, conflicts of interest and how they are addressed are discussed above in response to Item 12.

In addition, the Firm expects to have relationships with unaffiliated third parties where the third parties compensate the Firm for referrals. This would result in a conflict of interest for the Firm to recommend the service/product and to recommend the use of the third-party paying compensation for those services/products. The Firm will disclose the existence of compensation arrangements prior to or at the time of the referral.

**Item 15. Custody**

49 WM is deemed to have custody of client funds and securities because the Firm is given the ability to debit client accounts for payment of the Firm's fees. As such, client funds and securities are maintained at one or more Financial Institutions that serve as the qualified custodian with respect to such assets. Such qualified custodians will send account statements to clients at least once per calendar quarter that typically detail any transactions in such account for the relevant period.

In addition, as discussed in Item 13, 49 WM will also send, or otherwise make available, periodic supplemental reports to clients. Clients should carefully review the statements sent directly by the Financial Institutions and compare them to those received from 49 WM. Any other custody disclosures can be found in the Firm's Form ADV Part 1.

**Standing Letters of Authorization**

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49 WM also anticipates having custody due to clients giving the Firm limited power of attorney in a standing letter of authorization ("SLOA") to disburse funds to one or more third parties as specifically designated by the client. In such circumstances, the Firm will implement the steps in the SEC's no-action letter on February 21, 2017 which includes (in summary): i) client will provide instruction for the SLOA to the custodian; ii) client will authorize the Firm to direct transfers to the specific third party; iii) the custodian will perform appropriate verification of the instruction and provide a transfer of funds notice to the client promptly after each transfer; iv) the client will have the ability to terminate or change the instruction; v) the Firm will have no authority or ability to designate or change the identity or any information about the third party; vi) the Firm will keep records showing that the third party is not a related party of the Firm or located at the same address as the Firm; and vii) the custodian will send the client an initial and annual notice confirming the SLOA instructions.

**Item 16. Investment Discretion**

49 WM is given the authority to exercise discretion on behalf of clients. 49 WM is considered to exercise investment discretion over a client's account if it can effect and/or direct transactions in client accounts without first seeking their consent. 49 WM is given this authority through a power-of-attorney included in the agreement between 49 WM and the client. Clients may request a limitation on this authority (such as certain securities not to be bought or sold). 49 WM takes discretion over the following activities:

- The securities to be purchased or sold;
- The amount of securities to be purchased or sold;

- When transactions are made; and
- The Independent Managers to be hired or fired.

### **Item 17. Voting Client Securities**

49 WM does not accept the authority to vote a client's securities (i.e., proxies) on their behalf. Clients receive proxies directly from the Financial Institutions where their assets are custodied and may contact the Firm at the contact information on the cover of this brochure with questions about any such issuer solicitations.

### **Item 18. Financial Information**

49 WM is not required to disclose any financial information listed in the instructions to Item 18 because:

- The Firm does not require or solicit the prepayment of more than \$1,200 in fees six months or more in advance of services rendered;
- The Firm does not have a financial condition that is reasonably likely to impair its ability to meet contractual commitments to clients; and
- The Firm has not been the subject of a bankruptcy petition at any time during the past ten years.