

March 28, 2024

ADV PART 2A: FIRM BROCHURE

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This brochure (the “Brochure”) provides information about the qualifications and business practices of First Trust Capital Management L.P. (“FTCM”) and certain of its personnel. FTCM is an investment adviser registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). Registration with the SEC or any state securities authority does not imply a certain level of skill or training. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the SEC or by any state securities authority.

If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at 773-828-6700 or info@FirstTrustCapital.com. Additional information about FTCM is also available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

Item 2 - Material Changes

Since FTCM's last Brochure, dated March 31, 2023, we have updated the Brochure to include two registered investment companies advised by FTCM and four private investment vehicles, each of which commenced operations within the last year, and remove references to a feeder private investment vehicle that merged into its master private investment vehicle last year. In addition, the following changes were made:

- The "Fees & Compensation – Transactions or Arrangement between Certain Related Parties" and "Other Financial Industry Activities & Affiliations" sections have been updated to reflect new sub-advisory relationships with an affiliate.
- The "Other Financial Industry Activities & Affiliations" section has been updated to remove two individuals and update affiliations of certain officers.
- The "Conflicts of Interest" section has been revised to discuss new affiliated service providers.
- The "Client Referrals and Other Compensation" section has been updated to reflect an amendment to the Placement Agent Agreement between FTCM and First Trust Portfolios L.P.

We will ensure that you receive a summary of any material changes to this and any subsequently issued Brochure within one hundred and twenty (120) days of the close of our fiscal year-end. We may provide other disclosure information about material changes to our business, products, services or personnel as necessary.

You may obtain a copy of the Brochure at any time, without charge, by contacting FTCM at 773-828-6700. The Firm's Brochure is also available free of charge on the SEC's Investment Adviser Public Disclosure web site (www.adviserinfo.sec.gov).

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Firm Overview

First Trust Capital Management L.P. (“FTCM”) is the successor to Vivaldi Asset Management, LLC (“VAM”), which has been registered with the SEC as an investment adviser since February 2012. On November 1, 2021, VFT Holdings LP, the controlling member of VAM, partnered with First Trust Capital Partners, LLC in a joint venture to create a new entity called First Trust Capital Solutions L.P. (“FTCS”). As part of the joint venture arrangement, (i) VAM was contributed to FTCS and changed its name to FTCM and (ii) FTCM acquired certain investment management services to several private funds. FTCM operates as a subsidiary of FTCS.

As of December 31, 2023, FTCM’s assets under management were \$6,362,876,820, of which \$6,240,884,469 were managed on a discretionary basis and \$121,992,351 were managed on a non-discretionary basis.

Firm Products & Services

FTCM is an asset management firm that specializes in providing investment management services as the adviser, sub-adviser or manager to pooled investment vehicles, including funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “Investment Company Act”) (the “Registered Funds”), private investment funds (including funds offering alternative investments) (the registered and private funds are jointly referred to as “FTCM Funds”) and separately managed accounts for other Registered Investment Advisors (“RIAs”) (collectively with the FTCM Funds, “Clients”).

FTCM Registered Funds

FTCM provides discretionary investment management services to open-end and closed-end funds as well as sub-advisory services to certain affiliated funds. These services are described in the prospectus of each registered fund.

FTCM Private Funds

FTCM serves as the investment manager of five privately offered alternative investment allocation vehicles (together, the “FTCM Private Funds”):

- FT Alternative Platform I LLC;
- FT Private Investment Platform I LLC;
- FT Real Estate Platform I LLC;
- VCM Core Opportunities Fund LLC; and
- FT Offshore I LP.

The FTCM Private Funds provide investors with the ability to customize their investment allocations to various underlying funds through the selection of different single-manager or multi-manager classes within each investment strategy group (i.e.: arbitrage; credit; equity long/short; event driven; mortgages; private equity; and real estate). The investment programs of each class of the FTCM Private Funds are based upon the specific objectives of each over-arching strategy and the underlying fund(s) in which the class invests. Investors should refer to the FTCM Private Funds’ private placement memoranda and class supplement documents, as well as the underlying funds’ private placement memoranda, for a more complete discussion of these investments.

The FTCM Private Funds are limited liability companies or limited partnerships and are exempt from registration under federal securities regulations, including the Investment Company Act and the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”). As a result, investment in the FTCM Private Funds is limited to persons who are “accredited investors” as defined under the Securities Act rules and “qualified

purchasers” as defined in the Investment Company Act.

FTCM is the Managing Member of FT Vest Hedged Equity Enhanced Income Fund LLC (“FT Vest Fund”), a multi-class private investment vehicle pursuing a hedged equity investment strategy. Vest Financial LLC (“Vest”), an affiliate of FTCM, serves as Sub-adviser. The FT Vest Fund is exempt from registration under federal securities regulations, including the Investment Company Act and the Securities Act rules. Investment in the FT Vest Fund is limited to persons who are “accredited investors” as defined under the Securities Act and “qualified purchasers” as defined in the Investment Company Act.

FTCM also is the Managing Member of Highland Capital Management Institutional Fund II, LLC (the “Highland Fund”). The Highland Fund is exempt from registration under federal securities regulations, including the Investment Company Act and the Securities Act. Investment in the Highland Fund is limited to persons who are “accredited investors” as defined under the Securities Act rules.

Custom Private Funds

FTCM serves as the investment manager of four privately offered alternative investment vehicles (together, the “Custom Private Funds”):

- Destiny Alternative Fund II LLC
- Destiny Target Outcome Fund 2024-1 LLC
- Park Shore Multi Asset Strategy Fund LLC
- CP Special Assets Fund LLC

The Custom Private Funds are structured in the same manner as the FTCM Private Funds, providing third party RIAs the ability to have a separate private fund dedicated to their clients. The third party RIAs may serve as sub-adviser to the fund, where they assist in customizing the various single-manager or multi-manager classes within each fund to meet the specific investment needs and objectives of their clients. Investors should refer to the Custom Private Funds’ private placement memoranda and class supplement documents, as well as the underlying funds’ private placement memoranda, for a more complete discussion of these investments. The Custom Private Funds are limited liability companies and are exempt from registration under federal securities regulations, including the Investment Company Act and the Securities Act. As a result, investment in the Custom Private Funds is limited to persons who are “accredited investors” as defined under the Securities Act rules, and in the case of Destiny Alternative Fund II LLC, Park Shore Multi Asset Strategy Fund LLC and CP Special Assets Fund LLC, to persons who are “qualified purchasers” as defined in the Investment Company Act.

First Trust Innovative Technologies L.P.

FTCS also owns First Trust Innovative Technologies L.P. (“FTIT”), a relying adviser of FTCM which offers specialized services to a select group of RIAs, Family Offices, and Institutional clients. FTCM’s investment research team, First Trust Alternative Investment Research (“FTAIR”) is housed within FTIT and performs due diligence on managers across all asset classes and strategies, and maintains a proprietary database of firms, portfolio managers, and all related correspondence. FTAIR performs ongoing due diligence on FTIT-approved managers that includes both investment and operational oversight.

In addition to manager due diligence, FTIT is also responsible for the oversight of strategy models (referred to as building blocks) which span a range of asset classes and objectives. See “**Investment Strategies – Managed Portfolios**” below. RIAs utilize these building blocks to construct diversified client portfolios to meet client goals and objectives.

FTCS holds the intellectual property relating to its proprietary databases, strategy models and other technology systems that FTIT has developed or may develop in the future to provide tools and efficiencies to wealth and asset management businesses. FTCS licenses that intellectual property to FTCM and may license

it to select third parties in return for licensing fees.

Technology services include:

- Access to Institutional-Quality Managers
- Research & Due Diligence
- Customized Portfolios Solutions

Item 5 - Fees & Compensation

FTCM Fund Management Fees

The FTCM Funds are subject to a variety of fees and expenses. These fees and expenses generally include management fees and may include performance-based incentive allocations collected by the unaffiliated managers chosen by FTCM; fund legal, administrative, and audit costs; costs incurred in connection with the acquisition, ownership, financing, hedging or sale of investments; and taxes for the FTCM Funds and for the underlying funds in which they invest. These fees and expenses are described in detail in each registered fund's prospectus, each private fund's confidential offering materials, and the offering materials for the underlying funds.

Each investor that invests in the FTCM Funds indirectly bears his or her proportional share of the fees and expenses of the applicable fund. These fees and expenses are charged to the relevant FTCM Fund and not billed directly to each investor. If the above expenses are incurred jointly for the accounts of an FTCM Fund and any other fund managed by FTCM or its affiliates, such expenses will generally be allocated in proportion to the size of the investment made by each fund to which the expense relates, or in such other manner as FTCM considers fair and reasonable to all of the funds over time.

The payment of management fees, performance-based fees, and administrative and operating expenses at the underlying fund, and possibly sub-fund levels, as well as the payment of administrative and operating expenses incurred by the FTCM Funds, may result in a layering of fees and significant expenses.

Additional Services

Fees for institutional due diligence and other services are negotiated on a project-by-project basis.

Other Fees & Expenses

FTCM's fees are exclusive of brokerage commissions, transaction fees, and other related costs and expenses which may be imposed by custodians, brokers, third party managers, and other third parties. These additional charges may include custodial fees, deferred sales charges, transfer taxes, wire transfer fees, electronic fund fees, commissions or mark-ups, and other fees and taxes on brokerage accounts and transactions in those accounts. These fees are paid directly to the custodian and/or broker. See "Brokerage Practices" below for a description of the factors that FTCM considers in selecting or recommending broker-dealers for Client transactions and in determining the reasonableness of their compensation (e.g., commissions).

Separately managed accounts, non-affiliated managed funds, mutual funds, ETFs, and other investment products (including certificates of deposit ("CDs") and other instruments) are subject to additional fees, commissions and administrative costs that are borne by their investors. Clients' trading activity in stocks, bonds, mutual funds, ETFs, and other financial instruments (including CDs) will result in commissions and other transaction costs in accordance with each Client's arrangements with its broker/dealer and custodian. Mutual funds, ETFs and private funds also charge internal management fees, which are disclosed in a fund's prospectus or offering documents.

Neither FTFCM nor its supervised persons accept compensation for the sale of securities or other investment products.

Transactions or Arrangement between Certain Related Parties

As a component of FTFCM investment strategies, FTFCM may utilize underlying mutual funds, ETFs or FTFCM Private Funds advised by FTFCM or its affiliate(s) or distributed by a registered broker-dealer affiliate, First Trust Portfolios L.P. (“FTP”) (“Affiliated Funds”). Vest, an affiliated RIA, also acts as sub-adviser for several FTFCM Funds. In such situations, FTFCM or its affiliate(s) receive fees from the Affiliated Funds for serving as investment adviser, sub-adviser, distributor, or other service provider to the Affiliated Fund, as detailed in the Affiliated Fund’s offering materials. These fees create a financial incentive for FTFCM to utilize Affiliated Funds so that fees and expenses charged by the fund or manager are earned by FTFCM or its affiliate, rather than a non-affiliate.

FTCS and Vivaldi Capital Management LP (“VCM”) are parties to a Platform Access Agreement that provides VCM advisors access to FTCS’s proprietary investment platform (the “FTCS Investment Platform”), including the FTFCM Private Funds, the proprietary strategy models, research materials and technology systems, as well as certain administrative and other services, for a fixed annual fee. VCM advisors utilize the models’ building blocks to construct diversified client portfolios to meet client goals and objectives, which may include investments in FTFCM Private Funds and other investment vehicles (whether managed by FTFCM or unrelated managers). VCM utilizes the technology provided by the FTCS Investment Platform for tracking, reporting, and creating a more seamless and effective client experience. VCM is controlled by VFT Holdings LP, which in turn controls one of the members of FTCS.

Item 6 - Performance Based Fees & Side by Side Management

Payment of management fees, performance-based fees, and administrative and operating expenses charged by any of the funds in which a Client directly or indirectly invests results in a layering of fees which may result in a significant cost of investment.

Performance Based Fees

FTFCM generally does not charge performance-based fees on the FTFCM Private Funds, the Custom Private Funds and the FT Vest Fund, except as set forth in the offering materials for a particular offering. However, investors in these funds are subject to performance-based fees charged by the underlying funds in their portfolios. These performance-based fees usually are calculated based on a percentage share of the net profit on, or capital appreciation of, the assets of the applicable fund. A performance allocation payable by an FTFCM-managed fund to FTFCM may create an incentive for FTFCM to cause the fund to make investments that are riskier or more speculative than if FTFCM were allocated only a fixed amount. For additional information, please see the FTFCM managed funds’ offering materials (in particular, the Class Supplements, if applicable, and supporting documentation).

FTFCM may earn a performance fee from the Highland Fund. These performance-based fees are calculated based on a percentage share of the net profit on, or capital appreciation of, the assets of the fund. The performance allocation may create an incentive for FTFCM to cause the Highland Fund to make investments that are riskier or more speculative than would be the case if FTFCM were allocated only a fixed amount. The Highland Fund’s offering materials provide additional information about the performance-based fees.

Performance-based fees are only charged in accordance with the provisions of Rule 205-3 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (the “Advisers Act”) and any applicable state regulations.

Side by Side Management

From time to time, conflicts could exist between the allocation of investment opportunities for sub-advised assets, separately managed accounts, investment company assets managed by FTCM, and other affiliates. Conflicts may exist due to available funds or restrictions defined in the investment management agreement. FTCM has designed its procedures to provide fair and equitable allocation among the private funds, sub-advised assets, separately managed accounts and the registered investment company assets advised by FTCM and affiliates.

Because we endeavor at all times to put the interest of our Clients first, we take the following additional steps to address any potential conflicts:

- We disclose the existence of material conflicts of interest; and
- We have implemented policies and procedures for fair and consistent allocation of investment opportunities among any funds, subject to the fund's underlying strategy, cash availability, availability of interests in the underlying funds, and other appropriate considerations.

In particular, certain of the FTCM Private Funds and Custom Private Funds offer both "vintage classes" (which are generally expected to invest in all investment opportunities within the class's investment strategy effected by FTCM or a sub-adviser during a specific time period) as well as "single opportunity classes" (which invest exclusively in a single identified investment opportunity). FTCM has adopted special allocation rules that apply where one or more vintage classes and one or more single opportunity classes (including, for this purpose, any other Clients such as one of the Registered Funds investing *pari passu* with such classes) seek to invest in the same investment opportunity, but FTCM is unable to allocate each such class its full targeted allocation of such investment. Under these rules, the applicable vintage class(es), as a group, will be allocated the lesser of (i) their full targeted allocation of such investment, and (ii) 50% of the amount of such investment received by FTCM to allocate to its Clients. The remaining portion of the investment will be allocated to the relevant single opportunity class(es), as a group, up to the full amount of their targeted allocation to such investment (with any excess remaining thereafter available to be allocated to the relevant vintage class(es)). Thereafter, as among the participating vintage classes and the participating single opportunity classes, respectively, the investment will be further apportioned on a pro rata basis, based on the targeted allocation of each such class (with earlier vintage classes generally having allocation priority over later vintage classes), unless FTCM determines that it is impracticable to do so.

Item 7 - Types of Clients

FTCM provides investment management services to institutional accounts such as funds registered under the Investment Company Act, separately managed accounts and private investment funds offering a wide spectrum of alternative investments. FTCM currently serves as the investment adviser to two daily liquid mutual funds (First Trust Merger Arbitrage Fund and First Trust Multi-Strategy Fund) and to eight closed-end funds (First Trust Alternative Opportunities Fund, First Trust Real Assets Fund, First Trust Private Credit Fund, First Trust Private Assets Fund, First Trust Hedged Strategies Fund, Destiny Alternative Fund LLC, Destiny Alternative Fund (TEI) LLC, and Infinity Core Alternative Fund) in addition to a series of closed-end funds with substantially identical investment strategies which are offered at varying periods throughout the year (FT Vest Hedged Equity Income Fund Series). Additionally, FTCM is also a sub-advisor to the First Trust Merger Arbitrage ETF. FTCM will serve as the investment advisor to additional closed-end funds as they may be created and registered in the future. FTIT provides research, model strategies and technology-related services to FTCM and third-party investment advisory firms on a contract basis.

Item 8 - Investment Strategies, Methods of Analysis & Risk of Loss

Model Portfolio Managers and Investment Committee

FTCM's Investment Committee, which is comprised of FTFCM's executive team and certain other FTFCM employees, is responsible for the construction, management and oversight of holdings in the FTFCM Private Funds and the Custom Private Funds. The Investment Committee meets at least quarterly to review detailed investment and due diligence reports prepared by FTAIR to determine whether changes should be made to the list of investments made available through the FTFCM Private Funds and the Custom Private Funds. All Investment Committee approval decisions must be unanimous. Any vote to remove a manager must be approved by a simple majority of the members of the Investment Committee.

Investment Strategies

Managed Portfolios

Within each core asset class, FTFCM employs a variety of strategies that form the "building blocks" for client portfolio construction. These strategies and their relative emphasis will change over time, depending upon market conditions and perceived opportunities. Some of these strategies are managed by FTAIR, while others are managed by third-party managers selected by FTAIR. The strategies differ in structure (e.g. mutual funds, ETFs, limited partnerships, closed-end funds), liquidity (e.g. daily, monthly, quarterly or longer), investment minimums and investor qualifications.

Below is a list of FTFCM's core asset classes and some of the strategies within each class. Investments within these strategies usually are in the form of mutual funds, ETFs, closed-end funds, interval or tender offer funds, private funds, or individual securities.

- Equities
 - Global Equities
 - Domestic Equities
 - Tax Managed Equities
 - Active Equities
 - Thematic Equities
 - Master Limited Partnerships
- Fixed Income
 - Core Fixed Income Strategies
 - Flexible Fixed Income Strategies
- Alternatives
 - Strategic Alternatives
 - Multi-Manager Models
 - Individual Managers
- Real Estate
 - Real Estate Strategies (REITs)
 - Select Real Estate
 - Qualified Opportunity Zone Funds
- Private Equity
 - Private Equity Strategies
 - Select Private Equity
 - Co-Investments
 - Private Companies

Registered Funds

Each fund's prospectus contains a detailed discussion of the fund's investment objectives and investment

strategies, which are summarized below.

First Trust Merger Arbitrage Fund and First Trust Merger Arbitrage ETF. The funds' investment objective is to seek returns that are largely uncorrelated with the returns of the general stock market, and capital appreciation by investing in companies that are involved in a publicly-announced significant corporate event, such as a merger or acquisition, including investments in special purpose acquisition corporations or "SPACs".

First Trust Alternative Opportunities Fund and First Trust Multi-Strategy Fund. The funds' investment objective is to seek long-term capital appreciation by pursuing positive absolute returns across market cycles using a multi-manager approach. FTCM has overall supervisory responsibility for the general management of the funds and is responsible for selecting and determining the percentage of fund assets allocated to itself and each sub-advisor.

First Trust Real Assets Fund. The fund's investment objective is to achieve long-term real return through current income and long-term capital appreciation. FTCM has overall supervisory responsibility for the general management of the fund and is responsible for selecting and determining the percentage of fund assets allocated to itself and the sub-advisor.

First Trust Private Credit Fund. The fund's investment objective is to produce current income by allocating its assets across a wide array of credit strategies, using a multi-manager approach. FTCM has overall supervisory responsibility for the general management of the fund and is responsible for selecting and determining the percentage of fund assets allocated to itself and each sub-advisor.

First Trust Private Assets Fund. The fund's investment objective is to generate capital appreciation over the medium- and long-term through investments in private assets globally. The fund is a "fund of funds" that invests primary in general or limited partnerships, funds, corporations, trusts, closed-end private funds, secondary investments in other funds or private companies and co-investment vehicles. FTCM has overall supervisory responsibility for the general management of the fund and is responsible for managing the fund's portfolio of investments.

First Trust Hedged Strategies Fund. The fund's investment objective is to seek long-term capital appreciation. The Fund is a fund of hedge funds and seeks to invest primarily in private investment funds, commonly known as "hedge funds," managed by multiple third-party investment managers that employ a variety of alternative investment strategies. FTCM has overall supervisory responsibility for the general management of the fund and is responsible for managing the fund's portfolio of investments.

Destiny Alternative Fund LLC and Destiny Alternative Fund (TEI) LLC. The funds' investment objective is to seek long-term capital appreciation. The fund is a "fund of funds" that invests primarily in hedge funds, private equity funds, growth equity funds, venture capital funds, credit funds, real estate funds, co-investment vehicles, managed accounts and open-end and closed-end registered investment companies and other types of investment vehicles which employ a broad range of investment strategies and invest or trade in a wide range of securities. FTCM has overall supervisory responsibility for the general management of the fund and is responsible for managing the fund's portfolio of investments.

Infinity Core Alternative Fund. The fund's investment objective is to seek long-term capital growth. The fund is a "fund of funds" that invests primarily in general or limited partnerships, funds, corporations, trusts or other investment vehicles based primarily in the United States.

FT Vest Hedged Equity Income Fund Series. Each fund in the FT Vest Hedged Equity Income Fund Series seeks to achieve attractive risk-adjusted returns over a specified period through a combination of current income and potential (although limited) long-term capital appreciation, while attempting to mitigate the risk

of loss of principal. Each fund seeks to replicate the returns of broad U.S. large cap equity markets, generally in line with the performance of the S&P 500® index, while mitigating the risk of loss of principal by purchasing a level of protection (usually in the form of a long-term put on the S&P 500® index) against a long-term decline in the market value of the securities held. Each fund seeks to generate current income by writing short-term covered calls against some of the securities in the portfolio. Each fund in the series has a unique closing date and tender offer dates, but otherwise are substantially similar.

Unregistered Funds

Each fund's offering materials contain a detailed discussion of the fund's investment objective and investment strategies, which are summarized below.

FTCM Private Funds. The FTCM Private Funds' investment objective is to achieve capital appreciation by providing investors with access to a variety of investment advisors who implement various proprietary investment programs. An investment in the FTCM Private Funds provides investors with the opportunity to invest indirectly in various underlying hedge funds, private equity funds, growth equity funds, venture capital funds, credit funds, real estate funds, co-investment vehicles, private companies, managed accounts, or other investment vehicles, the assets of which are traded and/or managed by third-party hedge fund, real estate and private equity advisors (some of whom may be affiliated with FTCM).

FT Vest Fund. The principal investment objective of the FT Vest Fund is to achieve attractive risk-adjusted returns over specified periods primarily through employing a variety of equity-based alternative investment strategies. Vest, an affiliate of FTCM, serves as the sub-adviser. The FT Vest Fund attempts to replicate the returns of the broad US large cap equity markets, generally in line with the performance of the S&P 500® index, mitigate the risk of loss of principal by purchasing a level of protection (usually in the form of a long-term put on the S&P 500® index) against the long-term decline in the market value of the securities held by the fund, and produce income (by writing short-term covered calls against some of the securities in the portfolio) with a target income objective on an annual basis net of fees and expenses.

Highland Fund. The principal investment objective of the Highland Fund is to achieve superior risk adjusted returns. The Highland Fund has broad authority to trade, buy, sell (including sell short), and otherwise acquire (potentially through the use of margin and other forms of leverage), hold, dispose of, and deal in (directly and indirectly through pooled investments, other investment vehicles, participations and otherwise) such other instruments or interests as the portfolio manager deems appropriate. The Highland Fund currently engages primarily in merger arbitrage transactions (i.e. buying, selling and selling short securities of issuers undergoing fundamental corporate transactions), including investments in SPACs.

Custom Private Funds. The Custom Private Funds' investment objective is to achieve capital appreciation by providing clients of third-party RIAs a separate vehicle (in which the RIA may act as a sub-adviser) in order to implement various investment programs to meet the investment needs and objectives of their clients. An investment in the Custom Private Funds provides specific investors with the opportunity to invest indirectly in various hedge funds, private equity funds, growth equity funds, venture capital funds, credit funds, real estate funds, co-investment vehicles, private companies, managed accounts or other types of investment vehicles, each of which is managed by a third-party investment advisor (which could be the sub-adviser), or by FTCM or an affiliate of FTCM.

Methods of Analysis

FTCM Private Funds and Custom Private Funds

When FTCM examines potential investment managers in which to invest, to recommend or to make available via the FTCM Private Funds and the Custom Private Funds, FTAIR reviews the manager's performance record and methods of evaluating and managing risk, as well as its back-office support, infrastructure and service providers to confirm that controls are in place that are designed to safeguard investor assets. The due

diligence process includes both direct research (such as examining underlying governing documents and offering materials, past audits, the investment team's experience, sophistication and depth, and the firm's operational processes and infrastructure) as well as indirect methods of analysis (such as background checks, reference checks, public filings, valuation confirmations, regulatory history reviews, and confirmation of third-party service providers). FTCM monitors chosen managers continuously to confirm, and understand factors impacting, their performance as well as periodically to review any material changes to the manager's business, discuss the manager's views on the market and/or their targeted industry, and assess whether there are factors that warrant revisiting whether and to what extent a particular investment opportunity should continue to be offered.

FT Vest Fund

Pursuant to a sub-advisory agreement, Vest has full discretion of FT Vest Fund's assets. The Fund attempts to replicate the returns of the broad US large cap equity markets, generally in line with the performance of the S&P 500® index, by acquiring and holding a diversified basket of approximately 100 of the component securities of the S&P 500® index over the life of the Fund. The Fund will purchase a long-dated put option on the S&P 500® index (including using FLEXible EXchange® Options, which are exchange-traded option contracts with uniquely customizable terms) at the inception of the Fund as a level of protection against long-term decline in the market value of the securities in such basket. The Fund will attempt to produce income by selling short-term call options periodically on select securities held in the basket and/or the S&P 500® index to produce option premia. The Fund will terminate at the expiration of the long-dated put option.

Highland Fund

The typical merger arbitrage strategy employed by the Highland Fund seeks to generate returns by purchasing the stock of the company being acquired, while shorting the stock of the acquiring company. The Portfolio Manager looks for opportunities to capture upside movements, as well as protect from downside draws. In selecting investments using the merger arbitrage strategy, the Portfolio Manager analyzes the attractiveness of the merger or acquisition, the length of time until the proposed transaction closes and the potential downside risk to the portfolio in the event the merger or acquisition does not occur. In selecting SPACs for investment, the Portfolio Manager analyzes the attractiveness of the SPAC through the life of the SPAC from IPO to liquidation. The Portfolio Manager evaluates pre- and post-merger announcements, the potential rate of return, the length of time until the proposed transaction closes or SPAC liquidates, and the potential risk to the fund in the event the proposed acquisition/liquidation does not close on time and is extended.

Registered Funds

The Portfolio Managers of the Registered Funds rely on the procedures mentioned above performed by FTAIR for potential investment opportunities for the funds, such as alternative investments (including private funds and REITs) and sub-advisors to manage a portion of the assets in the funds. For the merger arbitrage strategies within the Registered Funds, the Portfolio Managers perform a similar analysis as described above for the Highland Fund. For the FT Vest Hedged Equity Income Fund Series, the funds operate similarly to what is described above for the FT Vest Fund.

Principal Investment Risks

No investment is free of risk. Current and prospective investors are cautioned that investments in securities involve risk of loss, including the possibility of a complete loss of the amount invested, and that they should be prepared to bear these risks. Based on the types of investments that FTCM may recommend, all investors should be aware of certain risk factors, which include, but are not limited to, those discussed in the following paragraphs. Investors also should carefully review the offering materials of any investment funds advised by FTCM to ensure that they are aware of and understand the risks and costs involved with such investments.

Risks Associated with Equity Securities

All investments in equity securities are subject to market risks that may cause their prices to fluctuate over time. Historically, the equity markets have moved in cycles and the value of the securities may fluctuate substantially from day to day. Owning an equity security can also subject an investor to the risk that the issuer may discontinue paying dividends. Investments in common stocks are subject to the risk that in the event a company is liquidated, the holders of preferred stock and creditors of that company will be paid in full before any payments are made to the holder of common stock. It is possible that all assets of that company will be exhausted before any payments are made to a common stockholder.

An investment in rights and warrants may entail greater risks than certain other types of investments. A right is a privilege granted to existing shareholders of a corporation to subscribe to shares of a new issue of common stock and it is issued at a predetermined price in proportion to the number of shares already owned. Rights normally have a short life, usually two to four weeks, are freely transferable and entitle the holder to buy the new common stock at a lower price than the current market. Warrants are options to purchase equity securities at a specific price for a specific period of time. They do not represent ownership of the securities, but only the right to buy them. Hence, warrants have no voting rights, pay no dividends and have no rights with respect to the assets of the corporation issuing them. Warrants differ from call options in that the underlying corporation issues warrants, whereas call options may be written by anyone. Generally, rights and warrants do not carry the right to receive dividends or exercise voting rights with respect to the underlying securities, and they do not represent any rights in the assets of the issuer. In addition, although their value is influenced by the value of the underlying security, their value does not necessarily change with the value of the underlying securities, and they cease to have value if they are not exercised on or before their expiration date.

Risks Associated with Fixed Income Investments

The issuer of a fixed income security may not be able to make interest and principal payments when due. Generally, the lower the credit rating of a security, the greater the risk that the issuer will default on its obligation. As nominal interest rates rise, the value of fixed income securities is likely to decrease. A nominal interest rate is the sum of a real interest rate and an expected inflation rate.

Traditional convertible securities include corporate bonds, notes and preferred stocks that may be converted into or exchanged for common stock, and other securities that also provide an opportunity for equity participation. These securities are convertible either at a stated price or a stated rate (that is, for a specific number of shares of common stock or other security). As with other fixed income securities, the price of a convertible security generally varies inversely with interest rates. While providing a fixed income stream, a convertible security also affords the investor an opportunity, through its conversion feature, to participate in the capital appreciation of the common stock into which it is convertible. As the market price of the underlying common stock declines, convertible securities tend to trade increasingly on a yield basis and so may not experience market value declines to the same extent as the underlying common stock. When the market price of the underlying common stock increases, the price of a convertible security tends to rise as a reflection of higher yield or capital appreciation. In such situations, an investor may have to pay more for a convertible security than the value of the underlying common stock.

Risks Associated with Exchange-Traded Funds

ETFs are open-end investment companies whose shares are listed on a national securities exchange. An ETF is similar to a traditional mutual fund, but trades at different prices during the day on a securities exchange like a stock. To the extent that a Client invests in ETFs which focus on a particular market segment or industry, the Client will also be subject to the risks associated with investing in those sectors or industries. To the extent the Client invests in inverse ETFs, these are subject to the risk that their performance will decline as the values of their benchmark indices rise. As a purchaser of ETF shares on the secondary market, a Client will be subject to the market risk associated with owning any security whose value is based on market price. ETF shares historically have tended to trade at or near their net asset value, but there is no

guarantee that they will continue to do so.

Risks Associated with Alternative Investments

FTCM may recommend the use of alternative investments such as investments in real estate, private equity, or hedge funds. FTCM may also recommend a direct investment into a private company. Investments in such “alternative assets” may be illiquid, which may impair the ability of the Client or direct investors to exit such investments in times of adversity. Alternative investments may utilize highly speculative investment techniques, including leverage, highly concentrated portfolios, senior and/or subordinated securities positions, control positions and illiquid investments. In addition, they may utilize derivative instruments to attempt to hedge the risks associated with certain of their investments. Transactions in such derivative instruments may expose the assets of investment funds to the risks of material financial loss. Clients that invest in alternative investments will pay FTCM’s advisory fees and those of the underlying investment managers, and certain other fees and expenses of underlying investment funds in which the Client or direct investor invests. Investors in alternative investments may also pay carried interest, performance or incentive allocations to an underlying manager or sponsor of an underlying investment fund in which they invest, all of which contribute to the overall cost of the investment.

Risks Associated with FTCM Fund Investments in Investment Funds

Investments in pooled investments and other investment vehicles generally are subject to legal or contractual restrictions on their resale. If the fund requests a complete or partial withdrawal of its interest in an underlying fund, the investment adviser of the underlying fund generally may, in its discretion or at the election of the fund, (i) not satisfy the fund’s withdrawal request with respect to the portion of the investment’s assets represented by illiquid investments until the disposition of those illiquid investments, (ii) satisfy the fund’s withdrawal request with an in-kind distribution of illiquid investments (either directly or through an in-kind distribution of interests in a special purpose vehicle or other investment vehicle established to hold such illiquid investments), or (iii) in some cases, satisfy the withdrawal amount by valuing illiquid investments at the lower of cost or market or otherwise in the sole discretion of the applicable investment adviser. If the fund receives distributions in-kind from an investment, the fund may incur additional costs and risks to dispose of such assets. In addition, certain underlying funds may require maintenance of investment minimums and/or have holding periods and/or other withdrawal provisions more restrictive than those of the fund. These may include, but are not limited to, lock-ups, “side pockets,” withdrawal “gates” and fees, suspensions and delays of withdrawals and other similar limitations. In addition, investors should realize that FTCM has no control over the day-to-day operations of the underlying managers in the FTCM Private Funds, the Custom Private Funds, or the Registered Funds.

Item 9 - Disciplinary Information

Neither FTCM nor any of its management has been involved in any legal or disciplinary events that would be material to a Client’s evaluation of FTCM or its management.

Item 10 - Other Financial Industry Activities & Affiliations

FTCM is not actively engaged in a business other than (i) providing investment advice to its Clients; (ii) structuring, offering and managing private investment vehicles; and (iii) offering a technology platform and administrative services for private investment opportunities. Neither FTCM nor any of its management is registered, or has an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer, futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator, commodity trading adviser, or associated person of the foregoing, and FTCM does not anticipate such affiliations in the future.

VCM, an SEC-registered investment advisory firm that provides integrated wealth management to high-net-worth individuals and their related trusts, retirement plans and other entities, family offices and other institutional clients, is owned by VFT Holdings LP and its affiliates. Clients should note that FTCM and VCM

have certain overlapping officers and employees and share some office space and certain expenses, although they operate independently. FTCS and FTCM are related parties to VCM, and FTCS and VCM are parties to the Platform Access Agreement described above. See “**Fees & Compensation - Transactions or Arrangement between Certain Related Parties**” above.

First Trust Capital Partners LLC (“FTCP”), an owner of FTCS, is affiliated with FTP, which is an SEC-registered broker-dealer that specializes in sponsoring the First Trust series of unit investment trusts and is the distributor of ETF creation units, mutual fund shares, and non-affiliated third-party structured investments.

FTCP also is affiliated with First Trust Advisors L.P. (“FTA”), which is an SEC-registered investment adviser that specializes in providing supervisory, evaluation and administrative services to unit investment trusts sponsored by FTP. FTA also provides investment management services to institutional clients such as exchange traded funds, mutual funds, and closed-end funds and separately managed accounts. FTA is also registered with the National Futures Association (NFA) as an NFA member, Commodity Pool Operator and Commodity Trading Advisor. In addition, FTA is registered as a Portfolio Manager with the Ontario Securities Commission.

FTCP is also the largest single holder of voting shares in the holding company of Vest. Vest serves as a sub-adviser to several of the FTCM Funds.

Messrs. Michael D. Peck and Chad Eisenberg are members of the board of managers of FTCS and are Partners of VCM. In addition, Mr. Peck is a registered investment adviser of VCM.

Mr. James A. Bowen is a member of the board of managers of FTCS and Chief Executive Officer of FTA and FTP. Mr. Bowen is also Chairman of the Board of Stonebridge Advisors LLC (Stonebridge) and FTCP. He is also a Director of First Trust Global Portfolios Limited (FTGP). Stonebridge and First Trust Global Portfolios are registered investment advisors and affiliates of FTA. FTCP primarily invests in private investment opportunities. Mr. Bowen is also registered with FTP.

Messrs. Scott Friske and Jonathan Phillips are members of the board of managers of FTCS and are also registered with FTP.

FTCM has and will continue to develop relationships with professionals who provide services it does not provide, including legal, accounting, banking, tax preparation, insurance brokerage, certain boutique investment strategies, and other services. None of these relationships creates a material conflict of interest with any of FTCM’s Clients.

Item 11 - Code of Ethics, Interest in Client Transactions & Personal Trading

Code of Ethics

FTCM has adopted a Code of Ethics for all supervised persons that includes policies and procedures governing their conduct and addressing the firm’s fiduciary duty to its Clients. The Code of Ethics includes provisions relating to standards of business conduct, the confidentiality of Client information, and a prohibition on insider trading. At the beginning of employment and at least annually thereafter, all FTCM supervised persons must acknowledge in writing the terms of the Code of Ethics and agree to be bound by it. FTCM employees who violate the Code of Ethics may be subject to disciplinary action, including, but not limited to, profit disgorgement, fines, loss of ability to trade in personal accounts, censure, suspension or dismissal. Personnel are also required to promptly report any violations of the Code of Ethics of which they become aware.

Subject to satisfying FTCM’s policies as set forth in the Code of Ethics and applicable laws, officers, directors

and employees of FTFCM and its affiliates may trade for their own accounts in securities which are recommended to and/or purchased for FTFCM's Clients. The Code of Ethics is designed to allow employees to invest for their own accounts while assuring that material non-public information is not being used and the personal securities transactions, activities and interests of FTFCM's employees will not interfere with making and implementing decisions in the best interest of FTFCM's Clients.

FTFCM's Clients or prospective clients may request a copy of the firm's Code of Ethics by contacting us at 773-282-6700.

Conflicts of Interest

The fund offering documents provided to each investor contain a description of what FTFCM believes to be the most significant conflicts of interest associated with the investment. Some of these conflicts are summarized in this Brochure; however, this summary does not attempt to describe all of the conflicts of interest associated with a prospective investment. Investors should carefully consider the conflicts of interest discussed in this Brochure, as well as those outlined in the fund offering materials.

Participation or Interest in Client Transactions

FTFCM anticipates that, in appropriate circumstances consistent with a Clients' investment objectives, it will recommend to the Clients the purchase or sale of securities in which FTFCM, its affiliates directly or indirectly, have a position or interest. FTFCM and certain employees and affiliates of FTFCM may invest in and alongside funds it manages, either through the general partner, as direct investors in the fund, with outside fund managers, or otherwise.

FTFCM will not effect any principal or agency cross securities transactions for Client accounts without pre-approval. Principal transactions are generally transactions where an adviser, acting as principal for its own account or the account of an affiliate, buys from or sells any security to any advisory client. A principal transaction may also be deemed to have occurred if a security is crossed between affiliated funds. An agency cross transaction is a transaction where an investment adviser, or any person controlled by or under common control with the investment adviser, acts as broker for both the advisory client and for another person on the other side of the transaction. FTFCM will seek the necessary pre-approvals prior to executing a cross trade.

Revenue Sharing Arrangements

A related party of FTFCM has negotiated arrangements with several unrelated third-party fund managers to receive payments (called "revenue sharing payments") from those managers equal to a portion of the management fees or other revenues they earn for managing their funds. These arrangements are tied to FTFCM Funds investing in these unrelated third-party funds. Revenue sharing payments are allocated to the FTFCM Fund class making the investment, or in some cases a portion of the payments may be split with FTFCM or an affiliate. These revenue sharing payments create a financial incentive for FTFCM to invest with third-party fund managers with whom such an arrangement is in place. FTFCM provides specific disclosures regarding these payments in the FTFCM Fund offering materials for the classes where there are revenue sharing arrangements.

Transactions or Arrangements between Certain Related Parties

As a component of its investment strategy, FTFCM may utilize Affiliated Funds (private funds managed by FTFCM or mutual funds or ETFs for which it is the adviser or funds where FTP is the distributor).

In certain instances, FTFCM may decide to engage affiliated service providers to provide services to the FTFCM Funds. In these situations, FTFCM and the affiliated service providers share a common interest in marketing the funds because they benefit from the compensation received for their respective roles.

When applicable, FTCM aggregates and allocates investment opportunities among its Clients by applying such considerations as it deems appropriate, including the Client's relative size, amount of available capital, size of existing positions in the same or similar securities, leverage and other factors. FTCM will attempt to allocate investment opportunities pro rata, when possible, among participating Clients. FTCM may, however, increase or decrease the amount of securities allocated to each account if necessary to avoid holding odd-lot or small numbers of shares for particular Clients. Additionally, if FTCM is unable to fully execute a batched transaction and it is determined that it would be impractical to allocate a small number of securities/investments among the participating accounts in the transaction on a pro-rata basis, FTCM may allocate such securities/investments in a manner determined in good faith to be a reasonable and fair allocation. Refer to the "Side by Side Management" Section in Item 6 above for a summary of our allocation policy for private investments with limited capacity.

FTCM's principals devote as much of their time to the business of FTCM as in their judgment is reasonably required but are not required to devote a particular amount of time to this business. As described above, the principals are currently involved in other business ventures and/or may organize or become involved in other business ventures in the future. FTCM Clients will not share in the risks or rewards of such other ventures, which may compete with current investments made by FTCM Clients for the time and attention of the principals and therefore create additional conflicts of interest.

Item 12 - Brokerage Practices

In selecting a broker or dealer, FTCM may consider, among other things, the broker or dealer's execution capabilities, reputation and access to the markets for the securities being traded. Other considerations include the amount of transaction costs, the quality of execution, the expertise in particular markets, the experience and financial stability of the firm, the availability of stock loans, the quality of service, the familiarity both with investment practices generally and the techniques employed by FTCM particularly, the research and analytic services, clearing and settlement capabilities. FTCM generally will seek competitive commission rates but will not necessarily attempt to obtain the lowest possible transaction commission. FTCM will arrange for the execution of securities transactions through brokers or dealers that it reasonably believes will provide "best execution". FTCM seeks to execute Client transactions in such a manner that the Client's total cost or proceeds in each transaction is the most favorable under the circumstances.

Soft Dollars

FTCM may effect transactions with broker-dealers who provide research or brokerage services meant to assist FTCM in making investment and trading decisions on behalf of its Clients. The negotiated commissions paid to broker-dealers supplying such research or brokerage services may not represent the lowest obtainable commission rates. Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), provides a "safe harbor" to investment managers like FTCM who use commission dollars generated by their advisory accounts to obtain investment research, brokerage and other services that provide lawful and appropriate assistance to the manager in performing investment decision-making responsibilities ("soft-dollar" arrangements), provided that the amount of any increased commission costs on account of such research or other services is reasonable relative to the value of the services so provided. FTCM complies with this soft-dollar "safe harbor" afforded by Section 28(e) under the Exchange Act.

FTCM utilizes allocations of commission dollars solely to pay for products or services that qualify as "research and brokerage services," within the meaning of Section 28(e), pursuant to arrangements that meet the other requirements of that section.

FTCM may have an incentive to select or recommend a broker-dealer based on its interest in establishing soft-dollar arrangements with that firm. Further, FTCM may, in its discretion, cause an account to pay one or more brokers a commission greater than another qualified broker might charge to effect the same

transaction where FTCM determines in good faith that the commission is reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage and research services received. Such arrangements are periodically reviewed along with the broker's execution performance to ensure that any potential conflict of interest issues are identified and addressed.

The benefits of research and other services obtained through the use of soft-dollars are not limited to those Clients who have helped to acquire the particular benefit through the payment of commissions generated by transactions in their accounts. Rather, the research obtained through FTCM's brokerage allocations may be used by FTCM in connection with services rendered to all of FTCM's Clients, to only certain Clients, or to other accounts or entities managed by FTCM – and consequently brokerage commissions paid by a particular Client may be used to pay for research that is not used in managing that particular Client's account.

Given that research obtained by FTCM may be useful to a variety of Clients, FTCM will not generally attempt to allocate the relative costs or benefits of research among its Clients. Accordingly, brokerage allocations from one Client may have the effect of indirectly benefiting other investment accounts managed by FTCM or its affiliates.

Order Aggregation

As a matter of general policy and practice, FTCM will aggregate transactions for its Clients where practicable, except in the case of alternative investments. Aggregating transactions allows the trading of aggregate blocks of securities from multiple Client accounts. Generally, aggregating transactions allows FTCM to execute transactions in a more timely, efficient and equitable manner and to seek best execution and/or to reduce commission charges.

FTCM may not necessarily apportion shares to participating Clients in equal percentage amounts but endeavors to achieve balance where possible. In general, FTCM will endeavor to make all investment allocations in a manner that it considers to be the most equitable to all managed Clients. All participants in an aggregated trade generally will be allocated securities on a pro rata, average price per share basis, subject to adjustment if necessary to avoid holding odd-lot or small numbers of shares for particular Clients.

Trade Errors

FTCM has policies and procedures in place to minimize the occurrence of trade errors and, should a trade error occur, detect and correct such trade errors in a timely manner. While the method of correction may vary depending on the nature of the error, the intent is to make the Client whole.

Item 13 - Review of Accounts

FTCM has an Investment Committee, which is comprised of FTCM's executive team and certain other FTCM employees. The Investment Committee is responsible for the construction, management and oversight of holdings in the FTCM Private Funds. The Investment Committee meets at least quarterly to review detailed investment and due diligence reports prepared by FTAIR to approve certain investments and determine whether any changes should be made to the list of investments made available through the FTCM Private Funds, but may review accounts more often if investment conditions require. For classes within the FTCM Private Funds that hold multiple investments, the portfolio managers meet biweekly to review the allocation of investments. In the case of the Registered Funds, the FT Vest Fund and the Highland Fund, these accounts are monitored by the portfolio managers of each respective fund on a daily basis. For the funds where they serve as portfolio managers, the Co-Chief Investment Officers have a weekly call to discuss their review of the performance for the week and month-to-date to determine whether any changes need to be made to the portfolios. They also monitor economic, investment and market conditions that might dictate changes in strategy or portfolio holdings. Each of the Custom Private Funds has a sub-adviser, which is responsible for

monitoring the fund's investments. FTAIR performs operational due diligence over the investments and may override the sub-adviser if they believe it warranted based on their review.

Item 14 – Client Referrals and Other Compensation

FTCM does not compensate any third party for referring clients to FTCM.

However, FTCM and FTP are parties to a Placement Agent Agreement whereby FTP is retained to assist FTCM in the offer and sale of interests in the FTCM Private Funds. As compensation for such services, FTCM agrees to pay FTP a percentage of principal amount invested plus an additional fee based on committed capital or the net asset value, depending on the structure of the fund. An affiliate of FTP has an ownership interest in FTCM, providing an additional incentive for FTP to offer the interests in the FTCM Private Funds. These arrangements create a conflict of interest for FTP and FTCM, which manage such conflict through disclosure of the arrangement.

Item 15 - Custody

Private Funds

In its capacity as the managing member of the FTCM Private Funds, the Custom Private Funds, the FT Vest Fund and the Highland Fund, FTCM is deemed to have custody of assets managed on a discretionary basis in those entities. In order to abide by the Custody Rule, these funds are audited annually by an independent public accountant and the audited financial statements are delivered to each investor within 120 days (or 180 days for “fund of funds”) of the fund's fiscal year end. In addition, the third-party administrator for the FTCM Private Funds, the Custom Private Funds, the FT Vest Fund and the Highland Fund distributes statements at least quarterly to each of the funds' investors.

Item 16 - Investment Discretion

Discretionary Trading Authority

Registered Funds

FTCM is retained on a fully discretionary basis and is authorized to determine and direct execution of portfolio transactions pursuant to the terms of a fund's prospectus or offering documents, or any other documents executed between FTCM and each Client. The terms upon which FTCM serves as an adviser are established at the time each Client retains FTCM as its investment manager.

FTCM Private Funds, Custom Private Funds, FT Vest Fund and the Highland Fund

FTCM generally has complete discretionary authority via the relevant organizational documents and/or advisory agreements to manage the funds' investment portfolios, without any specific limitations. In certain instances, FTCM delegates its discretionary authority to a sub-adviser.

Separately Managed Accounts

FTCM is retained on a fully discretionary basis and is authorized to determine and direct execution of securities transactions pursuant to the terms of its sub-advisory agreement between FTCM and the Client. The terms upon which FTCM serves as a sub-adviser are established at the time the Client retains FTCM as a sub-adviser.

Item 17 - Voting Client Securities

FTCM generally votes proxies for Clients on all matters when FTCM has discretionary investment authority. For assets that are under the discretion of a sub-advisor, generally the sub-advisor is responsible for voting proxies in accordance with its policy.

When FTCM votes, proxies are voted in accordance with its Proxy Voting Policy, a copy of which is available from our Chief Compliance Officer upon request. FTCM's Proxy Voting Policy is based on the principle that proxies are voted in the best long-term economic interest of the Client. FTCM maintains records pertaining to its proxy voting as required under the Advisers Act. Our Chief Compliance Officer may be contacted for information pertaining to how FTCM voted proxies on any specific proxy issue.

When FTCM has voting authority with respect to proxies solicited by Affiliated Funds, it votes those proxies in accordance with FTCM's Proxy Voting Policy.

FTCM uses third-party proxy service provider Institutional Shareholder Services Inc. to vote publicly traded securities. The FTCM Private Funds, the Custom Private Funds, and several of the Registered Funds invest predominantly in unaffiliated private funds rather than publicly traded securities, so FTCM does not exercise proxy voting authority for these investments in the conventional sense. From time-to-time private fund managers seek consent from FTCM and other investors in their funds. FTCM's investment team will carefully evaluate all such proposals and seek to act in the affected fund's best interests.

Item 18 - Financial Information

FTCM has no financial condition that impairs its ability to meet contractual or any other obligations to Clients and has not been the subject of a bankruptcy proceeding.