Exhibit 5

Added text <u>underlined</u>
Deleted text in [brackets]

New York Stock Exchange Listed Company Manual

Sec. 102.01F Policy on Listing Reverse Merger Companies

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For purposes of this Section 102.01F, a "Reverse Merger" means any transaction whereby an operating company becomes an Exchange Act reporting company by combining directly or indirectly with a shell company which is an Exchange Act reporting company, whether through a reverse merger, exchange offer, or otherwise. However, a Reverse Merger does not include the acquisition of an operating company by a listed company which qualified for initial listing under Section 102.06. In determining whether a company is a shell company, the Exchange will consider, among other factors: whether the Company is considered a "shell company" as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act; what percentage of the company's assets are active versus passive; whether the company generates revenues, and if so, whether the revenues are passively or actively generated; whether the company's expenses are reasonably related to the revenues being generated; how many employees work in the company's revenuegenerating business operations; how long the company has been without material business operations; and whether the company has publicly announced a plan to begin operating activities or generate revenues, including through a near-term acquisition or transaction.

In order to qualify for initial listing, a company that is formed by a Reverse Merger (a "Reverse Merger Company") must comply with one of the initial listing standards set forth in Section 102.01C and the applicable requirements of Sections 102.01A and 102.01B. In addition to satisfying all of the Exchange's other initial listing requirements, a Reverse Merger Company shall be eligible to submit an application for initial listing only if the combined entity has, immediately preceding the filing of the initial listing application:

- (1) traded for at least one year in the U.S. over-the-counter market, on another national securities exchange or on a regulated foreign exchange following the consummation of the Reverse Merger and (i) in the case of a domestic issuer, has filed with the Commission a Form 8-K containing all of the information required by Item 2.01(f) of Form 8-K, including all required audited financial statements, after the consummation of the Reverse Merger, or (ii) in the case of a foreign private issuer, has filed all of the information described in (i) above on Form 20-F;
- (2) maintained a closing stock price equal to the stock price requirement applicable to the initial listing standard under which the Reverse Merger Company is qualifying to

list for a sustained period of time, but in no event for less than 30 of the most recent 60 trading days prior to the filing of the initial listing application; and

(3) [timely] filed with the Commission all required reports since the consummation of the Reverse Merger including the filing of at least one annual report containing all required audited financial statements for a full fiscal year commencing on a date after the date of filing with the Commission of the filing described in (1) above

In addition, in order to qualify for listing, a Reverse Merger Company must have timely filed all required reports for the most recent 12-month period prior to the listing date, including at least one annual report containing all required audited financial statements.
