

EXHIBIT 5

New text is underlined;
Deleted text is in [brackets]

MIAX Options Exchange Rules

Rule 515. Execution of Orders and Quotes

(a) – (g)

(h) **Crossing Orders.**

(1) – (2) No change.

(3) **Complex Customer Cross (“cC2C”) Orders.** cC2C Orders, as defined in Rule 518(b)(5), are automatically executed upon entry provided that the execution is at least \$0.01 better than (inside) the icMBBO (as defined in Rule 518(a)(~~11~~12)) price or the best net price of a complex order (as defined in Rule 518(a)(5)) on the Strategy Book (as defined in Rule 518(a)(~~17~~18)), whichever is more aggressive. The System will reject a cC2C Order if, at the time of receipt of the cC2C Order: (i) the strategy is subject to a cPRIME Auction pursuant to Rule 515A, Interpretation and Policy .12 or to a Complex Auction pursuant to Rule 518(d); or (ii) any component of the strategy is subject to a SMAT Event as described in Rule 518(a)(~~16~~17).

(A) - (D) No change.

(4) **Complex Qualified Contingent Cross (“cQCC”) Orders.** cQCC Orders, as defined in Rule 518(b)(6), are automatically executed upon entry provided that, with respect to each option leg of the cQCC Order, the execution (i) is not at the same price as a Priority Customer Order on the Exchange’s Book; and (ii) is at or between the NBBO. The System will reject a cQCC Order if, at the time of receipt of the cQCC Order: (i) the strategy is subject to a cPRIME Auction pursuant to Rule 515A, Interpretation and Policy .12 or to a Complex Auction pursuant to Rule 518(d); or (ii) any component of the strategy is subject to a SMAT Event as described in Rule 518(a)(~~16~~18).

Rule 515A. MIAX Price Improvement Mechanism (“PRIME”) and PRIME Solicitation Mechanism

(a) – (b) No change.

Interpretations and Policies:

.01 - .11 No change.

.12 **PRIME for Complex Orders.** Unless otherwise provided in this Interpretations and Policies .12 or unless the context otherwise requires, the provisions of Rule 515A(a) above shall be applicable to the trading of complex orders (as defined in Rule 518) in the PRIME. The Exchange will determine, on a class-by-class basis, the option classes in which complex orders are available for trading in the PRIME on the Exchange, and will announce such classes to Members via Regulatory Circular.

(a) No change.

(b) The System will reject a cPRIME Agency Order if, at the time of receipt of the cPRIME Agency Order:

(i) No change.

(ii) any component of the strategy is subject to a SMAT Event as described in Rule 518(a)([16]18); or

(iii) No change.

(c) No change.

(d) A cPRIME Auction shall conclude at the sooner of (i) through ([vii]ix) below with the cPRIME Agency Order executing pursuant to Rule 515A(2)(iii) below:

(i) – (vi) No change.

(vii) a simple order or quote in a component of the strategy, eligible to rest on the Simple Order Book, is received on the opposite side of the market from the cPRIME Agency Order and causes the icMBBO to lock or cross the initiating price[.];

(viii) a Priority Customer Order, eligible to rest on the Simple Order Book, is received on either side of the market as the cPRIME Agency Order with a non-conforming ratio, and causes any component of the cPRIME Agency Order to lock or cross a Priority Customer Order at (A) the best price opposite the cPRIME Agency Order; or (B) the initiating price;

(ix) the NBBO for a component of a cPRIME Agency Order with a non-conforming ratio updates to a price that would cause any option component of the cPRIME Agency Order to be executed at a price through the NBBO for that series.

Rule 516. Order Types Defined

(a) – (l) No change.

Interpretations and Policies:

.01 No change.

.02 Complex order types are defined in Rule 518. Derived orders are defined in Rule 518(a)([9]10).

Rule 518. Complex Orders**(a) Definitions.**

(1) – (4) No change.

(5) **Complex Order.** A “complex order” is any order involving the concurrent purchase and/or sale of two or more different options in the same underlying security (the “legs” or “components” of the complex order), for the same account, in a conforming or non-conforming ratio as defined below[that is equal to or greater than one-to-three (.333) and less than or equal to three-to-one (3.00) and] for the purposes of executing a particular investment strategy. Mini-options may only be part of a complex order that includes other mini-options. Only those complex orders in the classes designated by the Exchange and communicated to Members via Regulatory Circular with no more than the applicable number of legs, as determined by the Exchange on a class-by-class basis and communicated to Members via Regulatory Circular, are eligible for processing.

A complex order can also be a “stock-option order” as described further, and subject to the limitations set forth, in Interpretations and Policies .01 of this Rule. A stock-option order is an order to buy or sell a stated number of units of an underlying security (stock or Exchange Traded Fund Share (“ETF”)) or a security convertible into the underlying stock (“convertible security”) coupled with the purchase or sale of options contract(s) on the opposite side of the market representing either (i) the same number of units of the underlying security or convertible security, or (ii) the number of units of the underlying stock necessary to create a delta neutral position, but in no case in a ratio greater than eight-to-one (8.00), where the ratio represents the total number of units of the underlying security or convertible security in the option leg to the total number of units of the underlying security or convertible security in the stock leg. Only those stock-option orders in the classes designated by the Exchange and communicated to Members via Regulatory Circular with no more than the applicable number of legs as determined by the Exchange on a class-by-class basis and communicated to Members via Regulatory Circular, are eligible for processing.

(6) – (7) No change.

(8) Conforming Ratio. A “conforming ratio” is where the ratio between the sizes of the components of a complex order comprised solely of options is equal to or greater than one-to-three (.333) and less than or equal to three-to-one (3.00).

(9[8]) Displayed Complex MIAX Best Bid or Offer (“dcMBBO”). The dcMBBO is calculated using the best displayed price for each component of a complex strategy from the Simple Order Book. For stock-option orders, the dcMBBO for a complex strategy will be calculated using the Exchange’s best displayed bid or offer in the individual option component(s) and the NBBO in the stock component.

(10[9]) Derived Order. A “derived order” is an Exchange-generated limit order on the Simple Order Book that represents either the bid or offer of one component of a complex order resting on the Strategy Book that is comprised of orders to buy or sell two option components where one component has a base ratio of “one” relative to the other component (1:1, 1:2, or 1:3). Derived orders will not be routed outside of the Exchange regardless of the price(s) disseminated by away markets. The Exchange will determine on a class-by-class basis to make available derived orders and communicate such determination to Members via a Regulatory Circular. Derived orders are firm orders (i.e., if executed, firm for the disseminated price and size) that are included in the MBBO (as defined in subparagraph (a)(13) below). Derived orders are subject to the managed interest process described in Rule 515(c)(1)(ii).

(i) - (v) No change.

(vi) A derived order is automatically removed from the Simple Order Book if:

(A) - (D) No change.

(E) any component of the complex order resting on the Strategy Book that is used to generate the derived order is subject to a Simple Market Auction or Timer (“SMAT”) Event, as described in subparagraph (a)([16]18) below, a wide market condition (as described in Interpretations and Policies .05(a) of this Rule), or a halt.

If a derived order is removed from the Simple Order Book, the System will continually evaluate any remaining complex order(s) on the Strategy Book to determine whether a new derived order should be generated, as described in Rule 518(c)(5).

(vii) No change.

(11[10]) Free Trading. The term “free trading” means trading that occurs during a trading session other than: (i) at the opening or re-opening for trading following a halt, or (ii) during the Complex Auction Process (as described in paragraph (d) of this Rule).

(12[11]) **Implied Complex MIAX Best Bid or Offer (“icMBBO”)**. The icMBBO is a calculation that uses the best price from the Simple Order Book for each component of a complex strategy including displayed and non-displayed trading interest. For stock-option orders, the icMBBO for a complex strategy will be calculated using the best price (whether displayed or non-displayed) on the Simple Order Book in the individual option component(s), and the NBBO in the stock component.

(13[12]) **Market Maker Priority Interest for Complex**. Certain Market Maker complex Standard quotes and complex eQuotes (as defined in Interpretations and Policies .02 of this Rule) will qualify as “Market Maker Priority Interest for Complex” on the Strategy Book if the following criteria have been met. For purposes of this Rule, Market Maker Priority Interest for Complex is established at the beginning of a Complex Auction (as described in subparagraph (d) below), or at the time of execution in free trading. If complex Standard quoting is engaged for a complex strategy as set forth in Interpretations and Policies .02 of this Rule, a Market Maker complex Standard quote or a complex eQuote will qualify as Market Maker Priority Interest for Complex if the Market Maker has a complex Standard quote in the complex strategy that equals or improves the dcMBBO on the opposite side from the incoming complex order or quote at the time of evaluation (a “Complex priority quote”).

(14[13]) **MBBO**. The term “MBBO” means the best bid or offer on the Simple Order Book (as defined below) on the Exchange.

(15[14]) **NBBO**. The term “NBBO” means the national best bid or offer as calculated by the Exchange based on market information received by the Exchange from the appropriate Securities Information Processor (“SIP”).

(16) **Non-Conforming Ratio**. A “non-conforming ratio” is where the ratio between the sizes of the components of a complex order comprised solely of options is greater than three-to-one (3.00) or less than one-to-three (.333).

(17[15]) **Simple Order Book**. The “Simple Order Book” is the Exchange’s regular electronic book of orders and quotes.

(18[16]) **Simple Market Auction or Timer (“SMAT”) Event**. A SMAT Event is defined as any of the following:

- (i) - (iv) No change.

Complex orders and quotes will be handled during a SMAT Event as described in Interpretations and Policies .05(e)(2) of this Rule.

(19[17]) **Strategy Book**. The “Strategy Book” is the Exchange’s electronic book of complex orders and complex quotes.

(b) No change.

(c) **Trading of Complex Orders and Quotes.** The Exchange will determine and communicate to Members via Regulatory Circular which complex order origin types (i.e., non-broker-dealer customers, broker-dealers that are not Market Makers on an options exchange, and/or Market Makers on an options exchange) are eligible for entry onto the Strategy Book. Complex orders and quotes will be subject to all other Exchange Rules that pertain to orders and quotes generally, unless otherwise provided in this Rule 518. This Rule 518(c) governs trading of all complex order types set forth in Rule 518(b) above, unless otherwise specified in Rule 518(b).

(1) **Minimum Increments and Trade Prices.**

(i) – (ii) No change.

(iii) If any component of a complex strategy with a conforming ratio would be executed at a price that is equal to a Priority Customer bid or offer on the Simple Order Book, at least one other option component of the complex strategy must trade at a price that is better than the corresponding MBBO.

(iv) A complex order with a conforming ratio will not be executed at a net price that would cause any option component of the complex strategy to be executed: (A) at a price of zero; or (B) ahead of a Priority Customer order on the Simple Order Book without improving the MBBO of at least one option component of the complex strategy.

(v) A complex order with a non-conforming ratio will not be executed at a net price that would cause any option component of the complex strategy to be executed: (A) at a price of zero; (B) ahead of a Priority Customer Order at the MBBO on the Simple Order Book; or (C) at a price that is through the NBBO.

(vi) A complex order or eQuote (as defined in Interpretations and Policies .02 of this Rule) will not be executed at a price that is outside of its MPC Price (as defined in Rule 532(b)(6)) or its limit price.

(2) **Execution of Complex Orders and Quotes.**

(i) No change.

(ii) **Prices for Complex Strategy Executions.** Incoming complex orders and quotes will be executed by the System in accordance with the provisions set forth herein, and will not be executed at prices inferior to the icMBBO or at a price that is equal to the icMBBO when there is a Priority Customer Order (as defined in Rule 100) at the best icMBBO price (complex orders with conforming ratios will be executed in accordance with Rule 518(c)(1)(iv) and complex orders with non-conforming ratios will be executed in accordance with Rule 518(c)(1)(v).) Complex orders will never be executed at a price that is outside of the individual component prices

on the Simple Order Book, and the net price of a complex order executed against another complex order on the Strategy Book will never be inferior to the price that would be available if the complex order legged into the Simple Order Book. Incoming complex orders that could not be executed because the executions would be priced (A) outside of the icMBBO, or (B) equal to or through the icMBBO due to a Priority Customer Order at the best icMBBO price, will be cancelled if such complex orders are not eligible to be placed on the Strategy Book. Complex orders and quotes will be executed without consideration of any prices for the complex strategy that might be available on other exchanges trading the same options contracts provided, however, that such complex order price may be subject to the Implied Exchange Away Best Bid or Offer (“ixABBO”) Protection described in Rule 532(b)(7), and are subject to the MPC price protection feature described in Rule 532(b)(6).

(d) – (e) No change.
