SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (Release No. 34-82058; File No. SR-IEX-2017-39)

November 13, 2017

Self-Regulatory Organizations: Investors Exchange LLC; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of Proposed Rule Change to Adopt Rules Pertaining to Certain Listing Regulatory Reporting and Operational Requirements.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1)¹ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Act")² and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,³ notice is hereby given that on October 31, 2017, the Investors Exchange LLC ("IEX" or the "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the self-regulatory organization. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed</u> <u>Rule Change</u>

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 19(b)(1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"),⁴ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,⁵ Investors Exchange LLC ("IEX" or "Exchange") is filing with the Commission a proposed rule change to adopt rules pertaining to certain listing regulatory reporting and operational requirements. The Exchange has designated this proposal as non-controversial and provided the Commission with the notice required by Rule 19b-4(f)(6)(iii) under the Act.⁶ The text of the proposed rule change is available at the Exchange's website at www.iextrading.com, at the principal office of the Exchange, and at the Commission's

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 15 U.S.C. 78a.

³ 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

⁴ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

⁵ 17 CRF 240.19b-4.

⁶ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6)(iii).

Public Reference Room.

II. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change</u>

In its filing with the Commission, the self-regulatory organization included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statement [sic] may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The self-regulatory organization has prepared summaries, set forth in Sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and the Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change</u>

1. <u>Purpose</u>

On June 17, 2016 the Commission granted IEX's application for registration as a national securities exchange under Section 6 of the Act including approval of rules applicable to the qualification, listing and delisting of companies on the Exchange. The Exchange plans to begin a listing program in 2017 and is proposing to adopt rules pertaining to certain listing regulatory reporting and operational requirements, as described below.

Short-Interest Reporting

The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), the Nasdaq Stock Market ("Nasdaq") and the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") each have rules requiring that members of such self-regulatory organization ("SRO") record and report specified short positions in all customer and proprietary accounts.⁸ This data is also referred to as short interest. In the case of Nasdaq, the recording and reporting requirements apply to positions in securities

See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 34-78101 (June 17, 2016), 81 FR 41141 (June 23, 2016) (File No. 10-222).

See FINRA Rule 4560, Nasdaq Rule 3360, and NYSE Rule 4560.

listed on Nasdaq, while the FINRA and NYSE rules apply to all equity securities. The FINRA, Nasdaq and NYSE rules each require reporting on a bi-monthly basis by their member firms. FINRA, NYSE and Nasdaq firms provide their short position reports to FINRA through the Firm Gateway. Firms must report their mid-month short positions as of the close of business on the settlement date of the 15th of each month, or, where the 15th is a non-settlement date, on the preceding settlement date. Firms must report their end-of-month short positions as of the close of business on the last business day of the month on which transactions settle pursuant to FINRA and exchange rules. Both reports must be received by FINRA no later than the second business day after the reporting settlement date.

FINRA consolidates the short position reports submitted by each firm, and provides such reports to the relevant listing exchange for each listed security (<u>i.e.</u>, NYSE, Nasdaq and Bats BZX Exchange, Inc. ("Bats")). In order to provide transparency¹⁰ regarding aggregate short interest in equities securities, the listing exchanges publish the consolidated short interest data seven business days after the reporting settlement date. Similarly, FINRA publishes consolidated short interest data for securities that are not listed on an exchange on the same time frame. Short interest data is also used by FINRA for regulatory purposes, including to assess compliance with Regulation SHO.

IEX proposes to adopt a comparable rule requiring short interest recording and reporting in securities listed on IEX by Members. Specifically, IEX proposes to adopt new Rule 3.293,

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FINRA members are required to report short interest positions through a web-based interface which is accessible via the Firm Gateway. See, Regulatory Notice 16-32 entitled "Short Interest Reporting" accessible at http://www.finra.org/sites/default/files/notice_doc_file_ref/Regulatory-Notice-16-32.pdf.

Short interest reporting and publication began in 1986 in connection with a study and recommendation by Irving M. Pollack (a former Commissioner of the SEC) on behalf of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., the predecessor to FINRA.

entitled Short-Interest Reporting, that requires IEX Members, to the extent such information is not otherwise reported to FINRA in conformance with FINRA Rule 4560, to comply with FINRA Rule 4560 with respect to securities listed on IEX, as if such rule were part of IEX's rules, and to report required information in the form and manner specified by IEX. Thus, as proposed, IEX Members are subject to the following requirements:

- (a) Each Member shall maintain a record of total "short" positions in all customer and proprietary firm accounts in securities listed on IEX¹¹ and shall regularly report such information to FINRA in such a manner as may be prescribed by IEX. Reports shall be received by FINRA no later than the second business day after the reporting settlement date designated by IEX.
- (b) Members shall record and report all gross short positions existing in each individual firm or customer account, including the account of a broker-dealer, that resulted from (1) a "short sale", as that term is defined in Rule 200(a) of SEC Regulation SHO, or (2) where the transaction(s) that caused the short position was marked "long," consistent with SEC Regulation SHO, due to the firm's or the customer's net long position at the time of the transaction. Members shall report only those short positions resulting from short sales that have settled or reached settlement date by the close of the reporting settlement date designated by IEX.
- (c) The recording and reporting requirements shall not apply to:
 - (1) any sale by any person, for an account in which he has an interest, if such person owns the security sold and intends to deliver such security as soon as is possible without undue inconvenience or expense; and
 - (2) any sale by an underwriter, or any member of a syndicate or group participating in the distribution of a security, in connection with an over-allotment of securities, or any lay-off sale by such a person in connection with a distribution of securities through rights or a standby underwriting commitment.

While FINRA Rule 4560 requires such recording and reporting in all equity securities, not all IEX Members are also members of FINRA. Therefore, the Exchange believes that with

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FINRA Rule 4560(a) provides that the short interest recording and reporting requirements are not applicable to Restricted Equity Securities, as defined in FINRA Rule 6420 which further references the definition of "restricted security" in Rule 144(a)(3) under the Securities Act of 1933. Restricted securities are not eligible for listing on IEX since they are subject to trading restrictions, so this limitation is not necessary for inclusion in IEX Rule 3.293.

the launch of its listing program, it is appropriate to add an IEX rule requiring recording and reporting of short interest positions in securities listed on IEX, so that IEX Members that are not FINRA members are subject to such requirements and their short positions in IEX listed securities will be consolidated for publication and available to FINRA for regulatory purposes.

Further, as proposed, IEX Rule 3.293 specifies that information required to be reported pursuant to FINRA Rule 4560 shall be reported to IEX in the form and manner specified by IEX.¹² As proposed, IEX Rule 3.293 is substantially similar to FINRA Rule 4560 except that Members are only required to record and report short positions in securities listed on IEX. This limitation is substantially similar to Nasdaq Rule 3360, which also limits short interest reporting to securities listed on Nasdaq.¹³

Notification Requirements for Offering Participants

SEC Regulation M is designed to prevent manipulation by individuals with an interest in the outcome of an offering of securities, and prohibits activities and conduct that could artificially influence the market for an offered security. Regulation M generally prohibits underwriters, broker-dealers, issuers and other persons participating in a distribution from directly or indirectly bidding for or purchasing the offered security (or inducing another person

IEX Members will use the FINRA Gateway to report short interest positions. IEX believes that virtually all IEX Members already have access to the FINRA Firm Gateway. To the extent there are any Members that do not already have access, FINRA will provide such Members with access to the Firm Gateway. Following effectiveness of this rule change, and prior to listing launch, IEX will disseminate a notice to Members advising of the reporting process and timelines.

See Nasdaq Rule 3360(a).

See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 38067 (December 20, 1996), 62 FR 520 (January 3, 1997) (File No. S7-11-96) (Anti-Manipulation Rules Concerning Securities Offerings; Final Rules). See also generally SEC Staff Legal Bulletin No. 9, Frequently Asked Questions About Regulation M (April 12, 2002 update) at https://www.sec.gov/interps/legal/mrslb9.htm.

to do so) during the applicable "restricted period," which commences on the later of one or five business days prior to determination of the offering price 16 or such time that a person becomes a distribution participant, and ends upon such person's completion of participation in the distribution. Regulation M also governs certain market activities (i.e., stabilizing bids, syndicate covering transactions and penalty bids 17) in connection with an offering and requires that notification of such activity be provided to the SRO with direct authority over the principal market in the United States for the security for which the syndicate covering transaction is effected or the penalty bid is imposed. In the case of a stabilizing bid, such notice must be provided to the market on which the stabilizing bid will be posted. Further, Regulation M prohibits any person from selling short a security that is the subject of a public offering and purchasing the security in the offering, if the short sale was effected during the restricted period.

IEX and FINRA are parties to a regulatory services agreement pursuant to which FINRA performs certain regulatory functions on behalf of IEX. ¹⁸ IEX and FINRA also entered into an agreement to reduce regulatory duplication for IEX Members that are also members of FINRA whereby IEX has allocated certain regulatory responsibilities to FINRA pursuant to Rule 17d-2

The term "restricted period" is defined in Rule 100(b) of Regulation M. See 17 CFR 242.100(b).

The term "offering price" means the price at which the security is to be or is distributed. See 17 CFR 242.100(b).

See 17 CFR 242.100(b) (definitions of "stabilizing," "syndicate covering transaction," and "penalty bid"). Generally, a "stabilizing bid" is a bid that is intended to maintain the price of the offered security and is necessary to prevent or retard a decline in the security's price. A "penalty bid" allows a lead underwriter to reclaim a selling concession paid to a syndicate member if that member's customers sell their allocated shares in the immediate aftermarket. A "syndicate covering transaction" is generally defined as placing a bid or effecting a purchase to reduce a syndicate short position.

¹⁸ See IEX Rule 1.160(hh).

under the Act.¹⁹ Compliance with Regulation M is included within the regulatory functions and responsibilities that FINRA performs with respect to IEX Members. As part of FINRA's program to monitor for compliance with Regulation M, FINRA reviews trading and quoting activity for prohibited purchases, bids or attempts to induce bids or purchases during the applicable restricted period and for prohibited short sales during the restricted period prior to the pricing of an offering. Thus, FINRA must receive pertinent distribution related information in a timely fashion to facilitate its review of IEX Members' compliance with Regulation M.

Accordingly, in preparation for becoming a listing market, the Exchange proposes to amend Rule 11.160, which is currently reserved, to adopt provisions requiring notification requirements for offering participants that are substantially identical to those specified in NYSE Rule 5190.²⁰ As proposed, Rule 11.160 is entitled "Notification Requirements for Offering Participants" and includes the following provisions:

- Paragraph (a) provides general information and states that IEX Rule 11.160 sets forth
 the notice requirements applicable to Members participating in offerings of listed
 securities for purposes of monitoring compliance with the provisions of SEC
 Regulation M. In addition, the paragraph notes that Members also must comply with
 all applicable rules governing the withdrawal of quotations in accordance with SEC
 Regulation M.
- Paragraph (b) states that the terms shall have the meanings as set forth in Rules 100
 and 101 of SEC Regulation M: "actively traded", "affiliated purchaser", "covered

See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 78434 (July 28, 2016), 81 FR 51256 (August 3, 2016) (File No. 4-700).

Proposed IEX Rule 11.160 is also substantially similar to FINRA Rule 5190, except that the FINRA rule has a broader scope since the IEX rule applies only to offerings in securities listed on IEX, and minor terminology differences.

security", "distribution", "distribution participant", "offering price", "penalty bid", "restricted period", "selling security holder", "stabilizing" and "syndicate covering transaction".

Paragraph (c) is entitled "Notice Relating to Distributions of Listed Securities Subject to a Restricted Period Under SEC Regulation M" and sets forth the notification requirements applicable to distributions of listed securities that are "covered securities"²¹ subject to a restricted period under Rule 101 or 102 of Regulation M. Required notices must be provided in such form as specified by the Exchange with respect to: the Member's determination as to whether a one-day or five-day restricted period applies under Rule 101 of Regulation M and the basis for such determination, including the contemplated date and time of the commencement of the restricted period, the listed security name and symbol, and identification of the distribution participants and affiliated purchasers, no later than the business day prior to the first complete trading session of the applicable restricted period, unless later notification is necessary under specific circumstances; the pricing of the distribution, including the listed security name and symbol, the type of security, the number of shares offered, the offering price, the last sale before the distribution, the pricing basis, the SEC effective date and time, the trade date, the restricted period, and identification of the distribution participants and affiliated purchasers, no later than the close of business the next business day following the pricing of the distribution, unless later notification is necessary under specific circumstances; and the cancellation or postponement of any distribution for which prior notification of commencement of

The term "covered security" is defined in Rule 100(b) of Regulation M. See 17 CFR 242.100(b).

the restricted period has been submitted under paragraph (c)(1)(A) of Rule 11.160, immediately upon the cancellation or postponement of such distribution. If no Member is acting as a manager (or in a similar capacity) of such distribution, then each Member that is a distribution participant or affiliated purchaser shall provide the notice required under paragraph (c)(1) of Rule 11.160, unless another Member has assumed responsibility in writing for compliance therewith. Paragraph (c) also provides that any Member that is an issuer or selling security holder in a distribution of any listed security that is a covered security subject to a restricted period under Rule 102 of SEC Regulation M shall comply with the notice requirements of paragraph (c)(1) Rule 11.160, unless another Member has assumed responsibility in writing for compliance therewith.

Paragraph (d) is entitled "Notice Relating to Distributions of "Actively Traded"

Securities Under Regulation M" and sets forth the notification requirements

applicable to distributions of any listed security that is considered an "actively traded"

security under Rule 101 of Regulation M. Required notices must be provided in such

form as specified by the Exchange with respect to: the Member's determination that

no restricted period applies under Rule 101 of SEC Regulation M and the basis for

such determination; and the pricing of the distribution, including the listed security

name and symbol, the type of security, the number of shares offered, the offering

price, the last sale before the distribution, the pricing basis, the SEC effective date

and time, the trade date, and identification of the distribution participants and

affiliated purchasers. Paragraph (d) also provides that such notice shall be provided

no later than the close of business the next business day following the pricing of the

distribution, unless later notification is necessary under specific circumstances. Further if no Member is acting as a manager (or in a similar capacity) of such distribution, then each Member that is a distribution participant or an affiliated purchaser shall provide the notice required, unless another Member has assumed responsibility in writing for compliance therewith.

Paragraph (e) is entitled "Notice of Stabilizing Bids, Penalty Bids and Syndicate Covering Transactions in Listed Securities" and sets forth the notification requirements for such activities. Required notices must be provided in such form as specified by the Exchange with respect to: the Member's intention to conduct such activity, prior to placing or transmitting the stabilizing bid, imposing the penalty bid or engaging in the first syndicate covering transaction, including identification of the listed security and its symbol and the date such activity will occur; and confirmation that the Member has placed or transmitted a stabilizing bid, imposed a penalty bid or engaged in a syndicate covering transaction, within one business day of completion of such activity, including identification of the listed security and its symbol, the total number of shares and the date(s) of such activity.

All required notifications pursuant to IEX Rule 11.160 will be submitted by IEX Members to FINRA through the Firm Gateway.²² Upon effectiveness of this rule change and

Information regarding FINRA's Firm Gateway is available at:
http://www.finra.org/sites/default/files/NoticeDocument/p125975.pdf. IEX believes that virtually all IEX Members that would be required to submit notifications pursuant to IEX Rule 11.160 already have access to the FINRA Firm Gateway. Generally, such Members must be members of FINRA in order to distribute shares to the public, unless such Member is an issuer or selling security holder in a distribution of a listed security pursuant to Rule 102 of Regulation M. To the extent there are any Members that fall into this exception, and do not already have access to the Firm Gateway, such Members will be provided with access to the Firm Gateway.

prior to the first IEX listing, the Exchange will disseminate a regulatory circular to Members advising of the form and manner for submission of required notifications through the FINRA Firm Gateway.

Short Sale Circuit Breaker Restriction

Rule 201 of Regulation SHO²³ provides for the imposition of a short sale circuit breaker, in a covered security by trading centers in the event that the price of a covered security²⁴ decreases by 10% or more from the covered security's closing price as determined by the listing market²⁵ for the covered security as of the end of regular trading hours²⁶ on the prior day. If the circuit breaker is triggered, paragraph (b)(1) of Rule 201 requires each trading center to establish, maintain, and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent the execution or display of a short sale order of a covered security at a price that is less than or equal to the current national best bid (subject to certain specified exceptions) for the remainder of the trading day on which it is triggered and the following day.

Paragraph (b)(3) of Rule 201 further provides that the listing market for a covered security shall determine whether the price of such covered security has decreased by 10% or more from the covered security's closing price as of the end of regular trading hours on the prior day, and, if such decrease has occurred shall immediately notify the single plan processor responsible for consolidation of information for the covered security pursuant to Rule 603(b) of Regulation NMS.²⁷ The single plan processor must then disseminate this information, thereby

²³ 17 CFR 242.201.

²⁴ 17 CFR 242.201(a)(1).

²⁵ 17 CFR 242.201(a)(3).

²⁶ 17 CFR 242.201(a)(7).

²⁷ 17 CFR 242.603(b).

triggering the short sale circuit breaker restriction.²⁸

Accordingly, in preparation for becoming a listing market, the Exchange proposes to amend IEX Rule 11.290 to adopt provisions regarding the required determinations and processes related to the short sale circuit breaker. As proposed, paragraph (b) of IEX Rule 11.290 is amended to add "Trigger Price" as a defined term with respect to the existing description of the Short Sale Price Test. Paragraph (c) of IEX Rule 11.290 (which is currently reserved) is titled "Determination of Trigger Price" and provides that, for covered securities for which the Exchange is the listing market, the System²⁹ shall determine whether a transaction in a covered security has occurred at a Trigger Price³⁰ and shall immediately notify the responsible single plan processor. Further, the System will not calculate the Trigger Price of a covered security outside of the Regular Market Session³¹, and, if a covered security did not trade on the Exchange on the prior trading day (due to a trading halt, trading suspension, or otherwise), the Exchange's determination of the Trigger Price shall be based on the last sale price on the Exchange for that security on the most recent day on which the security traded. In addition, the Exchange proposes to add provisions to paragraph (d)(1) of IEX Rule 11.290 to provide that the Exchange may lift the Short Sale Price Test³² before the Short Sale Period³³ ends for securities for which the

See, FAQ 1.3 of "Division of Trading and Markets: Responses to Frequently Asked Questions Concerning Rule 201 of Regulation SHO."

The term "System" is defined in IEX Rule 1.160(nn).

See amendments to Rule 11.290(b).

^{31 &}lt;u>See</u> Rule 1.160(gg).

The term "Short Sale Price Test is defined in IEX Rule 11.290(b), and encompasses the restrictions of the short sale circuit breaker pursuant to Rule 201 of Regulation SHO. 17 CFR 242.201.

The term "Short Sale Period" is defined in IEX Rule 11.290(d), and encompasses the duration of the short sale circuit breaker pursuant to Rule 201(b)(1)(ii) of Regulation SHO. 17 CFR 242.201(b)(1)(ii).

Exchange is the listing market if the Exchange determines pursuant to IEX Rule 11.270 that the triggering transaction was a clearly erroneous execution as soon as practicable following such determination. Further, the Exchange may also lift the Short Sale Price Test before the Short Sale Period ends, for a covered security for which the Exchange is the listing market, if the Exchange has been informed by another exchange or a self-regulatory organization ("SRO") that a transaction in the covered security that occurred at the Trigger Price was a clearly erroneous execution, as determined by the rules of that exchange or SRO. Finally, proposed paragraph (d)(2) of IEX Rule 11.290 provides that if the Exchange determines that the prior day's closing price for a listed security is incorrect in the System and resulted in an incorrect determination of the Trigger Price, the Exchange may correct the prior day's closing price and lift the Short Sale Price Test before the Short Sale Period ends.

As proposed, the amendments to IEX Rule 11.290 are substantially identical to Bats Rule 11.19.

2. Statutory Basis

IEX believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with the provisions of Section 6 of the Act, in general and with Sections 6(b)³⁴ of the Act in general, and furthers the objectives of Sections 6(b)(5) of the Act, ³⁵ in particular, in that it is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to foster cooperation and coordination with persons engaged in facilitating transactions in securities, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest. The Exchange believes that the proposed rule change supports these objectives because it provides for certain

³⁴ 15 U.S.C. 78f.

³⁵ 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

listing regulatory reporting and operational requirements which are consistent with the public interest and the protection of investors.

Short-Interest Reporting

The Exchange believes that it is consistent with the Act to require IEX Members to record and report short interest in securities listed on IEX, to the extent not otherwise reported to FINRA. As discussed in the Purpose section, recording and reporting of short interest provides transparency regarding aggregate short interest and is also used by FINRA for regulatory purposes, including to assess compliance with Regulation SHO. The Exchange believes that requiring short interest recording and reporting by IEX Members in securities listed on IEX is thus consistent with the public interest and the protection of investors in support of these objectives. Further, the Exchange believes that the requirement that all IEX Members record and report short interest is equitable and not unfairly discriminatory because the requirement will result in all IEX Members being subject to such requirements, regardless of whether such Member is a member of FINRA.

The Exchange also notes that proposed Rule 3.293 is substantially identical to FINRA Rule 4560 and Nasdaq Rule 3360, as described in the Purpose section, and thus the Exchange does not believe it raises any new or novel issues not already considered by the Commission.

Notification Requirements for Offering Participants

The Exchange believes that it is consistent with the Act to require IEX Members that are offering participants to provide the specified notifications to IEX in such form as specified by IEX, which, as discussed in the Purpose section, will be to FINRA through the Firm Gateway. The Exchange believes that imposing the specified notification requirements, and specifying that notification be to FINRA through the Firm Gateway, is consistent with the public interest and the

protection of investors, since FINRA must receive such notifications in order to monitor IEX Members and other market participants for compliance with Regulation M. As described in the Purpose section, as part of FINRA's program to monitor for compliance with Regulation M, and pursuant to IEX regulatory services agreement with FINRA and allocation to FINRA pursuant to Rule 17d-2 under the Act, FINRA reviews trading and quoting activity for prohibited purchases, bids or attempts to induce bids or purchases during the applicable restricted period and for prohibited short sales during the restricted period prior to the pricing of an offering. Thus, FINRA must receive pertinent distribution related information in a timely fashion to facilitate its review of IEX Members' compliance with Regulation M. Accordingly, IEX believes that requiring such notifications is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest.

Further, the Exchange believes that imposition of the notification requirements is equitable and not unfairly discriminatory because all IEX Members will be subject to such requirements in the same manner.

The Exchange also notes that the proposed amendments to Rule 11.160 are substantially identical to those specified in NYSE Rule 5190 and substantially similar to FINRA Rule 5190, as described in the Purpose section, and thus the Exchange does not believe that the proposed amendments raise any new or novel issues not already considered by the Commission.

Short Sale Circuit Breaker Restriction

The Exchange believes that it is consistent with the Act to amend IEX Rule 11.290 to adopt provisions regarding the required determinations and processes related to the short sale circuit breaker, as required by Rule 201 of Regulation SHO, as described in the Purpose section. Further, the Exchange believes that the rule amendments are equitable and not unfairly discriminatory because such amendments will apply to all IEX Members in the same manner.

The Exchange also believes that the rule amendments are consistent with the Act, since they are designed to encourage fair and orderly trading and markets. Additionally, as proposed the rule amendments are substantially identical to Bats Rule 11.19, and thus the Exchange does not believe that the proposed amendments raise any new or novel issues not already considered by the Commission.

B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition

IEX does not believe that the proposed rule change will result in any burden on competition that is not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. As described in the Purpose and Statutory Basis sections, the proposed rule change effectuates listing regulatory reporting and operational requirements and is not designed to address or advance any competitive issues. To the contrary, the Exchange believes that the proposed rule change facilitates competition since it is designed to effectuate IEX's operation as a listing market thereby enhancing competition with the other listing markets.

C. <u>Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule</u>
<u>Change Received from Members, Participants, or Others</u>

Written comments were neither solicited nor received.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action

Because the foregoing proposed rule change does not: (i) significantly affect the

protection of investors or the public interest; (ii) impose any significant burden on competition;

and (iii) become operative for 30 days from the date on which it was filed, or such shorter time

as the Commission may designate, it has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the

Act³⁶ and Rule 19b-4(f)(6) thereunder.³⁷

³⁶ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

³⁷ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6).

A proposed rule change filed under Rule 19(b)-4(f)(6) normally does not become operative prior to 30 days after the date of the filing. However, pursuant to Rule 19b-4(f)(6)(iii), the Commission may designate a shorter time if such action is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest. The Exchange has asked the Commission to waive the 30-day operative delay so that the proposal may become operative immediately upon filing. The Commission believes that waiving the 30-day operative delay is consistent with the protection of investors and the public interest because the proposed rule change is substantially identical to the rules of other self-regulatory organizations and thus raises no novel issues. Accordingly, the Commission hereby waives the 30-day operative delay and designates the proposed rule change as operative upon filing. 40

At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission shall institute proceedings under Section 19(b)(2)(B)⁴¹ of the Act to determine whether the proposed rule change should be approved or disapproved.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Rule 19b-4(f)(6) requires an SRO to give the Commission written notice of its intent to file the proposed rule change at least five business days prior to the date of filing the proposed rule change, or such shorter time as designated by the Commission. See 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6). The Exchange has satisfied this requirement.

See <u>supra</u> notes 12-13 and accompanying text and <u>supra</u> note 20 and accompanying text. See also Bats Rule 11.19.

For purposes only of waiving the operative delay for this proposal, the Commission has considered the proposed rule's impact on efficiency, competition, and capital formation. <u>See</u> 15 U.S.C. 78c(f).

⁴¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2)(B).

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments:

- Use the Commission's Internet comment form (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml); or
- Send an email to <u>rule-comments@sec.gov</u>. Please include File Number SR-IEX-2017-39
 on the subject line.

Paper Comments:

 Send paper comments in triplicate to Brent J. Fields, Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to File Number SR-IEX-2017-39. This file number should be included in the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's Internet website (http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090. Copies of the filing will also be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal

identifying information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR-IEX-2017-39 and should be submitted on or before [insert date 21 days from publication in the Federal Register]. For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.⁴²

Eduardo A. Aleman Assistant Secretary

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² 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).