

**EXHIBIT 5**

Below is the text of the proposed rule change. Proposed new language is underlined; proposed deletions are in brackets.

\* \* \* \* \*

**2200. COMMUNICATIONS AND DISCLOSURES**

\* \* \* \* \*

**2214. Requirements for the Use of Investment Analysis Tools**

(a) through (d) No Change.

**••• Supplementary Material: -----**

**.01** through **.02** No Change.

**.03 [Material Changes to Disclosures.** After the Department has reviewed the investment analysis tool, written-report template, or retail communication, a member must notify the Department and provide additional access to the tool and re-file any template, or retail communication if it makes a material change to the presentation of information or disclosures as required by paragraphs (c) and (d).]

**[.04] Investment Analysis Tools Used with Institutional Investors.** A member that offers an investment analysis tool exclusively to “institutional investors,” as defined in Rule 2210(a)(4), is not subject to the post-use access and filing requirement in paragraph (a) of this Rule if the communications relating to or produced by the tool meet the criteria for “institutional communication,” as defined in Rule 2210(a)(3). A member that intends to make the tool available to, or that intends to use the tool or any related report with, any “retail investor,” as defined in Rule 2210(a)(6) (such as an employee benefit plan participant or a retail broker-dealer customer), will be subject to the filing and access requirements, however.

**.04[5] Compliance with Other Applicable Laws and Rules.** As in all cases, a member's compliance with this Rule does not mean that the member is acting in conformity with other applicable laws and rules. A member that offers an investment analysis tool under this Rule (whether customers use the member's tool independently or with assistance from the member) is responsible for ensuring that use of the investment analysis tool and all recommendations based on the investment analysis tool (whether made via the automated tool or a written report) comply, as applicable, with FINRA's suitability rule (Rule 2111), the other provisions of Rule 2210 (including, but not limited to, the principles of fair dealing and good faith, the prohibition on exaggerated, unwarranted or misleading statements or claims, and any other applicable filing requirements for retail communications), the federal securities laws (including, but not limited to, the antifraud provisions), the SEC rules (including, but not limited to, Securities Act Rule 156) and other FINRA rules.

**.05[6] Incidental References to Investment Analysis Tools.** A retail communication that contains only an incidental reference to an investment analysis tool (e.g., a brochure that merely mentions a member's tool as one of the services offered by the member) need not include the disclosures required by this Rule and would not need to be filed with the Department, unless otherwise required by the other provisions of Rule 2210. A retail communication that refers to an investment analysis tool in more detail but does not provide access to the tool or the results generated by the tool must provide the disclosures required by paragraphs (c)(2) and (c)(4), but may exclude the disclosures required by paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(3).

**.06[7] Investment Analysis Tools that Favor Certain Securities.** The disclosure required by paragraph (c)(3) must indicate, among other things, whether the investment analysis tool searches, analyzes or in any way favors certain securities within the universe of securities considered based on revenue received by the member in connection with the sale of those securities or based on relationships or understandings between the member and the entity that created the investment analysis tool. The disclosure also must indicate whether the investment analysis tool is limited to searching, analyzing or in any way favoring securities in which the member makes a market, serves as underwriter, or has any other direct or indirect interest. Members are not required to provide a “negative” disclosure (i.e., a disclosure indicating that the tool does not favor certain securities).

\* \* \* \* \*

**7700. CHARGES FOR OTC REPORTING FACILITY, OTC BULLETIN BOARD AND TRADE REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE ENGINE SERVICES**

\* \* \* \* \*

**7730. Trade Reporting and Compliance Engine (TRACE)**

The following charges shall be paid by participants for the use of the Trade Reporting and Compliance Engine ("TRACE"):

<b>System Fees</b>	<b>Transaction Reporting Fees</b>	<b>Data Fees</b>
No Change to Chart		

(a) through (f) No Change.

(g) Definitions

(1) through (5) No Change.

(6) "End-of-Day TRACE Transaction File" as used in Rule 7730 means a daily file that includes all transaction data disseminated as part of Real-Time TRACE transaction data on that day and is separately available for each data set for which Real-Time TRACE transaction data is available (i.e., the Corporate Bond Data Set, Agency Data Set, SP Data Set, and Rule 144A Data Set). The End-of-Day TRACE Transaction File is made available daily after the TRACE system closes.

**[(6)](7) TRACE Security Activity Report**

The "TRACE Security Activity Report" is a monthly report containing basic descriptive security elements, aggregate par value volume information, number of transactions, number of unique market participant identifiers ("MPIDs"), and top 5 statistics for disseminated transactions in Corporate and Agency Bonds. The TRACE Security Activity Report will be delayed a minimum of 90 days.

**(A) Par Value Volume Information**

The aggregate par value volume information provided in the TRACE Security Activity Report will include the total par value traded, par value traded of customer buys, par value traded of customer sells, and par value traded of interdealer transactions. For uncapped transactions, the aggregate par value volume information will reflect the actual trade size of each transaction. If there are six or more capped transactions disseminated during the calendar month, the aggregate par value volume information will reflect the actual trade size of each transaction, as well as the par

value traded within specified size categories. If there are fewer than six disseminated capped transactions during the calendar month, the aggregate par value volume information will reflect the capped volumes disseminated by TRACE.

(B) Number of Transactions

The transaction totals provided in the TRACE Security Activity Report will include the total number of transactions, the number of customer buys, the number of customer sells, and the number of interdealer transactions. If there are six or more capped transactions disseminated during the calendar month, the report will provide the total number of transactions and an estimate (provided as incremental ranges) of the number of transactions with a par value volume within specified size categories.

(C) Number of Unique Market Participant Identifiers and Top 5 Statistics

The TRACE Security Activity Report will provide the number of unique reporting MPIDs (displaying the actual number of unique MPIDs where there are six or more unique MPIDs or "1 to 5," as applicable) and the number of unique reporting MPIDs for disseminated capped transactions (displaying the actual number of unique MPIDs where there are six or more unique MPIDs, or "0" or "1 to 5," as applicable); the percentage of the total number of transactions traded by the top five

MPIDs for each CUSIP; and the percentage of total par value traded by the top five MPIDs for each CUSIP.

(h) No Change.

\* \* \* \* \*

**9200. DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS**

\* \* \* \* \*

**9217. Violations Appropriate for Disposition Under Plan Pursuant to SEA Rule**

**19d-1(c)(2)**

Any member of FINRA that is also a member of the New York Stock Exchange LLC ("NYSE") ("Dual Member") (including any persons affiliated with such member) may be subject to a fine under Rule 9216(b) with respect to any rule or By-Law provision listed in this Rule that applies to such member or person. However, any Dual Member that was not also a member of NASD as of July 30, 2007 and that does not engage in any activities that otherwise would require it to be a FINRA member (and its affiliated persons that are not otherwise subject to NASD rules) shall only be subject to a fine under Rule 9216(b) with respect to the following rules or By-Law provisions listed in this Rule: any FINRA By-Law or Schedule to the By-Laws, FINRA rule, SEA rule, or NYSE rule.

Any member of FINRA that is not also a member of the NYSE (and its associated persons that are not otherwise subject to NYSE rules) may be subject to a fine under Rule 9216(b) with respect to any rule or By-Laws provision listed in this Rule, with the exception of the NYSE rules.

- Article IV of the FINRA By-Laws — Failure to timely submit amendments to Form BD.

- Article V of the FINRA By-Laws — Failure to timely submit amendments to Form U4.

- Article V of the FINRA By-Laws — Failure to timely submit amendments to Form U5.

- Schedule A. Sec. 1(b) of the FINRA By-Laws — Failure to make accurate payment of Trading Activity Fee.

- Rule 1250 — Failure to comply with the continuing education requirements.

- Rules 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2215, and 2216 — Communications with the public.

- Rule 2220 — Options Communications.

- Rule 2251(a) — Failure to timely forward proxy and other issuer-related materials.

- Rule 2266 — Failure to provide written notification of availability of SIPC information at account opening or annually thereafter.

- Rule 2360(b)(3) and (b)(4) — Failure to comply with options position and exercise limits.

- Rule 2360(b)(5) — Failure to report options positions.

- Rule 2360(b)(23) — Failure to comply with contrary exercise advice procedures.

- Rule 3110 — Failure to maintain adequate written supervisory procedures where the underlying conduct is subject to Rule 9217.

- Rule 3160(a)(1), (3), (4) and (5) — Standards of conduct for conducting broker-dealer services on or off the premises of a financial institution pursuant to a networking arrangement, but excluding the networking agreement requirements.

- Rule 3170 — Failure to timely file reports pursuant to the Taping Rule.

- Rule 3210 — Failure to obtain consent of employer member, or give notification to executing member.

- Rule 4311(b) — Failure to obtain approval of carrying agreement.

- Rule 4360(b) — Failure to maintain adequate fidelity bond coverage.

- Rule 4370(a), (b), (c), (e) and (f) — Requirements to create, maintain and update a written business continuity plan and disclosure of such to customers.

- Rule 4510 Series — Failure to keep and preserve books, accounts, records, memoranda, and correspondence in conformance with all applicable laws, rules, regulations and statements of policy promulgated thereunder, and with FINRA rules.

- Rule 4517 — Failure to report, review or update executive representative designation and contact information.

- Rule 4521(d) — Failure to submit reports of cash and margin account balances.

- Rule 4524 — Failure to timely file or filing of incomplete reports or information.

- Rule 4530 — Failure to timely file reports.

- Rule 4560 — Failure to timely file reports of short positions on Form NS-1.

- Rule 4590 — Failure to synchronize business clocks used for recording date and time as required by applicable FINRA By-laws and rules.



- Rule 5110(b) — Failure to timely file or filing of incomplete documents or information.
- Rule 5121(a) — Failure to prominently disclose conflict of interest.
- Rule 5121(b)(2) — Failure to give timely notification of termination or settlement of public offering, or failure to file net capital computation.
- Rule 5122(b)(2) — Failure to timely file private placement documents.
- Rule 5190 — Failure to give timely notification of participation in offerings.
- Rules 6282, 6380A, 6380B, 6550, 6622, 6730, 7130, 7160, 7230A, 7230B, 7260A, 7260B, 7330, and 7360 — Transaction reporting in equity and debt securities.
- Rules 6181 and 6623 — Failure to timely report transactions in NMS, OTC and restricted equity securities.
- Rules 6182 and 6624 — Failure to accurately mark short sale transactions in NMS and OTC equity securities.
- Rule 6250 — Failure to comply with quote and order access requirements for FINRA's Alternative Display Facility.
- Rule 6760 — Failure to give timely or complete notification concerning offerings of TRACE-Eligible Securities.
- [• Rule 7430 — Failure to synchronize business clocks used for recording date and time as required by applicable FINRA By-laws and rules.]
- Rules 7440 and 7450 — Failure to submit data in accordance with the Order Audit Trail System ("OATS").
- Rules 8211 and 8213 — Failure to submit trading data as requested.
- Rule 11870 — Failure to abide by Customer Account Transfer Contracts.

- NASD Rules 1021(d) — Failure to timely register.
- Failure to provide or update contact information as required by FINRA or

NASD rules.

- SEA Rules 17a-3(a) and 17a-4 — Record retention rule violations.
- SEA Rule 10b-10 — Confirmation of Transactions.
- SEA Rule 17a-5 — Failure to timely file FOCUS reports and annual audit

reports.

- SEA Rule 17a-10 — Failure to timely file Schedule I.
- Rule 200(g) of SEC Regulation SHO — Failure to accurately mark sell orders

of equity securities.

- Rule 602(b)(5) of SEC Regulation NMS — Failure to properly update

published quotations in certain Electronic Communication Networks ("ECNs").

- Rule 604 of SEC Regulation NMS — Failure to properly display limit orders.
- Rule 605(a)(1) and (3) of SEC Regulation NMS — Failure to timely report or

provide complete order execution information.

- Rule 606 of SEC Regulation NMS — Failure to timely disclose or provide

complete order routing information.

- MSRB Rule A-12(c) and (f) — Failure to timely pay annual fee and failure to

designate and update electronic mail contact information for communications with

MSRB.

- MSRB Rules G-2 and G-3 (b)(ii)(D) and (c)(ii)(D) — Failure to timely register.

- MSRB Rule G-3(i) — Failure to comply with the continuing education

requirements.

- MSRB Rule G-6 — Failure to maintain adequate fidelity bond coverage.
- MSRB Rules G-8 and G-9 — Record retention rule violations.
- MSRB Rule G-10(a) — Failure to deliver investor brochure to customers

promptly.

- MSRB Rule G-12 — Failure to abide by uniform practice rules.
- MSRB Rule G-14 — Failure to submit reports.
- MSRB Rule G-21 — Advertising.
- MSRB Rule G-27(c) — Failure to maintain adequate written supervisory

procedures where the underlying conduct is subject to Rule 9217.

- MSRB Rule G-32 — Failure to timely submit reports.
- MSRB Rule G-37 — Failure to timely submit reports for political contributions.
- NYSE Rules 312(a), (b) and (c), 313, 345.12, and 345.17 — Reporting rule

violations.

- NYSE Rule 312(i) — Failure to obtain approval rule violations.
- NYSE Rules 311(b)(5) and 344 — Failure of a member organization to have

individuals responsible and qualified for the positions of Financial Principal, Operations Principal, Compliance Official, Branch Office Manager and Supervisory Analyst.

- NYSE Rule 345(a) — Failure of a member organization to have individuals responsible and qualified for the positions of Securities Lending Supervisor and Securities Trader Supervisor.

- NYSE Rule 408(a) — Requirement that written authorization be obtained for discretionary power in a customer's account.

- NYSE Rule 416A — Failure to promptly provide or promptly update required membership profile information through the Electronic Filing Platform ("EFP"), or failure to electronically certify that required membership profile information is complete and accurate.

\* \* \* \* \*