Electronic Freedom of Information Act Processing System (eFOIA) PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT (PIA)



March 6, 2025

Office of Support Operations

Publication History

Revision	Date	Changes Made
Initial	05/07/2002	Original Document
1	01/29/2016	Review and Update
2	06/30/2021	Review and Update
3	03/06/2025	Updated for compliance with E.O. 14168

Privacy Impact Assessment eFOIA

Section I: System Overview

1.1	Name of Project or System
	Electronic Freedom of Information Act Processing System (eFOIA)
1.2	Is the system internally or externally hosted?
	☑ Internally Hosted (SEC)
	☐ Externally hosted (Contractor
	or other agency/organization):
1.3	Reason for completing PIA
	☐ New project or system
	□ This is an existing system undergoing an update
	First developed: 5/7/2002
	Last updated: 03/06/2025
	Description of update: Updated for compliance with E.O. 14168
1.4	Does the system or program employ any of the following technologies?
	☐ Electronic Data Warehouse (EDW)
	□ Social Media
	☐ Mobile Application (or GPS)
	☐ Cloud Computing Services
	www.sec.gov Web Portal
	None of the Above

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Section 2: Authority and Purpose of Collection

2.1 Describe the project and its purpose or function in the SEC's IT environment

The eFOIA system is used by the Office of FOIA Services (OFS) to track and process Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), Privacy Act (PA), and SEC Rule 83 (Confidential Treatment Procedure) requests. A typical transaction may consist of a request from the public for non-public records under the FOIA, for public information which has not been published to the SEC Website under the FOIA, (i.e., paper registration filings and other routine releases of the Commission prior to 1996), or requests under the PA. OFS will release records to a requester to the extent that information within the records is not subject to exemption or exclusion.

The eFOIA system consists of two components: FOIAXpress (FX) and Public Access Link (PAL). FX is a suite of commercial off the shelf (COTS) products developed by AINS Inc. to electronically track and manage FOIA and PA requests. FX is used by SEC staff to electronically create, store, retrieve, redact, and print documents for delivery to FOIA requesters. It also keeps track of FOIA processing statistics and fees, and generates reports on the number, types, and nature of FOIA requests processed, as required by the US Department of Justice.

PAL allows requesters, who have submitted FOIA requests, to track their submissions online and allows other interested parties to check the status of pending requests. Two types of users will be able to access PAL. The first type of users are individuals who have previously submitted a request and are seeking a status on that request. These individuals will log in using the same username and password created when they registered their account in PAL. The second type of users are individuals who have not previously registered in PAL, but are interested in the status of any FOIA request. In order to view the status, these users will need to input a FOIA case number. Once this information is entered, the second user will be able to view limited information regarding the FOIA request including: (1) the current status of the FOIA request (i.e. pending, in process, etc.); (2) the FOIA control number; and (3) the date the FOIA request was received by the SEC.

2.2 What specific legal authorities, arrangements, and/or agreements allow the information to be collected?

Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) (5 U.S.C. §552) and the Privacy Act (PA) (5 U.S.C. §552a); Executive Order 9397; SEC Rule 83 (Confidential Treatment Procedure).

2.3	Does the project use or collect Social Security numbers (SSNs)? This includes truncated SSNs.	
	⊠ No	
	□ Yes	
	If yes, provide the purpose of	
	collection:	
	If yes, provide the legal authority:	
2.4	Do you retrieve data in the system by using a personal identifier?	
	□ No	
	☐ Yes, a SORN is in progress	
	∀es, there is an existing SORN	
	SEC-11 ("Freedom of Information and Privacy Act Requests")	
2.5	Is the information covered by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA)?	
	⊠ No	
	□ Yes	

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2.6 Considering the purpose of the collection, what privacy risks were identified and how were those risks mitigated?

The purpose of this collection is to enable OFS to track and process record requests and appeals under the Freedom of Information Act, access, notification, and amendment requests and appeals under the Privacy Act, and confidential treatment requests under SEC Rule 83 (Confidential Treatment Procedure). A privacy risk is that information provided for one purpose may be used inappropriately for another purpose. This risk is low, as information is not collected without a clear purpose or legal authority. The System of Records Notice (SORN) SEC-11, identified in Section 2.4 above, states the intended and authorized purpose for the data collection.

Section 3: Data Collection, Minimization, and Retention

Wh	at information is collected, mair	ntained	used, or disseminated about	indivi	duals? <i>Check all that av</i>	
The system does not collect, maintain, use, or disseminate information about individuals.						
Identifying Numbers						
	Social Security Number		Alien Registration		Financial Accounts	
	Taxpayer ID		Driver's License Number		Financial Transactions	
	Employee ID		Passport Information		Vehicle Identifiers	
\boxtimes	File/Case ID		Credit Card Number		Employer ID	
	Other:					
Ge	neral Personal Data					
\boxtimes	Name		Date of Birth		Marriage Records	
	Maiden Name		Place of Birth		Financial Information	
	Alias	\boxtimes	Home Address		Medical Information	
	Sex	\boxtimes	Telephone Number		Military Service	
	Age	\boxtimes	Email Address		Mother's Maiden Name	
	Race/Ethnicity		Education Records		Health Plan Numbers	
	Civil or Criminal History	\boxtimes	Zip Code			
	Other:					
Wo	ork-Related Data					
	Occupation		Telephone Number		Salary	
	Job Title		Email Address		Work History	
	Work Address		Certificate/License Number		Business Associates	
	PIV Card Information		Fax Number			
	Other:					
	tinguishing Features/		D1			
_	ometrics		Photographs		Genetic Information	
Ш	Fingerprints		Video Recordings			
	Voice Recording/Signature	_				
	Other:		Date/Time of Access		ID Files Accessed	
Sy.	stemeAlministration/Audit					
₽a	taIP Address	, 🗆	Queries Run d changes, & Use of administra		Contents of Files	

3.2 Why is the PII listed in Question 3.1 collected, used, shared, or maintained by the system or project?

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When individuals provide information to the SEC for FOIA and/or PA requests, the SEC uses this information to efficiently and accurately process record requests and administrative appeals under the FOIA and PA, as well as access, notification, and amendment requests and appeals under the PA. Also, the SEC uses such information when defending itself in litigation arising from such requests and appeals; and in assisting the SEC in carrying out any other responsibilities under the FOIA or PA including reporting requirements, such as the Annual FOIA Report.

3.3	Whose information may be collected, used, shared, or maintained by the system?						
	SEC Employees						
		Purpose: Information retrieved in response to a FOIA and/or PA request.					
	\times	SEC Federal Contractors					
		Purpose: Information retrieved in response to a FOIA and/or PA request.					
		Interns					
		Purpose:					
	X	Members of the Public					
		Purpose: When submitting information to the SEC for FOIA and/or PA requests					
		Employee Family Members					
		Purpose:					
		Former Employees					
	_	Purpose:					
		Job Applicants					
		Purpose:					
		Vendors					
	П	Purpose: Other:					
	ш	Purpose:					
		Turpose.					
3.4	Wh	at mechanisms are in place to minimize the use of PII for testing, training, and research efforts?					
	PII	is not used for testing, training, and/or research efforts.					
3.5	Has a retention schedule been established by the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA)?						
		No.					
	X	Yes.					
		eFOIA follows GRS 4.2, Item 020 disposition authority. The records are temporary; Destroy 6 years after final agency action or 3 years after final adjudication by the courts, whichever is later, but longer retention is authorized if required for business use; Requests for confidential treatment are retained for 10 years, unless renewed.					
3.6	Wh	at are the procedures for identification and disposition at the end of the retention period?					

FOIAXpress has a file retention policy built into the application. Management team can produce a report that

provides all documents that fall into the retention period. Retention policy is active currently.

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3.7	Will the system monitor members of the public, employees, and/or contractors?
	⊠ N/A
	☐ Members of the Public
	Purpose:
	☐ Employees
	Purpose:
	☐ Contractors
	Purpose:
3.8	Considering the type of information collected, what privacy risks were identified and how were those risks mitigated?
	The primary privacy risks relating to the type of information collected are risk of unnecessary or excessive collection of information and inadvertent or unauthorized disclosure of non-public information. To mitigate these risks, request applicants are only required to provide basic contact information and need only provide information in boxes marked with red asterisks. FOIAXpress has a file retention policy built into the application. In addition, all data entered into FX is stored within the SEC network. SEC has implemented strict access control measures for authorized users, has implemented record level security to protect designated case files as well as an automatic timeout feature to prevent unauthorized browsing of the information contained within the FOIA tracking system.
	Section 4: Openness and Transparency
4.1	What forms of privacy notice were provided to the individuals prior to collection of data? <i>Check all that apply.</i>
	□ Privacy Act Statement
	PAL Requester Registration Form (https://efoia-pal.sec.gov/app/CreateRequester.aspx)
	System of Records Notice SEC 11 ("Freedom of Information and Privacy Act Requests")
	SEC-11 ("Freedom of Information and Privacy Act Requests") ☑ Privacy Impact Assessment
	Date of Last Update: 1/29/2016
	✓ Web Privacy Policy
	SEC FOIA page (https://www.sec.gov/about/privacy/secprivacyoffice.htm)
	☐ Other notice:
	□ Notice was not provided.
4.2	Considering the method(s) of notice provided, what privacy risks were identified regarding adequate

4.2 Considering the method(s) of notice provided, what privacy risks were identified regarding adequate notice and how were these risks mitigated?

There are no identifiable risks associated with openness and transparency. No mitigation actions are recommended. Individuals receive a Privacy Act Statement when they register for a PAL account to track FOIA requests. This PIA and the associated SORN, Freedom of Information Act and Privacy Act Requests, provide constructive notice of the SEC's information collection practices. The SEC notifies the public, including FOIA/PA requesters, and FOIAXpress system users, about what information is collected in the system, and how it is used and disclosed, through applicable system of records notices that the SEC publishes in the Federal

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Register and posted online. The SEC's website also contains information on FOIA and the Privacy Act at https://www.sec.gov/page/office-foia-services.

	Section 5: Limits on Uses and Sharing of Information					
7 1						
5.1	What types of methods are used to analyze the data?					
	Data collected in eFOIA is not analyzed.					
5.2	Will internal organizations have access to the data?					
0.12	□ No					
	⊠ Yes					
	Organizations: Data will be shared with internal organizations. Internally, requests are referred to FOIA					
	liaisons in SEC Divisions and Offices to provide responsive records; SEC Office of					
	Information Technology (OIT) staff and contract support staff have access to the data in					
	order to provide system administration and support.					
5.3	Describe the risk to privacy from internal sharing and describe how the risks are mitigated.					
	The privacy risk associated with internal sharing is inadvertent or unauthorized disclosure of information to					
	individuals without authorization. To mitigate this risk, all authorized SEC users who have access to data in the					
	system must have the approval of the FOIA Program Manager before access is granted to the system.					
	Additionally, the system's functional security limits a user's access to specific functions and regulates a user's ability to update data for a specific function. All access granted is determined on a "need to know" basis. In					
	addition, SEC has implemented strict access control measures for authorized users, has implemented record					
	level security to protect designated case files and an automatic timeout feature to prevent unauthorized browsing					
	of the information contained within the FOIA tracking system.					
5.4	Will external organizations have access to the data?					
	⊠ No					
	□ Yes					
	Organizations:					
5.5	Describe the risk to privacy from external sharing and describe how the risks are mitigated.					
	The privacy risk from external sharing is unauthorized disclosure. This risk is mitigated by making external					
	disclosures only in accordance with SEC SORN SEC-11. In addition, data transmitted electronically is secured					
	by encryption.					
	Section 6: Data Quality and Integrity					
	Section of Duca Quanty and Integrity					
6.1	Is the information collected directly from the individual or from another source?					
	☑ Directly from the individual.					
	□ Other					
	source(s):					
6.2	What methods will be used to collect the data?					

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Members of the public and SEC employees and contractors may file FOIA and Privacy Act requests with SEC by mail, fax, email, Webform or online via the PAL request form. PAL allows requesters, who have submitted FOIA requests, to track their submissions online and allow other interested parties to check the status of pending requests.

6.3 How will the data collected from individuals, or derived by the system, be checked for accuracy and completeness?

Individuals submitting requests are responsible for ensuring that the information they submit is accurate. SEC FOIA liaisons review potentially responsive records and confirm that the information in the records match the information requested.

6.4	Doe	Does the project or system process, or access, PII in any other SEC system?				
	\times	No				
		Yes.				
		System(s):				

6.5 Consider the sources of the data and methods of collection and discuss the privacy risk for this system related to data quality and integrity. How are these risks mitigated?

There is a potential risk associated with data quality and integrity because requester information may be manually entered into the system by SEC staff. This risk is mitigated as requester information is collected directly from the requesters to the greatest extent practicable. Specifically, the PAL component of the system allows users to enter their requests and contact information directly into the system, and they have the ability to update their information at any time, thereby helping to enhance the accuracy and timeliness of their information. In addition, as a regular course of business, FOIA analysts perform quality checks to ensure that the requester's attestation and proof of identity appear to be legitimate and match the information provided by the requester. Additionally, all requests are carefully reviewed prior to releasing records to the requester. Further, the system has built-in data integrity checks to ensure that certain fields are correctly populated.

Section 7: Individual Participation

7.1 What opportunities are available for individuals to consent to uses, decline to provide information, or opt out of the project? If no opportunities are available to consent, decline or opt out, please explain.

When information is collected directly from the individual, the SEC Privacy Program ensures that Privacy Act (e)(3) statements and other privacy notices are provided, as necessary, to individuals prior to the collection of PII. This implied consent from individuals authorizes the collection of the information provided. Additionally, this PIA and the SORN(s) listed in 2.4 serve as notice of the information collection.

7.2 What procedures will allow individuals to access their information?

Persons wishing to obtain information on the procedures for gaining access to the contents of records may contact the FOIA/Privacy Act Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549-2736.

7.3 Can individuals amend information about themselves in the system? If so, how?

Persons wishing to amend information about themselves in the system may contact the FOIA/Privacy Act Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549-2736.

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7.4	Discuss the p	rivacv ri	sks related to	individual	participation	and redress.	How were t	hese risks	mitigated?
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There are no identifiable risks associated with access and amendment for FOIA. No mitigation actions are recommended.

	Section 8: Security
0 1	D 4h
8.1	Does the project or system involve online collection of personal data? □ No
	□ Yes
	Public https://efoia-pal.sec.gov/
	URL:
8.2	Does the site have a posted privacy notice?
	□ No
	✓ Yes - https://efoia-pal.sec.gov/app/CreateRequester.aspx
	\square N/A
8.3	Does the project or system use web measurement and/or customization technologies?
0.5	No No
	eFOIA does not use third party web measurement and/or customization technologies to measure and
	customize the user's experience.
	☐ Yes but they do not collect PII
	☐ Yes and they collect PII
	Section 9: Accountability and Auditing
	Section 3. Recountaining and Radicing
9.1	Describe what privacy training is provided to users, either generally or specifically relevant to the system
	or project.
	All SEC staff and contractors receive annual privacy awareness training, which outlines their roles and
	responsibilities for properly handling and protecting PII.
9.2	Does the system generate reports that contain information on individuals?
	⊠ No
	□ Yes
9.3	Do contracts for the system include Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) and other applicable clauses
,	ensuring adherence to the privacy provisions and practices?
	□ No
	□ Yes
	☐ This is not a contractor operated system
0.4	
9.4	Does the system employ audit logging or event logging? □ No
	□ No ⊠ Yes
	Splunk is currently monitoring FOIAXpress error logs. Error logs e:/Program Files (x86)\AINS
	FOIAXpress\Logs\FOIAXpress\ErrorLog*.txt and monitoring the server logs. The error log will pick up

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application errors and the Server logs will pick up updates, and event logs. Audit trails are also found in FOIAXpress where you can look at failed login attempts, password changes, time in software, as well as what he/she does in the application. The eFOIA Team produces an audit report semi-annually called the User Access Review that is also reviewed by the SEC OIT Security program. Audit logs are retained in consistency with the SEC records retention policy.

9.5 Given the sensitivity of the PII in the system, manner of use, and established safeguards, describe the expected residual risk related to access.

Residual risk related to access can include the inadvertent handling or misuse of data. To minimize this risk, authentication to eFOIA is achieved via SSO (once a user has authenticated to the SEC network) and system privileges (including access to information) are granted based on defined roles.