## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C.

SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 Release No. 99272 / January 4, 2024

Admin. Proc. File No. 3-21694

In the Matter of

THE DOCS, INC.

#### OPINION OF THE COMMISSION

SECTION 12(j) PROCEEDING

Grounds for Remedial Action

### Failure to Comply with Periodic Filing Requirements

Company failed to file periodic reports in violation of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Exchange Act Rules 13a-1 and 13a-13. *Held*, it is in the public interest to revoke the registration of the company's securities.

#### APPEARANCES:

Samantha Williams and Sandhya C. Harris for the Division of Enforcement

Respondent THE DOCS, INC. (CIK No. 0001800943) ("Respondent"), an issuer with a class of securities registered with the Commission, failed to file an answer in response to an order instituting proceedings ("OIP") alleging that it did not file required periodic reports. Though it failed to respond to the OIP, Respondent filed a Form 15 seeking to terminate the registration of its securities. Respondent also failed to respond to an order to show cause why it should not be found in default and to the Division of Enforcement's motion to expedite the proceeding and find Respondent in default before the Form 15 becomes effective. We now expedite the proceeding, find Respondent to be in default, deem the allegations of the OIP to be true, and revoke the registrations of its securities.

#### I. Background

# A. The Commission issued an OIP against Respondent alleging that it violated the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules thereunder by failing to file required periodic reports.

On September 21, 2023, the Commission issued the OIP against Respondent pursuant to Section 12(j) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. As relevant here, Section 12(j) authorizes the Commission as it deems necessary or appropriate for the protection of investors to revoke the registration of a security if the Commission finds, on the record after notice and opportunity for hearing, that the issuer of such security has failed to comply with any provision of the Exchange Act or the rules and regulations thereunder.<sup>3</sup>

As explained in the OIP, Exchange Act Section 13(a) and the rules promulgated thereunder require issuers of securities registered pursuant to Exchange Act Section 12 to file with the Commission current and accurate information in periodic reports.<sup>4</sup> The periodic reports must be filed even if the registration is voluntary under Section 12(g).<sup>5</sup> Specifically, Rule 13a-1 requires issuers to file annual reports, and Rule 13a-13 generally requires domestic issuers to file quarterly reports.<sup>6</sup> These requirements are imposed "for the proper protection of investors and to insure fair dealing" in an issuer's securities.<sup>7</sup> A violation of these provisions does not require scienter.<sup>8</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> *THE DOCS, INC.*, Exchange Act Release No. 98469, 2023 WL 6194847 (Sept. 21, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> THE DOCS, INC., Exchange Act Release No. 98872, 2023 WL 7379485 (Nov. 7, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 15 U.S.C. § 78*l*(j).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See id. §§ 78m(a), 78l.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See id. §§ 78m(a), 78l(g).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> 17 C.F.R. §§ 240.13a-1, .13a-13.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> 15 U.S.C. § 78m(a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Advanced Life Scis. Holdings, Inc., Exchange Act Release No. 81253, 2017 WL 3214455, at \*2 (July 28, 2017) (citing Citizens Cap. Corp., Exchange Act Release No. 67313,

Here, the OIP alleges that Respondent is an active Nevada corporation located in Las Vegas, Nevada, with a class of securities registered with the Commission pursuant to Exchange Act Section 12(g). The OIP further alleges that Respondent is delinquent in its periodic filings with the Commission, having not filed any periodic reports since it filed a Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2022, which reported a net loss of \$11,172 for the prior nine months.

The OIP additionally alleges that Respondent either failed to heed a delinquency letter sent to it by the Division of Corporation Finance requesting compliance with its periodic filing obligations, or failed to maintain a valid address on file with the Commission, as required by Commission Rules, and thus did not receive such letter. The OIP alleges that, as of August 7, 2023, Respondent's common stock was not publicly quoted or traded.

The OIP directed Respondent to file an answer to the allegations contained therein within ten days after service, as provided by Rule 220(b) of the Commission's Rules of Practice. The OIP informed Respondent that if it failed to answer, it may be deemed in default, the proceedings may be determined against it upon consideration of the OIP, and the allegations in the OIP may be deemed to be true as provided in the Rules of Practice. 10

As set forth below, Respondent did not answer the OIP. However, on October 10, 2023, it filed a Form 15, seeking to terminate the registration of its securities under Exchange Act Section 12(g). A Form 15 generally takes effect 90 days after it is filed, meaning that the Form 15 that Respondent filed on October 10, 2023, would become effective on January 8, 2024.<sup>11</sup>

### B. Respondent failed to answer the OIP, respond to a show cause order, or respond to the Division's motion for default and expedited consideration.

Respondent was properly served with the OIP but did not answer it. On November 7, 2023, more than ten days after service on Respondent, the Commission ordered it to show cause by November 21, 2023, why the registration of its securities should not be revoked by default due to its failure to file an answer or otherwise to defend this proceeding. Respondent was warned that if it "fail[ed] to respond to th[e] order to show cause, it may be deemed in default, the proceeding may be determined against it, and the registration of its securities may be

<sup>2012</sup> WL 2499350, at \*5 (June 29, 2012)); accord SEC v. McNulty, 137 F.3d 732, 740–41 (2d Cir. 1998).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> 17 C.F.R. § 201.220(b).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See Rule of Practice 155(a), 17 C.F.R. § 201.155(a).

<sup>15</sup> U.S.C. § 78*l*(g)(4); 17 C.F.R. § 240.12g-4; *see also* 15 U.S.C. § 78*l*(g)(4) (providing that a Form 15 will not become effective 90 days after its filing if the Commission institutes proceedings to deny termination of registration on the basis that the information required to be certified on the Form 15 is untrue).

<sup>12</sup> THE DOCS, INC., 2023 WL 7379485.

revoked." $^{13}$  Respondent did not subsequently answer the OIP or respond to the show cause order.

On December 15, 2023, the Division filed a motion to expedite the proceeding, find Respondent in default, and revoke the registration of its securities before the Form 15 becomes effective. Respondent did not respond to the Division's motion.

#### II. Analysis

### A. We exercise our discretion to grant the Division's motion to expedite this proceeding.

We conclude that it is an appropriate exercise of our discretion to grant the Division's motion to expedite consideration of this Section 12(j) proceeding. Once an issuer no longer has a class of securities registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act—e.g., upon the effectiveness of a Form 15—it may be appropriate to dismiss a Section 12(j) proceeding against that issuer because revocation and suspension of registration are the only remedies available in a proceeding instituted under that section. Yet revocation of registration pursuant to Section 12(j) imposes important trading restrictions that do not arise when registration is terminated through the filing of a Form 15. In particular, "[n]o member of a national securities exchange, broker, or dealer shall make use of the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce to effect any transaction in, or to induce the purchase or sale of, any security the registration of which has been . . . revoked pursuant to Section 12(j). Section 12(j).

Under the circumstances, we believe it is appropriate to exercise our discretion to expedite consideration and prioritize the resolution of the Section 12(j) proceeding. Respondent failed to file an answer, respond to the show cause order, or respond to the Division's motion. By failing to participate in this proceeding, Respondent forfeited the opportunity to justify why the trading of its securities should continue despite its recurrent failure to comply with periodic reporting obligations.<sup>17</sup> Moreover, Respondent filed its Form 15 only after the institution of

An order regarding service the Commission issued on October 30, 2023, had previously warned Respondent that, if it did not answer the OIP after being properly served, it could be deemed in default and its securities registration revoked before the January 8, 2024, effective date of the Form 15.

See, e.g., Florida Mun. Power Agency v. FERC, 315 F.3d 362, 366 (D.C. Cir. 2003) (stating that "[a]dministrative agencies enjoy 'broad discretion' to manage their own dockets"); Metwood Inc., Exchange Act Release No. 96589, 2022 WL 18022632, at \*3 (Dec. 28, 2022) (expediting consideration of Section 12(j) proceeding).

NXChain, Inc., Exchange Act Release No. 87479, 2019 WL 5784734, at \*2 & n.12 (Nov. 6, 2019) (collecting cases).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> 15 U.S.C. § 78*l*(j).

See generally Porco v. Huerta, 472 F. App'x 2, 4 (D.C. Cir. 2012) (applying forfeiture to claim that agency should not have remanded case for disposition on "expedited schedule").

proceedings and was repeatedly warned of the consequences of defaulting. We have expedited proceedings in similar circumstances in the past and do so again here. <sup>18</sup>

### B. We hold Respondent in default, deem the OIP's allegations to be true, and find that Respondent violated the Exchange Act by failing to file required periodic reports.

Rule of Practice 220(f) provides that if a respondent fails to file an answer required by the OIP within the time provided, such respondent may be deemed in default pursuant to Rule 155(a). Rule 155(a) permits the Commission to deem such a respondent in default and "determine the proceeding against [it] upon consideration of the record, including the order instituting proceedings, the allegations of which may be deemed to be true. Because Respondent has failed to answer and has not responded to the order to show cause, we find it appropriate to deem Respondent in default and to deem the allegations of the OIP to be true.

The OIP alleges that Respondent had a class of securities registered with the Commission under Exchange Act Section 12(g), and that it has failed to file required annual and quarterly reports. The allegations of the OIP, deemed true, establish that Respondent violated Exchange Act Section 13(a) and the rules thereunder.<sup>21</sup>

## C. We deem it necessary and appropriate to revoke the registration of all classes of Respondent's registered securities.

Section 12(j) authorizes us as we deem "necessary or appropriate for the protection of investors" to revoke the registration of an issuer's securities if the issuer has failed to make required filings.<sup>22</sup> We apply a multifactor test to determine an appropriate sanction, considering, among other things:

[T]he seriousness of the issuer's violations, the isolated or recurrent nature of the violations, the degree of culpability involved, the extent of the issuer's efforts to remedy its past violations and ensure future compliance, and the credibility of its assurances, if any, against further violations.<sup>23</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> See, e.g., Plantation Corp., Exchange Act Release No. 96594, 2022 WL 18024181, at \*3 (Dec. 29, 2022); Metwood Inc., 2022 WL 18022632, at \*3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> 17 C.F.R. § 201.220(f).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> 17 C.F.R. § 201.155(a) (specifically authorizing such action where a respondent fails "[t]o answer... or otherwise to defend the proceeding").

See supra notes 4–8 and accompanying text.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> 15 U.S.C. § 78*l*(j); see also id. § 78m(a); 17 C.F.R. §§ 240.13a-1, .13a-13.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Gateway Int'l Holdings, Inc., Exchange Act Release No. 53907, 2006 WL 1506286, at \*4 (May 31, 2006).

Although these factors are nonexclusive, and no single factor is dispositive, <sup>24</sup> "[w]e have held that a respondent's repeated failure to file its periodic reports on time is 'so serious' a violation of the Exchange Act that only a 'strongly compelling showing' regarding the other . . . factors would justify a sanction less than revocation."<sup>25</sup>

Respondent's violations were recurrent in that it has failed to file required annual and quarterly reports over multiple years.<sup>26</sup> These violations are serious because "reporting requirements are 'the primary tool[s] which Congress has fashioned for the protection of investors from negligent, careless, and deliberate misrepresentations in the sale of stock and securities." An issuer's failure to file periodic reports violates "a central provision of the Exchange Act..., depriv[ing] both existing and prospective holders of its registered stock of the ability to make informed investment decisions based on current and reliable information." That Respondent repeatedly ignored its reporting obligations evinces "a 'high degree of culpability." And because Respondent failed to answer the OIP or otherwise participate in this proceeding, it has submitted no evidence of any efforts to remedy its past violations and ensure future compliance. Nor has it made any assurances against further violations.

Accordingly, each of the factors we analyze favors revocation. Respondent has failed to make a strongly compelling showing to justify another sanction. We find it necessary and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> China-Biotics, Inc., Exchange Act Release No. 70800, 2013 WL 5883342, at \*12 (Nov. 4, 2013).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Calais Res. Inc., Exchange Act Release No. 67312, 2012 WL 2499349, at \*4 (June 29, 2012) (quoting Nature's Sunshine Prods., Inc., Exchange Act Release No. 59268, 2009 WL 137145, at \*7 (Jan. 21, 2009)); accord Am. Stellar Energy, Inc. (n/k/a Tara Gold), Exchange Act Release No. 64897, 2011 WL 2783483, at \*4 (July 18, 2011); Cobalis Corp., Exchange Act Release No. 64813, 2011 WL 2644158, at \*5 (July 6, 2011).

See, e.g., Accredited Bus. Consolidators Corp., Exchange Act Release No. 75840, 2015 WL 5172970, at \*2 (Sept. 4, 2015) (failure to file "any periodic reports for over two years" was recurrent); China-Biotics, 2013 WL 5883342, at \*10 (failure to "file a single periodic report for more than a year and a half" was recurrent); Nature's Sunshine Prods., 2009 WL 137145, at \*5 (failure to file "required filings over the course of the two-year period in the OIP" was recurrent).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Am. 's Sports Voice, Inc., Exchange Act Release No. 55511, 2007 WL 858747, at \*4 n.17 (Mar. 22, 2007) (alteration in original) (quoting SEC v. Beisinger Indus. Corp., 552 F.2d 15, 18 (1st Cir. 1977)).

Accredited Bus. Consolidators, 2015 WL 5172970, at \*2; see also United States v. Arthur Young & Co., 465 U.S. 805, 810 (1984) (observing that "[c]orporate financial statements are one of the primary sources of information available to guide the decisions of the investing public").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> See, e.g., Citizens Cap., 2012 WL 2499350, at \*5 (quoting Am. 's Sports Voice, 2007 WL 858747, at \*3).

appropriate for the protection of investors to revoke the registration of all classes of Respondent's registered securities.

An appropriate order will issue.

By the Commission (Chair GENSLER and Commissioners PEIRCE, CRENSHAW, UYEDA and LIZÁRRAGA).

Vanessa A. Countryman Secretary

## UNITED STATES OF AMERICA before the SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 Release No. 99272 / January 4, 2024

Admin. Proc. File No. 3-21694

In the Matter of

THE DOCS, INC.

#### ORDER IMPOSING REMEDIAL SANCTIONS

On the basis of the Commission's opinion issued this day, it is

ORDERED that the registration of all classes of the registered securities of THE DOCS, INC. (CIK No. 0001800943) under Section 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is hereby revoked pursuant to Exchange Act Section 12(j).

The revocation is effective as of January 5, 2024.

By the Commission.

Vanessa A. Countryman Secretary