CASEY R. FRONK (Illinois State Bar No. 6296535) 1 PRO HAC VICE APPLICATION PENDING FronkC@sec.gov 2 Counsel for Plaintiff U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission 3 351 South West Temple, Suite 6.100 Salt Lake City, UT 84101-1950 Tel.: (801) 524-5796 Fax: (801) 524-3558 4 5 Local Counsel: 6 AMY J. LONGO (Cal. Bar. No. 198304) 444 S. Flower Street, Suite 900 7 Los Angeles, CA 90071 Longo A @ sec. gov Tel: (323) 965-3835 Fax: (213) 443-1904 8 9 10 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 11 12 Case No.: 13 SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, 14 Plaintiff, 15 VS. 16 **COMPLAINT** ALEX DUAIN FORESTER, an 17 individual; MICHAEL ROBERT 18 HICKS, an individual; YARDEN MOSHE MONY KRAMPF, an 19 individual; CHRISTOPHER 20 BYUNGIN LEE, an individual; SEAN ANDREW O'NEAL, an 21 individual; MICHAEL ROY 22 RAYNOR, an individual; and, LEE SOBEL, an individual, 23 Defendants. 24 25 26

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Plaintiff, Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"), alleges as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. The Commission brings this action pursuant to Sections 21(d) and (e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") [15 U.S.C. §§ 78u(d) and (e)] to enjoin such acts, practices, and courses of business, and to obtain civil money penalties and such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and appropriate.
- 2. Defendants Alex Duain Forester, Michael Robert Hicks, Yarden Moshe Mony Krampf, Christopher Byugin Lee, Sean Andrew O'Neal, Michael Roy Raynor, and Lee Sobel were, collectively, involved in the offer and sale of the common stock of numerous companies, with each such stock a "security" as that term is defined under Section 3(a)(10) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78c(a)(10)].
- 3. Each Defendant, directly or indirectly, made use of the mails or the means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce in connection with the conduct alleged in this Complaint.
- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Sections 21(d) and 27 of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. §§ 78u(d) and 78a(a)] and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
- 5. Venue in this District is proper because each Defendant is found in, inhabits, and/or transacted business in the Central District of California and because one or more acts or transactions constituting the violations occurred in the Central District of California.

SUMMARY OF THE ACTION

6. At various points between at least October 2015 and at least November 2019 (the "Relevant Period"), Alex Duain Forester, Michael Robert

Hicks, Yarden Moshe Mony Krampf, Christopher Byungin Lee, Sean Andrew O'Neal, Michael Roy Raynor, and Lee Sobel ("Defendants") were each individually engaged in the solicitation of numerous investors to purchase various securities.

- 7. In aggregate, during the Relevant Period, Defendants earned, collectively and in gross, over \$2.8 million in illicit commissions from their securities solicitation work.
- 8. While engaged in these solicitations, each Defendant was neither registered with the Commission as a broker or dealer nor associated with a broker or dealer registered with the Commission.
- 9. By engaging in this conduct, as further described herein, each Defendant violated and, unless restrained and enjoined by this Court, may continue to violate Section 15(a)(1) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78o(a)(1)].

DEFENDANTS

- 10. Alex Duain Forester (f/k/a Duain Vincent Preitz), age 69, is a resident of Simi Valley, California. Forester was the subject of a 2012 "Desist and Refrain Order" issued by the California Business, Transportation and Housing Agency, Department of Corporations for selling unregistered stock. Forester solicited investors to purchase various securities and received commissions thereby. When called to appear for investigative testimony, Forester admitted to his solicitation conduct.
- 11. **Michael Robert Hicks (a/k/a Mike Rosen)**, age 48, is a resident of Fountain Valley, California. Hicks, who operated through 2 Tone Marketing LLC, solicited investors to purchase various securities and received commissions thereby. When called to appear for investigative testimony, Hicks admitted to his solicitation conduct.

- 12. Yarden Moshe Mony Krampf (a/k/a Jordan Field), age 34, is a resident of Santa Monica, California. Krampf, who operated through Advantage Marketing Associates Inc., directly and indirectly through others solicited investors to purchase various securities and received commissions thereby. When called to appear for investigative testimony, Krampf invoked his Fifth Amendment privilege against self-incrimination.
- 13. Christopher Byungin Lee (a/k/a Christopher Walters), age 27, is a resident of Walnut, California. Lee, who sometimes operated through J.C. Margin, LLC, directly and indirectly through others solicited investors to purchase various securities and received commissions thereby. When called to appear for investigative testimony, Lee invoked his Fifth Amendment privilege against self-incrimination in response to most of the questions posed to him.
- Ryan), age 58, is currently incarcerated at FCI Lompoc with a scheduled release date of July 5, 2023, arising from his prosecution and conviction for wire fraud. O'Neal was the subject of a 2018 "Desist and Refrain Order" issued by the California Business, Consumer Services and Housing Agency, Department of Business Oversight for fraudulently selling unregistered securities. O'Neal, who operated through Penny Pros, LLC and Vanguard Equities, LLC (among others), solicited investors to purchase various securities and received commissions thereby.
- 15. **Michael Roy Raynor**, age 58, is a resident of West Hollywood, California. Raynor, who operated through Martel Marketing Inc., solicited investors to purchase various securities and received commissions thereby. When called to appear for investigative testimony, Raynor invoked his Fifth Amendment privilege against self-incrimination in response to most of the questions posed to him.

16. Lee Sobel (a/k/a Lee Reynolds), age 56, is a resident of Gardena California. Sobel solicited investors to purchase various securities and received commissions thereby. When called to appear for investigative testimony, Sobel invoked his Fifth Amendment privilege against self-incrimination in response to most of the questions posed to him.

FACTS

Defendants' Matched-Trading Scheme

- 17. At points during the Relevant Period, each Defendant, among other activities, engaged in soliciting investors to purchase securities in connection with a scheme referred to herein as a "matched-trading" scheme. The matched-trading scheme is understood to have operated in the following manner:
 - a. Certain individuals, referred to hereinafter as "selling shareholders," through various means obtained large blocks of at least nominally unrestricted shares of small capitalization securities ("microcap") issuers and sought to profit quickly from them by selling the shares into the market. However, likely because they understood that selling large amounts of thinly traded microcap securities through standard brokerage sell orders likely would take a long while and/or cause a collapse in the prices of the shares they sought to sell, the selling shareholders sought out and entered into arrangements with individuals who operated boiler room enterprises employing telephone "solicitors" such as the Defendants. Pursuant to these arrangements, the boiler room operators, through the solicitors they hired, such as the Defendants, undertook to cold call and solicit investors to purchase the selling shareholders' shares at prices set by the selling shareholders or their agents.

- b. The solicitors cold called prospective investors and inquired if the prospective investor had an active brokerage account with online order-entry functionality and, if so, advised the prospective investor about the attractiveness of the security.
- c. If the prospective investor was swayed and decided to purchase the promoted shares, the solicitor inquired of the prospective investor how much money he or she would like to invest.
- d. The solicitor then alerted the boiler room operator as to the prospective investor's interest, and the boiler room operator then contacted the selling shareholder or his or her agent and communicated the total dollar amount that the investor wanted to invest. The selling shareholder or his or her agent then checked the then current level II quotation for the subject security and provided the boiler room operator with a limit order price at or below the then current share price, which was then communicated, through the solicitor, to the prospective investor.
- e. The prospective investor then entered a purchase limit order online in his or her brokerage account at the price provided by the solicitor. Nearly simultaneously, the selling shareholder or his or her agent entered a sale limit order for the same amount of shares at the same price. Via these means, the investor's order and the selling shareholder's order were likely, at least in part, to match with the effect that the selling shareholder was able to liquidate his or her position in the subject security, piecemeal, into a market with ready purchasers while concomitantly increasing the trading volume in the security, which may attract other purchasers.

- f. The selling shareholder and the boiler room operator then communicated about how many shares were matched between the investor and the selling shareholder, and the selling shareholder then paid the boiler room operator a commission payment that was generally between 25% and 50% of the invested funds. The boiler room operator then paid a portion of these commissions to the solicitor responsible for producing the transaction, such as the Defendants.
- 18. During the time that Defendants were involved as solicitors in the above-discussed scheme, none was registered with the Commission as a broker, nor were the Defendants associated with any registered broker-dealers.

Defendants' Participation In The Matched-Trading Scheme Alex Duain Forester

- 19. Defendant Alex Duain Forester first became involved in matched-trading securities solicitation work, as described above, in or around July 2015 when he accepted employment as a solicitor for a boiler room business operated by David Alan Wolfson with offices located in the Los Angeles area.
- 20. Forester received commission payments from Wolfson through at least November 2017 for soliciting investors to purchase securities through matched trades.
- 21. In addition to working in Wolfson's boiler room operation, Forester engaged in securities solicitation work for various other boiler room operators.
- 22. Most notably, between June 2018 and March 2019, Forester worked as a solicitor for a securities solicitation business operated by Defendant Yarden Moshe Mony Krampf and earned commissions totaling at least \$139,719 thereby.
- 23. While working as a solicitor for the Wolfson operation, the Krampf operation, and other boiler rooms, Forester cold called prospective investors, used

scripts to pitch them on one or more investment opportunities, and, under the direction of the boiler room operator, instructed investors to place purchase limit orders at designated prices and volumes.

- 24. Forester received commissions on the securities purchases he was responsible for obtaining.
- 25. Forester also received occasional commission payments on the securities purchases others were responsible for obtaining (known as a commission "override").
- 26. Between October 9, 2015, and July 19, 2019, Forester received at least \$349,875 in commission payments arising from his securities solicitation activities, matched trading and otherwise.

Michael Robert Hicks

- 27. Beginning as early as 2011 and ending in or around November 2019, Defendant Michael Robert Hicks worked as a solicitor for various boiler room operations engaged in the matched-trading scheme described above.
- 28. While working as a solicitor, Hicks sometimes operated under the pseudonym "Mike Rosen."
- 29. Among the boiler room operations Hicks worked for was the David Wolfson operation, in which Hicks periodically worked as a solicitor from at least October 2015 through at least February 2018.
- 30. While working as a solicitor for the Wolfson operation and other boiler rooms, Hicks cold called prospective investors, used scripts to pitch them on one or more investment opportunities, and, under the direction of the boiler room operator, instructed investors to place purchase limit orders at designated prices and volumes.
- 31. Hicks received commissions on the securities purchases he was responsible for obtaining.

32. Hicks also acted as an intermediary by passing commissions on to another solicitor who worked under him.

33. Between October 16, 2015, and December 20, 2019, Hicks and his business received \$180,570 in commission payments arising from his securities solicitation activities, matched trading and otherwise.

Yarden Moshe Mony Krampf

- 34. Sometime towards the end of 2017, Defendant Yarden Moshe Mony Krampf was introduced to the securities solicitation business and set up his own boiler room operation that was engaged in securities solicitation activities, and specifically in the matched-trading scheme described above in paragraph 17.
- 35. Krampf recruited solicitors to work in his operation by posting recruiting advertisements on Craigslist. Krampf provided his solicitors with lead lists that he had purchased, and he and his solicitors used those lists to cold call prospective investors.
- 36. During the time that he ran his securities solicitation operation, Krampf promoted multiple securities, including, principally, a deal promoting the sale of SanSal Wellness Holdings, Inc., which later changed its name to Veritas Farms, Inc.
- 37. Between December 2, 2017, and October 31, 2019, Krampf and his operation received \$345,739 in commission payments. Krampf retained a portion of these commissions and used the remainder to pay the solicitors working for him.

Christopher Byugin Lee

- 38. Defendant Christopher Byugin Lee operated as a securities solicitor from at least February 2016 through at least May 2019.
- 39. Among the boiler room operations Lee worked for was the David Wolfson operation, where he worked as an investor solicitor from at least June 2016 through at least February 2018.

- 40. While working as a solicitor in the Wolfson operation and other boiler rooms, Lee cold called prospective investors, used scripts to pitch them on an investment opportunity, and, under the direction of the boiler room operator, instructed investors to place purchase limit orders at designated prices and volumes.
- 41. Although Lee never operated his own physical boiler room, he recruited others to work remotely for him as securities solicitors.
- 42. To recruit these solicitors, Lee posted Craigslist advertisements which stated, for example, "We are an investor relations firm seeking experienced closers and I.S.O.'s¹ to help raise money for publicly traded companies. You must have market knowledge and sales experience, you will be talking to savvy investors and asking for big money."
- 43. Another Craigslist advertisement posted by Lee stated, "I am looking for remote investment sales pros that have experience in selling stocks, private placements, real estate, REITs, gold/silver, oil/gas, movie deals, or any other investments. You must be comfortable speaking to and negotiating with high net worth individuals. I will provide leads, …"
- 44. Between February 22, 2016, and May 25, 2019, Lee received \$1,160,817 in commission payments arising from his securities solicitation activities, matched trading and otherwise, a portion of which he used to pay the solicitors working under him.

Andrew O'Neal

45. Defendant Andrew O'Neal worked as a securities solicitor for at least two boiler room operations between March 2016 and June 2017.

¹ I.S.O., in this context, is believed to mean independent sales organization or independent sales office.

- 46. Specifically, during this period, O'Neal received commission payments from Conrad Cane, who ran a boiler room operation in the Los Angeles area, and Scott Messier and Jay Scoratow, who jointly ran a boiler room operation from the San Diego area.
- 47. Both the Cane and Messier/Scoratow operations engaged in the matched-trading scheme described above in paragraph 17.
- 48. While working as a solicitor in the Cane and Messier/Scoratow operations, O'Neal cold called prospective investors, used scripts to pitch them on an investment opportunity, and, under the direction of the boiler room operators, instructed investors to place purchase limit orders at designated prices and volumes.
- 49. O'Neal received commissions on the securities purchases he was responsible for obtaining.
- 50. Between March 4, 2016, and June 22, 2017, O'Neal received \$99,276 in commission payments arising from his securities solicitation activities, matched trading and otherwise.

Michael Roy Raynor

- 51. Defendant Michael Roy Raynor worked as a solicitor for various boiler room operations between at least October 2015 and November 2019.
- 52. Among the boiler room operations Raynor worked for are the Wolfson operation and the Cane operation.
- 53. While working as a securities solicitor, Raynor cold called prospective investors, used scripts to pitch them on an investment opportunity, and, under the direction of the boiler room operators, instructed investors to place purchase limit orders at designated prices and volumes.

- 54. As evinced by a document produced by an issuer of a private real estate investment, which listed Raynor as one of its solicitors, Raynor also solicited investments in at least one private securities placement.
- 55. Raynor received commissions on the securities purchases he was responsible for obtaining.
- 56. Between October 16, 2015, and November 12, 2019, Raynor received \$660,898.76 in commission payments arising from his securities solicitation activities, matched trading and otherwise.

Lee Sobel

- 57. Defendant Lee Sobel worked as a securities solicitor in at least three boiler room operations between February 2016 and October 2017.
- 58. Specifically, Sobel worked as a solicitor in the boiler room operations of Wolfson and Cane as well as another operation based in the Los Angeles area and managed by Gregory Drake, which also engaged in the matched-trading scheme described above in paragraph 17.
- 59. While working as a securities solicitor in each of these operations, Sobel, at minimum, cold called prospective investors, pitched them on one or more investment opportunities, and received commissions on the securities purchases his cold calls resulted in.
- 60. Between February 8, 2016, and October 26, 2017, Sobel received \$103,252 in commission payments arising from his securities solicitation activities, matched trading and otherwise.

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CLAIM FOR RELIEF

Violations of Section 15(a)(1) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78o(a)(1)] (Against each Defendant)

- 61. The Commission re-alleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation in paragraphs 10–60, inclusive, as if they were fully set forth herein.
 - 62. By engaging in the conduct described above, each Defendant:
 - a. engaged in the business of effecting transactions in securities for the account of others; and
 - b. directly or indirectly, made use of the mails or the means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce to effect transactions in, or to induce or attempt to induce the purchase or sale of, securities without being registered as a broker or dealer with the Commission or associated with a broker or dealer registered with the Commission.
- 63. By reason of the foregoing, each Defendant violated and, unless enjoined, will continue to violate Sections 15(a)(1) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78o(a)(1)].

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Commission respectfully requests that this Court enter a final judgment:

I.

Permanently restraining and enjoining each Defendant from, directly or indirectly, engaging in conduct in violation of Section 15(a)(1) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78o(a)(1)];

1 II. 2 Permanently restraining and enjoining each Defendant from, directly or indirectly, including, but not limited to, through any entity owned or controlled by 3 4 each Defendant, soliciting any person or entity to purchase or sell any security; 5 Ordering each Defendant to pay civil monetary penalties pursuant to Section 6 7 21(d)(3) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78u(d)(3)]; 8 IV. 9 Retaining jurisdiction of this action in accordance with the principles of equity and the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in order to implement and carry 10 out the terms of all orders and decrees that may be entered, or to entertain any 11 suitable application or motion for additional relief within the jurisdiction of this 12 13 Court; and, 14 V. 15 Granting such other and further relief as this Court may deem just, equitable, or necessary in connection with the enforcement of the federal securities laws and 16 17 for the protection of investors. 18 Dated: October 26, 2020 19 20 /s/ Amy J. Longo 21 Amy J. Longo 22 Attorney for Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission 23 24 25 26 27

Complaints and Other Initiating Documents

2:20-cv-09813 Securities and Exchange Commission v. Forester et al.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Notice of Electronic Filing

The following transaction was entered by Longo, Amy on 10/26/2020 at 3:19 PM PDT and filed on

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Case Name: Securities and Exchange Commission v. Forester et al

Case Number: 2:20-cv-09813

Filer: Securities and Exchange Commission

Document Number: 1

Docket Text:

COMPLAINT No Fee Required - US Government, filed by Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission. (Attorney Amy J Longo added to party Securities and Exchange Commission(pty:pla))(Longo, Amy)

2:20-cv-09813 Notice has been electronically mailed to:

Amy J Longo longoa@sec.gov, irwinma@sec.gov, kassabguir@sec.gov, LAROFiling@sec.gov

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[STAMP cacdStamp_ID=1020290914 [Date=10/26/2020] [FileNumber=30788234-0] [2fd66e8369d8572c36ecb5bd0ce0f4484583651b47d4f20f0c18f2f6edc9752f8f 73e90b66f67e45077b1074129cb801728e92799e2ff0f4102fcf2821c889fd]]