## UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Before the SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING File No. 3-19920

In the Matter of

Patrick Morgan Schiro,

Respondent.

## DIVISION OF ENFORCEMENT'S MOTION FOR ENTRY OF AN ORDER OF DEFAULT AND IMPOSITION OF REMEDIAL SANCTIONS

Pursuant to Commission Rules or Practice 154, 155(a) and 220(f), 17 C.F.R. §§ 201.154, 155(a) and 201.220(f), the Division of Enforcement ("Division") respectfully moves the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") for an order finding Respondent Patrick Morgan Schiro ("Respondent" or "Schiro") in default, and imposing remedial sanctions against him, and submits this Memorandum of Law, together with the November 2, 2022 Declaration of Todd D. Brody ("Brody Dec.") and exhibits annexed thereto, in support.0

### I. Background

### A. Allegations in the OIP

On August 24, 2020, the Order Instituting Proceedings ("OIP") in this matter was issued pursuant to Section 203(f) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. *See Patrick Morgan Schiro*, Investment Advisers Act Release No. 5564 (August 24, 2020). As alleged in the OIP, Schiro,

currently age 50, was, between July 2014 and October 2015, a person associated with an investment adviser, purporting to advise clients on their investments in securities through Black Rock Morgan LLC ("BRM"), a company which he controlled, in exchange for compensation.

OIP ¶ II.A.

On March 17, 2017, Schiro pled guilty to one count of wire fraud in violation of Title 18 United States Code, Section 1343, before the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York, in *United States v. Patrick Morgan Schiro*, Crim. No. 17-cr-130 (E.D.N.Y.) (the "Criminal Action"). OIP ¶ II.B.1. On April 13, 2018, Schiro was sentenced to a prison term of 28 months followed by 3 years of supervised release. OIP ¶ II.B.2. On December 12, 2018, an amended judgment was entered against Schiro, ordering him to make restitution in the amount of \$481,583. OIP ¶ II.B.2.

The count of the superseding criminal information to which Respondent pled guilty alleged, *inter alia*, that between July 2014 and October 2015, Respondent made materially false and misleading statements and defrauded clients of BRM by misappropriating their assets. OIP ¶ II.B.3.

### **B.** The Underlying Criminal Action and Criminal Sanctions

On March 17, 2017, the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of New York filed a superseding criminal information against Respondent in the Criminal Action. As alleged in the Criminal Action, between July 2014 and October 2015, Respondent made materially false and misleading statements and defrauded clients of BRM by misappropriating their assets. Brody Dec., Ex. A.<sup>1</sup>

In addition to the Superseding Information in the Criminal Action (Brody Dec., Ex. A), the Division submits the following filings from the Criminal Action in support of its motion,

On March 17, 2017, Schiro pled guilty to one count of wire fraud in violation of Title 18 United States Code, Section 1343 before the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York, in the Criminal Action. OIP ¶ II.B.1; Brody Dec., Ex. B. At his criminal sentencing, the court found that Schiro was a "fraudster" and had "an utter lack of remorse." Brody Dec., Ex. C. On April 13, 2018, the court sentenced Respondent to a prison term of 28 months followed by 3 years of supervised release. OIP ¶ II.B.2.; Brody Dec., Ex. C. On December 12, 2018, an amended judgment was entered against Respondent, ordering him to make restitution in the amount of \$481,583. OIP ¶ II.B.2.; Brody Dec., Ex. D.

#### C. Schiro Did Not Answer the OIP

The OIP was published by the Commission's Office of the Secretary on August 24, 2020, and Schiro was personally served with the OIP on October 14, 2020 at his address at

See Declaration of Sheldon Mui, dated

March 9, 2021, previously filed with the Commission.

In the OIP, Schiro was directed to file an Answer within twenty days after service of the OIP. See OIP at IV; see also Rules 160(a) and 220(b) of the Commission's Rules of Practice, which provides that a time period runs unto the end of the next day that is not a Saturday or Sunday; and that the answer is due within 20 days of service, 17 C.F.R. §§ 201.160(a) and 201.220(b). Under these provisions, Schiro's answer was due no later than November 3, 2020.

each of which the Commission may take official notice of pursuant to Commission Rules of Practice 323, 17 C.F.R. § 201.323: the March 17, 2017 Plea Hearing transcript from the Criminal Action (Brody Dec., Ex. B); the April 13, 2018 Sentencing Hearing transcript from the Criminal Action (Brody Dec., Ex. C); and the December 12, 2018 Amended Judgment in the Criminal Action (Brody Dec., Ex. D).

Schiro never filed an answer to the OIP with the Secretary's Office, and did not otherwise attempt to communicate with the Division. The Division has not received any response to the OIP, nor does the docket of this proceeding reflect any filing by Schiro in response to it. Brody Dec. ¶ 2 and 3.

### D. Schiro Did Not Respond to the September 23, 2022 Commission Order to Show Cause Against Schiro

After the Division filed a motion for entry of default and leave to file motion for summary disposition on March 9, 2021, the Commission, on September 23, 2022, issued an Order to Show Cause (the "Order") that found that Schiro's answer "was required to be filed within 20 days of service of the OIP," and that as of the date of the Order, he had not done so, Order at 1.

The Order required Schiro to show cause by October 7, 2022 why he should not be deemed in default, and why this proceeding should not be determined against him. The Order further noted that when a party defaults, "the allegations in the OIP will be deemed to be true and the Commission may determine the proceeding against that party upon consideration of the record without holding public hearing. *Id* at 1-2. The Order also ordered the Division, in the event that Schiro did not file a response by October 7, 2022, to file a motion for entry of default and the imposition of remedial sanctions by November 4, 2022.

The Division has not received any response to the Order, nor does the docket of this proceeding reflect any filing by Schiro in response to it. Brody Dec. ¶ 2 and 3. Accordingly, the Division now moves for a finding that Schiro is in default, and for the imposition of remedial sanctions. Specifically, the Division requests that the Commission order that Schiro be barred

from associating with a broker, dealer, investment adviser, municipal securities dealer, municipal advisor, transfer agent, or nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

### II. Argument

#### A. Schiro Should be Deemed in Default

Rule 155(a) of the Commission's Rules of Practice states:

A party to a proceeding may be deemed to be in default and the Commission or the hearing officer may determine the proceeding against that party upon consideration of the records, including the order instituting proceedings, the allegations of which may be deemed to be true, if that party fails: ...

(2) to answer, to respond to a dispositive motion within the time provided, or otherwise to defend the proceeding ...

17 C.F.R. § 201.155(a). The OIP specifically provides that "[i]f Respondent fails to file the directed Answer ... the Respondent may be deemed in default and the proceedings may be determined against him upon consideration of this Order, the allegations of which may be deemed to be true ...". OIP ¶ IV, citing Rules 155(a), 220(f), 221(f), and 310; Order at 1-2.

Rule 141(a)(2)(i) sets forth permissible methods of service of the OIP upon individuals, which include "handing a copy of the order to the individual ...." 17 C.F.R. § 201.141(a)(2)(i).

Here, Schiro was personally served with the OIP on October 14, 2020 at his address at

See Declaration of Sheldon Mui, dated March 9, 2021.

The Division requests that Schiro be deemed in default. Schiro failed to timely respond to the OIP after having been properly served pursuant to Rule 141 and has also failed to respond to the Order.

### B. The Facts Alleged in the OIP Should be Deemed True

As set forth above, failure to file an answer may result in the allegations of the OIP being deemed true. In this case, that includes the following:

- 1. Between July 2014 and October 2015, Respondent was a person associated with an investment adviser, purporting to advise clients on their investments in securities through BRM, a company which he controlled, in exchange for compensation.
- On March 17, 2017, Respondent pled guilty to one count of wire fraud in violation of Title 18 United States Code, Section 1343, before the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York, in *United States v. Patrick Morgan Schiro*, Crim. No. 17-cr-130.
- 3. On April 13, 2018, a judgment was entered against Respondent sentencing him to a prison term of 28 months followed by 3 years of supervised release, with restitution to be determined at a later date. On December 12, 2018, an amended judgment was entered against Respondent, ordering him to make restitution in the amount of \$481,583.
- 4. The count of the superseding criminal information to which Respondent pled guilty alleged, *inter alia*, that between July 2014 and October 2015, Respondent made materially false and misleading statements and defrauded clients of BRM by misappropriating their assets.

The facts alleged in the OIP demonstrate that the sanctions requested against Schiro are appropriate and in the public interest.

### C. The Appropriate Remedial Sanctions in this Case

The Commission has typically considers the *Steadman* factors when determining appropriate public-interest remedies. *See Steadman v. SEC*, 603 F.2d 1126, 1140 (5<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1979). Those factors are: (1) the egregiousness of the Respondents' actions; (2) the isolated or recurrent nature of the infractions; (3) the degree of scienter involved; (4) the sincerity of the Respondents' assurances against future violations; (5) the Respondents' recognition of the wrongful nature of their conduct; and (6) the likelihood that the Respondents' occupations will present opportunities for future violations. *Id.* The Commission also considers the age of the violations, the degree of

harm to investors and the marketplace resulting from the violations, and the deterrent effect of administrative sanctions. *Lonny S. Bernath*, ID Release No. 993 at 4, 2016 WL 131539 at \*4 (April 4, 2016).

In this case, nearly all of the relevant factors suggest that a full collateral bar is appropriate and in the public interest. The conduct at issue was egregious and resulted in investor losses in excess of \$480,000. Schiro's misconduct was repeated and exhibited a high degree of *scienter*, taking place from July 2014 through October 2015. During this period, Schiro, acting as an investment adviser to clients to whom he owed a fiduciary duty, defrauded his clients, made materially false and misleading statements to his clients, and misappropriated his clients' assets.

Moreover, Schiro has not come forward to defend this lawsuit or otherwise make any assurances against future violations, which presents the likelihood that he will commit future violations if the full collateral bar is not imposed against him.

### III. Conclusion

For the foregoing reasons, Schiro should be deemed in default and the Commission should impose a full associational bar which is appropriate and also in the public interest.

Dated: November 2, 2022 Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Todd D. Brody Todd D. Brody, Esq. Sheldon Mui, Esq.

Attorneys for the Division of Enforcement
Securities and Exchange Commission
100 Pearl Street
Suite 20-100
New York, NY 10004
brodyt@sec.gov
muis@sec.gov
212-336-0080

### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

On November 2, 2022, I have caused the Motion For An Entry Of An Order Of Default And Imposition Of Remedial Sanctions, and the accompanying Declaration of Todd D. Brody dated November 2, 2022, to be served on the following parties and other persons entitled to notice by placing the same in the United States mail or by delivery as listed below and addressed as follows:

Vanessa A. Countryman
Office of the Secretary
Securities and Exchange Commission
100 F. Street, N.S.
Washington, D.C. 20549
(Emailed to <u>APFilings@sec.gov</u>)

Mr. Patrick Morgan Schiro

(United States First Class Mail)

Dated: November 2, 2022 New York, New York

> s/ Todd D. Brody Todd D. Brody

# UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Before the SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING File No. 3-19920

In the Matter of

Patrick Morgan Schiro,

Respondent.

DECLARATION OF TODD D. BRODY

- I, Todd D. Brody pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1746, declare as follows under penalty of perjury:
- 1. I am employed as a Senior Trial Counsel by Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") in the Commission's New York Regional Office of the Division of Enforcement (the "Division"). I submit this declaration in support of the Division's motion for entry of an order of default and imposition of remedial sanctions against Respondent Patrick Morgan Schiro ("Schiro").
- 2. As of the filing of this declaration, the Division has not received any response to either the Order Instituting Administrative Proceedings Pursuant to Section 203(f) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 and Notice of Hearing ("OIP") issued on August 24, 2020 or the Commission's September 23, 2022 Order to Show Cause.
  - 3. The docket of this proceeding does not reflect any filing by Schiro.

4. Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of the March 17, 2017

Superseding Criminal Information in *United States v. Patrick Morgan Schiro*, Crim. No. 17-cr-

130 (E.D.N.Y.) ("Criminal Action"), which the Division obtained from the public docket

maintained for the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York.

5. Attached hereto as Exhibit B is a true and correct copy of the March 17, 2017

Plea Hearing transcript from the Criminal Action, which the Division obtained from the court

reporter for the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York.

6. Attached hereto as Exhibit C is a true and correct copy of the April 13, 2018

Sentencing Hearing Transcript from the Criminal Action, which the Division obtained from the

court reporter for the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York.

7. Attached hereto as Exhibit D is a true and correct copy of the December 12, 2018

Amended Judgment from the Criminal Action, which the Division obtained from the public

docket maintained for the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York.

Dated:

New York, New York

November 2, 2022

/s/ Todd D. Brody

Todd D. Brody

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WMP:DKK F. #2016R01038 : 17 (ME 17 PH 1: 44

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

INFORMATION

- against -

PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO,

Defendant.

Cr. No. <u>17-130</u> (T. 18, U.S.C., §§ 981(a)(1)(C), 1343, 2 and 3551 <u>et seq.</u>; T. 21, U.S.C., § 853(p); T. 28, U.S.C., § 2461(c))

THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY CHARGES:

### INTRODUCTION

At all times relevant to this Information, unless otherwise indicated:

### I. The Defendant

1. The defendant PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO, a resident of Rockville Centre, New York, was a purported portfolio manager. On or about February 27, 2014, SCHIRO incorporated a business in New York State called Black Rock Morgan LLC ("BRM"). SCHIRO established a BRM office in Rockville Centre, New York, and a virtual office on Wall Street in New York, New York.

### II. The Fraudulent Scheme

2. The defendant PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO engaged in a scheme to defraud investors by utilizing BRM as a sham investment business. In or about and between July 2014 and April 2016, SCHIRO induced five individuals, whose identities are known to

the United States Attorney, to invest a total of \$440,397 in BRM based on material misrepresentations and omissions about, among other things: (i) BRM's assets under management; (ii) BRM's investment strategies; (iii) the number of client accounts managed by BRM; and (iv) BRM's performance.

### A The Fraudulent Inducement

3. In or about and between July 2014 and August 2014, the defendant PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO induced Investor 1, an individual whose identity is known to the United States Attorney, to invest in BRM based on material misrepresentations and omissions. Specifically, SCHIRO sent Investor 1 a document (the "BRM Overview"), which represented, among other things, that BRM: (i) "offer[ed] a range of alternative and traditional investment strategies for institutional and private investors around the world"; (ii) had "core competencies," including "a team of investment professionals with significant sector-specific expertise"; and (iii) offered services in "tax mitigation and cash flow planning" and "risk mitigation, legal structures and transferring risk to insurance companies." These representations in the BRM Overview were false because BRM: (i) invested money in securities through a single trading platform and did not offer a range of investment strategies; (ii) did not have a team of investment professionals; and (iii) did not offer the strategies and kinds of services and planning described in the BRM Overview. Additionally, in a telephone conference in or about August 2014, SCHIRO told Investor 1 that he had many clients and managed millions of dollars in assets. Contrary to these representations, BRM did not have any clients or investments at the time of these

representations. In or about August 2014, SCHIRO sent or caused to be sent an account application to Investor 1 by facsimile, which application falsely represented to Investor 1 that SCHIRO would create or cause to be created, and then manage, an account on behalf of Investor 1. SCHIRO also concealed his prior fraud conviction from Investor 1. In reliance on these material misrepresentations and omissions by SCHIRO, Investor 1 sent a total of \$242,273 by multiple wire transfers and a check to a bank account held in the name of BRM (the "BRM Bank Account").

- 4. In or about September 2014, the defendant PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO induced Investor 2, an individual whose identity is known to the United States Attorney, to invest in BRM based on material misrepresentations and omissions. Specifically, SCHIRO sent Investor 2 the BRM Overview, which contained the misrepresentations described above. Additionally, in a telephone conference in or about September 2014, SCHIRO told Investor 2 that he managed more than 200 accounts at BRM and that he also managed a private equity fund with \$200 million in assets. Contrary to these representations, BRM did not have 200 accounts and SCHIRO did not manage a private equity firm. SCHIRO also concealed his prior fraud conviction from Investor 2. It reliance on these material misrepresentations and omissions by SCHIRO, Investor 2 sent a total of \$143,400 by wire transfer to the BRM Bank Account.
- 5. In or about September 2014, the defendant PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO induced Investor 3, an individual whose identity is known to the United States Attorney, to invest in BRM based on material misrepresentations and omissions.

Specifically, in a telephone conference, SCHIRO told Investor 3 that BRM had high rates of return. Contrary to this representation, BRM did not have high rates of return when SCHIRO solicited an investment from Investor 3. In addition, on or about September 24, 2014, SCHIRO sent Investor 3 the BRM Overview, which contained the misrepresentations described above. SCHIRO also concealed his prior fraud conviction from Investor 3. In reliance on these material misrepresentations and omissions by SCHIRO, Investor 3 mailed a check to BRM in the amount of \$2,270 that was then deposited in the BRM Bank Account.

- 6. In or about December 2014, the defendant PATRICK MORGAN
  SCHIRO induced Investor 4, an individual whose identity is known to the United States
  Attorney, to invest in BRM based on material misrepresentations and omissions.
  Specifically, in a telephone conference, SCHIRO told Investor 4 that BRM had many clients, generally with multi-million dollar accounts. Contrary to this representation, BRM had no clients who had invested more than \$1 million. In addition, on or about December 22, 2014, SCHIRO sent Investor 4 the BRM Overview, which contained the misrepresentations described above. SCHIRO also concealed his prior fraud conviction from Investor 4. In reliance on these material misrepresentations and omissions by SCHIRO, Investor 4 sent \$27,287 by wire transfer to the BRM Bank Account.
- 7. In or about October 2015, the defendant PATRICK MORGAN
  SCHIRO induced Investor 5, an individual whose identity is known to the United States
  Attorney, to invest in BRM based on material misrepresentations and omissions.
  Specifically, in telephone conferences, SCHIRO told Investor 5, among other things, that

BRM: (i) did not usually take in clients for less than a \$1 million investment; (ii) had approximately \$150 million in assets under management; (iii) had rates of return of up to 80 percent; and (iv) had offices in New York and Chicago. Contrary to these representations, BRM: (i) had no clients who had invested \$1 million; (ii) did not have even \$1 million in assets under management; (iii) had not generated rates of return that were even close to 80 percent; and (iv) had no office in Chicago. In reliance on these material misrepresentations and omissions by SCHIRO, Investor 5 sent \$25,167 by wire transfer to the BRM Bank Account.

### B. The Fraudulent Misappropriation and Concealment

- 8. The defendant PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO invested only a small portion of the funds invested by Investors 1 through 5 (the "Investors"). Specifically, between July 2014 and April 2016, SCHIRO transferred a total of approximately \$138,100 from the BRM Bank Account to a trading account (the "BRM Trading Account"). During that time period, no other money was transferred from the BRM Bank Account to the BRM Trading Account or to any other account or entity that engaged in the purchase and sale of securities.
- 9. Contrary to his representations to investors, the defendant PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO used a significant amount of the invested money on his personal expenses. For example, between July 2014 and October 2016, SCHIRO used approximately \$190,000 from the BRM Bank Account to pay one of his children's university tuition, withdrew approximately \$59,000 in cash, sent approximately \$28,000 to one of his children,

and made hundreds of small withdrawals at restaurants, Amazon.com, gas stations, and other stores.

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- the defendant PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO made a series of material misrepresentations and omissions to deceive those investors into believing that their investments were performing well. For example, in or about August 2015, Investor 2, who invested a total of \$143,400 in BRM, received an account statement that falsely asserted the "Total Portfolio Profit/Loss" was \$266,343.20, a purported gain of 56.49%, and the "Current Portfolio Value" was \$737,820.71. These electronic account statements also falsely represented the investment activity in the victims' accounts by listing specific purchases or sales of securities that SCHIRO had not actually purchased or sold. Additionally, in or about June 2016, during a telephone call with Investor 1, who invested a total of \$242,273 in BRM, the defendant PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO falsely stated that Investor 1's account was valued at \$711,000.
- SCHIRO fraudulently induced Investor 1 to send SCHIRO additional money by falsely representing to Investor 1 on at least four occasions that Investor 1's account had generated "cash calls" that required the investment of additional funds. In reality, SCHIRO's investment activities had not generated such "cash calls." Instead, SCHIRO made these false statements about the need for more funds from Investor 1 because the balance in the BRM Bank Account had become low or even overdrawn. For example, on or about

December 18, 2014, the BRM Bank Account balance fell from \$368.29 to an overdraft of \$622.86. That same day, SCHIRO caused an email to be sent to Investor 1 stating "Your account has generated a cash call" and enclosed a document assessing the cash call at \$2,143.50. On or about December 22, 2015, Investor 1 sent by wire transfer \$2,143.50 to the BRM Bank Account, whose value had fallen to an overdraft of \$1,031 over the previous few days. SCHIRO did not transfer this money to the BRM Trading Account.

12. In late 2015 and 2016, four of the defendant PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO's investors asked for all or part of their investments in BRM to be returned. SCHIRO often ignored these requests. At times, SCHIRO refused to redeem the investments and sent or caused to be sent fabricated emails in an effort to conceal his fraudulent misappropriation. Despite multiple redemption requests by his investors, SCHIRO has failed to return their funds.

### WIRE FRAUD

- 13. The allegations contained in paragraphs one through 12 are realleged and incorporated as if set forth fully in this paragraph.
- approximate and inclusive, within the Eastern District of New York and elsewhere, the defendant PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO, together with others, did knowingly and intentionally devise a scheme and artifice to defraud Investors 1 through 5, and to obtain money and property from them by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations and promises, and for the purpose of executing such scheme and artifice,

175 Received 11/02/2024

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1343, 2 and 3551 et seq.)

### CRIMINAL FORFEITURE ALLEGATION

- 15. The United States hereby gives notice to the defendant that, upon his conviction of the offense charged herein, the government will seek forfeiture in accordance with Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C) and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), which require any person convicted of such offense to forfeit any property, real or personal, constituting or derived from proceeds obtained directly or indirectly as a result of such offense.
- 16. If any of the above-described forfeitable property, as a result of any act or omission of the defendant:
  - (a) cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
  - (b) has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;
  - (c) has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the Court;
  - (d) has been substantially diminished in value; or

06 Description 14/00/2004

(e) has been commingled with other property, which cannot be divided without difficulty;

it is the intent of the United States, pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), to seek forfeiture of any other property of the defendant, up to the value of the forfeitable property described in this forfeiture allegation.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C); Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p); Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c))

BRIDGET M. ROHDE

ACTING UNITED STATES ATTORNEY EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

F. #2016R01038 FORM DBD-34 JUN. 85

No.

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

EASTERN District of NEW YORK

CRIMINAL DIVISION

### THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

vs.

PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO.

Defendant.

### **INFORMATION**

(T. 18, U.S.C., §§ 981(a)(1)(C), 1343, 2 and 3551 et seq.; T. 21, U.S.C., § 853(p); T. 28, U.S.C., § 2461(c))

A true bill.	
	Foreperson
Filed in open court this day,	
of A.D. 20	
Bail, \$	Cler

David K. Kessler, Assistant U.S. Attorney (718) 254-7202

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

- - - - - - - - - - - - X

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, : 17-CR-0130(LDH)

:

-against- : United States Courthouse

Brooklyn, New York

PATRICK SCHIRO,

Friday, March 17, 2017

11:00 a.m.

Defendant.

TRANSCRIPT OF CRIMINAL CAUSE FOR GUILTY PLEA BEFORE THE HONORABLE LASHANN DEARCY HALL UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

For the Government: BRIDGET M. ROHDE, ESQ.

United States Attorney

Eastern District of New York 271 Cadman Plaza East

Brooklyn, New York 11201

BY: DAVID K. KESSLER, ESQ.

Assistant United States Attorney

For the Defendant: FEDERAL DEFENDERS OF NEW YORK

For the Defendant -

Patrick Schiro

One Pierrepont Plaza

16th Floor

Brooklyn, New York 11201

BY: LEN KAMDANG, ESQ.

Court Reporter: Anthony D. Frisolone, FAPR, RDR, CRR, CRI

Official Court Reporter Telephone: (718) 613-2487 Facsimile: (718) 613-2694

E-mail: Anthony\_Frisolone@nyed.uscourts.gov

Proceedings recorded by computerized stenography. Transcript

produced by Computer-aided Transcription.

| 1  | (In open court.)  |
|----|---|
| 2  | (Defendant present in open court.)                            |
| 3  | COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise. The United States                 |
| 4  | District Court for the Eastern District of New York is now in |
| 5  | session. The Honorable LaShann DeArcy Hall is now presiding.  |
| 6  | (Honorable LaShann DeArcy Hall takes the bench.)              |
| 7  | COURTROOM DEPUTY: Calling criminal cause for guilty           |
| 8  | plea in Docket No. 17-CR-0130, United States of America       |
| 9  | against Patrick Schiro.                                       |
| 10 | Counsel, please note your appearances for the                 |
| 11 | record.   |
| 12 | MR. KESSLER: For the United States of America,                |
| 13 | Assistant United States Attorney David K. Kessler.            |
| 14 | Good afternoon, your Honor.                                   |
| 15 | MR. KAMDANG: Len Kamdang for Patrick Schiro.                  |
| 16 | Good afternoon, your Honor.                                   |
| 17 | COURTROOM DEPUTY: Criminal cause for pleading                 |
| 18 | Docket No. 17-CR-0130. United States of America versus        |
| 19 | Patrick Schiro.   |
| 20 | Counsel, state your name for the record.                      |
| 21 | MR. KESSLER: Good morning, your Honor. David                  |
| 22 | Kessler for the United States.                                |
| 23 | THE COURT: Good morning.                                      |
| 24 | MR. KESSLER: And with me is Special Agent Matt                |
| 25 | Mahaffey.   |
|    |   |

MR. KAMDANG: Len Kamdang on behalf of Patrick 1 2 Schiro. 3 THE DEFENDANT: Good morning, Patrick Schiro. 4 THE COURT: Good morning. All right. You all may be seated. I want to make sure I don't mispronounce your last 5 6 name. 7 Is it Kamdang? 8 MR. KAMDANG: Yes, your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Mr. Kamdang, I understand that your 10 client wishes to plead guilty to the information. 11 MR. KAMDANG: That's correct, your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, your attorney advises me 13 that you wish to plead quilty to the information in which you 14 are charged and that you are doing so pursuant to an agreement with the Government; is that correct, sir? 15 16 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Now, Mr. Schiro, this is a serious 18 decision and I must be certain that you make it understanding 19 your rights and the consequences of your plea. 20 I'm going to explain to you the rights that you'll 21 be giving up by pleading guilty. And before I accept your 22 plea, sir, there are a number questions that I must ask you to 23 establish that it is a valid plea and that you are acting 24 knowingly and voluntarily.

If you do not understand any of my questions, please

25

| 1  | say so and I will reword my question. If you would like to     |
|----|--|
| 2  | consult with your attorney at any time for any reason, please  |
| 3  | let me know and I will give you as much time as you need to do |
| 4  | SO.  |
| 5  | Now, Mr. Schiro, I need you to answer my questions             |
| 6  | under oath and at this time I ask that you be sworn.           |
| 7  | COURTROOM DEPUTY: Please raise your right hand.                |
| 8  | (Defendant sworn.)   |
| 9  | THE DEFENDANT: I do.   |
| 10 | COURTROOM DEPUTY: State your name for the record.              |
| 11 | THE DEFENDANT: Patrick Schiro.                                 |
| 12 | THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, do you understand that you              |
| 13 | are now under oath and if you answer my questions falsely,     |
| 14 | your answers may be used against you in another prosecution    |
| 15 | for perjury or making a false statement.                       |
| 16 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.                                |
| 17 | THE COURT: Can you once again state your full name             |
| 18 | for the error.   |
| 19 | THE DEFENDANT: Patrick Morgan Schiro.                          |
| 20 | THE COURT: Thank you, sir. How old are you?                    |
| 21 | THE DEFENDANT: 45.   |
| 22 | THE COURT: And how much education have you had,                |
| 23 | sir?   |
| 24 | THE DEFENDANT: Some college.                                   |
| 25 | THE COURT: Okay. Where did you attend school? You              |
|    |  |

| 1  | said some college. Where?                                 |
|----|---|
| 2  | THE DEFENDANT: BMCC.                                      |
| 3  | THE COURT: Okay. Sir, you're able to speak and            |
| 4  | understand English?                                       |
| 5  | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.                                       |
| 6  | THE COURT: Mr. Kamdang, have you been able to             |
| 7  | communicate with Mr. Schiro in English?                   |
| 8  | MR. KAMDANG: Yes.   |
| 9  | THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, have you been treated for          |
| 10 | hospitalized for any mental illness?                      |
| 11 | THE DEFENDANT:  |
| 12 | THE COURT: Okay.  |
| 13 | THE DEFENDANT: I'm sorry, your Honor, that's              |
| 14 | actually incomplete. I also                               |
| 15 | THE COURT: Okay. So let me ask you this,                  |
| 16 | Mr. Schiro. Are you currently, or have you recently been, |
| 17 | under the care a doctor or psychiatrist for any reason?   |
| 18 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.                                       |
| 19 | THE COURT: All right. And your doctor or                  |
| 20 | psychiatrist prescribed you with ?                        |
| 21 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.                                       |
| 22 | THE COURT: The psychiatrist or the primary care           |
| 23 | physician?  |
| 24 | THE DEFENDANT: First psychiatrist and then a              |
| 25 | primary care.   |
|    |   |

### Guilty Plea 6 Okay. Were you diagnosed with any 1 THE COURT: condition of any kind? 2 3 THE DEFENDANT: 4 THE COURT: THE DEFENDANT: 5 6 THE COURT: Okay. And are you currently taking --7 you said it was and? 8 THE DEFENDANT: 9 THE COURT: And 10 Are you currently taking 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 12 THE COURT: When is the last time that you took the 13 medication. THE DEFENDANT: An hour how ago. 14 15 THE COURT: One hour ago? 16 THE DEFENDANT: (Nodding). 17 THE COURT: Does the medication interfere with your 18 ability to comprehend the proceedings today? 19 THE DEFENDANT: I feel fine, your Honor. 20 THE COURT: So you would say that your mind is 21 clear? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: 23 24 THE DEFENDANT: 25

morning and reviewed everything again. I thought that all of his questions were thoughtful and his responses were all appropriate. I feel that he understands what's happening today. THE COURT: All right. Mr. Schiro, before we

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proceed with any change of plea, I want to discuss with you the waiver of indictment in this case as you would be pleading to an information.

Mr. Schiro, you have a constitutional right to be charged by an indictment of a grand jury, but you can waive that right; that is, give up the right and consent to be charged by information of the Government.

So instead of an indictment, the felony charges against you have been brought by the Government by an information which is to be filed with the Court.

Mr. Schiro, do you have waive reading of the information?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Now, unless you waive indictment, sir, you may not be charged with a felony unless a grand jury finds by return of an indictment that there is probable cause to believe that a crime has been committed and that you committed it. If you do not waive indictment, the Government may present the case to the grand jury and ask the grand jury to indict you.

Now, sir, a grand jury is composed of at least 16 and not more than 23 people, and at least 12 grand jurors must find that there is probable cause to believe that you committed the crime with which you are charged before you may be indicted. The grand jury may or may not indict you.

1 If you waive indictment by the grand jury, the case 2 will proceed against you on the Government's information just 3 as though you have been indicted. 4 Have you discussed waiving your right to indictment by the grand jury with your attorney, sir? 5 6 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 7 THE COURT: And do you understand your right to 8 indictment by a grand jury? 9 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do. 10 THE COURT: Have any threats or promises been made 11 to induce you to waive indictment? 12 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Mr. Kamdang, do you know of any reason 14 why Mr. Schiro should not waive his right to an indictment? 15 MR. KAMDANG: No, your Honor. THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, do you agree to waive 16 17 indictment on the charges set forth in the information which 18 is to be filed with the Court? 19 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do. 20 Do you have the waiver of indictment for THE COURT: 21 Mr. Schiro to sign, please. 22 I have in front of me the waiver of indictment which 23 I've executed. Please pass this down so that I want to make 24 sure that Mr. Schiro can see that.

Mr. Schiro, I've handed you the waiver of

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indictment. 1 I'd like you to confirm that that document bears 2 your signature. 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 4 THE COURT: All right. I find that Mr. Schiro's decision to waive the indictment is made knowingly, 5 intelligently, and voluntarily. I, therefore, accept 6 7 Mr. Schiro's waiver of the indictment. All right. Mr. Kamdang, have you discussed this 8 9 matter with your client? 10 MR. KAMDANG: I have, your Honor. 11 THE COURT: And does he understand the rights he'd 12 be waiving by pleading guilty? 13 MR. KAMDANG: Yes, your Honor. 14 THE COURT: And is he capable of understanding the nature of these proceedings? 15 16 MR. KAMDANG: Yes. THE COURT: And, again, I will ask you again, do you 17 18 have any questions regarding Mr. Schiro's competency, 19 particularly in light of the prescription medication that he 20 is taking, the 21 I don't have those concerns. MR. KAMDANG: 22 THE COURT: All right. Have you advised him of the 23 maximum and minimum sentence and fine that can be imposed? 24 MR. KAMDANG: Yes. 25 THE COURT: Now, Mr. Schiro, have you reviewed a

copy of the information pending against you. Again, that is the written charge that is made against you in this case.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. And have you fully discussed the charge as well as the case in general with your attorney?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Now, in the information you are charged with wire fraud, to wit: You together with others did knowingly and intentionally devise a scheme and artifice to defraud Investors 1 through 5 to obtain money and property from them by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises and for the purpose of executing such scheme and artifice transmitted and caused to be transmitted by means of wire communication and interstate and foreign commerce writings, signs, signals, pictures, and sounds.

You are charged to wit: That in or about August of 2014, you sent or caused to be sent by facsimile from the Eastern District of New York to Investor 1 located in Garland, Texas an account application that falsely represented to Investor 1 that you would create or cause to be created and then manage an account on behalf of Investor 1.

The information also includes a criminal forfeiture allegation which provides notice that upon conviction of the aforementioned offense, the Government will seek forfeiture of

1 any property, real or personal, which constitutes or is 2 derived from proceeds traceable directly or indirectly as a 3 result of the aforementioned offense. 4 Mr. Schiro, do you understand the charges that have been made against you? 5 6 THE DEFENDANT: I have a question. 7 MR. KAMDANG: One moment. 8 THE COURT: Yes. 9 (A brief pause in the proceedings was held.) 10 MR. KAMDANG: Your Honor, Mr. Schiro wants to 11 clarify that in his allocution that he was acting alone here 12 to the extent that there were other people who were employed 13 or did things they were unaware of the illegality of his 14 scheme. His allocution will relate to his actions and his actions alone. This isn't a conspiracy such as his allocution 15 16 will make out the charge. 17 THE COURT: The conduct that he engaged in that 18 makes him specifically guilty of the charge in Count One. 19 MR. KAMDANG: Yes, your Honor. 20 THE COURT: We'll deal with it when we get to the 21 allocution. 22 At this point, Mr. Schiro, what I want to make sure 23 that you understand is what has been charged in the 24 information.

Do you understand what's been charged in the

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information?

2 THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: Why don't you take a moment,

Mr. Kamdang.

(A brief pause in the proceedings was held.)

MR. KAMDANG: I think we're ready to proceed.

THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, I'm going to read this paragraph to you again because I want to make sure that the record is clear.

In the information, sir, you are charged with wire fraud to wit: You together with others did knowingly and intentionally devise a scheme, an artifice to defraud Investors 1 through 5, to obtain money and property from them by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises. And for the purpose of executing such scheme and artifice transmitted and caused to be transmitted by means of wire communication and interstate and foreign commerce writings, signs, signals, pictures and sounds.

You are charged to wit: That in or about

August 2014 you sent or caused to be sent by facsimile from
the Eastern District of New York to Investor 1 located in
Garland, Texas an account application that falsely represented
to Investor 1 that you would create or cause to be created and
then manage an account on behalf of Investor 1.

| Do you understand that that is the charge that has             |
|--|
| been made against you, sir?                                    |
| THE DEFENDANT: Yes.  |
| THE COURT: You further understand that there is a              |
| criminal forfeiture allegation, sir.                           |
| THE DEFENDANT: There's only one thing.                         |
| THE COURT: Mr. Kamdang, why don't you take a moment            |
| with your client and then if you have a question for the       |
| Court, Mr. Schiro, I'll certainly hear it.                     |
| (A brief pause in the proceedings was held.)                   |
| THE COURT: Mr. Kamdang, if this is going to be an              |
| issue that is going to require there seems to be some real     |
| confusion as to what constitutes the charge here, and it is    |
| the charge that I understand that Mr. Schiro was here to plead |
| guilty to of a multi-count information which obviously causes  |
| some concern for the Court.                                    |
| MR. KESSLER: Your Honor, may I just put a couple               |
| things on the record that may clear this up?                   |
| THE COURT: Please.   |
| MR. KESSLER: There is only one count in the                    |
| information, but that may be part of the confusion.            |
| THE COURT: Is there only                                       |
| MR. KESSLER: Yes.  |
| THE COURT: the wire fraud?                                     |
| MR. KESSLER: Just the wire fraud.                              |
|  |

I misunderstood that. 1 THE COURT: 2 MR. KESSLER: No, that's okay, your Honor. 3 just want to make it clear. There is no conspiracy count --4 THE COURT: No. MR. KESSLER: -- charged in this indictment. 5 THE COURT: The wire fraud count as stated in the 6 7 information --8 MR. KESSLER: Exactly. 9 THE COURT: -- does read that in or about between 10 July 2014 and June 2016, both dates being approximate and inclusive within the Eastern District of New York and 11 12 elsewhere, the defendant Patrick Morgan Schiro, together with 13 others, did knowingly and intentionally devise a scheme, an 14 artifice to defraud Investors 1 through 5, and to obtain money 15 and property from them by means of materially false and 16 fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises. And for 17 the purposes of executing such scheme and artifice, 18 transmitted and caused to be transmitted by means of wire 19 communication and interstate and foreign commerce writings, 20 signs, signals, pictures, sounds to wit: 21 In or about August 2014 the defendant, Patrick 22 Morgan Schiro, sent or caused to be sent by facsimile from the Eastern District of New York to Investor 1 located in Garland, 23 24 Texas an account application that falsely represented to

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Investor 1 that Schiro would create or cause to be created an

account managed on behalf of Investor 1.

Certainly, the second portion of this charge is specific and exclusive to Mr. Schiro. It seems at least, based on what I am able to glean, that the concern comes from the earlier part of the wire fraud charge which suggests that Mr. Schiro acted -- not suggests -- it states that Mr. Schiro acted together with others.

MR. KESSLER: I understand. What I'm trying to make clear is there is no charge. There could be a wire fraud conspiracy charge. That is a charge that exists that is not in this indictment, in this information. That was the first thing I was trying to put on the record.

The second thing is the elements of wire fraud, which is the crime charged, that there was a scheme or artifice to defraud.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. KESSLER: The defendant knowingly and willfully participated.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. KESSLER: And that the defendant did use the wires, you know. So, in this case, sent the fax. Those are the only elements the Government would be required to prove at trial, and those are the only elements that the defendant would be required to allocute to.

So there is no legal requirement that the defendant,

| 1  | in allocuting, say that he worked with someone else or name    |
|----|--|
| 2  | other people with whom he worked. So that's what I'm trying    |
| 3  | to make it clear.  |
| 4  | THE COURT: What you're saying is the Government has            |
| 5  | no expectation that in his allocution that he would state that |
| 6  | he acted in concert with anyone.                               |
| 7  | MR. KESSLER: I certainly would deem the allocution             |
| 8  | to be sufficient if he did not say that. Assuming that he      |
| 9  | satisfies the elements of the wire fraud statute.              |
| 10 | THE COURT: Mr. Kamdang, why don't you take a                   |
| 11 | moment, make sure that your client understands, and then I     |
| 12 | will pick it up.   |
| 13 | MR. KAMDANG: Yes.  |
| 14 | THE DEFENDANT: I understand.                                   |
| 15 | THE COURT: You get to  |
| 16 | THE DEFENDANT: Yeah.   |
| 17 | THE COURT: I don't really want                                 |
| 18 | THE DEFENDANT: I understand.                                   |
| 19 | THE COURT: You have a question?                                |
| 20 | THE DEFENDANT: I understand it's not a conspiracy              |
| 21 | charge.  |
| 22 | THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Kamdang, this is where we are             |
| 23 | now in terms of this proceeding. I'm explaining to you what's  |
| 24 | been charged in the information.                               |
|    |  |

As we progress through this proceeding, there will

come a point where I will ask you the conduct that you engaged in that makes you guilty of the charge, all right? What did you do?

At that point, you're going to tell me what you did. If, at that time, and I certainly don't know what exactly it is that you're going to relay to me. But if, at that time, you indicated to the Court that you engaged in certain conduct, and you do not indicate that you engaged in that conduct with others, but that you engaged in certain other conduct that otherwise satisfies the legal requirements to make out that crime, the Government has indicated that that would be sufficient for its purposes, and it would not object to the court accepting that is a sufficient factual basis for me to accept your plea.

It seems to me like you're concerned, as I believe I understand it, is the notion that you acted with others. You were not going to be required to say anything, one, that is untrue, all right? You've taken an oath and you are required to only say what is true. No one in this room expects you to say something that is untrue. And if you were able to indicate what you did, and if that satisfies the elements of this charge of wire fraud, that would be sufficient for us to proceed.

Does that answer your questions? I have concerns, Mr. Kamdang, right now.

THE DEFENDANT: And it's not an issue. It's not an issue of medication.

THE COURT: No I understand. It's okay. That's not my concern. My concern is that it doesn't seem that you fully understand.

THE DEFENDANT: You said I could ask you a question if I had some, one.

THE COURT: Yes, sir.

THE DEFENDANT: The statement "with others" at least to me gives the impression that there were others and like a boiler room environment. I was a one-man operation and it's just -- it bothers me to say something like that. I just don't -- I don't see the need to say "with others."

THE COURT: That, sir, is the way in which the information is charged. You are not required, right, when we say what actually happened, what did Mr. Schiro do, right? That's where the rubber meets the road: When you stand before me and you tell me what you did. At that point in time, when you when we figure out, right, because my job here is to determine whether the facts, the actual facts that happened in this case, support that charge. You're going to tell me those facts, sir. And when you tell me those facts, if you do not include others, the record in this case, in terms of the facts that support the charge, will not include others. This is a recitation, what I read to you, is simply the way in which the

1 charge was drafted. Those are not the facts in the case. We 2 haven't gotten yet to the point in these proceedings when we 3 establish the facts. You, sir, are going to provide the Court 4 with the facts. 5 THE DEFENDANT: Okay. And I do understand. I understand how that's separated. I just I know this is public 6 7 and on the record and I just didn't want to be seen as running 8 a boiler room. 9 THE COURT: Which is exactly why, sir, when I turn 10 to you and I say, Mr. Schiro, please inform the Court of the 11 conduct that you engaged in that makes you guilty of the wire 12 fraud for which you have been charged you will have an 13 opportunity, sir, to state specifically what that conduct was. 14 THE DEFENDANT: Thank you, your Honor. THE COURT: All right. 15 16 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, excellent. 17 THE COURT: All right. Good. 18 So Mr. Schiro, having now consulted with your 19 attorney and having had the Court provide you with an answer 20 to your question, do you understand the charge as it's been made? 21 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do. 23 THE COURT: All right. And have you had sufficient 24 time to discuss with your attorney whether or not to plead

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guilty, sir?

| 1  | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.  |
|----|--|
| 2  | THE COURT: All right. And are you fully satisfied,             |
| 3  | Mr. Schiro, with the counsel and representation and advice     |
| 4  | given to you in this case by your attorney?                    |
| 5  | THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.                                |
| 6  | THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Schiro, before we proceed, I              |
| 7  | want to make sure that you are aware of your rights with       |
| 8  | respect to trial.  |
| 9  | Sir, you have the right to continue to plead not               |
| 10 | guilty and no one can be forced to plead guilty.               |
| 11 | Do you understand that?  |
| 12 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.                                |
| 13 | THE COURT: All right. And you would have the right             |
| 14 | under the constitution and the laws of the United States, sir, |
| 15 | to a speedy and public trial by a jury on the charges          |
| 16 | contained in the information to be filed with the Court.       |
| 17 | Do you understand that, sir?                                   |
| 18 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.                                |
| 19 | THE COURT: And, at trial, you would be presumed                |
| 20 | innocent and the Government would have to prove you guilty     |
| 21 | beyond a reasonable doubt.                                     |
| 22 | Do you understand that, sir?                                   |
| 23 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.                                |
| 24 | THE COURT: You would have the right to be the                  |
| 25 | assistance of counsel for your defense. Mr. Kamdang would      |

1 represent you at trial and at every other stage in the 2 proceeding. Do you understand that, sir? 3 4 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: You would have the right to see and hear 5 all witnesses and have them cross-examined in your defense. 6 7 Do you understand that? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 8 9 THE COURT: You would have the right not to testify 10 unless you voluntarily elected to do so in your own defense. 11 Do you understand that, sir? 12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 13 THE COURT: You would have the right to compel the 14 attendance of witnesses to testify in your defense. 15 Do you understand that, sir? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 16 17 THE COURT: Should you decide not to testify, or put 18 on any evidence at trial, these facts could not be used 19 against you. 20 Do you understand that, sir? 21 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 22 THE COURT: Now, by entering a plea of guilty, and 23 if I accept your plea, there will be no trial and you would 24 have waived or given your right to a trial as well as all the 25 other rights associated with the trial that I just described.

| Do you understand that, sir?                                   |
|--|
| THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.                                |
| THE COURT: There will be no further trial of any               |
| kind, no right of appeal from the judgment of guilty. I will   |
| simply enter a judgment of guilty on the basis of your guilty  |
| plea and the Government will be freed of any responsibility to |
| prove your guilt.  |
| Do you understand that, sir?                                   |
| THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.                                |
| THE COURT: If you plead guilty, I will have you to             |
| ask you questions about what you did in order to satisfy       |
| myself that you are guilty of the charge to which you seek to  |
| plead guilty and you will have to answer my questions and      |
| acknowledge your guilt. Thus, you will be giving up your       |
| right to incriminate yourself.                                 |
| Do you understand that?  |
| THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.                                |
| THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Schiro, each and             |
| every one of rights that I've explained to you?                |
| THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.                                      |
| THE COURT: And are you willing to give up the right            |
| to a trial and all the of the other rights that I have         |
| discussed with you?  |
| THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.                                |
| THE COURT: Now, Mr. Schiro, you are pleading                   |
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|    | 21. Carrey 1. Tou  |
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| 1  | pursuant to an agreement with the Government; correct?         |
| 2  | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.  |
| 3  | THE COURT: Have the parties already executed the               |
| 4  | agreement?   |
| 5  | MR. KAMDANG: Yes, your Honor.                                  |
| 6  | MR. KESSLER: Yes, your Honor.                                  |
| 7  | THE COURT: Can I have a copy of that, please.                  |
| 8  | You can had been this back.                                    |
| 9  | Mr. Schiro, your attorney is handing to you the                |
| 10 | agreement pursuant to which you are pleading guilty and to has |
| 11 | been marked as Government Exhibit 1.                           |
| 12 | Sir, did you sign this agreement?                              |
| 13 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.                                |
| 14 | THE COURT: And is that your signature on Page 7?               |
| 15 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.  |
| 16 | THE COURT: All right. Did you have an opportunity              |
| 17 | to read and discuss the agreement with your attorney before    |
| 18 | you signed it?   |
| 19 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes, we discussed it earlier.                   |
| 20 | THE COURT: Okay. So you believe you had sufficient             |
| 21 | time to review it with your attorney, sir?                     |
| 22 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.  |
| 23 | THE COURT: Did you understand the agreement, sir?              |
| 24 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.  |
| 25 | THE COURT: Mr. Kamdang, did you have sufficient                |
|    |  |

| 1  | time to review the agreement with Mr. Schiro?                  |
|----|--|
| 2  | MR. KAMDANG: Yes, your Honor.                                  |
| 3  | THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, do you have any questions               |
| 4  | about the agreement?   |
| 5  | THE DEFENDANT: I'm sorry.                                      |
| 6  | THE COURT: Don't apologize, sir.                               |
| 7  | (A brief pause in the proceedings was held.)                   |
| 8  | THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I have, your Honor.                        |
| 9  | MR. KAMDANG: Your Honor, so the confusion was that             |
| 10 | we had received a plea offer earlier. We reviewed it. He       |
| 11 | signed an original that was not the copy that he reviewed, and |
| 12 | so I just assured him that the copy that the prosecutor        |
| 13 | brought in today was the plea offer that was extended          |
| 14 | previously.  |
| 15 | THE COURT: You read a copy of the plea agreement.              |
| 16 | You didn't sign it at the time you reviewed it. You executed   |
| 17 | an agreement today and you wanted to make sure that it was the |
| 18 | same agreement?  |
| 19 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes. Yes, your Honor.                           |
| 20 | THE COURT: All right. Mr. Kamdang, you are                     |
| 21 | confident that the agreement that Mr. Schiro signed today is   |
| 22 | one in the same in terms of the terms of the agreement as the  |
| 23 | one he previously reviewed?                                    |
| 24 | MR. KAMDANG: Yes, your Honor.                                  |
| 25 | THE COURT: All right. Mr. Schiro, does the                     |

1 agreement represent in its entirety any understanding you have 2 with the Government? 3 Do you want me to rephrase that question for you, 4 sir? 5 THE DEFENDANT: Please. THE COURT: Has anyone made you any promises or 6 7 assurances that are not in the agreement? 8 Did the Government make you a promise that they 9 didn't put in that agreement? 10 THE DEFENDANT: No. 11 THE COURT: Did anyone make you a promise with 12 regard to your plea that's not reflected in that agreement? 13 THE DEFENDANT: No. 14 THE COURT: Okay. Has anyone threatened you in any way to persuade to you accept the agreement? 15 16 THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Okay. 18 MR. KESSLER: Your Honor, if I may, just make one 19 clarifying comment on the record just so the record is 20 completely clear. 21 It is possible that when Mr. Schiro reviewed the 22 version of the plea agreement he reviewed, the date before 23 which he was required to submit the financial affidavit that's 24 discussed in Paragraph 7 was earlier. 25 THE COURT: Yes. I was going to get to that.

| 1  | Currently, I believe it still reads February 10,              |
|----|---|
| 2  | 2017.   |
| 3  | MR. KESSLER: That's what I'm saying. The version              |
| 4  | that we have executed the date says, "April 14th."            |
| 5  | THE COURT: All right. So that version wasn't the              |
| 6  | one that was supplied to my chambers, right?                  |
| 7  | MR. KESSLER: I believe not. We just updated the               |
| 8  | date of this. This is a change that is beneficial for         |
| 9  | Mr. Schiro.   |
| 10 | THE COURT: No, I understand that.                             |
| 11 | MR. KAMDANG: Your Honor, we reviewed this this                |
| 12 | morning and that term is something that we discussed. I think |
| 13 | also to bring out changes, I think the U.S. Attorney was      |
| 14 | different on the plea agreement that we previously provided I |
| 15 | think was the two things that have been made.                 |
| 16 | THE COURT: Yes, there were two. My understanding,             |
| 17 | then, is that there were changes with regard to the financial |
| 18 | statement requirement and the date in which that must be      |
| 19 | submitted.  |
| 20 | Has that been changed from February 10, 2017, to              |
| 21 | April 1, 2017?  |
| 22 | MR. KESSLER: April 14, 2017.                                  |
| 23 | THE COURT: And is this an acceptance of                       |
| 24 | responsibility date that he was also changed?                 |
| 25 | MR. KESSLER: Yes.   |

|    | -  |
|----|--|
| 1  | THE COURT: Okay.   |
| 2  | MR. KESSLER: Because the plea date has been moved              |
| 3  | around.  |
| 4  | THE COURT: So you changed the acceptance of                    |
| 5  | responsibility date to April 14th?                             |
| 6  | MR. KESSLER: No.   |
| 7  | THE COURT: No.   |
| 8  | MR. KESSLER: The plea agreement reads March 16,                |
| 9  | 2017, today because we moved the plea agreement about a day.   |
| 10 | So, on the record, I will certainly acknowledge that the       |
| 11 | defendant has satisfied that requirement. And if the Court     |
| 12 | would like, I will change March 16th to March 17th and initial |
| 13 | the changes.   |
| 14 | THE COURT: I would like that change to be made in              |
| 15 | the agreement, please.   |
| 16 | MR. KESSLER: So I have crossed out March 16th,                 |
| 17 | written March, 17th and then initialed it.                     |
| 18 | THE COURT: What paragraph are we on in the                     |
| 19 | agreement?   |
| 20 | MR. KESSLER: Paragraph 2. It's toward the top of               |
| 21 | Page 3.  |
| 22 | THE COURT: Yes.  |
| 23 | MR. KESSLER: I will show this change to defense                |
| 24 | counsel.   |
| 25 | THE COURT: He should initial it as well and as well            |
|    |  |

on Mr. Schiro's.

MR. KESSLER: Just to be clear, your Honor, it's certainly the Government's view that all of these changes are beneficial to Mr. Schiro, not in any way more restrictive or of any of his rights.

THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, the Government has indicated that there were two changes in the agreement. The first change is reflected in Paragraph 2 on Page 3 of the agreement. And that is the date on which you must plead guilty to qualify for a one-level reduction for having accepted responsibility.

Previously, the date on which your guilty plea had to have been entered was February 17, 2017.

By the change that was made today, which was initialed by the Government and your counsel and yourself, that date was changed so that your plea made on this day would qualify as a plea within the time period prescribed for acceptance of responsibility in Paragraph 2 of the agreement.

Do you understand that change, sir.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. In addition, there was another change made to the plea agreement. You previously were required to submit a financial statement by February 10, 2017, by the change that was made today. The requirement that you submit your financial statement, the deadline, rather, has been moved to April 14, 2017.

1 Was that change also initialled by the Government 2 and counsel? 3 MR. KESSLER: That change is in the document itself. 4 THE COURT: It is already made in the document. Then we will proceed. 5 right. Okay. Mr. Kamdang, were all formal plea offers from the 6 7 Government conveyed to Mr. Schiro? 8 MR. KAMDANG: Yes, your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, I've already discussed the 10 charges against you. I'm now going to tell you about some of 11 the possible penalties for the crimes to which you will be 12 pleading guilty. All right, sir? 13 Now, under 18 U.S.C. Section 1343, the maximum term 14 of imprisonment for this crime is 20 years. There is, 15 however, no mandatory minimum term. Any term of imprisonment 16 could be followed by a term of supervised release of a maximum 17 of three years. 18 Now, supervised release Mr. Schiro refers to the 19 period of time when you'll be subject to supervision by the 20 probation department after completing any term of 21 imprisonment. You will have to follow rules of supervised 22 release, and if you violate those rules you could be sent back 23 to prison without a jury trial to serve an additional term of 24 up to two years without any credit for the time you previously

served in prison as a result of your sentence and without any

1 credit for the time you spent on post-release supervision.

Do you understand that, sir?

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THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. I'm going to put it another way.

Mr. Schiro, you understand that if you violate the conditions of your supervised release, you could be given additional time in prison.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Schiro, you also face a maximum possible fine that is the greater of \$250,000 or twice the gross gain derived from the offense, or twice the gross loss to persons other than yourself whichever is greater.

In addition, sir, I must order you to pay a mandatory special assessment of \$100.

Sir, restitution in this case is mandatory and will be ordered by the Court at sentencing. I cannot tell you now, sir, how much any restitution would be.

Now, as I mentioned before, the information also contains a criminal forfeiture allegation which is addressed in Paragraph 6 through 11 of your plea agreement. Pursuant to the plea agreement, sir, you have consented to disclose all of your assets to the Government on a financial statement titled "United States Department of Justice Financial Statement," which is a attached, sir, to the plea agreement as Exhibit 1

and you must provide this statement on or before April 14, 2017, and provide a copy of the financial statement to Assistant U.S. Attorney David Kessler.

Mr. Schiro, failure to disclose all assets on the financial statement constitutes a material breach of the agreement. If such a breach is committed, the Government may bring additional charges against you.

Now, if it is discovered that you own or have interest in undisclosed assets that you had an obligation to disclose, but failed to do so before sentencing, you have knowingly and voluntarily waived your right to any required notice concerning the forfeiture of said assets and you agree that those assets will be forfeited to the Government pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 981(a)(1)(c) and 28 U.S.C. Section 2461 as property real or personal constituting or derived from proceeds obtained directly or indirectly as a result of the charged offense and/or as a substitute asset.

Sir, you've already agreed to execute new documents necessary to effectuate the forfeiture of said assets. You have knowingly and voluntarily waived your right, if any, to a jury trial on the forfeiture of said assets and waived all constitutional, legal, and equitable defenses to the forfeiture of said assets including, but not limited to, any defense based on the principles of double jeopardy, the ex post facto clause of the Constitution, any applicable statute

of limitation, or defense under the Eighth Amendment including a claim of excessive fines.

You have agreed that the forfeiture of said assets is not considered the payment of a fine penalty, restitution, loss amount, or any income taxes that may be due and so survive bankruptcy.

You have further agreed that restitution in this case is mandatory and agreed to pay the amount to be determined by the Court at sentencing.

Mr. Schiro, do you understand all of these possible consequences?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Sir, I want to talk to you now about the sentencing guidelines.

Now, under the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984, the United States Sentencing Commission has issued guidelines for judges to follow in determining the sentence in a criminal case. These guidelines are advisory and I will consider them along the particular facts and circumstances of your case and all the sentencing factors set north in the relevant federal statute, that is 18 U.S.C. Section 3553(a), in determining your sentence.

Put another way, sir, the guidelines are a way to help the Court determine where within a particular range your sentence should fall and whether supervised release and/or a

fine should be imposed; and, if so, how much. The guidelines are not mandatory, Mr. Schiro, but court is your required to consider the guidelines.

Mr. Schiro, have you and your attorney have discussed how advisory sentencing guidelines might apply in your case?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Kamdang, have you discussed with Mr. Schiro how the Court will use the statutory penalties, the sentencing guidelines, and the §3553 factors to arrive at an appropriate sentence.

MR. KAMDANG: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, do you understand that your sentence will be determined by a combination of the advisory sentencing guidelines, possible authorized departures from the guidelines, and other statutory factors?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. The important thing that you must understand, Mr. Schiro, is that until the time of sentencing, no one can tell you exactly what guideline will apply to your case or what your sentence will be. Your lawyer can't tell you, the Government can't tell you, I can't even tell you.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Now, to help me calculate the guideline

applicable to your case, and evaluate the §3553 factors to determine your sentence. I'm going to get a presentence report from the probation department. That report,

Mr. Schiro, will be about you. It will be about your history and your background and the charges and many other things.

And the probation department will do their own calculation and will recommend a sentence that it believes is appropriate.

You and your lawyer as well as the Government will have an opportunity to see the report, the guideline calculation, and the recommendation before sentencing and you'll have an opportunity to challenge them in any way.

Do you understand, though, Mr. Schiro that I will not be able to determine the advisory guideline range for your case until after the presentence report has been prepared and you and the Government have had an opportunity to read it and challenge the reported facts and the application of the guidelines recommended by the probation officer.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Now, Mr. Schiro I will hold a sentencing hearing where I will hear from your lawyer and the Government. If necessary, the lawyers can present witnesses and evidence on any sentencing issue. Mr. Schiro, you may bring family and friends to support you at Court on that day. You will also have a chance to speak at sentencing and tell me anything you want to tell me before I sentence you and I encourage you to

1 speak to me on that day. 2 Do you understand? 3 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 4 THE COURT: All right. Now, at the sentencing hearing, and using the presentence report from probation, and 5 all of the information recommendations and arguments I 6 7 receive, then and only then will I be in a position to 8 calculate and consider the applicable guideline range, weigh 9 the §3553 factors, and determine your sentence. 10 Do you understand? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 12 Do you understand that the sentence I THE COURT: 13 impose may be different from any estimate that your attorney 14 may have given you? 15 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 16 THE COURT: Do you understand that after your 17 initial advisory range has been determined, I have the 18 authority in some circumstances to depart upward or downward 19 from the advisory guideline range and that could result in a 20 sentence that is either greater or lesser than the advisory 21 guidelines sentence. 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 23 THE COURT: Do you understand, Mr. Schiro, that 24 there is no parole in the federal system, and that if you are

sentenced to prison you will not be released on parole.

1 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 2 THE COURT: Has the Government estimated what the 3 guidelines range is likely to be? 4 MR. KESSLER: Yes, your Honor. The calculation in the plea agreement is as follows: 5 A base offense level of seven, which reflects the normal base 6 7 offense level in 2B1.1 when the defendant has a prior 8 conviction for a similar offense. 9 THE COURT: Yes. 10 MR. KESSLER: And then a loss amount of more than 11 \$250,000 leading to an increase of 12 levels. So that would 12 lead to a total of 19. And that if we subtract three points 13 for acceptance of responsibility, that would leave us with a 14 Total Offense Level of 16 assuming the defendant falls in 15 Criminal History Category II. That would result in a range of imprisonment of 24 to 30 months. If there were only two 16 points for responsibility, then the range would be 27 to 17 18 33 months. And it is that 33 months which is the subject of 19 the appellate waiver in Paragraph 4. 20 THE COURT: Yes, I see. 21 And, Mr. Kamdang, by the agreement you stipulated 22 to, the guidelines calculation set forth in the plea 23 agreement. 24 MR. KAMDANG: Yes, your Honor.

Mr. Schiro, in your plea agreement, in

THE COURT:

1 Paragraph 2 on Page 3, the Government has set forth estimates 2 for the guideline range calculation. They've set forth two 3 ranges, one assuming a Criminal History Category of II and the 4 range is at 27 to 33 months. And then, assuming a criminal history category, I'm sorry, I'm doing this backwards. 5 MR. KESSLER: It's two different offense levels for 6 7 the shame criminal history category. 8 THE COURT: I'm sorry. 9 Criminal history offense level of 17 with a Criminal 10 History Category of II which puts you at 27 to 33 months. 11 an offense level of 17 with a Criminal History Category of II 12 the Government has estimated a range of 24 to 30 months. 13 What's important for you to now, sir, is that there 14 is no guarantee as to a particular guideline range or 15 sentence. 16 Do you understand that? 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 18 THE COURT: All right. And ultimately, I have to 19 determine the range notwithstanding what is set out in the 20 plea agreement. 21 Do you understand that? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 23 THE COURT: All right. And do you understand that 24 I'm not required to sentence you to that range?

Yes.

THE DEFENDANT:

1 THE COURT: And do you understand that as you stand 2 here today, there is no way to know what your ultimate 3 sentence will be. 4 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: And do you understand that if the 5 6 advisory guideline range in the presentence report is 7 different than the guideline range you expect, you cannot take 8 your plea back. 9 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 10 THE COURT: All right. And do you understand that 11 the ultimate sentence I impose is different than what you hope 12 or expect you cannot take your plea back? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor. 14 THE COURT: All right. Now, do you understand that under some circumstances 15 you or the Government may have the right to appeal any 16 17 sentence that I impose? 18 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 19 THE COURT: And you can appeal your conviction, 20 Mr. Schiro, if you believe that your guilty plea today was 21 somehow unlawful or involuntary, or there was some other 22 fundamental defect in these proceedings that was not waived by 23 your plea. 24 You also have a statutory right to appeal your

sentence under certain circumstances if you believe that your

1 | sentence was contrary to law.

However, as Mr. Kessler raised, in your agreement you have agreed that you will not file an appeal or otherwise challenge your conviction or your sentence so long as the Court imposes a term of imprisonment of 33 months or less.

Do you understand that by entering into this agreement, which was marked at Government Exhibit 1, and entering a plea of guilty, you will have waived with or given up your right to appeal or collaterally attack any part of your sentence so long as I sentence you to 33 months or less in jail?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. And, sir, I'd like to you turn to Paragraph 4 of the agreement and I want you to acknowledge that this is what you agreed to in Paragraph 4 of the agreement.

Is that what you've agreed to in Paragraph 4 of the agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, has anyone forced or threatened you to waive your right to an appeal?

THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you have any questions about the rights you are giving up, the punishments you face, the agreement, or the nature of the charges or anything else

| 1  | related to this matter?  |
|----|--|
| 2  | THE DEFENDANT: I just needed to hear that again.               |
| 3  | THE COURT: The question?                                       |
| 4  | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.  |
| 5  | THE COURT: Okay.   |
| 6  | Do you have any questions we've covered a lot                  |
| 7  | I've talked about your rights, I've talked about the           |
| 8  | penalties, the nature of the charges.                          |
| 9  | Having heard all of that, I want to know if you have           |
| 10 | any questions remaining about the rights you're giving up, the |
| 11 | punishments that you would face, the plea agreement, the       |
| 12 | nature of the charges or anything else?                        |
| 13 | THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.                                 |
| 14 | THE COURT: Okay. Counsel, is there anything else               |
| 15 | that I need to review in the agreement with Mr. Schiro?        |
| 16 | MR. KESSLER: Not in the agreement, your Honor. I               |
| 17 | had one other thing before Mr. Schiro enters his plea.         |
| 18 | THE COURT: All right.  |
| 19 | MR. KESSLER: But not about the agreement itself.               |
| 20 | THE COURT: Not about the agreement, but before we              |
| 21 | proceed to   |
| 22 | MR. KESSLER: Yes. It will be two seconds.                      |
| 23 | THE COURT: Why don't you go ahead.                             |
| 24 | MR. KESSLER: So I know the Court explained the                 |
| 25 | various rights the defendant would be waiving and I was        |

| 1  | tracking along. I know the Court informed the defendant that  |
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| 2  | he did not have to testify at trial. I did not write down     |
| 3  | that the defendant was informed he could testify at a trial   |
| 4  | also, although I probably just missed that but I want to make |
| 5  | sure.   |
| 6  | THE COURT: I may not have. I'm not certain.                   |
| 7  | Mr. Schiro, just to make sure that you do                     |
| 8  | understand, you would have a right to testify at trial should |
| 9  | you choose so in your own defense.                            |
| 10 | Do you understand that?                                       |
| 11 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.                               |
| 12 | THE COURT: All right. But do you understand that              |
| 13 | you would not have to testify at trial?                       |
| 14 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I do.                                     |
| 15 | THE COURT: All right. And that if you didn't                  |
| 16 | testify at trial, that could not be used against you.         |
| 17 | Do you understand that?                                       |
| 18 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.   |
| 19 | THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Kessler.                            |
| 20 | Mr. Kamdang, do you believing that there was                  |
| 21 | anything I need to discuss with regard to the agreement?      |
| 22 | MR. KAMDANG: No, your Honor.                                  |
| 23 | THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, do you have any questions              |
| 24 | that you'd like to ask me before we proceed?                  |
| 25 | THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.                                |

| 1  | THE COURT: All right. Do you need any additional      |
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| 2  | time to speak with your attorney?                     |
| 3  | THE DEFENDANT: No.                                    |
| 4  | THE COURT: All right. Mr. Kamdang, do you know of     |
| 5  | any reason why Mr. Schiro should not plead guilty?    |
| 6  | THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.                        |
| 7  | THE COURT: Are you aware of any viable legal          |
| 8  | defenses?   |
| 9  | MR. KAMDANG: No, your Honor.                          |
| 10 | THE COURT: Do you have any concerns regarding         |
| 11 | Mr. Schiro's competency to enter a plea at this time? |
| 12 | MR. KAMDANG: I don't.                                 |
| 13 | THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, are you ready to plead         |
| 14 | guilty?   |
| 15 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.                                   |
| 16 | THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, what is your plea as to        |
| 17 | Count One of the information?                         |
| 18 | THE DEFENDANT: Guilty.                                |
| 19 | THE COURT: Are you pleading guilty voluntarily and    |
| 20 | of your own free will?                                |
| 21 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.                                   |
| 22 | THE COURT: Has anyone threatened or forced you to     |
| 23 | plead guilty?   |
| 24 | THE DEFENDANT: No.                                    |
| 25 | THE COURT: Other than the agreement with the          |

Government, has anyone made any promise that caused you to plead guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Has anyone made any promises to you as to what your sentence will be?

THE DEFENDANT: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Now, Mr. Schiro, at this point in time,
I would like to hear from you what it is that you did that
makes you guilty of wire fraud as charged in the information.

THE DEFENDANT: Between July 2014 and 2016, I created a company, fund, Black Rock Morgan then with an office in Long Island. In order to recruit clients, I created certain in order to -- I created certain documents to recruit clients that materially misrepresented the company in terms of scope and size. And in addition to that, I doctored confirmations, and as losses mounted up, I sent confirmations that didn't reflect the account.

THE COURT: Okay.

And so, when you say, "You doctored up documents that didn't reflect the account," I assume that you did so when you say you did it knowingly and intentionally; is that correct?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I did.

THE COURT: And you did so when you say you doctored up documents, was that with the intent then to defraud the

|    | Guilty lieu   |
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| 1  | investors?  |
| 2  | THE DEFENDANT: Yeah. Yes, I changed the numbers on            |
| 3  | the computer before I sent it to hide losses. And in one      |
| 4  | instance, I sent materials that misrepresented the company to |
| 5  | a client in Garland, Texas containing the material            |
| 6  | representations by fax.                                       |
| 7  | THE COURT: All right. And did you falsely                     |
| 8  | represent to the client in Garland, Texas that you would      |
| 9  | create or cause to be created an account on behalf of that    |
| 10 | client?   |
| 11 | THE DEFENDANT: One more time.                                 |
| 12 | THE COURT: Did you represent, did you say to the              |
| 13 | client in Garland, Texas that you were going to create an     |
| 14 | account on behalf of that client in Texas?                    |
| 15 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.   |
| 16 | THE COURT: And did you tell them that you were                |
| 17 | going to manage that account?                                 |
| 18 | THE DEFENDANT: Yes.   |
| 19 | THE COURT: And those were false representations?              |
| 20 | THE DEFENDANT: I mean, what was false was the                 |
| 21 | confirms. He was unaware that the confirms that she was       |
| 22 | receiving didn't reflect the actual losses and by a wide      |
| 23 | amount and  |
|    | TUE 00UPT 01  |

THE DEFENDANT: -- at times. And he was unaware of

THE COURT: Okay.

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that.

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THE COURT: And you were in Long Island at the time
that you sent the documents to the investor in

is that correct?

THE DEFENDANT: .

THE COURT: What means did you use to send the documents?

THE DEFENDANT: E-mail.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: Some fax, some e-mail.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Kessler.

THE DEFENDANT: I could give you more of a picture.

MR. KESSLER: If I could just have one second to

look at my notes?

THE COURT: Yes.

(A brief pause in the proceedings was held.)

MR. KESSLER: Perhaps the easiest way --

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MR. KESSLER: Perhaps the easiest way to do this. I believe the allocution is essentially sufficient, but I just want to put some facts on the record that I would be able to prove at trial and I believe the defendant will agree with them.

So the first is that there were, as described in the information, five victims or five investors who provided some

1 | money related to this e-mail that he described.

THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, were there five investors with whom you sent information?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Excuse me. To whom you sent information?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

MR. KESSLER: The second thing would be that I think the fax described in -- the August 2014 fax that we just talked about. What the Government would prove at trial, and I don't think this is inconsistent with what Mr. Schiro said. Just so it's clear that the documents that were sent by fax and the other documents that were sent by e-mail falsely represented that there would be an account created and managed on behalf of the defendant in the sense that this was a legitimate money management business that would be managed in the best interests of the investor not in some other way. For instance, for the benefit of Mr. Schiro or something like that.

So I just wanted to be clear that the facts itself also contains representations and represented that there would be an account created and managed in a way that at least misrepresented the intent to the investors. That's all I'm trying to say.

THE COURT: Mr. Schiro, you indicated that you sent

documents in August of 2014 to an investor in Garland, Texas, and you say that you doctored those documents. Is it the case that in doctoring the documents, you falsely represented that the account was being created and managed for the benefit of the investor as opposed to for your benefit?

MR. KAMDANG: One moment, your Honor.

(A brief pause in the proceedings was held.)

MR. KAMDANG: Your Honor, I think that would be something that Mr. Schiro would dispute. I think his intention was to create -- he's not disputing that he fraudulently induced these investments, and that as the scheme continued that he was sending false information about the investments. I think something that is very important to him is that when he started it, he intended to make money for the five investors and he had the intention of creating a fund that would benefit those clients that obviously didn't happen here. And as the losses mounted up, he attempted to hide that with more and more misrepresentations.

I think that what he says has made more than made out wire fraud. But I think that it is very important to him that it's on the record that when he started this company it was his intention to make money for the investors.

THE COURT: The client to whom Mr. Schiro you sent the documentation in August of 2014, the time that you sent him that documentation were they a preexisting client, or were

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they a new client that you were soliciting?
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              MR. KESSLER: Your Honor, I may be just because
    Mr. --
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 4
              THE DEFENDANT: I think I know. Well, all right.
              So if they're receiving -- see, so if this these are
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    the initials documents with the overview. So the overview
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    severely misrepresented the scope of the business, one-man
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    operation. And as the losses mounted up, I doctored and I
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    sent money to Boston University for my daughter.
              THE COURT:
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                          I understand that you said that the
    overview severely misrepresented the scope of the enterprise
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12
    and it severely misrepresented the scope of the enterprise,
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    sir, so that it would benefit you; correct?
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              THE DEFENDANT:
                              Yes.
              THE COURT: All right. Those misrepresentations
15
    were not made for the benefit of the investor; correct?
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              THE DEFENDANT:
                              No.
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              THE COURT: Okay. Mr.
                                      Kessler.
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              MR. KESSLER: I believe that's sufficient, your
20
    Honor.
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              THE COURT:
                          Okay. Based on my observations of
    Mr. Schiro and his demeanor in court, his answers to my
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    questions, and the representations of his counsel, I find that
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    Mr. Schiro is fully competent and capable of entering an
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     informed plea, away of the nature of the charges and the
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consequences of his plea. And his plea of guilty is knowing 1 2 and voluntary and supported by an independent basis in fact 3 containing the essential elements of the offense. 4 Mr. Schiro I, therefore, accept your plea of guilty as to Count One of the information. All right. You can have 5 6 a seat, sir. 7 Now, Mr. Schiro as I explained earlier a written presentence report will be prepared by probation department to 8 9 assist the Court in sentencing and you will be asked to give 10 information for the report by your attorney, excuse me, 11 information for the report and your attorney may be represent 12 for the present interview if you wish. 13 Mr. Schiro, would you like for Mr. Kamdang to be 14 present for any interview? 15 MR. KAMDANG: Yes, your Honor. 16 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Schiro, you and your 17 counsel will have an opportunity to read the presentence 18 report as I explained earlier and file any objections to the 19 report before sentencing? 20 Ms. Valentin, may we have a date? 21 COURTROOM DEPUTY: Yes, your Honor. August 2nd at 22 2:00. 23 THE COURT: We're going to set a tentative date for 24 sentencing for August 2nd. That should give the parties

sufficient time after the presentence report to review the

1 | report and make their submissions.

As a reminder, the Government goes first with respect to my sentencing submissions.

Now, Mr. Schiro, you are out on bond, correct, with certain conditions of release.

Is that correct, sir?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. I'm just going to remind you, sir, to continue to abide by the conditions of your release because if you fail to do so, a warrant could be issued for your arrest and you can be held in custody until sentencing. That said, I trust that you're going to continue to abide by those conditions. All right?

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah.

THE COURT: You have something you would like to say?

MR. KAMDANG: Your Honor, there are two issues that I've been discussing with the Government. I'm going to follow up. I think we can resolve them without Court's assistance.

One is that he's been interviewing with a couple nonprofits to work as a fundraiser. Speaking to the Government, I think that we believe that would not violate the terms, but I just want to confirm with his pretrial officer. So I don't think we'll need to bring that the Court's attention.

Second issue is that we probably will bring to the 1 2 Court's attention is that he is scheduling a surgery in the 3 next month with a lengthy recuperation period. I've asked him 4 to provide me with the medical records so I can share those 5 with the Government before making the request of the Government to get the Government's position. 6 So that request 7 will be forthcoming. I don't have the medical records yet. 8 THE COURT: I'm assuming that the request ultimately 9 is, I'm assuming that you're going to want to make sure that 10 whatever sentencing date somehow allows him to be fully 11 recuperate. 12 MR. KAMDANG: That's correct, your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Just make sure that whenever you make 14 any submission that there is adequate support for the 15 recuperation time and the Court will certainly... THE DEFENDANT: Actually, I have that. 16 17 18

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THE COURT: What your lawyer is going to do,
Mr. Schiro, so that it's properly before Court is he's going
to prepare a written submission and he'll give me a copy of
whatever it is that you have. So that way I can see it and
then I can make a determination as to what would be an
appropriate date for sentencing and whether or not I need to
make any adjustments to the current schedule, okay?

MR. KAMDANG: Your Honor, because I imagine it would

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.

| 1  | be attached to medical documents, can I make a request to have |
|----|--|
| 2  | permission to file that under seal. Certainly copies to the    |
| 3  | Government.  |
| 4  | THE COURT: You may do so.                                      |
| 5  | MR. KAMDANG: Thank you, your Honor.                            |
| 6  | THE COURT: All right. Okay. Mr. Schiro, I wish                 |
| 7  | you well until I see you again. If you are going to have       |
| 8  | surgery, I send you my blessings with regard to that. All      |
| 9  | right?   |
| 10 | THE DEFENDANT: Thank you.                                      |
| 11 | THE COURT: Thank you.  |
| 12 | MR. KESSLER: Thank you.  |
| 13 | COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise.                                    |
| 14 | (WHEREUPON, this matter was adjourned to                       |
| 15 | above-referenced date and time.)                               |
| 16 |  |
| 17 | * * *  |
| 18 |  |
| 19 | CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER  |
| 20 | I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript of the    |
| 21 | record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.            |
| 22 |  |
| 23 | anthony O. Frisolore   |
| 25 | Anthony D. Frisolone, FAPR, RDR, CRR, CRI                      |

|                                 | 1   |  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| 1                               | UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  |  |
| 2                               | EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK  |  |
| 3                               | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, : 17-CR-130 (LDH)   |  |
| 4                               | :<br>Plaintiff, :<br>: United States Courthouse   |  |
| 5                               | -against- : Brooklyn, New York  |  |
| 6                               | PATRICK SCHIRO, : Friday April 12 2019  |  |
| 7                               | : Friday, April 13, 2018<br>Defendant. : 11:00 a.m.<br>X  |  |
| 8                               |   |  |
| 9                               | TRANSCRIPT OF CRIMINAL CAUSE FOR SENTENCING   |  |
| 10                              | BEFORE THE HONORABLE LASHANN DEARCY HALL UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE   |  |
| 11                              | ONITED CITTLES DIGINION GODGE   |  |
| 12                              | APPEARANCES:  |  |
| 13                              | For the Government: RICHARD P. DONOGHUE, ESQ.   |  |
| 14                              | United States Attorney  Eastern District of New York  |  |
| 15                              | 271 Cadman Plaza East<br>Brooklyn, New York 11201   |  |
| 16                              | BY: DÁVÍD KESSLER, ESQ.<br>Assistant United States Attorney   |  |
| 17                              | For the Defendant: FEDERAL DEFENDERS OF NY, INC.  |  |
| 18                              | One Pierrepont Plaza<br>16th Floor  |  |
| 19                              | Brooklyn, New York 11201<br>BY: LEN KAMDANG, ESQ.   |  |
| 20                              |   |  |
| 21                              |   |  |
| 22                              | Court Reporter: DAVID R. ROY, RPR<br>225 Cadman Plaza East  |  |
| 23                              | Brooklyn, New York 11201<br>drroyofcr@gmail.com   |  |
| <ul><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul> | Proceedings recorded by Stenographic machine shorthand, transcript produced by Computer-Assisted Transcription. |  |
|                                 |   |  |

| 1  | (In open court.)   |
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| 2  | THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: Criminal cause for                     |
| 3  | sentencing Docket Number 17-CR-130 United States of America  |
| 4  | versus Patrick Schiro.                                       |
| 5  | Counsel, please state your name for the record.              |
| 6  | MR. KESSLER: Good morning, Your Honor. David                 |
| 7  | Kessler for the United States and with the Court's           |
| 8  | permission and defense counsel's permission I'm joined by an |
| 9  | intern in our office, Brandon Eng.                           |
| 10 | THE COURT: All right. Welcome, Mr. Eng.                      |
| 11 | MS. MURPHY: Good morning, Your Honor, Michelle               |
| 12 | Murphy for the probation department.                         |
| 13 | THE COURT: Good morning.                                     |
| 14 | MR. KAMDANG: Good morning, I'm Len Kamdang on                |
| 15 | behalf of Patrick Schiro. I'd like to acknowledge he has a   |
| 16 | number of family members here. Julie Schiro, his sister;     |
| 17 | Ashley Schiro, his daughter, age four; Ally Schiro, his      |
| 18 | wife; Brandon Schiro, his son; and Chris Schiro, his         |
| 19 | brother, are all here in support of him.                     |
| 20 | THE COURT: All right. Good morning to you all.               |
| 21 | You can be seated.   |
| 22 | MR. KAMDANG: Thank you.                                      |
| 23 | THE COURT: All right. I was just waiting in case             |
| 24 | they wanted to have the young girl step out for the purposes |
| 25 | of the hearing.  |

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All right. So we are here today for a sentencing determination on Count 1 of the Information against Mr. Patrick Morgan Schiro. Present today the Government has indicated is Mr. Kessler, as well as defense counsel, Mr. Kamdang, representations from the probation office as well as Mr. Schiro and, of course, Mr. Eng now, our intern.

Now on March 17, 2017, Mr. Schiro pleaded guilty to the sole count of the Information which alleged that in or about and between July 14th -- excuse me, July 2014 and June 2016, both dates being approximate and inclusive within the Eastern District of New York and elsewhere, Mr. Schiro, together with others, did knowingly and intentionally devise a scheme and artifice to defraud Investors 1 through 5 and to obtain money and property from them by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations and promises, and for the purpose of executing such scheme and artifice, transmitted and caused to be transmitted by means of wire communication and interstate and foreign commerce, writing, signed, signaled, pictures and sounds, to wit., in or about August 2014 Mr. Schiro sent or caused to be sent by facsimile from the Eastern District of New York to Investor 1 located in Garland, Texas, an account application that falsely represented to Investor 1 that Mr. Schiro could create or cause to be created and then manage an account on behalf of Investor 1.

| 1  | Now in advance of the hearing today, I received              |
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| 2  | first an August 23rd, 2017, presentence investigation report |
| 3  | which was filed as Docket Number 21; a December 20th, 2017   |
| 4  | sentencing memorandum from the Government which was filed as |
| 5  | Docket Number 24; a December 28, 2017 sentencing memorandum  |
| 6  | from defense counsel filed as Docket Number 25 attached to   |
| 7  | which was Exhibit A, a letter from Rose Marie Perrone;       |
| 8  | Mr. Schiro's sister; Exhibit B, a letter from José           |
| 9  | Valladares, Mr. Schiro's friend; Exhibit C, a letter from    |
| 0  | Ashley Schiro, Mr. Schiro's eldest daughter; and Exhibit D,  |
| 1  | a letter from Brandon Schiro, Mr. Schiro's son. A            |
| 2  | January 5, 2015, sentencing memorandum supplement filed by   |
| 3  | defense counsel as Docket Number 26 attached to wit was      |
| 4  | Exhibit A, a medical record; and finally, a February 6,      |
| 5  | 2018, sentencing memorandum supplement filed by the defense  |
| 6  | attached, to wit, were Exhibits A and B, medical records and |
| 7  | Exhibit C, a letter from Ally Schiro, Mr. Schiro's wife.     |
| 8  | All right. Counsel, do you have any other                    |
| 9  | documents, letters, that you would like to submit to the     |
| 20 | Court at this time?  |
| 21 | MR. KESSLER: No, Your Honor.                                 |
| 22 | MR. KAMDANG: No, Your Honor.                                 |
| 23 | THE COURT: All right. Counsel, do you anticipate             |
| 24 | that the Court will need to hold any sort of evidentiary     |
| 5  | hearing to resolve any disputed issues of fact?              |

Now 18 U.S.C. Section 1343 permits this

- Court to sentence Mr. Schiro to a maximum term of 20 years. 1 2 There is no minimum term of imprisonment. The Court may 3 impose a term of supervised release of no more than three 4 Now the statutory maximum fine in this case is I must also impose a mandatory special assessment 5 \$250,000. of \$100 pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 3013. 6 7 Now as set forth in Paragraphs 1 through E and 2 8 of Mr. Schiro's plea agreement, I must impose and Mr. Schiro 9 will be required to pay a restitution in an amount to be 10 determined today and that is pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 3663, 3663A, and 3664. 11 12 Now the Court's understanding is that based on 13 Mr. Schiro's representation as set out in Paragraph 6 to the 14 plea agreement, he doesn't have any monies and/or property that is subject to forfeiture and the Government is not 15 16 seeking forfeiture; is that correct? 17 MR. KESSLER: It is correct that the Government is 18 not seeking forfeiture, yes. 19 THE COURT: And that's based on Mr. Schiro's 20 representation.
  - MR. KESSLER: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Now both parties state in their respective sentencing submissions that the guideline ranges set forth in the PSR is 30 to 37 months of imprisonment.

The defense has already indicated that they have

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no objections to the presentence report. Am I correct that the Government doesn't have any objections as well?

MR. KESSLER: That is correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Now I adopt the presentence report without objection.

All right. Now I calculate the following advisory range as to Mr. Schiro's offense. Now the applicable guideline for offenses under 18 U.S.C. Section 1343, the sentencing guideline Section 2B1.1(a)(1), which provides a base offense level of 7 as the defendant was convicted of an offense referenced to in this guideline and the offense of conviction has a statutory maximum term of 20 years.

Now because the instant offense involved a loss of \$401,551.50, a 12-level enhancement applies. A two-level increase applied because Mr. Schiro abused the position of public or private trust or used a special skill in a manner that significantly facilitated the commission or concealment of the offense.

This brings the adjusted offense level to 21. The adjusted offense level is decreased by two levels for Mr. Schiro's clear acceptance of responsibility for the offense. This brings Mr. Schiro's adjusted offense level down to 19.

In addition the Court understands that the Government intends to make a motion stating that it was

notified in a timely manner of Mr. Schiro's intention to enter a plea of guilty.

Mr. Kessler, is that correct?

MR. KESSLER: That is correct, and I make such a motion at this point.

THE COURT: All right.

The Government's motion is granted and accordingly the offense level is decreased by one additional level.

This calculation results in a total offense level of 18.

Now as to Mr. Schiro's criminal history, the Court notes that Mr. Schiro has a prior conviction for fraud-related offenses.

Now based on Mr. Schiro's prior criminal history, he has a total criminal history score of three. According to the sentencing tables and the sentence guideline, Chapter 5, Part A, a criminal history score of three establishes a Criminal History Category of 2.

Now with the total offense level of 18 and a Criminal History Category of 2, the Court calculates a corresponding advisory guideline range of 30 to 37 months imprisonment.

Now because the offense is a Class C felony, the guideline term of supervised release is 1 to 3 years. That is pursuant to guidelines Section 5B1.2(a)(2).

Now the guideline fine range for this offense is

10,000 to \$100,000. Now pursuant to a guideline Section 5E1.1, restitution shall be ordered.

Are there any objections to the Court's calculation of the guideline range?

MR. KAMDANG: No, Your Honor.

MR. KESSLER: No.

THE COURT: All right. Now I want to first address any requests for departures and will put aside variances for now.

Is there any bases that either the Government or the defense would like to present to the Court regarding departures?

MR. KAMDANG: No, Your Honor.

MR. KESSLER: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. And the Court sees no basis in this case for departure either upward or downward.

Now after calculating the guideline range and assessing the appropriateness of any departure, I must now consider the relevant factors as set out by Congress in 18 U.S.C. Section 3553(a) to ensure that I impose a sentence that is sufficient but not greater than necessary to comply with the purposes of sentencing.

Now these purposes include the need for the sentence to reflect the seriousness of the crime, to promote respect for the law, to provide just punishment for the

offense. The sentence should also deter criminal conduct, protect the public from future crime by the defendant and promote rehabilitation. In addition to the guidelines and policy statements, I must consider the nature and circumstances of the offense, the history and characteristics of the defendant, the need to avoid unwarranted sentence disparities amongst similarly situated defendants and the types of sentences available.

Now I have the received a number of submissions from the defense and from that I glean that you are arguing for a variance, and if you would like to make an argument at this time I would like to hear from you.

MR. KAMDANG: Thank you, Your Honor, and thank the Court for reviewing our presubmissions carefully. It took me awhile to understand Mr. Schiro and to understand how he became involved in this fraud. And nothing that I say, I hope, will be taken to diminish the seriousness of the conduct and Mr. Schiro is here, he will address the Court and acknowledge to the Court and express to the Court how sorry he is and the reflection that he's had on his conduct.

But in terms of understanding Mr. Schiro, it wasn't until a recent conversation that I really understood what led him to this -- and he didn't commit this crime out of selfishness or the desire to spite the law. The reality is that Mr. Schiro at one point in his life was a very

successful trader. And one of the things that struck me in the letters that I read was the amount of love that his family has for him. He has a very, very supportive family and his children in particular idolize him and continue to love him and continue to idolize him.

He shared with me stories of Brandon being a child and coming to visit his office and him being a very successful trader and taking them to see the Rockettes and being able to provide for his family. It was a really an embarrassing and horrible event in his life when he was convicted of fraud previously. And he's been struggling with guilt about that since he committed that offense.

When he got out of jail, he was no longer that -that powerful person. And worked hard to -- to put his life
back together. But every day I think that the -- it hurt
him to know that he disappointed his children, and as
somebody with two children I understand it's a mortal fear
that a father has, especially when the kids idolize the
father of looking like a failure to his children.

In this case his daughter was accepted at college. His children have done well and they've -- a number of opportunities have been presented to them, and Mr. Schiro fell prey to the temptation of trying to -- to cover for his -- to try and be that person that he felt like he had a duty to be. It was something that killed him to have to

financial crime.

THE COURT: I was just curious. It's certainly not dispositive and determinative, but there are few people, given the rising cost of education, that are not faced with these dilemmas and I am -- and many people find various legal ways to address -
MR. KAMDANG: That's --

MR. KAMDANG: And, Your Honor, that's absolutely the case and it's certainly something that I've addressed

also as a father in my own life.

THE COURT: -- tuition.

What was hard here was the disparity between -- he was fairly wealthy in his childhood and when his children --

THE COURT: When his children, because he wasn't. He grew up with modest means.

MR. KAMDANG: Right. When his children were younger they had an impression of their father as a provider. And that -- that pressure, feeling like he was a failure to his children is really what led him to commit this crime. That does not justify this at all and I ask the Court to consider what his motivations were and certainly he recognizes that -- one of the good things that I would say about this case is that he recognizes that he's disappointed his children again, but I also think that he recognizes that his children still love him and that's -- that's a source of growth for him in terms of committing this offense.

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In terms of what's sufficient or greater than necessary, I know that the Government is asking for a guidelines sentence and the probation department is asking for 30 months. I don't believe that 30 months is -- is what's necessary here. I think if the Court is considering a sanction, we would ask the Court to consider that he has been on pretrial release for a year and four months. He's had no issue that indicates that he's -- he takes this case very seriously and it also shows that he would do well on probation.

The Supreme Court has recognized that although it's qualitatively less severe than incarceration, that probation is still a form of punishment.

Isn't the notion that Mr. Schiro has THE COURT: been deterred by virtue of the fact that he has been arrested, he suffered this embarrassment. That's a lie by the fact that he previously committed a crime very similar to this -- to this crime, indeed served time in prison and yet, here we are.

MR. KAMDANG: It is. The other kind of moving part is his health issues that have arisen since this case He has been to the doctor. I've spoken to his doctors to provide as many medicals records as I could. This -- the difference here between now and the last case is that he's cognitively diminished now and I'm not sure if

Your Honor remembers from when he took his guilty plea that 1 2 he had trouble understanding concepts but we're not seeking to withdraw the plea. 3 4 THE COURT: Right. And I noted that part in your letter and it gave me some pause and you have a footnote 5 6 that says you're not seeking to withdraw your guilty plead. 7 MR. KAMDANG: Your Honor, I'm completely confident 8 that he understood the plea was knowing and voluntary. 9 THE COURT: Okay. Let me finish. 10 MR. KAMDANG: Sure. THE COURT: I just wanted to have you state also 11 12 expressly on the record to a certain day you informed each 13 other that you had no question as to Mr. Schiro's 14 competency. You said that you thought that there was a sentence in your submission that indicated that because of 15 16 his health reasons, as I read it, you believe that he 17 misunderstood certain aspects of the plea process. 18 I just want you to state here in light of your 19 letter --20 MR. KAMDANG: Absolutely. 21 THE COURT: -- that you have no question with 22 regard to his competency at the time of his plea. 23 MR. KAMDANG: I have absolutely no question about 24 his competency. We prepared for the plea extensively

I think the experience of pleading guilty in that

before.

moment, I think that he became a little bit confused. But I believe that he understood and had spoken to him afterwards about what happened. And I think that he affirmed today that he understands, that he understood what was happening. So that's not an issue.

That being said, he does have significant health issues. If the Court is considering a term of incarceration, I've reached out to the Bureau of Prisons to the designation unit. They've asked for some time. We will send all the medical reports. The question is whether or not he can be designated to a medical facility, probably Devens. That process takes time.

THE COURT: Can you tell me what do you know about the Devens facility? You mentioned it specifically.

MR. KAMDANG: So Devens is the closest sort of full-scale medical facility in the Bureau of Prisons.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. KAMDANG: And what happened is -- and the reason why I know this, I just went through this with another client with heart issues.

We give all of the medical information we have to this designation unit. It's in Grand Prairie, Texas. There are doctors there, they contact the doctors at Devens, the doctors that -- and Devens will review to make sure that they can accommodate those medical issues.

I've spoken to them about what I think the issues are. They think that they will be able to treat his liver and his epilepsy issues, but they just want -- we would want time to review the medical records.

THE COURT: Understood.

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MR. KAMDANG: If there's some sort of -- and what happened in the last case was they asked for me to come back in the Court and ask for additional time.

THE COURT: Okay. We can get to that. Let's talk about the variances right now.

MR. KAMDANG: So I think what Mr. Schiro wants. would be hopeful that he could do is to start paying back this restitution. I think the real harm to society here is there's this 400,000-plus restitution pending. He would like to start repaying that. In fact, in reviewing the presentence report, he asked me to inform the Court that he believes that there was an additional victim. I know the Government's looking into that and the Government will address that. But he is eager to make amends and start paying back the restitution. I think that a period of 30 months will delay any of the victims who are getting relief, financial relief. And I don't know that a guideline sentence here achieves the ends of justice. I think we should think about the victims and getting them whole as soon as possible.

| 1  | Mr. Schiro is here  |
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| 2  | THE COURT: Are you suggesting that the victims              |
| 3  | have no interest in having Mr. Schiro deterred or punished  |
| 4  | for his conduct?  |
| 5  | MR. KAMDANG: I think they do have an interest in            |
| 6  | that. I think that very strict conditions of probation      |
| 7  | would be punishment and if the question is whether or not   |
| 8  | there should be some sort of incarceration I think that a   |
| 9  | full 30 months is unnecessary to meet the statutory         |
| 10 | requirements for sentencing.                                |
| 11 | THE COURT: All right. Do you have anything else?            |
| 12 | MR. KAMDANG: No, Your Honor.                                |
| 13 | THE COURT: All right. Thank you.                            |
| 14 | Mr. Kessler.  |
| 15 | MR. KESSLER: Your Honor, I don't have anything to           |
| 16 | add unless the Court has questions. To the letter we        |
| 17 | submitted I'm happy to address that one point about         |
| 18 | restitution now or  |
| 19 | THE COURT: I mean, I I would expect that you                |
| 20 | would have something you want to say about his last point.  |
| 21 | MR. KESSLER: Yes.   |
| 22 | THE COURT: Okay.  |
| 23 | MR. KESSLER: It is correct this Mr. Schiro,                 |
| 24 | through his lawyer, came to us and identified an additional |
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victim or an additional person that he described as a

1 potential victim of the charged scheme. We're were in the 2 process --3 THE COURT: Does that increase the amount of to 4 loss here? 5 MR. KESSLER: Well, it -- there's two things. First of all, we are in the process of trying to contact 6 7 this person. We haven't yet been able to do that. 8 not because Mr. Kamdang came to me at the last minute. 9 THE COURT: Fair enough. 10 MR. KESSLER: It's just it took some time, so 11 that's sort of Question 1. 12 Question 2, it's not clear to me that, you know, 13 let's call it Investor 6, who is not charged in the 14 Information, not charged as part of the Information. 15 THE COURT: As part of. MR. KESSLER: I frankly don't know the answer as 16 17 to whether even if that person is a victim that would 18 increase the loss amount or change a restitution 19 calculation. I don't think it would necessarily increase 20 the loss amount. 21 THE COURT: But it certainly couldn't as of today 22 because you don't have any information. That is correct. I have no reason 23 MR. KESSLER: 24 to increase the loss amount as of today. So the only

request we have related to restitution is that the Court

leave the judgment open with respect to restitution, which I've seen in other cases like this.

MR. KAMDANG: We are not opposed to that.

MR. KESSLER: Just to allow us to sort of run this down. My suspicion is that based on the way the crime was charged and Mr. Schiro pleaded guilty, that there will be no restitution for that victim, but I just don't want that to be resolved today in case what we've thought about so far is not completely accurate.

THE COURT: Okay.

What say you to Mr. Kamdang's argument in this case that a non-incarceratory period is warranted in part to allow Mr. Schiro to begin paying back that restitution and that indeed that that is effectively what the victims in this case would argue in favor of versus having him go to jail first.

MR. KESSLER: So a couple points. First of all, that argument could be made in every case in which there are victims who are out some money. I don't think that negates or nullifies the 3553(a) factors that speak to incarceration as a specific deterrence, general deterrence, just punishment for the crimes. So it may be one factor the Court can consider. But I think the argument that the victims should get their money back so that Mr. Schiro should not serve a prison sentence is sort of a nonstarter.

| 1  | I think the Court, you know, without taking away             |
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| 2  | from Mr. Schiro's family circumstances or medical            |
| 3  | circumstances, you know, I think the Court was exactly right |
| 4  | to point out that this is not a first-time offense and it's  |
| 5  | particularly not a first-time offense with respect to        |
| 6  | similar conduct. So we have we have evidence that, I         |
| 7  | believe it was 18 months, but whatever the prison term was   |
| 8  | that was imposed in approximately 2006 based on              |
| 9  | THE COURT: It was 18 months, if my memory serves             |
| 10 | right, yes.  |
| 11 | MR. KESSLER: So assuming Mr. Schiro served                   |
| 12 | approximately 18 months in prison. You know, that did not    |
| 13 | deter him. And, you know, there may be reasons why he was    |
| 14 | not deterred, but it's a fact that he was not deterred and   |
| 15 | so it's, you know, hard to image that a sentence of less     |
| 16 | than 18 months would suddenly deter conduct when it had      |
| 17 | previously been in effect.                                   |
| 18 | So that's my response. The point, you know,                  |
| 19 | Mr. Schiro has a restitution obligation but, you know, we're |
| 20 | not talking about 10 or 15 years from now him beginning to   |
| 21 | repay that restitution one way or another and, you know, he  |
| 22 | can begin to repay that restitution even while incarcerated. |
| 23 | That's noted in probation recommendation.                    |
| 24 | THE COURT: Yes.  |

MR. KESSLER: So that's my response on that point.

| 1  | THE COURT: Okay.  |
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| 2  | All right. Mr. Kamdang, do you have anything you            |
| 3  | wish to add?  |
| 4  | MR. KAMDANG: No, Your Honor.                                |
| 5  | THE COURT: I'm sorry.                                       |
| 6  | MR. KAMDANG: No, Your Honor.                                |
| 7  | THE COURT: All right. So does probation wish to             |
| 8  | add anything?   |
| 9  | MS. MURPHY: No, Your Honor, unless you have any             |
| 10 | specific questions.   |
| 11 | THE COURT: I do not.  |
| 12 | I would like to at this time hear from Mr. Schiro,          |
| 13 | if I could.   |
| 14 | THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor, the first thing I                |
| 15 | would like to discuss for prior conduct, prior conviction   |
| 16 | and how, Well, maybe he hasn't learned his lesson. This     |
| 17 | isn't the case because he's been arrested again. And it's   |
| 18 | very similar, in fact, it's almost exactly the same case.   |
| 19 | Well, it's you know what? That cursory review for five      |
| 20 | minutes in jail is nothing like this case. That was a       |
| 21 | this is what? The conviction was a \$20,000 bribe at a time |
| 22 | when I was making over 100,000 a month, a \$20,000 bribe.   |
| 23 | How serious did I take that conviction? One of              |
| 24 | the clients, one of the clients here, Numbers 1 through 5,  |
| 25 | the one who made money, was profitable, you'll see on the   |

list.

(Pause in proceedings.)

THE DEFENDANT: Okay. I'm sorry, but it -- okay. So the one that was profitable, I closed his account. Now closed his account because BlackRock Morgan was an exempt hedge fund, which means only accredited investors, you must show an income of 300,000, you must have a net worth excluding primary residence of \$1 million. You're fee client up, 50,000 EUs, ten trades quarterly. He could not prove his income. He could not prove that he was a credit investor, so I closed the account because that jeopardized the fund. It was an SEC violation. That's how careful I was not to -- commit a crime to incur an SEC violation. I had learned my lesson.

What happened here, I opened an exempt fund. The fund was an incubator fund. What an incubator fund is, and all the new accounts all say this, an incubator fund doesn't intend to raise millions and millions of dollars. An incubator fund is a small fund in case -- what it wants to show is a track record.

Now I -- I had always wanted to get my license back. The ten-year mark from the conviction, I was allowed to apply for my license again. Okay? Under Dodd-Frank. So I set out, there was a small fund, five, six clients and establish a track record. Who are these clients? These are

clients that I've known, a lot of them since my rookie year, 1996. Larry Endline, Tuffy Baum, 20 years I've known these -- these are friends. These are people I'm up at 1:00 in the morning talking to them about family. They know my family and I know their family. They come to New York. I have pictures of their family, they have pictures of mine. These -- this wasn't a -- sit down and hand out a phone book and some mass marketing and rip people off. These were friends. They all knew about the prior conviction. They wrote letters. You can -- their letters are a matter of record. They were all aware of the prior conviction. They were all aware that I'm waiting to get my license back and then open a big hedge fund.

So again, I'm just trying to get you a picture of what this was. And -- this is not -- I feel like I'm being portrayed as a scamster or a boiler room broker. I never was. No, I pride myself on integrity. I hated those guys my whole career, everybody knows that about me, you know?

So what started out with good intentions, you know, I can tell you -- the day my daughter got accepted to BU and everybody celebrating killed me -- I remember going back to the office and now what? I mean, another payment. There's no commissions being generated yet, okay? There's housing up there. My son is also going to Baroque. His train tickets are 300 a month back and forth, lunches. I

| just had an oil change. There's rent on where we live, the   |
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| office rent is 2,000, there's trading systems. It's all      |
| debt. All I'm trying to do is stay above water. Now come     |
| risky trades. The 140,000-dollar lost in the market see      |
| the other service I provided to my client because this was   |
| an incubator account, they had large accounts, immense       |
| account, over \$1 million accounts away from the firm on the |
| other side. They use to have million-dollar accounts with    |
| me years ago. Now every morning and every night I put out a  |
| morning note and a closing note. Those are stat notes,       |
| strategy notes. They would trade off this stuff. They were   |
| supposed to mirror the accounts they had with me. Well,      |
| what they had with me borne of resemblance to the strategy   |
| of what they had on the other side because what I was doing  |
| was take was just taking risks, most risky trades in the     |
| world, options, leverage 20, 30 to 1 because I had to make   |
| up what I was stealing from people I've known for so long.   |
| A client told me why didn't you just ask me and I            |

A client told me why didn't you just ask me and I felt ten times worse. You know?

It's terrible to do it to strangers, but it's almost like that you -- it's so much worse to have done it to people you've known for so long. A guy like Larry Endline was with me through my mother with , you know, when I wanted to shoot myself. This guy was -- you know talk to me 1:00 in the morning, you know. So you know. I

1 know -- look, it's not an excuse and I'm not trying to make 2 excuses because I know there's guys who rob banks who come 3 in here who've done it for their family. And they go to 4 prison. That's the law. That's the law and it's not the system to fall apart. I'm just trying to give you a picture 5 of who I am and why I did it. I'm not asking for anything 6 7 in particular, it's just that thing where he did this and he 8 continues to do this, there's no need. There's -- I know 9 why I'm here. I know the guys. You know, I just -- let's 10 talk about what happened. But we don't have to go further 11 than that. I'm not a fraudster. 12 THE COURT: But you are, sir. 13 Stop. But you are. Stop. 14 You pleaded guilty to fraud. You were previously convicted of fraud. By definition, sir, you are a 15 16 fraudster. Let that be our starting point. 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yeah. 18 THE COURT: It may be a difficult definition to 19 assign to yourself, but it applies. It is apt. 20 Continue. 21 THE DEFENDANT: So yeah, I come in -- yeah. 22 THE COURT: I understand. It may be a difficult 23 definition, I do understand that. But you need to 24 understand it does apply to you. You may be other things as

You may be husband. You may be father. You may be

well.

|    | 1. 33334   |
|----|--|
| 1  | friend. You're not defined by one thing. You're not. None    |
| 2  | of us are.   |
| 3  | THE DEFENDANT: It's an act in time though.                   |
| 4  | THE COURT: I'm sorry?  |
| 5  | THE DEFENDANT: It's an act in time.                          |
| 6  | THE COURT: It was. It was.                                   |
| 7  | THE DEFENDANT: Of course, I accept full                      |
| 8  | responsibility and it kills me. These are the things I       |
| 9  | think about at night and again, you know, look, clients, you |
| 10 | know, forgiven me. Clients have left me messages and that    |
| 11 | means the world to me, you know. And tonight I'll be on the  |
| 12 | phone with all of them, and, you know, it's something that's |
| 13 | between at the end of the day it's between me and my         |
| 14 | people.  |
| 15 | THE COURT: That's where you're wrong, sir. It's              |
| 16 | not just between   |
| 17 | THE DEFENDANT: No, no, no. I know I'm paying                 |
| 18 | I know I have to pay for it.                                 |
| 19 | THE COURT: Right.  |
| 20 | THE DEFENDANT: But I mean it's something I have              |
| 21 | to deal with, with them.                                     |
| 22 | THE COURT: You certainly do have to make amends              |
| 23 | with them as well. But there is but you must pay the         |
| 24 | consequences for your conduct as permissible and             |
| 25 | appropriate.   |

1 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

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2 THE COURT: As a matter of law.

All right. Anything else?

THE DEFENDANT: Then at this point I apologize to my family. I just -- I didn't know what to do.

THE COURT: All right.

Okay. Thank you, sir. I need to take a -- a brief recess and then I'll come back.

THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise.

(Recess taken.)

THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise. Second call of 17-CR-130.

THE COURT: You all can be seated.

You know, as I indicated at the top of these proceedings I certainly undertook to read the submissions in this case. And when you receive submissions from the attorneys and you receive letters, et cetera, in support of defendants from family members and community members, a picture is created for you of a defendant in any individual case. However, I purposely encourage defendants to speak at sentencing because I do believe that what they have to say about themselves and the crimes that they committed certainly help to add color to what is a picture that is in black and white until that point.

But, Mr. Schiro, I will say that I believe that

you did add some color today to the picture, but I don't believe that you helped yourself here today.

What I saw here today perhaps unintentionally, but nonetheless it was, an utter lack of remorse. It's my turn. I sat quietly. I wanted to hear from you. And I heard from you. Perhaps it is denial in terms of the conduct that you engaged in which led you to plead guilty before the Court. I don't know. But I saw a lack of remorse, which gives the Court some pause.

The Court believes that the Government in its submission rightly notes that this conduct -- as probation as well -- is similar to the conduct for which you were previously convicted and served 18 months. And as I indicated earlier, and yet, here we are.

You talked about the fact that these were friends of yours, that you would breach the trust of any client, of any client at all, but particularly those clients who you said stood by you, sir, knew of your prior conviction, were there for you in an effort to help you put your life back together, and you did not reward them with the loyalty that they displayed for you. Instead you violated their trust. You breached their trust. You took advantage of them and you took advantage of the fact that they trusted you.

Certainly I am sympathetic to any individual that feels the grips of financial woes. Far too many people in

1 this country are burdened by similar financial woes. 2 Clearly your children had, not withstanding the decision 3 that you made which led to your conviction in 2004, your 4 children made choices in life that led them to their acceptance in college and I congratulate them for that. 5 However, it certainly, certainly does not provide a basis 6 7 for the Court to view your conduct with regard to this case 8 sympathetically. There were alternatives. Indeed, sir, you 9 indicated that those very friends whom you defrauded would 10 have been there for you. Very few people would have had But you did. 11 that as an option.

Instead you made a decision, a calculated, deliberate decision to engage in fraudulent conduct, keenly aware of the potential consequences having been in that position before.

Before I took the bench today, I had some very real concerns regarding a term of incarceration in light of Mr. Schiro's medical condition. Some of those concerns have been allayed in light of Mr. Kamdang's discussions already with the Bureau of Prisons. That said, I will say that I intend to impose a period of incarceration and I had intended to do so when I came on the bench today. So it's not that anything that Mr. Kamdang said today changed that. I wanted to address how it would be addressed in light of what I think Mr. Kamdang aptly set out are very real

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concerns regarding your medical condition. I appreciated 1 2 not only what you set out with regard to his medical 3 conditions but also the concerns with regard to appropriate 4 facilities, and I think that Mr. Kamdang's advocacy in this regard has been exceptional. I want you to know that. 5 So I need to determine now what is a 6 All right. 7 sentence that is sufficient but not greater than necessary 8 to comport with the aims of sentencing. And in light of all 9 that the Court has heard today with regard to Mr. Schiro's 10 conduct in addition as well as in light of what the Court understands -- let me just be clear before I finish that 11 12 sentence. 13 In terms of -- Mr. Schiro's medical condition is more severe than it was in 2004. He is scheduled to have a 14 treatment on May 16, 2018; is that right? 15 16 MR. KAMDANG: (Nodding head affirmatively.) Yes, 17 Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: And that date was based on the 19 availability of beds, correct? 20 MR. KAMDANG: Yes. 21 THE COURT: And how long is that treatment 22 scheduled to last for? 23 THE DEFENDANT: Not -- I don't know. It -- I'm 24 They monitor two seizures and then the brain mapping

it -- I -- I guess it's something I'll do when I come home.

I don't see a possibility. 1 2 THE COURT: How long? 3 THE DEFENDANT: It could be a year, Your Honor. 4 MR. KAMDANG: One of the difficulties here. THE DEFENDANT: Brain surgery at the end. 5 One of the difficulties when I spoke 6 MR. KAMDANG: 7 to the doctor they're trying to map seizures as they occur 8 in the brain because they can't predict when the seizures 9 will occur. They repeatedly had him under observation for 10 different periods of time. It could be a week, two weeks. 11 As they hope to have him plugged in when an actual seizure 12 occurs. They haven't been able to get enough data and at 13 some point they're considering trying to trigger a seizure. 14 They determined that that probably wasn't, medically, the 15 best course of action. So they set these intermittent 16 periods of time for him to be under evaluation where he 17 remains at the hospital. But the doctor has not been able 18 the give us a timeline of -- of what that entails just 19 because they don't know if he's going to have a seizure. 20 THE COURT: And that's separate and apart from the 21 proposed brain surgery? 22 THE DEFENDANT: It's the prerequisite, I guess. 23 Three seizures and then so they will open up the top and do 24 the electrical stimulation -- the mapping part. So it takes

It's something I planned on doing when I

a very long time.

| 1  | came home. I don't take seizure medicine anymore because     |
|----|--|
| 2  | it's been tracked, epileptic medication doesn't work. When   |
| 3  | I come home I'm going do it. It likely will take a year. I   |
| 4  | wouldn't want to stay out a year to do that. I need to get   |
| 5  | home and get this over with and get home and you know, I'm   |
| 6  | at the age if I was 25, I would do it.                       |
| 7  | THE COURT: Okay.   |
| 8  | THE DEFENDANT: You know, but.                                |
| 9  | THE COURT: So because you are aware that your                |
| 0  | attorney had advocated for the Court, if it were to impose a |
| 1  | period of incarceration to allow you to self-surrender after |
| 2  | this process and what you're saying is that that is not what |
| 3  | you would prefer.  |
| 4  | THE DEFENDANT: I would like to self-surrender                |
| 5  | because I'm having interventional biopsy in a few weeks, and |
| 6  | also another procedure.                                      |
| 7  | THE COURT: But not for the monitoring and                    |
| 8  | proposed brain surgery with regard to your diagnosed         |
| 9  | epilepsy, correct?   |
| 20 | THE DEFENDANT: Correct. I would go in for the                |
| 21 | monitoring just to get that data on the record for them.     |
| 22 | MR. KAMDANG: Your Honor                                      |
| 23 | THE COURT: Which requires three seizures, you're             |
| 24 | having he's had 16 seizures in a one-year period of time.    |

So is the Court correct that that would be about a

three-month period of time; is that how it operates -- where he would be at NYU undergoing observation.

MR. KAMDANG: So they have never -- I'm not aware of him being there longer than two weeks.

THE COURT: I understand. Okay.

MR. KAMDANG: And I think because of the uncertainty, I think that what we'd ask for is time for him to go to his next scheduled medical appointment.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. KAMDANG: But I don't think they'll ever be able to give us a timetable and I think Mr. Schiro recognizes that.

So if we could have, I think six weeks would allow him to attend his -- or maybe eight weeks would allow him to attend his medical appointments. Allow me to get all of his medical documentation to the Bureau of Prisons. It's possible the Bureau of Prisons might say we would like him to play out this course with his doctors. That's what they told me previously. And I can come back to the Court, but I think what we'd ask for today is eight weeks. That will give the Bureau of Prisons an opportunity to make their own medical decision about when it's appropriate to bring him in.

THE COURT: Is there anything the Government wants to add before I impose a sentence?

MR. KESSLER: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

Now, I have calculated the applicable guidelines, I have considered the propriety of a departure from the guidelines range, which I indicated previously did not believe that there was a basis for, and I have heard arguments regarding a variance from defense counsel.

Now after assessing the particular facts of this case and in light of relevant 3553(a) factors as well as the sentencing guidelines, I conclude that a sentence outside the advisory guideline range is warranted and I hereby sentence Mr. Schiro to 28 months in prison.

All right. Now, with respect to the defense requests that Mr. Schiro be allowed to self-surrender, that request is granted. Mr. Schiro -- let me take a step back.

Because what I would like to do in this regard is fashion an order that allows Mr. Schiro to self-surrender not -- no earlier than eight weeks from today. However, should it take the Bureau of Prisons longer to find the appropriate facility, Mr. Schiro will surrender on that date, on the date in which they find an appropriate facility. And the Court is going to recommend that Mr. Schiro be -- I'm sorry -- be held in a facility that can best accommodate his medical condition.

Defense counsel has indicated that he -- that

there is a belief that it is the Devens facility is that --1 2 Mr. Kamdang; is that right? 3 MR. KAMDANG: That's correct. 4 THE COURT: Devens. And so to the extent that the best suited facility 5 is Devens, the Court shall make a recommendation that he be 6 7 held at Devens. The priority in this assessment is that it is a facility, again, that can best address Mr. Schiro's 8 9 medical condition, which includes, among other things, but is not limited to \_\_\_\_\_, as I understand it, 10 correct? 11 12 MR. KAMDANG: Correct, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: All right. So Mr. Schiro will be 14 allowed to surrender on a date no less than eight weeks from But should the Bureau of Prisons not find an 15 today. appropriate facility at the eight-week time frame, 16 17 Mr. Schiro shall surrender on the date that a facility has 18 been determined consistent with the requirement and as 19 appropriate in light of Mr. Schiro's medical conditions as 20 deemed by the Bureau of Prisons. Because, of course, the 21 Court cannot determine the facility itself. 22 All right. 23 MR. KAMDANG: Your Honor, could the order reflect 24 a target date of June 13th? That would be eight weeks from

today with the rest of the order, just because when I take

him downstairs to the marshals to get a voluntary surrender
they'll ask for a date certain and I'll explain what the
parameters are, but they would feel better if they have an
actual date.

THE COURT: So you want me to fashion the order so that it says no earlier than June 13th?

MR. KAMDANG: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Schiro shall surrender on a date no earlier than June 13th. And to the extent that the Bureau of Prisons is unable to find an appropriate facility for him by June 13th, Mr. Schiro shall surrender on the date that the facility has been designated. Is that clear?

MR. KAMDANG: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Now the Court must also consider whether to impose a term of supervised release. Pursuant to the applicable statutory provisions the Court may impose a term of supervised release of not more than three years.

Now in deciding a term of supervised release, the Court is also required by statute to consider factors set forth in section, 18 USC Section 3583(c). Those factors include the nature and circumstances of the offense, the history and characteristics of the defendant, the need to afford adequate deterrence to criminal conduct, the need to

1 protect the public from further crimes of the defendant, the 2 need to provide the defendant with needed educational or vocational training, medical care or other correctional 3 4 treatment in the most effective manner, the need to avoid 5 unwarranted sentence disparity among the defendants with similar records who have been found guilty of similar 6 7 conduct, the need to provide restitution to any victims of 8 the offense, the kinds of sentences and the sentencing range 9 established for the offense, and any pertinent policy 10 statements. 11 Does the Government wish to present any arguments

concerning the application of these factors?

MR. KESSLER: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Kamdang.

MR. KAMDANG: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. The Court will sentence Mr. Schiro to three years of supervised release.

Now, Mr. Schiro, as I informed you during your plea hearing, if you violate any of the conditions of your supervised release, I may sentence you to up to two years in prison without credit for your previous time in prison or the time previously served on post release supervision.

Now while on supervised release, Mr. Schiro is subject to the following standards and special conditions: The standard -- under the standard conditions Mr. Schiro

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shall not commit another federal, state or local crime during the term of supervision.

Mr. Schiro shall not leave the judicial district or other specified geographic area without the permission of the Court or the probation officer.

The defendant shall report to the probation officer as directed by the Court or probation officer in a manner and frequency directed by the Court or probation officer.

Mr. Schiro shall answer truthfully all inquiries by the probation officer and follow the instructions of the probation officer.

Mr. Schiro shall support Mr. Schiro's dependents and meet other family responsibilities.

Mr. Schiro shall work regularly at a lawful occupation unless excused by the probation officer for schooling, training or other acceptable reasons.

Mr. Schiro shall notify the probation officer at least ten days prior to any change of residence or employment.

Mr. Schiro shall restrain from excessive use of alcohol and shall not purchase, possess, use, distribute or administer any controlled substance or any paraphernalia related to any controlled substance except as prescribed by a physician.

The defendant shall not frequent places where controlled substances are illegally sold, used, distributed or administered or other places specified by the Court.

Mr. Schiro shall not associate with any persons engaged in criminal activity and shall not associate with any person convicted of a felony unless granted permission to do so by the probation officer.

The defendant, Mr. Schiro, shall permit a probation officer to visit Mr. Schiro at any time at home or elsewhere and should permit confiscation of any contraband observed in plain view by the probation officer.

Mr. Schiro shall notify the probation officer within 72 hours of being arrested or questioned by law enforcement officers.

Mr. Schiro shall not enter into any agreement to act as an informer or special agent of the law enforcement agency without the permission of the Court.

As directed by the probation officer, Mr. Schiro shall notify third parties of risks that may be occasioned by the defendant's criminal record or personal history or characteristics and shall permit the probation officer to make such notification and to confirm Mr. Schiro's compliance with such notification requirements.

Mr. Schiro shall pay the special assessment imposed or adhere to any court ordered installment schedule

for the payment of any special assessment.

Mr. Schiro shall notify the probation officer of any material change in his economic circumstances that might affect his ability to pay any unpaid amounts of restitution, fines or special assessment.

with regard to special conditions, Mr. Schiro shall comply with the restitution order. Now upon request, Mr. Schiro shall provide the U.S. Probation Department with full disclosure of his financial records including commingled income, expenses, assets and liabilities to include yearly income tax returns. With the exception of the financial reported and noted within the presentence report, Mr. Schiro is prohibited from maintaining and/or opening any additional individual and/or joint checking, savings or other financial accounts for either personal or business purposes without the knowledge and approval of the U.S. Probation Department.

Mr. Schiro shall cooperate with the probation officer in the investigation of his financial dealings and should provide truthfully monthly statements of his income and expenses.

Mr. Schiro shall cooperate in the signing of any necessary authorization to release information forms permitting the U.S. Probation Department access to his financial information and records.

| 1  | Mr. Schiro shall participate in mental health                |
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| 2  | treatment program as approved by the Probation Department.   |
| 3  | He shall contribute to the cost of such services rendered    |
| 4  | and/or any psychotropic medications prescribed to the degree |
| 5  | he is reasonably able and shall cooperate in securing any    |
| 6  | applicable third-party payment.                              |
| 7  | Mr. Schiro shall disclose all financial                      |
| 8  | information and documentation to the Probation Department as |
| 9  | necessary to assess his ability to pay.                      |
| 10 | Mr. Schiro shall participate in an outpatient drug           |
| 11 | treatment program approved by the U.S. Probation Department. |
| 12 | Mr. Schiro shall contribute to the cost of such              |
| 13 | treatment not to exceed an amount determined reasonable by   |
| 14 | the Probation Department's sliding scale for substance abuse |
| 15 | treatment services and shall cooperate in securing any       |
| 16 | applicable third-party payment such as insurance or          |
| 17 | Medicaid.  |
| 18 | Mr. Schiro shall disclose all financial                      |
| 19 | information and documents to the Probation Department to     |
| 20 | assess his ability to pay.                                   |
| 21 | Mr. Schiro shall not consume any alcohol or other            |
| 22 | intoxicants during and after treatment unless granted as     |
| 23 | prescription by a licensed physician and proof of the same   |
| 24 | is provided to the Probation Department.                     |
| 25 | Mr. Schiro shall submit to testing during and                |

after treatment to ensure abstinence from drugs and alcohol.

Mr. Schiro shall abstain from the consumption of nonprescribed use of medication classified as opiates, benzodiazepines, excuse me, I know I mispronounced that, stimulants, depressants, sedatives and hypnotics unless as prescribing physician is fully aware of defendant's substance abuse history.

The defendant shall immediately notify the probation officer prior to filing of any of the above-listed prescription medications to permit the probation officer to contact my healthcare professional who prescribed that medication to the offender.

Mr. Schiro shall not purchase any medication via the Internet unless such medication is prescribed by a healthcare professional who conducted an examination of the defendant in person.

I need a moment.

(Pause in proceedings.)

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Schiro shall refrain from engaging in any self-employment which involves access to clients' assets, investments or money and is to assist the probation department in verifying any employment he secures while under supervision.

With regard to the special conditions,

Mr. Kamdang, is -- is there any special condition that the

question is about potential employment afterwards and he's

1 asking whether or not he'll be forbidden from working in 2 finance. My understanding of the Court's order is any job 3 that he would get, he would have to get approval from the 4 Probation Department and seek approval. 5 THE COURT: The condition as is set out is that 6 he's -- he must refrain from engaging in any self-employment 7 which involves access to a client's assets, investments or And you are required as well to assist the Probation 8 9 Department in verifying any employment you secure while 10 under supervision. So there is a category which is self-employment 11 12 and any self-employment that you engage in, right, you 13 cannot engage in any that would involve act -- you have to 14 listen to me. 15 THE DEFENDANT: I am -- I am, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: All right. But you cannot listen to 17 me and talk to Mr. Kamdang at the same time. 18 Clients' assets, investments or money. To the 19 extent that you get a job that is not self-employment, you 20 must assist the probation department in verifying your 21 employment while you are on supervision. Two different 22 types of employment. One moment, Your Honor. 23 MR. KAMDANG: 24 (Pause in proceedings.)

MR. KAMDANG: We understand, Your Honor.

| 1  | THE COURT: All right. Okay. Turning to                       |
|----|--|
| 2  | restitution. Now pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 3663A and     |
| 3  | Sentencing Guideline 5E1.1, and as Mr. Schiro agreed to in   |
| 4  | his plea agreement, restitution in this case is mandatory.   |
| 5  | Now as we've previously discussed, there is some             |
| 6  | question as to the appropriate amount of restitution. The    |
| 7  | loss amount was previously identified \$401,551.50. Based on |
| 8  | information voluntarily identified by the defense in this    |
| 9  | case, there is some question as to whether that adequately   |
| 10 | reflects the loss amount.                                    |
| 11 | How long do you think it will take for the                   |
| 12 | Government to be able to run this issue down?                |
| 13 | MR. KESSLER: I don't think very long. I mean I               |
| 14 | would want to be very conservative and say two weeks.        |
| 15 | THE COURT: All right.  |
| 16 | MR. KESSLER: It could be that the legal answer is            |
| 17 | it doesn't matter.   |
| 18 | THE COURT: Fair enough.                                      |
| 19 | MR. KESSLER: It could be very easy or it could               |
| 20 | take a little bit longer.                                    |
| 21 | THE COURT: All right. Then I'm going to order                |
| 22 | that the Government make a submission to the Court           |
| 23 | concerning the loss amount. Give me two weeks from now.      |
| 24 | THE COURTROOM DEPUTY: April 27th, Your Honor.                |
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## Proceedings

MR. KESSLER: That's fine, Your Honor, but to be clear there's no world in which the loss amount will be less than.

THE COURT: Oh, I'm clear.

The question is whether the amount that's identifiable with regard to Investor 6 should be included, which would increase the loss amount above the \$401,550.50 amount.

MR. KESSLER: Understood.

THE COURT: When you provide your submission on -- what did I just say, April --

MR. KESSLER: 27th.

THE COURT: -- 27th, should the loss -- the Government believe that the loss amount has increased, the Government should indicate whether there -- the defense has a disagreement with that amount and objects so that I can take that into consideration. And once I receive that letter, assuming that there's an agreement, there are no objections that the Court needs to resolve, I will enter a judgment regarding restitution, but restitution will be imposed.

MR. KESSLER: Thank you.

THE COURT: In an amount no less than \$401,550.50.

All right. The Government has represented it is not seeking an order of forfeiture in this matter. It is

also ordered that Mr. Schiro must pay a mandatory special assessment in the amount of \$100. Any fine owed by the defendant in this case is waived due to the priority of restitution over a fine.

All right. Mr. Schiro, sir, you have a statutory right to appeal your sentence under certain circumstances, particularly if you believe that the sentence that's been imposed here today is contrary to law. Now any notice of appeal, sir, must be filed within 14 days of the entry of the judgment or within 14 days of the filing of a notice of appeal by the Government.

If requested, sir, the clerk will prepare and file a notice of appeal on your behalf. If you cannot pay the cost of an appeal or for appellant counsel, sir, you have the right to apply for leave to appeal *in forma pauperis*, which means that you could apply to have the Court waive the filing fee.

On appeal you may also apply for court-appointed counsel. Now the Court notes, sir, that pursuant to Paragraph 4 of your plea agreement you agreed not to appeal or otherwise challenge your conviction or sentence so long as the Court imposes a term of imprisonment of 33 months or below, which the Court has done here today.

Now before I move to adjourn, Mr. Schiro, I just want to say to you at the conclusion of your period of

| 1  | incarceration you're going to be home. Certainly you'll be  |
|----|---|
| 2  | on supervised release, as I ordered, but you're going to be |
| 3  | faced, sir, with many of the same demands that faced you    |
| 4  | when you made the decision that led to your guilty plea and |
| 5  | conviction here today. They're not going away. You will     |
| 6  | have the responsibility to be a father and to provide for   |
| 7  | your children as fathers should. You have to find a way,    |
| 8  | sir, notwithstanding those demands to make choices that are |
| 9  | lawful, to make choices that I believe are consistent with  |
| 10 | the person that you want your children to see you as, to    |
| 11 | view you as. If you don't want labels of fraudster, convict |
| 12 | attached to you, you have to make choices in light that are |
| 13 | different than the choices that you have now repeatedly     |
| 14 | made. It's up to you. It is up to you.                      |
| 15 | The Court was somewhat generous here with you               |
| 16 | today. Should you stand before me again, sir, understand    |

that that generosity will not exist.

THE DEFENDANT: That will never happen.

THE COURT: I hope so. I know your family hopes SO.

Nobody questions my integrity that THE DEFENDANT: I know.

THE COURT: Okay. That's unfortunate that that's how you view it. Your guilty conviction here today, sir, or your guilty conviction which I don't know what date that the

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# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Eastern District of New York

| UNITED STATES OF AMERICA   | ) AMENDED JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| V. PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO   | ) Case Number: 17-CR-130-01(LDH) ) USM Number: 56536-054   |  |  |  |  |
| Date of Original Judgment: 4/13/2018  (Or Date of Last Amended Judgment)   | Len Kamdang, Esq Defendant's Attorney  |  |  |  |  |
| Reason for Amendment:  Correction of Sentence on Remand (18 U.S.C. 3742(f)(1) and (2))  Reduction of Sentence for Changed Circumstances (Fed. R. Crim. P. 35(b))  Correction of Sentence by Sentencing Court (Fed. R. Crim. P. 35(a))  Correction of Sentence for Clerical Mistake (Fed. R. Crim. P. 36)   | Modification of Supervision Conditions (18 U.S.C. §§ 3563(c) or 3583(e))   Modification of Imposed Term of Imprisonment for Extraordinary and Compelling Reasons (18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(1))   Modification of Imposed Term of Imprisonment for Retroactive Amendment(s) to the Sentencing Guidelines (18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2))   Direct Motion to District Court Pursuant |  |  |  |  |
| THE DEFENDANT:  ✓ pleaded guilty to count(s) sole count of the Information.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| pleaded nolo contendere to count(s) which was accepted by the court.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| was found guilty on count(s) after a plea of not guilty.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| The defendant is adjudicated guilty of these offenses:   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Title & Section Nature of Offense  | Offense Ended Count  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 U.S.C. § 1343 Wire Fraud  | 6/1/2016 1   |  |  |  |  |
| the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984.  The defendant has been found not guilty on count(s)  | 7 of this judgment. The sentence is imposed pursuant to dismissed on the motion of the United States.  |  |  |  |  |
| It is ordered that the defendant must notify the United States or mailing address until all fines, restitution, costs, and special assess the defendant must notify the court and United States attorney of many the court at the court and United States attorney of the court at the cou | Attorney for this district within 30 days of any change of name, residence ments imposed by this judgment are fully paid. If ordered to pay restitution aterial changes in economic circumstances.  12/6/2018  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Date of Imposition of Judgment   |  |  |  |  |
|  | s/ LDH   |  |  |  |  |
| FILED<br>IN CLERK'S OFFICE   | Signature of Judge<br>LaShann DeArcy Hall U.S.D.J.   |  |  |  |  |
| US DISTRICT COURT E.D.N.Y.   | Name and Title of Judge  |  |  |  |  |
| ★ DEC 1 2 2018 ★   | 12/6/2018  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Date   |  |  |  |  |
| BROOKLYN OFFICE  |  |  |  |  |  |

AO 245C (Rev. 0278) Amended Judgment in a criminal Case Cument 42 Filed 12/12/18 Page 2 of 7 PageID #: 212

(NOTE: Identify Changes with a criminal Case Cument 42 Filed 12/12/18 Page 2 of 7 PageID #: 212

(NOTE: Identify Changes with Asterisks (\*))

Judgment — Page 2 of

DEFENDANT: PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO

CASE NUMBER: 17-CR-130-01(LDH)

|   | IMPRISONMENT  | l |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| total t   | The defendant is hereby committed to the custody of the Federal Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a total term of: |   |  |  |  |  |
| Twent   | ty-eight (28) months  |   |  |  |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| <b>d</b>  | The court makes the following recommendations to the Bureau of Prisons:   |   |  |  |  |  |
| The defendant should be evaluated for participation in the RDAP program. The Court further recommends that the defendant be held in a facility that can best accommodate his medical conditions. Should the BOP fail to designate an appropriate facility by June 30, 2018, Defendant shall surrender in such date that the BOP indicates facility has been designated. |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   | The defendant is remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal.  |   |  |  |  |  |
|   | The defendant shall surrender to the United States Marshal for this district:   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   | √ at 12:00 □ a.m. √ p.m. on 6/13/2018 .   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   | as notified by the United States Marshal.   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   | The defendant shall surrender for service of sentence at the institution designated by the Bureau of Prisons:           |   |  |  |  |  |
|   | before 2 p.m. on  |   |  |  |  |  |
|   | as notified by the United States Marshal.   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   | as notified by the Probation or Pretrial Services Office.   | ; |  |  |  |  |
|   | RETURN  |   |  |  |  |  |
| I have  | e executed this judgment as follows:  |   |  |  |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   | Defendant delivered on to   |   |  |  |  |  |
| at _  | with a certified copy of this judgment.   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   | UNITED STATES MARSHAL   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   | By DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |  |  |

AO 245C (Rev. 02/18) Amended Judgment in a Criminal Case Current 42 Filed 12/12/18 Page 3 of 7 PageID #: 213

Sheet 3 — Supervised Release

(NOTE: Identify Changes with Asterisks (\*

DEFENDANT: PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO

CASE NUMBER: 17-CR-130-01(LDH)

SUPERVISED RELEASE

Upon release from imprisonment, you will be on supervised release for a term of :

Three (3) years.

#### MANDATORY CONDITIONS

- 1. You must not commit another federal, state or local crime.
- 2. You must not unlawfully possess a controlled substance.
- 3. You must refrain from any unlawful use of a controlled substance. You must submit to one drug test within 15 days of release from imprisonment and at least two periodic drug tests thereafter, as determined by the court.
  - The above drug testing condition is suspended, based on the court's determination that you pose a low risk of future substance abuse. (check if applicable)
- 4. You must make restitution in accordance with 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663 and 3663A or any other statute authorizing a sentence of restitution. (check if applicable)
- 5. You must cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer. (check if applicable)
- 6. You must comply with the requirements of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (34 U.S.C. § 20901, et seq.) as directed by the probation officer, the Bureau of Prisons, or any state sex offender registration agency in the location where you reside, work, are a student, or were convicted of a qualifying offense. (check if applicable)
- 7. You must participate in an approved program for domestic violence. (check if applicable)

You must comply with the standard conditions that have been adopted by this court as well as with any other conditions on the attached page.

Sheet 3A — Supervised Release

Judgment—Page

of

of

DEFENDANT: PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO

CASE NUMBER: 17-CR-130-01(LDH)

#### STANDARD CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

As part of your supervised release, you must comply with the following standard conditions of supervision. These conditions are imposed because they establish the basic expectations for your behavior while on supervision and identify the minimum tools needed by probation officers to keep informed, report to the court about, and bring about improvements in your conduct and condition.

- 1. You must report to the probation office in the federal judicial district where you are authorized to reside within 72 hours of your release from imprisonment, unless the probation officer instructs you to report to a different probation office or within a different time frame.
- 2. After initially reporting to the probation office, you will receive instructions from the court or the probation officer about how and when you must report to the probation officer, and you must report to the probation officer as instructed.
- 3. You must not knowingly leave the federal judicial district where you are authorized to reside without first getting permission from the court or the probation officer.
- 4. You must answer truthfully the questions asked by your probation officer.
- 5. You must live at a place approved by the probation officer. If you plan to change where you live or anything about your living arrangements (such as the people you live with), you must notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change.
- 6. You must allow the probation officer to visit you at any time at your home or elsewhere, and you must permit the probation officer to take any items prohibited by the conditions of your supervision that he or she observes in plain view.
- 7. You must work full time (at least 30 hours per week) at a lawful type of employment, unless the probation officer excuses you from doing so. If you do not have full-time employment you must try to find full-time employment, unless the probation officer excuses you from doing so. If you plan to change where you work or anything about your work (such as your position or your job responsibilities), you must notify the probation officer at least 10 days before the change. If notifying the probation officer at least 10 days in advance is not possible due to unanticipated circumstances, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours of becoming aware of a change or expected change.
- 8. You must not communicate or interact with someone you know is engaged in criminal activity. If you know someone has been convicted of a felony, you must not knowingly communicate or interact with that person without first getting the permission of the probation officer.
- 9. If you are arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer, you must notify the probation officer within 72 hours.
- 10. You must not own, possess, or have access to a firearm, ammunition, destructive device, or dangerous weapon (i.e., anything that was designed, or was modified for, the specific purpose of causing bodily injury or death to another person such as nunchakus or tasers).
- 11. You must not act or make any agreement with a law enforcement agency to act as a confidential human source or informant without first getting the permission of the court.
- 12. If the probation officer determines that you pose a risk to another person (including an organization), the probation officer may require you to notify the person about the risk and you must comply with that instruction. The probation officer may contact the person and confirm that you have notified the person about the risk.
- 13. You must follow the instructions of the probation officer related to the conditions of supervision.

| U.S. Probation Office Use Only   | •   |
|--|---|
| A U.S. probation officer has instructed me on the conditions specified by the court and has provided judgment containing these conditions. For further information regarding these conditions, see <i>Overvious Release Conditions</i> , available at: <a href="https://www.uscourts.gov">www.uscourts.gov</a> . | me with a written copy of this ew of Probation and Supervised |
| Defendant's Signature  | Date  |

Sheet 3D — Supervised Release

(NOTE: Identify Changes with Asterisks (\*

Judgment—Page 5 of 7

DEFENDANT: PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO

CASE NUMBER: 17-CR-130-01(LDH)

### SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

- 1) The defendant shall comply with the restitution order when issued.
- 2) Upon request, the defendant shall provide the U.S. Probation Department with full disclosure of his financial records, including co-mingled income, expenses, assets and liabilities, to include yearly income tax returns. With the exception of the financial accounts reported and noted within the presentence report, the defendant is prohibited from maintaining and/or opening any additional individual and/or joint checking, savings, or other financial accounts, for either personal or business purposes, without the knowledge and approval of the U.S. Probation Department. The defendant shall cooperate with the probation officer in the investigation of his financial dealings and shall provide truthful monthly statements of his income and expenses. The defendant shall cooperate in the signing of any necessary authorization to release information forms permitting the U.S. Probation Department access to his financial information and records.
- 3) The defendant shall participate in a mental health treatment program as approved by the Probation Department. The defendant shall contribute to the cost of such services rendered and/or any psychotropic medications prescribed to the degree he is reasonably able, and shall cooperate in securing any applicable third party payment. The defendant shall disclose all financial information and documents to the Probation Department to assess his ability to pay.
- 4) The defendant shall participate in an outpatient drug treatment program approved by the U.S. Probation Department. The defendant shall contribute to the costs of such treatment not to exceed an amount determined reasonable by the Probation Department's Sliding Scale for Substance Abuse Treatment Services, and shall cooperate in securing any applicable third party payment, such as insurance or Medicaid. The defendant shall disclose all financial information and documents to the Probation Department to assess his ability to pay. The defendant shall not consume any alcohol or other intoxicants during and after treatment, unless granted a prescription by a licensed physician and proof of same is provided to the Probation Department. The defendant shall submit to testing during and after treatment to ensure abstinence from drugs and alcohol.
- 5)The defendant shall abstain from the consumption of non-prescribed medication classified as opiates, benzodiazepines, stimulants, depressants, sedatives or hypnotics unless the prescribing physician is fully aware of the defendant's substance abuse history. The defendant shall immediately notify the probation officer prior to filling any of the above listed prescription medications and permit the probation officer to contact any health care professional who prescribes any medication to the offender. The defendant shall not purchase any medication via the internet unless such medication is prescribed by a healthcare professional who conducts an examination of the defendant in person.
- 6) The defendant shall refrain from engaging in any self-employment which involves access to clients' assets, investments or money, and is to assist the Probation Department in verifying any employment he secures while under supervision.

| heet 5 — Criminal Monetary Penalties |      | ( | NOTE: 10 | entiry Cha | inges with | Asterisks ( |
|--------------------------------------|------|---|----------|------------|------------|-------------|
|                                      |      |   |          |            |            |             |
| <del></del>                          | <br> |   | D        | •          | - 6        | 7           |

DEFENDANT: PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO

CASE NUMBER: 17-CR-130-01(LDH)

# **CRIMINAL MONETARY PENALTIES**

|               | The defe   | ndant                       | must pay the follo   | wing total crimii                  | nal monetary pe.                   | nalties unc               | der the schedule of payments                              | on Sheet 6.  |
|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| ፐ心ጥ           | CALS   | \$                          | Assessment   | <u>JVTA /</u>                      | <u>Assessment*</u><br>S            | <u>Fine</u>               | <u>Restit</u><br>\$ 484 6                                 |  |
| 1             | CLLC   | Þ                           | 100.00   | Φ                                  | 2                                  |                           | <b>⊸</b> 481,.  | 583.33   |
|               |  |                             | tion of restitution is                                       |                                    | Ar                                 | ı Amendea                 | l Judgment in a Criminal Cas                              | e (AO 245C) will be  |
| Ø             | The defe   | ndant                       | shall make restitut  | tion (including co                 | ommunity restit                    | ation) to th              | he following payees in the am                             | nount listed below.  |
|               | If the de:<br>the prior<br>before th   | fendar<br>ity ord<br>le Uni | nt makes a partial pler or percentage pleted States is paid. | payment, each pa<br>payment column | yee shall receive<br>below. Howeve | e an appro<br>er, pursuar | ximately proportioned paymont to 18 U.S.C. § 3664(i), all | ent, unless specified otherwise<br>nonfederal victims must be pa |
| <u>Nan</u>    | ne of Pay  | <u>'ee</u>                  |  | Total Loss**                       | îe<br>—                            | Resti                     | itution Ordered   | Priority or Percentage   |
| G٤            | arold Ma   | у                           |  |                                    | \$244,416.                         | 50                        | \$244,416.50  | 100%   |
| Gr            | regory Ba  | aum                         |  |                                    | \$104,681.0                        | 00                        | \$104,681.00  | 100%   |
| Cli           | ifford Sko   | ouby                        |  |                                    | \$27,287.                          | 00                        | \$27,287.00   | 100%   |
| Tra           | avis Bott  | :                           |  |                                    | \$25,167.0                         | 00                        | \$25,167.00   | 100%   |
| Larry Endline |  |                             |  |                                    | \$80,031.8                         | 33                        | \$80,031.83   | 100%   |
|               |  |                             |  |                                    |                                    |                           |   |  |
| ፐቦን           | TALS   |                             | \$   | 481                                | 1,583.33                           | \$                        | 481,583.33  |  |
| .0            |  |                             | Ψ_   |                                    | <u> </u>                           | -                         | ,   |  |
|               | Restitut   | tion ar                     | nount ordered purs   | suant to plea agre                 | ement \$                           |                           |   |  |
|               | The defendant must pay interest on restitution and a fine of more than \$2,500, unless the restitution or fine is paid in full before the fifteenth day after the date of the judgment, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(f). All of the payment options on Sheet 6 may be subject to penalties for delinquency and default, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(g). |                             |  |                                    |                                    |                           |   |  |
|               | The cou  | ırt det                     | ermined that the do  | efendant does no                   | t have the abilit                  | y to pay in               | nterest, and it is ordered that:                          |  |
|               | ☐ the  | intere                      | est requirement is v   | vaived for                         | ] fine 🔲 r                         | estitution.               |   |  |
|               | ☐ the  | intere                      | est requirement for  | the 🔲 fine                         | ☐ restitut                         | ion is mod                | dified as follows:  |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015, Pub. L. No. 114-22.

\*\* Findings for the total amount of losses are required under Chapters 109A, 110, 110A, and 113A of Title 18 for offenses committed on or after September 13, 1994, but before April 23, 1996.

(NOTE: Identify Changes with Asterisks (\*

Judgment — Page \_\_

DEFENDANT: PATRICK MORGAN SCHIRO

CASE NUMBER: 17-CR-130-01(LDH)

#### **SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS**

| Hav         | ing a  | assessed the defendant's ability to pay, payment of the total criminal monetary penalties shall be due as follows:   |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| A           |  | Lump sum payment of \$ 100.00 due immediately, balance due   |  |  |  |  |  |
|             |  | □ not later than , or in accordance with □ C, □ D, □ E, or ▼ F below; or   |  |  |  |  |  |
| В           |  | Payment to begin immediately (may be combined with C, D, or F below); or   |  |  |  |  |  |
| C           |  | Payment in equal (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ over a period of (e.g., months or years), to commence (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after the date of this judgment; or   |  |  |  |  |  |
| D           |  | Payment in equal (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ over a period of (e.g., months or years), to commence (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment to a term of supervision; or  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E           |  | Payment during the term of supervised release will commence within (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment. The court will set the payment plan based on an assessment of the defendant's ability to pay at that time; or  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F           |  | Special instructions regarding the payment of criminal monetary penalties:   |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | Restitution is due immediately and payable at a rate of \$25 per quarter while in custody, and at a rate of 10% of Mr. Schiro's gross income per month while on supervised release. Payment shall be made payable to the Clerk of the Court. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|             |  | the court has expressly ordered otherwise, if this judgment imposes imprisonment, payment of criminal monetary penalties is due ne period of imprisonment. All criminal monetary penalties, except those payments made through the Federal Bureau of Prisons' Financial Responsibility Program, are made to the clerk of the court.  Sendant shall receive credit for all payments previously made toward any criminal monetary penalties imposed. |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | Joi  | nt and Several   |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | De:<br>and   | fendant and Co-Defendant Names and Case Numbers (including defendant number), Total Amount, Joint and Several Amount, decorresponding payee, if appropriate.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | The  | e defendant shall pay the cost of prosecution.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | The  | e defendant shall pay the following court cost(s):   |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | The  | e defendant shall forfeit the defendant's interest in the following property to the United States:   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pay<br>inte | ment   | ts shall be applied in the following order: (1) assessment, (2) restitution principal, (3) restitution interest, (4) fine principal, (5) fine (6) community restitution, (7) JVTA assessment, (8) penalties, and (9) costs, including cost of prosecution and court costs.   |  |  |  |  |  |