# UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Before the SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION



**ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING** File No. 3-17293

In the Matter of

Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc., et al.,

Respondents.

### DIVISION OF ENFORCEMENT'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY DISPOSITION AS TO ADVANCED LIFE SCIENCES HOLDINGS, INC. AND BRIEF IN SUPPORT.

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### I. Motion for Summary Disposition

The Division of Enforcement ("Division"), by counsel, pursuant to Commission Rules of Practice 154 and 250, hereby respectfully moves for an order of summary disposition revoking the registration of each class of securities of Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc. ("ADLS") registered pursuant to Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") Section 12. There is no genuine issue concerning any material fact and, pursuant to Section 12(j) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"), the Division, as a matter of law, is entitled to an order revoking the registration of each class of securities of ADLS registered pursuant to Exchange Act Section 12.

### BRIEF IN SUPPORT

### II. Statement of Facts

ADLS (CIK No. 1322734) is a void Delaware corporation located in Woodridge, Illinois with a class of securities registered with the Commission pursuant to Exchange Act Section 12(g). Order Instituting Proceedings ("OIP"), ¶ II.A.4; Frye Decl. Exs. 1 and 2. As of June 8, 2016, the common stock of ADLS was quoted on OTC Link, had six market makers, and was eligible for the "piggyback" exception of Exchange Act Rule 15c2-11(f)(3). Frye Decl. Ex. 3. ADLS is delinquent in its periodic filings with the Commission, having failed to file any periodic reports since it filed a Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2010. Frye Decl. Exs. 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>From the Declaration of David S. Frye in Support of the Division of Enforcement's Motion for Summary Disposition and Brief in Support ("Frye Decl.") and accompanying exhibits, submitted herewith. The Division asks, pursuant to Rule of Practice 323, that the Court take official notice of Ex. 1 and all other information and filings on EDGAR referred to in this brief and/or filed as exhibits with the accompanying Frye Declaration. In order to reduce the volume of documents included in this submission, the Division has attached as exhibits excerpted copies of certain voluminous documents with just the cover page and relevant pages included. The Division will provide complete copies of any of these documents if requested by the Court or by the respondent. Documents that are already part of the record in this proceeding are not included in the Frye Declaration

and  $5.^2$ 

On March 3, 2014, the Division of Corporation Finance ("Corporation Finance") sent a delinquency letter by certified mail, return receipt requested to ADLS. ADLS received this letter on March 12, 2014, as shown by the signed return receipt. Declaration of Marva Simpson in Support of the Division of Enforcement's Motion for Summary Disposition as to [ADLS] ("Simpson Decl.) Ex. 1. The delinquency letter stated that ADLS appeared to be delinquent in its periodic filings and warned that it could be subject to institution of an Exchange Act Section 12(i) proceeding without prior notice if it did not file its required reports within fifteen days of the date of the letter. ADLS's CEO, Michael Flavin, responded to that letter and requested an accommodation to file a comprehensive 10-K. This resulted in a letter in which ADLS said he "believe[d] that [ADLS] [would] be completely up-to-date with the required filings by September 30, 2014." Letter from ADLS CEO Michael Flavin dated March 24, 2016, Simpson Declaration Ex. 2. ADLS failed to meet its own self-defined target date. In fact, as of the date of this brief, ADLS has not made any Commission filings of any type since it filed a Form 8-K on May 12, 2011. Frye Decl. Ex. 4. ADLS failed to file a total of twenty-one consecutive periodic reports, and has not made a compliant periodic filing, timely or otherwise, since it filed its Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2010 on March 24, 2011. Frye Decl. Ex. 5.

Simultaneously with the institution of this proceeding, the Commission issued an order suspending trading in the securities of ADLS for ten business days. *Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc.*, et al., Exchange Act Rel. No. 78074, Commission File No. 500-1 (June 15, 2016).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As noted, *infra*, at 12, after the prehearing conference, ADLS sent a non-compliant "comprehensive 10-K" to Corporation Finance, but never filed this document in EDGAR.

### III. Argument in Support of Summary Disposition

## A. Standards Applicable to the Division's Summary Disposition Motion

Rule of Practice 250(a) permits a party to move "for summary disposition of any or all allegations of the order instituting proceedings" before hearing, with leave of the hearing officer. Rule of Practice 250(b) provides that a hearing officer may grant a motion for summary disposition if there is no genuine issue with regard to any material fact and the party making the motion is entitled to summary disposition as a matter of law. *See Michael Puorro*, Initial Decision Rel. No. 253, 2004 SEC LEXIS 1348, at \*3 (June 28, 2004) citing Rule of Practice 250; *Garcis, U.S.A.*, Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rel. No. 38495, 1997 SEC LEXIS 838 (April 10, 1997) (granting motion for summary disposition). As one Administrative Law Judge explained:

By analogy to Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, a factual dispute between the parties will not defeat a motion for summary disposition unless it is both genuine and material. See Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc., 477 U.S. 242, 247-48 (1986). Once the moving party has carried its burden, 'its opponent must do more than simply show that there is some metaphysical doubt as to the material facts.' Matsushita Elec. Indus. Co. v. Zenith Radio Corp., 475 U.S. 574, 586 (1986). The opposing party must set forth specific facts showing a genuine issue for a hearing and may not rest upon the mere allegations or denials of its pleadings. At the summary disposition stage, the hearing officer's function is not to weigh the evidence and determine the truth of the matter, but rather to determine whether there is a genuine issue for resolution at a hearing. See Anderson, 477 U.S. at 249.

Edward Becker, Initial Decision Rel. No. 252, 2004 SEC LEXIS 1135, at \*5 (June 3, 2004).

The present administrative proceeding was instituted under Exchange Act Section 12(j). Section 12(j) empowers the Commission, where it deems it "necessary and appropriate for the protection of investors" to either suspend (for a period not exceeding twelve months) or permanently revoke a security's registration "if the Commission finds, on the record after notice and opportunity for hearing, that the issuer of such security has failed to comply with any

provision of this title or the rules and regulations thereunder." It is appropriate to grant summary disposition and revoke a registrant's registration in a Section 12(j) proceeding where, as here, there is no dispute that the registrant has failed to comply with Exchange Act Section 13(a). *See AIC International, Inc.*, Initial Decision Rel. No. 324, 2006 SEC LEXIS 2996 (December 27, 2006); *Bilogic, Inc.*, Initial Decision Rel. No. 322, 2006 SEC LEXIS 2596, at \*12 (November 9, 2006); *iBiz Technology Corp.*, Initial Decision Rel. No. 312, 2006 SEC LEXIS 1406, at \*11 (June 16, 2006); *St. George Metals, Inc.*, Initial Decision Rel. No. 298, 2005 SEC LEXIS 2465, at \*12 (September 29, 2005); *Investco, Inc.*, Initial Decision Rel. No. 240, 2003 SEC LEXIS 2792, at \*7 (November 24, 2003); *Nano World Projects Corp.*, Initial Decision Rel. No. 228, 2003 SEC LEXIS 1968, at \*3 (May 20, 2003).

# B. The Division is Entitled to Summary Disposition Against ADLS for its Failures to Comply with Exchange Act Section 13(a) and Rules 13a-1 and 13a-13 Thereunder

Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act and Rules 13a-1 and 13a-13 promulgated thereunder require issuers of securities registered pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act to file periodic and other reports with the Commission. Exchange Act Section 13(a) is a cornerstone of the Exchange Act, establishing a system of periodically reporting invaluable information about issuers of securities. The Commission has stated:

Failure to file periodic reports violates a central provision of the Exchange Act. The purpose of the periodic filing requirements is to supply investors with current and accurate financial information about an issuer so that they may make sound decisions. Those requirements are "the primary tool[s] which Congress has fashioned for the protection of investors from negligent, careless, and deliberate misrepresentations in the sale of stock and securities." Proceedings initiated under Exchange Act Section 12(j) are an important remedy to address the problem of publicly traded companies that are delinquent in the filing of their Exchange Act reports, and thereby deprive investors of accurate, complete, and timely information upon which to make informed investment decisions.

Gateway International Holdings, Inc., Exchange Act Rel. No. 53907, 2006 SEC LEXIS 1288, at

\*26 (May 31, 2006) ("Gateway"), quoting SEC v. Beisinger Indus. Corp., 552 F.2d 15, 18 (1st Cir. 1977).

"Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act and the rules promulgated thereunder require issuers of securities registered pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act to file periodic and other reports with the Commission. Exchange Act Rule 13a-1 requires issuers to submit annual reports, and Exchange Act Rule 13a-13 requires issuers to submit quarterly reports. No showing of scienter is necessary to establish a violation of Section 13(a) or the rules thereunder." *St. George Metals, Inc.*, Initial Decision Rel. No. 298 at 3-4, 2005 SEC LEXIS 2465, at \*26; *accord Gateway*, 2006 SEC LEXIS 1288, at \*18, 22 n.28; *Stansbury Holdings Corp.*, Initial Decision Rel. No. 232, 2003 SEC LEXIS 1639, at \*15 (July 14, 2003); *WSF Corp.*, Initial Decision Rel. No. 204, 2002 SEC LEXIS 1242, at \*14 (May 8, 2002). There is no dispute that ADLS failed to comply with Exchange Act Section 13(a) and Rules 13a-1 and 13a-13 thereunder.

Moreover, it is wholly appropriate to revoke ADLS's registration on a motion for summary disposition where, as here, the Section 12 issuer has failed to comply with Section 13(a). See AIC International, Inc., 2006 SEC LEXIS 2996 (summary disposition granted in Section 12(j) action); Bilogic, Inc., 2006 SEC LEXIS 2596, at \*12 (same); Investco, Inc., Initial Decision Rel. No. 312, 2003 SEC LEXIS 2792, at \*7 (November 24, 2003); Nano World Projects Corp., Initial Decision Rel. No. 228, 2003 SEC LEXIS 1968, at \*3 (May 20, 2003) (summary disposition in Exchange Act Section 12(j) action granted where certifications on fillings and respondent's admission established failure to file annual or quarterly reports).

There is no dispute that ADLS had failed to file twenty-one periodic reports when this proceeding was instituted. Given the central importance of the reporting requirements imposed by Section 13(a) and the rules thereunder, Administrative Law Judges have found delinquencies of far less duration to warrant revocation. *WSF Corp.*, 2002 SEC LEXIS 1242, at \*14 (one Form

10-K and three Forms 10-Q); Freedom Golf Corp., Initial Decision Release No. 227, 2003 SEC LEXIS 1178, at \*5 (May 15, 2003) (one Form 10-K and one Form 10-Q). iBIZ Technology Corp., Initial Decision Rel. No. 312 at 1 (June 16, 2006) (one Form 10-K and two Forms 10-Q). Stansbury Holdings Corporation, 2003 SEC LEXIS 1639, at \*1 (one Form 10-K and two Forms 10-Q).

### C. Revocation is the Appropriate Sanction for ADLS's Serial Violations of Exchange Act Section 13(a) and Rules 13a-1 and 13a-13 Thereunder

Exchange Act Section 12(j) provides that the Commission may revoke or suspend the Exchange Act Section 12 registration of an issuer's securities where it is "necessary or appropriate for the protection of investors." The Commission's determination of which sanction is appropriate "turns on the effect on the investing public, including both current and prospective investors, of the issuer's violations, on the one hand, and the Section 12(j) sanctions on the other hand." Gateway, 2006 SEC LEXIS 1288, at \*19-20. In making this determination, the Commission has said it will consider, among other things: (1) the seriousness of the issuer's violations; (2) the isolated or recurrent nature of the violations; (3) the degree of culpability involved; (4) the extent of the issuer's efforts to remedy its past violations and ensure future compliance; and (5) the credibility of the issuer's assurances, if any, against future violations. Id.; see also Steadman v. SEC, 603 F.2d 1126, 1140 (5th Cir. 1979) (setting forth the public interest factors that informed the Commission's Gateway decision). Although no one factor is controlling, Stansbury, 2003 SEC LEXIS 1639, at \*14-15 and WSF Corp., 2002 SEC LEXIS 1242, at \*5, \*18, the Commission has recently reaffirmed that "'recurrent failure to file periodic reports' is 'so serious that only a strongly compelling showing with respect to the other factors we consider would justify a lesser sanction than revocation." Absolute Potential, Inc. (f/k/a Absolute Waste Services, Inc.), Exchange Act Rel. No. 71866, 2014 SEC LEXIS 1193, at \*24

(April 4, 2014) ("Absolute") (quoting Impax Laboratories, Inc., Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rel. No. 57864, 2008 SEC LEXIS 1197, at \*27 (May 23, 2008)).

### 1. ADLS's violations of Section 13(a) are serious and egregious

As established by the record in this proceeding, the violative conduct of ADLS is serious and egregious. At the time this proceeding was instituted, ADLS had failed to file twenty-one consecutive periodic reports, including five Forms 10-K and sixteen Forms 10-Q. Frye Decl. Ex.

5. It cannot be denied that a company that failed to file twenty-one periodic filings has committed serious and egregious violations of Section 13(a).

Now, ADLS pledges that it will make all of its missing reports and will comply with the reporting requirements in the future. Even assuming that ADLS manages to make all of its delinquent reports, the Commission has given little credit to registrants that fail to comply with the filing requirements and then make filings during the pendency of a Commission administrative proceeding. As the Commission has noted in upholding revocation of the securities registration of an issuer that made some of its delinquent filings during the pendency of the proceeding:

Dismissal [in this case] would reward those issuers who fail to file required periodic reports when due over an extended period of time, become the subject of Exchange Act Section 12(j) revocation proceedings, and then, on the eve of hearings before the law judge or, in this case, oral argument on appeal, make last-minute filings in an effort to bring themselves current with their reporting obligations, while prolonging indefinitely the period during which public investors would be without accurate, complete, and timely reports (that comply with the requirements of the Exchange Act and its rules and regulations) to make informed investment decisions.

Nature's Sunshine Products, Inc., Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rel. No. 59268, 2009 SEC LEXIS 81, at \*34 (January 21, 2009)

Absolute, supra, presented a similar situation. In Absolute, the issuer made all of its delinquent filings and became current in its filings during the pendency of the administrative

proceeding. Notwithstanding this fact, the Commission revoked its registration because, among other things, its "unpersuasive explanations for those delinquencies and the absence of concrete remedial changes to ensure compliance demonstrate that [it] is likely to violate the reporting requirements in the future." Absolute, 2014 SEC LEXIS 1193, at \*21. In another case of an issuer that became current after institution, Judge Foelak noted that "dismissal or a lesser sanction [than revocation] would reward issuers who fail to file required periodic reports over an extended period and become current only after enforcement proceedings are brought against them, essentially providing an automatic lengthy postponement of the prescribed filing dates for such issuers to the detriment of the public interest and investors" Law Enforcement Associates Corp., et al. [as to Sonnen Corp.], Initial Decision Rel. No. 487, 2013 SEC LEXIS 1436, at \*12-13 (May 15, 2013). See also Tamir Biotechnology, Inc., Initial Decision Rel. No. 488, 2013 SEC LEXIS 1489, at \*3-4 (May 22, 2013) (Elliot, ALJ) (issuer's registration revoked where it was less than two year's delinquent and brought itself current after institution). Thus far, ADLS is entitled to even less sympathy than the foregoing issuers because it has yet to file any of its delinquent reports. Moreover the report it proposed to file, Frye Decl. Ex. 6, in addition to aggregating information that is required to be reported in separate filings, does not comply with requirement that periodic information be reported in a timely fashion. As the Commission has stated, "[i]f issuers were permitted, at their discretion, to consolidate multiple years of annual reports into a single filing, the investing public would not be assured of the timely disclosure mandated by the Exchange Act." Calais Resources, Inc., Exchange Act Rel. No 67312, 2012 SEC LEXIS 2023 at \*16-17 (June 29, 2012)

# 2. ADLS's Violations of Section 13(a) have been not just recurrent, but continuous

ADLS's violations have not been unique and singular, but numerous, continuous, and ongoing. Moreover, ADLS failed to file Forms 12b-25 seeking extensions of time to file for any of its twenty-one missing reports. Frye Decl. Ex. 4. *See Investco, Inc.*, 2003 SEC LEXIS 2792, at \*6 (delinquent issuer's actions were found to be egregious and recurrent where there was no evidence that any extensions to make the filings were sought).

### 3. ADLS's degree of culpability, including its failure to file Forms 12b-25<sup>3</sup>

In *Gateway*, the Commission stated that, in determining the appropriate sanction in connection with an Exchange Act Section 12(j) proceeding, one of the factors it will consider is "the degree of culpability involved." The Commission found that the delinquent issuer in *Gateway* "evidenced a high degree of culpability," because it "knew of its reporting obligations, yet failed to file" twenty periodic reports and only filed two Forms 12b-25. *Gateway*, 2006 SEC LEXIS 1288, at \*21. Similarly, ADLS failed to file Forms 12b-25 seeking extensions of time to file its periodic reports and, equally important, explaining the reasons for those failures for any of its thirty-nine missing reports. Frye Decl. Ex. 7. *Calais Resources, Inc.*, 2012 SEC LEXIS 2023 *at* \*16-17. (noting failures to file Forms 12b-25 as supporting revocation order.) Because ADLS knew of its reporting obligations and nevertheless failed to file timely periodic reports,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Although this was not alleged in the OIP, the Court may consider it in determining an appropriate sanction. The Commission has applied the same principle in other contexts. *Robert Bruce Lohmann*, 80 SEC Docket 1790, 2003 SEC LEXIS 1521, at \*17 n.20 (June 26, 2003) (ALJ may properly consider lies told to staff during investigation in assessing sanctions, though they were not charged in the OIP); *Stephen Stout*, 73 SEC Docket 1441, 2000 SEC LEXIS 2119, at \*57 & n.64. (October 4, 2000) (respondent's subsequent conduct in creation of arbitration scheme, which was not charged in OIP, found to be relevant in determining whether bar was appropriate); *Joseph P. Barbato*, Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rel. No. 41034, 1999 SEC LEXIS 276, at \*49-50 (February 10, 1999) (respondent's conduct in contacting former customers identified as Division witnesses found to be indicative of respondent's potential for committing future violations). *See also S.E.C. v. Falstaff Brewing Corp.*, 629 F.2d 62, 78 (D.C. Cir. 1980).

and also failed to update the Commission and investors as to why it was unable to make its filings, ADLS has shown more than sufficient culpability to support a grant of the Division's requested sanction of revocation.

# 4. ADLS has made inadequate efforts to remedy its past violations and ensure future compliance

Thus far, ADLS's "efforts" to remedy its past violations have been sorely lacking. In response to the March 3, 2014 delinquency letter ADLS set its own target of September 30, 2014 to make its then-delinquent filings, which it failed to meet. Simpson Decl. Ex. 2, Frye Decl. Ex. 4. Since that date, ADLS has failed to file seven additional periodic reports. Frye Decl. Ex. 4. On July 27, 2016, ADLS sent a letter to Corporation Finance attaching what it described as a "comprehensive 10-K document covering the years 2011 through the present." Frye Decl. Ex. 6. As noted in the Simpson Declaration, ADLS never received an accommodation to file a comprehensive 10-K. In any case, even assuming that ADLS had received an accommodation to file consolidated Forms 10-K, ADLS has not filed any of its sixteen missing Forms 10-Q. It is clear that ADLS has yet to demonstrate that it is capable of meeting its obligations as an Exchange Act Section 12 registrant.

## 5. Any assurances ADLS may offer against future violations will not be credible

ADLS's long history of delinquencies leads to a reasonable inference that the Court cannot rely on any assurances it may offer against future violations. ADLS has yet to make any of its twenty-one missing filings – thus far offering only a non-compliant filing and a promise of future compliance as a basis for avoiding a sanction. ADLS's promises are simply not credible. The likelihood of future violations can be inferred from a single past violation, including the very violation that led to the enforcement action. See KPMG Peat Marwick LLP, Securities Exchange

Act of 1934 Rel. No. 44050, 2001 SEC LEXIS 422, at \*21-22 (March 8, 2001) (some risk of future violation "need not be very great to warrant issuing a cease-and-desist order and [] in the ordinary case and absent evidence to the contrary, a finding of past violation raises a sufficient risk of future violation."). Moreover, ADLS's failures to comply with its legal obligations are not limited to its Exchange Act obligations. In the five years since it stopped filing periodic reports, ADLS allowed its corporate charter with the State of Delaware to lapse twice. On August 28, 2013 it reinstated its corporate charter, only to have it become void again on March 1, 2015, a deficiency which has yet to be corrected as of the morning of August 10, 2016. Frye Decl. Ex. 2. Given this history, the only way this Court may be assured that ADLS's reporting failures will come to an end is to revoke its registration.

### III. Conclusion

For the reasons set forth above, the Division respectfully requests that the Administrative Law Judge grant the Division's Motion for Summary Disposition and revoke the registrations of each class of ADLS's Exchange Act Section 12 registered securities.

Dated: August 10, 2016

Respectfully submitted,

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### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that I caused true copies of the Division of Enforcement's Motion for Summary Disposition as to Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc., Brief in Support, and Declarations of David S. Frye and Marva Simpson in Support thereof and accompanying Exhibits, to be served on the following on this 10th day of August, 2016, in the manner indicated below:

By Email and by Hand:

The Honorable James E. Grimes Administrative Law Judge Securities and Exchange Commission 100 F Street, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20549-2557 alj@sec.gov

By Overnignt Courier and Email:

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David S. Frye

# UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Before the SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING File No. 3-17293

In the Matter of

Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc., et al.

Respondents.

### DECLARATION OF DAVID S. FRYE IN SUPPORT OF DIVISION OF ENFORCEMENT'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY DISPOSITION

DAVID S. FRYE, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, declares:

- 1. I am a Senior Counsel with the Division of Enforcement ("Division") of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission"), and co-counsel for the Division in the above-captioned administrative proceeding. I submit this Declaration in support of the Division's Motion for Summary Disposition ("Motion") as to Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc. ("ADLS").
- Attached hereto as Exhibit 1 is a true copy of the cover page from a Form
   8-A12G for ADLS filed with the Commission on July 15, 2005.<sup>1</sup>
- 3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2 is a true copy of a printout from the CLEAR online, subscription based, data retrieval service showing ADLS corporate status and history with the Delaware Secretary of State as of August 3, 2016. The CLEAR system provides real-time access to the Delaware Secretary of State corporate records.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In order to reduce the volume of paper submitted with these pleadings, the Division has provided excerpts of certain of SLTA's EDGAR filings. The full version of each of these documents may be downloaded without charge from the Commission's public EDGAR website at <a href="http://www.sec.gov/edgar/searchedgar/companysearch.html">http://www.sec.gov/edgar/searchedgar/companysearch.html</a>. The Division will provide full copies of any of these filings to the Court or the respondent on request.

- 4. Based on information obtained from Michael T. Corrao, the Chief Compliance Officer of OTC Link, L.L.C., a subsidiary of OTC Markets Group, Inc. as of June 14, 2016, the common stock of ADLS was quoted on OTC Link and was eligible for the "piggyback" exception of Exchange Act Rule 15c2-11(f)(3). Attached hereto as Exhibit 3 is a true copy of a printout from showing the identity of the market makers for ADLS's common stock as of June 8, 2016.
- 5. Attached hereto as Exhibit 4 is a true copy of a list of all filings made by ADLS (CIK No. 1018336) in the Commission's EDGAR database through August 9, 2016. The list has been reformatted for ease of reference. Periodic filings and periodic filing amendments are presented in bold italics for easy identification. The list is in reverse chronological order by filing date. The first column indicates the form type. The second column indicates the Commission file number. The third column indicates the filing date. The fourth column indicates the period end to which the filing relates (if any). The fifth column provides the unique document control number for the filing.
- 6. Attached hereto as Exhibit 5 is a table prepared by the Division of Enforcement setting forth certain information concerning the required periodic reports which ADLS failed to file. The first column shows the type of periodic report in question. The second column gives the period end to which the report relates. The third column gives the due date of the report. The filings are sorted in reverse chronological order. The fourth column gives the date on which the report was actually made or indicates it was not filed. The fifth column shows the number of months and days by which a filing was made late or, if not filed, is still delinquent, or indicates that the report

was timely filed. Note that the fifth column is calculated as of August 9, 2016. The sixth column states whether or not a Form 12b-25 was filed for the report in in question.

7. Attached hereto as Exhibit 6 are true copies of a letter dated July 27, 2016 from ADLS and a "comprehensive" Form 10-K for ADLS, both of which were sent to the Division of Corporation Finance.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed: August 10, 2016

### **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### FORM 8-A

FOR REGISTRATION OF CERTAIN CLASSES OF SECURITIES PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(b) OR (g) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

### ADVANCED LIFE SCIENCES HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State of incorporation or organization)

30-0296543

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1440 Davey Road Woodridge, Illinois (Address of principal executive offices)

60517 (Zip Code)

Securities to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class to be so registered

None

Name of each exchange on which each class is to be registered

N/A

If this form relates to the registration of a class of securities pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act and is effective pursuant to General Instruction A.(c), check the following box.

If this form relates to the registration of a class of securities pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act and is effective pursuant to General Instruction A.(d), check the following box.

Securities Act registration statement file number to which this form relates: 333-124396

Securities to be registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (Title of Class)

# Table of Contents Report Section Summary General Information 2 Tax Information 2 File History Information 3 Stock Information 4 Registered Agent Information 4

Report section(s) with no matches

5

### Report Section Summary

General Information (1)

Tax Information (1)

File History Information (1)

Stock Information (1)

Registered Agent Information (1)

#### General Information

Name:

ADVANCED LIFE SCIENCES HOLDINGS, INC.

Date:

08-10-2016

Time:

09:15:56 AM

Address: County: Country:

File Number:

3894627

Company Stock:

true

Kind of Corporation:

Corporation

Type of Corporation:

General

Status:

Void, ARâs or Tax Delinquent

Status Date & Time:

03-01-2015

Residency:

Incorporation State:

DE

Incorporation Date & Time:

12-10-2004

Renewal Date & Time: Merged to Number:

Foreign Incorporation Name:

Type of Foreign Corporation:

Expiration Date:

Foreign Date of Incorporation:

Original State: Quarterly Filing:

Date of Last Annual Report:

### Tax Information

Tax Type:

A/R Filing Required

Tax Balance:

258727.22

Tax Year:

2014

Filing Fee:

50

Total Taxes:

180000

Total Penalty:

125

Total Interest: Total Other:

5033.07 0

Total Paid:

Total Unpaid Balance:

185208.07

#### Delaware Corporate Record Detail | ADVANCED LIFE SCIENCES HOLDINGS, 3894627 | 08/10/16 10:15 AM | Reference: N/A

Tax Year: Filing Fee: 2013 50

Total Taxes:

62136.99

Total Penalty:

125

Total Interest:

11207.16

Total Other:

0

Total Paid: Total Unpaid Balance:

0 73519.15

Tax Year: Filing Fee: 2012 50

Total Taxes:

350

Total Penalty:

125

Total Interest: Total Other:

0

Total Paid:

0

Total Unpaid Balance:

525 0

### File History Information

Filing Year:

2013

Document Code Description:

Renewal for Void

Number of pages in Document: 1 Number of Domestication

Pages:

Document Filing Date & Time:

08-28-2013 07:33:00 PM

Document Effective Date &

08-28-2013

Document Filing Status:

Completed

Name Prior to Merger:

Merger Type:

Filing Year:

2011

Document Code Description:

Amendment Stock

Number of pages in Document: 3 Number of Domestication

Pages:

Document Filing Date & Time:

03-23-2011 05:03:00 PM

Document Effective Date &

03-28-2011

Time:

Completed

Document Filing Status:

Name Prior to Merger:

Merger Type:

Filing Year:

2010

Document Code Description:

Restated; Stock

Number of pages in Document: 5 Number of Domestication

Pages:

Document Filing Date & Time: 05-07-2010 06:50:00 PM

#### Delaware Corporate Record Detail | ADVANCED LIFE SCIENCES HOLDINGS, 3894627 | 08/10/16 10:15 AM | Reference: N/A

Document Effective Date &

05-07-2010

Time:

Document Filing Status:

Completed

Name Prior to Merger:

Merger Type:

Filing Year:

2009

Document Code Description:

Restated; Stock

Number of pages in Document: 5

Number of Domestication

Pages:

Document Filing Date & Time:

04-07-2009 06:14:00 PM

Document Effective Date &

Time:

04-07-2009

Document Filing Status:

Completed

Name Prior to Merger:

Merger Type:

Filing Year:

2005

Document Code Description:

Restated; Stock

Number of pages in Document: 6

Number of Domestication

Pages:

Document Filing Date & Time:

06-29-2005 09:54:00 PM

Document Effective Date &

Time:

06-29-2005

Document Filing Status:

Completed

Name Prior to Merger:

Merger Type:

### Stock Information

Stock Amendment Number:

Effective Date & Time:

03-28-2011

Total Authorized Shares:

25666666

No Par Shares:

0

4

Description:

COMMON

Class:

Series:

Number of Authorized Shares:

20666666

Designated Shares:

0

Par Value:

0.01

Description:

**PFD** 

Class: Series:

Number of Authorized Shares: 5000000

Designated Shares:

0

Par Value:

0.01

### Delaware Corporate Record Detail | ADVANCED LIFE SCIENCES HOLDINGS, 3894627 | 08/10/16 10:15 AM | Reference: N/A

Agent's Name:

THE CORPORATION TRUST COMPANY

Agent's Number:

9000010

Agent's County:

New Castle

Agent's Country:

US

Address:

CORPORATION TRUST CENTER 1209 ORANGE ST

WILMINGTON, DE 19801

Phone:

Fax:

Report section(s) with no matches

Merger Information, Possible Bankruptcies



Phone1: 202 551 5455

UserID: DFRYE

Phone2:

Name: David Frye

Fax:

Email: fryed@sec.gov

Security Search

Issue or symbol \*

advanced search >>

- · Today's Notices
- · Pending Corporate Actions
- MMID Directory
- · Quote History
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### OTC Markets Group Inc.® Quote & Inside History

Security Quote History from 06/08/2016 to 06/08/2016

Export to excel Back to search page

ADLS -- Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc.

CUSIP: 00765H305 OTC ID:131889 Security Type:CS

Exclude: None

Action Date	Last Updated Date	Action	Price	Update: MMID	Update: User	Reason for Inside
06/08/2016	ADLS					
06/08/2016	06/07/2016 07:50:00.816	Start	U / U(0 x 0)	cETRF		
06/08/2016	06/07/2016 08:26:44.073	Start	0.00010 / 8.00000 (10000 x 100)	cMAXM		
06/08/2016	06/07/2016 08:30:10.125	Start	0.00010 / 0.06000 (10000 x 10000)	cCANT		

https://hist.otcquote.com/newhistoryserver/portal?nowait=true&startdate=06/08/2016&sub... 6/8/2016

06/08/2016	06/07/2016 16:00:01.200	Start	U / U(0 x 0)	cCDEL	
06/08/2016	06/07/2016 16:00:01.296	Start	0.00450 / 0.00690 (10000 x 10000)	cNITE	
06/08/2016	06/07/2016 16:30:04.096	Start	0.00010 / 0.25700 (10000 x 2500)	cCSTI	
	06/08/2016 06:46:01.343	Update	U / U(0 x 0)	cCDEL	
	06/08/2016 07:11:44.857	Inside	0.00010 / 8.00000 (10000 x 100)		Open
	06/08/2016 07:11:44.857	Open		MAXM	
	06/08/2016 07:34:32.299	Inside	0.00010 / 0.25700 (20000 x 2500)		Open
	06/08/2016 07:34:32.299	Open		CSTI	
	06/08/2016 07:50:00.878	Update	U / U(0 x 0)	cETRF	
	06/08/2016 07:59:58.665	Inside	0.00450 / 0.00690 (10000 x 10000)		Open
	06/08/2016 07:59:58.665	Open		NITE	
	06/08/2016 08:30:06.847	Update	0.00010 / 0.25700 (10000 x 2500)	CSTI	
	06/08/2016 08:30:11.362	Update	0.00010 / 0.06000 (10000 x 10000)	CANT	
	06/08/2016 09:30:01.206		0.00160 / 0.00880 (134200 x 22600)	CDEL	
	06/08/2016 09:30:14.524	Opdate	0.00250 / 0.25700 (15000 x 2500)	CSTI	
	09:31:21.490	Opdate	0.00600 / 0.00690 (100000 x 10000)	NITE	
	06/08/2016 09:31:21.490		0.00600 / 0.00690 (100000 x 10000)		Update
No of Record	ds: 20				

For Security Quote History, please enter a symbol, Security ID or CUSIP. You may filter quote information by date range or quote type.

Security:	Date:(mm/dd/yyyy)		quote: 🗹	
adls	● From 06/08/2016	To 06/08/2016	inside ☑	GO EXCEL
☐ Start of day	O First Day of Activity			

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Form Type	File No	Filing Date	Desir J.E. 1	D CIV
		Filing Date	Period End	DCN
8-K	0-51436	5/12/2011	5/5/2011	11836494
8-K	0-51436	5/3/2011	4/29/2011	11806229
8-K	0-51436	4/22/2011	4/18/2011	11775860
424B1	33-171748	4/22/2011		11774585
EFFECT	33-171748	4/20/2011		11771853
DEF 14A	0-51436	4/13/2011	5/24/2011	11757602
8-K	0-51436	4/8/2011	4/4/2011	11750175
POS AM	33-171748	4/8/2011		11747572
PRER14A	0-51436	4/7/2011		11746151
PRE 14A	0-51436	4/4/2011	5/24/2011	11736652
10-K*	0-51436	3/24/2011	12/31/2010	11709042
8-K	0-51436	3/24/2011	3/24/2011	11707854
8-K	0-51436	3/17/2011	3/11/2011	11695598
424B3	33-171748	3/2/2011		11657135
8-K	0-51436	3/2/2011	2/21/2011	11657120
8-K	0-51436	2/23/2011	2/17/2011	11632739
424B1	33-171748	1/31/2011		11557722
EFFECT	33-171748	1/28/2011		11557444
8-K	0-51436	1/21/2011	1/18/2011	11541937
S-1	33-171748	1/18/2011		11533677
8-K	0-51436	1/14/2011	1/10/2011	11530642
8-K	0-51436	1/4/2011	1/4/2011	11507431
8-K	0-51436	12/29/2010	12/22/2010	101279076
8-K	0-51436	12/8/2010	12/3/2010	101240389
8-K	0-51436	11/30/2010	11/23/2010	101222419
424B3	33-169622	11/16/2010		101196614
10-O	0-51436	11/12/2010	9/30/2010	101187977
8-K	0-51436	11/12/2010	11/12/2010	101183039
8-K	0-51436	11/3/2010	10/28/2010	101160019
EFFECT	33-169622	10/18/2010		101129074
8-K	0-51436	9/29/2010	9/28/2010	101094945
S-1	33-169622	9/29/2010	7,20,2010	101094917
8-K	0-51436	9/15/2010	9/9/2010	101074317
424B3	33-165388	8/12/2010	37372010	101010598
10-Q	0-51436	8/11/2010	6/30/2010	101006608
SC 13D	5-81504	7/30/2010	U/U U/IU	10981910
424B3	33-165388	7/27/2010		10972324
8-K	0-51436	7/22/2010	7/22/2010	10965127
8-K	0-51436	7/8/2010	7/7/2010	10942843
424B4	33-165388	7/1/2010	7772010	10942843
424D4	33-103388	7/1/2010		10720073

<sup>\*</sup> Periodic reports are in bold and italics for ease of reference. Note that this does not include the purported consolidated Form 10-K sent to the staff of Corporation Finance.

Form Type	File No	Filing Date	Period End	DCN
EFFECT	33-165388	6/30/2010		10928690
8-K	0-51436	6/18/2010	6/15/2010	10904314
S-1/A	33-165388	6/16/2010		10901337
S-1/A	33-165388	6/2/2010		10871385
S-1/A	33-165388	5/28/2010		10867341
S-1/A	33-165388	5/10/2010		10816518
10-Q	0-51436	5/10/2010	3/31/2010	10816382
8-K	0-51436	5/10/2010	5/6/2010	10814331
8-K	0-51436	4/13/2010	4/8/2010	10747671
DEFA14A	0-51436	4/1/2010		10724433
8-K	0-51436	3/11/2010	3/10/2010	10672448
EFFECT	33-158494	3/10/2010		10672233
S-1	33-165388	3/10/2010		10671449
POS AM	33-158494	3/10/2010		10671271
10-K	0-51436	3/10/2010	12/31/2009	10671187
DEF 14A	0-51436	3/10/2010	4/8/2010	10671115
SC 13G	5-81504	3/9/2010		10666518
424B2	33-158494	3/5/2010		10660841
424B2	33-158494	2/26/2010		10639927
424B2	33-158494	2/19/2010		10619984
SC 13G/A	5-81504	2/16/2010		10605703
424B2	33-158494	2/10/2010		10588080
8-K	0-51436	2/10/2010	2/9/2010	10586166
DEFA14A	0-51436	2/10/2010	_	10586163
PRE 14A	0-51436	2/9/2010	4/8/2010	10584929
424B2	33-158494	2/3/2010		10571165
424B2	33-158494	1/21/2010		10539081
8-K	0-51436	1/4/2010	1/4/2010	10502990
424B2	33-158494	12/24/2009		091259187
424B2	33-158494	12/9/2009		091231216
424B2	33-158494	11/25/2009		091208779
424B2	33-158494	11/12/2009		091177442
10-Q	0-51436	11/10/2009	9/30/2009	091172150
8-K	0-51436	11/10/2009	11/10/2009	091170505
8-K	0-51436	11/2/2009	10/29/2009	091149536
424B2	33-158494	10/29/2009		091144934
424B2	33-158494	10/14/2009		091119424
8-K	0-51436	10/6/2009	9/30/2009	091108267
424B2	33-158494	9/24/2009		091085188
424B2	33-158494	9/16/2009		091072311

<sup>\*</sup> Periodic reports are in bold and italics for ease of reference. Note that this does not include the purported consolidated Form 10-K sent to the staff of Corporation Finance.

Form Town	TOTAL DI	Till D	<b>-</b>	
Form Type	File No	Filing Date	Period End	DCN
424B2	33-158494	9/3/2009		091053956
8-K	0-51436	8/28/2009	8/24/2009	091043950
25-NSE	0-51436	8/20/2009		
424B2	33-158494	8/19/2009		091024255
424B2	33-158494	8/12/2009		091006929
10-Q	0-51436	8/11/2009	6/30/2009	091003924
8-K	0-51436	8/11/2009	8/11/2009	091002268
424B2	33-158494	8/3/2009		09980742
8-K	0-51436	7/31/2009	7/31/2009	09977849
424B2	33-158494	7/24/2009		09962633
424B2	33-158494	7/17/2009		09951080
424B2	33-158494	7/9/2009		09937379
424B2	33-158494	7/1/2009		09921666
EFFECT	33-154579	6/22/2009		09904455
8-K	0-51436	6/19/2009	6/19/2009	09902054
424B2	33-158494	6/19/2009		09902044
POS AM	33-154579	6/19/2009		09902030
RW	33-159549	6/19/2009		09902019
8-K	0-51436	6/8/2009	6/2/2009	09880297
S-1	33-159549	5/28/2009		09857869
424B3	33-154579	5/12/2009		09819730
10-Q	0-51436	5/12/2009	3/31/2009	09819312
8-K	0-51436	5/12/2009	5/12/2009	09819203
8-K	0-51436	5/4/2009	4/28/2009	09794505
EFFECT	33-158494	4/15/2009		09752567
8-K	0-51436	4/10/2009	4/6/2009	09745299
S-3	33-158494	4/8/2009		09740265
8-K	0-51436	3/30/2009	3/27/2009	09714786
SC 13D/A	5-81504	3/16/2009		09685498
424B2	33-154579	3/3/2009		09649113
EFFECT	33-154579	3/2/2009		09649604
POS AM	33-154579	2/27/2009		09643351
8-K	0-51436	2/27/2009	2/23/2009	09639921
DEF 14A	0-51436	2/25/2009	4/1/2009	09634243
PRER14A	0-51436	2/24/2009		09629457
DFAN14A	0-51436	2/23/2009		09626151
SC 13D	5-81504	2/20/2009		09626148
SC 13G/A	5-81504	2/17/2009		09607115
POS AM	33-154579	2/13/2009		09603287
8-K/A	0-51436	2/12/2009	2/11/2009	09596211

<sup>\*</sup> Periodic reports are in bold and italics for ease of reference. Note that this does not include the purported consolidated Form 10-K sent to the staff of Corporation Finance.

Form Type	File No	Filing Date	Period End	DCN
10-K	0-51436	2/12/2009	12/31/2008	09594252
8-K	0-51436	2/11/2009	2/5/2009	09587824
PRE 14A	0-51436	2/6/2009	4/1/2009	09578228
8-K	0-51436	1/9/2009	1/5/2009	09517025
EFFECT	33-154579	12/3/2008	1/3/2007	081231001
8-K	0-51436	12/3/2008	12/3/2008	081231001
AW	33-154579	12/3/2008	12/3/2008	081227017
S-1/A	33-154579	12/3/2008		081226190
CT ORDER	0-51436	12/2/2008		081224081
S-3/A	33-154579	11/26/2008		081218917
S-3/A	33-154579	11/19/2008		081218917
10-Q	0-51436	11/6/2008	9/30/2008	081201340
8-K	0-51436	11/6/2008	11/6/2008	081165564
8-K	0-51436	10/29/2008	10/23/2008	081148246
S-3	33-154579	10/21/2008	10/23/2000	081133726
8-K	0-51436	10/3/2008	9/29/2008	081107457
8-K	0-51436	9/24/2008	9/24/2008	081086669
10-Q	0-51436	8/14/2008	6/30/2008	081017497
8-K	0-51436	8/14/2008	8/14/2008	081015619
10-Q	0-51436	5/7/2008	3/31/2008	08808853
8-K	0-51436	5/7/2008	5/7/2008	08808313
8-K	0-51436	4/18/2008	4/14/2008	08765304
10-K/A	0-51436	4/3/2008	12/31/2007	08737445
DEF 14A	0-51436	3/28/2008	5/1/2008	08719825
8-K	0-51436	3/7/2008	3/4/2008	08674588
10-K	0-51436	2/19/2008	12/31/2007	08625761
8-K	0-51436	2/19/2008	2/19/2008	08624783
SC 13G/A	5-81504	2/14/2008		08608971
8-K	0-51436	2/5/2008	1/31/2008	08577631
424B3	33-148483	1/18/2008		08538822
EFFECT	33-148483	1/17/2008		08537411
S-3	33-148483	1/4/2008		08512810
8-K	0-51436	12/26/2007	12/21/2007	071326683
REGDEX	021-87632	12/18/2007		07086433
8-K	0-51436	12/14/2007	12/13/2007	071307837
8-K	0-51436	12/12/2007	12/10/2007	071302215
8-K	0-51436	11/15/2007	11/15/2007	071247703
10-Q	0-51436	11/14/2007	9/30/2007	071246007
8-K	0-51436	11/6/2007	11/6/2007	071216788
8-K	0-51436	9/26/2007	9/26/2007	071136128

<sup>\*</sup> Periodic reports are in bold and italics for ease of reference. Note that this does not include the purported consolidated Form 10-K sent to the staff of Corporation Finance.

<u> </u>	<del></del>	T -	т	
Form Type	File No	Filing Date	Period End	DCN
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8-K	0-51436	8/17/2007	8/13/2007	071065577
10-Q	0-51436	8/9/2007	6/30/2007	071038835
8-K	0-51436	8/9/2007	8/8/2007	071037846
8-K	0-51436	7/3/2007	7/2/2007	07957784
8-K	0-51436	6/25/2007	6/21/2007	07939381
10-K/A	0-51436	5/9/2007	12/31/2006	07832814
10-Q	0-51436	5/9/2007	3/31/2007	07832803
8-K	0-51436	5/9/2007	5/8/2007	07830241
DEF 14A	0-51436	3/30/2007	5/3/2007	07732778
10-K	0-51436	3/22/2007	12/31/2006	07712079
8-K	0-51436	3/22/2007	3/20/2007	07710564
SC 13G/A	5-81504	2/13/2007		07605981
SC 13G/A	5-81504	2/12/2007		07602700
SC 13G/A	5-81504	2/2/2007		07575996
8-K	0-51436	12/21/2006	12/20/2006	061293643
8-K	0-51436	12/11/2006	12/8/2006	061267343
8-K	0-51436	11/28/2006 11/28/2006		061240749
10-Q	0-51436	11/8/2006	9/30/2006	061198098
8-K	0-51436	11/8/2006	11/7/2006	061195159
8-K	0-51436	11/2/2006	10/27/2006	061183765
SC 13G/A	5-81504	10/24/2006		061160736
SC 13G	5-81504	10/24/2006		061160697
424B3	33-132900	8/23/2006		061050363
EFFECT	33-132900	8/22/2006	_	061049781
POS AM	33-132900	8/15/2006	-	061035399
10-Q	0-51436	8/14/2006	6/30/2006	061030842
8-K	0-51436	8/9/2006	8/9/2006	061015314
424B3	33-132900	5/23/2006		06861811
10-Q	0-51436	5/11/2006	3/31/2006	06829166
8-K	0-51436	5/10/2006	5/9/2006	06823430
424B3	33-132900	4/20/2006		06770238
S-1/A	33-132900	4/20/2006		06769605
8-K	0-51436	4/20/2006	4/18/2006	06769554
SC 13G/A	5-81504	4/10/2006		06750310
S-1	33-132900	3/31/2006		06729438
DEF 14A	0-51436	3/30/2006	5/2/2006	06721169
REGDEX	021-87632	3/20/2006		06028992
8-K	0-51436	3/16/2006	3/14/2006	06692096
10-K	0-51436	3/15/2006	12/31/2005	06688717

<sup>\*</sup> Periodic reports are in bold and italics for ease of reference. Note that this does not include the purported consolidated Form 10-K sent to the staff of Corporation Finance.

	T	T	I	<del></del>
Form Type	File No	Filing Date	Period End	DCN
SC 13G	5-81504	3/13/2006		06680607
8-K	0-51436	3/9/2006	3/3/2006	06676029
8-K	0-51436	3/2/2006	2/24/2006	06661043
SC 13G	5-81504	2/14/2006		06612696
SC 13G	5-81504	2/14/2006		06611002
SC 13G	5-81504	2/13/2006		06604357
8-K	0-51436	1/6/2006	1/6/2006	06517317
8-K	0-51436	11/23/2005	11/18/2005	051225206
8-K/A	0-51436	11/14/2005	11/7/2005	051195599
10-Q	0-51436	11/10/2005	9/30/2005	051195219
8-K	0-51436	11/10/2005	11/7/2005	051194628
S-8	33-128094	9/2/2005		051068540
8-K	0-51436	9/1/2005	8/29/2005	051063872
8-K	0-51436	8/12/2005	8/10/2005	051022117
424B4	33-124396	8/5/2005		051003207
POS AM	33-124396	8/4/2005		05997394
POS AM	33-124396	8/2/2005		05990776
S-1/A	33-124396	7/28/2005		05982105
S-1/A	33-124396	7/28/2005		05978942
S-1/A	33-124396	7/22/2005		05968402
8-A12G	0-51436	7/15/2005		05956086
S-1/A	33-124396	7/1/2005		05930170
S-1/A	33-124396	6/28/2005		05919468
S-1/A	33-124396	6/3/2005		05878477
S-1	33-124396	4/28/2005		05778207

<sup>\*</sup> Periodic reports are in bold and italics for ease of reference. Note that this does not include the purported consolidated Form 10-K sent to the staff of Corporation Finance.

Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc. Schedule of Required Periodic Reports for the periods from March 31, 2011 through March 31, 2016 and filing history, as of August 9, 2016

Form Type	Period End	Due date	Filed?*	Months/Days late	12b-25?
10-Q	3/31/2011	5/16/2011	Not filed	62 months, 26 days	Not filed
10-Q	6/30/2011	8/15/2011	Not filed	59 months, 25 days	Not filed
10-Q	9/30/2011	11/14/2011	Not filed	56 months, 26 days	Not filed
10-K	12/31/2011	3/30/2012	Not filed	52 months, 10 days	Not filed
10-Q	3/31/2012	5/15/2012	Not filed	50 months, 25 days	Not filed
10-Q	6/30/2012	8/14/2012	Not filed	47 months, 26 days	Not filed
10-Q	9/30/2012	11/14/2012	Not filed	44 months, 26 days	Not filed
10-K	12/31/2012	4/1/2013	Not filed	40 months, 8 days	Not filed
10-Q	3/31/2013	5/15/2013	Not filed	38 months, 25 days	Not filed
10-Q	6/30/2013	8/14/2013	Not filed	35 months, 26 days	Not filed
10-Q	9/30/2013	11/14/2013	Not filed	32 months, 26 days	Not filed
10-K	12/31/2013	3/31/2014	Not filed	28 months, 9 days	Not filed
10-Q	3/31/2014	5/15/2014	Not filed	26 months, 25 days	Not filed
10-Q	6/30/2014	8/14/2014	Not filed	23 months, 26 days	Not filed
10-Q	9/30/2014	11/14/2014	Not filed	20 months, 26 days	Not filed
10-K	12/31/2014	3/31/2015	Not filed	16 months, 9 days	Not filed
10-Q	3/31/2015	5/15/2015	Not filed	14 months, 25 days	Not filed
10-Q	6/30/2015	8/14/2015	Not filed	11 months, 26 days	Not filed
10-Q	9/30/2015	11/14/2015	Not filed	8 months, 26 days	Not filed
10-K	12/31/2015	3/30/2016	Not filed	4 months, 10 days	Not filed
10-Q	3/31/2016	5/14/2016	Not filed	2 months, 26 days	Not filed

<sup>\*</sup> This does not include a document sent to Corporation Finance by ADLS purporting to be a comprehensive Form 10-K. This form was not actually filed in EDGAR and does not comply with the Commission's rules for such a filing.



July 27, 2016

Advancing Discoveries For Health

Suzanne Hayes
Assistant Director
Division of Corporate Finance
United States Securities and Exchange Commission
100 F Street NE
Washington, D.C. 20549

Dear Ms. Hayes:

Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc. ("ADLS") is a Delaware corporation located in Woodridge, IL and is a biopharmaceutical company focused on the discovery, development and commercialization of novel drugs in the area of infectious disease.

We have been developing our antibiotic cethromycin through clinical trials for the treatment of a variety of dangerous infections, especially those caused by pathogenic bacteria that are resistant to other antibiotics.

In late 2008, we completed our Phase 3 clinical trials of cethromycin against pneumonia and, in 2009, we submitted our New Drug Application to the FDA for their review. Later that year, the FDA convened an advisory committee meeting to review our NDA and provide recommendations regarding the safety and efficacy of cethromycin to the agency. The advisory committee voted overwhelming in favor of the safety of the drug. However, with regard to drug efficacy, the advisory committee asked us to go back and redo clinical trials according to quidelines the FDA had put in place even after our clinical trials had been completed.

Thus, even though we met the efficacy goals of the Phase 3 clinical trials we had designed and agreed to with the FDA in 2005, we were asked to design and carry out new trials under the new FDA guidelines.

Because of this setback, our stock price plummeted into penny stock range in 2009. Although we worked diligently to design a new clinical trial that would meet the new FDA guidelines, it took us almost a year to reach agreement with the FDA on what the specifications would be for the new clinical trial. As we reached the end of 2010, it became extremely difficult to raise additional capital to continue to fund our clinical program.

In late April, 2011, because of our lack of liquidity, we were forced to put the Company into suspension and terminate every employee on our staff. Our last filing with the SEC was our 10K document for 2010. We were just about ready to file our 10Q for the first quarter of 2011 during the late April, 2011 timeframe when we put the Company in suspension. That filing was not made.

We spent the next two years, without any cash compensation from ADLS, attempting to restructure a bank note which, on top of the clinical program uncertainty, was inhibiting our

1440 Davey Road Woodridge, Illinois 60517 Tel (630) 739-3215 Fax: (630) 739-1753

ability to move the Company forward. In May of 2013, we successfully reached an agreement with the bank which finally made it possible to begin to rebuild ADLS.

From that point in time until present, again without any cash compensation from ADLS, we have been working to assemble a filing to the SEC to move ADLS closer to compliance. During the course of that time, we have had several discussions with staff professionals at the SEC regarding the nature of the document we should file at this point.

We were advised to prepare a comprehensive 10K document covering the years 2011 through the present. Over the past couple of years, we have worked to prepare that document. The progress to complete this filing has been slow due to the part time involvement of the legal and accounting professionals that we have worked with on this project, along with the complex and time-consuming nature of the task.

We continued to press on, however, because of our firm belief that our antibiotic cethromycin would be of great benefit to the world with its ability to overcome the drug resistance that has been building globally to "superbugs".

Although our management team is not being compensated, we meet regularly and discuss strategies for moving our program forward. We are in regular contact with our board of directors and have designed a plan for moving ADLS forward. In addition, we have been in communication with the FDA and have met with agency representatives to learn what ADLS will need to do to receive approval for cethromycin. We believe that, once we bring ADLS back into compliance with SEC regulations, Company shareholders will realize value in their investment, while we deliver an important new drug to patients who are in need of cethromycin.

We respectfully request, then, that the SEC allow us to file the comprehensive 10K document we have prepared and submitted in this package. It is a document that would bring investors up to date on the current status of the Company. Maintaining our registration status would allow us to position ADLS to raise the additional capital required to carry out the clinical trials that the FDA has asked us to conduct in order to achieve regulatory approval and commercialization of what can be a life-saving antibiotic. We would greatly appreciate the opportunity to help make that happen.

Sincerely,

Michael T. Flavin, Ph.D. Chief Executive Officer

(630) 991-3013

mflavin@flavinventures.com

## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal years 2011 through 2015

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File No.: 000-51436

# ADVANCED LIFE SCIENCES HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

30-0296543

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1440 Davey Road Woodridge, 1L 60517 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (630) 739-8215

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None. Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share

(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.  $\Box$  Yes  $\boxtimes$  No Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act.  $\Box$  Yes  $\boxtimes$  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. □ Yes ⋈ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).  $\Box$  Yes  $\boxtimes$  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of LEGAL123491116.2

the Exchange Act. (Check one):				
Large accelerated filer D	Accelerated filer	Non-accelerated filer   (Do not check if a smaller reporting	Smaller reporting company	Ø

company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). □ Yes ⋈ No

The aggregate market value of common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of December 31, 2015 was approximately \$350,000, based upon the closing price of the registrant's common stock of \$0.02 per common share as quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board on such date, the last trading day of the registrant's recently completed second fiscal quarter. For purposes of this calculation only, all directors and executive officers of the registrant and owners of more than 10% of the registrant's common stock are assumed to be affiliates of the registrant. This determination of affiliate status is not necessarily conclusive for any other purpose.

Total common stock outstanding as of December 31, 2015 was 17,586,830 shares.	
Documents Incorporated By Reference: None.	

# ADVANCED LIFE SCIENCES HOLDINGS, INC.

# FORM 10-K

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## CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and in documents incorporated by reference herein (or otherwise made by us or on our behalf) may contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In addition, we may make other written and oral communications from time to time that contain such statements. Forward-looking statements include statements as to industry trends, our future expectations and other matters that do not relate strictly to historical facts and are based on certain assumptions of our management. These statements, which express management's current views concerning future events or results, use words like "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "continue," "estimate," "expect," "future," "intend," "plan," "project," "strive," and future or conditional tense verbs like "could," "may," "might," "should," "will," "would" and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward looking statements include, without limitation, those described in Item 1A. "Risk Factors" of this report. Moreover, such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report. We undertake no obligation to update any forward looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements.

In this report, the "Company," "we", "our" and "us" refer to Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiary, Advanced Life Sciences, Inc., included in the consolidated financial statements, except as otherwise indicated or as the context otherwise requires.

#### Item 1. Business

#### Overview

We are a biopharmaceutical company focused on the discovery, development and commercialization of novel drugs in the area of infectious disease. Using our internal discovery capabilities and our network of pharmaceutical and academic partners, we are assembling a pipeline of clinical and preclinical product candidates. The following is a summary of our current programs:

- Infectious Disease Respiratory Tract Infections and Gonorrhea. We have an exclusive worldwide license (excluding Japan) from Abbvie ("Abbvie") to develop and commercialize cethromycin (Restanza<sup>TM</sup>), a once-a-day antibiotic for the treatment of respiratory tract infections and gonorrhea. In December 2005, we initiated our pivotal Phase III clinical trials for the treatment of mild-to-moderate community acquired bacterial pneumonia ("CABP"), an indication for which we have been seeking Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") approval. In 2007, we successfully completed these two pivotal Phase III clinical trials. Cethromycin has been tested in approximately 5,600 human subjects in clinical trials to date. In September 2008, we submitted a New Drug Application ("NDA") with the FDA for the use of cethromycin in CABP. In July 2009, we received a complete response letter from the FDA regarding cethromycin NDA for the outpatient treatment of adults with CABP. In its letter, the FDA indicated that they could not approve the application for cethromycin in its current form and that, to gain approval, additional clinical data is required to demonstrate efficacy with defined statistical methodology. In August 2010, we reached an agreement with the FDA under the Special Protocol Assessment ("SPA") process, on the design of a Phase III study of cethromycin to treat CABP. Further discussion with the FDA has led us to focus initially on the indication of gonorrhea. Progress in this development program is subject to funds becoming available to support our activities.
- Infectious Disease Biodefense. Along with our clinical work in the treatment of CABP, we collaborated with several groups within the U.S. Government to evaluate cethromycin's potential in preventing inhalation anthrax and other highpriority bioterror agents. In March 2007, the FDA designated cethromycin as an Orphan Drug for the prophylactic treatment of patients exposed to inhalation anthrax, and in May 2007, cethromycin was shown to be 100% protective against a lethal dose of inhaled anthrax in non-human primates. In August 2008, we announced that the Defense Threat Reduction Agency ("DTRA") of the U.S. Department of Defense awarded us a two-year contract worth up to \$3.8 million to fund NDA-enabling studies evaluating cethromycin's efficacy in combating Category A and B bioterror agents such as Fransicella tularensis (tularemia), Yersinia pestis (plague) and Burkholderia pseudomallei (melioidosis). In June 2009, we announced that a second non-human primate study involving cethromycin showed that a 14-day course of cethromycin achieved a 100% survival rate against an inhaled lethal dose of anthrax. In August 2009, we announced positive results from an animal study that was conducted to measure cethromycin's therapeutic efficacy in treating inhalation anthrax after symptoms of infection had developed. In September 2009, the FDA granted Orphan Drug Designation to cethromycin for the prophylactic treatment of plague and tularemia. Also in September 2009, we announced positive top-line results from a pivotal, non-human primate study involving cethromycin demonstrating statistical significance at a 90% survival rate against an inhaled lethal dose of plague. In December 2009, we announced positive topline results from a pivotal, non-human primate study involving cethromycin against an inhaled lethal dose of tularemia. A 14-day course of cethromycin achieved a 100% survival rate at the doses tested. We will continue to pursue the biodefense track with cethromycin to the extent to which we can secure grant and/or contract funding from U.S. Government agencies to financially support this program.
- Oncology. ALS-357 is a compound that has shown evidence of anti-tumor activity against malignant melanoma in preclinical studies. Currently available therapies have not had significant success at prolonging survival for patients with melanoma that has spread beyond the primary growth site. In June of 2013, we discontinued the development of ALS-357 due to its limited potential for systemic administration along with its shortened patent life.

In addition to the compounds summarized above, we are attempting to in-license additional product candidates in preclinical and clinical development utilizing our network of academic and industrial contacts. We are particularly interested in in-licensing antibiotics and anti-viral agents. We have not received FDA approval for any of our product candidates. Our revenues to date have consisted solely of management fees, one-time or limited payments associated with our collaborations and government grant and contract awards. We do not anticipate generating any revenue from the sale of cethromycin or any other product candidates in the near term.

At present, our liabilities are significantly greater than our assets. As a result of our current financial situation and the uncertainty in our ability to obtain needed financing through equity offerings, commercial partnerships, grant awards, service offerings or other means, there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

**Company History and Recent Developments** 

In June 1999, MediChem Life Sciences ("MediChem"), our former parent, exchanged its investment in 100% of the outstanding common stock of Advanced Life Sciences, Inc. ("ALS Inc.") for nonvoting preferred stock issued by ALS Inc. affecting a spin-off of ALS Inc. Prior to the spin-off, Dr. Michael Flavin, the sole stockholder, owned 100% of MediChem and ALS Inc., then a wholly-owned subsidiary of MediChem. As a result of the spin-off, Dr. Flavin became the sole common stockholder of ALS Inc. MediChem holds 100% of the preferred stock of our subsidiary, ALS Inc., which was issued in exchange for common stock held at the June 1999 spin-off. In 2004, Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc. ("ADLS") was created as part of a recapitalization, and ALS, Inc. became a subsidiary of ADLS. ADLS was incorporated in the State of Delaware on December 10, 2004.

On February 25, 2011, we announced that our Chief Executive Officer informed the Company's employees that, as a measure to help address its liquidity issues, it had implemented a company-wide compensation reduction plan that would reduce salaries of impacted employees by 30%-50%. Included in this reduction were all of our officers with whom we had entered into employment agreements. In connection with this cost-savings plan, we also announced the departure of Dr. David Eiznhamer, Executive Vice President of Clinical Affairs.

On May 5, 2011, the Company suspended all operations and terminated its entire staff due to its severe lack of liquidity.

Over the ensuing three years, there were no company operations and only a few minor transactions. There were, however, numerous discussions with Leaders Bank regarding their outstanding loan with the Company. The Bank took two actions, one of which was to take possession of the building which housed the Company under a lease agreement and which was owned by Flavin Ventures and that had been used as collateral in the loan transaction. The other action taken by Leaders Bank was to file a lawsuit in May, 2012 against Michael Flavin in connection with the personal guarantee that had been established during a renegotiation of the loan terms. After a nine month negotiation period, a settlement agreement was reached on May 23, 2013 under the following terms:

- (1) Michael Flavin paid Leaders Bank \$300,000 in full settlement and release of the personal guarantee dated September 9, 2010 in connection with the loan between the Company and Leaders Bank and the lawsuit was dismissed.
- (2) The loan from Leaders Bank would be repaid up to a maximum of \$4,000,000 as a result of a monetizing event, such as the sale of the Company or the sale of assets within the Company. If a monetizing event nets less than \$4,000,000, then a tiered payment system would be operative and the proceeds would be divided between Leaders Bank and the Company according to this system. A monetizing event does not include any capital raise designed to advance an R&D program or product within the Company.

Since the May 23, 2013 settlement agreement with Leaders Bank, there have been no material transactions through the present day for the Company.

## **Our Strategy**

Our strategy is to discover and develop therapeutics to treat life-threatening diseases with particular focus in the area of infectious disease.m We plan to sustain our drug development pipeline through our internal drug discovery capabilities and by opportunistically in-licensing promising compounds and technologies that fit into our areas of focus. Specific key aspects of our strategy include the following:

Maximize the Commercial Potential of Cethromycin in Gonorrhea

We currently intend to focus a portion of our business efforts on the regulatory approval and commercialization of cethromycin in gonorrhea. Upon FDA approval, we believe that, along with a strategic partner, we will be able to successfully commercialize cethromycin for the treatment of infectious disease. We are concentrating our efforts on the development of cethromycin for the treatment of gonorrhea. This sexually transmitted disease has become a major global public health challenge given the emergence of drug resistant strains of *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* worldwide. We will continue this initiative as funds become available to support this development program.

Advance our Biodefense Program

We have collaborated with several groups within the U.S. Government to evaluate cethromycin's potential in preventing inhalation anthrax and other high-priority bioterror agents. Although we do not have any additional grant or contract applications currently being evaluated by government agencies, we will continue to pursue these opportunities as they arise.

Leverage our Drug Discovery and Development Capabilities

We intend to expand our product portfolio by exploiting and enhancing our internal drug discovery and development capabilities using our integrated chemistry and biology drug discovery platform to design, optimize and evaluate high-potential product candidates.

#### Continue to Develop Strategic Collaborations

We plan to continue developing relationships with key pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies, governmental institutions and academic laboratories in order to in-license promising compounds that are not core to their strategy but fit closely with our corporate strengths. We also intend to identify co-development partners for the out-licensing of certain product candidates. Further, we may choose to establish collaborative partnerships through which certain of our clinical candidates can be marketed and commercialized.

## Cethromycin for the Treatment of Bacterial Infections

In December 2004, Abbott Laboratories granted us an exclusive worldwide license, except in Japan, to commercialize cethromycin, our most advanced product candidate. Cethromycin is a next generation once-a-day oral antibiotic from the ketolide class used in the treatment of bacterial infections. Over the last decade, the rapid rise in severe and fatal infections caused by antibiotic-resistant bacteria has posed a serious threat to public health. There is a need to discover new antibiotics that are effective against resistant bacteria. As a new class of antibiotics, ketolides have shown activity against penicillin- and macrolide-resistant Gram-positive pathogens. Cethromycin has demonstrated activity toward a variety of drug-resistant pathogens commonly found in bacterial infections, when compared to the published data on antibiotics currently on the market. Cethromycin has also shown in vitro evidence of an extended post-antibiotic effect, meaning that the suppression of bacterial growth persists in the absence of measurable antibiotic concentration.

In December 2005, we initiated our pivotal Phase III clinical program for the treatment of mild-to-moderate CABP using a 300 mg once-daily dosing regimen, which enrolled a total of 1,106 patients and were successfully completed in 2007. Cethromycin reported per protocol clinical cure rates of 94.0% in trial CL05-001 (comparator, Biaxin, was 93.8%) and 91.5% in trial CL06-001 (comparator, Biaxin, was 95.9%). In February 2008, we announced that both the therapeutic and supratherapeutic doses of cethromycin showed no signal of any electrocardiographic effects and hence supported its favorable cardiac safety profile, the results from a thorough QT study of cethromycin (trial CL07-001). In September 2008, we submitted an NDA for the use of cethromycin in mild-to-moderate CABP. In June 2009, the FDA AIDAC reviewed the cethromycin NDA. The AIDAC voted that cethromycin demonstrated safety for the outpatient treatment of adults with mild-to-moderate CABP, but voted that cethromycin did not demonstrate efficacy in the treatment of CABP. The committee's negative vote on the drug candidate's efficacy followed a discussion that the cethromycin NDA included data on patients with mild-to-moderate disease and that the new draft guidance for developing treatments for CABP, released in March 2009, requires the enrollment of more severe CABP patients for approval in the outpatient CABP indication. Our pivotal Phase III program included in the NDA was designed and conducted under prior FDA guidance and before the new draft guidance was released. In July 2009, we received a complete response letter from the FDA regarding cethromycin NDA for the outpatient treatment of adults with CABP. In its letter, the FDA indicated that they could not approve the application for cethromycin in its current form and that, to gain approval, additional clinical data is required to demonstrate efficacy with defined statistical methodology.

In March 2010, we met with officials from the FDA's Anti-Infectives Division to gain clarity on the registration pathway for cethromycin and in the meeting, the FDA guided that, to assess the approvability for cethromycin to treat CABP, we should establish an SPA using a superiority clinical trial design comparing cethromycin to a marketed macrolide antibiotic in two clinical trials. In light of this guidance, we worked with the FDA to finalize an SPA using a superiority design for the outpatient CABP indication, and in August 2010, we reached an agreement with the FDA, under the SPA process, on the design of our planned Phase III study of cethromycin to treat CABP.

In July 2010 we announced positive results from preclinical toxicology and pharmacokinetic studies of an IV formulation for cethromycin that support its use in a hospital setting. Cethromycin IV was administered as a single dose up to 60 mg/kg/day, the highest dose tested. Results demonstrated cethromycin IV was well tolerated and generated 10-fold greater plasma exposure compared to oral administration. The studies were conducted in rats in accordance with good laboratory practices. The increased bioavailability of cethromycin IV may allow for the treatment of serious hospital infections as well as the treatment of bioterror pathogens, such as anthrax, plague and tularemia after signs and symptoms are present.

Further discussion with the FDA has led us to focus initially on the indication of gonorrhea, which has become a major global public health challenge given the emergence of drug resistant strains of Neisseria gonorrhoeae worldwide. Cethromycin has demonstrated potent in vitro and in vivo activity against Neisseria gonorrhoeae, including macrolide-resistant strains. Cethromycin also exhibits potent in vitro activity against Chlamydia trachomatis, and has the potential to treat both gonorrhea and chlamydia, which would constitute a significant clinical advantage. We will continue this initiative as funds become available to support this development program.

## Market Overview

Bacterial infections occur when bacteria that naturally exist in the body, or that are acquired through inhalation, ingestion or direct penetration, are not controlled by the normal immune defense system. These uncontrolled bacteria can multiply and either excrete toxins or provoke the immune system to mount a response, in either case damaging tissue. Antibiotics work by binding to specific targets in a bacterial pathogen, thereby inhibiting a function that is essential to the pathogen's survival. Many antibiotics were developed and introduced into the market during the 1970s and 1980s and have proven to be effective in treating most bacterial infections. We believe this historic efficacy prompted pharmaceutical companies to shift their resources to other areas of drug discovery and develop-

ment. As a result, very few antibiotics from new chemical classes have been introduced in the last several years.

Antibiotic resistance is widely considered a significant threat to public health, and the problem continues to worsen. The Centers for Disease Control continues to report on new strains of bacteria that are resistant to one or more antibiotics currently on the market. The increasing prevalence of drug-resistant bacteria has led to prolonged illnesses and hospitalizations, increased healthcare costs and significantly higher mortality rates. As a result, there is a strong demand for new treatments that are more effective against resistant strains and do not show potential for inducing the rapid development of additional resistant strains. We do not believe that this demand for new antibiotic therapies is being met by large pharmaceutical companies because of a shift in research and development focus in these companies toward chronic conditions that require sustained medication over long periods of time.

Gonorrhea is the second most commonly reported infectious disease in the U.S., after chlamydia. The Centers for Disease Control estimates that nearly 900,000 new cases of gonorrhea occur in the U.S. each year with 100,000,000 annual cases being estimated to occur worldwide. *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*, the bacteria responsible for causing gonorrhea, is becoming increasingly resistant to all known antibiotics and is causing a major global public health challenge.

### Current Treatment Options and Limitations

The global burden of infection with Neisseria gonorrhoeae is increasing. While N. gonorrhoeae has been successfully treated and contained for the past 70-80 years, new strains have been found worldwide that exhibit resistance to most antibiotic agents and classes available (e.g. sulfonamides, penicillins, earlier generation cephalosporins, tetracyclines, macrolides and fluoroquinolones). Recent evidence of resistance against extended spectrum cephalosporins has brought about great concern in both the scientific and lay literature.

In most global clinical settings, ceftriaxone is the last remaining option for empirical first-line therapy. Because almost half of all gonorrhea patients are also infected with *chlamydia trachomatis*, ceftriaxone, which does not cover this pathogen, must be combined with azithromycin or doxycycline. Additionally, as ceftriaxone is required to be administered intramuscularly, concerns have increased that non-compliance and reluctance could lead to more patients going untreated. Clearly, the development of new anti-gonorrheal agents is necessary in order to stem the development of resistance and offer treatment options for individuals infected with resistant forms of *N. gonorrhoeae*.

Increased bacterial resistance to many of the currently available antibiotics has been caused by certain common medical practices and sociological factors. By necessity, a wide variety of antibiotics are often administered before the specific disease-causing pathogen has been identified. Bacterial resistance is fostered through the erroneous prescription of antibiotics for non-bacterial infections. The lack of full patient compliance with prescribed courses of therapies has further contributed to bacterial resistance against currently marketed antibiotics. Patients will frequently discontinue a prescribed dosing regimen after symptoms subside, but bacteria that are not entirely eradicated may re-emerge in resistant forms.

## **ADLS Solution**

We intend to continue to develop cethromycin, a next generation once-a-day oral antibiotic from the ketolide class, in response to the emerging antibiotic resistance observed in the treatment of bacterial infections. Prior to the initiation of our clinical trials, cethromycin had been tested by Abbvie in approximately 4,400 human subjects during clinical trials. As of November 2007, we successfully completed two pivotal Phase III clinical trials of cethromycin for the treatment of mild-to-moderate CABP. We are now focused on evaluating opportunities for cethromycin in the treatment of gonorrhea and certain biodefense applications.

Based on publicly available data regarding current antibiotic compounds, we believe that there is a potential opportunity for further development of cethromycin in the treatment of bacterial infections for a number of reasons:

- cethromycin has shown higher in vitro potency and a broader range of activity than macrolides against Gram-positive bacteria;
- cethromycin appears to be effective against penicillin-, macrolide- and fluoroquinolone-resistant bacteria;
- · cethromycin has a mechanism of action, unique to ketolides, that may slow the onset of future resistance;
- cethromycin has shown specific activity against Gram-positive pathogens, unlike fluoroquinolones, while leaving normally-present Gram-negative bacteria undisturbed;
- cethromycin has shown in vitro evidence of extended post-antibiotic effects against a variety of pathogens;
- cethromycin, unlike Ketek®, has not demonstrated visual disturbance side effects in clinical trials;
- cethromycin exhibits promising activity against the USA300 strain of community-associated methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (CA-MRSA), which has been implicated in recent outbreaks in the USA and is resistant to many currently marketed antimicrobial agents;
- cethromycin has demonstrated potent activity against serotype 19A of S. pneumoniae strains, which has recently emerged, due to widespread use of the 7-valent protein-conjugated pneumococcal vaccine (PCV-7), to cause invasive pneumococcal

disease and are resistant to many antibiotics;

- cethromycin has shown in vitro activities against multiple CDC Category A and B bioterror agents such as Bacillus anthracis, Fransicella tularensis, Yersinia pestis and Burkholderia pseudomallei and has demonstrated 100% protection of anthrax assault in the post-exposure prophylactic monkey model; and
- cethromycin has demonstrated potent in vitro and in vivo activity against Neisseria gonorrhoeae, including macrolide- resistant strains.
- cethromycin exhibits potent in vitro activity against Chlamydia trachomatis, and has the potential to treat both gonorrhea
  and chlamydia, which would constitute a significant clinical advantage.

We believe that cethromycin, if approved, would address a growing need in the marketplace to overcome bacterial resistance.

#### Abbott Laboratories Collaboration

In December 2004, we entered into an agreement with Abbott Laboratories under which we acquired a license to certain patent applications, patents and proprietary technology relating to cethromycin. The term of the agreement commenced in December 2004 and continues until the expiration of the last patent licensed under the agreement, unless the agreement is otherwise terminated. The primary patent licensed under the agreement, used by us in connection with cethromycin, expires in the U.S. in September 2016, and in most foreign countries or jurisdictions in September 2017, all subject to any term restoration that may be granted for the time necessary for regulatory approval in each respective jurisdiction. Upon the expiration of the license agreement, we maintain a non-exclusive, perpetual and irrevocable license to use Abbott's proprietary technology and other types of information directly related or used in connection with cethromycin and its manufacture into pharmaceutical products without any further payment obligations to Abbott, except for those payment obligations accruing prior to such expiration. The agreement may be terminated by either party on 30 days' notice if the other party ceases its business operations or if the other party passes a resolution or a court of competent jurisdiction makes an order for winding up its business. Either party may also terminate the agreement for material breach if not cured within 90 days of notice or if not cured within 30 days of notice if the breach relates to a payment provision. Finally, we have the right to sublicense our rights under the agreement at our discretion.

In March 2009, we alleged in a notice of dispute delivered to Abbott Laboratories that Abbott had breached its obligations under the license agreement for cethromycin entered into between Abbott and us in December 2004. Subsequent to delivering the notice of dispute, we initiated arbitration proceedings against Abbott under the alternative dispute resolution provisions of the license agreement. In September 2009, prior to the completion of arbitration proceedings, we and Abbott entered into a binding term sheet in settlement of the dispute. The binding term sheet provides for certain amendments to the license agreement. The license agreement was amended to restructure the \$30.0 million lump sum milestone payment due from us to Abbott upon U.S. regulatory approval of cethromycin, such that \$20.0 million is payable within twenty days of U.S. regulatory approval, \$5.0 million is payable within 6 months of U.S. regulatory approval and \$5.0 million is payable within 12 months of U.S. regulatory approval. In addition, the license agreement was amended to reduce the royalty due from us to Abbott by two percentage points per tier such that we will owe Abbott royalty payments of 17% on the first \$100.0 million of aggregate net sales of cethromycin, 16% on net sales once aggregate net sales exceed \$200.0 million. Finally, the terms to pay to Abbott \$2.5 million upon cethromycin reaching \$200.0 million in aggregate net sales and \$5.0 million upon the drug reaching \$400.0 million in aggregate net sales was unchanged.

# Intellectual Property

#### Patents and Trade Secrets

We continue to hold an exclusive worldwide license (excluding Japan) from Abbvie to develop and commercialize cethromycin (Restanza<sup>TM</sup>). The Abbvie patent is U.S. patent number 5866549 which expires on September 4, 2016. In order to lengthen the period of exclusivity, we applied for and received Qualified Infectious Disease Product (QDIP) designation from the FDA under the Generating Antibiotic Incentives Now (GAIN) Act. The GAIN Act provides new incentives for the development of QDIPs including:

- Extending the Hatch-Waxman provisions related to data exclusivity by 5 years while maintaining the current paradigm for an abbreviated NDA paragraph IV certification;
  - · Providing six months of additional exclusivity for products with companion diagnostics;
  - · Providing priority review by the FDA;
  - · Making products eligible for fast-track designation by the FDA;
- Requiring a review and possible revising of FDA guidelines regarding clinical trials and other requirements for approval of antibiotic drugs.

Cethromycin was designated as a QDIP on December 18, 2014 by the FDA for the indication of gonorrhea.

In addition, under the Hatch-Waxman Act, a newly approved antibiotic is eligible for a U.S. Patent extension of up to 5 years to compensate for market time lost during the drug approval process undertaken by the FDA.

The patent positions of companies like ours are generally uncertain and involve complex legal and factual questions. Our ability to maintain and solidify our proprietary position for our technology will depend on our success in obtaining effective claims and enforcing those claims once granted. We do not know whether any of our patent applications or those patent applications that we license will result in the issuance of any patents. Our issued patents and those that we may issue in the future, or those licensed to us, may be challenged, invalidated or circumvented, which could limit our ability to stop competitors from marketing related products or the length of term of patent protection that we may have for our products. In addition, there can be no assurance that this patent coverage will be broad enough to prevent third parties from developing or commercializing similar or identical technologies and thus the rights granted under any issued patents may not provide us with any meaningful competitive advantages against our competitors. Furthermore, because of the extensive time required for development, testing and regulatory review of a potential product, it is possible that, before any of our products can be commercialized, any related patent may expire or remain in force for only a short period following commercialization, thereby reducing any advantage of the patent. There can also be no assurance that our technologies will not be deemed to infringe the IP rights of third parties or that we will be able to acquire licenses to the IP rights of third parties under satisfactory terms or at all.

#### Competition

The biotechnology and pharmaceutical industries are characterized by rapidly advancing technologies, intense competition and a strong emphasis on proprietary products. We face competition from many different sources, including commercial pharmaceutical and biotechnology enterprises, academic institutions, government agencies and private and public research institutions. We believe that our most significant competitors are Pfizer, GlaxoSmithKline, Johnson & Johnson and Cempra.

Many of our competitors have significantly greater financial resources and expertise in research and development, manufacturing, preclinical testing, clinical trials, regulatory approvals and marketing approved products than we do. Smaller or early-stage companies may also prove to be significant competitors, particularly through collaborative arrangements with large and established companies. Our commercial opportunity will be reduced or eliminated if our competitors develop and commercialize products that are safer, more effective, have fewer side effects or are less expensive than any products that we may develop. These third parties compete with us in recruiting and retaining qualified scientific and management personnel, establishing clinical trial sites and patient registration for clinical trials, as well as in acquiring technologies and technology licenses complementary to our programs or advantageous to our business.

We rely upon our collaborators for support in advancing certain of our product candidates and intend to rely on our collaborators for the commercialization of these products. Our collaborators may be conducting multiple product development efforts within the same disease areas that are the subjects of their agreements with us. Generally, our agreements with our collaborators do not preclude them from pursuing development efforts using a different approach from that which is the subject of our agreement with them. Therefore, any of our product candidates may be subject to competition with a product candidate under development by a collaborator.

There are also a number of companies working to develop new drugs and other therapies for these diseases that are undergoing clinical trials. The key competitive factors affecting the success of all of our product candidates are likely to be their efficacy, safety, price and convenience. See "Risk Factors—We will face significant competition from other biotechnology and pharmaceutical companies, and our operating results will suffer if we fail to compete effectively."

#### Government Regulation

Government authorities in the United States, at the federal, state and local level, and other countries extensively regulate, among other things, the research, development, testing, manufacture, labeling, promotion, advertising, distribution, marketing and export and import of pharmaceutical products such as those we are developing. The process of obtaining regulatory approvals and the subsequent substantial compliance with appropriate federal, state, local and foreign statutes and regulations require the expenditure of substantial time and financial resources.

## U.S. Government Regulation

In the United States, the FDA regulates and approves drugs under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. If we fail to comply with the applicable United States requirements at any time during the product development process, approval process or after approval, we may become subject to administrative or judicial sanctions. These sanctions could include the FDA's refusal to approve pending applications, withdrawal of an approval, clinical holds, warning letters, product recalls, product seizures, total or partial suspension of production or distribution, injunctions, fines, civil penalties or criminal prosecution. Any agency enforcement action could have a material adverse effect on us.

The steps required before a drug may be marketed in the United States include:

preclinical laboratory tests, animal studies and formulation studies under the FDA's good laboratory practices regula-

tions:

- submission to the FDA of an IND application for human clinical testing, which must become effective before human clinical trials may begin;
- adequate and well-controlled clinical trials in accordance with FDA good clinical practice regulations, to establish the safety and efficacy of the product for each indication;
- · submission to the FDA of an NDA;
- satisfactory completion of an FDA inspection of the manufacturing facility or facilities at which the product is produced to
  assess compliance with current good manufacturing practices, ("cGMP"); and
- FDA review and approval of the NDA.

Preclinical tests include laboratory evaluations of product chemistry, toxicity and formulation, as well as animal studies. An IND sponsor must submit the results of the preclinical tests, together with manufacturing information and analytical data, to the FDA as part of the IND. The IND must become effective before human clinical trials may begin. An IND will automatically become effective 30 days after receipt by the FDA, unless before that time the FDA raises concerns or questions about issues such as the conduct of the trials as outlined in the IND. In that case, the IND sponsor and the FDA must resolve any outstanding FDA concerns or questions before clinical trials can proceed. If these issues are unresolved, the FDA may not allow the clinical trials to commence.

Clinical trials involve the administration of the investigational product to human subjects under the supervision of qualified investigators. Clinical trials are conducted under protocols detailing, among other things, the objectives of the study, the parameters to be used in monitoring safety and the effectiveness criteria to be evaluated. Each protocol must be submitted to the FDA as part of the IND.

Clinical trials typically are conducted in three sequential phases, but the phases may overlap or be combined. Each trial must be reviewed and approved by an independent Institutional Review Board before it can begin. Phase I clinical trials usually involve the initial introduction of the investigational drug into humans to evaluate the product's safety, dosage tolerance and pharmacodynamics and, if possible, to gain an early indication of its effectiveness.

Phase II clinical trials usually involve controlled trials in a limited patient population to:

- · evaluate dosage tolerance and appropriate dosage;
- · identify possible adverse effects and safety risks; and
- · evaluate preliminarily the efficacy of the drug for specific indications.

Phase III clinical trials usually further evaluate clinical efficacy and test further for safety in an expanded patient population. Phase I, Phase II and Phase III clinical trials may not be completed successfully within any specified period, if at all. Furthermore, the FDA or we may suspend or terminate clinical trials at any time on various grounds, including a finding that the subjects or patients are being exposed to an unacceptable health risk.

Assuming successful completion of the required clinical testing, the results of the preclinical studies and of the clinical studies, together with other detailed information, including information on the manufacture and composition of the product, are submitted to the FDA in the form of an NDA requesting approval to market the product for one or more indications. The FDA reviews an NDA to determine, among other things, whether a product is safe and effective for its intended use and has a favorable risk/benefit profile. In addition, FDA inspects selected clinical trial sites for good clinical practice (GCP) compliance to ensure the clinical trial data quality and integrity.

Under the Pediatric Research Equity Act of 2003 NDAs or supplements to NDAs must contain data to assess the safety and effectiveness of the drug for the claimed indications in all relevant pediatric subpopulations and to support dosing and administration for each pediatric subpopulation for which the drug is safe and effective. The FDA may grant deferrals for submission of data or full or partial waivers. In most cases, the NDA must be accompanied by a substantial user fee.

Before approving an application, the FDA will inspect the facility or the facilities where the product is manufactured. The FDA will not approve the product unless cGMP compliance is considered satisfactory. The FDA will issue an approval letter if it determines that the application, manufacturing process and manufacturing facilities are acceptable. If the FDA determines the application, manufacturing process or manufacturing facilities are not acceptable; it will outline the deficiencies in the submission and often will request additional testing or information. Notwithstanding the submission of any requested additional information, the FDA ultimately may decide that the application does not satisfy the regulatory criteria for approval.

The testing and approval process requires substantial time, effort and financial resources, and each may take several years to complete. The FDA may not grant approval on a timely basis, or at all. We may encounter difficulties or unanticipated costs in our efforts to secure necessary governmental approvals, which could delay or preclude us from marketing our products. The FDA may limit the indications for use or place other conditions on any approvals that could restrict the commercial application of the products. After approval, some types of changes to the approved product, such as adding new indications, manufacturing changes and additional labeling claims, are subject to further FDA review and approval.

After regulatory approval of a product is obtained, we are required to comply with a number of post-approval requirements. For LEGAL123491116.2

example, as a condition of approval of an application, the FDA may require post-marketing testing and surveillance to monitor the product's safety or efficacy. In addition, holders of an approved NDA are required to report certain adverse reactions and production problems to the FDA, to provide updated safety and efficacy information and to comply with requirements concerning advertising and promotional labeling for their products. Also, quality control and manufacturing procedures must continue to conform to cGMP after approval. The FDA periodically inspects manufacturing facilities to assess compliance with cGMP, which imposes numerous procedural and documentation requirements. Accordingly, manufacturers must continue to expend time, money and effort in the area of production and quality control to maintain compliance with cGMP and other regulations.

We rely, and expect to continue to rely, on third parties for the production of clinical and commercial quantities of our product candidates. Future FDA inspections may identify compliance issues at our facilities or at the facilities of our contract manufacturers that may disrupt production or distribution, or require substantial resources to correct. In addition, discovery of problems with a product, or the failure to comply with requirements, may result in restrictions on a product, manufacturer or holder of an approved NDA, including withdrawal or recall of the product from the market or other voluntary or FDA-initiated action that could delay further marketing. Newly discovered or developed safety or efficacy data may require changes to a product's approved labeling, including the addition of new warnings and contraindications. Also, new government requirements may be established that could delay or prevent regulatory approval of our products under development.

# FDA's "Animal Efficacy Rule"

The FDA's "Animal Efficacy Rule" allows for approval of new drug products based on animal data when adequate and well-controlled efficacy studies in humans cannot be ethically conducted because the studies would involve administering a potentially lethal or permanently disabling toxic substance or organism to healthy human volunteers. Approval of a drug under the "Animal Efficacy Rule" is subject to certain post-approval commitments, including the submission of a plan for conducting post-marketing studies, post-marketing restrictions to ensure safe use (if deemed necessary), and product labeling information intended for patient advising that, among other things, indicates the product's approval was based on efficacy studies conducted in animals alone.

## Foreign Regulation

In addition to regulations in the United States, we will be subject to a variety of foreign regulations governing clinical trials and commercial sale and distribution of our products. Whether or not we obtain FDA approval for a product, we must obtain approval of a product by the comparable regulatory authorities of foreign countries before we can commence clinical trials or marketing of the product in those countries. The approval process varies from country to country, and the time may be longer or shorter than that required for FDA approval. The requirements governing the conduct of clinical trials, product licensing, pricing and reimbursement vary greatly from country to country.

Under European Union regulatory systems, we may submit marketing authorization applications either under a centralized or decentralized procedure. The centralized procedure, which is compulsory for medicines produced by biotechnology and optional for those which are highly innovative, provides for the grant of a single marketing authorization that is valid for all European Union member states. The decentralized procedure provides for mutual recognition of national approval decisions. Under this procedure, the holder of a national marketing authorization may submit an application to the remaining member states. Within 90 days of receiving the applications and assessment report, each member state must decide whether to recognize approval. If a member state does not recognize the marketing authorization, the disputed points are eventually referred to the European Commission, whose decision is binding on all member states.

#### Pharmaceutical Pricing and Reimbursement

In both domestic and foreign markets, sales of any products for which we receive regulatory approval for commercial sale will depend in part on the availability of reimbursement from third party payors. Third party payors include government health administrative authorities, managed care providers, private health insurers and other organizations. These third party payors are increasingly challenging the price and examining the cost-effectiveness of medical products and services. In addition, significant uncertainty exists as to the reimbursement status of newly approved healthcare product candidates. We may need to conduct expensive pharmacoeconomic studies in order to demonstrate the cost-effectiveness of our products. Our product candidates may not be considered cost-effective. Adequate third party reimbursement may not be available to enable us to maintain price levels sufficient to realize an appropriate return on our investment in product development.

Political, economic and regulatory influences are subjecting the healthcare industry in the United States to fundamental changes. There have been, and we expect there will continue to be, a number of legislative and regulatory proposals and enactments to change the healthcare system in ways that could significantly affect our business, such as the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 signed into law in March 2010. We anticipate that Congress, state legislatures and the private sector will continue to consider and may adopt healthcare policies intended to curb rising healthcare costs. These cost containment measures include:

controls on government funded reimbursement for medical products and services;

- controls on healthcare providers;
- challenges to the pricing of medical products and services or limits or prohibitions on reimbursement for specific products and therapies through other means;
- reform of drug importation laws; and
- expansion of use of managed care systems in which healthcare providers contract to provide comprehensive healthcare for a fixed cost per person.

We are unable to predict what additional legislation, regulations or policies, if any, relating to the healthcare industry or third-party coverage and reimbursement may be enacted in the future or what effect such legislation, regulations or policies would have on our business. Any cost containment measures, including those listed above, or other healthcare system reforms that are adopted could have a material adverse effect on our ability to operate profitably.

## Research and Development

During 2011, \$342,292 was spent on research and development activities. No additional funds were spent on research and development activities during 2012, 2013, 2014 or 2015.

#### **Employees**

We currently do not employ any individuals with the Company, with the exception of Michael Flavin, our Chief Executive Officer, who has not received any cash compensation since April, 2011.

## Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Our business involves a high degree of risk. If any of the following risks actually occurs, our business, financial condition or results of operations could suffer. The risks described below are not the only ones facing us. Additional risks not presently known to us or that we currently consider immaterial also may adversely affect our company.

## Risks Related to Our Industry and Business

We have limited operating history since suspending our operations in 2011.

Since suspending our operations in May 2011, we have not generated any revenues from operations and we have limited resources. Any operating losses, together with risks associated with our ability to be competitive in the pharmaceutical industry may have a material adverse effect on our liquidity. In addition, we may not have the resources to resume operations to the historical levels prior to suspending our operations, which would have a material adverse effect on our ability to continue as a company. An investor in our common stock must evaluate the risks, uncertainties, and difficulties encountered by a company with limited operations. There can be no assurance that we will generate sufficient revenues to maintain our business operations.

We may not be able to continue as a going concern or fund our existing capital needs.

Our independent registered public accounting firm included an explanatory paragraph in the report on our 2010 financial statements related to the uncertainty in our ability to continue as a going concern. The paragraph states that we do not have sufficient cash on-hand or other funding available to meet our obligations and sustain our operations, which raises substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. We will not be generating any product-based revenues or realizing cash flows from operations in the near term, if at all. We may not have sufficient cash or other funding available to complete our anticipated business activities. In order to address our working capital shortfall, we must raise additional capital. There is no assurance that we will be able to obtain adequate capital funding in the future to continue operations and implement our strategy. As a result of these uncertainties, there is significant doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

#### We are a development stage company and may never attain product sales.

We have not received approval for any of our product candidates from the FDA. Any compounds that we discover or in-license will require extensive and costly development, preclinical testing and/or clinical trials prior to seeking regulatory approval for commercial sales. Our most advanced product candidate, cethromycin, and any other compounds we discover, develop or in-license, may never be approved for commercial sale. The time required to attain product sales and profitability is lengthy and highly uncertain, and we cannot assure you that we will be able to achieve or maintain product sales. We expect our net operating losses to continue for at least several years, and we are unable to predict the extent of future losses or when we will become profitable, if ever.

We have incurred significant net losses since our formation in 1999. Our net losses are due in large part to the significant research and development costs required to identify, validate and license potential product candidates, conduct preclinical studies and conduct clinical trials of our more advanced product candidates. To date, we have generated only limited revenues, consisting of management fees, one-time or limited payments associated with our collaborations and government grant awards, and we do not anticipate generating any significant revenues in the near term, if ever. Our operating expenses may increase over the next several years if we:

- · conduct additional Phase III clinical trials and prepare for the commercial launch of cethromycin;
- · continue the preclinical development and commence the clinical development of other product candidates;
- · expand our research and development activities;
- · acquire or in-license new technologies and product candidates; and
- increase our required corporate infrastructure and overhead.

As a result, we expect to continue to incur significant and increasing operating losses for the foreseeable future. Because of the numerous risks and uncertainties associated with our research and product development efforts, we are unable to predict the extent of any future losses or when we will become profitable, if ever. Even if we do achieve profitability, we may not be able to sustain or increase profitability on an ongoing basis.

We will require additional funding to satisfy our future capital needs, and future financing strategies may further dilute or otherwise adversely affect holders of our common stock.

Our operations will require significant additional funding due to the absence of any meaningful revenues in the near future. We do not know whether additional financing will be available to us on favorable terms or at all. To the extent we are successful in raising additional capital by issuing equity securities, our stockholders are likely to experience substantial further dilution. Any additional equity securities we issue may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of stock. To the extent that we raise additional funds through collaboration and licensing arrangements, we may be required to relinquish some rights to our technologies or product candidates, or grant licenses on terms that are not favorable to us. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain adequate capital funding in the future to continue operations and implement our strategy. As a result of these uncertainties, there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

We will not be able to commercialize our drug candidates if our clinical trials do not demonstrate safety and efficacy.

Before obtaining regulatory approval for the sale of our drug candidates, we must conduct extensive development and clinical trials to demonstrate the safety and efficacy of our drug candidates and clinical or animal trials to demonstrate the efficacy of our drug candidates. Clinical testing is expensive, difficult to design and implement, can take many years to complete and is uncertain as to outcome.

A failure of one or more of our clinical trials or animal efficacy studies can occur at any stage of testing. We may experience numerous unforeseen events during, or as a result of clinical trials or animal efficacy studies that could delay or prevent our ability to receive regulatory approval or commercialize our drug candidates, including:

- regulators or institutional review boards may not authorize us to commence a clinical trial or conduct a clinical trial at a
  prospective trial site;
- we may decide, or regulators may require us, to conduct additional clinical trials, or we may abandon projects that we expect
  to be promising, if our clinical trials or animal efficacy studies produce negative or inconclusive results;
- · we might have to suspend or terminate our clinical trials if the participants are being exposed to unacceptable health risks;
- regulators or institutional review boards may require that we hold, suspend or terminate clinical development for various reasons, including noncompliance with regulatory requirements;

- the cost of our clinical trials could escalate and become cost prohibitive;
- any regulatory approval we ultimately obtain may be limited or subject to restrictions or post-approval commitments that render the product not commercially viable;
- · we may not be successful in recruiting a sufficient number of qualifying subjects for our clinical trials; and
- the effects of our drug candidates may not be the desired effects or may include undesirable side effects or the drug candidates may have other unexpected characteristics.

## Our business would be materially harmed if we fail to obtain FDA approval of a new drug application for cethromycin.

Our ability to generate any significant product revenues in the near future will depend solely on the successful development and commercialization of cethromycin, our most advanced product candidate. The FDA may not approve in a timely manner, or at all, any NDA that we submit. If any NDA we submit is not approved by the FDA, we will be unable to commercialize that product in the United States and our business will be materially harmed. In June 2010, as part of the testimony for a hearing of the U.S. Congress Committee on Energy and Commerce, Subcommittee on Health, our Chief Executive Officer commented on the challenges that we and other innovator companies have faced in the clinical development and regulatory approval of new antibiotics to improve public health. The FDA can and does reject NDAs, and often requires additional clinical trials, even when product candidates performed well or achieved favorable results in large-scale Phase III clinical trials. The FDA imposes substantial requirements on the introduction of pharmaceutical products through lengthy and detailed laboratory and clinical testing procedures, sampling activities and other costly and time-consuming procedures. Satisfaction of these requirements typically takes several years and may vary substantially based upon the type and complexity of the pharmaceutical product. A number of our product candidates are novel compounds, which may further increase the period of time required for satisfactory testing procedures.

As discussed in further detail in Item 1. "Business", in July 2009, we received a complete response letter from the FDA regarding the NDA for cethromycin for the outpatient treatment of adults with CABP. In its letter, the FDA indicated that they could not approve the application for cethromycin in its current form and that, to gain approval, additional clinical data is required to demonstrate efficacy. In August 2010, we reached an agreement with the FDA, under the SPA process, on the design of our planned Phase III study of cethromycin to treat CABP. Further discussion with the FDA has led us to focus initially on the indication of gonorrhea, which has become a major global public health challenge given the emergence of drug resistant strains of Neisseria gonorrhoeae worldwide. We will continue this initiative as funds become available to support this development program.

Because we are heavily dependent on our license agreement with Abbott Laboratories and our collaborations with other third parties, our product development programs may be delayed or terminated by factors beyond our control.

In December 2004, we entered into a license agreement with Abbott Laboratories for certain patent applications, patents and proprietary technology relating to cethromycin. We may also enter into a number of license agreements for intellectual property and other rights needed to develop product candidates that are in earlier stages of development. Our collaborations generally present additional risks to our business, such as the risk that our collaborators encounter conflicts of interest to their arrangements with us, inadequately defend our intellectual property rights or develop other products that compete with us. Our ability to generate any significant product revenues in the near future will depend on the successful commercialization of cethromycin. If for any reason we are unable to realize the expected benefits of our license agreement with Abbott Laboratories, or under any of our other collaborations, then our business and financial condition may be materially harmed.

Our collaborators and third party manufacturers may not be able to manufacture our product candidates, which would prevent us from commercializing our product candidates.

To date, our product candidates have been manufactured by our collaborators and third party manufacturers for preclinical and clinical trials. If any of our product candidates is approved by the FDA or other regulatory agencies for commercial sale, we will need third parties to manufacture the product in larger quantities. Due to factors beyond our control, our collaborators and third party manufacturers may not be able to increase their manufacturing capacity for any of our product candidates in a timely or economic manner, or at all. Significant scale-up of manufacturing may require additional validation studies, which the FDA must review and approve. If we are unable to increase the manufacturing capacity for a product candidate successfully, the regulatory approval or commercial launch of that product candidate may be delayed or there may be a shortage in the supply of the product candidate. Our product candidates require precise, high-quality manufacturing. The failure of our collaborators and third party manufacturers to achieve and maintain these high manufacturing standards, including the incidence of manufacturing errors, could result in patient injury or death, product recalls or withdrawals, delays or failures in product testing or delivery, cost overruns or other problems that could seriously harm our business.

If we are unable to enter into agreements with third parties to sell and market any products we may develop, we may be unable to LEGAL123491116.2

#### generate revenues.

We do not currently have product sales and marketing capabilities. If we receive approval to commercialize cethromycin, we intend to engage additional pharmaceutical or health care companies with existing distribution systems and direct sales organizations to assist us in North America and abroad. We may not be able to negotiate favorable distribution partnering arrangements, if at all, and to the extent we enter co-promotion or other licensing arrangements, any revenues we receive will depend on the efforts of third parties and will not be under our control. If we are unable to establish adequate sales, marketing and distribution capabilities with third parties, our ability to generate product revenues, and become profitable, would be severely limited.

Our most advanced product candidate, cethromycin, will face significant competition in the marketplace if it receives marketing approval from the FDA.

Our pivotal Phase III clinical trials for cethromycin were limited to the treatment of mild-to-moderate CABP. We also intend to pursue opportunities for cethromycin in the treatment of other types of bacterial infections such as gonorrhea. There are several classes of antibiotics that are primary competitors for the treatment of one or more of these indications, including:

- macrolides such as Biaxin® (clarithromycin), a product of Abbott Laboratories; and Zithromax® (azithromycin), a product of Pfizer Inc.;
- one other ketolide antibiotic, Ketek® (telithromycin), a product of Aventis Pharmaceuticals;
- semi-synthetic penicillins such as Augmentin® (amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium), a product of GlaxoSmithKline;
- fluoroquinolones such as Levaquin® (levofloxacin), a product of Ortho-McNeil Pharmaceutical, Inc.; Tequin® (gatifloxacin), a product of Bristol-Myers Squibb Company; FACTIVE® (gemifloxacin mesylate) tablets, a product of Oscient Pharmaceuticals; and Cipro® (ciprofloxacin) and Avelox® (moxifloxacin), both products of Bayer Corporation;
- · tetracyclines such as Tygacil® (tigecycline), a product of Pfizer to treat in-patient CABP; and
- · an oxazolidinone, Zyvox® (linezolid), a product of Pfizer, to treat nosocomial pneumonia.

Cethromycin may show evidence of side effects that could diminish its prospects for commercialization and wide market acceptance. If cethromycin is approved by the FDA, it will not be the first ketolide antibiotic introduced to the marketplace. Ketek® has been available for sale in Europe since 2002 and in the United States since August 2004. There are additional ketolide product candidates in preclinical development or in clinical development. If ultimately approved by the FDA, these product candidates may have improved efficacy, ease of administration or more favorable side effect profiles when compared to cethromycin. The availability of additional ketolide antibiotics may have an adverse effect on our ability to generate product revenues and achieve profitability.

The availability of generic equivalents may adversely affect our ability to generate product revenues from cethromycin.

Many generic antibiotics are currently prescribed to treat respiratory tract infections. As competitive products lose patent protection, makers of generic drugs will likely begin to market additional competing products. Companies that produce generic equivalents are generally able to offer their products at lower prices. Ketek® may lose patent protection as early as 2015, which would enable generic drug manufacturers to sell generic ketolide antibiotics at a lower cost than cethromycin. Generic equivalents of Biaxin® and Zithromax®, two macrolide antibiotic products, are currently available. Cethromycin, if approved for commercial sale, may be at a competitive disadvantage because of its higher cost relative to generic products. This may have an adverse effect on our ability to generate product revenues from cethromycin.

Even if we successfully develop and obtain approval for cethromycin or any of our other product candidates, our business will not be profitable if those products do not achieve and maintain market acceptance.

Even if any of our product candidates are approved for commercial sale by the FDA or other regulatory authorities, the degree of market acceptance of any approved product candidate by physicians, healthcare professionals, patients and third-party payors, and our resulting profitability and growth, will depend on a number of factors, including:

- · our ability to provide acceptable evidence of safety and efficacy;
- · relative convenience and ease of administration;
- the prevalence and severity of any adverse side effects;
- the availability of alternative treatments:
- the details of FDA labeling requirements, including the scope of approved indications and any safety warnings;
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- · pricing and cost effectiveness;
- the effectiveness of our or our collaborators' sales and marketing strategy;
- · our ability to obtain sufficient third-party insurance coverage or reimbursement; and
- our ability to have the product listed on insurance company formularies.

If any of our product candidates achieve market acceptance, we may not be able to maintain that market acceptance over time if new products or technologies are introduced that are received more favorably or are more cost effective. Complications may also arise, such as antibiotic or viral resistance, that render our products obsolete. We rely on the favorable resistance profile of cethromycin observed to be a potential competitive distinction from currently marketed compounds. Even if we receive FDA approval to market cethromycin, resistance may emerge that will substantially harm our ability to generate revenues from its sale.

Because the results of preclinical studies for our preclinical product candidates are not necessarily predictive of future results, our product candidates may not have favorable results in later clinical trials or ultimately receive regulatory approval.

Only one product candidate in our development pipeline, cethromycin, has been tested in clinical trials. Our other product candidates have only been through preclinical studies. In addition, other product candidates we may in-license may also be in preclinical studies. Positive results from preclinical studies, particularly in vitro studies, are no assurance that later clinical trials will succeed. Preclinical trials are not designed to establish the clinical efficacy of our preclinical product candidates. We will be required to demonstrate through clinical trials that these product candidates are safe and effective for use before we can seek regulatory approvals for their commercial sale. There is typically an extremely high rate of failure as product candidates proceed through clinical trials. If our product candidates fail to demonstrate sufficient safety and efficacy in any clinical trial, we would experience potentially significant delays in, or be required to abandon, development of that product candidate. This would adversely affect our ability to generate revenues and may damage our reputation in the industry and in the investment community.

The future clinical testing of our product candidates could be delayed, resulting in increased costs to us and a delay in our ability to generate revenues.

Our product candidates will require preclinical testing and extensive clinical trials prior to submitting a regulatory application for commercial sales. We do not know whether clinical trials will begin on time, if at all. Delays in the commencement of clinical testing could significantly increase our product development costs and delay product commercialization. In addition, many of the factors that may cause, or lead to, a delay in the commencement of clinical trials may also ultimately lead to denial of regulatory approval of a product candidate. Each of these results would adversely affect our ability to generate revenues.

The commencement of clinical trials can be delayed for a variety of reasons, including delays in:

- · demonstrating sufficient safety to obtain regulatory approval to commence a clinical trial;
- · reaching agreement on acceptable terms with prospective contract research organizations and trial sites;
- · manufacturing sufficient quantities of a product candidate; and
- · obtaining institutional review board approvals to conduct clinical trials at prospective sites.

In addition, the commencement of clinical trials may be delayed due to insufficient patient enrollment, which is a function of many factors, including the size of the patient population, the nature of the protocol, the proximity of patients to clinical sites, the availability of effective treatments for the relevant disease, and the eligibility criteria for the clinical trial. If we are unable to enroll a sufficient number of microbiologically evaluable patients, the clinical trials for our product candidates could be delayed until sufficient numbers are achieved.

If we fail to obtain regulatory approvals in other countries for our product candidates under development, we will not be able to generate revenues in such countries.

In order to market our products outside of the United States, we must comply with numerous and varying regulatory requirements of other countries. Approval procedures vary among countries and can involve additional product testing and additional administrative review periods. The time required to obtain approval in other countries might differ from that required to obtain FDA approval in the United States. Regulatory approval in one country does not ensure regulatory approval in another, but a failure or delay in obtaining regulatory approval in one country may negatively impact the regulatory process in others. The risks involved in the non-U.S. regulatory approval process, as well as the consequences for failing to comply with applicable regulatory requirements, generally include the same considerations as in the United States. A description of U.S. regulatory considerations can be found under the section entitled "—Our business would be materially harmed if we fail to obtain FDA approval of a new drug application for cethromycin."

We will face significant competition from other biotechnology and pharmaceutical companies, and our operating results will suffer LEGAL123491116.2

## if we fail to compete effectively.

We are a development stage company. Most of our competitors, such as Pfizer, GlaxoSmithKline and Bayer, are large pharmaceutical companies with substantially greater financial, technical and human resources than we have. The biotechnology and pharmaceutical industries are intensely competitive and subject to rapid and significant technological change. Many of the drugs that we are attempting to discover or develop will compete with existing therapies if we receive marketing approval. Because of their significant resources, our competitors may be able to use discovery technologies and techniques, or partnerships with collaborators, in order to develop competing products that are more effective or less costly than the product candidates we develop. This may render our technology or product candidates obsolete and noncompetitive. Academic institutions, government agencies, and other public and private research organizations may seek patent protection with respect to potentially competitive products or technologies and may establish exclusive collaborative or licensing relationships with our competitors.

As a company, our only experience in conducting Phase III clinical trials is for our cethromycin development program. Our competitors may succeed in obtaining FDA or other regulatory approvals for product candidates more rapidly than us. Companies that complete clinical trials, obtain required regulatory agency approvals and commence commercial sale of their drugs before we do may achieve a significant competitive advantage, including certain FDA marketing exclusivity rights that would delay or prevent our ability to market certain products. Any approved drugs resulting from our research and development efforts, or from our joint efforts with our existing or future collaborative partners, might not be able to compete successfully with our competitors' existing or future products.

# Off-label promotion of our products could result in substantial penalties.

If any of our product candidates receive marketing approval, we will only be permitted to promote the product for the uses indicated on the label cleared by the FDA. Our pivotal Phase III clinical trials of cethromycin are for the treatment of CABP, although we believe that cethromycin may have other applications in gonorrhea, bronchitis, pharyngitis, sinusitis, inhalation anthrax, plague and tularemia, and skin and skin structure infections. If we request additional label indications for cethromycin or our other product candidates, the FDA may deny those requests outright, require extensive clinical data to support any additional indications or impose limitations on the intended use of any approved products as a condition of approval. U.S. Attorneys' offices and other regulators, in addition to the FDA, have recently focused substantial attention on off-label promotional activities and have initiated civil and criminal investigations related to such practices. If it is determined by these or other regulators that we have promoted our products for off-label use, we could be subject to fines, legal proceedings, injunctions or other penalties.

If our efforts to obtain rights to new products or product candidates from third parties are not successful, we may not generate product revenues or achieve profitability.

Our long-term ability to earn product revenues depends on our ability to identify, through internal research programs, potential product candidates that may be developed into new pharmaceutical products and/or obtain new products or product candidates through licenses from third parties. If our internal research programs do not generate sufficient product candidates, we will need to obtain rights to new products or product candidates from third parties. We may be unable to obtain suitable products or product candidates from third parties for a number of reasons, including:

- we may be unable to purchase or license products or product candidates on terms that would allow us to make an appropriate return from resulting products;
- · competitors may be unwilling to assign or license product or product candidate rights to us;
- · we may not have access to the capital necessary to purchase or license products or product candidates; or
- · we may be unable to locate suitable products or product candidates within, or complementary to, our areas of interest.

If we are unable to obtain rights to new products or product candidates from third parties, our ability to generate product revenues and achieve profitability may suffer.

Because our product candidates and development and collaboration efforts depend on our intellectual property rights, adverse events affecting our intellectual property rights will harm our ability to commercialize products.

Our success will depend to a large degree on our own, our licensees' and our licensors' ability to obtain and defend patents for each party's respective technologies and the compounds and other products, if any, resulting from the application of such technologies. The patent positions of pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies can be highly uncertain and involve complex legal and factual questions. No consistent policy regarding the breadth of claims allowed in biotechnology patents has emerged to date. Accordingly, we cannot predict the breadth of claims that will be allowed or maintained, after challenge, in our or other companies' patents.

The degree of future protection for our proprietary rights is uncertain, and we cannot ensure that:

- · we were the first to make the inventions covered by each of our pending patent applications;
- we were the first to file patent applications for these inventions;
- others will not independently develop similar or alternative technologies or duplicate any of our technologies;
- any of our pending patent applications will result in issued patents;

- any patents issued to us or our collaborators will provide a basis for commercially viable products, will provide us with any
  competitive advantages or will not be challenged by third parties;
- · we will develop additional proprietary technologies that are patentable; or
- the patents of others will not have a negative effect on our ability to do business.

We are a party to certain in-license agreements that are important to our business, and we generally do not control the prosecution of in-licensed technology. Accordingly, we are unable to exercise the same degree of control over this intellectual property as we exercise over our internally developed technology. Moreover, some of our academic institution licensors, research collaborators and scientific advisors have rights to publish data and information in which we have rights. If we cannot maintain the confidentiality of our technology and other confidential information in connection with our collaborations, then our ability to receive patent protection or protect our proprietary information will be impaired. In addition, some of the technology we have licensed relies on patented inventions developed using U.S. government resources. Under applicable law, the U.S. government has the right to require us to grant a nonexclusive, partially exclusive or exclusive license for such technology to a responsible applicant or applicants, upon terms that are reasonable under the circumstances, if the government determines that such action is necessary.

Confidentiality agreements with employees and others may not adequately prevent disclosure of trade secrets and other proprietary information and may not adequately protect our intellectual property.

We rely on trade secrets to protect our technology, particularly when we do not believe patent protection is appropriate or obtainable. However, trade secrets are difficult to protect. In order to protect our proprietary technology and processes, we rely in part on confidentiality and intellectual property assignment agreements with our corporate partners, employees, consultants, outside scientific collaborators and sponsored researchers and other advisors. These agreements may not effectively prevent disclosure of confidential information nor result in the effective assignment to us of intellectual property, and may not provide an adequate remedy in the event of unauthorized disclosure of confidential information or other breaches of the agreements. In addition, others may independently discover our trade secrets and proprietary information, and in such case we could not assert any trade secret rights against such party. Enforcing a claim that a party illegally obtained and is using our trade secrets is difficult, expensive and time consuming, and the outcome is unpredictable. In addition, courts outside the United States may be less willing to protect trade secrets. Costly and time-consuming litigation could be necessary to seek to enforce and determine the scope of our proprietary rights, and failure to obtain or maintain trade secret protection could adversely affect our competitive business position.

Market acceptance and sales of our product candidates will be severely limited if we cannot arrange for favorable reimbursement policies.

Our ability to commercialize any product candidates successfully will depend in part on the extent to which governmental authorities, private health insurers and other organizations establish reimbursement levels for the cost of our products and related treatments. Third-party payors are increasingly challenging the prices charged for medical products and services. Also, the trend toward managed healthcare in the United States, as well as legislative proposals to reform healthcare, control pharmaceutical prices or reduce government insurance programs, may also result in exclusion of our product candidates from reimbursement programs. Because many generic antibiotics are available for the treatment of bacterial infections, our ability to list cethromycin on insurance company formularies will depend on its effectiveness compared to lower-cost products. The cost containment measures that health care payors and providers are instituting, and the effect of any health care reform, could materially and adversely affect our ability to earn revenues from the sales of cethromycin and our other product candidates.

Healthcare law and policy changes, based on recently enacted legislation, may have an adverse effect on us.

Healthcare costs have risen significantly over the past decade. In March 2010, President Obama signed the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act, or, collectively, the Healthcare Reform Act. This law substantially changes the way health care is financed by both governmental and private insurers, and significantly impacts the pharmaceutical industry. The Healthcare Reform Act contains a number of provisions that are expected to impact our business and operations, including provisions governing enrollment in federal healthcare programs, reimbursement and discount programs and fraud and abuse prevention and control, which will impact existing government healthcare programs and will result in the development of new programs, including Medicare payment for performance initiatives and improvements to the physician quality reporting system and feedback program. We anticipate that if we obtain approval for our product candidates, some of our revenue and the revenue from our collaborators may be derived from U.S. government healthcare programs, including Medicare. Additionally, in 2009, the Department of Defense implemented a program pursuant to the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 that requires rebates, based on Federal statutory pricing, from manufacturers of innovator drugs and biologics. Furthermore, beginning in 2011, the Healthcare Reform Act imposes a non-deductible fee treated as an excise tax on pharmaceutical manufacturers or importers who sell "branded prescription drugs," which includes innovator drugs and biologics (excluding certain orphan drugs, generics and over-the-counter drugs) to U.S. government programs. We expect that the Healthcare Reform Act and other healthcare reform measures that may be adopted in the future could have an adverse effect on our industry generally and our ability to successfully commercialize our product candidates or could limit or eliminate our spending on development projects. In addition to this legislation, there will continue to be proposals by legislators at both the federal and state levels, regulators and third-party payors to keep these costs down while expanding individual healthcare benefits. Certain of these changes could impose limitations on the prices we will be able LEGAL123491116.2

to charge for any product candidates that are approved or the amounts of reimbursement available for these products from governmental agencies or third-party payors, or may increase the tax obligations on life sciences companies such as ours. While it is too early to predict specifically what effect the Health Reform Act and its implementation or any future legislation or policies will have on our business, we believe that healthcare reform may have an adverse effect on our business and financial condition.

We will need to increase the size of our organization, and we may encounter difficulties managing our growth, which could adversely affect our results of operations.

We are currently a development stage company with no current employees, other than our Chief Executive Officer. We will need to expand and effectively manage our managerial, operational, financial and other resources in order to successfully pursue our research, development and commercialization effort. To manage any growth, we will be required to continue to improve our operational, financial and management controls, reporting systems and procedures and to attract and retain sufficient numbers of talented employees. We may be unable to successfully manage the expansion of our operations or operate on a larger scale and, accordingly, may not achieve our research, development and commercialization goals.

If we are unable to attract and retain qualified scientific, technical and key management personnel, or if Michael T. Flavin, Ph.D., discontinues his employment with us, it may delay our research and development efforts.

We are highly dependent upon and our business would be significantly harmed if we lost the services of Michael T. Flavin, Ph.D., our founder and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. We do not currently have a key man life insurance policy. Our research and drug discovery programs also depend on our ability to attract and retain highly skilled chemists, biologists and preclinical and clinical personnel. We may not be able to attract or retain qualified scientific personnel in the future due to intense competition among biotechnology and pharmaceutical businesses, particularly in the Chicago area. If we are not able to attract and retain the necessary personnel to accomplish our business objectives, we may experience constraints that will significantly impede the achievement of our research and development objectives and our ability to meet the demands of our collaborators in a timely fashion.

Our business will expose us to potential product liability risks and there can be no assurance that we will be able to acquire and maintain sufficient insurance to provide adequate coverage against potential liabilities.

Our business will expose us to potential product liability risks that are inherent in the testing, manufacturing and marketing of pharmaceutical products. The use of our product candidates in clinical trials also exposes us to the possibility of product liability claims and possible adverse publicity. These risks will increase to the extent our product candidates receive regulatory approval and are commercialized. We do not currently have any product liability insurance, although we plan to obtain product liability insurance in connection with future clinical trials of our product candidates. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain or maintain any such insurance on acceptable terms. Moreover, our product liability insurance may not provide adequate coverage against potential liabilities. On occasion, juries have awarded large judgments in class action lawsuits based on drugs that had unanticipated side effects. A successful product liability claim or series of claims brought against us would decrease our cash reserves and could cause our stock price to fall significantly.

We face regulation and risks related to hazardous materials and environmental laws, violations of which may subject us to claims for damages or fines that could materially affect our business, cash flows, financial condition and results of operations.

Our research and development activities involve the controlled use of hazardous materials and chemicals. The risk of accidental contamination or injury from these materials cannot be completely eliminated. In the event of an accident, we could be held liable for any damages or fines that result, and the liability could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We are also subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations governing the use, manufacture, storage, handling and disposal of hazardous materials and waste products. If we fail to comply with these laws and regulations or with the conditions attached to our operating licenses, the licenses could be revoked, and we could be subjected to criminal sanctions and substantial liability or be required to suspend or modify our operations. In addition, we may have to incur significant costs to comply with future environmental laws and regulations. We do not currently have a pollution and remediation insurance policy.

Our business and operations would suffer in the event of system failures.

Despite the implementation of security measures, our internal computer systems are vulnerable to damage from computer viruses, unauthorized access, natural disasters, terrorism, war, telecommunication and electrical failures. Our drug discovery and preclinical testing systems are highly technical and proprietary. Any system failure, accident or security breach that causes interruptions in our operations could result in a material disruption of our drug discovery programs. To the extent that any disruption or security breach results in a loss or damage to our data or applications, or inappropriate disclosure of confidential or proprietary information, we may incur liability as a result, our drug discovery programs may be adversely affected and the further development of our product candidates may be delayed. In addition, we may incur additional costs to remedy the damages caused by these disruptions or security breaches.

# Risks Related to Our Common Stock

We are not current in our reporting obligations with the SEC and our status as a public company could be revoked at any time.

We are not current in our filing obligations with the SEC. While we are working to become current with our filing obligations with the SEC, if we are unable to complete those filings before the SEC seeks to bring an administrative action against us, it is likely that we would cease being a public company. In that event, the liquidity of our common stock would be severely diminished and our ability to continue our operations could be materially affected.

Our common stock price has been highly volatile, and your investment could suffer a decline in value.

The market price of our common stock has been highly volatile since we completed our initial public offering in August 2005. There is also limited trading volume of our common stock on the OTCBB. The market price of our common stock is likely to continue to be highly volatile and could be subject to wide fluctuations in response to various factors and events, including but not limited to:

- the progress of our cethromycin development program and the timing and results from any of our other programs, programs;
- the in-licensing or acquisition of additional product candidates;
- the loss of licenses or proprietary rights to technologies and products;
- FDA or international regulatory actions and approvals;
- · changes or developments in laws or regulations applicable to our product candidates;
- failure of any of our product candidates, if approved, to achieve commercial success;
- · introduction of competitive products or technologies;
- general economic and market conditions, including market conditions in the pharmaceutical and biotechnology sectors, and overall fluctuations in U.S. equity markets;
- · litigation or public concern about the safety of our potential products;
- · comments by securities analysts;
- · actual and anticipated fluctuations in our quarterly operating results;
- · deviations in our operating results from the estimates of securities analysts;
- · rumors relating to us or our competitors;
- public concern as to the efficacy or safety of new technologies;
- · third party reimbursement policies;
- developments concerning current or future collaborations, including disputes or termination events and the achievement, timing and accounting treatment of milestone payments;
- · the addition or termination of research programs or funding support; and
- · the other factors described in this "Risk Factors" section.

These and other factors may cause the market price and demand for our common stock to fluctuate substantially, which may limit or prevent investors from readily selling their shares of common stock and may otherwise negatively affect the liquidity of our common stock. In addition, in the past, when the market price of a stock has been volatile, holders of that stock have instituted securities class action litigation against the company that issued the stock. If any of our stockholders brought a lawsuit against us, we could incur substantial costs defending the lawsuit and the time and attention of our management may be diverted.

Because our common stock is not listed on a national securities exchange, you may have difficulty trading our securities and our securities may trade at a lower market price than they otherwise would.

Our common stock is listed on the OTC Bulletin Board and in the over-the-counter market in the so-called "pink sheets." Because of this, you may not be able to sell as many securities as you desire, you may experience delays in the execution of your transactions and our securities may trade at a lower market price than they otherwise would. In addition, our securities could become subject to the SEC's "penny stock rules." These rules would impose additional requirements on broker-dealers who effect trades in our securities, other than trades with their established customers and accredited investors. Consequently, the delisting of our securities and the applicability of the penny stock rules may adversely affect the ability of broker-dealers to sell our securities, which may adversely affect your ability to resell our securities. The delisting of our securities from Nasdaq could also have other negative results, including the potential loss of confidence by employees and others, the loss of institutional investor interest and fewer business development and commercial partnership opportunities.

Our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer has significant voting control over our company which may delay, prevent or deter corporate actions that may be in the best interest of our stockholders.

The Company entered into a business loan agreement with the Leaders Bank, for which Michael Flavin served as the personal guarantor as required by the Leaders Bank to consummate the loan. The Company defaulted on the loan and the Leaders Bank sued Michael Flavin to recover the approximately \$8,000,000 in principal and interest due under the loan. Michael Flavin and the Leaders Bank settled the suit and Michael Flavin paid \$300,000 to achieve the Settlement Agreement with the Bank (see Company History LEGAL123491116.2

and Recent Developments). In recognition of this payment for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders, the Board of Directors determined that Michael Flavin should be repaid his payment of \$300,000. Effective on July 1, 2015, the Board approved the issuance of 5,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, in connection with Michael Flavin's payment of \$300,000. As a result of this issuance, Michael Flavin beneficially owned approximately 40.4% of our outstanding common stock as of December 31, 2015 and will be able to exert significant influence for all matters requiring approval of our stockholders, including the election of directors and approval of significant corporate transactions. This concentration of ownership may delay, prevent or deter a change in control of our company even when such a change may be in the best interest of all the stockholders, could deprive stockholders of an opportunity to receive a premium for their common stock as part of a sale of our company or assets and might affect the prevailing market price of our common stock.

Provisions of Delaware law or our charter documents could delay or prevent an acquisition of our company, even if the acquisition would be beneficial to our stockholders, and could make it more difficult for you to change management.

Provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and bylaws may discourage, delay or prevent a merger, acquisition or other change in control that stockholders may consider favorable, including transactions in which stockholders might otherwise receive a premium for their shares. This is because these provisions may prevent or frustrate attempts by stockholders to replace or remove our current management or members of our Board of Directors.

These provisions include:

- a classified Board of Directors under which approximately one third of the directors will be elected each year;
- · a requirement that the authorized number of directors to be changed only by a resolution of the Board of Directors;
- authorized and unissued additional shares of our common stock and preferred stock;
- · advance notice requirements for proposals that can be acted upon at stockholder meetings; and
- a requirement that only our Chairman or our Board of Directors, acting by resolution, may call stockholder meetings.

As a result, these provisions and others available under Delaware law could limit the price that investors are willing to pay in the future for shares of our common stock.

We have never paid cash dividends on our capital stock and we do not anticipate paying dividends in the foreseeable future.

We have paid no cash dividends on any of our classes of capital stock to date, and we currently intend to retain our future earnings, if any, to fund the development and growth of our business. In addition, the terms of any future debt or credit facility may preclude us from paying any dividends. Capital appreciation of our common stock, if any, will be your sole source of potential gain for the foreseeable future. Consequently, in the foreseeable future, you will only experience a gain from your investment in our common stock if the price of our common stock increases.

## Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

None.

# Item 2. Properties.

Our corporate office is located in Woodridge, Illinois and consists of approximately 1,500 square feet of office space. We believe that our current facilities are adequate to meet our needs for the foreseeable future. Our facilities are leased and our current lease expires in August, 2016. We believe that suitable additional or alternative space will be available in the future on commercially reasonable terms as needed.

# Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

None.

## Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

## PART II

# Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

Our common stock is currently traded on the OTC Bulletin Board ("OTCBB") under the symbol "ADLS". The following table sets forth the range of high and low bid quotations for our common stock for each quarter of the last five fiscal years, as reported on the OTCBB. The quotations represent inter-dealer prices without retail markup, markdown or commission, and may not necessarily represent actual transactions. On March 28, 2011, the Company effected a 1-for-30 reverse stock split.

2015	High	Low
First Quarter	\$0.03	\$0.02
Second Quarter		
	0.03	0.02
Third Quarter	0.03	0.01
Fourth Quarter	0.02	0.01
2014	<u>High</u>	Low
First Quarter	\$0.05	\$0.01
Second Quarter	0.10	0.03
Third Quarter	0.06	0.03
Fourth Quarter	0.05	0.01
2013	High	Low
First Quarter	\$0.09	\$0.02
Second Quarter	0.07	0.02
Third Quarter	0.10	0.01
Fourth Quarter	0.29	0.01
2012	High	Low
First Quarter	\$0.06	\$0.03
Second Quarter	0.06	0.03
Third Quarter	0.07	0.01
Fourth Quarter	0.10	0.02
2011	High	Low
First Quarter	\$0.69	\$0.01
Second Quarter	0.30	0.03

Third Quarter	0.18	0.04
Fourth Quarter	0.08	0.03

## Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None.

## Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of December 31, 2013. Based on that evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of December 31, 2013 [due to our inability to file periodic reports on a timely basis with the SEC as a result of our lack of capital resources and internal financial and accounting personnel].

Management Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act. Our management assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013, using the criteria set forth in the *Internal Control—Integrated Framework (1992)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Our management concluded that we did not maintain effective internal control over financial reporting because of lack of capital resources and internal financial and accounting personnel.

This Annual Report does not include an attestation report of our independent registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting due to the permanent exemption from such requirement for smaller reporting companies.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### Item 9B. Other Information.

None.

#### PART III

## Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

Executive Officers and Directors

The following table sets forth certain information regarding our executive officers and directors as of December 31, 2015.

Name	Ag c	Positions
Michael T. Flavin, Ph.D.	60	Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors
Scott F. Meadow	62	Director
Terry W. Osborn, Ph.D.	72	Director
Richard A. Reck	66	Director

Thomas V. Thornton	50	Director
Rosalie Sagraves, Pharm. D.	70	Director
Israel Rubinstein, M.D.	64	Director
John L. Flavin	47	Director

## Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our directors and executive officers, and persons who own more than ten percent of our common stock, to file with the SEC and any exchange or other system on which such securities are traded or quoted, initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of our common stock.

To our knowledge, based solely on a review of the copies of such reports furnished to us, we believe that all required reports of our officers, directors and greater than ten percent stockholders under Section 16(a) were timely filed during the years ended December 31, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015.

## Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

We have established a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that applies to our officers, directors, employees, representatives, agents and consultants. We intend to satisfy the requirements under Item 5.05 of Form 8-K regarding disclosure of amendments to, or waivers from, provisions of our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that apply to our directors and principal executive, financial and accounting officers by posting such information on our website.

## Audit Committee

The Company has a separately designated Audit Committee. The Audit Committee reviews and monitors our corporate financial reporting, our external audits, the results and scope of the annual audit, other services provided by our independent auditors and our compliance with legal matters that have a significant impact on our financial reports. The Audit Committee also consults with management and our independent auditors before the presentation of financial statements to stockholders and, as appropriate, initiates inquiries into aspects of our financial affairs. In addition, the Audit Committee has the responsibility to consider and recommend the appointment of, and to review fee arrangements with, our independent auditors. The current members of the Audit Committee are Richard Reck, Scott Meadow and Terry Osborn, each of whom is an independent director. Richard Reck is an audit committee financial expert as defined in Item 407(d)(5) of Regulation S-K.

## Item 11. Executive Compensation.

# Summary Compensation Table

The following table shows information concerning the annual compensation for services to the Company of the Chief Executive Officer and the two (2) other most highly compensated executive officers of the Company (collectively the "Named Executive Officers" or "NEOs") during fiscal years 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015.

Name & Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bon us (S)	Stock Award s	Option Awards (\$)(1)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (S)	Total (S)
Michael T. Flavin, Ph.D.,	2015	0	0	0	4,000		4,000
Chief Executive Officer,	2014	0	0	0			
Chairman of the Board	2013	0	0	0			
	2012	0	0	0			
	2011	50,000	0	0			
							50,000

John L. Flavin, President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and	2015 2014 2013	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	2,000	2,000
Director	2012 2011	0 45,000	0	0		45,000
Ze-Qi Xu, Ph,D.,	2015	0	0	0	1,700	1,700
Executive Vice President	2014	0	0	0		
and Chief Scientific Offi- cer	2013	0	0	0		
CC.	2012	0	0	0		
	2011	40,000	0	0		40,000

<sup>(1)</sup> Under the new 2015 Equity Incentive Plan, the NEOs listed above were awarded non-qualified stock options with an exercise price of \$0.02 which vested on July 1, 2015. The amounts in this column represent the aggregate grant date fair value of option awards computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718.

#### Compensation Program Components

The Compensation Committee is responsible for reviewing and determining compensation for our NEOs and senior management. The Compensation Committee believes that the total compensation opportunity available to members of management should consist of base salary, annual bonuses and equity-based compensation. The Compensation Committee considers all elements of the program when setting compensation levels. The Compensation Committee periodically meets individually with members of management in order to assess progress toward meeting objectives set by the Board of Directors for both annual and long-term compensation.

#### Base Salaries

Base salaries are determined in accordance with the responsibilities of each officer, median market data for the position and the officer's performance achieving corporate goals. The Compensation Committee considers each of these factors but does not assign a specific value to each factor. Furthermore, a subjective element is acknowledged in evaluating the officer's overall span of responsibility and control. Total compensation for the Company's officers is believed to be generally in line with similarly situated companies.

### Annual Bonuses

The Compensation Committee reviews annual bonuses with senior management. Awards are based on an evaluation of the performance, level of responsibility and leadership of the individual in relation to overall corporate results.

## **Equity-Based Compensation**

The Compensation Committee believes strongly that equity-based awards are an integral part of total compensation for officers and certain key managers with significant responsibility for the Company's long-term results. The Compensation Committee believes that stock option grants, which are tied to the increase in value of the Company's common stock, provide an effective means of delivering incentive compensation and foster stock ownership on the part of management.

On June 25, 2015, the Board of Directors adopted a new equity incentive plan for purposes of new equity awards going forward and terminated the Company's 2005 Stock Incentive Plan. The 2005 Plan was terminated in its entirety and no further grants will be made thereunder, but any grants outstanding thereunder will remain outstanding in accordance with their terms and conditions.

The new plan, the 2015 Equity Incentive Plan, enables certain employees, officers, directors, consultants, agents, advisors and independent contractors of the Company to acquire shares of the Company's common stock. The 2015 Plan sets aside and reserves up to 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock for issuance pursuant to equity awards under the 2015 Plan. The importance of the new 2015 Equity Incentive Plan is that it can provide a way for the Company to compensate the individuals who have worked and will continue to work on behalf of the Company to help rebuild the value of ADLS.

In 2015, the Board of Directors awarded 99,868 stock options under the 2005 Stock Incentive Plan to the NEO's. In 2010, Drs. Michael Flavin and Ze-Qi Xu received 200,000 and 85,000 stock options respectively and John Flavin received a total of 100,000 stock options, each of which vested on July 1, 2015.

# Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The following table sets forth aggregate holdings of stock options by our NEOs as of December 31, 2010.

# Option Awards

Name	Grant Date	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable(#)(1)	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Unexercisable(#)	Option Exercise Price(\$)(2)	Option Expiration Date
Michael T. Flavin, Ph.D.	July 1, 2015	200,000		0.02	2025
John L. Flavin	July 1, 2015	100,000		0.02	2025

Ze-Qi Xu, Ph.D.	July 1, 2015	85,000	0.02	2025

## Director Compensation

There has been no cash compensation paid to directors during 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 or 2015.

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)(1)	Non-Equi- ty Incentive Plan Compensa- tion (\$)	Nonqualified Deferred Compensa- tion Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensa- tion (\$)	Total (\$)
Scott F. Meadow	0		500				500
Terry W. Osborn	0	-	500				500
Richard A. Reck	0	_	500	****	_	_	500
Israel Rubinstein	0		500				500
Rosalie Sagraves	0		500	_	112.5	- 1 <del>-</del> .	500
Thomas V. Thorn-ton	0		500		-		500

## Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

Ownership by Our Directors, Executive Officers and Greater than 5% Stockholders

The following table sets forth information with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of December 31, 2015 by:

- each person (or group of affiliated persons) who is known by us to own beneficially more than 5% of our outstanding common stock or convertible preferred stock;
- · each current director;
- · each of the named executive officers listed in the Summary Compensation Table above; and
- · all directors and executive officers as a group.

Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with SEC rules. In computing a person's percentage ownership of common stock, shares of common stock subject to options or restricted stock units held by that person that are currently exercisable, or exercisable (or, in the case of restricted stock units, scheduled to vest and settle) within 60 days after December 31, 2015. None of these shares, however, are deemed outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person.

Except as indicated and pursuant to applicable community property laws, each stockholder named in the table has sole voting and

<sup>(1)</sup> Options vested on July 1, 2015.

<sup>(1)</sup> Under the new 2015 Equity Incentive Plan, each director was granted 25,000 non-qualified stock options with an exercise price of \$0.02 which vested on July 1,2015. The amounts in this column represent the aggregate grant date for fair value of option awards computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718.

investment power with respect to the shares set forth opposite such stockholder's name. Percentage ownership is based on 17,586,830 shares of our common stock outstanding on December 31, 2015. Unless otherwise indicated below, the address for each director and named executive officer listed below is in care of Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc., 1440 Davey Road, Woodridge, IL 60517.

Name and Address(1)	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned	Approximate Percent of Class
DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS:		
Michael T. Flavin(2)	7,107,529	40.4%
John L. Flavin(3)	420,101	2.4%
Ze-Qi Xu, Ph.D.(4)	85,033	
Richard Reck(5)	86,366	
Terry W. Osbom(6)	3,940	1
Rosalie Sagraves(7)	3,840	3
Israel Rubinstein	3,607	¥
Thomas V. Thornton	3,607	
Scott Meadow	3,720	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (11 persons)	7,717,743	43.9%

<sup>\* =</sup> less than 1%

- (1) Unless otherwise indicated, the address for each five percent stockholder, director, director nominee and executive officer is c/o Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc., 1440 Davey Road, Woodridge, Illinois 60517.
- (2) Dr. Michael Flavin is a member and a manager of Flavin Ventures, LLC, which is the sole voting member of ALS Ventures, LLC. In such capacity he may be deemed to have shared voting and investment power with respect to 314,677 shares held by ALS Ventures, LLC and 5,051 shares held by Flavin Ventures, LLC. Dr. Michael Flavin disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares held by ALS Ventures, LLC and Flavin Ventures, LLC, except to the extent of his proportionate pecuniary interest therein. Includes 1,587,801 shares of common stock held directly and 200,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days.
- (3) Mr. John Flavin is a member and a manager of Flavin Ventures, LLC, which is the sole voting member of ALS Ventures, LLC. In such capacity he may be deemed to have shared voting and investment power with respect to 314,677 shares held by ALS Ventures, LLC and 5,051 shares held by Flavin Ventures, LLC. Mr. John Flavin disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares held by ALS Ventures, LLC and Flavin Ventures, LLC, except to the extent of his proportionate pecuniary interest therein. Includes 373 shares of common stock held directly and 100,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days.
- (4) Includes 33 shares of common stock held directly by Dr. Xu and 85,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days.
- (5) Includes 82,000 shares held indirectly by Mr. Reck as Trustee for the Richard A. Reck Trust and 666 shares held indirectly by Mr. Reck as Trustee for the Daniel M. Reck Trust and 3,220 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days.
- (6) Includes 333 shares of common stock held directly by Dr. Osborn and 3,107 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days.

(7) Includes 266 shares of common stock held directly by Dr. Sagraves and 3,073 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days.

## **Equity Compensation Plan Information**

On June 25, 2015, the Board of Directors adopted a new equity incentive plan for purposes of new equity awards going forward and terminated the Company's 2005 Stock Incentive Plan. The 2005 Plan was terminated in its entirety and no further grants will be made thereunder, but any grants outstanding thereunder will remain outstanding in accordance with their terms and conditions.

The new plan, the 2015 Equity Incentive Plan, enables certain employees, officers, directors, consultants, agents, advisors and independent contractors of the Company to acquire shares of the Company's common stock. The 2015 Plan sets aside and reserves up to 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock for issuance pursuant to equity awards under the 2015 Plan. The importance of the new 2015 Equity Incentive Plan is that it can provide a way for the Company to compensate the individuals who have worked and will continue to work on behalf of the Company to help rebuild the value of ADLS. Of the 2,000,000 shares that have been reserved for the 2015 Equity Incentive Plan, 995,000 non-qualified stock options have been awarded and are exercisable, leaving 1,005,000 shares available for future stock option awards.

## Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.

#### Related Person Transactions

Michael Flavin was the only officer or director to have transactions with the Company since April 2011. These transactions included: (1) ADLS entered into a Business Loan Agreement with Leaders Bank for which Michael Flavin served as a personal guarantor as required by the Leaders Bank to consummate the loan. The Company defaulted on the loan and the Leaders Bank filed a law-suit against Michael Flavin to recover the approximately \$8,000,000 in principal and interest due under the loan. (2) In connection with the settlement agreement with Leaders Bank, Michael Flavin paid the bank \$300,000 to fully satisfy the debt and remove the outstanding liability on the Company. (3) Michael Flavin incurred approximately \$75,000 in legal fees during discussions leading to the settlement agreement with Leaders Bank. (4) In recognition of this payment for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders, the Board of Directors determined that Michael Flavin should be repaid for his payment of \$300,000. (5) Therefore, the Board approved the issuance of 5,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock in connection with Michael Flavin's payment of \$300,000. (6) Michael Flavin and John Flavin have worked on several projects associated with Advanced Life Sciences during 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015 without any cash compensation. For these efforts, the Board of Directors granted Michael Flavin 200,000 non-qualified stock options and John Flavin 100,000 non-qualified stock options at an exercise price of \$0.02, all of which vested on July 1, 2015, as described in the table above.

## Director Independence

Michael Flavin and John Flavin are not an independent directors as defined in rules of the NASDAQ Stock Market. However, the other six directors are independent directors as defined in rules of the NASDAQ Stock Market.

### Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services.

#### PART IV

## Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.

## (1) Financial Statements.

The financial statements filed as part of this report are listed under Item 8. "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data."

# (2) Financial Statement Schedules

All financial statement schedules have been omitted because they are not required, are not applicable or the information is included in financial statements and notes thereto.

# (3) Exhibits

There a no exhibits attached as part of this report.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

## ADVANCED LIFE SCIENCES HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Michael T. Flavin, Ph.D.

Name: Michael T. Flavin, Ph.D.

Title: Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Date: July 19, 2016

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Employment Expenses Employment machines transitive Employment machines transitive Employment de seminars Constructed de seminars Constructed de seminars Constructed de seminars Constructed de seminars Employment Employme	Advanced Unit  Advanced Unit  Tenthre Montre II  ALS, Holding  Tent 91 (2011)  7-66-25  1 562-70  2 331-86  0 0 0 30	Balence, be. MATY  Ald, be. Dec 31, 2011  2,550 25; 1333 60 600 00 100	Elimento DR 1	Den CR	Comulation Direction 25% 210 25% 210 66 67 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30
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Employment Euponese Employment machine transmire Employment machines transmire Employment de seminare Constructed de seminare Common tales employed End Admissionere Euromane These Expense Rea Common tales amendances Common	Advanced Unit  Advanced Unit  Tenthre Montre II  ALS, Holding  Tent 91 (2011)  7-66-25  1 562-70  2 331-86  0 0 0 30	Sciences, Nr. MATY  ALG, Nr. Dec 31, 201  2,500,20;  1,333,60  60,000  1,341,60  50,114  12,301,60  10,000  1,411,000  10,115	DR Simple DR	Den CR	Comedes: 25, 20
probabilis Copenses Employment inicipios resistance Employment inicipios resistance Employment inicipios resistance Employment inicipios resistance Conference & semblant Copelational Data & subscriptiona French & produce French	Absence United Street Control of the	Sciences, Nr. MATY  ALS, Nr. Dec 31, 201  2,509,20  1,333,60  60,000  1,541,20  1,541,20  1,541,20  2,541,21  12,723,12  12,723,13  13,134,20  2,741,23  13,134,20  2,741,23  13,134,20  2,741,23  13,134,20  2,741,23  13,134,20  2,741,23  13,134,20  2,741,23  13,134,20  2,741,23  13,134,20  2,741,23  13,134,20  2,741,23  13,134,20  2,741,20  2,74	DR Simple DR	Den CR	Commiddel Commid
Employment micros receipor Employment Dars & subscription Gentalizado Dars & subscription Freign's principe Octor Simples Employment Est Admissionales Est Admissionales Est Admissionales Revi Comman sina manifestanca Opprecipion Opprecipion Proprint and consisty insurance Comman sina manifestanca Opprecipion Revi Revi Revi Revi Revi Revi Revi Revi	Advanced III  All Teather Medical  ALS Heading Dec 91, 2011  7-04,25  1,563,70  2,351,96  606,30  606,35  2,192,43	Sciences, No. MATY  ALS, No. Dec 31, 2011  2,509,70, 1,333,69 600,00 150,10 1,503,69 600,00 1,691,20 1,503,69 600,00 1,691,20 1,503,69 600,00 1,691,20 1,503,69 600,00 1,691,2	DR G	CR CR	Commidded Commid
Employment micros receipor Employment Dars & subscription Gentalizado Dars & subscription Freign's principe Octor Simples Employment Est Admissionales Est Admissionales Est Admissionales Revi Comman sina manifestanca Opprecipion Opprecipion Proprint and consisty insurance Comman sina manifestanca Opprecipion Revi Revi Revi Revi Revi Revi Revi Revi	Absence United Street Control of the	Sciences, Nr. MATY  ALG, Nr. Dec 31, 201  2,500,20;  1,333,60  60,000  1,341,60  50,114  12,301,60  10,000  1,411,000  10,115	Elimento DR 1	Don GR	Comiddel Dec 21, 20  2.5, 21  2.6, 66  6.7  3.0, 3.5  2.6  15.00
Employees Expenses Employees muchors become Employees muchors become Employees of sentiars Constructed Dark a byte sentiars Constructed Employees Expenses E	Absence University Control of the Co	Sciences, Nr. MATY  ALS, Nr. Dec 31, 201  2,500,20; 1,333,60  60,000  1,531,60  60,000  1,601,00	Einemann DR	CR CR	Comedowing Commedowing Commedo
promobalist Copenses Employment mischool accounts Employment mischool accounts Employment mischool accounts Employment mischool accounts Employment de semblant Copenses Dark & subscription French & person French & person  Continues Employment Extention support  Common plas manifestorie Deproces Res Common plas manifestorie Common plas manifestorie Deproces Res Common plas manifestorie Common plas manifestorie Deproces Res Common plas manifestorie Deproces Facilities Facilities expenses Res Res Technic expenses Res Res Technic expenses Res Res Common plas manifestories Res Res Common plas manifestories Res Res Res Res Res Res Res Res Res R	Advanced III  All Teather Medical  ALS Heading Dec 91, 2011  7-04,25  1,563,70  2,351,96  606,30  606,35  2,192,43	Sciences, No. MATY  ALS, No. Dec 31, 2011  2,509,70, 1,333,69 600,00 150,10 1,503,69 600,00 1,691,20 1,503,69 600,00 1,691,20 1,503,69 600,00 1,691,20 1,503,69 600,00 1,691,2	Einenauge DR	CR CR	Comedday Dec 21, 20  2,5,7  2,5,7  3,0  5,3,7  20  20,5,7  20,6  20,7  2
primitabilist Expenses Employment inici fore insurance Employment inici fore insurance Employment inici fore insurance Employment inici fore insurance Employment decembers Construction of sentions Construction Construction Employment Employme	Absence University Control of the Co	Sciences, Nr. MATY  ALS, Nr. Dec 31, 201  2,500,20; 1,333,60  60,000  1,531,60  60,000  1,601,00	Einemann DR	CR CR	Comedate And Comed
promobalist Copenses Employment into locur statistics Employment into locur statistics Employment into locur statistics Conference & semicirs Freight Springe Obts in pipel Software scopers Lat Admissionable Exeminas Late Springe Red Red Communication scopers Late Admissionable Exeminas Late Springe Red Red Late Springe Red Late Admissionable Exeminas Late Springe Late S	Absence University Control (University Control	Butterson, No.	Einenauge DR	CR CR	Comedday Dec 21, 20  2,5,7  2,5,7  3,0  5,3,7  20  20,5,7  20,6  20,7  2
Employment Expense Employment muclions Expense Employment muclions Expense Employment de contract Constructor de contract Employment Employment Employment Employment Employment Expense Expen	Absence U.S.  10 Day Tembro Montre E.  ALS. Hodge Day 31, 2011  7-66, 25  1, 563, 70  2, 331, 26  2, 331, 26  1, 70, 75  2, 331, 26  2, 33	Sciences   No.	Einenauge DR	CR CR	Commiddent Dev 21, 20  25, 21, 20  25, 21, 20  6
Employment microsic reprints Employment microsic reprints Employment microsic reprints Employment microsic reprints Confinence & destroins Confinence & destroins Confinence & destroins Confinence & destroins Confinence Dans & destroins Confinence Confinence Common area	Abunted United States (Inc.)  File Tembro Mening E  ALS, Hodding Dep 31, 2011  7-46, 25  1, 563, 70  2, 301, 264  2, 301, 265  2, 301,	Sciences, No. MATY  ALG. Voc. Dec 31, 2011  2,500,205  1,323,600  000,000  100,000  1,001  100,000  1,001  100,000  1,001  100,000  1,001  100,000  1,001  100,000  1,001  100,000  1,001  100,000  1,001  100,000  1,001  100,000	Extremal DR	CR CR	Comedday Dec 21, 20  2,5,7  2,5,7  3,0  5,3,7  20  20,5,7  20,6  20,7  2
Employment Expense Employment muclions Expense Employment muclions Expense Employment de contract Constructor de contract Employment Employment Employment Employment Employment Expense Expen	Absence U.S.  10 Day Tembro Montre E.  ALS. Hodge Day 31, 2011  7-66, 25  1, 563, 70  2, 331, 26  2, 331, 26  1, 70, 75  2, 331, 26  2, 33	Sciences   No.	Einenauge DR	CR CR	Comediate  Dec 21, 20  25, 20  25, 20  30, 30

	or the Twelve Months E	MARY Inding December 3	1, 2011		y2.000
			1		
	ALS Holding	ALS, Inc.	Elmin	allons	Consoldated
	Dec 31, 2011	Dec 31, 2011	DR	CR	Dec 31, 2011
					*****
ASSETS Current Assets	-				7
Chackerg/Servings Cash - Leaders Cash - Leaders Cash - JPSIX Chade Don/Alling		-			
Cash - Leaders Cash - JPM Choire Costaling	0.00	54.07			54.0
Cath - RSVP	0.00				0.0
Total Checking/Savings	0.00	54.07	0.00	0.00	54,0
Accounts Receivable Grant Receivable	0.00	0.00			
	-				1140-11404
Total Account Receivante	3.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Other Current Assets					
Prepaid expenses Prepaid insurance	97,351.45	(0.65)			(30,141.4 75,334
Restricted cash - interest reserve	31,331.13	0,00			ð
Vote Cohor Connect Asserts	57,351.45	17,953.46	00.0	(30.141.49)	45,193
Total Other Current Assets	31,231.43		-	(35,141,14)	10,100
		the state of the state of		100 444 300	18 507
Yotal Gurrent Assets	57,351,45	15.2.73	2.00	(30,141.40)	45,247.
Fixed Assets					
Furniture and furums Computer equipment		0.00			0.0
Leasehold improvements		0.00			0.
Accumulated Depreciation	+	0.00			
Total Fired Assets	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
Other Assets					
Restricted cash - Chase CC	0.00				0.
Depotits	52,040.77	565.00 57,131.48			555 149,172
Deferred financing  Due from ALS Holdings Inc.	124,489,532,89	27,141		(124,416,532.89)	0
Other long ferm assets	transcription and	250,000,00			250,000
Total Other Assets	124,640,573.00	347,686.56	0.00	(124,468,532,69)	399,727
					444,574
TOTAL ASSETS	124,597,925,11	365,724,08	2.90	(124.518.574.38)	+44,974
		MARY			
	or the Twee a Month's E	MARY Inding December 3	1, 2011		
f			1, 2011		
	or the Twee o Months E	ndog Dacember 3		nañons	Consolidated
				nadons CR	Consolidated Dec 31, 2011
	or the Taleton Months E  ALS, Holding	ALS, Inc.	Elmin		Consolidated Dec 31, 2011
LIABILITIES A EQUITY	or the Taleton Months E  ALS, Holding	ALS, Inc.	Elmin		Conscilidates Dec 31, 2011
LIADILITIES & EQUITY Liabidion	or the Taleton Months E  ALS, Holding	ALS, Inc.	Elmin		Conscilidated Dec 31, 2011
LIABILITIES & EQUITY Licitátios Current Listrates Accounts Payacia	or the Teenin Months E  ALS, Holding  Dec 31, 2011	ALS, Inc. Dec 31, 2911	Etmin DR		
LIADUTES A EQUITY Liabidios Current Liabidios	or the Taleton Months E  ALS, Holding	ALS, Inc. Dec 31, 2931	DR Etmin	CR	1 323 029
LIABILITIES & EQUITY Ligitation Current Listration Accounts Payable	or the Teenin Months E  ALS, Holding  Dec 31, 2011	ALS, Inc. Dec 31, 2911	Etmin DR		1 323 029
LIABUTTES & EQUITY LIABSON Current Liabson Accounts Payable Accounts payable Liabs Accounts Payable	or the Teesin Months E  ALS, Helding  Dec 31, 2011  112,801.05	ALS, Inc. Dec 31, 2931	DR Etmin	CR	1,323,029
LIABILITIES & EQUATY LIABISES Current Liabistice Accounts Payable Accounts payable TOTA Accounts Payable Ethin Accounts Payable Ethin Counts (Liabistics Accounts payable)	or the Teesin Months E  ALS, Helding  Dec 31, 2011  112,801.05	ALS, Inc. Dec 31, 2911  1241 468 45  724 46 56	DR Etmin	CR	1,323,029 1,323,929 579,904
LIABILITIES & EQUITY Liabidies Accounts Payable Accounts payable Total Accounts Payable Cone County Liabilities Accounts Payable Accounts Account Payable Acco	at the Teeken Months & ALS, Helding Bec. 31, 2011	ALS, Inc.  ALS, Inc.  Dec 31, 2911  1,241,468,65  1,241,468,65  7,0,145,56  7,95,77	DR Etmin	CR	1 323 0 <u>29</u> 1 323 929 1 323 924 579 924 2 886
LIABILITIES & EQUITY Liabities Current Liabities Accounts Payable Accounts payable Liabities Accounts payable Liabities Accounts payable Cone Current Liabities Acquad organized Acctuad properties - dred card Acctuad properties - dred card Acctuad paintylasses Obtented spail	at the Teeken Months & ALS, Helding Bec. 31, 2011	ALS, Inc. Dec 21, 2011  1,241 468 85  7,014 568 67  12 10	DR Etmin	CR	1,323,029 1,323,929 579,904 2,596 12 2,762
LIABUTTES & EQUITY Liablide Current Liablides Accounts Payable Accounts payable Liabl Accounts payable Liabl Accounts payable Cons Carrent Liabbles Account Accounts payable Account payables	at the Teeken Months & ALS, Helding Bec. 31, 2011 112,801.65	ALS me Dec 31, 2011 1,241 468 65 7,0314 56 7,0314 56 7,0315 56 7,0514 56 7,0514 56 7,0514 56 7,0514 56 7,0514 56 7,0514 56	DR Etmin	CR	1 323 029 1 323 929 579 904 2 599 12 2 7 622 54 908
LIABUTTES & EQUITY Liablide Current Liablides Accounts Payable Accounts Expedies Accounts Expedies Liable Accounts Expedies Liable Accounts Expedies Accounts Expedies Account Expedies Teles Expedies Figure Expedies ST Issue Expedies Figure Expedies Figure Expedies Figure Expedies Figure Expedies Figure Expedies	at the Teeken Months & ALS, Helding Bec. 31, 2011 112,801.65	ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  1241,468.85  1241,468.85  1241,468.85  1241,468.85  244,755  245,755  245,755	DR Etmin	CR	1,323,929 1,323,929 579,904 2,896 12 2,762 54,908 4,902 12,682
LIABILITIES & EGUSTY Liabidies Accounts Payable Accounts payable Istal Accounts payable  Cone County Liabilities Accounts payable  Cone County Liabilities Account payable Account payable Account payable Account payable Account payable ST lease Appable Payable Payable Payable Payable Account payable Account payable Account payable Account payable Pa	at the Teeken Months & ALS, Helding Bec. 31, 2011 112,801.65	ALS, ave. Dec 31, 2011  1,241, 468 as 1,241,	DR Etmin	CR	1 323 029 1,323 329 1,323 329 579 904 2 586 12 2 762 5 4 908 4 692 12 662 19 112
LIABILITIES & EGUSTY Liabidities Accounts Payable Accounts payable Cone Current Liabilities Accounts payable Cone Current Liabilities Account payable Cone Current Liabilities Account payable Account payable Account payable Account payable Account payable Account payable ST lease payable Payable Payable Payable Payable (10(a) payable Heath resurrance payable	at the Teeken Months & ALS, Helding Bec. 31, 2011 112,801.65	ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  V241,468.85  T241,868.85  T241,868.85  T241,868.85  T241,868.85  T241,868.85  T241,868.85  T241,868.85  T241,868.85  T241,868.85	DR Etmin	CR	1323,029 1,323,029 579,904 2,586 12 2,762 5,602 6,603 10,102 10,102 10,003 10,0
LIABILITIES & EQUATY  Liabston  Correct Liabston  Accounts Payable  Accounts Payable  Cone County Engales  Cone County Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Account Account Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Deferred spot  Account Accounts Engales  Testes Engales  For of Country  Accounts various populate  ST lease Engales  Accounts various populate  College Engales  Accounts various populate  Accounts	at the Teeken Months & ALS, Helding Bec. 31, 2011 112,801.65	ALS, ave. Dec 31, 2011  1,241, 468 as 1,241,	DR Etmin	CR GOO	1321,029 1,321,929 579,904 2,896 2,762 2,762 2,662 19,112 0,000 10,000 1
LIABILITIES & EQUATY  Liabston  Correct Liabston  Accounts Payable  Accounts Payable  Cone County Engales  Cone County Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Account Account Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Deferred spot  Account Accounts Engales  Testes Engales  For of Country  Accounts various populate  ST lease Engales  Accounts various populate  College Engales  Accounts various populate  Accounts	at the Teeken Months & ALS, Helding Bec. 31, 2011 112,801.65	ALS are Die 31, 2011  1,241,468,65  1,241,46	DR Etmin	CR	1321,029 1,321,029 1,321,029 579,954 2,886 2,762 2,762 13,12 14,654 1,262 10,112 306 31,764 4,764 4,930 10,112 11,123 11,
LIABIL TIES & EQUITY Listidios Current Listation Accounts provides Accounts provides Crise Current Listation Accounts provides Crise Current Listation Accounts provides Crise Current Listation Account provides Account provides Account provides Collected spreames - credit card Account provides Collected spreames - credit card Account provides Collected spreames Street current Account dearning provides Account dearning provides Hashi countries and provides Hashi countries and provides Account crise and P	at the Tech - Months E ALS, Helding Dec 21, 2011  112,601 (6) 112,601 6  372,555 47	ALS, Inc. Dec 31, 2911  1,241,468,85	Elmin DR 00182597 (SG (41 49)	CR 0 00 5 000 000 000	1323.029 1,323.029 1,323.029 579.964 2,889 12 2,762 2,762 19.112 6,062 19.112 306 4,062 19.112 6,062 19.112 6,062 19.112 6,062
LIABILITIES & EQUATY  Liabston  Correct Liabston  Accounts Payable  Accounts Payable  Cone County Engales  Cone County Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Account Account Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Account Accounts Engales  Deferred spot  Account Accounts Engales  Testes Engales  For of Country  Accounts various populate  ST lease Engales  Accounts various populate  College Engales  Accounts various populate  Accounts	at the Teeken Months & ALS, Helding Bec. 31, 2011 112,801.65	ALS are Die 31, 2011  1,241,468,65  1,241,46	DR Etmin	CR 0 00 5 000 000 000	1,323,029
LIABIL TIES & EQUITY Listidios Current Listation Accounts provides Accounts provides Crise Current Listation Accounts provides Crise Current Listation Accounts provides Crise Current Listation Account provides Account provides Account provides Collected spreames - credit card Account provides Collected spreames - credit card Account provides Collected spreames Street current Account dearning provides Account dearning provides Hashi countries and provides Hashi countries and provides Account crise and P	at the Tech - Months E ALS, Helding Dec 21, 2011  112,601 (6) 112,601 6  372,555 47	ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  1241 468 as  1241 eeg as  1241 67 as  147 oc 345 co	Elmin DR 130727597 (30 141 40)	CR 6 00 8.091868 50 8.080,000 00	1,323,029 1,323,029 579,904 2,896 12 2,702 2,702 2,702 19 103 306 6,900,000 4,632,367
LIABIL TIES & EQUITY Listidios Current Listation Accounts provides Accounts provides Crise Current Listation Accounts provides Crise Current Listation Accounts provides Crise Current Listation Account provides Account provides Account provides Collected spreames - credit card Account provides Collected spreames - credit card Account provides Collected spreames Street current Account dearning provides Account dearning provides Hashi countries and provides Hashi countries and provides Account crise and P	at the Tech - Months E ALS, Helding Dec 21, 2011  112,601 (6) 112,601 6  372,555 47	ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  1241 468 as  1241 eeg as  1241 67 as  147 oc 345 co	Elmin DR 00182597 (SG (41 49)	CR 6 00 8.091868 50 8.080,000 00	1,323,029 1,323,029 579,904 2,896 12 2,702 2,702 2,702 19 103 306 6,900,000 4,632,367
LIABILITIES & EQUATY  Liabilities Correct Liabilities Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Accounts Payable  Cone Course? Liabilities Accounts Operations Account Operation Account Operation Institute of Operation Account Operation Accoun	112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 173 505 41	ALS, Inc. Dec 31, 2911  1241,468,85  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86	Elmin DR	5.027.000 60 3.080,000 00 4.080,000 00	1,323,029 1,323,029 579,904 2,896 12 2,702 2,702 2,702 19 103 306 6,900,000 4,632,367
LIABILITIES & EQUATY  Liabilities Correct Liabilities Accounts payable Accounts payable  Gene Country Liabilities Accounts payable  Cone Country Liabilities Account operations Technical payable Technical operations Account operations Account operation Account operation Account operation Marical for any temperation Account operation Account opera	112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 173 505 41	ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  1241 468 45  1241 468 35  1241 468 35  1241 468 36	DR DR (50,141,49)	5.027.000 60 3.080,000 00 4.080,000 00	1,321,029 1,321,029 2,705 2,705 2,705 2,705 2,705 10,105 10,000 4,
LIABILITIES & EQUITY Liabilities Connect Liabilities Accounts Appaide Accounts Appaide Accounts Appaide Connect Canada Accounts Appaide Connect Canada Accounts Appaide Connect Canada Accounts Appaide Accounts Accounts Appaide Accounts Accounts Appaide Accounts Accounts Appaide Accounts Appaide Parofit Conditing Accounts Appaide Health Insurance payable Haddel for and Hepandard care payable Account Liabilities Hotel Payable Leader Brayable Notes payable Leader Brayable Notes payable Leader Brayable Total Sither Current Liabilities  Total Contrart Liabilities Lucy Term Liabilities Notes payable - Leader Brayable Lucy Term Liabilities Notes payable - Leader Brayable Lucy Term Liabilities Notes payable - Leader Brayable Lucy Term Liabilities Notes payable - Leaders	112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 173 505 41	ALS, Inc. Dec 31, 2911  1241,468,85  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86  1241,468,86	DR DR (50,141,49)	5.027.000 60 3.080,000 00 4.080,000 00	1,321,025 1,327,029 579,904 2,896 12,2762 2,762 2,762 3,960 4,962 10,112 3,960 4,960
LIABILITIES & EQUATY  Liabston  Correct Liabston  Accounts Payable  Accounts Payable  Accounts Payable  Cone County England  Account Separable  Account Accounts England  Accounts Accounts England  Accounts Accounts England  Accounts Accounts England  Acc	112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 173 505 41	ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  1241 468 85  T 241 468 85  T	DR DR (50,141,49)	5.027.000 60 3.080,000 00 4.080,000 00	1,321,025 1,327,029 579,904 2,896 12,2762 2,762 2,762 3,960 4,962 10,112 3,960 4,960
LIABILITIES & EGUSTY  Liabston  Correct Liabston  Accounts Payable  Accounts Payable  Accounts Payable  Liabston  Correct Correct Liabston  Accounts Payable  Total Correct Liabston  Accounts Payable  Liabston  Accounts Payable  Notice payable  Total Correct Liabston  Total Correct	112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5)	ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85	Elmin DR 130,123,591 (20,141,49) (50,141,49) 18,066,000,000	6 20 3 6kg (200 kg 4 089 (200 kg	1,321,029 1,321,029 2,596 2,596 2,596 4,692 10,110 10,110 4,000 10,000 4
LIABILITIES & EGUSTY  Licitation Current Listation Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Accounts Payable  Cone Current Listation Account Payable  Cone Current Listation Account Payable Account	112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5) 112 801 (5)	ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85	Elmin DR 150,235,93 (20,141,49) (50,141,49)	6 20 3 6kg (200 kg 4 089 (200 kg	1323.029 1,323.929 1,323.929 17,25 18,06 18,06 19,112 19,1
LIADILITIES & EQUITY LIADISON Current LIABLES Accounts Payable Accounts payable Lotte Accounts payable Lotte Accounts payable Lotte Accounts payable Accounts payable Account payable Account payable Account payable Account payable Account payable Account payable Descriptions Account payable Account payable Account payable Health incurrence payable Account variance payable Mactical for account payable Account variance payable Health incurrence payable Account variance Health incurrence payable Account vise sail p	ar the Technology ALS, Helding Dec 31, 2011  112,801 ©  112,801 ©  372,555.47	ALS, Inc. Dec 31, 2911  1,241, 468 46  1,241, 468 4	000 127501 (20 141 491 15 000,000 601 (174 498 537 60)	5.027.000 60 3.027.000 60 4.027.000 00	\$1323,029 \$1323,029 \$79,904 2,906
LIABILITIES & EGUSTY  Liabston  Correct Liabston  Accounts Payable  Accounts Payable  Accounts Payable  Liabston  Correct Correct Liabston  Accounts Payable  Total Correct Liabston  Accounts Payable  Liabston  Accounts Payable  Notice payable  Total Correct Liabston  Total Correct	ar the Technology ALS, Helding Dec 31, 2011  112,801 ©  112,801 ©  372,555.47	ALS, Inc. Dec 31, 2911  1,241, 468 46  1,241, 468 4	Elmin DR 130,123,591 (20,141,49) (50,141,49) 18,066,000,000	5.027.000 60 3.027.000 60 4.027.000 00	1321028 1320329 579 564 2 596 2 762 2 762 2 762 19 112 3 305 6 300 6 300 7 3000 7 300 7 3000 7 3000
LIABILITIES & EGUSTY  Licitation Current Listation Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Accounts Payable  Line Current Listation Account Payable  Cons Current Listation Account Payable Account	373.555.47 373.555.47 373.555.47 373.555.47	ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  135 236 82  135 236 82  147 24 468 832 86	DR D	5.027.000 60 3.027.000 60 4.027.000 00	1,321,029 1,321,029 1,321,029 2,596 2,596 2,592 2,702 10,110 10,110 10,000 4,000 4,000 10,000
LIGILITIES & EGUSTY  Listation  Current Listation  Accounts Payable  Accounts payable  Lotin Accounts payable  Lotin Accounts payable  Come Current Listation  Acctual reportment  Deformation  French Containing  Acctual payable  Paroli Containing  Acctual vacanon payable  Lotin payable  Hadda for and teleprimater Core payable  Acctual cities est payable  Notes payable  Lotin payable  Lotin payable  Lotin payable  Lotin payable  Lotin Containing  Total Cities Containing  Total Corrent Listations  Total Current Listations  Long Term Listation  Total Corrent Listations  Total Long Term Listations  Total Long Term Listations	112 701 (8) 112 70	ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  135 236 92  135 236 92  135 236 932  155 727 540 15	000 127501 (20 141 491 15 000,000 601 (174 498 537 60)	CR 0 CO 0	1,321,025 1,321,025 2,006 2,006 2,006 2,007 2,007 2,007 10,007 63,000
LIABILITIES & EQUITY  Liabilities  Connect Linksites  Accounts Payables  Accounts Payables  Connect Connect Linksites  Accounts payables  Connect Connect Linksites  Accounts payables  Accounts payables  Accounts payables  Accounts payables  Accounts payables  Accounts payables  ST lease payable  Par of counting  Account quarmonic payable  Account quarmonic payable  Hadded for eart heparater care payable  Account quarmonic payable  Hadded for eart heparater care payable  Account cities and payables  Hadded for eart function  Total Cities and payables  Long Term Liabilities  Total Connect Liabilities  Long Term Liabilities  Total Connect Liabilities  Total Liabil	112,701 (5) 112,70	ALS, Inc. Dec 31, 2011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 466, 7011  1(241, 468, 466, 7011  1(241, 468, 466, 7011  1(241, 468, 532, 466, 532, 46	60mm 08 130 187507 (50 141 49) 15 06 0,000 607 (174 486 532 60) (132 566 592 80) (132 566 574 75)	CR 0 CO 0	1,323,025 1,323,029 1,323,029 2,590 2,590 2,762 15,603 4,603 2,2662 19,112 2,762 19,112 306 6,300 6,300 6,300 10,763,167
LIABILITIES & ECUSTY  Licitation  Current Listation  Accounts Payable  Accounts Payable  Accounts Payable  Cone Current Listation  Account programme  Account program	112,701 (5) 112,70	ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  135 236 92  135 236 92  135 236 932  155 727 540 15	60mm 08 130 187507 (50 141 49) 15 06 0,000 607 (174 486 532 60) (132 566 592 80) (132 566 574 75)	5.021.003.00 3.021.003.00 6.020.000.00 6.020.000.00 5.020.000.00	1,323,025 1,323,029 579,964 2,896 2,896 2,662 19,112 3,96 4,96 4,96 4,96 4,96 4,96 4,96 4,96 4
LABULTIES & EQUITY Listation Corners Listation Accounts Payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Corners Listation Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Account payable Account payable Accounts payable Account payable Account payable Payable payable Payable Health insurance payable Health insurance payable Health insurance payable Account use and supportant care payable Account use and support support Account of the support of the support Total Content Listations  Volal Conten	112,701 (5) 112,70	ALS, Inc. Dec 31, 2011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 465, 7011  1(241, 468, 466, 7011  1(241, 468, 466, 7011  1(241, 468, 466, 7011  1(241, 468, 532, 466, 532, 46	6000 (50,141.49) (50,141.49) (50,141.49) (50,000,000.60) (174.488.532.60) (179.568.592.80)	5.021.003.00 3.021.003.00 6.020.000.00 6.020.000.00 5.020.000.00	1,321,025 1,321,025 2,006 2,006 2,006 2,007 2,007 2,007 10,007 63,000
LABILITIES & ECUSTY  Listation Correct Listation Accounts Psystation Accounts psystation Lista Accounts psystation Correct Listation Accounts psystation Ordered used Accounts psystation French Constraint Accounts developed to the psystation Period Constraint Accounts developed to the psystation Health insurance psystation Health insurance psystation Health insurance psystation Health insurance psystation Account (its est psystation Accounts (its est psystation Total Correct Listations  Total Correct Listations  Total Correct Listation Total Correct Listation Total Correct Listation Total	112,701 (5) 112,70	ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  135 286 81  137 468 832 86  137 468 832 86  137 468 832 86  137 488 832 86  137 488 832 86  138 727 848 15	000 (50,141.49) (137,556,502.86) (137,556,502.86) (137,556,502.86) (137,556,502.86) (137,556,502.86) (137,556,502.86) (137,556,502.86) (137,556,502.86)	0 00 3 040 000 00 4 040 000 00 5 040 000 00 2 104472 00	1,321,026 1,321,026 1,321,026 2,100 2,100 2,100 2,100 3,100 3,100 4,100 4,100 4,100 10,100
LABUITES & EQUITY  Listelion Cerrent Listellon Accounts Payable Accounts Payable  Loria Accounts Payable  Connect Listellon Accounts Payable  Connect Listellon Accounts Payable  Connect Listellon Accounts Payable  Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts payable Account payable Parof constring Account vacation payable Account vacation payable Account vacation payable Notes payable Notes payable Notes payable Listellon Account Listellon  Total Sither Connect Listellon  Total Sither Connect Listellon  Total Corrent Listellon  Total Listel	112,701 (5) 112,70	ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  ALS me. Dec 31, 2911  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  1241 468 85  135 286 81  137 468 832 86  137 468 832 86  137 468 832 86  137 488 832 86  137 488 832 86  138 727 848 15	6000 (50,141.49) (50,141.49) (50,141.49) (50,000,000.60) (174.488.532.60) (179.568.592.80)	0 00 3 040 000 00 4 040 000 00 5 040 000 00 2 104472 00	1,321,925 1,321,925 579,904 2,996 2,996 2,996 3,997 4,993 3,997 4,993 4,997 10,997 11,998 11,

		fa Sciences in:	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	St. For the Twelve Marins	Ending December 3	11. 2013		
					ſ
	ALS, Holding	Alske		nebone	Corvindnied
	Dec 31, 2013	Dec 31, 2013	DR	CR	Dec 31, 7015
ASSETS	_	·			
Current Assets		i			ì
Chestony/Severgs Cach - Leaders	-0.60	000		<b></b>	600
Cath - JPM Chase Operating	0.00	0.00	(	<u> </u>	0.00
Cath - Bank of America Cath - REW	3,110,00	0.90	<u> </u>		3,110.00
		-	-		F
Total Checking/Surrige	3,110 Ca	6 66	0.00	3 00	3,110.08
Actourts Receivable	363				
Grant Receivable		0.00		<u> </u>	<u></u>
Your Account Receipate	8 83	0.00	0.00	0.00	500
Other Current Assets		<del></del>	ļ		<b></b>
Prepaid expenses	0.00			THE PARTY OF THE P	(30 141.49
Prepaid startings Restricted Coath - Interest reserve	57,361,45	17,983.40	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	75,334,01 0 00
Total Other Current Assets		17,965.46	0.00		-
1000 CONTRICTOR	57,351.45	17,903.40 F	-	(30,141,48	46,160 42
· Value of the contract of the					
Total Current Assets	60 261 53	17,989,48	0.60	(\$0,141,46)	46,303.50
Ford Assets		6,00			000
Compiler equives		0.00			063
Leasetchiarsprovements Accumulated Depreciation		0.00			0.00
	-	,			1-
Total Fisad Assets	0 20	0.00	5,00	3,00	0 00
Other Assets		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Restricted costs - Chase CC Deposits		595 09		<del> </del>	555 05
Deferred financing	52,040.77	97,131.48			149,172.23
Dus Sem ALS Holdings, Inc. Citier long later assets	124,488 532.89	250,000.00		[124,488,532.89]	250,000,00
		-		L.	
Total Other Assets	124 540,573,66	T	000		
IOTAL ASSETS	124,601,035.16	385,870 01	0.00	(124,516,974.39)	448,030.82
<u> </u>	Advanced Li	re Sciences, Inc.	S	E	12
and the second s	SUI	MARY			
	or the Twelve Months	Enting December 3	1,2013		
	ALS, Holding	ALS, Inc	Eim	nadama	Ceracidated
	ALS, Helding Dec 31, 2013	ALS, bc Dec 31, 2013	Etm. DR	narbama CR	Ceracidated Dec 31, 2013
A SAMPLE STATE OF THE SAMP	ALS, Helding Dec 31, 2013	ALS, bc Dec 31, 2013	Etm. DR		
(ABMINES & EGUNY Louises	ALS, Helding Dec 31, 2013	ALS, ke Dec 31, 2013	Ekmi DR		
Current Listelities  Accounts Payaria	ALS, Helderg Dec 31, 2013	ALS, Inc Dec 31, 2013	Elm. OR		
Lobites	ALS, Helding Dec 31, 2013	Dec 31, 2013	Etm. DR		Occ 31, 2013
Lobates Carrol Lisbities Accounts Payetts Accounts payetts	Dec 31, 2013	Dec 31, 2013	DR .		Uec 31, 2013
Lobities Commit Libelies Receives Payors Account payors Take Accounts Payors  Take Accounts Payors	Dec 31, 2013	Dec 31, 2013	DR .	CR	Uec 31, 2013
Lobates Carrol Lobdoes Results Payots Accounts popula Lota Accounts popula Lota Accounts Payots Cola Accounts Payots Colar Carrol Lobates	Dec 3), 2013	(341,466.65	OR (30.141.49)	CR	1.3/3,920 31 1,3/3,920 31
Lobates Carrol Lobdoes Results Payots Accounts popula Lota Accounts popula Lota Accounts Payots Cola Accounts Payots Colar Carrol Lobates	Dec 31, 2013	(241,466,65 (241,466,65 (241,466,65 204,224,61 (244,467,65 (244,67)	DR (30.141.49)	CR	1,323,926 51 1,323,926 51 1,325,626 31 682,726 33
Lobates Count Lobates Recurs Pay214 Account Pay214 Account Pay214 Cone Count Debtors Account primes Account pri	Dec 3), 2013	00:231,2013 (241,468.65 (241,468.65 246.71 (240,768.65 (240,768.6	OR (30,141.49)	CR	1,323,926 51 1,323,926 51 1,325,526 31 592,726 35 12,106 7,107,107
Lobates Count Lobates Recurs Pay214 Account Pay214 Account Pay214 Cone Count Debtors Account primes Account pri	Dec 3), 2013	(341, 464 45 (341, 464 45 (341, 464 45 204, 224 67 (346 77 (362 44 (453) 76	0R (30.14).49)	CR	1,3/1,9/2/5/3/ 1,3/1,9/2/5/3/ 1,3/2,5/2/3/3/ 2,2/2/3/3/ 2,2/2/3/3/3/ 2,2/2/3/3/3/4/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/
Lobities Correl Listobes Persons Percis Accords Percis Accords Percis Other Correl Calcula Correl Corr	Dec 3), 2013	1247.468.65   1247.468.65   1247.468.65   1247.468.65   1248.66   1248.66	DR	CR	1,3/1,6/2/6/31 1,3/1,6/2/6/31 1,3/2,6/2/6/31 1,3/2,6/2/6/31 1,3/2,6/2/6/31 1,3/2,6/2/6/31 1,3/2,6/2/6/31 1,3/2,6/2/6/31 1,3/2,6/2/6/31 1,3/2,6/2/6/31 1,3/2,6/2/6/31
Lobation Control Listables Research Program Research Program Accords Private Coher Control Listables Accords Private Coher Control Listables Accords opposites Accords opposit	Dec 3), 2013	(341,464.65 (341,464.65 (341,464.65 (346.71 (346.71 (346.72 (457.25 (547.72 (547.71)	DR	CR	1,321,524,37 1,321,524,37 1,321,524,37 2,525,32 1,221,52 1,221,52 1,245,54 1,24
Lobation Control Listables Neurals Page 14 Accused propule  Fold Accused Pegalla  Coher Commet Calculat  Accused primers Accused optimers Accused primers Accused accu	Dec 3), 2013	Dec 31, 2013  [341, des 65  [341, des 65  2446 71  2762 94  3762 95  4 557 25  - 10 112 10  368 47	08 (30.14).49)	CR	1,373,020 31 1,373,020 31 1,373,020 31 1,373,020 31 1,210 1,
Lobation Control Listables Neurals Page 14 Accused propule  Fold Accused Pegalla  Coher Commet Calculat  Accused primers Accused optimers Accused primers Accused accu	Dec 3), 2013	(341,464.65 (341,464.65 (341,464.65 (346.71 (346.71 (346.72 (457.25 (547.72 (547.71)	08 (30.14).49)	CR	1,373,676 31 1,373,676 31 1,373,676 31 1,373,676 31 1,373,676 31 1,374,677 31 1,374
Lobation Control Listables Neurals Page 14 Accused propule  Fold Accused Pegalla  Coher Commet Calculat  Accused primers Accused optimers Accused primers Accused accu	Dec 3), 2013	Dec 31, 2013  (281, 466, 65  (281, 468, 65  2, 64, 71  2, 62, 64  4, 627, 75  (281, 661, 65)  (281, 661, 65)  (381, 661, 65)  (381, 661, 65)  (381, 661, 65)  (381, 661, 65)  (381, 661, 65)	08 (30.14).49)	CR	1,373,826 31 1,373,826 31 1,373,626 31 1,373,626 31 1,374,626 31 1,374,627 1,4
Lobition Correct Listables Neurona Prograt Accused Prograt Accused Prograt Accused Prograt  Cohe Correct Listables Accused optiment Accused optiment Accused optiment Accused Optiment Accused Optiment Accused Destroy Accuse	Dec 31, 2013   112,001 85   112,001 85   316,065 41	0x231,7013	DR	GR 0 000	9er 21, 2013  1.333,526.23  9er 2 2013  9er 2 2013  2.186.73  1.2 10  2.186.73  2.186.
Lobation Control Listables Neurals Page 14 Accused propule  Fold Accused Pegalla  Coher Commet Calculat  Accused primers Accused optimers Accused primers Accused accu	Dec 3), 2013	0x231,7013	08 (30.14).49)	GR 0 000	9er 21, 2013  1.333,526.23  9er 2 2013  9er 2 2013  2.186.73  1.2 10  2.186.73  2.186.
Lobities Correct Listobes Persons Program Accords Prijable Correct Cabriel Accords Prijable Correct Cabriel Accords Prijable Correct Cabriel Accords Prijable Accords Prijable Accords Prijable Accords Listobes A	112,001 85 112,001 85 112,001 85 112,001 86	Dec 31, 2013  (241, dec 65  (241, dec 65  24437  (241, dec 65  (241, dec	DR (30.141.0)	CR G 60 A 500 500 00	0ec 31, 2013  1.24\2025  1.24\2025  1.25\2025  1.25\2025  1.25\2025  2.25\2025  2.26\202
Lobities Correct Listodes Recursis Program Recursis Program Accordis Prijable  Other Correct Listodes Accordis Prijable  Other Correct Listodes Accordis Lis	Dec 31, 2013   112,001 85   112,001 85   316,065 41	Dec 31, 2013  (241, dec 65  (241, dec 65  24437  (241, dec 65  (241, dec	DR	GR 0 000	0ec 31, 2013  1.24\2025  1.24\2025  1.25\2025  1.25\2025  1.25\2025  2.25\2025  2.26\202
Lobition Correct Listables Necessian Program Necessian Program Accused program Gold Accused Program Accused oppress Accused oppress Accused oppress Accused oppress Accused oppress Accused program Accused Ac	Dec 31, 2013   112, 601 85   112, 607 65   516,065 41   126,005 67   126,005 67	Dec 31, 2013  (241, 666 65  (241, 666 65  (241, 666 65  24467)  (27) 244  (27) 244  (27) 246  (26) 26	08 (30.141.49)	4,000,000 00 4,000,000 00 4,000,000 00	0ec 31, 2013  1.331, 926.33  1.325, 822.33  582.73  582.73  682.74  68
Location Cornel Landbee Neural Page 14 Accused propole  Fold Accused Page 14 Accused propole  Fold Accused Page 14 Accused primer Accused primers Accused accused accused primers Accused accused accused primers Accused accused prim		Dec 31, 2013  (121, 466, 45  (121, 4	08 (30,141,49) (30,141,49) (4,000,900,09)	4,000,000 00 4,000,000 00 4,000,000 00	1.24 V2 52 7 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Lobities Cornel Listobes Persons Pagetti Account Pegetti Account Pegetti Account Pegetti Control Control Account Pegetti Control Control Account Pegetti Control Control Account Pegetti Accou		Dec 31, 2013  (121, 466, 45  (121, 4	08 (30,141,49) (30,141,49) (4,000,900,09)	4,000,000 00 4,000,000 00 4,000,000 00	0ec 31, 2013  1.241, 126.5  1.325, 126.3  1.
Lobition Correct Listobes Research Program Research Program Research Program Research Program Research Program Research	312,801 85 112,801 85 112,801 85 316,055 41 370,035 47	0x231,7013  (141,464,45  (241,4	08 (30,141,49) (30,141,49) (4,900,990,99)	4,000,000 to	0ec 31, 2013  1.331, 220.3  1.325, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  522, 220.3  523, 220.3  523, 220.3  524, 220.3  524, 220.3  525, 220.3  526, 220.3  527, 152, 152, 152, 152, 152, 152, 152, 152
Lobators Cornel Listables Necurias Prograt Accused prograt Accused prograt Accused prograt Accused options Coher Commer Listables Accused options Accused options Accused options Accused programs Accused program	112,801 85 112,801 85 112,801 85 216,955 41 216,955 42	0 = 31, 2013  (241, 464, 45  (241, 4	08 (30,141,49) (30,141,49) (4,000,990,99) (4,000,990,99)	4,500,000 00 4,500,000 00 1,000,000 00	0ec 31, 2013  1.333, 926.33  1.325, 822.33  5.325, 73.325, 73.325  1.325, 73.325
Lobities  Cornel Lishdes  Persons Pagett  Accords Pagett  Accords Pagett  Connel Catalog  Connel Catalog  Connel Catalog  Connel Catalog  Accords pagett  Lishdes Egymen Lecateur  Accords pagett  Lishdes Egymen Lecateur  Accords pagett  Barrel pagett  Barrel pagett  Barrel pagett  Lishdes Egymen Lecateur  Accord pagett  Barrel pagett  Lishdes Egymen Lecateur  Accord pagett  Lishdes Pagett  Lishdes Pagett  Lishdes Lishdes Egymen  Lishdes Lishdes Egymen  Lishdes Lishdes Egymen  Lishdes Lishdes Egymen  Lishdes Lishdes  Lishdes  Lishdes  Lishdes Lishdes  Lishdes Lishdes  Lishdes Lishdes  Lishdes Lis	112,801 85 112,801 85 112,801 85 112,801 86 112,801 87 112,801 87 112,801 87 112,801 87	06:231,7013  (241,464.65  (241,	08 (30,141,49) (30,141,49) (4,900,900,00) (4,900,900,00) (4,900,900,00)	4,000,000 00 4,000,000 00 1,000,000 00 (500,000 00	0ec 31, 2013  1.241, 124.5  1.241, 124.5  1.241, 124.5  1.242, 124.5  1.
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Actorization Expenses Enterprised practices structure Enterprised practices structure Enterprised practices structure Enterprised practices Conference & sension Frinches Lame Frinches Enterprised Enterprised Rest Common lame strucklenics Deprised Rest Common lame strucklenics Enterprised Deprised Enterprised En	ALE, Helding Dec 31, 2015	ALS. bc.  Osc. 31, 2019  COO. 30, 20	- Ellain		000 31, 2015  0 000
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Activity and Expenses  Engineering of mathers in hearts of the property of mathers in hearts of the property o	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	A15. No. One 31, 2016  C00, 31, 2016  C00, 30, 2016  C00, 000  C00	- Ellain		000 31, 2015  000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000
Activity and Expenses  Engineering of mathews charactery Engineering Engineering Conference & sension Conference & sension Conference & sension Frinches Lines Frinches Rent Common year reputationate Rent Rent Rent Common year reputationate Frinches Rent Rent Lines Frinches Lines Lines Lines Frinches Lines	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	A15. No. One 31, 2016  COM 31, 2016  COM 30,	- Ellain		000 31, 2015  000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000
Actorization Express  Encoproport of enchant interpret Encoproport of enchant interpret Enchant carry Conference & sensure Coperporting Conference & sensure Frigin & postope Office succion Frinchine Enchant Frigin & postope Office succion Enchanted Enchanted Enchanted Frigin & postope  Office succion Rent Common man manufamence Depression Depression Depression Depression Telephoneristics Enchanted Encha	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	A15. No. One 31, 2016  C00, 31, 2016  C00, 30, 2016  C00, 000  C00	- Ellain		000 31, 2015  0 000  0
ACT PRINTED SEPTIMES  Encopyror of enchors incoming Encopyror of enchors incoming Encopyror of enchors incoming Conference & sension Copyright and enchors Copyright and enchors Frinches Lame Fring & postage Office anotics Common seas repeated  Fall Administration Expenses  Fall State Expense Annt Common seas repeated Common seas repeated Encopyright (season) Populy and cleanly released Encopyright (season) Populy and cleanly released Encopyright (season) Repeated Tright (season) Fall Footies Expense  Limit State Expense  Tright (season)	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	A15. bc. Oos 31, 2016  C00 31, 2016  C00 30,	- Ellain		000 31, 2015  0 000  0
ACT Transactor Expressor  Encoproporal practices interpret Bank cargo; Conference & sension Conference & sension Conference & sension Frinches Lame Fring & postage Office subject Office subject Office subject  Fall Activities Express Rent Conference was repeated to Depression Depression Depression Depression Transactor Transacto	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	A15. No. One 31, 2016  C00 31, 2016  C00 30,	- Ellain	CR 0	000 31, 2015  0 000  0
ACT PRINTED SEPTIMES  Encopyror of enchors incoming Encopyror of enchors incoming Encopyror of enchors incoming Conference & sension Copyright and enchors Copyright and enchors Frinches Lame Fring & postage Office anotics Common seas repeated  Fall Administration Expenses  Fall State Expense Annt Common seas repeated Common seas repeated Encopyright (season) Populy and cleanly released Encopyright (season) Populy and cleanly released Encopyright (season) Repeated Tright (season) Fall Footies Expense  Limit State Expense  Tright (season)	0.000 0.000	A15. bc. Oos 31, 2016  C00 31, 2016  C00 30,	- Ellain		000 31, 2015

	Advanced L	l'e Sciences, Inc.			
	SU	MARY			
Fc	the Turke Horans	Ending December 3	7, 2015	[	·····
		1			
	Oec 31, 2013	ALS, inc. Dec 31, 2015	DR Elec	rations CR	Consolidated Dec 31, 2015
					- Manager
ASSET8			<u> </u>		
Current Assets Checking/Szczgs	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
Cash - Leaders Cosh - JPM Chase Operating	0.00	0.00			0.0
Cash - Bank of America	3,173.10	0.00			3,173,1
Cash - RSVP	8.00	<del> </del>	ļ	<del></del>	Q.C
Total Checking Savings	3,175.10	0.00	6.00	0.00	3,173.1
	0.00	0.00	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Accounts Receivable Grant Receivable	1 0.00			<del> </del>	
			<u> </u>		-
Total Account Receivibale	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
Other Current Assets					<u></u>
Prepaid expenses Prepaid trauserse	2,828.87 57,351.45	(0.50) 17,983.48		1. Papinedistrier in person	75.334.5
Restricted cash - interest reserve		6.66			75.334.1 0.0
Total Other Current Assats	60,160 32	17,983.48	0.00	(30,141,49)	48,022.2
			L	-	
Total Current Assets	69,353.61	17,683.48	C.00	(30,141,49)	51,195.4
Fired Assets Furnishes and Bourse		0.00	ļ		0.0
Computer equipment		0.00	1		9.0
Leasehold Improvements Accumulated Depreciation	<del></del>	0.00		<del></del>	0.0
	-	F	ļ	£	
Total Fixed Assets	0.00	0.00	6,60	0.00	0.0
Other Assets				<u> </u>	
Restricted cash - Chase GC	0.00	555.09	<b></b>	ļ	555.0
Deposits Defened financing	52,040.77	97,131.46		<del> </del>	149,172.2
Due trom ALS Holdings, Inc.	124,488,532.89			(124,468,512.69)	0.0
Other long term assets	<del> </del>	250,000.00	<del></del>	<u> </u>	250,000 0
Total Other Assets	124.540,573.06	347,686,55	0.00	(124,488,532.69)	399,727.3
OTALASSETS	124,603,927.17	385,670.01	0 00	(124,518,674.36)	450,922.8
Y/C 794519		*	-	- (12-,010,01-2-2)	430.322.0
	Advenced Li	le Belances, Inc.			
	to Drove Houte	ANARY	1 2015		
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	ALS, Halding	ALS, Inc.		nutions CB	Consolidated
	ALS, Helding Dec 31, 2015	ALS, Inc. Dec 31, 2015	Elmi D9	nuzions CR	Consolidated Dec 31, 2015
ASLITES I EQUITY					
Correct Indica					
Labilise Corrent Liabilise Accounts Payable		Dec 31, 2015	DR		Dec 31, 2015
Labilise Current Liabilises Accounts Payabls Accounts payabls	Dec 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2015	massinama FRI II S. S. d.	CR	Dec 31, 2015
Labilise Corrent Liabilise Accounts Payable	Dec 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2015	massimum (1901)		Dec 31, 2015
Labidies Corrent Listifies Accounts Payatis Accounts Dayable Total Accounts Dayable Onser Corrent Listifiess	112,601,95	1,241,458.65	massinama FRI II S. S. d.	CR	Dec 31, 2015
Unidate Content Unidates Accourts Peyado Accourts Deyados Total Accourts Peyados Other Content Unidates Accourt Content Unidates Accourt outnoons	Dec 31, 2015	1,241,458.65 1,243,455.65	massinama FRI II S. S. d.	CR	1323 9243 1323 9243 1323 9243 244510.6
Unifies Account Intelliges Accounts Payable Total Accounts Payable Total Accounts Payable Other Current Liabilities Account operates	112,601,95	1,241,459.65 1,241,459.65 1,241,455.65 200,224.91 2,865.71	DQ	CR	1323 9243 1323 9243 1323 9243 244510.6
Libitiss Current Libitiss Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Payable Total Accounts Payable Other Current Libitiss Accounts present Account of present Account opposition Account purchases Obligated cite Obligated cite	112,601,95	1,241,458.65 1,241,458.65 200,224.91 2,863.71 12,100,24	DQ	CR	1323 9243 1323 9243 1323 9243 244510.6
Datifician   Content Intelligent   Content Intelligent   Accounts Prycable   Accounts Prycable   Total Accounts Prycable   Total Accounts Prycable   Account Content Intelligent   Account Content Intelligent   Account Content Content   Account Content Content   Account   Accou	112,601,95	1,241,459.65 1,241,459.65 1241,455.65 200,224.91 12.10 2,762.94 54,603,79	DQ	CR	0ec 31, 2015  1, 323,926,3  1, 323,926,3  594,510,6  2, 682,7  1, 71  2, 762,0  3, 602,1  4, 103,2
Content Listifices Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Accounts payable Total Accounts payable Other Content Listifices Account opposes	112,601,95	1,241,458.65 1,241	DQ	CR	0ec 31, 2015  1 323 924 3  1 323 925 3  1 323 926 3  2 362 3  2 362 3  4 4 505 6  2 4 6 50 6  4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Unifies Account Deputs Account Deputs Total Account Deputs Total Account Deputs Other Current Liabilities Account Deputs Accou	112,601,95	1,241,456.65 1,241,456.65 1,241,456.65 200,724.91 2,265.71 12,10 2,762.94 4,982.25 1,268.11 19,112.16	DQ	CR	1,323,924,3 (323,924,3 (323,929,3 2,945,510,8 2,945,510,8 3,605,7 4,1672,7 1,93,12,1
Unificial Commit Initiation Accounts Psychola Accounts psychola Total Accounts Psychola Other Current Unificial Accounts psychola Commit Current Unificial Accounts psychola Accounts psychola Accounts psychola Commit Currents Accounts psychola Si losse psychola Si losse psychola Si losse psychola Commit Currents Accounts psychola Si losse psychola Accounts psychola Accounts psychola Accounts psychola Haddin psychola Sidden psyc	112,601,95	1,241,459.65 1,241,459.65 1,241,459.65 200,274.97 2,853.77 12.10 2,1762.94 4,962.26 12,662.10 10,112.16	DQ	CR	1,323,924,3 1,323,924,3 1,323,924,3 1,323,924,3 2,443,7 2,443,7 2,443,7 1,443,
Unificial Commit Initiation Accounts Psychola Accounts psychola Total Accounts Psychola Other Current Unificial Accounts psychola Commit Current Unificial Accounts psychola Accounts psychola Accounts psychola Commit Currents Accounts psychola Si losse psychola Si losse psychola Si losse psychola Commit Currents Accounts psychola Si losse psychola Accounts psychola Accounts psychola Accounts psychola Haddin psychola Sidden psyc	112,601,95	1,241,456.65 1,241,456.65 1,241,456.65 200,724.91 2,265.71 12,10 2,762.94 4,982.25 1,268.11 19,112.16	DQ	GR	0ec 31, 2015  1,323,925,3  1,323,925,3  1,323,925,3  2,45,5,5  2,45,5
Unifies Accounts Psychol Accounts psychol Accounts psychol Total Accounts Psychol Other Current Liabilities Account opposites Account opposites—deal card Account oversion psychola (a) (ii) psychol Health resurrence psychola Account opposite Health resurrence psychol Health resurrence psychol Account opposite Health resurrence psychol Health resurrence psychol Health resurrence psychol Account opposite Health resurrence psychol Account opposite Health resurrence psychol Account opposite Health resurrence psychol Health resurrence psychol Account opposite Health resurrence psychol Account	112,601,95	1,241,456.65 1,241,456.65 1,241,456.65 200,724.91 1,210 2,762.94 4,982.25 1,268.17 1,10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	DQ	CR	0ec 31, 2018  1,323,924,3  1,323,924,3  2,322,32  2,322,32  1,71  2,727,6  3,627,0  10,72,0
Unified  Account Psychol Account psychol Account psychol Other Current Liabilities Account psychol Other Current Liabilities Account opporates Deferred cert Account overstance psychola Si lease psychola Factoris opporates Account overstance psychola Account overstance psychola Health instrumence psychola Health instrumence psychola Account opporate Account opporate Health instrumence psychola Account opporate Account o	112,601,83 112,601,83 112,601,83	200,224.91 1,241,456.65 1,241,456.65 200,224.91 12,100 2,100.04 4,952.25 1,266.11 10,100 306.47 1,000 0,000 0,000.00	D9	680	0ec 31, 2015  1,323,924,3  1,323,924,3  1,323,924,3  2,562,1  1,761,1  2,662,1  1,9,1  1,603,1  1,9,1  1,0,0  1,0,
Unifies Accounts Psychol Accounts psychol Accounts psychol Total Accounts Psychol Other Current Liabilities Account opposites Account opposites—deal card Account oversion psychola (a) (ii) psychol Health resurrence psychola Account opposite Health resurrence psychol Health resurrence psychol Account opposite Health resurrence psychol Health resurrence psychol Health resurrence psychol Account opposite Health resurrence psychol Account opposite Health resurrence psychol Account opposite Health resurrence psychol Health resurrence psychol Account opposite Health resurrence psychol Account	112,601,95	1,241,456.65 1,241,456.65 1,241,456.65 200,724.91 1,210 2,762.94 4,982.25 1,268.17 1,10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	DQ	GR	0ec 31, 2018  1,323,924,3  1,323,924,3  1,323,924,3  2,564,510,8  2,56
Content Listifies Accounts Psychols Accounts psychols Total Accounts psychols Total Accounts psychols Other Current Listifiese Account openinese - deed card Account openinese Si less psychols Si less psychols Account openinese - deed card Account	112,601,83 112,601,83 112,601,83	1,241,458.65 1,241,458.65 1,241,458.65 200,224.91 2,162.94 2,563.71 1,210 2,162.94 1,922.25 1,2,642.19 1,911,216 0,000 0	D9	680	0ec 31, 2018  1,323,924,3  1,323,924,3  1,323,924,3  2,564,510,8  2,56
Unified  Account Psychol Account psychol Account psychol Other Current Liabilities Account psychol Other Current Liabilities Account opporates Deferred cert Account overstance psychola Si lease psychola Factoris opporates Account overstance psychola Account overstance psychola Health instrumence psychola Health instrumence psychola Account opporate Account opporate Health instrumence psychola Account opporate Account o	112,601,83 112,601,83 112,601,83	200,224.91 1,241,456.65 1,241,456.65 200,224.91 12,100 2,100.04 4,952.25 1,266.11 10,100 306.47 1,000 0,000 0,000.00	D9	680	0ec 31, 2018  1, 322, 924, 3  1, 323, 924, 3  1, 323, 924, 3  544, 510, 6  2, 452, 17, 11  2, 764, b  4, 605, 17, 11  3, 11, 11  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3,
Content Listifies Accounts Payable Accounts Payable  Total Accounts payable  Other Cornect Listifies Accounts payable  Other Cornect Listifies Accounts operated accounts and accounts payable Accounts operated accounts accounts accounts and accounts payable Silvers payable Account version payable Silvers payable Account version payable Account payable Silvers payab	112.601.85 112.601.85 112.601.85 378.226.77	200,724,97 1,241,456,65 1,241,455,65 200,724,97 1,250 2,762,40 1,050,70 1,000 306,47 1,000 0,000	0 co		0ec 31, 2018  1, 322, 924, 3  1, 323, 924, 3  1, 323, 924, 3  544, 510, 6  2, 452, 17, 11  2, 764, b  4, 605, 17, 11  3, 11, 11  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3, 12, 12  3,
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Content Listifies Accounts Psychols Accounts psychols Total Accounts psychols Total Accounts psychols  Other Current Listifies Accounts openates Account openates Total Country Account openates Accountry	112.601.85 112.601.85 112.601.85 378.226.77	1,241,456.65 1,241,456.65 1,241,456.65 1,241,456.65 200,224.91 1,210 2,762.94 4,982.25 1,2,642.95 1,9,112.16 1,0,666,06 0,000 0,000,000 1,562,572.41	(30,141.49) (30,141.49) (4,000.000.09)		0ec 31, 2015  1, 322, 924, 3  1, 322, 924, 3  1, 323, 924, 3  541, 510, 6  2, 452, 1  1, 7, 1  1, 7, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1
Content Listifies Accounts Psychols Accounts psychols Total Accounts psychols Total Accounts psychols Other Current Listifies Account openates Si least psychols Si least psychols Si least psychols Account openates Account openates Account openates Health psychols Health psychols Health psychols Health psychols Health psychols Account openates Health psychols Health psychols Account openate Management psychols Account openate Management Account openate Health psychols Account openate Management Account openate Management Total Other Current Listificies Total Other Current Listificies Total Other Current Listificies Total Other Current Listificies Total Outer Current Listificies Total Outer Current Listificies Total Outer Current Listificies Total Outer Current Listificies	112.601.85 112.601.85 112.601.85 378.226.77	1,241,450.85 1,241,450.85 1,241,450.85 1,241,450.85 1,241,450.85 1,260.71 1,210 1,21	(30,141.49) (30,141.49) (4,000.000.09)		0ec 31, 2015  1, 322, 924, 3  1, 322, 924, 3  1, 323, 924, 3  541, 510, 6  2, 452, 1  1, 7, 1  1, 7, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1  1, 1, 1  1, 1
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# UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Before the SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

**ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING**File No. 3-17293

In the Matter of

Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc., et al.,

Respondents.

### DECLARATION OF MARVA D. SIMPSON IN SUPPORT OF DIVISION OF ENFORCEMENT'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY DISPOSITION AS TO ADVANCED LIFE SCIENCES HOLDINGS, INC.

MARVA D. SIMPSON, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, declares:

- 1. I am a Special Counsel in the Office of Enforcement Liaison in the Division of Corporation Finance ("Corporation Finance") of the Securities and Exchange Commission. I have held this position since 2003. My primary duties include assessing, processing and referring delinquent issuers to the Division of Enforcement. I am submitting this Declaration in support of the Division of Enforcement's Motion for Summary Disposition as to Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc. ("ADLS").
- 2. The following is based upon personal knowledge. On March 3, 2014, Corporation Finance sent a delinquency letter by certified mail with a return receipt requested to ADLS. The delinquency letter stated that the company appeared to be delinquent in its periodic filings and warned that it could be subject to revocation without further notice if it did not file its required reports within fifteen days of the date of the letter. A signed return receipt for the letter shows the letter was delivered on March 12,

- 2014. True copies of the delinquency letter and signed return receipt are attached hereto as Simpson Declaration Exhibit 1.
- 3. On March 21, 2014 I spoke by telephone to Michael Flavin, the CEO of ADLS. He asked for an accommodation to file a comprehensive filing for its missing filings. I told him that generally after a delinquency letter is sent, that the Corporation Finance Office of the Chief Accountant will not grant such an accommodation. He asked if the company could still possibly apply for an accommodation since he had already been in discussions with Jeff Reidler, another Corporation Finance staff member in the group assigned to review filings made by companies in the same industry as ADLS. He said that Mr. Reidler had never told him to request an accommodation to do a comprehensive filing. I told Mr. Flavin that I would have to have a conversation with the staff to see if an accommodation would be appropriate. No such accommodation was ever issued.
- 4. I told Mr. Flavin that if the company wished to become current by filing all of its delinquent filings it should send a letter of intention with a specific date by which the company would make its filings. I also told Mr. Flavin that this was not a waiver or grant of any kind for an extension of time and that the Division of Enforcement could still choose to pursue enforcement action for the late filings.
- 5. On March 24, 2014, Mr. Flavin sent a letter to Corporation Finance, a true copy of which is attached as Simpson Declaration Ex. 2. Among other things, in this letter Mr. Flavin said that his belief that ADLS would be "completely up-to-date with the required filings by September 30, 2014." Simpson Declaration Ex. 3.

6. As of the date of this declaration, ADLS has failed to file any periodic reports since its Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2010. Moreover, ADLS has failed to meet its own self-imposed deadline of September 30, 2014, and has missed five annual and sixteen quarterly reports.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on August 1, 2016.

Marya D. Simpson



## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

March 3, 2014

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Michael T. Flavin, Ph.D. Chairman and CEO Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc. 1440 Davey Road Woodridge, IL 60517

Re:

Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc.

File No. 0-51436

Dear Dr. Flavin:

We are writing to address the reporting responsibilities under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 of the referenced company. For ease of discussion in this letter, we will refer to the referenced company as the "Registrant".

It appears that the Registrant is not in compliance with its reporting requirements under Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. If the Registrant is in compliance with its reporting requirements, please contact us (through the contact person specified below) within fifteen days from the date of this letter so we can discuss the reasons why our records do not indicate that compliance. If the Registrant is not in compliance with its reporting requirements, it should file all required reports within fifteen days from the date of this letter.

If the Registrant has not filed all required reports within fifteen days from the date of this letter, please be aware that the Registrant may be subject, without further notice, to an administrative proceeding to revoke its registration under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This administrative proceeding would be brought by the Commission's Division of Enforcement pursuant to Section 12(j) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. If the Registrant's stock is trading, it also may be subject to a trading suspension by the Commission pursuant to Section 12(k) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

#### Page 2

Finally, please consider whether the Registrant is eligible to terminate its registration under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. If the Registrant is eligible to terminate its registration, it would do so by filing a Form 15 with the Commission. While the filing of a Form 15 may cease the Registrant's on-going requirement to file periodic and current reports, it would not remove the Registrant's obligation to file all reports required under Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that were due on or before the date the Registrant filed its Form 15. Again, if the Registrant is eligible to terminate its registration under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, please note that the filing of a Form 15 would not remove the Registrant's requirement to file delinquent Securities Exchange Act of 1934 reports – the Registrant would still be required to file with the Commission all periodic reports due on or before the date on which the Registrant filed a Form 15.

If you should have a particular question in regard to this letter, please contact the undersigned at (202) 551-3245 or by fax at (202) 772-9207.

Sincerely,

Marva D. Simpson Special Counsel

> Office of Enforcement Liaison Division of Corporation Finance

SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION	COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON	DELIVERY
Complete items 1, 2, and 3. Also complete item 4 if Restricted Delivery is desired.	A. Signature	☐ Addresses
Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you.  Attach this card to the back of the mailplece, or on the front if space permits.	B. Received by (Printed Name)  IA FIRMULU  D. Is delivery address different fro	C. Date of Delivery
Article Addressed to:     Michael T. Flavin, Ph.D.	If YES, enter delivery address	CHEROSPIE 1 Property and Company
Chairman and CEO Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc. 1440 Davey Road Woodridge, IL 60517	3. Service Type  Si Gertified Mall	n Receipt for Merchandis
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### **FAX COVER SHEET**

TO: Ms. Marva Simpson

AT: U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission

NUMBER: (202)772-9207

PAGES: 2 (not including this cover page)

FROM: Michael Flavin



March 24, 2014

Marva D. Simpson
Special Counsel
Office of Enforcement Liaison
Division of Corporate Finance
Securities and Exchange Commission
Washington, D.C. 20549

Dear Ms. Simpson:

Thank you for taking the time to speak with me on Friday, March 21 regarding Advanced Life Sciences Holdings, Inc.

Advanced Life Sciences Holdings is a biopharmaceutical company that is engaged in the development of new antibiotics. Our lead drug candidate, cethromycin, is a Phase 3 antibiotic, and was developed to treat Community Acquired Bacterial Pneumonia. Cethromycin is important because it can attack pathogens that have become resistant to antibiotics currently being used in the clinic.

During the clinical trials that our Company was conducting for cethromycin, the FDA revised their guidelines for antibiotic drug approval. Due to this revision, the FDA Advisory panel recommended that cethromycin undergo an additional clinical study. Unfortunately, the trial recommended for our drug is costly, and our Company had difficulty raising the funds needed to conduct the necessary trial.

In addition, the financial institution that had loaned us funds to operate our business demanded repayment of a \$9 million loan. Because Advanced Life Sciences was unable to repay the loan on very short notice, our business operations were suspended on April 28, 2011.

Within the last year, we have been working with the SEC to become current with our filings. Mr. Jeffrey Riedler has been most helpful in providing us with information regarding the necessary requirements for Advanced Life Sciences to become current.

Based on our conversation last week, I believe that Advanced Life Sciences will be completely up-to-date with the required filings by September 30, 2014. I am hopeful that the Company will be current even sooner, and we will be diligent in working to achieve this goal as soon as possible.

In an effort to bring the Company to be current with their filings as soon as possible, I have written a letter to Mr. Paul Beswick, Chief Accountant for the SEC, to request that Advanced Life Sciences be allowed to file one comprehensive 10K for the period

beginning in January, 2011 through December, 2012. As I explained to your during our telephone conversation, the Company was dormant and operations were completely suspended during that period of time, and therefore, we do not have much to report. By allowing one comprehensive filing for 2011 through 2012, we will be in a better position to more readily provide the filings necessary for Advanced Life Sciences Holdings to become current as soon as possible.

Thank you for your assistance with this process, Ms. Simpson.

Michael T. Flavin, Ph.D.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

(630)991-3013