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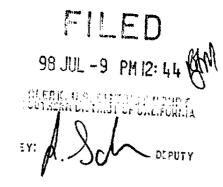
3:98-CV-01265 SEC V. GILLETTE

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CMP.

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Plaintiff,

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JOHN W. GILLETTE, JR.,

Defendant.

Case No.

'98 CV 12658 CGA

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission"), for its complaint, upon information and belief, alleges as follows:

Defendant John W. Gillette, Jr. ("Gillette"), directly or indirectly, has engaged, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to engage, directly or indirectly, in transactions, acts, practices and courses of business that constitute violations of Section 17(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act")[15 U.S.C. § 77q(a)], Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act") [15 28 U.S.C. § 78j(b)], Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder [17 C.F.R.

1 § 240.10b-5] and Sections 203(a), 206(1) and 206(2) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 ("Advisers Act") [15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-3(a), 80b-6(1), and 80b-6(2)].

JURISDICTION

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- This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant 2. to Section 22(a) of the Securities Act [15 U.S.C. § 77v(a)], Sections 21(e) and 27 of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. §§ 78u(e) & 78aa] and Section 214 of the Advisers Act [15 U.S.C. § 80b-14]. Gillette, directly or indirectly, has made use of the means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, and/or the mails in connection with the securities transactions described in this Complaint.
- 3. Certain of the transactions, acts, practices and courses of business constituting the violations of law alleged herein occurred within the Southern District of California, and the Defendant may be found in, inhabits, or transacts business in the Southern District of California.

THE DEFENDANT

John W. Gillette, Jr. ("Gillette") age 42, resides in 4. San Diego, California. Gillette was formerly a registered representative who held several National Association of Securities Dealers ("NASD") licenses. He worked as a registered representative for various broker-dealers until 1996.

RELATED ENTITIES

5. Gillette & Co., dba Pro Sports Management International ("Pro Sports"), is a California corporation incorporated in 1994. Gillette owns Pro Sports and controlled its day-to-day 28 operations.

Impact Investments, Inc. ("Impact") a California 6. corporation, incorporated in 1994, is wholly owned by Pro Sports. Gillette controlled Impact's day-to-day operations. Impact acted as the sole limited partner in the various real estate limited partnerships through which Gillette directed, or purported to direct, investor funds.

GILLETTE ACTED AS AN UNREGISTERED INVESTMENT ADVISER

- From about September 1994 through June 1997, Defendant 7. Gillette, either individually or through Pro Sports, solicited a number of his former brokerage firm clients and others to hire Pro Sports to manage their money. The majority of individuals whom Gillette solicited were professional athletes. Gillette told these individuals that he was in charge of Pro Sports and that Pro Sports would provide investment advice and bill paying services in exchange for a small fee.
- Between 1995 and 1997, all Pro Sports clients signed 8. contracts agreeing to pay Pro Sports a fee of 1% to 2% of their money under management. Gillette obtained power of attorney over most of Pro Sports' clients' personal bank and brokerage accounts.
- 9. By mid-1997, Pro Sports and Gillette managed approximately \$28 million of assets that belonged to at least 80 clients, many of whom live in states other than California. Neither Gillette nor Pro Sports, however, was registered with the Commission as an investment adviser.

THE FRAUDULENT SCHEME

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Gillette made material misrepresentations to clients 28 and potential clients. From about 1993 through July 1997,

Defendant Gillette, through the use of the mail or telephone communications, engaged in a fraudulent scheme involving, among other things, the misappropriation of client funds and securities, and the fraudulent offer and sale of municipal bonds and real estate limited partnership securities. At least \$5 million to \$11 million of the funds entrusted with Gillette and Pro Sports has been lost due to Gillette's violations described herein.

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- When soliciting investments, Gillette told clients and potential clients that he would invest their funds in low risk investments, such as real estate limited partnerships and municipal bonds, that would pay returns of up to 50% annually. Contrary to his representations to his clients, Gillette frequently failed to effect such transactions. Instead, Gillette commingled the clients' money and misappropriated portions of it for his personal benefit, including to pay for his family's expenses, to pay Pro Sports' operating expenses, and to purchase undisclosed interests in various business ventures.
- Gillette also omitted to disclose material facts to his Gillette omitted to state that the money raised from clients was not used in the manner represented, i.e. to purchase certain municipal bonds or to fund certain real estate limited partnership projects. Gillette further omitted to state that portions of the money he raised were used for his personal benefit.
- To mask the fraudulent scheme, to increase Pro Sports clients' confidence, and to lull those clients into believing 28 that they were receiving the promised returns, each guarter

Gillette instructed Pro Sports's staff to create and send falsified income statements and balance sheets to the clients. These falsified financial statements misrepresented the clients' amount of money under management and their return on investments. Based on Gillette's apparent success in investing their funds as reflected in these statements, clients continued to invest additional money with Pro Sports.

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- 14. To further increase client confidence, Gillette made various payments of principal and interest to investors. cases, in order to make these payments, Gillette misappropriated money from other Pro Sports clients.
- 15. The misrepresentations described in ¶¶ 10 through 14 were material as his clients would no doubt consider important the fact that, among other things, the promised securities were never purchased, that the money paid for the securities was misappropriated, and that returns on investment consisted of other investor funds.

MISAPPROPRIATION OF CLIENTS' SECURITIES

- Between 1993 and 1994, while acting as a registered representative, Gillette misappropriated at least \$400,000 of securities belonging to one of his clients. Without the client's knowledge or consent, Gillette used the power of attorney she gave him in order to misappropriate her securities. Gillette then liquidated the securities and used the proceeds for his personal benefit.
- In 1994, the niece of the client referred to in ¶ 16 inherited the client's securities. Gillette falsely represented 28 to the niece that he had used the proceeds of those securities to

1 purchase municipal bonds. Contrary to his representations to the niece, Gillette had misappropriated the securities for his personal benefit prior to her inheritance.

In 1994, Gillette sent the niece two checks purporting to represent interest payments from the bonds. Gillette misappropriated the funds used to pay the niece from the accounts of other Pro Sports clients.

MISUSE AND MISAPPROPRIATION OF CLIENTS' FUNDS

Between September 1, 1994 and June 13, 1997, Gillette misused and misappropriated clients' funds for his personal benefit in the following manner:

FBI Project A.

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- Between September 1994 and early 1995, Gillette raised funds from Pro Sports' clients to invest in a real estate limited partnership that would construct a building to be occupied by the Federal Bureau of Investigation ("FBI Project"). Gillette distributed offering documents and represented to investors that they would receive a return of principal plus a 50% profit. Gillette raised at least \$823,000 from five investors to fund construction of the FBI Project.
- Contrary to his representations to the investors referred to in Paragraph 20, when the FBI Project was completed, Gillette misappropriated the proceeds for his personal use.

DEA Project B.

Starting in late 1995, Gillette raised funds from Pro Sports clients, in person or over the telephone, to invest in a real estate limited partnership. This real estate limited 28 partnership, identical in structure to the FBI project, purported 1 to construct a building to be occupied by the Drug Enforcement Administration ("DEA Project"). Gillette raised \$1.5 million from two clients to fund construction of the DEA Project.

Contrary to his representations to the clients referred to in Paragraph 22, Gillette failed to invest any of these funds in the DEA Project and instead misappropriated all of the funds for his personal benefit.

Wateridge Project C.

- From 1995 through at least March 1997, Gillette raised funds from Pro Sports clients in order to purchase a building and pavilion owned by the Resolution Trust Corporation ("RTC") ("Wateridge Project").
- Gillette and Pro Sports personnel solicited investments for the Wateridge project over the telephone and in person. Gillette and Pro Sports personnel represented that the building would be leased to various tenants and that the building would be operating at a substantial profit within a period of 12-15 months.
- Gillette raised approximately \$1,020,000 from four clients to fund the purchase of the Wateridge project. also transferred at least \$500,000 that belonged to one or more Pro Sports client, without their knowledge or consent, to help finance the purchase of the Wateridge Project.
- When the Wateridge Project was eventually sold in 1997, Gillette misappropriated for his own use the proceeds properly belonging to those investors referred to in Paragraph 26.

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CITY OF SAN DIEGO BONDS

- 28. In 1995, Gillette began soliciting Pro Sports clients, over the telephone and in person, to invest in City of San Diego municipal bonds. Gillette misrepresented that the funds investors gave him would be used to purchase these bonds.
 - 29. Gillette raised \$1,750,000 from five clients.
- 30. Gillette omitted to state that investors' money was never used to purchase the bonds.
- 31. In March or April 1996, one of Gillette's clients sought from Gillette additional verification of his purchase of municipal bonds. In response, Gillette caused to be prepared a letter from the City of San Diego Finance Director. In order to create this letter, Gillette obtained letterhead from the City of San Diego Finance Director's office by deceit, and forged the Finance Director's seal and handwriting. This letter falsely acknowledged that the client owned \$500,000 worth of City of San Diego bonds. Gillette then sent the letter to the client.

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FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

ACTING AS AN UNREGISTERED INVESTMENT ADVISER

Violations of Section 203(a) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940

[15 U.S.C. § 80b-3(a)]

- 32. Paragraphs 1-31 are realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- 33. Defendant Gillette, by engaging in the conduct described in ¶¶ 1-31 above, by the use of means or instruments of transportation or communication in interstate commerce or of the mails in connection with his business as an investment adviser, while not registered as an investment adviser:
- a. for compensation, engaged in the business of advising others regarding the value of securities or the advisability of investing in, purchasing, or selling securities, or
- b. for compensation, and as part of a regular business issued analyses or reports concerning securities.
- 34. By reason of the foregoing, Gillette violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 203(a) of the Advisers Act [15 U.S.C. § 80b-3(a)].

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

FRAUD IN THE OFFER OR SALE OF SECURITIES Violations of Section 17(a) of the Securities Act [15 U.S.C. § 77q(a)]

35. Paragraphs 1-31 are realleged and incorporated herein by reference.

- 36. Defendant Gillette, by engaging in the conduct
 described in ¶¶ 1-31 above, directly or indirectly, in the offer
 or sale of securities, by the use of means or instruments of
 transportation or communication in interstate commerce or by the
 use of the mails:
 - a. with scienter, employed a device, scheme or artifice to defraud; or
 - b. obtained money or property by means of untrue statements of material fact or by omitting to state material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; or
 - c. engaged in transactions, practices or courses of business which operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon the purchasers of such securities.
 - 37. By reason of the foregoing, Defendant Gillette violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 17(a) of the Securities Act [15 U.S.C. § 77q(a)].

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

FRAUD IN CONNECTION WITH THE

PURCHASE OR SALE OF SECURITIES

Violations of Section 10(b) of the Exchange

Act [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder [17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5]

38. Paragraphs 1-31 are realleged and incorporated herein by reference.

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- Defendant Gillette, by engaging in the conduct 39. described in ¶¶ 1-31 above, directly or indirectly, in connection with the purchase or sale of securities, by use of means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, or of the mails, with scienter:
 - employed devices, schemes or artifices to defraud; a.
- made untrue statements of material fact or omitted to state material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in the light of the circumstances under which they were 10 made, not misleading; or
 - engaged in acts, practices or courses of business which c. operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon other persons.
 - By reason of the foregoing, Defendant Gillette violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 thereunder [17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5].

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

FRAUD IN CONNECTION WITH CONDUCT

AS AN INVESTMENT ADVISER

Violations of Sections 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act [15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-6(1) and 80b-6(2)]

- 41. Paragraphs 1-31 are realleged and incorporated herein by reference.
- Gillette, by engaging in the conduct described in ¶¶ 1-31 above, by use of the mails or means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, directly or indirectly, while acting as an 28 investment adviser:

clients or prospective advisory clients.

By reason of the foregoing, Gillette violated Sections 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act [15 U.S.C. §§ 80b-6(1) and 80b-6(2)].

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Commission respectfully requests that this Court:

I.

Issue findings of fact and conclusions of law that the Defendant committed the violations charged and alleged herein.

II.

Enter a Final Judgment permanently enjoining Gillette from engaging in the transactions, acts, practices, and courses of business described herein, and from engaging in conduct of similar purport and object, in violation of Section 17(a) of the Securities Act, Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, Rule 10b-5 thereunder, and Sections 203(a), 206(1) and 206(2) of the Advisers Act.

III.

Grant such other and further relief as this court may determine to be just, equitable and necessary.

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IV.

Retain jurisdiction of this action in accordance with the principles of equity and the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in order to implement and carry out the terms of all orders and decrees that may be entered, or to entertain any suitable application or motion for additional relief within the jurisdiction of this Court.

DATED: June <u>30</u>, 1998

Kathleen K. Bisaccia

Attorney for Plaintiff

Securities and Exchange Commission

If yes, list case number(s):

V71 (3/97)

Plaintiff

400 State

410 Antitrust

Act

Act

Actions