

Eudaimonia Partners, LLC
Firm Brochure for:



Family Fortune Financial, LLC

CRD Number: 283884
Firm Brochure
Dated January 4, 2019

852 Lowcountry Boulevard
Mt. Pleasant, SC 29464
(843) 314-4313

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Family Fortune Financial ("Adviser"). If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us by telephone at: (843) 314-4313.

The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or by any state securities authority. The Adviser's registration as an Investment Adviser does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

Additional information about the Adviser is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov

Item 2: Material Changes

Annual Update

The Firm Brochure will be updated annually or when material changes occur since the last update.

Material Changes Since the Last Update

Family Fortune Financial is now an affiliate firm of Eudaimonia Partners, LLC.

Full Brochure Available

Whenever you would like to receive a complete copy of our Firm Brochure, please contact us at (843) 314-4313.

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Item 4: Advisory Business

Firm Description

Eudaimonia Partners, LLC (“Eudaimonia”) is a Delaware limited liability company formed on May 9, 2016. The Adviser is an investment adviser registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the “Investment Advisers Act”). The principal owner of Eudaimonia is John Goodson. Eudaimonia is doing business as Family Fortune Financial (“Family Fortune,” or the “Adviser”) located at 852 Lowcountry Boulevard, Mt. Pleasant, SC 29464. The primary types of investment advisory services offered by the Adviser are investment consulting, investment advisory services, and financial planning.

In addition, Eudaimonia is also doing business as Harmony Grove Wealth Management, LLC (“Harmony Grove”), Ardor Wealth Management (“Ardor”), Asset Wise Financial Group, LLC (AssetWise), Goodson Wealth Management, LLC (“Goodson”), Canopy Asset Management (“Canopy”), and Glenwood Financial (“Glenwood”).

The primary types of investment advisory services offered by the Adviser are financial planning, investment consulting, and investment advisory services, namely asset management.

Financial Planning

The Adviser works to develop a comprehensive financial plan for every client. The Adviser begins with an intensive fact-finding session that helps the Adviser become totally familiar with the client’s current financial situation (including among other things, income taxes, investments, insurance, estate affairs and family circumstances), as well as their personal goals and priorities for the next several years. Then, working from this comprehensive information, the Adviser prepares a detailed financial plan which documents the client’s situation, identifies all areas which will be impacted, and makes specific goal-oriented recommendations. The Adviser’s specific goal-oriented recommendations are designed to educate and allow a client to coordinate his/her financial affairs more efficiently, increase cash flow, prudently reduce income taxes, and attempt to improve his/her overall net worth. Once this written document has been discussed with the client, the recommendations that the client feels comfortable with are scheduled for implementation with specific deadlines to be met. The Adviser continues to assist the client based on an annual review of services in all applicable areas of financial planning including estate, retirement, cash flow and tax planning.

Investment Consulting

The Adviser works to provide institutional retirement plans and the plan sponsors with diversified investment options for plan participants to choose from. In addition, as requested by the plan sponsor, the Adviser shall provide plan participants with general information

seminars and/or educational materials that describe the various investment alternatives available under the plan, information about investing generally, including information about different types of investments, information about different investment allocation strategies, including information about historical returns, and interactive materials designed to help participants identify an appropriate investment strategy.

Investment Management

Investment advisory services offered by the Adviser are specifically tailored to meet the needs of each client. Prior to delivering investment advisory services, the Adviser will ascertain each client's specific investment objective. Then the Adviser will allocate, or recommend that the client allocate, their investment assets consistent with the designated investment objective. Clients may impose reasonable restrictions on any of the Adviser's investment advisory services at any time, but restrictions must be delivered to the Adviser in writing, and must be signed by the client.

Please note: It is always the client's responsibility to promptly notify the Adviser if there is any change in their financial situation or investment objective. This notification of change allows the Adviser an opportunity to review, evaluate, or revise our previous recommendations or services.

Additional Services:

The Adviser may furnish advice on matters not involving securities, such as:

- Retirement Income Planning Withdrawal Rate Analysis
- Insurance Review & Planning Corporate Retirement Plan Guidance
- Estate & Charitable Gift Planning
- Business Successions
- Personal Financial Planning
- Education Planning
- Cash Flow & Budgeting
- Employee Benefits & 401(k) Guidance
- Tax Planning

Other Services

Managed Non-Discretionary Assets

In addition to providing investment management of client assets on a discretionary basis, the Adviser, for a separate and additional fee, provides certain limited services to clients with respect to "Managed Non-Discretionary Assets." These services consist solely of the following:

The Adviser is available to consult with the client on a semi-annual basis (or more often if requested by the client) regarding the Managed Non-Discretionary Assets. However, the client is solely responsible for all decisions and consequences on the client's Managed Non-Discretionary Assets, including decisions on whether to retain or sell all or a portion of the

Managed Non-Discretionary Assets. This responsibility remains solely with the client regardless of whether any security is reflected on account reports prepared by the Adviser.

The Adviser is available to service Managed Non-Discretionary Assets, such as setting up and monitoring regular distributions and special one-time distribution requests.

The Adviser can process any trades on the Managed Non-Discretionary Assets, but only when requested to do so by the client in writing. Upon receipt of any client's written request, the Adviser will endeavor, but cannot guarantee, that any such transaction will be effected on the day received or at any specific time or price.

Limitations for Non-Discretionary Assets

Clients that engage the Adviser on a non-discretionary investment advisory basis must be willing to accept that the Adviser cannot effect any account transactions without obtaining prior written consent to any such transaction(s) from the client. Thus, in the event of a market correction during which the client is unavailable, the Adviser will be unable to effect any account transactions (as it would for its discretionary accounts) without first obtaining the client's written consent.

Tailored Relationships

At the Adviser, advisory services are tailored to the specific needs of each client. Prior to providing advisory services, the Adviser will ascertain each client's investment goals and objectives. The Adviser then allocates and/or recommends that the client allocate investment assets consistent with the designated investment objective. The client may, at any time, impose reasonable restrictions on the Adviser's services, but restrictions must be delivered to the Adviser in writing, and must be signed by the client.

In performing services for the client, the Adviser is not required to verify any information it received from the client or from the client's other professionals and the Adviser is expressly authorized by the client to rely on this information. Each client is advised that it remains the client's responsibility to promptly notify the Adviser if there is ever any change in the client's financial situation or investment objectives for the purpose of reviewing, evaluating or revising the Adviser's previous recommendations or services to the client.

Manages Assets

As of March 31, 2018, the Firm's affiliate, Eudaimonia, managed a total of \$121,783,800 of which, \$7,423,492 was managed on a non-discretionary basis.

Item 5: Fees and Compensation

Financial Planning Fees

An initial meeting is scheduled with a prospective client at no cost or obligation. The purpose of the meeting is to inform the prospective client of the types of services the Adviser provides and to generally discuss what the client desires from such a financial planning relationship. If the prospective client is interested in exploring the Adviser's services in more detail, the Adviser will review the prospective client's recent income tax returns and a listing of his/her assets and liabilities. At a subsequent session, the prospective client is given an idea of the specific value of pursuing this financial planning process and is quoted a fee for the financial planning services to be provided. The financial planning fee is quoted on a project basis and covers projected time and expense associated in working with this client for a twelve-month period. This includes gathering data, developing the written plan, reviewing the plan with appropriate advisers, discussing the plan with the client, implementation, and continuing to review, monitor and update the client's affairs throughout the ensuing twelve months. A 50% deposit of the initial financial planning fee is due once the client has agreed to the financial planning relationship.

The financial planning fee is based upon several factors, including: net worth, gross income, complexity of one's financial affairs, and the time necessary to meet each individual client's goals and priorities. Certain unforeseen expenses may not be included in the financial planning fee and would be billed directly.

Once the client verbally agrees to the personal financial planning process, the process to develop the written documents begins. Once the financial plan is completed and the appropriate advisers have reviewed the plan, a meeting is scheduled to discuss the plan and the specific items to be implemented with the client. The client takes from this meeting the written plan.

The balance of the financial planning fee is billed to the client within 180 days of the start of the relationship and can be paid by the client in any manner suitable to the client within 30 days of the invoice date. The financial planning fee shall be mutually agreed upon in advance by and between the client and the Firm. Any such fee shall be separate from the asset-based investment management fee. The Adviser reserves the right to waive some or the entire financial planning fee.

The client can terminate the financial planning and/advisory relationship at any time with a 10 days' written notice.

Managed Discretionary Asset Fees

The Adviser bases its annual investment management fee for managed discretionary assets upon a percentage (%) of the market value of the assets and the specific types of investment management services provided. The Adviser charges an annual fee of up to 2.00% of assets under management. The Adviser may choose to charge a lower asset based fee at its sole discretion.

Managed Non-Discretionary Asset Fees

The annual investment management fee charged on Managed Non-Discretionary Assets is 2.00%. Fees shall be assessed quarterly, in advance, based on the asset values as of the day prior to the period being billed. New accounts will be assessed a prorated fee dependent upon the number of days remaining in the quarter.

Investment Consulting Asset Fees

The Adviser bases its annual investment consulting fee for institutional retirement plan assets upon a percentage (%) of the market value of the assets and the specific types of investment consulting services provided. The Adviser charges an annual fee of up to 2.00% of assets under management. The Adviser may choose to charge a lower asset based fee at its sole discretion.

Negotiated Fees

The Adviser, in its sole discretion, may reduce its investment management fee based upon certain factors, like anticipated future earning capacity, anticipated future additional assets, dollar amount of assets to be managed, related accounts, account composition, negotiations with client and other considerations.

Billing of Fees

The Advisor's investment management fees shall be assessed quarterly, in advance, based on the asset values as of the day prior to the period being billed. New accounts will be assessed a prorated fee dependent upon the number of days remaining in the quarter. Adviser clients must provide their consent in advance to direct debiting of investment management fees from their custodial account. The Investment Advisory Agreement and the custodial/ clearing agreement authorize the custodian to debit the client account for the amount of the Adviser's investment management fee, and to directly remit that investment management fee to the Adviser in compliance with regulatory procedures. The Adviser will send each client an itemized fee invoice each quarter – please see Item 15 for additional information. In the limited event that the Adviser bills the client directly, payment in full is expected upon

presentation of the invoice. In the event an agreement is terminated, the client will receive a prorated refund for fees paid in advance.

Other Fees

Unless clients direct otherwise or an individual client's circumstances require, the Adviser generally recommends one of several unaffiliated custodians (e.g., Raymond James, Fidelity, Charles Schwab & Co., etc.) serve as the broker-dealer/custodian for client investment accounts. Broker-dealers such as those listed above may charge brokerage commissions and/or transaction fees for effecting certain securities transactions. For example, these custodians may charge commissions for individual equity and fixed income securities transactions or fees may be charged for certain no-load mutual fund transactions. In addition to the Adviser's investment management fee, custodial brokerage commissions and/or transaction fees, clients will also incur, relative to all mutual fund and exchange traded fund purchases, charges imposed at the fund level (e.g., management fees and other fund expenses).

Commission Transactions

The Adviser primarily recommends the purchase of no-load mutual fund securities and/or exchange traded funds for implementing investment recommendations. The Adviser does not actively direct clients to traditional, full service /commission brokers. Most of the Adviser's clients do not use traditional brokers. As described earlier, the Adviser generally recommends using the services of a centralized custodian/discount broker.

The Adviser employs individuals that are also licensed insurance agents. Clients can choose to engage these persons, in their individual capacities, to effect insurance transactions on a commission basis. The recommendation by an Adviser advisory representative (who is also a licensed insurance agent) that a client purchase an insurance commission product presents a conflict of interest, as the receipt of commissions may provide an incentive to recommend insurance products based on commissions to be received, rather than on a particular client's need. No Adviser client is under any obligation to purchase any commission products from any of the Adviser's advisory representatives. Clients are reminded that they may purchase insurance products recommended by the Adviser through other, nonaffiliated insurance agents. Tonya Smith, the Adviser's Chief Compliance Officer, is available to answer any questions that a client or future client may have on any conflict of interest this arrangement may create.

Wealth Management Services Wrap Fee Program Fee Schedule

Our standard advisory fee is 2.00% based on the market value of the assets under management. The annual fees are negotiable and are pro-rated and paid in advance on quarterly basis.

Advisory fees are directly debited from client accounts, or the client may choose to pay by check. Accounts initiated or terminated during a billing period will be charged a pro-rated fee based on the amount of time remaining in the billing period. An account may be terminated with written notice at least 15 calendar days in advance. Upon termination of the account, any unearned fee will be refunded to the client on a prorated basis.

Additional Bundled Service Cost Considerations

A wrap fee program allows our clients to pay a specified fee for investment advisory services and the execution of transactions. The advisory services may include portfolio management and the fee is not based directly upon transactions in your account. Your fee is bundled with our costs for executing transactions in your account(s). This results in a higher advisory fee to you. We do not charge our clients higher advisory fees based on their trading activity, but you should be aware that we may have an incentive to limit our trading activities in your account(s) because we are charged for executed trades. By participating in a wrap fee program, you may end up paying more or less than you would through a non-wrap fee program where a lower advisory fee is charged, but trade execution costs are passed directly through to you by the executing broker.

Additional Expenses Not Included in the Wrap Program Fee

You may pay custodial fees, charges imposed directly by a mutual fund, index fund, or exchange traded fund which shall be disclosed in the fund's prospectus (e.g., fund management fees and other fund expenses), mark-ups and mark-downs, spreads paid to market makers, wire transfer fees, fees for trades executed away from the custodian, and other fees and taxes on brokerage accounts and securities transactions. These fees are not included within the wrap-fee you are charged by our firm.

Item 6: Performance-Based-Fees and Side-by-Side Management

Sharing of Capital Gains

The Adviser does not advise any client accounts that are subject to performance-based fee arrangements.

Item 7: Types of Clients

Description

The Adviser predominantly offers its services to individuals, high net worth individuals, pension and profit sharing plans and participants, trusts, estates, charitable organizations, corporations or business entities.

Account Minimums

The Adviser generally requires an account minimum of \$25,000 for investment management services. When a consolidated client account value in this program falls below \$25,000 in value, the minimum quarterly fee of \$100.00 may be charged. Adviser Clients with assets at or below the minimum account size may pay a higher percentage rate on their annual advisory fees than the fees paid by clients with significantly greater assets under management.

The Adviser may reduce or waive its minimum asset requirement based upon certain factors, like anticipated future earning capacity, anticipated future additional assets, dollar amount of assets to be managed, related accounts, account composition, negotiations with client and other considerations. Other exceptions may apply to employees of the Adviser and their relatives, or relatives of existing clients.

Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies

The Adviser's security analysis methods may include fundamental analysis, technical analysis, charting and cyclical analysis.

The main sources of information for analysis include financial newspapers and magazines, inspections of corporate activities, research materials prepared by others, corporate rating services, annual reports, prospectuses, filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and company press releases.

Additional research tools and sources of information that the Adviser may use include mutual fund and stock information provided by unaffiliated third parties (e.g., Morningstar, etc.) and many other reports located on the Internet using the World Wide Web.

The Adviser may utilize the following investment strategies when implementing investment advice given to clients:

- Long Term Purchases: (securities held at least a year)
- Short Term Purchases: (securities sold within a year)
- Trading: (securities sold within thirty (30) days)
- Options (contract for the purchase or sale of a security at a predetermined price during a specific period of time)

Strategic and Tactical Asset Allocation may be utilized with domestic mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, or stocks and bonds as the core investments. Global mutual funds, sector funds and specialty exchange-traded funds may be added as satellite positions. Portfolios may be further diversified among large, medium and small sized investments in an effort to control

the risk associated with traditional markets. Investment strategies designed for each client are based upon specific objectives stated by the client during consultations. Clients may change their specific objectives at any time. Each client executes an Investment Policy Statement that documents their specific objectives and their desired investment strategy.

Please Note: Different types of investments involve varying degrees of risk, and it should not be assumed that future performance of any specific investment or investment strategy recommended or undertaken by the Adviser will be profitable or equal any specific performance level. Investing in securities involves risk of loss that clients should be prepared to bear.

Risks of Loss

Risk is inherent in any investment in securities and the Adviser does not guarantee any level of return on a client's investments. There is no assurance that a client's investment objectives will be achieved. A client may be subject to certain risks, including, but not limited to, the risks described below. The risks discussed below vary by investment style or strategy, and may or may not apply to a client. A client should also review the prospectuses or other disclosure documents for the securities purchased for the client's account, as they will contain important information about the risks associated with investing in such securities.

Investment strategies recommended by the Adviser may also be subject to some or all of the following types of risk:

- **Interest-rate Risk:** Fluctuations in interest rates may cause investment prices to fluctuate. For example, when interest rates rise, yields on existing bonds become less attractive, causing their market values to decline.
- **Market Risk:** The price of a security, bond, or mutual fund may drop in reaction to tangible and intangible events and conditions. This type of risk is caused by external factors independent of a security's particular underlying circumstances. For example, political, economic and social conditions may trigger market events.
- **Inflation Risk:** When any type of inflation is present, a dollar today will not buy as much as a dollar next year, because purchasing power is eroding at the rate of inflation.
- **Currency Risk:** Overseas investments are subject to fluctuations in the value of the dollar against the currency of the investment's originating country. This is also referred to as exchange rate risk.
- **Reinvestment Risk:** This is the risk that future proceeds from investments may have to be reinvested at a potentially lower rate of return (i.e. interest rate). This primarily relates to fixed income securities.
- **Business Risk:** These risks are associated with a particular industry or a particular company within an industry. For example, oil-drilling companies depend on finding oil and then refining it, a lengthy process, before they can generate a profit. They may

carry a higher risk of profitability than an electric company, which generates its income from a steady stream of customers who buy electricity no matter what the economic environment is like.

- **Liquidity Risk:** Liquidity is the ability to readily convert an investment into cash. Generally, assets are more liquid if many investors are interested in buying or selling a standardized product. For example, Treasury Bills are highly liquid, while real estate properties are not.
- **Financial Risk:** Excessive borrowing to finance a business' operations increases the risk of profitability, because the company must meet the terms of its obligations in good times and bad. During periods of financial stress, the inability to meet loan obligations may result in bankruptcy and/or a declining market value.

Please Note: In light of these risks of loss and potentially enhanced volatility, clients may direct the Adviser, in writing at any time, not to employ any or all of the investment strategies recommended by the Adviser for their account.

Item 9: Disciplinary Information

Legal and Disciplinary

Investment Advisors are required to disclose legal or disciplinary events that are material to a client's or prospective client's evaluation of the Advisor's business or the integrity of the Advisor's management. The Adviser is affiliated with Eudaimonia Partners, which also has an affiliated adviser, Harmony Grove. Eudaimonia offers the following summary of an isolated event involving Seth Waltman of Harmony Grove. Whether the event materially affects Mr. Waltman's abilities and integrity as an Investment Advisor Representative remains the opinion of the individual client or prospective client.

On December 8, 2014, a client filed a complaint against Mr. Waltman that evolved into civil litigation before the Magistrate Court, Oconee County, Georgia. The client alleges that Mr. Waltman misrepresented the tax consequences regarding a loan withdrawal from his annuity. Although Mr. Waltman does not admit liability, the matter was settled for \$8,000 to avoid the cost, expense and distraction of further litigation.

Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

Other Financial Industry Activities

The Adviser is not registered as a securities broker-dealer, futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator or commodity trading advisor.

Affiliations

Certain investment advisory representatives of Eudaimonia Partners are also registered representatives at Compass Securities Corporation, an SEC registered broker-dealer and a member of FINRA. To the extent that a Firm representative recommends the purchase of securities or other investment products where the representative receives commissions for doing so, a conflict of interest exists because the representative may be incentivized to make recommendations based on the compensation received rather than on a client's needs.

Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

Code of Ethics

The Adviser maintains an investment policy for personal securities transactions at its business and it is part of the Adviser's general Code of Ethics (the "Code"). The Adviser establishes the standard of business conduct for all employees that are based on the fundamental principles of openness, integrity, honesty and trust. The Adviser also maintains and enforces written policies reasonably designed to prevent the Adviser or any person associated with Adviser from misusing material non-public information to comply with Section 204A of the Investment Advisers Act. Neither the Adviser, nor any related person of the Adviser, will recommend, buy, or sell securities within client accounts which the Adviser or a related person of the Adviser may have a material financial interest.

A copy of the Adviser's Code is available to any client or potential client upon request.

Participation or Interest in Client Transactions

The Adviser and/or its representatives may engage in securities transactions for their own accounts, including the same or related securities that are recommended to or owned by clients of the Adviser. These transactions may include trading in securities in a manner that differs from, or is inconsistent with, the advice given to clients of the Adviser, and the transactions may occur at or about the same time that such securities are recommended to or are purchased or sold for client accounts. This creates a potential for a conflict between the interest of the clients and the interests of the Adviser and/or its representatives.

Personal Trading

To address the potential for conflict of interests, the Adviser has adopted a Code that applies to its representatives who have access to non-public information relating to advisory client accounts ("Access Persons"). The Code prohibits Access Persons from using knowledge about

advisory client account transactions to profit personally, directly or indirectly, by trading in his/her personal accounts. In addition, an Access Person who has discretionary authority over client accounts must generally pre-clear his/her trades or obtain prior authorization from the Adviser's Chief Compliance Officer before executing a trade. Unless an enumerated exception exists, the Code also prohibits Access Persons who have discretionary authority over client accounts from executing a security transaction for their personal accounts during a blackout period that can extend from one to seven days before or after the date that a client transaction in that same security is executed.

Item 12: Brokerage Practices

Broker-Dealer Selection

The Adviser selects broker-dealers to execute trade order for a client's account, unless the client has provided instructions to the Adviser to the contrary. As an investment adviser, the Adviser has an obligation to seek "best execution" of client trade orders. "Best execution" means that the Adviser must place client trade orders with those broker-dealers that the Adviser believes are capable of providing the best qualitative execution of client trade orders under the circumstances, taking into account the full range and quality of the services offered by the broker-dealer. When selecting a broker or dealer, the Adviser may consider the following factors: (i) client preferences, (ii) execution capability and past execution performance, (iii) access to markets, (iv) commission rates, (v) financial standing of executing firm and counterparty risk, (vi) timeliness in rendering services, (vii) availability, cost and quality of custodial services, and (viii) continuity and quality of the overall provision of services.

The Adviser may also purchase or sell debt securities through electronic trading platforms. These electronic trading platforms typically provide access to bids and offers from a greater number of dealers on a timely basis; however, these electronic platforms may impose an execution or transaction fee imbedded in the price paid or received for the security (i.e., a markup or markdown).

Research and Other Soft Dollar Benefits

The Adviser does not receive research in addition to execution services from a broker-dealer in connection with its clients' securities transactions. These research benefits are commonly referred to as "soft dollar benefits." The Adviser may from time to time receive generic market commentaries or market research from broker-dealer firms. However, the receipt of those materials is not tied to the execution of client transactions.

The Adviser seeks to select broker-dealers based upon the broker's or dealer's ability to provide best execution, and the Adviser will not cause clients to pay commissions (or markups or markdowns) higher than those charged by other broker-dealers for the purpose of

obtaining soft dollar benefits. Furthermore, the Adviser does not select broker-dealers to execute transactions for client accounts based upon client referrals received from broker-dealers.

Order Aggregation, Allocation and Rotation Practices

In order to seek best execution for clients, the Adviser may aggregate contemporaneous buy and sell orders for the accounts over which it has discretionary authority. This practice of bunching trades may enable the Adviser to obtain more favorable execution, including better pricing and enhanced investment opportunities, than would otherwise be available if orders were not aggregated. Bunching transactions may also assist the Adviser in potentially avoiding an adverse effect on the price of a security that could result from simultaneously placing a number of separate, successive or competing, client orders.

It is within the Adviser's sole discretion to bunch transactions and its decision is subject to its duty to seek best execution. The Adviser will aggregate a client's trade orders only when the Adviser deems it to be appropriate and in the best interests of the client and permitted by regulatory requirements.

All advisory clients participating in a bunched transaction will receive the same execution price for the security bought or sold. Average prices may be used when allocating purchases and sales to a client's accounts because such securities may be purchased and sold at different prices in a series of bunched transactions. As a result, the average price received by a client may be higher or lower than the price the client may have received had the transaction been effected for the client independently from the bunched transaction. In addition, a client's transaction costs may vary depending upon, among other things, the type of security bought or sold, and the commission or markup or markdown charged by the executing broker-dealer.

The amount of securities available in the marketplace, at a particular price at a particular time, may not satisfy the needs of all clients participating in a bunched transaction and may be insufficient to provide full allocation across all client accounts. To address this possibility, the Adviser has adopted trade allocation policies and procedures that are designed to make securities allocations to discretionary client accounts in a manner such that all such clients receive fair and equitable treatment. If a bunched transaction cannot be executed in full at the same price or time, the securities actually purchased or sold by the close of each business day will generally be allocated pro rata among the clients participating in the bunched transaction. Adjustments to this pro rata allocation may be made, at the discretion of the Adviser, to take into consideration account specific investment restrictions, undesirable position size, account portfolio weightings, client tax status, client cash positions and client preferences. Adjustments may also be made to avoid a nominal allocation to client accounts.

When the Adviser is not able to aggregate trades, the Adviser generally uses a trade rotation process that is designed to be fair and equitable to its clients.

Directed Brokerage

The Adviser will comply with any guidelines and/or limitations reasonably requested by a client relating to brokerage for the client's account that are contained in the client's investment management agreement. When possible, the Adviser will also observe any non-binding statement of client preferences with respect to brokerage direction.

If a client directs the Adviser to use a particular broker-dealer for execution of the client's trade orders (a "directed brokerage arrangement"), and the Adviser agrees to the arrangement, a client should understand that the Adviser may be unable to achieve best execution for the client's transactions. Any costs related to the directed brokerage arrangement are not included in the Adviser's fee, and the client is solely responsible for monitoring, evaluating and reviewing the arrangement with the directed broker-dealer and paying any commissions or markups or markdowns or other costs imposed by the directed broker-dealer. Additionally, the Adviser generally will not aggregate the client's directed brokerage trade orders with orders for other clients of the Adviser or include such orders in its trade rotation process.

If the Adviser aggregates a client's directed brokerage trade orders with trade orders for other clients of the Adviser, the Adviser may employ the use of "step-outs" to satisfy the client's directed brokerage arrangement. A "step-out" occurs when an executing broker executes the trade and then "steps out" the trade to a clearing broker (which would be the directed broker-dealer in a directed brokerage arrangement) that confirms and settles the trade. In such a case, a client will bear the costs of any commissions, markups or markdowns imposed by the executing broker-dealer in addition to the costs of any commissions, markups or markdowns imposed by the directed broker-dealer.

If a client directs the Adviser to use a particular broker-dealer, and if the particular broker-dealer referred the client to the Adviser or if the particular broker-dealer refers other clients to the Adviser in the future, the Adviser may benefit from the client's directed brokerage arrangement. Because of these potential benefits, the Adviser may have an economic interest in having the client continue the directed brokerage arrangement. The benefits that the Adviser receives may conflict with the client's interest in having the Adviser recommend that the client utilize another broker-dealer to execute some or all transactions for the client's account.

Before directing the Adviser to use a particular broker-dealer, a client should carefully consider the possible costs or disadvantages of directed brokerage arrangements.

Trading Error Policy

If there is a trade error for which the Adviser is responsible, trades will be adjusted or reversed as needed in order to put the client's account in the position that it would have been in as if

the error had not occurred. Errors caused by the Adviser will be corrected at no cost to client's account, with the client's account not recognizing any loss from error. The client's account will be fully compensated for any losses incurred as a result of any such error. If the trade error results in a gain, the gain may be retained by the Adviser.

Item 13: Review of Accounts

Periodic Reviews

The Adviser's portfolio management team generally performs daily reviews on transactions in each client account. The portfolio management team generally reviews reports documenting each account's performance compared to the performance of a relevant benchmark index at least monthly.

Review Triggers

In addition to periodic reviews, the Adviser may conduct account reviews when a triggering event, like a change in client investment objectives, financial situation, market correction or client request occurs.

Regular Reports and Electronic Delivery

The Adviser generally provides written investment summary reports to clients on a monthly basis. These monthly investment summary reports contain the client account's holdings, yield, cash flow, gains and losses, and monthly interest earnings. The Adviser may provide additional information in the investment summary report to meet the specific reporting needs of a client as the client and the Adviser may agree.

All client correspondence, as well as all books and records of the Adviser, will be delivered and stored as electronic images and the originals of the electronically stored documents shall be destroyed. Thereafter, all electronic documents shall be deemed to serve as an original copy.

Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation

Other Compensation

The Adviser and its representatives may receive certain economic benefits in connection with providing advisory services to clients, as discussed above.

We receive an economic benefit from Schwab in the form of the support products and services it makes available to us and other independent investment advisors that have their

clients maintain accounts at Schwab. These products and services, how they benefit us, and the related conflicts of interest are described above (see Item 12 – Brokerage Practices). The availability of Schwab’s products and services to us is not based on our giving particular investment advice, such as buying particular securities for our clients.

Client Referrals

The Adviser may provide compensation to individuals who refer clients in some instances. When applicable, the compensation paid is a percentage of the client’s fee payments or the value of the client’s account. The amount of compensation will vary, with the specific level determined based upon consideration of various factors. The Adviser may pay these fees to unaffiliated solicitors that have entered into a written agreement with the Adviser.

Item 15: Custody

Custody

Each client is responsible for appointing the client’s custodian, which will have possession of the assets of the client’s account and settle transactions for the account. Clients must choose a service provider unaffiliated with the Adviser to serve as custodian.

From time to time, the Adviser may recommend a particular firm to a client to serve as the client’s custodian. If the client chooses a recommended custodian, the Adviser will, if instructed by the client and the Adviser agrees, pay the custodial fee of the client until the agreement between the Adviser and client is terminated or as otherwise determined by the Adviser. If the client does not choose a recommended custodian, the Adviser will not pay the client’s custodian fee and it will be the obligation of the client to pay such custodian fee.

A client who uses a third party custodian authorizes the Adviser to give instructions to the client’s custodian for all actions necessary or incidental to the purchase, sale, exchange, and delivery of securities held in the client’s account. Also, the client will receive account statements directly from their selected custodian. Clients should carefully review those account statements and compare them with any account statements provided by the Adviser.

Item 16: Investment Discretion

Discretionary Authority for Trading

Clients can determine to engage the Adviser to provide investment advisory services on a discretionary basis. Prior to the Adviser assuming discretionary authority over a client’s account, the client is required to execute an investment management agreement with the

Adviser, naming the Adviser as client's attorney and agent in fact, granting the Adviser full authority to buy, sell, or otherwise effect investment transactions involving the assets in the client's name found in the discretionary account.

The Adviser generally accepts reasonable limitations to its discretionary authority with respect to brokerage direction and securities selection, including the designation of particular securities or types of securities that should not be purchased for the client's account, but the client may not require that particular funds or securities (or types) be purchased for the client's account. Any such limitations agreed to by a client and the Adviser are generally included as an addendum to the client's investment management agreement or in a separate letter of understanding. When possible, the Adviser will also attempt to observe any non-binding statement of client preferences with respect to factors such as brokerage direction, holding periods, and securities selection.

Non-Discretionary Authority for Trading

Clients may also select the Adviser's non-discretionary service module. Clients retain final say in investment selection and decision making. The Adviser works closely with the client to tailor investment strategy to the client's goals and needs, and consults with the client prior to making trades or other changes to the investment portfolio. The Adviser proactively provides the client with investment ideas and a view on current market situations but no transactions are carried out without prior client approval. The Adviser's non-discretionary services also include, amongst other things, (i) careful monitoring of the client's portfolio to ensure that it remains within investment guidelines; (ii) regular performance updates; and (iii) access to seasoned investment professionals prior to making final investment decisions.

Investment Consulting

The Adviser also assists clients with the selection and monitoring of retirement plan assets, offering a well-designed and well-documented process. The Adviser seeks to design an overall investment menu utilizing a risk-budgeting process that addresses the different expectations of return found in varying asset classes. The Adviser seeks strong managers that complement each other, creating overall value to the client and plan participants.

Item 17: Voting Client Securities

Proxy Votes

The Adviser does not typically recommend or select for client accounts securities that have voting rights. However, by signing an investment management agreement, the client authorizes and delegates the right to the Adviser to vote proxies with respect to the securities held in its account.

The Adviser has adopted written policies and procedures that are reasonably designed to ensure that it votes client securities in the best interests of the client. Those procedures address material conflicts of interest that may arise between the Adviser's interests and those of its clients. Clients may obtain information on the Adviser's proxy votes with respect to securities held in their accounts by contacting the Adviser's Chief Compliance Officer, Tonya Smith. Additionally, the Adviser will furnish a copy of its proxy voting policies and procedures to clients upon their request.

In situations in which a client has delegated to the Adviser voting authority with respect to securities in the client's account, the Adviser will monitor corporate events and vote proxies in a manner that the Adviser believes is consistent with the client's best interests.

Item 18: Financial Information

Financial Information

The Adviser does not require or solicit prepayment of more than \$1,200 in fees per client six months or more in advance and, thus, has not included a balance sheet dated not more than 90 days prior to the date of this brochure. The Adviser is not aware of any financial condition that is reasonably likely to impair its ability to meet its contractual commitments to clients, nor has it been the subject of a bankruptcy petition at any time during the past ten years.