

Item 1. Cover Page

**Part 2A of Form ADV
Firm Brochure**

March 29, 2019

**Chicago Partners Investment Group LLC
d/b/a Chicago Partners Wealth Advisors**
SEC File No. 801-69500

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This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Chicago Partners Investment Group LLC, d/b/a Chicago Partners Wealth Advisors. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at 312-284-6363. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority. Registration with the SEC or State Regulatory Authority does not imply a certain level of skill or expertise.

Additional information about Chicago Partners Investment Group LLC is also available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

Item 2. Material Changes

This Firm Brochure is our disclosure document prepared according to regulatory requirements and rules. Consistent with the rules, we will ensure that you receive a summary of any material changes to this and subsequent Brochures within 120 days of the close of our business fiscal year. Furthermore, we will provide you with other interim disclosures about material changes as necessary.

At any time, you may view the current Disclosure Brochure online at the SEC's Investment Adviser Public Disclosure website at www.advisorinfo.sec.gov or by searching our firm name or our CRD# 147662. You may also request a copy of this Disclosure Brochure at any time by contacting us at (312) 284-6363 or by email jim@chicagopartnersllc.com

Material Changes for Form ADV Part 2A, Disclosure Brochure

Since our last ADV Annual Amendment filing, made in 2018, we have added a new branch office location in Spokane, Washington.

We now also participate in the TD Ameritrade AdviserDirect program ("AdviserDirect"), whereby TD Ameritrade may make new client introductions to the firm for compensation. For more information concerning our involvement in AdviserDirect, please see Item 14 below.

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Item 4. Advisory Business

A. Description of Your Advisory Firm

Chicago Partners Investment Group LLC, d/b/a Chicago Partners Wealth Advisors ("CP" and/or "the firm") is an Illinois limited liability company and an independently owned SEC-registered investment advisor. The firm is headquartered in Chicago, IL. The firm was founded in 2009 by James Hagedorn, CFA (Managing Partner), and co-founded by Anthony Halpin, CPA (Partner). Mr. Hagedorn is the majority and principal owner of CP.

B. Description of Advisory Services Offered

CP offers investment advisory services to high-net-worth individuals, trusts, not-for-profit plans, endowments, charitable organizations, corporations, other business entities. CP's advisory services may include financial planning, portfolio management, selection of other advisers, and 401(k) plan option review and monitoring.

B.1. Portfolio Management Services

B.1.a. Separately Managed Accounts

CP advises on the assets of its clients based on their selected investment strategy in accordance with their investment objectives, risk tolerance, time horizon, and any reasonable restrictions they impose.

- **Step 1 – Analyze Current Portfolio.** We review the client's current investment portfolio. Through the Wealth Management System (WMS), we can aggregate in current holdings, which include investments that we will manage as well as investments the client plans to keep with other managers. We will analyze this information to help determine areas that may be lacking in diversification as well as areas that hold underperforming or high fee investments. We partner with clients to be their General Manager in making sure all their investments work in concert together.
- **Step 2 – Design Optimal Portfolio.** We design an optimal portfolio for the client based on outside holdings, cash needs and risk profile. Using our analysis of the client's current portfolio as well as discussions and meetings with the client, we will design a portfolio that meets the client's investment goals and objectives. This is a customized process and the portfolio will be designed so that it is unique to the client's specific situation.
- **Step 3 – Investment Advisory Agreement.** We formalize the investment relationship with the client. Through a disciplined, ongoing and collaborative approach, we will build with the client a comprehensive strategic asset allocation with asset class targets that we will manage to maintain.
- **Step 4 – Build Portfolio.** We build the client's portfolio. We will provide the client with the necessary documents to open the appropriate investment accounts at one of the custodians that we partner with. We will then facilitate the transfer of assets from other custodians or help the client deposit funds to their accounts. Once the accounts are funded, we will outline

the appropriate trading strategy. We will then place the trades on the client's behalf based on our agreed upon trading strategy.

- **Step 5 – Monitor and Review.** We monitor and review the client's portfolio. As soon as the new accounts are open, the client will begin receiving monthly statements from the custodian. The client will also receive a custom quarterly reporting package from us that provides economic updates, asset allocation overview, performance data and relevant tax related information. We also have the ability to produce custom reports on an as-needed basis to help the client stay up to date with their portfolio and to help us continually monitor how the portfolio is performing. We will review the portfolio with the client when desired and will make appropriate changes as needed.

In addition to providing CP with information regarding their personal financial circumstances, investment objectives and tolerance for risk, clients are required to provide the firm with any reasonable investment restrictions that should be imposed on the management of their portfolio, and to promptly notify the firm of any changes in such restrictions or in the client's personal financial circumstances, investment objectives, goals and tolerance for risk. On a quarterly basis, CP's reports to clients will remind clients of their obligation to inform the firm of any such changes or any restrictions that should be imposed on the management of the client's account. CP will also contact clients at least annually to determine whether there have been any changes in a client's personal financial circumstances, investment objectives and tolerance for risk.

B.2. Family Office

- **Step 1 - Provide Comprehensive Performance Reporting.** We will aggregate all investment accounts. We will provide a consolidated "One Page" investment summary of each account relative to their appropriate benchmark, as well as performance information by asset class and security.
- **Step 2 - Provide Comprehensive Asset Allocation Reporting.** We will create a comprehensive asset allocation statement breaking down an aggregated investment portfolio by asset class relative to strategic targets.
- **Step 3 - Provide Recommendations on Asset Allocation Changes.** Based on information generated in steps 1 & 2 above, we will recommend changes in the asset allocation to make sure the family has real diversification and is positioned to meet their investment objectives. Importantly, we will work with each family member to make sure their investment program complements the comprehensive investment portfolio for the family.
- **Step 4 - Provide Recommendations on Manager Changes.** Based on the information in Steps 1, 2 & 3, we will recommend changes to existing managers/investments and also recommend new managers/investments to help the portfolio maximize after tax returns for a given level of risk.
- **Step 5 - Provide Insights & Ongoing Guidance On How to Drive Down Overall Investment, Reporting & Implementation Fees and Costs.** Fees matter significantly. We help Family Offices dramatically reduce unnecessary fees and expenses through our unique approach to drive down investment manager, investment advisory, trading and tax costs.

B.3. Consulting Services

CP may be engaged to provide specified consulting services. During or upon completion of any such services, CP may, if requested by the client, recommend the services of other professionals for implementation purposes. The client is under no obligation to engage the services of any such recommended professional. The client retains absolute discretion over all such implementation decisions and is free to accept or reject any recommendation from CP. However, if a client engages the services of any recommended unaffiliated professional, and a dispute arises thereafter relative to such engagement, the client agrees to seek recourse exclusively from and against the engaged professional. At all times, the engaged licensed professional[s] (i.e. attorney, accountant, insurance agent, etc.), and not CP, shall be responsible for the quality and competency of the services provided.

B.4. Retirement Plan Consulting Services

CP may also provide investment advisory and consulting services to participant directed retirement plans per the terms and conditions of a Retirement Plan Consulting Agreement between CP and the plan. For such engagements, CP may assist the Plan sponsor to select an investment platform from which Plan participants shall make their respective investment choices, and, to the extent engaged to do so, may also provide corresponding education to assist the participants with their decision making process.

B.5 401(k) Savings & Retirement Plan Services

CP provides investment education and advice to eligible employees and participants of 401(k)/profit sharing plans. The firm provides advice on investment choices and strategies through meetings conducted once annually with each of the participant groups.

B.6 Miscellaneous

Limitations of Financial Planning and Consulting/Implementation Services. As indicated above, to the extent requested by the client, CP may provide financial planning and related consulting services regarding non-investment related matters, such as estate planning, tax planning, insurance, etc. CP does not serve as a law firm or accounting firm, and no portion of its services should be construed as legal or accounting services. Accordingly, CP does not prepare estate planning documents or tax returns. To the extent requested by a client, CP may recommend the services of other professionals for certain non-investment implementation purposes (i.e. attorneys, accountants, insurance agents, etc.), including representatives of CP in their separate individual capacities as licensed insurance agents or attorneys. The client is under no obligation to engage the services of any such recommended professional. The client retains absolute discretion over all such implementation decisions and is free to accept or reject any recommendation from CP and/or its representatives.

If the client engages any recommended unaffiliated professional, and a dispute arises thereafter relative to such engagement, the client agrees to seek recourse exclusively from and against the engaged professional. At all times, the engaged licensed professional[s] (i.e. attorney, accountant, insurance agent, etc.), and not CP, shall be responsible for the quality and competency of the services provided.

Conflict of Interest: The recommendation by a CP representative that a client engage the services of a CP representative in his/her separate and individual capacity as an insurance agent, attorney, or mortgage broker presents a conflict of interest, as the receipt of compensation for such services may provide an incentive to recommend such services based on compensation to be received, rather than on a particular client's need. No client is under any obligation to utilize the services of such affiliated professionals. Clients are reminded that they may implement CP's recommendations through other, non-affiliated professionals. CP's Chief Compliance Officer remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding the above conflict of interest.

Retirement Rollovers-Conflict of Interest: A client or prospective client leaving an employer typically has four options regarding an existing retirement plan (and may engage in a combination of these options): (i) leave the money in the former employer's plan, if permitted, (ii) roll over the assets to the new employer's plan, if one is available and rollovers are permitted, (iii) roll over to an Individual Retirement Account ("IRA"), or (iv) cash out the account value (which could, depending upon the client's age, result in adverse tax consequences). If CP recommends that a client roll over their retirement plan assets into an account to be managed by CP, such a recommendation creates a conflict of interest if CP will earn new (or increase its current) compensation as a result of the rollover. No client is under any obligation to roll over retirement plan assets to an account managed by CP.

Private Investment Funds. In limited situations, CP may provide investment advice regarding unaffiliated private investment funds. CP's role relative to the private investment funds shall be limited to its initial and ongoing due diligence and investment monitoring services. If a client determines to become a private fund investor, the amount of assets invested in the fund(s) shall be included as part of "assets under management" for purposes of CP calculating its investment advisory fee. CP's clients are under absolutely no obligation to consider or make an investment in a private investment fund(s).

Private investment funds generally involve various risk factors, including, but not limited to, potential for complete loss of principal, liquidity constraints and lack of transparency, a complete discussion of which is set forth in each fund's offering documents, which will be provided to each client for review and consideration. Unlike liquid investments that a client may maintain, private investment funds do not provide daily liquidity or pricing. Each prospective client investor will be required to complete a Subscription Agreement, pursuant to which the client shall establish that he/she is qualified for investment in the fund, and acknowledges and accepts the various risk factors that are associated with such an investment.

Valuation. In the event that CP references private investment funds owned by the client on any supplemental account reports prepared by CP, the value(s) for all private investment funds owned by the client shall reflect the most recent valuation provided by the fund sponsor. The current value of any private investment fund could be significantly more or less than the original purchase price or the price reflected in any supplemental account report.

Independent Managers. CP may allocate (and/or recommend that the client allocate) a portion of a client's investment assets among unaffiliated independent investment managers ("Independent Manager(s)") in accordance with the client's designated investment objective(s). In such situations, the Independent Manager(s) will have day-to-day responsibility for the active discretionary management of the allocated assets. CP will continue to render investment supervisory services to the client relative to the ongoing monitoring and review of account performance, asset allocation and client investment objectives. The CP generally considers the following factors when recommending Independent Manager(s): the client's designated investment objective(s), management style, performance, reputation, financial strength, reporting, pricing, and research. The investment management fees charged by the designated Independent Manager(s) are exclusive of, and in addition to, CP's ongoing investment advisory fee, which will be disclosed to the client before entering into the Independent Manager engagement and/or subject to the terms and conditions of a separate agreement between the client and the Independent Manager(s).

Use of Mutual Funds and Exchange Traded Funds: While CP may allocate investment assets to mutual funds and exchange traded funds ("ETFs") that are not available directly to the public, CP may also allocate investment assets to publicly-available mutual funds and ETFs that the client could purchase without engaging CP as an investment adviser. However, if a client or prospective client determines to purchase publicly-available mutual funds without engaging CP as an investment adviser, the client or prospective client would not receive the benefit of CP's initial and ongoing investment advisory services with respect to management of that asset. Other mutual funds, such as those issued by Dimensional Fund Advisors ("DFA"), are generally only available through selected registered investment advisers. CP may allocate client investment assets to DFA mutual funds. Therefore, upon the termination of CP's services to a client, restrictions regarding transferability and/or additional purchases of, or reallocation among DFA funds will apply.

Liquidity Constraints. CP may utilize mutual funds and/or exchange traded funds that, although publicly traded, do not provide daily liquidity. Rather, such funds generally provide liquidity on a quarterly basis. Therefore, if CP determined that the fund was no longer performing or if the client determined to transfer his/her account, the fund could not be sold or transferred immediately. Rather, sale or transfer would need to await the quarterly permitted sale date. Moreover, the eventual net asset value for the fund could be substantially different (positive or negative) than the fund value on the date that the sale was requested. There can be no assurance that any such strategy will prove profitable or successful.

Structured Notes. CP may purchase structured notes for client accounts. A structured note is a financial instrument that combines two elements, a debt security and exposure to an underlying asset or assets. It is essentially a note, carrying counter party risk of the issuer. However, the return on the note is linked to the return of an underlying asset or assets (such as the S&P 500 Index or commodities). It is this latter feature that makes structured products unique, as the payout can be used to provide some degree of principal protection, leveraged returns (but usually with some cap on the maximum return), and be tailored to a specific market or economic view. In addition, investors may receive long-term capital gains tax treatment if certain underlying

conditions are met and the note is held for more than one year. Finally, structured notes may also have liquidity constraints, such that the sale thereof before maturity may be limited.

Interval Funds. When consistent with a client's investment objectives, CP may allocate investment assets to "interval funds." Investment companies structured as "interval funds" are generally designed for long-term investors that do not require daily liquidity. Shares in interval funds typically do not trade on the secondary market. Instead, their shares are subject to periodic redemption offers by the fund at a price based on net asset value. Accordingly, interval funds are subject to liquidity constraints. Interval funds investing in securities of companies with smaller market capitalizations, derivatives, or securities with substantial market and/or credit risk tend to have the greatest exposure to liquidity risk. Generally, the interval funds recommended by CP offer a two to three week period, on a quarterly basis, during which the client may seek the redemption of previously purchased interval funds.

Portfolio Activity. CP has a fiduciary duty to provide services consistent with the client's best interest. As part of its investment advisory services, CP will review client portfolios on an ongoing basis to determine if any changes are necessary based upon various factors, including, but not limited to, investment performance, manager tenure, style drift, and/or a change in the client's investment objective. Based upon these factors, there may be extended periods of time when CP determines that changes to a client's portfolio are neither necessary nor prudent. Of course, as indicated below, there can be no assurance that investment decisions made by CP will be profitable or equal any specific performance level(s).

Non-Discretionary Service Limitations. Clients that determine to engage CP on a non-discretionary investment advisory basis must be willing to accept that CP cannot effect any account transactions without obtaining prior consent to any such transaction(s) from the client. Therefore, in the event that CP would like to make a transaction(s) for a client's account (including in the event of an individual holding or general market correction), and the client is unavailable, CP will be unable to effect the account transaction(s) (as it would for its discretionary clients) without first obtaining the client's consent.

Account Aggregation Services. In conjunction with the services provided by ByAllAccounts, Inc., eMoney Advisor ("eMoney") and or Orion Advisor Services ("Orion"), CP may provide its clients with access to an online platforms hosted by third-party vendors. These platforms allow a client to view their complete asset allocation, including those assets that CP does not manage (the "Excluded Assets"). CP does not provide investment management, monitoring, or implementation services for the Excluded Assets. Additionally, the eMoney platform also provides access to other types of information, including financial planning concepts, which should not, in any manner whatsoever, be construed as services, advice, or recommendations provided by CP.

Client Obligations. In performing our services, CP shall not be required to verify any information received from the client or from the client's other professionals, and is expressly authorized to rely thereon. Moreover, each client is advised that it remains their responsibility to promptly notify us if there is ever any change in their financial situation or investment objectives for the purpose of reviewing, evaluating or revising our previous recommendations and/or services.

C. CP's Investment Philosophy

The firm shall provide investment advisory services specific to the needs of each client. Prior to providing investment advisory services, an investment adviser representative will ascertain each client's investment objective(s). Thereafter, CP shall allocate and/or recommend that the client allocate investment assets consistent with the designated investment objective(s). The client may, at any time, impose reasonable restrictions, in writing, on the firm's services.

D. Wrap Fee Programs

CP does not participate in wrap fee programs. (Wrap fee programs offer services for one all-inclusive fee.)

E. Client Assets Under Management

As of December 31, 2018, CP manages approximately \$1,650,554,585. Where \$1,135,276,411 of that total is on a discretionary basis and \$515,278,174 is on a non-discretionary basis.

Item 5. Fees and Compensation

A. Methods of Compensation and Fee Schedule

A.1. Asset-Based Fee Schedule

CP provides discretionary and/or non-discretionary investment advisory services on a fee basis. CP's annual investment advisory fee shall be based upon a percentage (%) of the market value and type of assets placed under CP's management, generally between 0.3% and 1.25%. CP's annual investment advisory fee shall be based upon various objective and subjective factors, including, but not limited to, the amount of the assets placed under CP's direct management, the complexity of the engagement, and the level and scope of the overall investment advisory services to be rendered. Before engaging CP to provide investment advisory services, clients are required to enter into a discretionary or non-discretionary Investment Advisory Agreement, setting forth the terms and conditions of the engagement (including termination), which describes the fees and services to be provided.

CP, in its sole discretion, may charge a lesser investment management fee based upon certain criteria (i.e. anticipated future earning capacity, anticipated future additional assets, dollar amount of assets to be managed, related accounts, account composition, negotiations with client, etc.). As a result, CP's clients could pay diverse fees based upon the market value of their assets, the complexity of the engagement, and the level and scope of the overall financial planning and/or consulting services to be rendered. The services to be provided by CP to any particular client could be available from other advisers at lower fees.

Asset-based fees are always subject to the investment advisory agreement between the client and CP. Fees are paid quarterly in advance or arrears. Fees may be negotiable for accounts with unusual investment management requirements, services offered, and size. The majority of our clients have their fees deducted from their portfolio, although we have a few clients that pay by check. The fees will be prorated if the investment advisory relationship commences otherwise than at the beginning of a calendar month.

Either party can terminate the agreement at any time upon written notice. Upon termination of any account, any unearned, prepaid fees will be refunded, and any earned, unpaid fees will be due and payable. The client has the right to terminate an agreement without penalty within five business days after entering into the agreement.

Minimum Fee. CP imposes a \$5,000 annual minimum fee for investment management services.

Minimum Account Size. For new clients is \$1 million. CP, in its sole discretion, will waive the account size minimum if circumstances warrant it.

A.2. Consulting Fees

Consulting services clients will be charged a mutually agreed upon fixed fee. Invoices will be mailed out on a periodic basis reflecting completed work performed. Clients seeking to terminate this service must do so in writing.

A.3. Retirement Plan Consulting Services

Fees are negotiated on a case-by-case basis with the client.

A.4 401(k) Savings & Retirement Plan Service

Fees are negotiable on a case-by-case basis with the client.

A.5 Investment Companies Fees

Fees paid to CP are exclusive of all custodial and transaction costs paid to account custodians or brokers. The client should review all fees charged by mutual funds, CP and others to fully understand the total amount of fees to be paid by the client.

B. Asset-Based Fee Service

CP will not take custody or possession of client funds or securities at any time except to the extent that CP may deduct fees directly from the client's account. CP will deduct fees directly from the client's account provided that (i) the client provides written authorization, and (ii) the qualified custodian sends the client a statement, at least quarterly, indicating all amounts disbursed from the account.

In certain instances subject to approval by CP, clients may elect to be billed for services rendered. In such cases the fees will be billed quarterly. In the event of termination any unearned, prepaid fees will be immediately due and payable and any earned, unpaid fees will be immediately due and payable.

The client is responsible for verifying the accuracy of the fee calculation, as the client's custodian will not verify the calculation.

C. Additional Client Fees Charged

The fees charged by CP do not include fees charged by any mutual fund or separate account manager selected by the client. Similarly, the fees charged by CP do not include any fees charged by a broker-dealer or custodian retained by a client to implement CP's advice or to otherwise hold the client's portfolio securities. The management fees for investment managers are generally disclosed in each investment manager's disclosure brochure and brochure supplement or, in the case of a mutual fund, the fund's prospectus. Clients are advised to read these materials carefully before investing. If a mutual fund also imposes sales charges, a client may pay an initial or deferred sales charge as further described in the mutual fund's prospectus. A client may be precluded from using certain mutual funds or separate account managers because they may not be offered by

the client's custodian. See Item 12 of this Brochure for a more detailed discussion on brokerage arrangements.

Tradeaway/Prime Broker Fees. When in the reasonable determination of CP that it would be beneficial for the client, individual fixed income transactions may be effected through broker-dealers other than the account custodian, in which event, the client generally will incur both the fee (commission, mark-up/mark-down) charged by the executing broker-dealer and a separate "tradeaway" and/or prime broker fee charged by the account custodian (i.e., Schwab, Fidelity and/or TD Ameritrade).

D. Prepayment of Client Fees

CP generally requires the prepayment of its asset-based investment advisory fees on a quarterly basis. If the client terminates during the quarter, CP will promptly refund any prepaid, unearned fees. CP's fees will either be paid directly by the client or disbursed to CP by the qualified custodian of the client's investment accounts, subject to prior written consent of the client. The qualified custodian will deliver directly to the client an account statement, at least quarterly, showing all investment and transaction activity for the period, including fee disbursements from the account.

In certain instances, subject to approval by CP, clients may elect to be billed for services rendered. In such cases the fees will be billed quarterly. In the event of termination any unearned, prepaid fees will be immediately due and payable and any earned, unpaid fees will be immediately due and payable.

CP or the client may terminate the agreement for services within five days of the date of acceptance without penalty to the client. After the five-day period, either party, upon written notice to the other, may terminate the agreement. In the event of termination, CP's fees will be prorated for the quarter in which the cancellation notice was given, and any prepaid, unearned fees will be refunded to the client.

E. External Compensation for the Sale of Securities to Clients

CP advisory professionals are compensated solely through a salary and bonus structure. CP is not paid any sales, service or administrative fees for the sale of mutual funds or any other investment products with respect to managed advisory assets.

Item 6. Performance-Based Fees and Side-by-Side Management

CP does not charge performance based fees and therefore has no economic incentive to manage clients' portfolios in any way other than what is in the clients' best interests.

Item 7. Types of Clients

CP offers investment advisory services to high-net-worth individuals, trusts, not-for-profit plans, endowments, charitable organizations, corporations, other business entities, and registered investment companies.

Item 8. Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, and Risk of Loss

A. Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies

Investing in securities, especially common stocks, involves significant risk of loss and Clients should be prepared to bear this loss.

CP advocates a long-term investment approach is the best strategy for its clients. Long term is defined by holding securities for at least one year. There will be some conditions when CP will advise its clients to hold securities for less than one year. CP believes the strategy of being globally diversified is critical to achieving long-term success in the capital markets. There is no guarantee this strategy will work in the future.

Different types of investments involve varying degrees of risk, and it should not be assumed that future performance of any specific investment or investment strategy (including the investments and/or investment strategies recommended or undertaken by CP) will be profitable or equal any specific performance level(s).

CP primarily uses fundamental analysis when evaluating investments. The main sources of information are research materials prepared by others and research prepared by CP. CP uses a variety of sources of data to conduct its economic, investment and market analysis, such as financial newspapers and magazines, economic and market research materials prepared by others, conference calls hosted by mutual funds, corporate rating services, annual reports, prospectuses, and company press releases. It is important to keep in mind that there is no specific approach to investing that guarantees success or positive returns; investing in securities involves risk of loss that clients should be prepared to bear.

CP and its investment adviser representatives are responsible for identifying and implementing the methods of analysis used in formulating investment recommendations to clients. The methods of analysis may include quantitative methods for optimizing client portfolios, computer-based risk/return analysis, technical analysis, and statistical and/or computer models utilizing long-term economic criteria.

- Optimization involves the use of mathematical algorithms to determine the appropriate mix of assets given the firm's current capital market rate assessment and a particular client's risk tolerance.
- Quantitative methods include analysis of historical data such as price and volume statistics, performance data, standard deviation and related risk metrics, how the security performs relative to the overall stock market, earnings data, price to earnings ratios, and related data.
- Technical analysis involves charting price and volume data as reported by the exchange where the security is traded to look for price trends.
- Computer models may be used to derive the future value of a security based on assumptions of various data categories such as earnings, cash flow, profit margins, sales, and a variety of other company specific metrics.

CP may employ independent third parties to work in conjunction with its executive management team to provide input and guidance for the investment direction communicated by the firm. Such third-party providers will function as a de facto investment committee. In addition, CP may utilize third-party software to assist in formulating investment recommendations to clients.

A.2. Mutual Funds and Exchange-Traded Funds (“ETFs”), Individual and Fixed-Income Securities, Separate Account Managers

CP may recommend no-load and load-waived mutual funds and individual securities (including fixed income instruments). Such management styles will include, among others, large-cap, mid-cap, and small-cap value, growth, and core; international and emerging markets; and alternative investments. CP may also assist the client in selecting one or more appropriate manager(s) for all or a portion of the client’s portfolio. Such managers will typically manage assets for clients who commit to the manager a minimum amount of assets established by that manager—a factor that will be taken into account when recommending managers to clients.

A description of the criteria to be used in formulating an investment recommendation for mutual funds, ETFs, individual securities (including fixed-income securities), and managers is set forth below.

CP has formed relationships with third-party vendors that

- provide a technological platform for separate account management
- prepare performance reports
- perform due diligence monitoring of mutual funds and managers
- perform billing and certain other administrative tasks

CP may utilize additional independent third parties to assist in recommending and monitoring individual securities, mutual funds, and managers to clients as appropriate under the circumstances.

CP reviews certain quantitative and qualitative criteria related to mutual funds and managers to formulate investment recommendations to its clients. Quantitative criteria may include

- the performance history of a mutual fund or manager evaluated against that of its peers and other benchmarks
- an analysis of risk-adjusted returns
- an analysis of the manager’s contribution to the investment return (e.g., manager’s alpha), standard deviation of returns over specific time periods, sector and style analysis
- the fund, sub-advisor, or manager’s fee structure
- the relevant portfolio manager’s tenure

Qualitative criteria used in recommending mutual funds or managers include the investment objectives and/or management style and philosophy of a mutual fund or manager; a mutual fund or manager’s consistency of investment style; and employee turnover and efficiency and capacity. CP will discuss relevant quantitative and qualitative factors pertaining to its recommendations with clients prior to a client’s determination to retain a mutual fund or manager.

Quantitative and qualitative criteria related to mutual funds and managers are reviewed by CP on a quarterly basis or such other interval as mutually agreed upon by the client and CP. In addition, mutual funds or managers are reviewed to determine the extent to which their investments reflect efforts to time the market, or evidence style drift such that their portfolios no longer accurately reflect the particular asset category attributed to the mutual fund or manager identified by CP (both of which are negative factors in implementing an asset allocation structure). Based on its review, CP will make recommendations to clients regarding the retention or discharge of a mutual fund or manager.

CP may negotiate reduced account minimum balances and reduced fees with managers under various circumstances (e.g., for clients with minimum level of assets committed to the manager for specific periods of time, etc.). There can be no assurance that clients will receive any reduced account minimum balances or fees, or that all clients, even if apparently similarly situated, will receive any reduced account minimum balances or fees available to some other clients. Also, account minimum balances and fees may significantly differ between clients. Each client's individual needs and circumstances will determine portfolio weighting, which can have an impact on fees given the funds or managers utilized. CP will endeavor to obtain equal treatment for its clients with funds or managers, but cannot assure equal treatment.

CP will regularly review the activities of mutual funds and managers selected by the client. Clients that engage managers or who invest in mutual funds should first review and understand the disclosure documents of those managers or mutual funds, which contain information relevant to such retention or investment, including information on the methodology used to analyze securities, investment strategies, fees, and conflicts of interest.

A.3. Material Risks of Investment Instruments

CP will frequently purchase shares of open-end mutual funds and ETFs. Many of these investments can be purchased directly by clients without utilizing the services of an advisor. Registered investment companies charge their own management fees and expenses. These fees and expenses are detailed in each respective mutual fund's prospectus and are in addition to any fees charged by CP.

In addition to purchasing shares of mutual funds and ETFs, CP may effect transactions in the following types of securities:

- Equity securities
- Mutual fund securities
- Exchange-traded funds
- Fixed income securities
- Corporate debt securities, commercial paper, and certificates of deposit
- Municipal securities

A.3.a. Equity Securities

Investing in individual companies involves inherent risk. The major risks relate to the company's capitalization, quality of the company's management, quality and cost of the company's services,

the company's ability to manage costs, efficiencies in the manufacturing or service delivery process, management of litigation risk, and the company's ability to create shareholder value (i.e., increase the value of the company's stock price). Foreign securities, in addition to the general risks of equity securities, have geopolitical risk, financial transparency risk, currency risk, regulatory risk and liquidity risk.

Investments in warrants and rights involve certain risks, including the possible lack of a liquid market for the resale of the warrants and rights, potential price fluctuations due to adverse market conditions or other factors and failure of the price of the common stock to rise. If the warrant is not exercised within the specified time period, it becomes worthless.

A.3.b. Mutual Fund Securities

Investing in mutual funds carries inherent risk. The major risks of investing in a mutual fund include the quality and experience of the portfolio management team and its ability to create fund value by investing in securities that have positive growth, the amount of individual company diversification, the type and amount of industry diversification, and the type and amount of sector diversification within specific industries. In addition, mutual funds can be tax inefficient in certain circumstances, which may result in clients paying capital gains taxes on fund investments while not having yet sold the fund.

A.3.c. Exchange-Traded Funds ("ETFs")

ETFs are investment companies whose shares are bought and sold on a securities exchange. An ETF holds a portfolio of securities designed to track a particular market segment or index. Some examples of ETFs are SPDRs[®], streetTRACKS[®], DIAMONDSSM, NASDAQ 100 Index Tracking StockSM ("QQQsSM"), iShares[®] and VIPERs[®]. The funds could purchase an ETF to gain exposure to a portion of the U.S. or foreign market. The funds, as a shareholder of another investment company, will bear their pro-rata portion of the other investment company's advisory fee and other expenses, in addition to their own expenses.

Investing in ETFs involves risk. Specifically, ETFs, depending on the underlying portfolio and its size, can have wide price (bid and ask) spreads, thus diluting or negating any upward price movement of the ETF or enhancing any downward price movement. Also, ETFs require more frequent portfolio reporting by regulators and are thereby more susceptible to actions by hedge funds that could have a negative impact on the price of the ETF. Certain ETFs may employ leverage, which creates additional volatility and price risk depending on the amount of leverage utilized, the collateral, and the liquidity of the supporting collateral.

Further, the use of leverage (i.e., employing the use of margin) generally results in additional interest costs to the ETF. Certain ETFs are highly leveraged and therefore have additional volatility and liquidity risk. Volatility and liquidity can severely and negatively impact the price of the ETF's underlying portfolio securities, thereby causing significant price fluctuations of the ETF.

A.3.d. Fixed Income Securities, Corporate Debt, Commercial Paper, and Certificates of Deposit

Fixed income securities carry additional risks than those of equity securities described above. These risks include the company's ability to retire its debt at maturity, the current interest rate environment, the coupon interest rate promised to bondholders, legal constraints, jurisdictional risk (U.S or foreign) and currency risk. If bonds have maturities of 10 years or greater, they will likely have greater price swings when interest rates move up or down. The shorter the maturity the less volatile the price swings. Foreign bonds also have liquidity and currency risk.

Commercial paper and certificates of deposit are generally considered safe instruments, although they are subject to the level of general interest rates, the credit quality of the issuing bank, and the length of maturity. With respect to certificates of deposit, depending on the length of maturity there can be prepayment penalties if the client needs to convert the certificate of deposit to cash prior to maturity.

A.3.e. Municipal Securities

Municipal securities carry additional risks than those of corporate and bank-sponsored debt securities described above. These risks include the municipality's ability to raise additional tax revenue or other revenue (in the event the bonds are revenue bonds) to pay interest on its debt and to retire its debt at maturity. Municipal bonds are generally tax free at the federal level, but may be taxable in individual states other than the state in which both the investor and municipal issuer is domiciled.

B. Investment Strategy and Method of Analysis Material Risks**B.1. Margin Leverage**

Although CP, as a general business practice, does not utilize leverage, there may be instances in which exchange-traded funds, other separate account managers and, in limited circumstances, CP will utilize leverage. In this regard please review the following:

The use of margin leverage enhances the overall risk of investment gain and loss to the client's investment portfolio. For example, investors are able to control \$2 of a security for \$1. So if the price of a security rises by \$1, the investor earns a 100% return on their investment. Conversely, if the security declines by \$.50, then the investor loses 50% of their investment.

The use of margin leverage entails borrowing, which results in additional interest costs to the investor.

Broker-dealers who carry customer accounts require a minimum equity requirement when clients utilize margin leverage. The minimum equity requirement is stated as a percentage of the value of the underlying collateral security with an absolute minimum dollar requirement. For example, if the price of a security declines in value to the point where the excess equity used to satisfy the minimum requirement dissipates, the broker-dealer will require the client to deposit additional collateral to the account in the form of cash or marketable securities. A deposit of securities to the account will require a larger deposit, as the security being deposited is included in the computation of the minimum equity requirement. In addition, when leverage is utilized and the

client needs to withdraw cash, the client must sell a disproportionate amount of collateral securities to release enough cash to satisfy the withdrawal amount based upon similar reasoning as cited above.

Regulations concerning the use of margin leverage are established by the Federal Reserve Board and vary if the client's account is held at a broker-dealer versus a bank custodian. Broker-dealers and bank custodians may apply more stringent rules as they deem necessary.

B.2. Short-Term Trading

Although CP, as a general business practice, does not utilize short-term trading, there may be instances in which short-term trading may be necessary or an appropriate strategy. In this regard, please read the following:

There is an inherent risk for clients who trade frequently in that high-frequency trading creates substantial transaction costs that in the aggregate could negatively impact account performance.

Item 9. Disciplinary Information

A. Criminal or Civil Actions

There is nothing to report on this item.

B. Administrative Enforcement Proceedings

There is nothing to report on this item.

C. Self-Regulatory Organization Enforcement Proceedings

There is nothing to report on this item.

Item 10. Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

A. Broker-Dealer or Representative Registration

Neither CP nor its investment advisor representatives are either registered as broker-dealers or registered representatives of broker-dealers and do not have an application to register pending.

B. Futures or Commodity Registration

Neither CP nor its affiliates are registered as a commodity firm, futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator, or commodity trading adviser and do not have an application to register pending.

C. Material Relationships Maintained by this Advisory Business and Conflicts of Interest

Licensed Attorney. Matthew Grennell is licensed to practice law and is the managing partner at The Law Office of Matthew R. Grennell, which is located at 14277 South Wolf Road, Orland Park, Illinois 60467. To the extent that Mr. Grennell provides legal services to any clients, including clients of CP, all such services shall be performed by The Law Office of Matthew R. Grennell, in its individual professional capacity, independent of CP, for which services CP shall not receive any portion of the fees charged by The Law Office of Matthew R. Grennell, referral or otherwise. It is expected that Mr. Grennell, solely incidental to his practice as attorney, shall recommend CP's services to certain of its clients. The Law Office of Matthew R. Grennell is not involved in providing investment advice on behalf of CP, nor does The Law Office of Matthew R. Grennell hold itself out as providing advisory services on behalf of CP. No client of CP is under any obligation to use the services of The Law Office of Matthew R. Grennell.

Licensed Insurance Agents. Certain associated persons of CP, in their individual capacities, are licensed insurance agents of CP Insurance Group, LLC, an insurance agency owned by Michael O'Connor, an investment adviser representative of CP. Such associated persons may recommend the purchase of insurance-related products on a commission basis. Clients can engage certain of CP's representatives to effect insurance transactions on a commission basis.

Conflict of Interest: Although CP does not receive compensation, the recommendation that a client purchase an insurance commission product from CP Insurance Group, LLC presents a material conflict of interest, as the receipt of commissions or other compensation by associated persons of CP and/or by the CP-associated owner of the agency may provide an incentive to recommend insurance products based on compensation received. No client is under any obligation to purchase any commission products from CP Insurance Group, LLC. Clients are reminded that they may purchase insurance products recommended by CP through insurance agents not associated with CP or agencies not owned by associated individuals. CP's Chief

Compliance Officer remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective may have regarding the above conflicts of interest.

D. Recommendation or Selection of Other Investment Advisors and Conflicts of Interest

CP does not receive any remuneration from advisers, investment managers, or other service providers that it recommends to clients.

Item 11. Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions, and Personal Trading

A. Code of Ethics Description

In accordance with the Advisers Act, CP has adopted policies and procedures designed to detect and prevent insider trading. In addition, CP has adopted a Code of Ethics (the "Code"). Among other things, the Code includes written procedures governing the conduct of CP's advisory and access persons. The Code also imposes certain reporting obligations on persons subject to the Code. The Code and applicable securities transactions are monitored by the chief compliance officer of CP. CP will send clients a copy of its Code of Ethics upon written request.

CP has policies and procedures in place to ensure that the interests of its clients are held in preference over those of CP, its affiliates, and its employees. For example, there are policies in place to prevent the misappropriation of material non-public information, and such other policies and procedures reasonably designed to comply with federal and state securities laws.

B. IRA Rollover Acknowledgement and Conflicts of Interest

CP will always strive to act as a Fiduciary when serving our clients. With that in mind, CP acknowledges that there is a potential conflict of interest when advising clients to rollover assets under the management of Chicago Partners. CP will work with each client to identify the positives and negatives of any rollover as it pertains to costs and investment vehicle selection.

C. Investment Recommendations Involving a Material Financial Interest and Conflicts of Interest

CP does not engage in principal trading (i.e., the practice of selling stock to advisory clients from a firm's inventory or buying stocks from advisory clients into a firm's inventory). In addition, CP does not recommend any securities to advisory clients in which it has some proprietary or ownership interest.

D. Advisory Firm Purchase of Same Securities Recommended to Clients and Conflicts of Interest

CP, its affiliates, employees and their families, trusts, estates, charitable organizations, and retirement plans established by it may purchase the same securities as are purchased for clients in accordance with its Code of Ethics policies and procedures. The personal securities transactions by advisory representatives and employees may raise potential conflicts of interest when they trade in a security that is:

- owned by the client, or
- considered for purchase or sale for the client.

Such conflict generally refers to the practice of front-running (trading ahead of the client), which CP specifically prohibits. CP has adopted policies and procedures that are intended to address these conflicts of interest. These policies and procedures:

- require our advisory representatives and employees to act in the client's best interest,
- prohibit fraudulent conduct in connection with the trading of securities in a client account
- prohibit employees from personally benefitting by causing a client to act, or fail to act in making investment decisions
- prohibit the firm or its employees from profiting or causing others to profit on knowledge of completed or contemplated client transactions
- allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner
- provide for the review of transactions to discover and correct any trades that result in an advisory representative or employee benefitting at the expense of a client.

Advisory representatives and employees must follow CP's procedures when purchasing or selling the same securities purchased or sold for the client.

E. Client Securities Recommendations or Trades and Concurrent Advisory Firm Securities Transactions and Conflicts of Interest

CP, its affiliates, employees and their families, trusts, estates, charitable organizations, and retirement plans established by it may effect securities transactions for their own accounts that differ from those recommended or effected for other CP clients. CP will make a reasonable attempt to trade securities in client accounts at or prior to trading the securities in its affiliate, corporate, employee, or employee-related accounts. Trades executed the same day will likely be subject to an average pricing calculation. It is the policy of CP to place the client's interests above those of CP and its employees.

Item 12. Brokerage Practices

A. Factors Used to Select Broker-Dealers for Client Transactions

In the event that the client requests that CP recommend a broker-dealer/custodian for execution and/or custodial services, CP generally recommends that investment CP accounts be maintained at Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. ("Schwab"), Fidelity and/or TD Ameritrade ("TD"). Prior to engaging CP to provide investment management services, the client will be required to enter into a formal Investment Advisory Agreement with CP setting forth the terms and conditions under which CP shall advise on the client's assets, and a separate custodial/clearing agreement with each designated broker-dealer/custodian.

Factors that CP considers in recommending Schwab, Fidelity and/or TD (or any other broker-dealer/custodian to clients) include historical relationship with CP, financial strength, reputation, execution capabilities, pricing, research, and service. Although the commissions and/or transaction fees paid by CP's clients shall comply with CP's duty to obtain best execution, a client may pay a transaction fee that is higher than another qualified broker-dealer might charge to effect the same transaction where CP determines, in good faith, that the transaction fee is reasonable. In seeking best execution, the determinative factor is not the lowest possible cost, but whether the transaction represents the best qualitative execution, taking into consideration the full range of a broker-dealer's services, including the value of research provided, execution capability, commission rates, and responsiveness. Accordingly, although CP will seek competitive rates, it may not necessarily obtain the lowest possible commission rates for client account transactions. The brokerage commissions or transaction fees charged by the designated broker-dealer/custodian are exclusive of, and in addition to, CP's investment advisory fee.

A.1 Non-Soft Dollar Research and Benefits

Although not a material consideration when determining whether to recommend that a client utilize the services of a particular broker-dealer/custodian, CP receives from Schwab, Fidelity and/or TD (or another broker-dealer/custodian, investment manager, platform or fund sponsor, or vendor) without cost (and/or at a discount) support services and/or products, certain of which assist CP to better monitor and service client accounts maintained at such institutions. Included within the support services that may be obtained by CP may be investment-related research, pricing information and market data, software and other technology that provide access to client account data, compliance and/or practice management-related publications, discounted or gratis consulting services, discounted and/or gratis attendance at conferences, meetings, and other educational and/or social events, marketing support-including client events, computer hardware and/or software and/or other products used by CP in furtherance of its investment advisory business operations-**see** Specific Assistance below.

As indicated above, certain of the support services and/or products that may be received may assist CP in managing and administering client accounts. Others do not directly provide such assistance, but rather assist CP to manage and further develop its business enterprise.

There is no corresponding commitment made by CP to Schwab, Fidelity and/or TD or any other any entity to invest any specific amount or percentage of client assets in any specific mutual funds, securities or other investment products as result of the above arrangement.

A.2. Brokerage for Client Referrals

CP does not engage in the practice of directing brokerage commissions in exchange for the referral of advisory clients.

A.3. Directed Brokerage

CP recommends that its clients utilize the brokerage and custodial services provided by Schwab, Fidelity and/or TD. CP generally does not accept directed brokerage arrangements (when a client requires that account transactions be effected through a specific broker-dealer). In such client directed arrangements, the client will negotiate terms and arrangements for their account with that broker-dealer, and CP will not seek better execution services or prices from other broker-dealers or be able to "batch" the client's transactions for execution through other broker-dealers with orders for other accounts managed by CP. As a result, a client may pay higher commissions or other transaction costs or greater spreads, or receive less favorable net prices, on transactions for the account than would otherwise be the case. **Please Note:** In the event that the client directs CP to effect securities transactions for the client's accounts through a specific broker-dealer, the client correspondingly acknowledges that such direction may cause the accounts to incur higher commissions or transaction costs than the accounts would otherwise incur had the client determined to effect account transactions through alternative clearing arrangements that may be available through CP. Higher transaction costs adversely impact account performance. **Please Also Note:** Transactions for directed accounts will generally be executed following the execution of portfolio transactions for non-directed accounts.

B. Order Aggregation

Transactions for each client account generally will be effected independently, unless CP decides to purchase or sell the same securities for several clients at approximately the same time. CP may (but is not obligated to) combine or "bunch" such orders to obtain best execution, to negotiate more favorable commission rates or to allocate equitably among CP's clients differences in prices and commissions or other transaction costs that might have been obtained had such orders been placed independently. Under this procedure, transactions will be averaged as to price and will be allocated among clients in proportion to the purchase and sale orders placed for each client account on any given day. CP shall not receive any additional compensation or remuneration as a result of such aggregation.

Item 13. Review of Accounts

A. Schedule for Periodic Review of Client Accounts or Financial Plans and Advisory Persons Involved

Individual accounts are reviewed frequently (at least quarterly) by the Senior Investment Advisor assigned to the account.

B. Review of Client Accounts on Non-Periodic Basis

CP's Senior Investment Advisors may perform ad hoc reviews on an as-needed basis if there have been material changes in the client's investment objectives or risk tolerance, or a material change in how CP formulates investment advice.

C. Content of Client-Provided Reports and Frequency

Clients receive quarterly portfolio appraisals that show performance by account and by security. Clients may, by specific request, receive reports more frequently. Accounts are reviewed by the Senior Investment Advisor assigned to the account.

The client's independent custodian also provides regular account statements directly to the client. The custodian's statement is the official record of the client's account and supersedes any statements or reports created on behalf of the client by CP.

Item 14. Client Referrals and Other Compensation

A. Economic Benefits Provided to the Advisory Firm from External Sources and Conflicts of Interest

As indicated at Item 12 above, CP receives from Schwab, Fidelity and/or TD without cost (and/or at a discount), support services and/or products. There is no corresponding commitment made by CP to Schwab, Fidelity and/or TD or any other entity to invest any specific amount or percentage of client assets in any specific mutual funds, securities or other investment products as a result of the above arrangements. **CP's Chief Compliance Officer, Jim Hagedorn, remains available to address any questions that a client or prospective client may have regarding the above arrangements and any corresponding perceived conflict of interest such arrangements may create.**

B. Advisory Firm Payments for Client Referrals

TD Ameritrade AdvisorDirect Program

CP participates in the institutional advisor program (the "Program") offered by TD Ameritrade Institutional. TD Ameritrade Institutional is a division of TD Ameritrade Inc., member FINRA/SIPC ("TD Ameritrade"), an unaffiliated SEC registered broker-dealer and FINRA member. CP may receive client referrals from TD Ameritrade through its participation in TD Ameritrade AdvisorDirect. There is no direct link between CP's participation in the program and the investment advice it gives to its clients, although CP receives economic benefits through its participation in the program that are typically not available to TD Ameritrade retail investors. The benefits received by CP, or its related persons, do not depend on the amount of brokerage transactions directed to TD Ameritrade. In addition to meeting the minimum eligibility criteria for participation in AdvisorDirect, CP may have been selected to participate in AdvisorDirect based on the amount and profitability to TD Ameritrade of the assets in, and trades placed for, client accounts maintained with TD Ameritrade. TD Ameritrade is a discount broker-dealer independent of and unaffiliated with CP and there is no employee or agency relationship between them. TD Ameritrade has established AdvisorDirect as a means of referring its brokerage customers and other investors seeking fee-based personal investment management services or financial planning services to independent investment advisors. TD Ameritrade does not supervise CP and has no responsibility for CP's management of client portfolios or CP's other advice or services. CP pays TD Ameritrade an on-going fee for each successful client referral. This fee is usually a percentage (not to exceed 25%) of the advisory fee that the client pays to CP ("Solicitation Fee"). CP will also pay TD Ameritrade the Solicitation Fee on any advisory fees received by CP from any of a referred client's family members, including a spouse, child or any other immediate family member who resides with the referred client and hired CP on the recommendation of such referred client. CP will not charge clients referred through AdvisorDirect any fees or costs higher than its standard fee schedule offered to its clients or otherwise pass Solicitation Fees paid to TD Ameritrade to its clients. For information regarding additional or other fees paid directly or indirectly to TD Ameritrade, please refer to the TD Ameritrade AdvisorDirect Disclosure and Acknowledgement Form.

Potential conflicts of interest may arise from CP's participation in AdvisorDirect. TD Ameritrade will most likely refer clients through AdvisorDirect to investment advisors that encourage their clients to custody their assets at TD Ameritrade and whose client accounts are profitable to TD Ameritrade. Consequently, in order to obtain client referrals from TD Ameritrade, CP has an incentive to recommend to clients that the assets under management by CP be held in custody with TD Ameritrade and to place transactions for client accounts with TD Ameritrade. In addition, CP has agreed not to solicit clients referred to it through AdvisorDirect to transfer their accounts from TD Ameritrade or to establish brokerage or custody accounts at other custodians, except when its fiduciary duties require doing so. CP's participation in AdvisorDirect does not reduce or eliminate its fiduciary duty to seek best execution when selecting brokers to execute securities transactions on behalf of Referred Clients.

CP currently maintains one other active solicitor arrangement, whereby it compensates the solicitor for prospective client introductions. If a client is introduced to CP by either an unaffiliated or an affiliated solicitor, CP shall generally pay that solicitor a referral fee in accordance with the requirements of Rule 206(4)-3 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, and any corresponding state securities law requirements. Any such referral fee shall be paid solely from CP's investment management fee, and shall not result in any additional charge to the client. If the client is introduced to CP by an unaffiliated solicitor, the solicitor, at the time of the solicitation, shall disclose the nature of his/her/its solicitor relationship, and shall provide each prospective client with a copy of CP's written Brochure with a copy of the written disclosure Brochure from the solicitor to the client disclosing the terms of the solicitation arrangement between CP and the solicitor, including the compensation to be received by solicitor from CP.

Item 15. Custody

Investment advisory clients of CP will receive, at least quarterly, account statements from the broker-dealer or custodian. CP urges all of its clients to carefully review those account statements. In addition, clients will receive quarterly account statements from CP. Clients are strongly urged to compare the account statements received from the custodian with those received from CP.

Client assets are held by a qualified custodian such as Schwab, TD, or Fidelity and it is CP's policy not to take physical custody or actual possession of client funds or securities. However, CP may deduct advisory fees directly from client's account as indicated in Item 5.B. above. CP also provides other services on behalf of its clients that require disclosure in ADV Part 1. In particular, certain clients have signed asset transfer authorizations that permit the applicable qualified custodian to rely upon instructions from CP to transfer client funds to third parties. In accordance with the guidance provided in the SEC Staff's February 21, 2017 Investment Adviser Association No-Action Letter, the affected accounts are not subjected to an annual surprise CPA examination.

Clients will receive account statements directly from Schwab, TD, or Fidelity at least quarterly. They will be sent to the email or the mailing address the Client provides to Schwab, TD, or Fidelity. Clients should carefully review those statements promptly when they are received. CP also urges clients to compare Schwab's, TD's, or Fidelity's account statements to the periodic portfolio reports clients receive from CP.

Item 16. Investment Discretion

Clients may grant a limited power of attorney to CP with respect to trading activity in their accounts by signing the appropriate custodian limited power of attorney form. In those cases, CP will exercise full discretion as to the nature and type of securities to be purchased and sold, the amount of securities for such transactions, and the executing broker to be used. Investment limitations may be designated by the client as outlined in the investment advisory agreement.

Item 17. Voting Client Securities

Generally, as a matter of firm policy, CP does not vote proxies on behalf of our Clients.

Clients may receive their proxies or other solicitations directly from their custodian or their transfer agent. Upon request, CP will provide guidance and advice with regards to the proxies our Clients receive.

In the case of CP legacy clients, CP will vote proxies through the Broadridge platform, for those clients who have requested us to do so on their behalf.

When voting proxies, as a general rule, CP will vote all proxies relating to a particular proposal the same way for all client accounts holding the security in accordance with CP's Proxy Voting Policy, unless a client specifically instructs in writing to vote such client's securities otherwise. When making proxy voting decisions, CP may seek advice or assistance from third-party consultants, such as Broadridge or legal counsel. CP has contracted with Broadridge Investor Communications, Inc., for proxy voting services.

Item 18. Financial Disclosures

A. Balance Sheet

CP does not require the prepayment of fees of \$1,200 or more, six months or more in advance, and as such is not required to file a balance sheet.

B. Financial Conditions Reasonably Likely to Impair Advisory Firm's Ability to Meet Commitments to Clients

CP does not have any financial issues that would impair its ability to provide services to clients.

C. Bankruptcy Petitions During the Past Ten Years

There is nothing to report on this item.

ANY QUESTIONS: CP's Chief Compliance Officer, Jim Hagedorn, CFA, remains available to address any questions regarding this Part 2A.