

Great Lakes Financing, LLC

Firm Brochure - Form ADV Part 2A

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Great Lakes Financing, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at (800) 406-2123 or by email at: seku.shabazz@cleretirementplanning.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Great Lakes Financing, LLC is also available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov. Great Lakes Financing, LLC's CRD number is: 290434.

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Registration as an investment adviser does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

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Item 2: Material Changes

The material changes in this brochure from the last annual updating amendment of Great Lakes Financing, LLC on 02/15/2019 are described below. Material changes relate to Great Lakes Financing, LLC's policies, practices or conflicts of interests.

- The firm has updated their assets under management (Item 4E).

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Item 4: Advisory Business

A. Description of the Advisory Firm

Great Lakes Financing, LLC (hereinafter “GLFL”) is a Limited Liability Company organized in the State of Delaware. The firm was formed in June 2018, and the principal owner is Seku N Shabazz.

B. Types of Advisory Services

Portfolio Management Services

GLFL offers ongoing portfolio management services based on the individual goals, objectives, time horizon, and risk tolerance of each client. GLFL creates an Investment Policy Statement for each client, which outlines the client’s current situation (income, tax levels, and risk tolerance levels). Portfolio management services include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Investment strategy
- Asset allocation
- Risk tolerance
- Personal investment policy
- Asset selection
- Regular portfolio monitoring

GLFL evaluates the current investments of each client with respect to their risk tolerance levels and time horizon. GLFL will require discretionary authority from clients in order to select securities and execute transactions without permission from the client prior to each transaction. Risk tolerance levels are documented in the Investment Policy Statement, which is given to each client.

GLFL seeks to provide that investment decisions are made in accordance with the fiduciary duties owed to its accounts and without consideration of GLFL’s economic, investment or other financial interests. To meet its fiduciary obligations, GLFL attempts to avoid, among other things, investment or trading practices that systematically advantage or disadvantage certain client portfolios, and accordingly, GLFL’s policy is to seek fair and equitable allocation of investment opportunities/transactions among its clients to avoid favoring one client over another over time. It is GLFL’s policy to allocate investment opportunities and transactions it identifies as being appropriate and prudent among its clients on a fair and equitable basis over time.

Seku N Shabazz manager of Great Lakes Investment Partners, GP, the general partner of Great Lakes Investment Partners Fund A LP, Great Lakes Investment Partners Fund B LP, and Great Lakes Investment Partners Fund C LP (“The Funds”). GLFL will advise the funds. Information about the funds are publicly available in the prospectus and statements of additional information, which can be obtained free of charge by contacting GLFL or on the EDGAR database on the SEC’s website at www.sec.gov.

Services Limited to Specific Types of Investments

GLFL generally limits its investment advice to private placements, although GLFL primarily recommends private placements in real estate loans. GLFL may use other securities as well to help diversify a portfolio when applicable.

C. Client Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions

GLFL offers the same suite of services to all of its clients. However, specific client investment strategies and their implementation are dependent upon the client Investment Policy Statement which outlines each client's current situation (income, tax levels, and risk tolerance levels). Clients may impose restrictions in investing in certain securities or types of securities in accordance with their values or beliefs. However, if the restrictions prevent GLFL from properly servicing the client account, or if the restrictions would require GLFL to deviate from its standard suite of services, GLFL reserves the right to end the relationship.

D. Wrap Fee Programs

A wrap fee program is an investment program where the investor pays one stated fee that includes management fees, transaction costs, and certain other administrative fees. GLFL does not participate in wrap fee programs.

E. Assets Under Management

GLFL has the following assets under management:

Discretionary Amounts:	Non-discretionary Amounts:	Date Calculated:
\$0	\$0	February 2019

Item 5: Fees and Compensation

A. Fee Schedule

Portfolio Management Fees

Total Assets Under Management	Annual Fees
All Assets	0.50%

GLFL uses an average of the daily balance in the client's account throughout the billing period, after taking into account deposits and withdrawals, for purposes of determining the market value of the assets upon which the advisory fee is based.

The final fee schedule will be memorialized in the client's advisory agreement. Clients may terminate the agreement without penalty for a full refund of GLFL's fees within five business days of signing the Investment Advisory Contract. Thereafter, clients may terminate the Investment Advisory Contract generally with 30 days' written notice.

B. Payment of Fees

Payment of Portfolio Management Fees

Asset-based portfolio management fees are withdrawn directly from the client's accounts with client's written authorization on a daily basis. Fees are paid in arrears.

C. Client Responsibility For Third Party Fees

Clients are responsible for the payment of all third party fees (i.e. custodian fees, brokerage fees, mutual fund fees, transaction fees, etc.). Those fees are separate and distinct from the fees and expenses charged by GLFL. Please see Item 12 of this brochure regarding broker-dealer/custodian.

D. Prepayment of Fees

GLFL collects its fees in arrears. It does not collect fees in advance.

E. Outside Compensation For the Sale of Securities to Clients

Neither GLFL nor its supervised persons accept any compensation for the sale of investment products, including asset-based sales charges or service fees from the sale of mutual funds.

Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

GLFL does not accept performance-based fees or other fees based on a share of capital gains on or capital appreciation of the assets of a client.

Item 7: Types of Clients

GLFL generally provides advisory services to the following types of clients:

- ❖ Pooled Investment Vehicles
- ❖ High Net-Worth individuals

There is no account minimum for any of GLFL's services.

Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, & Risk of Loss

A. Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies

Methods of Analysis

GLFL's methods of analysis include Cyclical analysis, Fundamental analysis, Modern portfolio theory, Quantitative analysis and Technical analysis.

Cyclical analysis involves the analysis of business cycles to find favorable conditions for buying and/or selling a security.

Fundamental analysis involves the analysis of financial statements, the general financial health of companies, and/or the analysis of management or competitive advantages.

Modern portfolio theory is a theory of investment that attempts to maximize portfolio expected return for a given amount of portfolio risk, or equivalently minimize risk for a given level of expected return, each by carefully choosing the proportions of various asset.

Quantitative analysis deals with measurable factors as distinguished from qualitative considerations such as the character of management or the state of employee morale, such as the value of assets, the cost of capital, historical projections of sales, and so on.

Technical analysis involves the analysis of past market data; primarily price and volume.

Investment Strategies

GLFL uses long term trading and short term trading.

Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

B. Material Risks Involved

Methods of Analysis

Cyclical analysis assumes that the markets react in cyclical patterns which, once identified, can be leveraged to provide performance. The risks with this strategy are two-fold: 1) the markets do not always repeat cyclical patterns; and 2) if too many investors begin to implement this strategy, then it changes the very cycles these investors are trying to exploit.

Fundamental analysis concentrates on factors that determine a company's value and expected future earnings. This strategy would normally encourage equity purchases in stocks that are undervalued or priced below their perceived value. The risk assumed is that the market will fail to reach expectations of perceived value.

Modern portfolio theory assumes that investors are risk averse, meaning that given two portfolios that offer the same expected return, investors will prefer the less risky one. Thus, an investor will take on increased risk only if compensated by higher expected returns. Conversely, an investor who wants higher expected returns must accept more risk. The exact trade-off will be the same for all investors, but different investors will evaluate the trade-off differently based on individual risk aversion characteristics. The implication is that a rational investor will not invest in a portfolio if a second portfolio exists with a more favorable risk-expected return profile – i.e., if for that level of risk an alternative portfolio exists which has better expected returns.

Quantitative analysis Investment strategies using quantitative models may perform differently than expected as a result of, among other things, the factors used in the models, the weight placed on each factor, changes from the factors' historical trends, and technical issues in the construction and implementation of the models.

Technical analysis attempts to predict a future stock price or direction based on market trends. The assumption is that the market follows discernible patterns and if these patterns can be identified then a prediction can be made. The risk is that markets do not always follow patterns and relying solely on this method may not take into account new patterns that emerge over time.

Investment Strategies

Long term trading is designed to capture market rates of both return and risk. Due to its nature, the long-term investment strategy can expose clients to various types of risk that will typically surface at various intervals during the time the client owns the investments. These risks include but are not limited to inflation (purchasing power) risk, interest rate risk, economic risk, market risk, and political/regulatory risk.

Short term trading risks include liquidity, economic stability, and inflation, in addition to the long term trading risks listed above. Frequent trading can affect investment performance, particularly through increased brokerage and other transaction costs and taxes.

Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

C. Risks of Specific Securities Utilized

Clients should be aware that there is a material risk of loss using any investment strategy. The investment types listed below are not guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or any other government agency.

Private placements carry a substantial risk as they are subject to less regulation than are publicly offered securities, the market to resell these assets under applicable securities laws may be illiquid, due to restrictions, and the liquidation may be taken at a substantial discount to the underlying value or result in the entire loss of the value of such assets.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

Item 9: Disciplinary Information

A. Criminal or Civil Actions

There are no criminal or civil actions to report.

B. Administrative Proceedings

There are no administrative proceedings to report.

C. Self-regulatory Organization (SRO) Proceedings

There are no self-regulatory organization proceedings to report.

Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

A. Registration as a Broker/Dealer or Broker/Dealer Representative

Neither GLFL nor its representatives are registered as, or have pending applications to become, a broker/dealer or a representative of a broker/dealer.

B. Registration as a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or a Commodity Trading Advisor

Neither GLFL nor its representatives are registered as or have pending applications to become either a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or Commodity Trading Advisor or an associated person of the foregoing entities.

C. Registration Relationships Material to this Advisory Business and Possible Conflicts of Interests

Seku N Shabazz is an investment adviser representative with another investment advisory firm, CLE Retirement Planning, LLC, and from time to time, may offer clients advice or products from those activities and clients should be aware that these services may involve a conflict of interest. GLFL always acts in the best interest of the client and clients are in no way required to use the services of any representative of GLFL in connection with such individual's activities outside of GLFL.

Seku N Shabazz is a licensed insurance agent with Ash Brokerage, and from time to time, will offer clients advice or products from those activities. Clients should be aware that these services pay a commission or other compensation and involve a conflict of interest, as commissionable products conflict with the fiduciary duties of a registered investment adviser. GLFL always acts in the best interest of the client; including the sale of commissionable products to advisory clients. Clients are in no way required to utilize the services of any representative of GLFL in connection with such individual's activities outside of GLFL.

Seku N Shabazz managing member of Great Lakes Investment Partners, GP, the general partner of Great Lakes Investment Partners Fund A LP, Great Lakes Investment Partners Fund B LP, and Great Lakes Investment Partners Fund C LP and from time to time, may offer clients advice or products from those activities and clients should be aware that these services may involve a conflict of interest. GLFL always acts in the best interest of the client and clients are in no way required to utilize the services of any representative of GLFL in connection with such individual's activities outside of GLFL.

Seku N Shabazz is owner and President of Great Lakes Loan Servicing, LLC. This entity services loans made by the great lakes investment partners partnership. He will not offer clients any services from this outside activity.

D. Selection of Other Advisers or Managers and How This Adviser is Compensated for Those Selections

GLFL does not utilize nor select third-party investment advisers.

Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

A. Code of Ethics

GLFL has a written Code of Ethics that covers the following areas: Prohibited Purchases and Sales, Insider Trading, Personal Securities Transactions, Exempted Transactions, Prohibited Activities, Conflicts of Interest, Gifts and Entertainment, Confidentiality, Service on a Board of Directors, Compliance Procedures, Compliance with Laws and Regulations, Procedures and Reporting, Certification of Compliance, Reporting Violations, Compliance Officer Duties, Training and Education, Recordkeeping, Annual Review, and Sanctions. GLFL's Code of Ethics is available free upon request to any client or prospective client.

B. Recommendations Involving Material Financial Interests

GLFL and its associated persons may have material financial interests in issuers of securities that GLFL may recommend for purchase or sale by clients.

Seku N Shabazz managing member of Great Lakes Investment Partners, GP, the general partner of Great Lakes Investment Partners Fund A LP, Great Lakes Investment Partners Fund B LP, and Great Lakes Investment Partners Fund C LP.

This presents a conflict of interest in that GLFL or its related persons may receive more compensation from investment in a security in which GLFL or a related person has a material financial interest than from other investments. Client approval will be sought for client investment in such recommendations and, if granted, such approval will be binding. GLFL always acts in the best interest of the client consistent with its fiduciary duties and clients are not required invest in such investments if they do not wish to do so.

Client approval will be sought for client investment in such recommendations and, if granted, such approval will be binding. If a principal transaction arises, GLFL will only

execute such transaction with the consent of the applicable client. Principal transactions are generally defined as transactions where an adviser, acting as principal for its own account or the account of a related person, buys from or sells any security to any advisory client.

If an agency cross transaction arises, GLFL will only execute such transaction with the consent of the applicable client. An agency cross transaction is generally defined as a transaction where a person acts as investment adviser in relation to a transaction in which the investment adviser, or any person controlled by or under common control with the investment adviser, acts as broker for both the advisory client and for another person on the other side of the transaction.

C. Investing Personal Money in the Same Securities as Clients

From time to time, representatives of GLFL may buy or sell securities for themselves that they also recommend to clients. This may provide an opportunity for representatives of GLFL to buy or sell the same securities before or after recommending the same securities to clients resulting in representatives profiting off the recommendations they provide to clients. Such transactions may create a conflict of interest. GLFL will always document any transactions that could be construed as conflicts of interest and will never engage in trading that operates to the client's disadvantage when similar securities are being bought or sold.

D. Trading Securities At/Around the Same Time as Clients' Securities

From time to time, representatives of GLFL may buy or sell securities for themselves at or around the same time as clients. This may provide an opportunity for representatives of GLFL to buy or sell securities before or after recommending securities to clients resulting in representatives profiting off the recommendations they provide to clients. Such transactions may create a conflict of interest; however, GLFL will never engage in trading that operates to the client's disadvantage if representatives of GLFL buy or sell securities at or around the same time as clients.

Item 12: Brokerage Practices

A. Factors Used to Select Custodians and/or Broker/Dealers

Custodians/broker-dealers will be recommended based on GLFL's duty to seek "best execution," which is the obligation to seek execution of securities transactions for a client on the most favorable terms for the client under the circumstances. Clients will not necessarily pay the lowest commission or commission equivalent, and GLFL may also consider the market expertise and research access provided by the broker-dealer/custodian, including but not limited to access to written research, oral

communication with analysts, admittance to research conferences and other resources provided by the brokers that may aid in GLFL's research efforts. GLFL will never charge a premium or commission on transactions, beyond the actual cost imposed by the broker-dealer/custodian.

GLFL will require clients to use Interactive Brokers LLC.

1. Research and Other Soft-Dollar Benefits

While GLFL has no formal soft dollars program in which soft dollars are used to pay for third party services, GLFL may receive research, products, or other services from custodians and broker-dealers in connection with client securities transactions ("soft dollar benefits"). GLFL may enter into soft-dollar arrangements consistent with (and not outside of) the safe harbor contained in Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. There can be no assurance that any particular client will benefit from soft dollar research, whether or not the client's transactions paid for it, and GLFL does not seek to allocate benefits to client accounts proportionate to any soft dollar credits generated by the accounts. GLFL benefits by not having to produce or pay for the research, products or services, and GLFL will have an incentive to recommend a broker-dealer based on receiving research or services. Clients should be aware that GLFL's acceptance of soft dollar benefits may result in higher commissions charged to the client.

2. Brokerage for Client Referrals

GLFL receives no referrals from a broker-dealer or third party in exchange for using that broker-dealer or third party.

3. Clients Directing Which Broker/Dealer/Custodian to Use

GLFL will require clients to use a specific broker-dealer to execute transactions. Not all advisers require clients to use a particular broker-dealer.

B. Aggregating (Block) Trading for Multiple Client Accounts

If GLFL buys or sells the same securities on behalf of more than one client, then it may (but would be under no obligation to) aggregate or bunch such securities in a single transaction for multiple clients in order to seek more favorable prices, lower brokerage commissions, or more efficient execution. In such case, GLFL would place an aggregate order with the broker on behalf of all such clients in order to ensure fairness for all clients; provided, however, that trades would be reviewed periodically to ensure that accounts are not systematically disadvantaged by this policy. GLFL would determine the appropriate number of shares and select the appropriate brokers consistent with its duty to seek best execution, except for those accounts with specific brokerage direction (if any).

Item 13: Review of Accounts

A. Frequency and Nature of Periodic Reviews and Who Makes Those Reviews

All client accounts for GLFL's advisory services provided on an ongoing basis are reviewed at least Monthly by Seku N Shabazz, CEO, with regard to clients' respective investment policies and risk tolerance levels. All accounts at GLFL are assigned to this reviewer.

B. Factors That Will Trigger a Non-Periodic Review of Client Accounts

Reviews may be triggered by material market, economic or political events, or by changes in client's financial situations (such as retirement, termination of employment, physical move, or inheritance).

C. Content and Frequency of Regular Reports Provided to Clients

Each client of GLFL's advisory services provided on an ongoing basis will receive a monthly report detailing the client's account, including assets held, asset value, and calculation of fees. This written report will come from the custodian. GLFL will also provide at least monthly a separate written statement to the client.

Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation

A. Economic Benefits Provided by Third Parties for Advice Rendered to Clients (Includes Sales Awards or Other Prizes)

GLFL does not receive any economic benefit, directly or indirectly from any third party for advice rendered to GLFL's clients.

B. Compensation to Non - Advisory Personnel for Client Referrals

GLFL may enter into written arrangements with third parties to act as solicitors for GLFL's investment management services. Solicitor relationships will be fully disclosed to each Client to the extent required by applicable law. GLFL will ensure each solicitor is exempt, notice filed, or properly registered in all appropriate jurisdictions. All such referral activities will be conducted in accordance with Rule 206(4)-3 under the Advisers Act, where applicable.

Item 15: Custody

When advisory fees are deducted directly from client accounts at client's custodian, GLFL will be deemed to have limited custody of client's assets and must have written authorization from the client to do so. Clients will receive all account statements and billing invoices that are required in each jurisdiction, and they should carefully review those statements for accuracy.

Item 16: Investment Discretion

GLFL provides discretionary investment advisory services to clients. The advisory contract established with each client sets forth the discretionary authority for trading. Where investment discretion has been granted, GLFL generally manages the client's account and makes investment decisions without consultation with the client as to when the securities are to be bought or sold for the account, the total amount of the securities to be bought/sold, what securities to buy or sell, or the price per share.

Item 17: Voting Client Securities (Proxy Voting)

GLFL acknowledges its fiduciary obligation to vote proxies on behalf of those clients that have delegated to it, or for which it is deemed to have, proxy voting authority. GLFL will vote proxies on behalf of a client solely in the best interest of the relevant client and has established general guidelines for voting proxies. GLFL may also abstain from voting if, based on factors such as expense or difficulty of exercise, it determines that a client's interests are better served by abstaining. Further, because proxy proposals and individual company facts and circumstances may vary, GLFL may vote in a manner that is contrary to the general guidelines if it believes that doing so would be in a client's best interest to do so. If a proxy proposal presents a conflict of interest between GLFL and a client, then GLFL will disclose the conflict of interest to the client prior to the proxy vote and, if participating in the vote, will vote in accordance with the client's wishes.

Clients may obtain a complete copy of the proxy voting policies and procedures by contacting GLFL in writing and requesting such information. Each client may also request, by contacting GLFL in writing, information concerning the manner in which proxy votes have been cast with respect to portfolio securities held by the relevant client during the prior annual period.

Item 18: Financial Information

A. Balance Sheet

GLFL neither requires nor solicits prepayment of more than \$1,200 in fees per client, six months or more in advance, and therefore is not required to include a balance sheet with this brochure.

B. Financial Conditions Reasonably Likely to Impair Ability to Meet Contractual Commitments to Clients

Neither GLFL nor its management has any financial condition that is likely to reasonably impair GLFL's ability to meet contractual commitments to clients.

C. Bankruptcy Petitions in Previous Ten Years

GLFL has not been the subject of a bankruptcy petition in the last ten years.