

**PART 2A OF FORM ADV: FIRM BROCHURE**

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This Brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Halyard Capital Management, LLC (“*Halyard*” or the “*Firm*”). If you have any questions about the contents of this Brochure, please contact us at (212) 554-2121 or [info@halyard.com](mailto:info@halyard.com). The information in this Brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the “*SEC*”) or by any state securities authority.

Though Halyard is a “registered investment adviser,” this statement does not imply any level of skill or training. Additional information about Halyard is also available on the SEC’s website at [www.adviserinfo.sec.gov](http://www.adviserinfo.sec.gov)

## **Item 2: Material Changes**

This amendment to the Brochure, dated August 6, 2015, reflects a change to the address of Halyard's principal office, which has moved to 250 Park Avenue, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, Suite 810, New York, NY 10177.

You may request this Brochure by contacting the Chief Compliance Officer.

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#### Item 4: Advisory Business

A. Halyard is an investment adviser located in New York, NY, formed in 2000. Halyard serves as an investment adviser to private pooled investment vehicles (each, a “*Client*” or “*Fund*” and collectively the “*Clients*” or “*Funds*”). The Funds are exempt from registration under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “*Investment Company Act*”), pursuant to Section 3(c)(7) of the Investment Company Act. Interests in the Funds are offered exclusively to “qualified purchasers” as defined in the Investment Company Act; generally, the Funds’ investors consist primarily of institutions and a select group of high net worth individuals.

Currently, Halyard has 8 employees, 7 of whom perform investment advisory functions. Halyard’s principal owners are Robert B. Nolan, Jr. and Bruce Eatroff.

Halyard is affiliated with entities that serve as the general partners to each of the Funds (each, a “*General Partner*” and collectively, the “*General Partners*”) and each of the Funds is controlled by its respective General Partner. The following is a list of each of the General Partners, which are affiliated investment advisers of Halyard:

General Partners:

- Halyard Capital Genpar II, L.P.
- Halyard Fund GP, L.P.

The advisory services of Halyard Capital Management, LLC and each of the General Partners, as affiliated investment advisers, are described in this brochure. Each General Partner is deemed registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the “*Advisers Act*”) pursuant to Halyard’s registration in accordance with SEC guidance and shall also apply in respect of the General Partners.

B. Halyard provides discretionary advisory services to the Funds and non-discretionary advisory services to a parallel Fund, to which the Firm provides certain investment recommendations that parallel its recommendations to its discretionary Funds. The Funds generally seek to generate capital appreciation by making privately negotiated investments in privately owned companies in certain sectors, including education services, healthcare services, marketing services, communication, information services and business services (each, a “*Portfolio Company*” and collectively, the “*Portfolio Companies*”).

C. Halyard’s Clients have different investment guidelines as set forth in the governing documents of the applicable Fund and its offering documents. These guidelines generally limit the concentration and/or geography of the Funds’ investments.

Halyard may further tailor its advisory services to the specific needs of a Client as may be necessary, appropriate or negotiated from time to time. The Clients may not impose restrictions in investing in certain securities or types of securities.

D. Halyard does not participate in wrap fee programs.

**E.** As of December 31, 2014, Halyard managed \$256,424,021 of Client assets on a discretionary basis and \$2,112,401 of assets on a non-discretionary basis.

## Item 5: Fees and Compensation

**A.** Interests in the Funds are only offered to “qualified purchasers” as defined in the Investment Company Act. Halyard is compensated for advisory services by a fee based on its assets under management (the “*Management Fee*”) and by a share of capital appreciation (“*Carried Interest*”) with respect to realized investments. This compensation is negotiated separately with each Client but is charged *pro rata* to all investors. Investors and prospective investors should refer to the Funds’ offering documents for a detailed description of the fees associated with investments in the Funds. Fees are non-negotiable but may be waived or reduced in the Firm’s discretion.

**B.** The Firm bills Clients for the Management Fee on a quarterly basis. As a private equity firm, the Carried Interest is billed as investments are realized and not on any set schedule.

**C.** As described more fully in Item 6 herein, Halyard typically is entitled to receive a performance-based fee from its Clients. Further, Halyard’s Clients are responsible for all other expenses attributable to their activities including, without limitation:

- i.** Expenses incurred in connection with the evaluation, acquisition or disposition of investments (whether or not consummated), including private placement fees, sales commissions, appraisal fees, taxes, brokerage fees, underwriting commissions and discounts, and legal, accounting, investment banking, consulting, information services and professional fees;
- ii.** Expenses incurred in connection with carrying or management of investments, including custodial, trustee, recordkeeping and other administrative fees;
- iii.** Expenses incurred in connection with the applicable Fund’s financial statements, tax returns and K-1’s;
- iv.** Attorneys’ and accountants’ fees and disbursements;
- v.** Taxes and other governmental charges levied against the applicable Fund;
- vi.** Insurance (including in respect of errors or omissions of Halyard, its affiliates and related entities, and any other persons acting on behalf of the applicable Fund), regulatory or litigation expenses (and damages), including regulatory expenses of the Firm;
- vii.** Expenses incurred in connection with the winding up or liquidation of the applicable Fund;
- viii.** Expenses relating to defaults by the applicable Fund’s investors in the payment of any capital contributions;
- ix.** Out-of-pocket expenses for transactions not consummated;

**x.** Expenses incurred in connection with any restructuring or amendments to the constituent documents of the applicable Fund and related entities, including Halyard;

**xi.** Expenses incurred in connection with the formation of special purpose investment vehicles to the extent permitted by the applicable Fund's partnership agreement; and

**xii.** Expenses incurred in connection with distributions to the applicable Fund's investors and in connection with any meetings with investors.

To the extent that Halyard's Clients may incur brokerage fees or other transaction costs, such costs will be borne by the respective Client. Please see Item 12 for further information regarding Halyard's brokerage procedures.

**D.** The Management Fee is paid quarterly in advance. In the extremely unlikely event that an advisory contract is terminated before the end of a billing period, Halyard will refund the overpayment of the Management Fee *pro rata*.

Performance-based fees are not paid in advance.

**E.** Neither Halyard nor any of its supervised persons accepts compensation for the sale of securities or other investment products.

## **Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management**

Halyard accepts Carried Interest, which is a performance-based fee allocated as a share of capital appreciation of its Clients' assets. Halyard does not receive Carried Interest unless the Management Fee and any other expenses borne with respect to investment activities, including expenses disclosed herein, have been returned in full to Halyard's Clients and their underlying investors. Halyard accepts Carried Interest at comparable rates from each of its Clients.

All performance-based fees are structured subject to Section 205(a)(1) of the Advisers Act, including the exemption set forth in Rule 205-3 of the Advisers Act permitting performance-based fee arrangements with "qualified clients". Accordingly, the Firm seeks to ensure that all investors satisfy the qualifications of Rule 205-4 and have been advised of the terms of such performance-based fees and the associated risks.

Performance-based fees may create an incentive for the Firm to cause the Clients to make investments which may be riskier or more speculative than those which would be made under a different fee arrangement. However, Halyard is committed to fulfilling its fiduciary duty to the Clients to act at all times in the best interest of the Clients. To this end, Halyard has implemented internal controls to address the potential conflicts associated with performance-based fees.



## **Item 7: Types of Clients**

Halyard provides investment advice to the Funds, which are pooled investment vehicles that are exempt from registration under the Investment Company Act. Investors in the Funds are limited to institutions, pension plans, endowments, fund of funds, high net worth individuals and other “qualified purchasers,” as such term is defined in the Investment Company Act. As previously mentioned in Item 4.B, one Fund is a parallel Fund, over which the Firm has no investment discretion.

In general, the minimum initial investment in a Fund is \$10 million, although lesser amounts may be accepted at Halyard’s discretion.

## **Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss**

**A.** Halyard utilizes its extensive industry expertise and broad network of relationships to implement a highly focused investment approach.

Most of Halyard's investments result from the Firm's proprietary deal flow. Halyard proactively identifies areas of opportunity and leverages both (i) its extensive network of executive and industry relationships and (ii) its investment professionals' deep sector expertise. A critical element of this approach is Halyard's executive network, which the Firm continues to expand by identifying talented executives capable of sourcing and managing new investments. As part of Halyard's executive sponsorship initiative, the Firm partners with proven operators to undertake a thorough analysis of industry segments and company targets and thereby develop a comprehensive understanding of each particular opportunity. Halyard's executive network also originates its own quality deal flow, stemming from the executives' years of involvement in their respective sectors. The Firm creates value through both organic and external growth strategies.

Halyard generally focuses its analysis on investment opportunities in the lower end of the middle market for education services, healthcare services, marketing services, communication, information services and business services. Moreover, the Firm believes that smaller companies often provide both more attractive valuations and the best opportunities for value creation through strategic and operational improvements.

Halyard's investment sourcing process characteristically includes developing a comprehensive investment thesis, approach and executive network prior to engaging in detailed diligence on a potential new portfolio company. Halyard seeks to position itself as a value-added buyer with strategic importance, which Halyard believes may be an important differentiator and selling point for existing owners and entrepreneurs.

When Halyard identifies an attractive investment opportunity, Halyard performs extensive due diligence prior to making an investment. This due diligence may include, without limitation, detailed financial analyses and qualitative assessments of the potential investment, analysis of the potential portfolio company's growth potential, analysis of potential exits from the investment and more general market and sector analysis to assess the company's earnings potential and competitiveness.

### **B. Risk of Loss**

#### *General Risk of Loss*

All investing involves a risk of loss and, accordingly, the investment strategy implemented by the Firm may not be profitable and could lose money over short or even long periods of time. No guarantee or representation is made that any of the Clients will achieve its investment objectives or that investors in the Funds will receive a return on their capital.

The descriptions contained below are a brief overview of certain risk factors pertaining to

Halyard's methods of analysis and investment strategies. For a complete list of all risks pertaining to investments in the Funds, consult the Funds' respective offering memoranda.

### *Investments in the Communications, Information and Media Industries*

A portion of Halyard's investments may be in certain segments of the communications, education, healthcare, information and media industries which are regulated by federal, state and local governmental bodies. New laws and regulations may have a material adverse effect on such investments.

### *Nature of Investments*

A substantial portion of Halyard's investments will be in equity or equity-related investments which by their nature involve business, financial, market and/or legal risks. While such investments offer the opportunity for significant capital gains, they also involve a high degree of risk that could potentially result in substantial losses. There can be no assurance that Halyard will correctly evaluate the nature and magnitude of the various factors that could affect the value of such investments. The value of the investments may be impacted by a variety of other factors that are inherently difficult to predict, such as domestic or international economic and political developments, which may significantly affect the results of Halyard's activities. As a result, Halyard's performance over a particular period may not necessarily be indicative of the results that may be expected in future periods.

### *Risks Associated with Leverage*

Halyard's investments may involve leveraged acquisitions which, by their nature, require companies to undertake a high ratio of fixed charges to available income. Such investments are inherently more sensitive to declines in revenues and to increases in expenses. Utilization of leverage is a speculative investment technique and involves risks to investors. While leverage may enhance total returns to investors, if investment results fail to cover borrowing costs, then returns to the investors will be lower than if there had been no borrowings. Investors will not be personally liable for Halyard's obligations under any borrowing arrangements.

### *Risks Associated with Minority Positions*

Halyard is likely to make minority equity investments in companies. Such companies may have economic or business interests or goals that are inconsistent with those of Halyard, and Halyard may not be in a position to limit or otherwise protect the value of its investment in the companies, although as a condition of making such investments, it is expected that appropriate shareholder rights generally will be sought to protect Halyard's investments. Halyard's control over the investment policies of the companies may also be limited.

### *Difficulty of Locating Suitable Investments*

Clients must rely on the ability of Halyard to identify, structure and implement investments consistent with Halyard's investment objectives and policies. There can be no assurance that there

will be a sufficient number of suitable investment opportunities to enable Halyard to invest all of its committed capital in opportunities that satisfy Halyard's investment objectives, or that such investment opportunities will lead to complete investments by Halyard. Identification of attractive investment opportunities is difficult and involves a high degree of uncertainty. Halyard will compete for the acquisition of investment with many other investors, some of which will have greater resources than Halyard. Such competitors may include other private investment funds as well as individuals, financial institutions and other institutional and strategic investors. Further, there can be no assurance that Halyard will correctly evaluate the nature and magnitude of the various factors that could affect the value of Halyard's investments.

### *Bridge Financing*

From time to time, Halyard may provide interim financing ("*Bridge Financing*") to portfolio companies to facilitate an investment organized by Halyard. Such Bridge Financings, if not repaid, would typically be convertible into a more permanent, long-term security; however, for reasons not always in Halyard's control, such long-term securities may not be issued and such loans may remain outstanding. In such event, the interest rate on such loans may not adequately reflect the risk associated with the unsecured position taken by Halyard. Halyard may attempt to add provisions to Bridge Financing agreements to ensure that the terms of these loans will adequately reflect the risks associated with the positions.

### *Follow-On Investments*

Halyard may be called upon to provide follow-up funding for its portfolio companies or have the opportunity to increase its investment in such portfolio company. Halyard normally provides a reserved amount of capital for follow-up investments. There can be no assurance that Halyard will wish to make follow-up investments or that Halyard will have sufficient funds to do so. Any decision by Halyard not to make follow-up investments or its inability to make them may have a substantial negative impact on a portfolio company in need of such an investment or may diminish Halyard's ability to influence the portfolio company's future development.

### *Portfolio Concentration*

Although no more than 20% (or, temporarily in connection with a Bridge Financing, 30%) of Halyard's committed capital will be invested in any one portfolio company, diversification is not an objective of Halyard. Halyard's portfolio may include a small number of large positions. While this portfolio concentration may enhance total returns to investors, if any large position has a material loss, then returns to the investors may be lower than if they had invested in a well-diversified portfolio.

### *Provision of Managerial Assistance and Control*

Halyard expects to structure investments so that it will be a "venture capital operating company" within the meaning of regulations promulgated under ERISA. This requires that Halyard obtain rights to participate substantially in and to influence substantially the conduct of the management

of the majority of Halyard's portfolio companies. Halyard typically will designate directors (and potentially nonexecutive chairmen) to serve on the boards of directors of portfolio companies. The designation of directors and other measures contemplated could expose the assets of Halyard to claims by a portfolio company, its security holders and its creditors. The exercise of control over a company imposes additional risks of legal liability for environmental damage, product defects, failure to supervise management, violation of government regulations and other types of liability. If these liabilities were to occur, Halyard could suffer significant losses in its investments. While Halyard seeks to manage Clients in a way that will minimize exposure to these risks, the possibility of successful claims cannot be precluded.

**Item 9: Disciplinary Information**

There are no legal or disciplinary events that are material to a Client's or investor's evaluation of Halyard's advisory business or the integrity of its management.

#### **Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations**

- A.** Neither Halyard nor any management person is registered, or has an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer or a registered representative of a broker-dealer.
- B.** Neither Halyard nor any management person is registered, or has an application pending to register, as a futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator, a commodity trading advisor or an associated person of any of the foregoing entities.
- C.** Halyard only enters into business relationships with other investment-related firms, including without limitation, banking institutions and law firms, in accordance with the performance of its duties to Clients. Halyard does not have any such relationships that may create a conflict of interest with its Clients.
- D.** Halyard does not recommend or select other investment advisers for Clients.

## **Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading**

**A.** Halyard has adopted a written Code of Ethics (the “*Code*”) pursuant to SEC Rule 204A-1, which establishes the standard of business conduct that all employees must follow in upholding the Firm’s fiduciary duty to its Funds. The Code is designed to promote high ethical standards and sets forth internal policies and procedures designed to address and mitigate actual and potential conflicts of interest between the Firm, its employees and its Funds. The Code also establishes guidelines for the appropriate handling and containment of any material non-public information to which an employee may be exposed.

As part of the Firm’s Code of Ethics, Halyard has adopted a formal personal trading policy which requires all personnel to disclose all holdings in personal accounts and all personal securities transactions in a timely manner. The Firm also maintains a “Restricted List” of companies about which a determination has been made that it is prudent to restrict trading activity by the Firm and/or its personnel. Generally, an employee may not trade securities of an issuer included on the Restricted List; however, exceptions may be granted under certain circumstances if pre-clearance is granted. Halyard may also require employees to pre-clear transactions in the securities of certain issuers that are not on the Restricted List, as determined by the Firm from time to time. The Code also prohibits purchasing securities in an IPO and requires pre-clearance before purchasing securities in a limited offering (i.e., a private placement).

Halyard’s Code of Ethics also contains controls implemented by the Firm designed to monitor and mitigate potential conflicts of interest, including specific policies to address, among other things, outside business activities of employees, political contributions, the prevention of insider trading and restrictions on the acceptance or offer of significant gifts and entertainment with business associates. All employees are required to annually certify that he or she has read, understands and agrees to abide by the Code and all policies and procedures set forth therein.

Halyard will provide a copy of its Code of Ethics to any Clients or prospective Client upon request.

**B.** Generally, Halyard does not buy investments on behalf of the Funds from proprietary accounts, or sell investments from the Funds to proprietary accounts. Halyard will have an interest in investments made by the Funds insofar as Halyard’s employees are themselves invested in the Funds. The principals of the Firm generally are invested in the General Partners of the Funds. Halyard believes that this investment properly aligns the interests of its investment professionals and Clients.

**C.** Neither the Firm nor any of its related persons invests in the same securities that are recommended to the Firm’s Clients.

**D.** (See Item 11B.) In the event that the Firm or a related person recommends securities to a Client, or buys and sells securities on behalf of a Client, at or about the same time that the Firm or a related person buys or sells the same securities for its or their own account, the Firm’s Chief Compliance Officer will make a determination on a case by case basis to address such a situation



and any conflicts of interest that such a transaction would present.

## **Item 12: Brokerage Practices**

**A.** Due to the nature of Halyard's investment strategy, the Firm expects substantially all of its investments to be privately negotiated directly with its portfolio companies. From time to time, Halyard may engage a broker or dealer to locate companies that may be suitable for investments from Halyard's Funds. Halyard selects these brokers or dealers based on a range of factors, including but not limited to industry position and expertise.

In cases where the Firm determines to utilize a broker or a dealer to transact in securities on behalf of Clients, Halyard shall evaluate such broker or dealer based on a range of factors, including without limitation fee arrangements, willingness to commit capital, ability to execute the desired transaction, and other factors.

As of the date of this filing, Halyard does not engage in soft dollar arrangements with broker-dealers; consider Client referrals when selecting or recommending a broker-dealer; or engage in directed brokerage.

**B.** Halyard does not aggregate the purchase or sale of securities for various Client accounts. In the event that Halyard does aggregate the purchase or sale of securities for various Client accounts, it will only do so in situations that are beneficial to all Clients involved.

### **Item 13: Review of Accounts**

**A.** Halyard's investment professionals are responsible for reviewing Clients holdings on an ongoing basis to determine if there have been any significant changes to any investments. Halyard holds informal meetings on a weekly basis to discuss any significant changes to any portfolio companies, or any significant upcoming market or business events likely to lead to significant changes.

**B.** More frequent review may be triggered by material changes in key variables that could affect the performance of the portfolios, including sudden changes in the financial markets and trends in the political or economic environment.

**C.** Within 120 days after each Fund's fiscal year end, audited financial statements are distributed to each investor in the Funds. The Firm also values investments internally on a quarterly basis; the Firm's administrator distributes quarterly capital statements to investors. Additionally, investors receive in-depth information and written materials about each respective Fund's portfolio during an annual investor meeting.

#### **Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation**

**A.** No one other than Clients provides economic benefits for providing investment advice or other advisory services to Clients.

Halyard receives certain fees from portfolio companies, generally termed “transaction” fees or “monitoring” fees, in connection with activities performed on behalf of Clients. Halyard has determined that 80% of all such fees paid to Halyard, net of expenses related to the activities leading to the receipt of such fees, shall reduce the Management Fee on an aggregate basis.

**B.** Halyard does not compensate a third party for Client referrals. However, Halyard has in the past compensated a third party placement agent (the “*Placement Agent*”) for investor referrals. In such cases, investors were notified of the material facts of such solicitation arrangements and any compensation paid by such investor to the Placement Agent reduced such investor’s Management Fee by the same amount.

## Item 15: Custody

Halyard has custody of Client funds by virtue of the fact that Halyard or a related person serves as the General Partner to Halyard's Clients.

When Halyard identifies an investment that is suitable for its Clients, the General Partner to Halyard's Clients issues a capital call for the funds necessary to make the investment (the "*Called Capital*"). The Called Capital will be held with a qualified custodian until the investment is made, and account statements will be sent to Clients by this qualified custodian directly for any periods when cash is custodied by Halyard.

Though the investments recommended by Halyard will generally be direct investments in private companies, Halyard's Clients may from time to time receive publicly traded equity securities in connection with its investments. Halyard shall maintain evidence of all direct investments as required by Rule 204-2 under the Investment Advisers' Act of 1940. Halyard shall maintain all publicly traded equity with a qualified custodian.

Additionally, Halyard shall deliver independently audited financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles to its Clients' investors no less frequently than annually, within 120 days of fiscal year end. As previously described, one of Halyard's Clients is a non-discretionary Fund, which was created solely for a third party investor's pooled investment vehicle to make parallel investments to certain of Halyard's Clients. As such, this vehicle is audited by and represented in the financials of the third party investor's vehicle. From time to time, Halyard may distribute unaudited financial statements of this vehicle to such third party investor.

## **Item 16: Investment Discretion**

Halyard has discretionary authority to manage cash and securities accounts on behalf of most of its Funds and is granted power of attorney over such assets. Halyard makes any investments as deemed by Halyard in its sole discretion to be suitable for Clients and within the investment objectives of its Clients, as detailed more fully in its Clients' offering memoranda and limited partnership agreements.

As previously described, one of the Firm's Funds is a parallel Fund, to which the Firm provides certain investment recommendations that parallel its recommendations to its discretionary Funds. Halyard does not have discretionary authority to manage assets and securities on behalf of this Fund.

## **Item 17: Voting Client Securities**

**A.** Halyard has full authority to vote Client securities. Due to Halyard's investment strategy and the nature of interests generally recommended by the Firm, Halyard does not anticipate frequently holding securities with voting authority on behalf of its Clients.

If Halyard does hold securities with voting authority, it shall determine to vote in the best interests of Clients. Generally, Halyard believes that management is best able to judge what is in the best interests of the company; and therefore Halyard will generally vote with management. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Halyard may determine to vote against management if in its sole discretion it believes that such a vote would be in the best interest of its Clients.

Occasions may arise in which the Firm is required to vote a proxy while having a conflict of interest with a Client. To protect the Clients against a breach of the Firm's duties to them, on any occasion when a proxy vote presents a conflict of interest, the Firm will consult on the matter and conduct a conflict analysis accordingly.

The Firm will produce the Clients with information about how proxies were voted or a copy of the Firm's proxy voting procedures upon request.

**B.** Not applicable.

### **Item 18: Financial Information**

- A.** Halyard does not require or solicit prepayment of more than \$1,200 in fees per Client, six months or more in advance.
- B.** Halyard is not aware of any financial conditions reasonably likely to impair its ability to meet contractual or other commitments to the Clients.
- C.** Halyard has not been the subject of a bankruptcy petition at any time during the past ten years.



**Item 19: Requirements for State-Registered Advisers**

Halyard is not currently registered or registering with a state securities authority.