

LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

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This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of LPL Financial. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact your LPL Financial representative or LPL Financial at lplfinancial.adv@lpl.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about LPL Financial also is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

ITEM 1 COVER PAGE

ITEM 2 MATERIAL CHANGES

This Brochure contains changes from the last annual update of this Brochure dated March 31, 2014. The following is a summary of certain changes made to this Brochure from the time of the annual update of the Brochure dated March 31, 2013 until the most recent annual update dated March 31, 2014. The following also includes a summary of certain changes made to the Brochure since the last annual update dated March 31, 2014. The Brochure was updated to include LPL's new San Diego address of 4707 Executive Drive, San Diego, California 92121-3091. Item 2 under "Types of Advisory Services" was updated to add information about overlay portfolio management services that LPL offers to clients of an affiliated investment advisor firm and individual participant advice services that LPL investment advisor representatives may offer. Item 9 was updated to provide information regarding four disciplinary events involving LPL, one related to LPL's systems and procedures to review and retain emails, one related to aspects of LPL's processing and supervision of the sale of alternative investments, including non-traded real estate investment trusts, one related to the books and records of certain variable annuity exchange transactions, and one related to improper conduct by an LPL investor advisor representative. Item 10 was updated to include more information about compensation that LPL may provide to its investment advisor representatives and financial institutions, such as banks and credit unions, on whose premises investment advisor representatives may be located.

ITEM 3 TABLE OF CONTENTS

ITEM 1 COVER PAGE 1

ITEM 2 MATERIAL CHANGES..... 1

ITEM 3 TABLE OF CONTENTS 1

ITEM 4 ADVISORY BUSINESS 2

ITEM 5 FEES AND COMPENSATION 6

ITEM 6 PERFORMANCE BASED FEES AND SIDE-BY-SIDE MANAGEMENT 10

ITEM 7 TYPES OF CLIENTS..... 10

ITEM 8 METHODS OF ANALYSIS, INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISK OF LOSS..... 10

ITEM 9 DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION..... 13

ITEM 10 OTHER FINANCIAL INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS 14

ITEM 11 CODE OF ETHICS, PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT TRANSACTIONS AND PERSONAL TRADING 15

ITEM 12 BROKERAGE PRACTICES 16

ITEM 13 REVIEW OF ACCOUNTS..... 16

ITEM 14 CLIENT REFERRALS AND OTHER COMPENSATION 17

ITEM 15 CUSTODY..... 19

ITEM 16 INVESTMENT DISCRETION 19

ITEM 17 VOTING CLIENT SECURITIES 20

ITEM 18 FINANCIAL INFORMATION 20



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

ITEM 4 ADVISORY BUSINESS

Introduction

LPL Financial LLC ("LPL") is an investment advisor registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") pursuant to the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. LPL has provided advisory services as a registered investment advisor since 1975. Note that registration as an investment advisor with the SEC does not imply a certain level of skill or training. As of December 31, 2013, LPL managed approximately \$106,234,507,000 of client assets on a discretionary basis and approximately \$3,460,717,000 of client assets on a non-discretionary basis. LPL is owned 100% by LPL Holdings, Inc., which is owned 100% by LPL Financial Holdings Inc., a publicly held company.

LPL's advisory services are made available to clients primarily through individuals associated with LPL as investment advisor representatives ("IARs"). For more information about the IAR providing advisory services, client should refer to the Brochure Supplement for the IAR. The Brochure Supplement is a separate document that is provided by the IAR along with this Brochure before or at the time client engages the IAR. If client did not receive a Brochure Supplement for the IAR, the client should contact the IAR or LPL at lplfinancial.adv@lpl.com.

Types of Advisory Services

LPL offers various types of advisory services and programs, including wrap programs, mutual fund asset allocation programs, advisory programs offered by third party investment advisor firms, financial planning services, retirement plan consulting services, investment research, and other customized advisory services. This Brochure provides information about LPL and the following types of advisory services that LPL provides: financial planning and hourly consulting services, advisory and consulting services to participants on retirement plan assets, investment research, overlay portfolio management services, advisory services related to advisory programs of third party asset management firms, and customized advisory services.

LPL provides information in separate disclosure brochures for its services offered through the following LPL advisory programs: Strategic Asset Management, Strategic Asset Management II, Manager Select, Manager Access Select, Personal Wealth Portfolios, Optimum Market Portfolios, Model Wealth Portfolios, and Retirement Plan Consulting programs. If clients would like more information on such programs, clients should contact the IAR for a copy of the program brochure that describes such program or go to www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

LPL is also a broker-dealer registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), and an IAR also may be registered with LPL as a broker-dealer registered representative. Therefore, an IAR may be able to offer a client both investment advisory and brokerage services. Before engaging with an IAR, clients should take time to consider the differences between an advisory relationship and a brokerage relationship to determine which type of service best serves the client's investment needs and goals. Clients should speak to the IAR to understand the different types of services available through LPL. Clients also should refer to the informational brochure on www.lpl.com titled "Working with an LPL Financial Advisor: The Choice Between Advisory Services and Brokerage Services."

Financial Planning Services

As part of LPL's financial planning services, LPL, through its IARs, provides personal financial planning tailored to the individual needs of the client. These services may include, as selected by the client on the financial planning agreement, information and recommendations regarding tax planning, investment planning, retirement planning, estate needs, business needs, education planning, life and disability insurance needs, long-term care needs and cash flow/budget planning. The services take into account information collected from the client such as financial status, investment objectives and tax status, among other data. The IAR delivers to the client a written financial plan. The engagement terminates upon delivery of the financial plan.

LPL and IAR will not have any discretionary investment authority when offering financial planning.



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

Hourly Consulting Services

As part of LPL's hourly consulting services, LPL, through its IARs, provides consulting services on an hourly basis. These services include, as selected by the client in the consulting agreement, advice regarding tax planning, investment planning, retirement planning, estate planning, cash flow/budget planning, business planning, education planning, and personal financial planning. The services take into account information collected from the client such as financial status, investment objectives and tax status, among other data. The IAR may or may not deliver to the client a written analysis or report as part of the services. The IAR tailors the hourly consulting services to the individual needs of the client based on the investment objective chosen by the client. The engagement terminates upon final consultation with the client.

LPL and IAR do not have any discretionary investment authority when offering hourly consulting services. The IAR makes recommendations as to general types of investment products or securities that may be appropriate for client to consider, and may also provide recommendations regarding specific investments or securities.

Participant Consulting Advice Program (PCAP)

As part of PCAP, LPL, through its IARs, provides written asset allocation and/or specific investment recommendations for client retirement plan assets based on the investment options available within the retirement plan and based on the financial and other information provided by the client. The PCAP services will be limited to recommendations for the following investment options: mutual funds, exchange traded funds, collective investment trusts, pooled separate accounts, allocations among annuity sub-accounts, publicly traded employer stock ("company stock") and other securities that may be available in brokerage windows or other similar plan arrangements that enable participants to select investments beyond those designated by the Plan. The IAR tailors the recommendation to the individual needs of the client based upon the investment objective chosen by the client. The engagement terminates upon delivery of the written recommendation.

The client retains the sole responsibility for determining whether to implement any recommendations made by the IAR and for placing any resulting transactions. LPL and the IAR do not provide ongoing consulting or management services, and do not have discretionary authority with respect to the client's retirement plan assets. In addition, LPL and IAR do not provide any advice or recommendations regarding any participant loans from client's retirement plan assets.

Individual Participant Advice (IPA)

Under the IPA program, LPL through its IARs provides management of a participant's self-directed retirement plan account. IAR will provide advice regarding securities made available as investment options through the plan or through a self-directed brokerage account. These services will be offered through an agreement between LPL, the IAR, and the client. In connection with such services, IAR will obtain the necessary financial data from the client, assist the client in setting an appropriate investment objective for the account, and provide investment advice with respect to the assets in the account based on the investment objective selected. Clients may impose reasonable restrictions on investing in certain securities or a group of securities. IAR will typically have discretionary authority to trade the participant's account directly at the custodian. The IAR will not provide advice or recommendations regarding any participant loans, as part of the IPA program.

Other Participant Advice Services

LPL, through its IARs, may also provide ongoing management of a participant's self-directed retirement plan account through a centralized management platform using investment models designed by LPL and third party investment strategists. Under such engagements, clients may authorize LPL and/or IARs to purchase and sell securities on a discretionary or non-discretionary basis pursuant to an investment objective chosen by the client. In addition, clients also may have access to other services available through LPL for participants, including automated rebalancing features. Discretionary or non-discretionary authority is set out in the advisory agreement between LPL, IAR and the client, as well as any additional access to tools described above. The IAR obtains the necessary financial data from the client, assists the client in determining the suitability of the advisory services and assists the client in setting the appropriate investment objective. The LPL and IAR provide ongoing investment advice and



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

management that is tailored to the individual needs of the client based on the investment objective chosen by the client. Clients generally may impose reasonable restrictions on investing in certain securities or groups of securities.

Third Party Asset Management Program (TAMP) Services

LPL makes available advisory services and programs of third party investment advisors. Under these TAMP programs, LPL, through its IARs, provides ongoing investment advice to clients that is tailored to the individual needs of the client. As part of these TAMP services, the IAR typically obtains the necessary financial data from the client, assists the client in determining the suitability of the program, assists the client in setting an appropriate investment objective and assists the client in opening an account with the TAMP. In addition, depending on the type of program, the IAR may assist the client to select a model portfolio of securities designed by the TAMP or select a portfolio management firm to provide discretionary asset management services. It is the third party investment advisor (and not the IAR) that has client authority to purchase and sell securities on a discretionary or non-discretionary basis pursuant to investment objective chosen by the client. This authorization will be set out in the TAMP client agreement. The Brochure for the particular TAMP will explain whether clients may impose restrictions on investing in certain securities or types of securities.

In particular, LPL currently offers advisory services through TAMPs sponsored by, among others: SEI, Loring Ward Advisor Services, Manning & Napier, AssetMark, ManagersChoice, Envestnet, Lockwood and FTJ Fund Choice. Clients should refer to the Brochure, client agreement and other account paperwork for each TAMP for more detailed information about the services available under the program. Described below are TAMPs sponsored by SEI and AssetMark.

SEI Managed Account Program

This program offers clients a managed account in which LPL, through its IARs, assists clients in establishing an account with SEI Investment Management Corporation ("SIMCO"). The program offers money managers managing individual separate accounts using U.S. equity and/or municipal bond components in order to meet client's long-term goals of managing taxes while controlling risk. The program may include the services of an integration manager that seeks to manage a consolidated portfolio of individual equity securities. The program may include a percentage of assets allocated to a portfolio of mutual funds sponsored by SIMCO or its affiliates.

The IAR assists the client in selecting an asset allocation strategy appropriate for the client by discussing the various levels of risk and helping the client complete a client questionnaire which details the client's annual income, net worth, and long-term goals and objectives. The IAR explains to the client the various investing alternatives that are available in the program account and explains the re-balancing guidelines used in the management of the portfolio.

The client appoints SIMCO to manage assets within the individual separate accounts and re-balance SIMCO-affiliated mutual funds pursuant to the client's goals and objectives. SIMCO may delegate its responsibility for management to one or more portfolio managers, including an integration manager. For a complete description of this program, see the SIMCO's Form ADV Part 2A.

SEI Asset Management Program

This program offers clients an asset management account in which LPL, through its IARs, assists client in selecting a portfolio which will be managed in accordance with instructions provided by the client. Under the program, clients authorize LPL and IARs to transmit client instructions to SEI Trust Company to purchase and sell no-load SEI mutual funds ("SEI Funds") pursuant to investment objectives and rebalancing parameters selected by the client.

The IAR assists the client in selecting an asset allocation portfolio appropriate for the client by discussing the various levels of risk and helping client complete a client questionnaire which details the client's annual income, net worth, and long-term goals and objectives. The IAR explains to the client the SEI Funds that are available in the account, provides the client with the prospectuses for each of the SEI Funds selected for investment by the client and explains the rebalancing guidelines used in the management of the portfolio. SEI is responsible for rebalancing the SEI account pursuant to the standard variances established by SEI.



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

AssetMark Programs

These programs offer clients access to AssetMark's mutual fund and exchange-traded fund ("ETF") programs as well as AssetMark's privately managed accounts and unified managed accounts. These programs are more fully described in AssetMark's Disclosure Brochure.

In the mutual fund and ETF asset allocation programs, AssetMark offers clients asset allocations composed by a group of independent investment strategists ("Portfolio Strategists"), with the different model allocations designed to satisfy a gradient of risk/return objectives. The Portfolio Strategists have no direct relationship with LPL or the client, make no analysis of and do not consider the clients' individual circumstances or objectives, and do not tailor the model asset allocation to any specific client's needs, circumstances or objectives, but only to the stated risk/return objectives.

The IAR assists the client in selecting the risk/return objective and Portfolio Strategist that best suit the client's objectives. The client then specifically directs the account to be invested in accordance with the chosen asset allocation. When the client selects the asset allocation, the client further directs that the account be automatically adjusted to reflect any adjustment in the asset allocation by the selected Portfolio Strategist. This client authorization results in the purchase and sale of certain mutual funds or ETFs without further authorization by the client or any other party at such time as the Portfolio Strategist changes the composition of the selected model asset allocation. LPL and the IAR have no authority to cause any purchase or sale of securities in any client account, or change the selected model asset allocation or to direct the account to be invested in any manner other than as previously authorized by the client. LPL and the IAR do not take any discretionary authority over client accounts.

Additionally, AssetMark may offer, through IARs, Privately Managed Accounts and Unified Managed Accounts. Under these accounts, the IAR will introduce clients to, and advise on the selection of, independent investment managers who provide discretionary management of individual portfolios using a variety of different securities analysis methods, sources of information and investment strategies. Clients receive separate disclosure from such investment managers regarding any such investment manager's advisory services.

The client gives investment discretion on any Privately Managed Accounts to the specific investment managers designated by the client. The client gives investment discretion to AssetMark on unified managed accounts. LPL and the IAR do not have discretionary authority for privately managed accounts or unified managed accounts.

Customized Advisory Services

LPL, through its IARs, offers advisory services to clients outside of an LPL advisory program or any TAMP program described above. Under such customized engagements, clients authorize IARs to purchase and sell securities on a discretionary or non-discretionary basis pursuant to an investment objective chosen by the client. This authority is set out in an advisory agreement between LPL, IAR and the client. The IAR obtains the necessary financial data from the client, assists the client in determining the suitability of the advisory services and assists the client in setting the appropriate investment objective. The IAR provides ongoing investment advice and management that is tailored to the individual needs of the client based on the investment objective chosen by the client. Depending on the specific engagement, the types of securities that the IAR may purchase and sell include mutual funds, ETFs, equities, fixed income securities, and/or variable annuity subaccounts. Clients generally may impose reasonable restrictions on investing in certain securities or groups of securities. The assets managed as part of a customized engagement typically are held at a custodian other than LPL.

Research Services

LPL's Research Department makes available investment research materials, which include recommendations on asset allocation and mutual funds, variable annuity subaccounts, and ETFs. When LPL provides investment research, LPL makes no analysis of and does not consider clients' individual circumstances or objectives, and does not tailor any model asset allocation to any specific client's needs, circumstances or objectives.



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

LPL's Research Department provides investment consulting services to the investment advisor of the Optimum Funds mutual fund family. These services include assisting the investment advisor in determining whether to engage, maintain or terminate sub-advisors for the Optimum Funds.

Institution Services

LPL can provide assistance to banking, corporate trustees, and other financial institutions in the form of tools for those entities to use in their managing of their clients' assets. LPL does not provide any ongoing investment monitoring or review services. These banking, corporate trustees and other financial institutions may use active discretionary investment management services from independent investment managers researched by LPL.

LPL is in the business of providing research and due diligence services and compiling and analyzing data on a contract basis with financial institutions. LPL also offers asset allocation analysis. LPL primarily evaluates money managers and managers of separate accounts, but may also evaluate mutual funds and other security types. The financial institutions consist of banks, thrifts, trust companies, broker dealers, investment advisors and other financial services companies.

LPL provides financial institutions with several wealth management technologies to assist such financial institutions in conducting their investment business. Such services include portfolio management technologies, data reconciliation services, portfolio monitoring and rebalancing technologies and reporting services. LPL's research may or may not be delivered in conjunction with such services.

Overlay Portfolio Management Services

LPL has entered into an agreement with an affiliated investment advisor firm, Fortigent LLC ("Fortigent"), to provide overlay portfolio management ("OPM") services to Fortigent's clients through Fortigent's Access Overlay II Program. The Program offers clients the ability to combine managed accounts comprised of individual securities, mutual funds and ETFs in one diversified portfolio. Under the agreement with Fortigent, LPL is responsible for making discretionary trading decisions to implement model portfolios designed by Fortigent or third party investment strategists. As part of its OPM services to Fortigent, LPL performs rebalancing services so the allocation of the accounts remains consistent with the selected model portfolio. LPL also may perform tax efficient management strategies, which may cause LPL to delay or defer causing an account to mirror its applicable model. In its role as OPM, LPL may take actions for certain accounts that it does not take for other accounts (e.g., for example, in the case of investment restrictions imposed on an account), even when such accounts are intended to be managed according to the same model portfolio.

Referral Services for Investment Advisors

LPL and its IARs act as referral agents on behalf of third party investment advisors pursuant to a referral agreement. In such case, LPL provides services to the third party investment advisor related to the referred client. The IAR provides the referred client a disclosure statement regarding the role of LPL and the IAR as a referral agent, but the IAR does not enter into an agreement with the client to provide ongoing investment advice. Instead, the client engages the third party investment advisor for advisory services. Please see Item 14 below for more information about these referral services and the related compensation.

ITEM 5 FEES AND COMPENSATION

Financial Planning and Hourly Consulting Services

For these services, the fee is negotiated between the IAR and client and the amount of the fee is as stated in the client agreement. The fee is paid to LPL, and LPL shares between 90% and 100% of the fee with the IAR based on the agreement between LPL and the IAR. For financial planning, clients pay either on an hourly basis or a per plan basis (flat rate fee). The hourly charge is a maximum of \$400 per hour and the flat rate fee ranges from \$0 to \$15,000. On a case-by-case basis, LPL also may charge a higher fee depending upon the complexity of the plan. The client may elect to pay the fee upon execution of the client agreement, upon delivery of the written financial plan, or a combination of up front and in arrears. For hourly consulting services, clients pay an hourly charge, up to a maximum of \$400 per hour as negotiated between the IAR and client. The client may elect to pay the fee upon execution of the client agreement or at the time of consultation with the IAR.



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

Clients should understand that the financial planning or hourly consulting fee client negotiates with IAR may be higher than the fees charged by other investment advisors for similar services. This is the case, in particular, if the fee is at or near the maximum fees set out above. The IAR is responsible for determining the fee to charge each client based on factors such as total amount of assets involved in the relationship, the complexity of the planning services, and the number and range of supplementary advisory and client-related services to be provided. Clients should consider the level and complexity of the planning services to be provided when negotiating the fee with IAR.

Clients pay the financial planning fee by check made payable to LPL Financial LLC. In the alternative, clients also may instruct and authorize LPL to debit the fee from a non-retirement account of the client held at LPL.

For financial planning and hourly consulting services, the client may terminate the client agreement without penalty (full refund) within five days of execution. After the five day period, the client may terminate the client agreement at any time, and may request a refund of unearned fees, if any, based on the time and effort completed prior to termination of the agreement. The client agreement terminates upon delivery of the plan for financial planning, and upon final consultation with the client for hourly consulting. No refunds will be made after completion of the plan or delivery of the consulting services, except when the number of actual hours is less than the estimated number of hours quoted in the client agreement.

Participant Consulting Advice Program (PCAP)

For these services, the fee is negotiated between the IAR and client and the amount of the fee is as stated in the PCAP agreement. The fee is paid to LPL, and LPL shares between 90% and 100% of the fee with the IAR based on the agreement between LPL and the IAR. Client pays either on an hourly basis or flat rate basis. The hourly charge is a maximum of \$400 per hour and the flat rate fee ranges from \$0 to \$5,000. On a case-by-case basis, LPL also may charge a higher fee depending upon the complexity of the service. The client may elect to pay the fee upon execution of the PCAP agreement or upon delivery of the recommendation.

Clients should understand that the fee client negotiates with IAR may be higher than the fees charged by other investment advisors for similar services. This is the case, in particular, if the fee is at or near the maximum fees set out above. The IAR is responsible for determining the fee to charge each client based on factors such as total amount of assets involved in the relationship and the complexity of the PCAP services. Clients should consider the level and complexity of the services to be provided when negotiating the fee with IAR.

Clients pay the fee by check made payable to LPL Financial LLC. In the alternative, clients also may instruct and authorize LPL to debit the fee from a non-retirement account of the client held at LPL.

The client may terminate the PCAP agreement at any time, and may request a refund of unearned fees, if any, based on the time and effort completed prior to the termination of the agreement. The PCAP agreement terminates upon delivery of the written recommendation. No refunds will be made after delivery of the written recommendation, except when the number of actual hours is less than the estimated number of hours quoted in the PCAP agreement.

Third Party Asset Management Programs

For TAMPs, clients pay an advisory fee as set out in the client agreement with the TAMP sponsor. The fee is typically negotiated among the TAMP sponsor, the IAR and the client. The TAMP sponsor may establish a fee schedule or set a minimum or maximum fee. The TAMP fee schedule will be set out in the Disclosure Brochure provided by the TAMP sponsor. The advisory fee typically is based on the value of assets under management as valued by the custodian of the assets for the account and will vary by program. The advisory fee typically will be deducted from the account by the custodian and paid quarterly in arrears or in advance. The advisory fee is often paid to the TAMP sponsor, who in turn pays a portion to LPL. LPL shares between 90% and 100% of the portion of the fee with the IAR based on the agreement between LPL and the IAR. A TAMP account may be terminated by a party pursuant to the terms outlined in the TAMP client agreement. The TAMP client agreement will explain how clients can obtain a refund of any pre-paid fee if the agreement is terminated before the end of a billing period.



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

There are other fees and charges imposed by third parties that may apply to investments in TAMP accounts. Some of these fees and charges are described below. The client may be charged commissions, markups, markdowns, or transaction charges by the broker-dealer who executes transactions in the TAMP account. There may be custodial related fees imposed by the custodian of assets for the program account. These additional fees and charges will be set out in the TAMP Brochure and the agreements executed by the client at the time the account is opened.

If assets are invested in mutual funds, ETFs or other pooled funds, there are two layers of advisory fees and expenses for those assets. Client will pay an advisory fee to the fund manager and other expenses as a shareholder of the fund. Client will also pay the TAMP advisory fee with respect to those assets. The mutual funds and ETFs available in the programs often may be purchased directly. Therefore, clients could avoid the second layer of fees by not using the advisory services of the TAMP and IAR and by making their own decisions regarding the investment.

A mutual fund in a TAMP program account may pay an asset based sales charge or service fee (e.g., 12b-1 fee) that is paid to the broker-dealer on the account. LPL and IARs are not paid these fees for TAMP program accounts.

If client transfers into a TAMP account a previously purchased mutual fund, and there is an applicable contingent deferred sales charge on the fund, client will pay that charge when the mutual fund is sold. If the account is invested in a mutual fund that charges a fee if a redemption is made within a specific time period after the investment, client will be charged a redemption fee. If a mutual fund has a frequent trading policy, the policy can limit a client's transactions in shares of the fund (e.g., for rebalancing, liquidations, deposits or tax harvesting).

If client holds a variable annuity that is managed as part of a TAMP account, there are mortality, expense and administrative charges, fees for additional riders on the contract and charges for excessive transfers within a calendar year imposed by the variable annuity sponsor. If client holds a UIT in a program account, UIT sponsors charge creation and development fees or similar fees. Further information regarding fees assessed by a mutual fund, variable annuity or UIT is available in the appropriate prospectus, which clients may request from IAR.

If the TAMP program is a wrap fee program, clients should understand that the wrap fee may cost the client more than purchasing the program services separately, for example, paying fees for the advisory services of the TAMP and IAR, plus commissions for each transaction in the account. Factors that bear upon the cost of the account in relation to the cost of the same services purchased separately include the:

- type and size of the account
- types of securities in the account
- historical and or expected size or number of trades for the account, and
- number and range of supplementary advisory and client-related services provided to the client.

The investment products and services available to be purchased in TAMP program accounts can be purchased by clients outside of a TAMP program account, through LPL or through broker-dealers or other investment firms not affiliated LPL or the TAMP.

Client should be aware that securities transferred into an account may have been subject to a commission or sales load when the security was originally purchased. After transfer into an advisory account, client should understand that an advisory fee will be charged based on the total assets in the account, including the transferred security. When transferring securities into an account, client should consider and speak to IAR about whether:

- a commission was previously paid on the security;
- client wishes for the security to be managed as part of the account and be subject to an advisory fee; or
- client wishes to hold the security in a brokerage account that is not managed and not subject to an advisory fee.



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

SEI Managed Account Program

The fee schedules and other fees and charges that may apply to an SEI Managed Account Program, please refer to the SIMCO Form ADV Part 2A and client agreement. In this program, clients pay an annualized fee that varies depending on the value of the portfolio, the style of management (e.g., equities, fixed income), and the level of services provided.

The advisory fee is payable quarterly in arrears. SIMCO calculates and deducts the advisory fee in the method described in the SEI client agreement. In addition to the other fees and charges that may apply to a TAMP account described above, client should be aware that for assets invested in SIMCO-affiliated funds, client as a shareholder of such funds will pay management fees and other fund expenses to SIMCO or its affiliates. LPL and IAR do not receive any portion of these fund-related fees.

SEI may restrict access to the SEI Managed Account to those IARs who commit to reaching certain aggregate program level asset minimums. This may present a conflict of interest in that IAR may be inclined to recommend an SEI account over another advisory program or service in order to gain access to the program for its clients.

SEI Asset Management Program

Clients who invest through this SEI program pay an annualized advisory fee. The maximum fee is 2%. The fee is negotiable and payable quarterly in arrears. Advisory fees are deducted from the account pursuant to the SEI client agreement. In addition to the advisory fee, clients should refer to the description of other fees and charges that may apply to a TAMP account described above.

AssetMark Programs

Clients in these programs will pay an advisory fee, as well as an investment manager fee for clients investing in privately managed accounts and unified managed accounts. A portion of this fee will be used to pay AssetMark a fee. Clients also will pay a custodian fee plus transaction charges, depending on the custodian selected. The custodian on an account also may receive a shareholder servicing fee from mutual funds in the account. Client assets in the AssetMark program are not custodied at LPL. There also may be additional fees of the underlying investments, such as mutual funds or ETFs, which will result in a reduction of that product's net asset value.

For clients in the AssetMark programs, a portion of the advisory fee paid to LPL and the IAR will be a program fee re-allowed to AssetMark for participation in the AssetMark programs. Clients enrolled in a privately managed account or unified managed account will also have a portion of their overall fee re-allowed to the investment manager/sub-manager that is designated as the manager on the account. AssetMark also may pay a portion of the fee it receives as compensation to strategists and others.

Client fees are payable quarterly in advance based on assets under management using the fee schedules set out in the AssetMark Disclosure Brochure.

Customized Advisory Services, IPA and Other Participant Advice Services

Fees for customized and participant advisory services are typically based on the value of assets under management and will vary by engagement. The amount of the fee will be set out in the client agreement executed by the client at the time the relationship is established. The maximum advisory fee is 1.5%, the advisory fee is negotiable between the IAR and the client, and is payable either in advance or in arrears as described in the client agreement. The advisory fee will be paid to LPL, and LPL shares between 85% and 100% of the advisory fee with the IAR based on the agreement between LPL and the IAR. A custom program account may be terminated according to the client agreement. If the client agreement provides for payment in advance, the agreement will state how the client can obtain a refund of any pre-paid fee if the agreement is terminated before the end of the billing period.

In certain cases, LPL may serve as the broker-dealer on transactions in a customized advisory account. In such case, LPL may charge the client transaction charges in connection with trade execution through LPL. The transaction charges will be clearly stated in the client agreement executed by the client at the time the relationship is established. If the custom advisory services apply to variable annuities for which the IAR receives trail compensation, such trail fees generally will be used to offset the



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

advisory fee. In most cases, however, a third party broker dealer will provide trade execution. In such case, the broker-dealer may charge clients commissions, markups, markdowns and/or transaction charges.

Clients should refer to the information provided above for TAMP programs regarding other fees and charges imposed by third parties that may apply to a custom advisory, IPA or other participant advice account.

For the services described above, LPL and IAR share in the advisory fees charged to the client. The portion of the advisory fee received by IAR may be more than what the IAR would receive at another investment advisor firm.

Research Services

LPL generally does not charge a separate fee for its Research services. The services are typically part of a bundled service offering to other investment firms. As compensation for the investment consulting services LPL provides to the investment advisor to the Optimum Funds, LPL receives an investment consulting fee of up to 0.285% of assets from such investment advisor.

Institution Services

Fees for Institution Services are typically charged on a monthly basis and are negotiable. LPL's fee structure may be bundled or unbundled. Such fees typically include a minimum licensing fee for the technology services, per account fees for certain reporting and processing services or an asset based fee.

ITEM 6 PERFORMANCE BASED FEES AND SIDE-BY-SIDE MANAGEMENT

This Item is not applicable. LPL and its IARs do not accept performance-based fees.

ITEM 7 TYPES OF CLIENTS

LPL's advisory services are available for individuals, individual retirement accounts ("IRAs"), banks and thrift institutions, pension and profit sharing plans, including plans subject to Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"), trusts, estates, charitable organizations, state and municipal government entities, corporations and other business entities.

LPL does not require a minimum asset amount for financial planning, hourly consulting, participant consulting or research services. For customized advisory services, any required minimum account value will be set out in the client agreement.

For TAMPs, the TAMP sponsor typically establishes a minimum account value, which will be set out in the account opening documents and Form ADV Part 2A of the TAMP sponsor.

ITEM 8 METHODS OF ANALYSIS, INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RISK OF LOSS

The IAR has access to various research reports and model portfolios to which he or she may refer in determining investment advice IAR provides to clients. The IAR chooses his or her own research methods, investment style and management philosophy. It is important to note that no methodology or investment strategy is guaranteed to be successful or profitable.

LPL's Research Department makes recommendations regarding asset allocation, mutual funds and ETFs. IARs may or may not follow these recommendations in providing investment advice. LPL Research also constructs asset allocation model portfolios and provides recommendations on the funds to populate those models. In constructing these models, LPL Research uses the following investment strategies: Diversified, Diversified Plus, and Alternative Strategy. Although these descriptions are written in terms of individual equities and/or bonds, they include mutual funds or ETFs whose portfolios consist of the type of equities or bonds referenced.

- *Diversified.* The Diversified investment strategy seeks to promote capital appreciation while taking a reasonable amount of risk to achieve that goal. The strategy is subject to minimal constraints, which allows for a relatively pure implementation of LPL Research's investment advice. In general, Diversified portfolios should be considered by investors seeking investments in primarily stocks and bonds, along with the occasional non-traditional asset class to take advantage of potential market opportunities. Diversified portfolios will hold primarily traditional asset classes. Secondly, if a non-traditional asset class represents the investment that provides the most appropriate means of taking advantage of a market opportunity, it will be



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

included in the recommendation. The non-traditional investments included in Diversified portfolios are more standard, such as conservative balanced strategies. Diversified portfolios tend to be steady in their number of positions. These portfolios tend to remain consistently diversified.

- **Diversified Plus.** The Diversified Plus investment strategy seeks to promote capital appreciation by seeking the appropriate balance of return potential and risk control. Diversified Plus portfolios are more suited to those investors who seek investment opportunities, regardless of asset class, and are comfortable holding esoteric investments. Diversified Plus portfolios include any asset class — including alternative strategy asset classes that may incorporate strategies such as absolute return or managed futures. Diversified Plus portfolios look both at traditional and non-traditional asset classes and may hold more esoteric investments, if that is considered the most appropriate opportunity. If many opportunities exist in the market, Diversified Plus portfolios can be constructed using a wider array of asset classes and may include a larger number of targeted investments to gain desired exposures. Alternatively, if there are fewer opportunities, Diversified Plus portfolios will be more concentrated in fewer holdings.
- **Alternative Strategy.** The Alternative Strategy investment strategy seeks to promote capital appreciation while taking a reasonable amount of risk to achieve that goal. Unlike the other two strategies that may have an allocation to alternative strategy or non-traditional assets classes, this portfolio typically has an allocation to non-traditional asset classes. This strategy extends the diversification beyond the core style box asset classes into strategies with lower correlation to stocks and bonds in order to lower risk, as defined by standard deviation and maximum drawdown (peak to trough loss), while attempting to maintain long-term performance similar to other portfolios in the same investment objective.

Types of Investments and Risks

Depending on the type of service being provided, LPL and IARs can recommend different types of securities, including mutual funds, unit investment trusts ("UITs"), closed end funds, ETFs, collective investment trusts, variable annuity subaccounts, equities, fixed income securities, options, hedge funds, managed futures, and structured products. Investing in securities involves the risk of loss that clients should be prepared to bear. Described below are some risks associated with investing and with some types of investments that an IAR may recommend depending on the service provided.

- **Market Risk.** This is the risk that the value of securities owned by an investor may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to factors affecting securities markets generally or particular industries.
- **Interest Rate Risk.** This is the risk that fixed income securities will decline in value because of an increase in interest rates; a bond or a fixed income fund with a longer duration will be more sensitive to changes in interest rates than a bond or bond fund with a shorter duration.
- **Credit Risk.** This is the risk that an investor could lose money if the issuer or guarantor of a fixed income security is unable or unwilling to meet its financial obligations.
- **Alternative Strategy Mutual Funds.** Certain mutual funds invest primarily in alternative investments and/or strategies. Investing in alternative investments and/or strategies may not be suitable for all investors and involves special risks, such as risks associated with commodities, real estate, leverage, selling securities short, the use of derivatives, potential adverse market forces, regulatory changes and potential illiquidity. There are special risks associated with mutual funds that invest principally in real estate securities, such as sensitivity to changes in real estate values and interest rates and price volatility because of the fund's concentration in the real estate industry. These types of funds tend to have higher expense ratios than more traditional mutual funds. They also tend to be newer and have less of a track record or performance history.
- **Closed-End Funds.** Client should be aware that closed-end funds may not be readily marketable. In an effort to provide investor liquidity, the funds may offer to repurchase a certain percentage of shares at net asset value on a periodic basis. Thus, clients may be unable to liquidate all or a portion of their shares in these types of funds.
- **Exchange-Traded Funds (ETFs).** ETFs are typically investment companies that are legally classified as open end mutual funds or UITs. However, they differ from traditional mutual funds, in particular, in that ETF shares are listed on a securities exchange. Shares can be bought and sold throughout the trading day like shares of other publicly-traded companies. ETF shares may trade at a discount or premium to their net asset value. This difference between the bid price and the ask price



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

is often referred to as the “spread.” The spread varies over time based on the ETF’s trading volume and market liquidity, and is generally lower if the ETF has a lot of trading volume and market liquidity and higher if the ETF has little trading volume and market liquidity. Although many ETFs are registered as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940 like traditional mutual funds, some ETFs, in particular those that invest in commodities, are not registered as an investment company. ETFs may be closed and liquidated at the discretion of the issuing company.

- *Exchange-Traded Notes (ETNs).* An ETN is a senior unsecured debt obligation designed to track the total return of an underlying market index or other benchmark. ETNs may be linked to a variety of assets, for example, commodity futures, foreign currency and equities. ETNs are similar to ETFs in that they are listed on an exchange and can typically be bought or sold throughout the trading day. However, an ETN is not a mutual fund and does not have a net asset value; the ETN trades at the prevailing market price. Some of the more common risks of an ETN are as follows. The repayment of the principal, interest (if any), and the payment of any returns at maturity or upon redemption are dependent upon the ETN issuer’s ability to pay. In addition, the trading price of the ETN in the secondary market may be adversely impacted if the issuer’s credit rating is downgraded. The index or asset class for performance replication in an ETN may or may not be concentrated in a specific sector, asset class or country and may therefore carry specific risks. ETNs may be closed and liquidated at the discretion of the issuing company.
- *Leveraged and Inverse ETFs, ETNs and Mutual Funds.* Leveraged ETFs, ETNs and mutual funds, sometimes labeled “ultra” or “2x” for example, are designed to provide a multiple of the underlying index’s return, typically on a daily basis. Inverse products are designed to provide the opposite of the return of the underlying index, typically on a daily basis. These products are different from and can be riskier than traditional ETFs, ETNs and mutual funds. Although these products are designed to provide returns that generally correspond to the underlying index, they may not be able to exactly replicate the performance of the index because of fund expenses and other factors. This is referred to as tracking error. Continual re-setting of returns within the product may add to the underlying costs and increase the tracking error. As a result, this may prevent these products from achieving their investment objective. In addition, compounding of the returns can produce a divergence from the underlying index over time, in particular for leveraged products. In highly volatile markets with large positive and negative swings, return distortions are magnified over time. Because of these distortions, these products should be actively monitored, as frequently as daily, and may not be appropriate as an intermediate or long-term holding. To accomplish their objectives, these products use a range of strategies, including swaps, futures contracts and other derivatives. These products may not be diversified and can be based on commodities or currencies. These products may have higher expense ratios and be less tax-efficient than more traditional ETFs, ETNs and mutual funds.
- *Options.* Certain types of option trading are permitted in order to generate income or hedge a security held in the program account; namely, the selling (writing) of covered call options or the purchasing of put options on a security held in the program account. Client should be aware that the use of options involves additional risks. The risks of covered call writing include the potential for the market to rise sharply. In such case, the security may be called away and the program account will no longer hold the security. The risk of buying long puts is limited to the loss of the premium paid for the purchase of the put if the option is not exercised or otherwise sold by the program account.
- *Structured Products.* Structured products are securities derived from another asset, such as a security or a basket of securities, an index, a commodity, a debt issuance, or a foreign currency. Structured products frequently limit the upside participation in the reference asset. Structured products are senior unsecured debt of the issuing bank and subject to the credit risk associated with that issuer. This credit risk exists whether or not the investment held in the account offers principal protection. The creditworthiness of the issuer does not affect or enhance the likely performance of the investment other than the ability of the issuer to meet its obligations. Any payments due at maturity are dependent on the issuer’s ability to pay. In addition, the trading price of the security in the secondary market, if there is one, may be adversely impacted if the issuer’s credit rating is downgraded. Some structured products offer full protection of the principal invested, others offer only partial or no protection. Investors may be sacrificing a higher yield to obtain the principal guarantee. In addition, the principal guarantee relates to nominal principal and does not offer inflation protection. An investor in a structured product never has a claim on the underlying investment, whether a security, zero coupon bond, or option. There may be little or no secondary market for the securities and information regarding independent market pricing for the



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

securities may be limited. This is true even if the product has a ticker symbol or has been approved for listing on an exchange. Tax treatment of structured products may be different from other investments held in the account (e.g., income may be taxed as ordinary income even though payment is not received until maturity). Structured CDs that are insured by the FDIC are subject to applicable FDIC limits.

- *High-Yield Debt.* High-yield debt is issued by companies or municipalities that do not qualify for “investment grade” ratings by one or more rating agencies. The below investment grade designation is based on the rating agency’s opinion of an issuer that it has a greater risk to repay both principal and interest and a greater risk of default than those issuers rated investment grade. High yield debt carries greater risk than investment grade debt. There is the risk that the potential deterioration of an issuer’s financial health and subsequent downgrade in its rating will result in a decline in market value or default. Because of the potential inability of an issuer to make interest and principal payments, an investor may receive back less than originally invested. There is also the risk that the bond’s market value will decline as interest rates rise and that an investor will not be able to liquidate a bond before maturity.
- *Hedge Funds and Managed Futures.* Hedge and managed futures funds may be purchased by clients meeting certain qualification standards. Investing in these funds involves additional risks including, but not limited to, the risk of investment loss due to the use of leveraging and other speculative investment practices and the lack of liquidity and performance volatility. In addition, these funds are not required to provide periodic pricing or valuation information to investors and may involve complex tax structures and delays in distributing important tax information. Client should be aware that these funds are not liquid as there is no secondary trading market available. At the absolute discretion of the issuer of the fund, there may be certain repurchase offers made from time to time. However, there is no guarantee that client will be able to redeem the fund during the repurchase offer.
- *Business Development Companies (BDCs).* BDCs are typically closed-end investment companies. Some BDCs primarily invest in the corporate debt and equity of private companies and may offer attractive yields generated through high credit risk exposures amplified through leverage. As with other high-yield investments, such as floating-rate/leveraged loan funds, private REITs and limited partnerships, investors are exposed to significant market, credit and liquidity risks. In addition, fueled by the availability of low-cost financing, BDCs run the risk of over-leveraging their relatively illiquid portfolios. Due to the illiquid nature of non-traded BDCs, investors’ exit opportunities may be limited only to periodic share repurchases by the BDC at high discounts.
- *Variable Annuities.* If client purchases a variable annuity that is part of the program, client will receive a prospectus and should rely solely on the disclosure contained in the prospectus with respect to the terms and conditions of the variable annuity. Client should also be aware that certain riders purchased with a variable annuity may limit the investment options and the ability to manage the subaccounts.
- *Company Stock.* If company stock is available as an investment option to client in a retirement plan, and if client chooses to invest in company stock, client should understand the risks associated with holding company stock in a retirement plan. These risks may include, but are not necessarily limited to, lack of liquidity, over-dependency on client’s employer, and less flexibility to change the allocation of plan assets. Client should pay careful consideration to the benefits of a diversified portfolio. Although diversification is not a guarantee against loss, it can be an effective strategy to help manage investment risk.

ITEM 9 DISCIPLINARY INFORMATION

As an investment advisor and broker-dealer regulated by the SEC, the SEC found that LPL willfully violated Rule 30(a) of Regulation S-P requiring broker-dealers and investment advisors to have written policies and procedures that are reasonably designed to safeguard customer records and information. The SEC ordered LPL to cease and desist from committing future violations of Rule 30(a), censured LPL for its conduct, and ordered LPL to pay a \$275,000 penalty (2008).

LPL, as a broker-dealer, is a member of FINRA and has found to be in violation of FINRA’s rules related to its brokerage activities. In March of 2014, a Letter of Acceptance, Waiver and Consent was accepted by FINRA in connection with aspects of LPL’s processing and supervision of the sale of alternative investments, including non-traded real estate investment trusts. LPL agreed to a censure and fine of \$950,000. In addition, LPL consented to sanctions related to the following matters:



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

- LPL, without admitting or denying the findings, agreed to a settlement with FINRA in connection with FINRA's findings that, among other things, LPL had failed to establish and maintain adequate systems and procedures that were reasonably designed to comply with its obligation to review and retain email. LPL agreed to a censure, fine of \$7.5 million, and establishment of a fund of \$1.5 million to cover payments to eligible former brokerage customer claimants who may not have received all emails in connection with their claim (2013).
- LPL's supervisory systems to monitor and ensure the timely delivery of mutual fund prospectuses, resulting in a censure and fine of \$400,000 (2012).
- LPL's procedures regarding its review of e-mail communications, resulting in a censure and fine of \$100,000 (2011).
- LPL's procedures on transmittals of cash and securities from customer accounts to third party accounts, resulting in a censure and fine of \$100,000 (2011).
- LPL's procedures on supervision of variable annuity exchanges, resulting in a censure and fine of \$175,000 (2010).
- Allegations that LPL failed to reasonably supervise a registered representative regarding his use of strategies and recommendations involving UITs, resulting in a censure and fine of \$125,000 (2008).
- LPL's procedures on supervision of variable annuity exchanges, resulting in a censure and fine of \$300,000 (2006).
- LPL's procedures regarding mutual fund Class B and Class C shares, resulting in a censure and fine of \$2,400,000 (2005).
- LPL's procedures on supervision activities of its registered representative in connection with wire transfers, resulting in a censure and fine of \$75,000 (2005).
- Allegations that LPL maintained revenue sharing programs in which mutual fund complexes paid a fee for preferential treatment, resulting in a censure and fine of \$3,602,398 (2005).
- Allegations regarding late filings to FINRA reporting obligations, resulting in a censure and fine of \$450,000 (2004).

LPL, as a broker-dealer, is regulated by each of the 50 states and has been the subject to orders related to the violation of state laws and regulations in connection with its brokerage activities. In October 2014, LPL, without admitting or denying the findings, submitted to a consent order with the Illinois Securities Department in connection with findings that LPL failed to detect improper and fraudulent conduct by one of its IARs. LPL agreed to a censure, fine of \$500,000, and restitution to impacted customers. In June 2014, LPL submitted to a consent order with the Illinois Securities Department in connection with certain variable annuity exchange transactions, in particular, relating to its failure to adequately enforce supervisory procedures and maintain certain books and records required under Illinois law. LPL agreed to a censure, fine of \$2,000,000, and restitution to impacted customers. In 2013, LPL submitted to a consent order with the Massachusetts Securities Division in connection with the sale of non-traded real estate investment trusts to Massachusetts residents in excess of Massachusetts concentration limits. LPL agreed to a censure, fine of \$500,000, and restitution to impacted customers. For more information about those state events and other disciplinary and legal events involving LPL and its IARs, client should refer to Investment Advisor Public Disclosure at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov or FINRA BrokerCheck at www.finra.org.

ITEM 10 OTHER FINANCIAL INDUSTRY ACTIVITIES AND AFFILIATIONS

LPL is a broker-dealer registered with FINRA and the SEC. As a broker-dealer, LPL transacts business in various types of securities, including mutual funds, stocks, bonds, commodities, options, private and public partnerships, variable annuities, real estate investment trusts and other investment products. LPL is registered to operate in all 50 states and has primarily an independent-contractor sales force of registered representatives and IARs dispersed throughout the United States. LPL has a small number of employee IARs whose services are limited to servicing certain small IRA accounts. IARs are registered representatives of LPL. If required for their positions with a registered broker-dealer, LPL's principal executive officers are securities licensed as registered representatives of LPL. LPL is also registered as a transfer agent with the SEC and as an introducing broker with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission. In addition, LPL is qualified to sell insurance products in all 50 states.

LPL has an arrangement with Independent Advisers Group ("IAG"), a registered investment advisor and related person of LPL. LPL has been retained by IAG to provide research and model portfolio management services through IAG.



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

LPL and The Private Trust Company, N.A. ("PTC"), a federally chartered non-depository bank licensed to provide trust services in all 50 states, are related persons. PTC serves as IRA custodian for client accounts set up as IRAs and receives an annual maintenance fee for this service. PTC also provides personal trustee services to clients for a variety of administrative fiduciary services, which services may relate to an advisory account. PTC's IRA custodian and trustee services and related fees are established under a separate engagement between the client and PTC.

LPL has an arrangement with Fortigent, LLC ("Fortigent"), a registered investment advisor and related person of LPL. LPL has retained Fortigent to provide model portfolios as a portfolio strategist on LPL's Model Wealth Portfolios program. In addition, LPL and Fortigent have entered into an agreement for LPL to provide overlay portfolio management services to Fortigent clients in Fortigent's Access Overlay II Program.

ITEM 11 CODE OF ETHICS, PARTICIPATION OR INTEREST IN CLIENT TRANSACTIONS AND PERSONAL TRADING

Code of Ethics and Personal Trading

LPL has adopted a code of ethics that includes guidelines regarding personal securities transactions of its employees and IARs. The code of ethics permits LPL employees and IARs to invest for their own personal accounts in the same securities that LPL and IARs purchase for clients in program accounts. This presents a conflict of interest because trading by an employee or IAR in a personal securities account in the same security on or about the same time as trading by a client can disadvantage the client. LPL addresses this conflict of interest by requiring in its code of ethics that LPL employees and IARs report certain personal securities transactions and holdings to LPL. LPL has procedures to review personal trading accounts for front-running. In addition, employees in LPL's Research Department are required to obtain pre-clearance prior to purchasing certain securities for a personal account. Employees and IARs are also required to obtain pre-approval for investments in private placements and initial public offerings. A copy of the code of ethics is available to clients or prospective clients upon request and is available on LPL's website www.lpl.com.

Participation or Interest in Client Transactions

LPL's parent company, LPL Financial Holdings Inc., is a publicly traded company. LPL does not permit its IARs to recommend or solicit orders of LPL Financial Holdings Inc. stock. However, LPL or an IAR may recommend or purchase for clients a mutual fund or ETF that holds LPL Financial Holdings Inc. stock as an underlying investment, for example, an ETF that seeks to replicate the performance of an investment services index that includes LPL Financial Holdings Inc.

As part of financial planning services or hourly consulting services, an IAR may provide recommendations as to investment products or securities. To the extent that IAR recommends that client invest in products and services that will result in compensation being paid to LPL and the IAR, this presents a conflict of interest. The compensation to IAR and LPL may be more or less depending on the product or service that the IAR recommends. Therefore, the IAR has a financial incentive to recommend that a financial plan or consulting advice be implemented using a certain product or service over another product or service. The client is under no obligation to purchase securities or services through LPL and the IAR.

If the client decides to implement the financial plan or consulting advice through an LPL advisory program or service, the IAR will provide client at the time of engagement with a Brochure, client agreement and other account paperwork that contain specific information about fees and compensation that the IAR and LPL will receive in connection with that program. The Brochures are also available at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

If the client desires instead to purchase securities in a brokerage account through IAR acting as a registered representative of LPL, LPL and IAR will receive brokerage-related compensation for those services, such as commissions and/or trail fees. LPL provides information regarding such brokerage compensation at the time of a brokerage transaction and also on its website at www.lpl.com. When considering whether to implement a financial plan through IAR and LPL, clients should discuss with the IAR how LPL and IAR will be compensated for any recommendations in the plan.

It is important to note that clients are under no obligation to implement a financial plan through LPL. Clients should understand that the investment products, securities and services that an IAR may recommend as part of financial planning and hourly



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

consulting are available to be purchased through broker-dealers, investment advisors or other investment firms not affiliated with LPL.

Client should understand that LPL and IAR may perform advisory and/or brokerage services for various other clients, and that LPL and IAR may give advice or take actions for those other clients that differ from the advice given to the client. The timing or nature of any action taken for the account may also be different.

ITEM 12 BROKERAGE PRACTICES

LPL does not receive research or other products or services other than execution from a broker-dealer or third party in connection with client securities transactions ("soft dollar benefits"). LPL does not consider, in selecting or recommending broker-dealers, whether LPL or a related person of LPL receives client referrals from a broker-dealer or third party.

In connection with TAMP programs, the TAMP sponsor may require that clients direct brokerage to a broker-dealer, including the TAMP sponsor or broker-dealer affiliated with the TAMP sponsor. In addition, in connection with customized advisory services and LPL's overlay portfolio management services to Fortigent, the client may direct that transactions be executed through LPL or specified third party broker-dealer. Clients should understand that not all advisors require their clients to direct brokerage. By directing brokerage to a broker, clients may be unable to achieve the most favorable execution of client transactions and may pay more in transaction charges than other broker-dealer firms. Therefore, directed brokerage may cost clients more money. For more information about the brokerage practices of a TAMP sponsor, clients should refer to the Disclosure Brochure for the applicable TAMP.

For customized advisory services, IARs may aggregate transactions in equity and fixed income securities for a client with other clients to improve the quality of execution. When transactions are so aggregated, the actual prices applicable to the aggregated transactions will be averaged, and the client account will be deemed to have purchased or sold its proportionate share of the securities involved at the average price obtained. IARs may determine not to aggregate transactions, for example, based on the size of the trades, the number of client accounts, the timing of the trades, the liquidity of the securities and the discretionary or non-discretionary nature of the trades. If IARs do not aggregate orders, some clients purchasing securities around the same time may receive a less favorable price than other clients. This means that this practice of not aggregating may cost clients more money.

ITEM 13 REVIEW OF ACCOUNTS

For financial planning the client agreement for financial planning services terminates upon delivery of the plan. However, clients are encouraged to update their financial plans annually. Such annual review may be conducted at the election of the client and a new agreement for services between LPL, the client and the IAR will be required. The review may consist of a new personal financial plan if the client's circumstances and/or goals have changed (updated financial plan). Alternatively, the review may be a comparison of the client's current assets and goals as stated in the personal financial plan (progress report).

For TAMP services, IARs review on an ongoing basis client accounts and meet with clients to review such items as accounts statements, quarterly performance reports, and other information or data related to the client's account and investment objective. The TAMP sponsor or custodian of the TAMP account assets send clients regular written reports and statements regarding the account.

For customized advisory services, IARs review client accounts on an ongoing basis to provide management services. IARs review monthly or quarterly accounts statements provided by the custodian. In addition, LPL reviews accounts using risk based criteria such as performance, trading activity, and concentration. The Advisory Chief Compliance Officer of LPL oversees the process for reviewing customized accounts. To the extent LPL acts as broker-dealer and has custody of assets in a customized program account, LPL will transmit to clients required trade confirmations and monthly or quarterly account statements. Such statements show all transactions in cash and securities and all deposits and withdrawals of principal and income during the preceding calendar month or quarter depending upon activity.



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

ITEM 14 CLIENT REFERRALS AND OTHER COMPENSATION

Other Compensation

The IAR, LPL and LPL employees may receive additional compensation from product sponsors. However, such compensation may not be tied to the sales of any products. Compensation may include such items as gifts valued at less than \$100 annually, an occasional dinner or ticket to a sporting event, or reimbursement in connection with educational meetings with IAR, client workshops or events, marketing events or advertising initiatives, including services for identifying prospective clients. Product sponsors may also pay for, or reimburse LPL for the costs associated with, education or training events that may be attended by LPL employees and IARs and for LPL-sponsored conferences and events. LPL also receives reimbursement from product sponsors for technology-related costs associated with investment proposal tools it makes available to its IARs for use with clients. LPL makes available a list of product sponsors that provide these types of compensation on its website at www.lpl.com.

The IAR recommending a TAMP program to the client receives compensation as a result of the client's participation in the program. This compensation includes a portion of the advisory fee and also may include other compensation, such as bonuses, awards or other things of value offered by the TAMP to the IAR. For example, a TAMP may pay additional marketing payments to LPL, its employees and/or IARs to cover fees to attend conferences or reimbursement of expenses for workshops, seminars presented to clients or advertising, marketing or practice management. The eligibility of an IAR to receive such reimbursements and the amount of such reimbursements are based on the amount of assets referred by the IAR to the TAMP. The amount of this compensation may be more or less than what the IAR would receive if the client participated in LPL advisory programs, programs of other investment advisors or paid separately for investment advice, brokerage and other client services. Therefore, the IAR may have a financial incentive to recommend a TAMP program account over other programs and services.

LPL has entered into referral agreements with independent third party investment advisers, pursuant to which LPL and IARs receive referral fees from the third party investment advisers in return for referral of clients. LPL refers clients to such firms as Aris, Brinker Capital, BTS Asset Management, Clark Capital, CLS Investments, Curian Capital, Envestnet, Flexible Plan, AssetMark, Hanlon Investment Management, Icon Advisers, ITS Asset Management, Meeder Advisory Services, Niemann Capital, Stadion, Portfolio Strategies, Potomac Fund, Rochdale Investment Management, Security Benefit, Sowell Financial Services, Symmetry Partners and Wealthcare Capital Management. Referrals to certain third party investment advisers are subject to restrictions imposed by LPL. Because LPL is engaged by and paid by the third party investment advisor for the referral, any recommendation regarding a third party investment advisor as part of a referral presents a conflict of interest. LPL addresses this conflict by providing the client with a disclosure statement explaining the role of LPL and IAR and the referral fee received by LPL and IAR. For more information regarding these arrangements, see Item 4 above.

LPL and its IARs may serve as broker-dealer of record on accounts managed by the independent third party investment advisor. In such case, LPL and its representatives may receive normal and customary compensation (e.g., commissions, 12b-1 fees, trails) from the sale of mutual funds or variable annuities in such accounts. This compensation is in addition to the solicitor fee paid by the third party investment advisor.

In addition, LPL may enter into other agreements with TAMP sponsors or third party investment advisers to whom LPL refers clients, pursuant to which LPL may provide (i) marketing services on behalf of the third party investment advisers to LPL representatives; or (ii) data technology services to integrate third party investment adviser account data on LPL's technology systems. LPL receives fees for these data technology services and such fees may be a flat upfront or annual fee or be based on the amount of assets (typically up to 0.20%) recommended or referred by LPL to the TAMP or the third party investment adviser. The third party investment advisers and TAMP sponsors who pay such fees include Aris, Brinker, Clark Capital, Curian Capital, Hanlon, ICON, ITS, Niemann, Portfolio Strategies, Potomac, and SEI. The IAR does not share in these fees.

In some cases, the third party investment advisers pay additional marketing payments to LPL, its employees and/or IAR's to cover fees to attend conferences or reimbursement of expenses for workshops, seminars presented to IARs clients or advertising, marketing or practice management.



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

LPL may receive referral fees for referring prospective financial institutions to other broker-dealers including, ConvergeX. Thus, LPL may have a conflict of interest regarding the recommendation of an executing broker-dealer in that it may receive compensation. LPL does not require that a certain executing broker-dealer be used by each institution. Each such institution selects the broker-dealer to be used and independently negotiates the commission rates to be paid. In the case of ConvergeX, although the rate is also independently determined, it may be affected due to such referral fee and better rates may be available at other broker-dealers. In such cases, the institution is able to assess the competitiveness of such rate and utilize alternative execution services if warranted.

Client Referrals

LPL compensates other persons for client referrals. LPL enters into an agreement with such referral agents and pays them a portion of the advisory fee. The referral agent discloses to the client at the time of the solicitation the arrangement and the compensation to be received by the referral agent.

LPL and its IARs may offer advisory services on the premises of unaffiliated financial institutions, like banks or credit unions. In such case, the advisory services are offered by LPL and not the financial institution, and any securities recommended as part of the investment advice are not guaranteed by the financial institution, or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other federal or state deposit guarantee fund relating to financial institutions.

LPL has entered into agreements with the financial institutions pursuant to which LPL shares compensation, including a portion of the advisory fee, with the financial institution for the use of the financial institution's facilities and for client referrals. In such case, LPL may share a portion (generally ranging from 40% to 100%) with the financial institution pursuant to the agreement between LPL and the financial institution. In addition, LPL may provide other forms of compensation to financial institutions, such as bonuses, payments in the form of repayable or forgivable loans, awards or other things of value offered by LPL to the institution. In particular, LPL may pay a financial institution in different ways, for example, payments based on production, reimbursement of fees that LPL charges for items such as administrative services, and other things of value such as free or reduced-cost marketing materials, payments in connection with the transition of association from another broker-dealer or investment advisor firm to LPL, advances of advisory fees, or attendance at LPL's national conference or top producer forums and events. LPL may pay this compensation based on overall business production and/or on the amount of assets serviced in LPL advisory programs. Therefore, the amount of this compensation may be more than what the financial institution would receive if the client participated in other LPL programs, programs of other investment advisors or paid separately for investment advice, brokerage and other client services. Therefore, the financial institution may have a financial incentive to recommend a program account over other programs and services.

LPL Compensation to IAR

The IAR recommending an advisory service receives compensation from LPL. LPL compensates IARs pursuant to an independent contractor agreement, and not as an employee. This compensation includes a portion of the advisory fee and, such portion received by IAR may be more than what IAR would receive at another investment advisor firm. Such compensation may include other types of compensation, such as bonuses, awards or other things of value offered by LPL to the IAR. In particular, LPL pays its IARs in different ways, for example:

- payments based on production
- equity awards from LPL's parent company, LPL Financial Holdings Inc., consisting of awards of either restricted stock units (a promise to deliver stock in the future) or stock options to purchase stock, in each case subject to satisfaction of vesting and other conditions
- reimbursement or credits of fees that IARs pay to LPL for items such as administrative services, or technology fees
- free or reduced-cost marketing materials
- payments in connection with the transition of association from another broker-dealer or investment advisor firm to LPL
- payments in the form of repayable or forgivable loans
- advances of advisory fees
- attendance at LPL conferences and events.



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

LPL pays IARs this compensation based on the IAR's overall business production and/or on the amount of assets serviced in LPL advisory relationships. The amount of this compensation may be more or less than what the IAR would receive if the client participated in other LPL programs, programs of other investment advisors or paid separately for investment advice, brokerage and other client services. Therefore, the IAR may have a financial incentive to recommend advisory services over other programs and services. However, an IAR may only recommend a program or service that he or she believes is suitable for you. LPL has systems in place to review IAR-managed accounts for suitability over the course of the advisory relationship.

If an IAR has recently become associated with LPL, he or she may have received payments from LPL in connection with the transition from another broker-dealer or investment advisor firm. These payments, which may be significant, are intended to assist an IAR with the costs associated with the transition, such as moving expenses, leasing space, furniture, staff and termination fees associated with moving accounts; however, LPL does not confirm the use of these payments for such transition costs. These payments may be in the form of loans to the IAR, which may be repayable to LPL or may be forgiven by LPL based on years of service with LPL (e.g., if the IAR remains with LPL for 5 years) and/or the scope of business engaged in with LPL, including the amount of advisory account assets with LPL. This presents a potential conflict of interest in that an IAR has a financial incentive to recommend that a client engage with the IAR and LPL for advisory services in order for the loan to be forgiven. However, an IAR may only recommend a program or service that he or she believes is suitable for you. LPL has systems in place to review IAR-managed accounts for suitability over the course of the advisory relationship.

ITEM 15 CUSTODY

For TAMP programs, overlay portfolio manager services for Fortigent's Access Overlay II Program, and generally for customized advisory services, client assets are maintained at a custodian other than LPL. In such case, the client will complete account paperwork with the outside custodian that will provide the name and address of the custodian. The client will receive statements and reports directly from the custodian, rather than from LPL. Clients should refer to the statements and reports that they receive from the custodian or TAMP sponsor. Clients should the review these statements and reports carefully.

For PCAP, IPA and other participant advice services, client's retirement plan assets are maintained at a custodian other than LPL. For example, IARs provide management services for participant self-directed retirement plan accounts custodied at TIAA-CREF. The retirement plan sponsor (e.g., the client's employer) or the client is responsible for selecting the custodian for the retirement plan assets.

For certain services described in this brochure (e.g., hourly consulting services), LPL may receive prepayment of fees for 6 or more months in advance.

For LPL's Strategic Asset Management, Strategic Asset Management II, Manager Select, Manager Access Select, Personal Wealth Portfolios, Optimum Market Portfolios, and Model Wealth Portfolios programs, which are described in separate disclosure brochures, LPL is a qualified custodian as defined in Rule 206(4)-2 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 and maintains custody of SAM II client funds and securities in a separate account for each client under the client's name. LPL as a qualified custodian for those program accounts sends account statements showing all transactions, positions, and all deposits and withdrawals of principal and income. LPL sends account statements monthly when the account has had activity or quarterly if there has been no activity. Clients should carefully review those account statements. If clients would like more information on such programs, clients should contact the IAR for a copy of the program brochure that describes such program or go to www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

ITEM 16 INVESTMENT DISCRETION

With respect to financial planning, hourly consulting and participant consulting services, LPL and the IAR do not have any discretionary investment authority. For services under the IPA program, the IAR typically is granted investment discretion in the advisory agreement. For customized advisory services, the IAR may provide management services on a discretionary or non-discretionary basis as stated in the client agreement. For its overlay portfolio management services, LPL has discretion to trade accounts based on investment models, and to manage accounts according to investment restrictions and tax efficient strategies. For LPL's Strategic Asset Management, Strategic Asset Management II, Manager Select, Manager Access Select, Personal



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

Wealth Portfolios, Optimum Market Portfolios, and Model Wealth Portfolios programs, which are described in separate disclosure brochures, LPL has discretionary investment authority.

In a TAMP program, the client typically authorizes the third party investment advisor to purchase and sell securities on a discretionary or non-discretionary basis pursuant to the investment objective chosen by the client. This authorization will be set out in the TAMP client agreement. LPL and the IAR do not have discretion on TAMP program accounts.

ITEM 17 VOTING CLIENT SECURITIES

LPL does not accept authority to vote client securities in connection with any of the services described in this Brochure. LPL does accept authority to vote client securities in connection with its Personal Wealth Portfolios program. Please see the brochure for such program for more information.

ITEM 18 FINANCIAL INFORMATION

LPL is a qualified custodian as defined in Rule 206(4)-2, and is therefore not required to include a balance sheet for its most recent financial fiscal year.

Brochure Supplements

Accompanying this Brochure are Brochure Supplements for individual employees or officers of LPL. Note that although these individuals are responsible for investment advice provided by LPL and may meet with clients from time to time, they are not the IARs responsible for the individualized investment advice provided to a particular client. For more information about the IAR servicing the client, client should refer to the Brochure Supplement for the IAR, which should have been provided by the IAR along with this Brochure at the time client opened the account. If client did not receive a Brochure Supplement for the IAR, the client should contact the IAR or LPL at lpfinancial.adv@lpl.com.

Brochure Supplements for Certain LPL Financial Employees:

George Burton White	LPL Financial LLC
John J. Canally, Jr.	75 State Street, 24th Floor, Boston, MA 02109
Kirby Horan-Adams	(617) 423-3644
Joseph Edwin Rackley	www.lpl.com
Anthony Valeri	LPL Financial LLC
Marcus Ehlers	4707 Executive Drive, San Diego, CA 92121
	(800) 558-7567
Joy Goble	LPL Financial LLC
	4828 Parkway Plaza, Charlotte, NC 28217
Adam I. Cohen	Fortigent, LLC
Steven James Snyder	2600 Tower Oaks Boulevard, Suite 300, Rockville, MD 20852

August 8, 2014

This Brochure Supplement provides information about certain LPL employees or officers that supplements the LPL Financial Brochure that is attached to this Brochure Supplement. Please contact LPL Financial at the number above if you did not receive the LPL Financial Brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this Brochure Supplement. You may also contact your LPL investment advisor representative with questions.

Additional information about these LPL employees or officers is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

Note that although these LPL employees or officers included in this Brochure Supplement are responsible for investment advice provided by LPL they are not the IARs responsible for the ongoing individualized investment advice provided to a particular client. For more information about the IAR managing the account, client should refer to the Brochure Supplement for the IAR, which should have been provided by the IAR along with the LPL Financial Brochure and this Brochure Supplement at the time client opened the account. If client did not receive a Brochure Supplement for the IAR, the client should contact the IAR or LPL at lpffinancial.adv@lpl.com.

Educational Background and Business Experience

George Burton White was born in 1969. He has a BBA from the College of William and Mary. He is a Managing Director and Chief Investment Officer of LPL, and has served in that position since 2009. He joined LPL in 2007 as a Managing Director and Director of Research. Prior to joining LPL, he was Managing Director and Director of Research at Wachovia Securities from 2000 to 2007.

John J. Canally, Jr., was born in 1964. He has a BA from Villanova University. He is Senior Vice President and Economist at LPL and joined the LPL Research Department in 2007. Prior to joining LPL, he was a Senior Investment Strategist at PNC Wealth Management.

Kirby Lepak Horan-Adams was born in 1976. She has a BA in Math and Economics from Trinity College, an MBA and MSF from Boston College, and a JD from Boston College Law School. She is Senior Vice President and Director of Research at LPL and joined the LPL Research Department in 2006. Prior to joining LPL, she was an analyst at Cerulli Associates.

Joseph Edwin Rackley was born in 1981. He has an AB in History from Brown University. He is a Vice President for LPL Financial Research and has been with the firm since 2008. Prior to joining LPL, he served as a Vice President in the Advisory Services Group at Wachovia Securities, LLC.

Anthony Gino Valeri was born in 1970. He has a BA from the University of California at San Diego. He is Senior Vice President, Market Strategist, at LPL and joined the LPL Research Department in 2002. He has been employed by LPL since 1993.

Marcus Ehlers was born in 1960. He has a BA from the University of Iowa. He is Senior Vice President of Trading and Commissions at LPL and joined LPL in 2010. Prior to joining LPL, Mr. Ehlers was an internal business consultant at Fidelity Investments from 2009 to 2010, and a Vice President at Schwab Institutional prior to 2009.

Joy Goble was born in 1956. She has a BA in Psychology from Erskine College and an MA in Organizational Communication from Queens University. She has been with LPL Financial since 2007 and is currently serving as the Head of Preservation Strategy. Prior to joining LPL Ms. Goble was SVP and Head of Product Management at First Charter Bank.

Adam I. Cohen was born in 1967. He has a BA in History from the College of Wooster and an MBA from Loyola University of Chicago's Quinlan School of Business. Mr. Cohen oversees Wealth Solutions for LPL and has been with Fortigent since 2012. Prior to joining Fortigent, Mr. Cohen oversaw institutional and private client portfolios at Cardinal Trust and Investments.

Steven James Snyder was born in 1973. He has a BA in Economics and a BS in Cognitive Science from the University of California at San Diego. He is the Research Operating Officer of LPL, and has served in that position since 2014. Prior to joining LPL, Mr. Snyder was Head of Due Diligence at Fortigent. Prior to Fortigent, he was a Due Diligence analyst at Dunham & Associates.

Disciplinary Information

There are no legal or disciplinary events to disclose in response to this item.

Other Business Activities

Each of Mr. White, Mr. Canally, Ms. Horan-Adams, Mr. Rackley, Mr. Valeri, Mr. Ehlers and Ms. Goble is a registered representative of LPL. Each of Mr. Cohen and Mr. Snyder has an application pending to register as a registered representative of LPL and is an investment adviser representative of Fortigent, LLC ("Fortigent"), a registered investment adviser and related person of LPL. LPL is a registered broker-dealer and member of FINRA. Although these individuals are, or will be, registered representatives of LPL, they do not engage in the sale of securities or receive commissions or other compensation based on the sale of securities or other investment products.



LPL FINANCIAL FIRM BROCHURE

Additional Compensation

Each of these individuals receives a regular salary and bonus.

Supervision

Each of the individuals in this Brochure Supplement in the Research Department reports up to Mr. White, the Chief Investment Officer of LPL. As Chief Investment Officer, Mr. White is responsible for the advice provided by the LPL Research Department through LPL's advisory programs. The LPL Advisory Business Oversight Committee is responsible for making determinations with respect to the firm's policies for its business as an investment advisor, including review of certain services and products offered through the programs. The advice provided by each of the individuals in this Brochure Supplement also is subject to LPL's policies and procedures and to any guidelines established for the applicable advisory program. The Chief Compliance Officer – Advisory Compliance is responsible for administering LPL's policies and procedures for investment advisory activities. The telephone number for the Advisory Compliance Department is 1-800-877-7210.

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4707 Executive Drive, San Diego, California 92121

