

Rena Advisors, LLC dba The Rena Group Firm Brochure - Form ADV Part 2A

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Rena Advisors, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at (845) 319-3200 or by email at: Charles.carmona@therenagroup.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Rena Advisors, LLC is also available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov. Rena Advisors, LLC's CRD number is: 164431

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Registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

Version Date: 9/15/2014

Item 2: Material Changes

Rena Advisors, LLC has no material changes to report since the firm's last annual amendment on January 7, 2013.

Item 1: Rena Advisors, LLC will be marketing its advisory services under the name "The Rena Group". Email address has also been changed to "therenagroup.com"

Item 4 and Item 5: Rena Advisors, LLC has added the Rena Technology and Health Care Growth Strategy as an investment opportunity for clients.

Item 5 and Item 10; currently no employees of Rena Advisors, LLC are registered representatives of a broker dealer.

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Item 4: Advisory Business

A. Description of the Advisory Firm

Rena Advisors, LLC is a Limited Liability Company organized in the state of New York. The firm was formed in May of 2012, and the principal owners are Charles P. Carmona and Richard L. Campbell.

B. Types of Advisory Services

Rena Advisors, LLC (hereinafter “RA”) offers the following services to advisory clients:

Investment Supervisory Services

RA offers ongoing portfolio management services based on the individual goals, objectives, time horizon, and risk tolerance of each client. RA creates an Investment Policy Statement for each client, which outlines the client’s current situation (income, tax levels, and risk tolerance levels) and then constructs a plan to aid in the selection of a portfolio that matches each client’s specific situation. Investment Supervisory Services include, but are not limited to, the following:

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| • Investment strategy | • Personal investment policy |
| • Asset allocation | • Asset selection |
| • Risk tolerance | • Regular portfolio monitoring |

RA evaluates the current investments of each client with respect to their risk tolerance levels and time horizon. If preferred by the client, RA will request discretionary authority from clients in order to select securities and execute transactions without permission from the client prior to each transaction. Risk tolerance levels are documented in the Investment Policy Statement, which is given to each client.

Rena Technology and Health Care Growth Strategy

RA provides a specialized portfolio for investment in the Technology and Health Care industries. The portfolio is comprised of roughly 40 equities that offer compelling valuations versus their peer universe as determined by RA. This portfolio is separately managed from the traditional portfolio management services of RA and has a separate fee schedule as listed in Item 5. A performance may be charged in limited circumstances to qualified investors.

Performance Based Fees

In limited circumstances we expect that Qualified Investors may be charged a performance fee on assets under management or in the Technology and Health Care growth Strategy based on percentage of returns over a high water mark.

Services Limited to Specific Types of Investments

RA generally limits its money management to mutual funds, equities, bonds, fixed income, debt securities, ETFs, real estate, hedge funds, REITs, private placements, private equities, commodities, and government securities. RA may use other securities as well to help diversify a portfolio when applicable. RA may also advise the client on other assets, such as real estate or operating companies owned by the client, when requested.

C. Client Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions

RA offers the same suite of services to all of its clients. However, specific client financial plans and their implementation are dependent upon the client Investment Policy Statement which outlines each client's current situation (income, tax levels, and risk tolerance levels) and is used to construct a client specific plan to aid in the selection of a portfolio that matches restrictions, needs, and targets.

Clients may impose restrictions in investing in certain securities or types of securities in accordance with their values or beliefs. However, if the restrictions prevent RA from properly servicing the client account, or if the restrictions would require RA to deviate from its standard suite of services, RA reserves the right to end the relationship.

D. Wrap Fee Programs

A wrap fee program is an investment program where the investor pays one stated fee that includes management fees, transaction costs, fund expenses, and any other administrative fees. RA does not participate in any wrap fee programs.

E. Amounts Under Management

RA has \$29,290,000 discretionary assets under management as of 09-12-2014.

Item 5: Fees and Compensation

A. Fee Schedule

Investment Supervisory Services Fees

Total Assets Under Management	Annual Fee
All Assets Under Management	0.90%

These fees are negotiable and in limited circumstances may be a fixed fee depending upon the needs of the client and complexity of the situation and the final fee schedule is attached as Exhibit II of the Investment Advisory Contract. Fees are paid monthly or quarterly in arrears, and clients may terminate their contracts with five days' written notice. Because fees are charged in arrears, no refund policy is necessary. Clients may terminate their accounts without penalty within 5 business days of signing the advisory contract. Advisory fees are withdrawn directly from the client's accounts with client written authorization.

Rena Technology and Health Care Growth Strategy Fees

Total Assets Under Management fee is 2% annual

Total Assets Under Management	Annual Fee
All Assets Under Management	0.02%

These fees are negotiable and in limited circumstances may be a fixed fee depending upon the needs of the client and complexity of the situation. The final fee schedule is attached as Exhibit II of the Investment Advisory Contract. Fees are paid monthly or quarterly in arrears, and clients may terminate their contracts with five days' written notice without penalty. Because fees are charged in arrears, no refund policy is necessary. Advisory fees are withdrawn directly from the client's accounts with client written authorization.

Performance Based Fees

In limited circumstances we expect that Qualified Investors may be charged a performance fee on assets under management based on percentage of returns over a high water mark.

. Performance fees are paid annually in arrears, and clients may terminate their contracts with five days' written notice.

B. Payment of Fees

Payment of Investment Supervisory Fees

Advisory fees are withdrawn directly from the client's accounts with client written authorization. Fees are paid quarterly in arrears.

Payment of Performance Based Fees

Performance Based fees are withdrawn directly from the client's accounts with client written authorization on an annual basis in arrears.

C. Clients Are Responsible For Third Party Fees

Clients are responsible for the payment of all third party fees (i.e. custodian fees, brokerage fees, mutual fund fees, transaction fees, etc.). Those fees are separate and distinct from the fees and expenses charged by RA. Please see Item 12 of this brochure regarding broker/custodian.

D. Prepayment of Fees

RA collects its fees in arrears. It does not collect fees in advance.

E. Outside Compensation For the Sale of Securities to Clients

Employees of RA are not compensated by commissions and are not registered representatives of a broker dealer

Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

In limited circumstances we expect that Qualified Investors may be charged a performance fee on assets under management based on percentage of returns over a high water mark.

Performance fees are paid annually in arrears, and clients may terminate their contracts with five days' written notice.

RA manages accounts that are billed on performance based fees (a share of capital gains on or capital appreciation of the assets of a client) as well as accounts that are NOT billed on performance based fees. Managing both kinds of accounts at the same time presents a conflict of interest because RA or its supervised persons have an incentive to favor accounts for which RA and its supervised persons receive a performance-based fee. RA addresses the conflicts by ensuring that clients who have performance based accounts do not receive preferential treatment. RA provides best execution practices and upholds its fiduciary duty for all clients.

Clients that are paying a performance based fee should be aware that investment advisors have an incentive to invest in riskier investments when paid a performance based fee due to the higher risk/higher reward attributes.

Item 7: Types of Clients

RA generally provides management supervisory services to the following types of clients:

- ❖ High-Net-Worth Individuals
- ❖ Corporations or Business Entities

Minimum Account Size

There is an account minimum, \$20,000,000, which may be waived by the investment advisor, based on the needs of the client and the complexity of the situation.

Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, and Risk of Investment Loss

A. Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies

Methods of Analysis

RA's methods of analysis include charting analysis, fundamental analysis, technical analysis, and cyclical analysis.

Charting analysis involves the use of patterns in performance charts. RA uses this technique to search for patterns used to help predict favorable conditions for buying and/or selling a security.

Fundamental analysis involves the analysis of financial statements, the general financial health of companies, and/or the analysis of management or competitive advantages.

Technical analysis involves the analysis of past market data; primarily price and volume.

Cyclical analysis involved the analysis of business cycles to find favorable conditions for buying and/or selling a security.

Investment Strategies

RA uses long term trading, short term trading, margin transactions, and options writing (including covered options, uncovered options, or spreading strategies).

Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

B. Material Risks Involved

Methods of Analysis

Charting analysis strategy involves using and comparing various charts to predict long and short term performance or market trends. The risk involved in solely using this method is that only past performance data is considered without using other methods to crosscheck data. Using charting analysis without other methods of analysis would be making the assumption that past performance will be indicative of future performance. This may not be the case.

Fundamental analysis concentrates on factors that determine a company's value and expected future earnings. This strategy would normally encourage equity purchases in stocks that are undervalued or priced below their perceived value. The risk assumed is that the market will fail to reach expectations of perceived value.

Technical analysis attempts to predict a future stock price or direction based on market trends. The assumption is that the market follows discernible patterns and if these patterns can be identified then a prediction can be made. The risk is that markets do not always follow patterns and relying solely on this method may not work long term.

Cyclical analysis assumes that the markets react in cyclical patterns which, once identified, can be leveraged to provide performance. The risks with this strategy are two-fold : 1) the markets do not always repeat cyclical patterns and 2) if too many investors begin to implement this strategy, it changes the very cycles they are trying to take advantage of.

Investment Strategies

Long term trading is designed to capture market rates of both return and risk. Frequent trading, when done, can affect investment performance, particularly through increased brokerage and other transaction costs and taxes.

Short term trading, margin transactions, and options writing generally hold greater risk and clients should be aware that there is a material risk of loss using any of those strategies.

Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

C. Risks of Specific Securities Utilized

RA generally seeks investment strategies that do not involve significant or unusual risk beyond that of the general domestic and/or international equity markets. However, it will utilize margin transactions, and options writing. Short sales, margin transactions, and options writing generally hold greater risk of capital loss and clients should be aware that there is a material risk of loss using any of those strategies.

Mutual Funds: Investing in mutual funds carries the risk of capital loss. Mutual funds are not guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or any other government agency. You can lose money investing in mutual funds. All mutual funds have costs that lower investment returns. They can be of bond "fixed income" nature (lower risk) or stock "equity" nature (mentioned above).

Equity investment generally refers to buying shares of stocks by an individual or firms in return for receiving a future payment of dividends and capital gains if the value of the stock increases. There is an innate risk involved when purchasing a stock that it may decrease in value and the investment may incur a loss.

Treasury Inflation Protected/Inflation Linked Bonds: The Risk of default on these bonds is dependent upon the U.S. Treasury defaulting (extremely unlikely); however, they carry a potential risk of losing share price value, albeit rather minimal.

Fixed Income is an investment that guarantees fixed periodic payments in the future that may involve economic risks such as inflationary risk, interest rate risk, default risk, repayment of principal risk, etc.

Debt securities carry risks such as the possibility of default on the principal, fluctuation in interest rates, and counterparties being unable to meet obligations.

Stocks & Exchange Traded Funds (ETF): Investing in stocks & ETF's carries the risk of capital loss (sometimes up to a 100% loss in the case of a stock holding bankruptcy). Investments in these securities are not guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or any other government agency.

Real Estate funds face several kinds of risk that are inherent in this sector of the market. Liquidity risk, market risk and interest rate risk are just some of the factors that can influence the gain or loss that is passed on to the investor. Liquidity and market risk tend to have a greater effect on funds that are more growth-oriented, as the sale of appreciated properties depends upon market demand. Conversely, interest rate risk impacts the amount of dividend income that is paid by income-oriented funds.

Hedge Funds are not suitable for all investors and involve a high degree of risk due to several factors that may contribute to above average gains or significant losses. Such factors include leveraging or other speculative investment practices, commodity trading, complex tax structures, a lack of transparency in the underlying investments, and generally the absence of a secondary market.

REITs have specific risks including valuation due to cash flows, dividends paid in stock rather than cash, and the payment of debt resulting in dilution of shares.

Private placements carry a substantial risk as they are largely unregulated offerings not subject to securities laws.

Private equity investments tend to be more expensive and can therefore reduce the return on the investment. Private equity investments also require a large initial investments as well as a relatively long committed period in order to attain significant returns.

Commodities include a speculative risk that may drive up or down the price of the security above the actual value.

Precious Metal ETFs (Gold, Silver, Palladium Bullion backed “electronic shares” not physical metal): Investing in precious metal ETFs carries the risk of capital loss.

Long term trading is designed to capture market rates of both return and risk. Due to its nature, the long-term investment strategy can expose clients to various other types of risk that will typically surface at various intervals during the time the client owns the investments. These risks include but are not limited to inflation (purchasing power) risk, interest rate risk, economic risk, market risk, and political/regulatory risk.

Short term trading risks include liquidity, economic stability and inflation.

Margin transactions use leverage that is borrowed from a brokerage firm as collateral.

Options writing involve a contract to purchase a security at a given price, not necessarily at market value, depending on the market.

Past performance is not a guarantee of future returns. Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

Item 9: Disciplinary Information

A. Criminal or Civil Actions

There are no criminal or civil actions to report.

B. Administrative Proceedings

There are no administrative proceedings to report.

C. Self-regulatory Organization (SRO) Proceedings

There are no self-regulatory organization proceedings to report.

Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

A. Registration as a Broker/Dealer or Broker/Dealer Representative

Employees of RA are not registered representatives of a broker dealer.

B. Registration as a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or a Commodity Trading Advisor

Neither RA nor its representatives are registered as or have pending applications to become a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or a Commodity Trading Advisor.

C. Registration Relationships Material to this Advisory Business and Possible Conflicts of Interests

There are no registration relationships material to this business to report.

D. Selection of Other Advisers or Managers and How This Adviser is Compensated for Those Selections

RA does not utilize nor select other advisers or third party managers. All assets are managed by RA management.

Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

A. Code of Ethics

We have a written Code of Ethics that covers the following areas: Prohibited Purchases and Sales, Insider Trading, Personal Securities Transactions, Exempted Transactions, Prohibited Activities, Conflicts of Interest, Gifts and Entertainment, Confidentiality, Service on a Board of Directors, Compliance Procedures, Compliance with Laws and Regulations, Procedures and Reporting, Certification of Compliance, Reporting Violations, Compliance Officer Duties, Training and Education, Recordkeeping, Annual Review, and Sanctions. Our Code of Ethics is available free upon request to any client or prospective client.

B. Recommendations Involving Material Financial Interests

RA does not recommend that clients buy or sell any security in which a related person to RA or RA has a material financial interest.

C. Investing Personal Money in the Same Securities as Clients

From time to time, representatives of RA may buy or sell securities for themselves that they also recommend to clients. This may provide an opportunity for representatives of RA to buy or sell the same securities before or after recommending the same securities to clients resulting in representatives profiting off the recommendations they provide to clients. Such transactions may create a conflict of interest. RA will always document any transactions that could be construed as conflicts of interest and will always transact client business before their own when similar securities are being bought or sold.

D. Trading Securities At/Around the Same Time as Clients' Securities

From time to time, representatives of RA may buy or sell securities for themselves at or around the same time as clients. This may provide an opportunity for representatives of RA to buy or sell securities before or after recommending securities to clients resulting in representatives profiting off the recommendations they provide to clients. Such transactions may create a conflict of interest. RA will always transact client's transactions before its own when similar securities are being bought or sold.

Item 12: Brokerage Practices

A. Factors Used to Select Custodians and/or Broker/Dealers

The Custodian will be chosen based on the security of the client assets, their relatively low transaction fees and access to securities. RA will never charge a premium or commission on transactions, beyond the actual cost imposed by Custodian.

1. Research and Other Soft-Dollar Benefits

RA receives no research, product, or services other than execution from a broker-dealer or third-party in connection with client securities transactions ("soft dollar benefits").

2. Brokerage for Client Referrals

RA receives no referrals from a broker-dealer or third party in exchange for using that broker-dealer or third party.

3. Clients Directing Which Broker/Dealer/Custodian to Use

RA allows clients to direct brokerage; however, RA may recommend custodians. RA may be unable to achieve most favorable execution of client transactions if clients choose to direct brokerage. This may cost clients money because without the ability to direct brokerage RA may not be able to aggregate orders to reduce transactions costs resulting in higher brokerage commissions and less favorable prices. Not all investment advisers allow their clients to direct brokerage.

B. Aggregating (Block) Trading for Multiple Client Accounts

RA maintains the ability to block trade purchases across accounts. Block trading may benefit a large group of clients by providing RA the ability to purchase larger blocks resulting in smaller transaction costs to the client. Declining to block trade can cause more expensive trades for clients.

Item 13: Reviews of Accounts

A. Frequency and Nature of Periodic Reviews and Who Makes Those Reviews

Client accounts are reviewed at least quarterly only by Charles P. Carmona, Managing Member. Charles P. Carmona is the chief advisor and is instructed to review clients' accounts with regards to their investment policies and risk tolerance levels. All accounts at RA are assigned to this reviewer.

B. Factors That Will Trigger a Non-Periodic Review of Client Accounts

Reviews may be triggered by material market, economic or political events, or by changes in client's financial situations (such as retirement, termination of employment, physical move, or inheritance).

C. Content and Frequency of Regular Reports Provided to Clients

Each client will receive at least monthly from the custodian, a written report that details the client's account including assets held and asset value which will come from the custodian.

Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation

A. Economic Benefits Provided by Third Parties for Advice Rendered to Clients (Includes Sales Awards or Other Prizes)

RA does not receive any economic benefit, directly or indirectly from any third party for advice rendered to RA clients.

B. Compensation to Non – Advisory Personnel for Client Referrals

RA does not directly or indirectly compensate any person who is not advisory personnel for client referrals.

Item 15: Custody

RA, with client written authority, has limited custody of client's assets through direct fee deduction of RA's fees only. If the client chooses to be billed directly by the Custodian, RA would have constructive custody over that account and must have written authorization from the client to do so. Clients will receive all account statements and billing invoices that are required in each jurisdiction, and they should carefully review those statements for accuracy.

Item 16: Investment Discretion

For those client accounts where RA provides ongoing supervision, the client will periodically give RA written discretionary authority over the client's accounts with respect to securities to be bought or sold and the amount of securities to be bought or sold. Details of this relationship are fully disclosed to the client before any advisory relationship has commenced. The client provides RA discretionary authority via a limited power of attorney in the Investment Advisory Contract and in the contract between the client and the custodian.

Item 17: Voting Client Securities (Proxy Voting)

RA will not ask for, nor accept voting authority for client securities. Clients will receive proxies directly from the issuer of the security or the custodian. Clients should direct all proxy questions to the issuer of the security.

Item 18: Financial Information

A. Balance Sheet

RA does not require nor solicit prepayment of more than \$1,200 in fees per client, six months or more in advance and therefore does not need to include a balance sheet with this brochure.

B. Financial Conditions Reasonably Likely to Impair Ability to Meet Contractual Commitments to Clients

Neither RA nor its management have any financial conditions that are likely to reasonably impair our ability to meet contractual commitments to clients.

C. Bankruptcy Petitions in Previous Ten Years

RA has not been the subject of a bankruptcy petition in the last ten years.