

Hunting Hill Global Capital, LLC Firm Brochure - Form ADV Part 2A

This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Hunting Hill Global Capital, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at (646) 442-2790 or by email at: adam@huntinghill.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about Hunting Hill Global Capital, LLC is also available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov. Hunting Hill Global Capital, LLC's CRD number is: 167481.

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Registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

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Item 2: Material Changes

Hunting Hill Global Capital, LLC has not yet filed an annual updating amendment using the Form ADV Part 2A. Therefore there are no material changes to report.

Item 3: Table of Contents

Item 1: Cover Page	
Item 2: Material Changes.....	i
Item 3: Table of Contents.....	ii
Item 4: Advisory Business	5
A. Description of the Advisory Firm	5
B. Types of Advisory Services	5
Portfolio Management Services	5
Services Limited to Specific Types of Investments	5
C. Client Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions.....	6
D. Wrap Fee Programs.....	6
E. Assets Under Management.....	6
Item 5: Fees and Compensation.....	6
A. Fee Schedule	6
Performance-based Fees	6
B. Payment of Fees.....	7
Payment of Performance-based Fees	7
C. Clients Are Responsible For Third Party Fees.....	7
D. Prepayment of Fees	7
E. Outside Compensation For the Sale of Securities to Clients.....	7
Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management	7
Item 7: Types of Clients	8
Minimum Account Size	8
Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, and Risk of Investment Loss.....	8
A. Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies	8
Methods of Analysis.....	8
Charting analysis	8
Fundamental analysis	8
Technical analysis.....	8
Investment Strategies	8

B.	Material Risks Involved	9
	Methods of Analysis.....	9
	Fundamental analysis	9
	Technical analysis.....	9
	Investment Strategies	9
C.	Risks of Specific Securities Utilized.....	10
Item 9:	Disciplinary Information.....	11
A.	Criminal or Civil Actions	11
B.	Administrative Proceedings.....	11
C.	Self-regulatory Organization (SRO) Proceedings.....	11
Item 10:	Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations.....	11
A.	Registration as a Broker/Dealer or Broker/Dealer Representative	11
B.	Registration as a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or a Commodity Trading Advisor	11
C.	Registration Relationships Material to this Advisory Business and Possible Conflicts of Interests.....	11
D.	Selection of Other Advisers or Managers and How This Adviser is Compensated for Those Selections	11
Item 11:	Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading.....	12
A.	Code of Ethics.....	12
B.	Recommendations Involving Material Financial Interests	12
C.	Investing Personal Money in the Same Securities as Clients.....	12
D.	Trading Securities At/Around the Same Time as Clients' Securities	12
Item 12:	Brokerage Practices	12
A.	Factors Used to Select Custodians and/or Broker/Dealers.....	13
1.	Research and Other Soft-Dollar Benefits.....	13
2.	Brokerage for Client Referrals	13
3.	Clients Directing Which Broker/Dealer/Custodian to Use.....	13
B.	Aggregating (Block) Trading for Multiple Client Accounts	14
Item 13:	Reviews of Accounts	14
A.	Frequency and Nature of Periodic Reviews and Who Makes Those Reviews	14
B.	Factors That Will Trigger a Non-Periodic Review of Client Accounts.....	14

C. Content and Frequency of Regular Reports Provided to Clients.....	14
Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation.....	14
A. Economic Benefits Provided by Third Parties for Advice Rendered to Clients (Includes Sales Awards or Other Prizes).....	15
B. Compensation to Non – Advisory Personnel for Client Referrals.....	15
Item 15: Custody	15
Item 16: Investment Discretion.....	16
Item 17: Voting Client Securities (Proxy Voting)	16
Item 18: Financial Information.....	16
A. Balance Sheet	16
B. Financial Conditions Reasonably Likely to Impair Ability to Meet Contractual Commitments to Clients.....	17
C. Bankruptcy Petitions in Previous Ten Years	17

Item 4: Advisory Business

A. Description of the Advisory Firm

Hunting Hill Global Capital, LLC (hereinafter “HHGC”) is a Limited Liability Company organized in the State of New York. The firm was formed in June 2010, and the principal owner is Adam Michael Guren.

B. Types of Advisory Services

HHGC offers the following services to advisory clients:

Portfolio Management Services

HHGC offers ongoing portfolio management services based on the individual goals, objectives, time horizon, and risk tolerance of each client. HHGC creates an Investment Policy Statement for each client, which outlines the client’s current situation (income, tax levels, and risk tolerance levels).

Portfolio management services include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Investment strategy
- Asset allocation
- Risk tolerance
- Personal investment policy
- Asset selection
- Regular portfolio monitoring

HHGC evaluates the current investments of each client with respect to their risk tolerance levels and time horizon. Risk tolerance levels are documented in the Investment Policy Statement, which is given to each client.

HHGC seeks to provide that investment decisions are made in accordance with the fiduciary duties owed to its accounts and without consideration of HHGC’s economic, investment or other financial interests. To meet its fiduciary obligations, HHGC attempts to avoid, among other things, investment or trading practices that systematically advantage or disadvantage certain client portfolios, and, accordingly, HHGC’s policy is to seek fair and equitable allocation of investment opportunities/transactions among its clients to avoid favoring one client over another over time. It is HHGC’s policy to allocate investment opportunities and transactions it identifies as being appropriate and prudent, including initial public offerings (“IPOs”) and other investment opportunities that might have a limited supply, among its clients on a fair and equitable basis over time.

Services Limited to Specific Types of Investments

HHGC generally limits its investment advice ETFs, stocks, options, and futures around the world. We provide advice on regular ETF market maker operations and strategy, and to solve for liquidity issues around rebalancing a fund's member weightings. A client will receive a presentation outlining our methodology, research and recommendations. HHGC may use other securities as well to help diversify a portfolio when applicable.

C. Client Tailored Services and Client Imposed Restrictions

HHGC offers the same suite of services to all of its clients. However, specific client investment strategies and their implementation are dependent upon the client Investment Policy Statement which outlines each client's current situation (income, tax levels, and risk tolerance levels). Clients may not impose restrictions in investing in certain securities or types of securities in accordance with their values or beliefs.

D. Wrap Fee Programs

A wrap fee program is an investment program where the investor pays one stated fee that includes management fees, transaction costs, fund expenses, and any other administrative fees. HHGC does not participate in any wrap fee programs.

E. Assets Under Management

HHGC has the following assets under management:

Discretionary Amounts:	Non-discretionary Amounts:	Date Calculated:
\$62,000,000	\$0	9/12/2013

Item 5: Fees and Compensation

A. Fee Schedule

Performance-based Fees

Qualified investors with no liquidity lock up are charged a 2% management fee and 20% performance fee, and qualified clients with a 2 year lock up are charged a 1.5% management fee and 15% performance fee, each above a high water mark, after accounting for the client's deposits or withdrawals for each billing period. If the account has a net loss in any Incentive Fee Period (quarter), this loss will be carried forward to future Incentive Fee Periods (such amount, the "Loss Carryforward"). Whenever there is

a Loss Carryforward with respect to an Incentive Fee Period, the RIA will not receive an Incentive Fee until the Loss Carryforward amount has been recovered. These fees are not negotiable.

Termination of Agreement

Clients may terminate the agreement without penalty, for full refund of HHGC's fees, within five business days of signing the Investment Advisory Contract. Thereafter, clients may terminate the Investment Advisory Contract generally with five days' written notice.

B. Payment of Fees

Payment of Performance-based Fees

Performance-based fees are withdrawn directly from the client's accounts with client's written authorization or may be invoiced and billed directly to the client and clients may select the method in which they are billed. Fees are paid quarterly.

C. Clients Are Responsible For Third Party Fees

Clients are responsible for the payment of all third party fees (i.e. custodian fees, brokerage fees, mutual fund fees, transaction fees, etc.). Those fees are separate and distinct from the fees and expenses charged by HHGC. Please see Item 12 of this brochure regarding broker/custodian.

D. Prepayment of Fees

HHGC collects its fees in arrears. It does not collect fees in advance.

E. Outside Compensation For the Sale of Securities to Clients

Neither HHGC nor its supervised persons accept any compensation for the sale of securities or other investment products, including asset-based sales charges or service fees from the sale of mutual funds.

Item 6: Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

HHGC manages accounts that are billed on performance-based fees (a share of capital gains on or capital appreciation of the assets of a client), and it may (but does not intend to) manage as well as accounts that are NOT billed on performance-based fees. Managing both kinds of accounts at the same time presents a conflict of interest because HHGC or its supervised

Form ADV 2A Version: 10/3/2013

persons have an incentive to favor accounts for which HHGC and its supervised persons receive a performance-based fee. HHGC addresses the conflicts by ensuring that clients are not systematically advantaged or disadvantaged due to the presence or absence of performance based fees. HHGC seeks best execution and upholds its fiduciary duty for all clients.

Clients that are paying a performance-based fee should be aware that investment advisers have an incentive to invest in riskier investments when paid a performance-based fee due to the higher risk/higher reward attributes.

Item 7: Types of Clients

HHGC generally provides advisory services to the following types of clients:

- ❖ Individuals
- ❖ High-Net-Worth Individuals
- ❖ Pooled Investment Vehicles
- ❖ Corporations and other businesses

Minimum Account Size

There is an account minimum of \$5 million, which may be waived by HHGC in its discretion.

Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies, and Risk of Investment Loss

A. Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies

Methods of Analysis

HHGC's methods of analysis include charting analysis, fundamental analysis and technical analysis.

Charting analysis involves the use of patterns in performance charts. HHGC uses this technique to search for patterns used to help predict favorable conditions for buying and/or selling a security.

Fundamental analysis involves the analysis of financial statements, the general financial health of companies, and/or the analysis of management or competitive advantages.

Technical analysis involves the analysis of past market data; primarily price and volume.

Investment Strategies

HHGC uses short term trading, short-term purchases, short sales, margin transactions, and options trading (including covered options, uncovered options, or spreading strategies).

Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

B. Material Risks Involved

Methods of Analysis

Charting analysis strategy involves using and comparing various charts to predict long and short term performance or market trends. The risk involved in using this method is that only past performance data is considered without using other methods to crosscheck data. Using charting analysis without other methods of analysis would be making the assumption that past performance will be indicative of future performance. This may not be the case.

Fundamental analysis concentrates on factors that determine a company's value and expected future earnings. This strategy would normally encourage equity purchases in stocks that are undervalued or priced below their perceived value. The risk assumed is that the market will fail to reach expectations of perceived value.

Technical analysis attempts to predict a future stock price or direction based on market trends. The assumption is that the market follows discernible patterns and if these patterns can be identified then a prediction can be made. The risk is that markets do not always follow patterns and relying solely on this method may not work long term.

Investment Strategies

HHGC's use of short term trading, short sales, margin transactions, and options trading generally holds greater risk and clients should be aware that there is a material risk of loss using any of those strategies.

Short term trading risks include liquidity, economic stability and inflation, in addition to the long term trading risks listed above. Frequent trading, can affect investment performance, particularly through increased brokerage and other transaction costs and taxes.

Short sales entail the possibility of infinite loss. An increase in the applicable securities' prices will result in a loss and, over time, the market has historically trended upward.

Margin transactions use leverage that is borrowed from a brokerage firm as collateral. When losses occur, the value of the margin account may fall below the brokerage firm's threshold thereby triggering a margin call. This may force the account holder to either allocate more funds to the account or sell assets on a shorter time frame than desired.

Options writing or trading involves a contract to purchase a security at a given price, not necessarily at market value, depending on the market. This strategy includes the risk

Form ADV 2A Version: 10/3/2013

that an option may expire out of the money resulting in minimal or no value and the possibility of leveraged loss of trading capital due to the leveraged nature of stock options.

Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

C. Risks of Specific Securities Utilized

HHGC's use of short sales, margin transactions, and options trading generally holds greater risk of capital loss. Clients should be aware that there is a material risk of loss using any investment strategy. The investment types listed below are not guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or any other government agency.

Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs): Investing in ETFs carries the risk of capital loss (sometimes up to a 100% loss in the case of a stock holding bankruptcy). The price of Precious Metal ETFs (e.g., Gold, Silver, or Palladium Bullion backed "electronic shares" not physical metal) may be negatively impacted by several factors, among them (1) large sales by the official sector which own a significant portion of aggregate world holdings in gold and other precious metals, (2) a significant increase in hedging activities by producers of gold or other precious metals, (3) a significant change in the attitude of speculators and investors.

Equity investment generally refers to buying shares of stocks in return for receiving a future payment of dividends and capital gains if the value of the stock increases. The value of equity securities may fluctuate in response to specific situations for each company, industry market conditions and general economic environments.

Options are contracts to purchase a security at a given price, risking that an option may expire out of the money resulting in minimal or no value. An uncovered option is a type of options contract that is not backed by an offsetting position that would help mitigate risk. The risk for a "naked" or uncovered put is not unlimited, whereas the potential loss for an uncovered call option is limitless. Spread option positions entail buying and selling multiple options on the same underlying security, but with different strike prices or expiration dates, which helps limit the risk of other option trading strategies. Option writing also involves risks including but not limited to economic risk, market risk, sector risk, idiosyncratic risk, political/regulatory risk, inflation (purchasing power) risk and interest rate risk.

Non-U.S. securities present certain risks such as currency fluctuation, political and economic change, social unrest, changes in government regulation, differences in accounting and the lesser degree of accurate public information available.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. Investing in securities involves a risk of loss that you, as a client, should be prepared to bear.

Item 9: Disciplinary Information

A. Criminal or Civil Actions

There are no criminal or civil actions to report.

B. Administrative Proceedings

There are no administrative proceedings to report.

C. Self-regulatory Organization (SRO) Proceedings

There are no self-regulatory organization proceedings to report.

Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

A. Registration as a Broker/Dealer or Broker/Dealer Representative

Neither HHGC nor its representatives are registered as, or have pending applications to become, a broker/dealer or a representative of a broker/dealer.

B. Registration as a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or a Commodity Trading Advisor

Neither HHGC nor its representatives are registered as or have pending applications to become either a Futures Commission Merchant, Commodity Pool Operator, or Commodity Trading Advisor or an associated person of the foregoing entities.

C. Registration Relationships Material to this Advisory Business and Possible Conflicts of Interests

Neither HHGC nor its representatives have any material relationships to this advisory business that would present a possible conflict of interest.

D. Selection of Other Advisers or Managers and How This Adviser is Compensated for Those Selections

HHGC does not utilize nor select third-party investment advisers. All assets are managed by HHGC management.

Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

A. Code of Ethics

HHGC has a written Code of Ethics that covers the following areas: Prohibited Purchases and Sales, Insider Trading, Personal Securities Transactions, Exempted Transactions, Prohibited Activities, Conflicts of Interest, Gifts and Entertainment, Confidentiality, Service on a Board of Directors, Compliance Procedures, Compliance with Laws and Regulations, Procedures and Reporting, Certification of Compliance, Reporting Violations, Compliance Officer Duties, Training and Education, Recordkeeping, Annual Review, and Sanctions. Our Code of Ethics is available free upon request to any client or prospective client.

B. Recommendations Involving Material Financial Interests

HHGC does not recommend that clients buy or sell any security in which a related person to HHGC or HHGC has a material financial interest.

C. Investing Personal Money in the Same Securities as Clients

From time to time, representatives of HHGC may buy or sell securities for themselves that they also recommend to clients. This may provide an opportunity for representatives of HHGC to buy or sell the same securities before or after recommending the same securities to clients resulting in representatives profiting off the recommendations they provide to clients. Such transactions may create a conflict of interest. HHGC will always document any transactions that could be construed as conflicts of interest and will never engage in trading that operates to the client's disadvantage when similar securities are being bought or sold.

D. Trading Securities At/Around the Same Time as Clients' Securities

From time to time, representatives of HHGC may buy or sell securities for themselves at or around the same time as clients. This may provide an opportunity for representatives of HHGC to buy or sell securities before or after recommending securities to clients resulting in representatives profiting off the recommendations they provide to clients. Such transactions may create a conflict of interest; however, HHGC will never engage in trading that operates to the client's disadvantage when similar securities are being bought or sold.

Item 12: Brokerage Practices

A. Factors Used to Select Custodians and/or Broker/Dealers

Custodians/broker-dealers will be recommended based on HHGC's duty to seek "best execution," which is the obligation to seek to execute securities transactions for a Client on terms that are the most favorable to the Client under the circumstances. The client will not necessarily pay the lowest commission or commission equivalent, and HHGC may also consider the market expertise and research access provided by the payment of commissions, including but not limited to access to written research, oral communication with analysts, admittance to research conferences and other resources provided by the brokers to aid in the research efforts of HHGC. HHGC will never charge a premium or commission on transactions, beyond the actual cost imposed by the broker-dealer/custodian. Goldman Sachs and Deutsche Bank are recommended by HHGC.

1. Research and Other Soft-Dollar Benefits

HHGC receives research, products, or other services from its broker/dealer or another third-party in connection with client securities transactions ("soft dollar benefits"). HHGC may enter into soft-dollar arrangements within (but not outside of) the safe harbor contained in Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. There can be no assurance that any particular client will benefit from soft dollar research, whether or not the client's transactions paid for it, and HHGC does not seek to allocate benefits to client accounts proportionate to any soft dollar credits generated by the accounts. HHGC benefits by not having to produce or pay for the research, products or services, and HHGC will have an incentive to recommend a broker dealer based on receiving research or services. Clients should be aware that HHGC's acceptance of soft dollar benefits may result in higher commissions charged to the client.

2. Brokerage for Client Referrals

HHGC receives no referrals from a broker-dealer or third party in exchange for using that broker-dealer or third party.

3. Clients Directing Which Broker/Dealer/Custodian to Use

HHGC may permit Clients to direct it to execute transactions through a specified broker-dealer. Clients must refer to their advisory agreements for a complete understanding of how they may be permitted to direct brokerage. If a client directs brokerage, the client will be required to acknowledge in writing that the Client's direction with respect to the use of brokers supersedes any authority granted to HHGC to select brokers; this direction may result in higher commissions, which may result in a disparity between free and directed accounts; the client may be unable to participate in block trades (unless HHGC is able to engage in "step outs"); and trades for the client and other directed accounts may be executed after trades for free accounts, which may result in less favorable prices, particularly for illiquid securities

Form ADV 2A Version: 10/3/2013

or during volatile market conditions. Not all investment advisers allow their clients to direct brokerage.

B. Aggregating (Block) Trading for Multiple Client Accounts

If HHGC buys or sells the same securities on behalf of more than one client, it might, but would be under no obligation to, aggregate or bunch, to the extent permitted by applicable law and regulations, the securities to be purchased or sold for multiple Clients in order to seek more favorable prices, lower brokerage commissions or more efficient execution. In such case, HHGC would place an aggregate order with the broker on behalf of all such clients in order to ensure fairness for all clients; provided, however, that trades would be reviewed periodically to ensure that accounts are not systematically disadvantaged by this policy. HHGC would determine the appropriate number of shares to place with brokers and will select the appropriate brokers consistent with the Adviser's duty to seek best execution, except for those accounts with specific brokerage direction (if any).

Item 13: Reviews of Accounts

A. Frequency and Nature of Periodic Reviews and Who Makes Those Reviews

All client accounts are reviewed at least monthly by Adam Michael Guren and/or Joe Boyce with regard to clients' respective investment policies and risk tolerance levels.

B. Factors That Will Trigger a Non-Periodic Review of Client Accounts

Reviews may be triggered by material market, economic or political events, or by changes in client's financial situations (such as retirement, termination of employment, physical move, or inheritance).

C. Content and Frequency of Regular Reports Provided to Clients

Each client will receive at least monthly a written report that details the client's account including assets held and asset value, which report will come from the custodian.

Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation

A. Economic Benefits Provided by Third Parties for Advice Rendered to Clients (Includes Sales Awards or Other Prizes)

HHGC does not receive any economic benefit, directly or indirectly from any third party for advice rendered to HHGC clients.

B. Compensation to Non – Advisory Personnel for Client Referrals

HHGC may enter into written arrangements with third parties to act as solicitors for the Adviser's investment management services. All compensation with respect to the foregoing will be fully disclosed to each Client to the extent required by applicable law. All such referral activities will be conducted in accordance with Rule 206(4)-3 under the Advisers Act, where applicable.

Item 15: Custody

HHGC, with client written authority, has limited custody of client's assets through direct fee deduction of HHGC's fees only. If the client chooses to be billed directly by Deutsche Bank or Goldman or the client's chosen custodian, HHGC would have constructive custody over that account and must have written authorization from the client to do so. Clients will receive all account statements and billing invoices that are required in each jurisdiction, and they should carefully review those statements for accuracy.

HHGC may also be deemed to have custody over pooled investment vehicles it manages. HHGC is required to maintain the funds and securities (except for securities that meet the privately offered securities exemption in the Custody Rule) over which it has (or may be deemed to have) custody with a "qualified custodian." Qualified custodians include banks, brokers, futures commission merchants and certain foreign financial institutions. Rule 206(4)-2 imposes on advisers having custody of clients' funds or securities certain requirements concerning reports to such clients (including underlying investors) and surprise examinations relating to such clients' funds or securities. However, an adviser need not comply with such requirements with respect to pooled investment vehicles subject to audit and delivery if each pooled investment vehicle: (i) is audited at least annually by an independent public accountant; and (ii) distributes its audited financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles to their investors, all limited partners, members or other beneficial owners within 120 days (180 days in the applicable case of a fund of funds adviser) of its fiscal year-end, and Clients should carefully review those statements.

Item 16: Investment Discretion

HHGC provides discretionary investment advisory services to clients. The Investment Advisory Contract established with each client outlines the discretionary authority for trading. Where investment discretion has been granted, HHGC generally manages the client's account and makes investment decisions without consultation with the client as to what securities to buy or sell, when the securities are to be bought or sold for the account, the total amount of the securities to be bought/sold, the brokers with whom orders for the purchase or sale of securities are placed for execution, the price per share, and the commission rates at which securities transactions are affected.

Item 17: Voting Client Securities (Proxy Voting)

HHGC acknowledges its fiduciary obligation to vote proxies on behalf of those clients that have delegated to it, or for which it is deemed to have, proxy voting authority. HHGC will vote proxies on behalf of a client solely in the best interest of the relevant client. HHGC has established general guidelines for voting proxies. HHGC may also abstain from voting if, based on factors such as expense or difficulty of exercise, it determines that a client's interests are better served by abstaining. Further, because proxy proposals and individual company facts and circumstances may vary, HHGC may vote in a manner that is contrary to the general guidelines if it believes that it would be in a client's best interest to do so. If a proxy proposal presents a material conflict of interest between HHGC and a client, HHGC will determine how to vote that proxy and whether the conflict of interest will be disclosed to the client. Clients may obtain a complete copy of the proxy voting policies and procedures by contacting HHGC in writing and requesting such information. Each client may also request, by contacting HHGC in writing, information concerning the manner in which proxy votes have been cast with respect to portfolio securities held by the relevant client during the prior annual period. Clients can send written requests to the Chief Compliance Officer at adam@huntinghill.com.

Item 18: Financial Information

A. Balance Sheet

HHGC neither requires nor solicits prepayment of more than \$500 in fees per client, six months or more in advance and therefore does not need to include a balance sheet with this brochure.

B. Financial Conditions Reasonably Likely to Impair Ability to Meet Contractual Commitments to Clients

Neither HHGC nor its management has any financial condition that is likely to reasonably impair HHGC's ability to meet contractual commitments to clients.

C. Bankruptcy Petitions in Previous Ten Years
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HHGC has not been the subject of a bankruptcy petition in the last ten years.