

Form ADV Part 2A – Firm Brochure

January 23, 2013

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This Brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Global Infrastructure Management, LLC (“GIM”). GIM is the investment adviser of the Global Infrastructure Partners private funds. If you have any questions about the content of this Brochure, please contact Mark Levitt at (212) 315-8111. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about GIM also is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov.

An investment adviser’s registration with the SEC does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

Item 2. Material Changes

The following is a discussion of the material changes to GIM's Brochure, since the Brochure was first filed on February 14, 2012.

On November 21, 2012, an agreement to restructure GIM was reached among affiliates of the Credit Suisse Group ("CS"), the General Electric Company ("GE") and the principals of GIM, and on December 10, 2012, the investor advisory board of Global Infrastructure Partners approved the deemed assignment of the management agreement between GIM and the Global Infrastructure Partners. The material features of the restructuring of GIM are that affiliates of CS and GE no longer own equity interests in GIM, the board of GIM has been dissolved, and CS and GE no longer have substantive governance rights in relation to the management of GIM. CS and GE will continue to have representation on the Investment Committee that has the authority to determine which investments GIM recommends to the Global Infrastructure Partners (though not Global Infrastructure Partners II), but CS and GE do not have control (either individually or collectively) over such investment decisions.

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Item 4. Advisory Business

GIM is an independent, specialist infrastructure fund manager whose investment approach is based on combining industry expertise with industrial best practice operational management. GIM was founded in 2006.

GIM provides investment advisory services to investment vehicles that are exempt from registration under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), and whose securities are not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”). GIM offers advisory services to the pooled investment vehicles comprising Global Infrastructure Partners and Global Infrastructure Partners II (the “Main Funds”). A Main Fund may include feeder funds, parallel funds, special purpose vehicles and/or alternative investment vehicles established for tax, regulatory or other considerations. GIM may, from time to time, establish co-investment funds (each, a “Co-Investment Fund”) or enter into co-investment arrangements with certain investors to facilitate co-investments alongside the Main Funds. The Main Funds and Co-Investment Funds are collectively referred to as the “Funds.”

Investors in the Funds are generally required to be “qualified purchasers” as defined in the 1940 Act and “accredited investors” as defined in Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act.

The Funds seek to make primarily control-oriented equity and equity-related investments and, on a selected basis, investments in debt securities in infrastructure and infrastructure-related assets primarily located in OECD countries, focusing on three industry sectors: energy, transportation, and water / waste.

GIM’s advisory services consist of conducting the day-to-day operations of the Funds and providing portfolio management and administrative services, including investigating, analyzing, structuring and negotiating potential investments, actively managing and monitoring performance of investments, and advising as to disposition opportunities.

Investment advice is provided directly to the Funds, subject to the discretion and control of the applicable general partner. The advice provided by GIM and its affiliates to each Fund is tailored to meet the individual investment objectives and restrictions of each Fund. Services are provided to the Funds in accordance with a management agreement between GIM, the general partners and the Funds and/or the organizational documents of the applicable Fund. Investment restrictions for the Funds, if any, are generally set forth in the organizational documents of the applicable Fund.

Day-to-day management and control of GIM is exercised by the individual principals of GIM. Global Infrastructure Management Participation, LLC (“GIMP”) is the “principal owner” of GIM, and GIMP is owned and controlled by the individual principals of GIM and their respective investment vehicles.

As of September 30, 2012, GIM managed \$15,447,048,664 on a discretionary basis and \$2,546,288,556 on a non-discretionary basis.

Item 5. Fees and Compensation

Management Fees

In respect of each Main Fund, GIM is paid a semi-annual or quarterly management fee, payable in advance, by such Fund. Management fees are deducted from the assets of the Main Funds and are generally payable out of current cash flow, disposition proceeds or from drawdowns from the investors. Upon termination of a relevant management agreement, management fees that have been prepaid are returned on a prorated basis.

The precise amount of, and the manner and calculation of, the management fees for each Fund is disclosed in the organizational and offering documents of each Fund. The management fees are negotiated collectively with the investors of each Fund, and are subject to waiver or reduction by GIM. For example, certain of GIM's principals, employees, members of GIM outside advisory councils and friends and family members of the principals and employees typically invest in or alongside the Funds, and management fees assessed on such investments may be substantially reduced or, as is more typical, waived entirely. Investors that meet certain minimum investment amounts may also benefit from lower management fees as disclosed in the organizational documents for the Funds.

GIM may also receive management fees in connection with a co-investment opportunity offered by GIM and its affiliates. Co-Investment Funds may or may not pay management fees depending upon the organizational documents of each Co-Investment Fund.

Other Fees and Expenses

Generally, and except as otherwise set forth in the organizational documents of a Fund, GIM will ultimately bear all fees and out-of-pocket expenses of any placement agent that solicits investors for the Funds. The Funds will bear all legal and other expenses, including the out-of-pocket expenses of the applicable general partner, incurred in the formation of the Funds up to an amount as set forth in the organizational documents of the applicable Fund. Organizational expenses in excess of this amount, if any, ultimately will be borne by GIM. Generally, and except as set forth in the organizational documents of the applicable Fund, a Fund will pay all out-of-pocket costs and expenses relating to its activities (to the extent not reimbursed by a portfolio company of such Fund), including legal, auditing, consulting, administration, custodian and accounting fees and expenses (including expenses associated with the preparation of a Fund's financial statements, tax returns, and K-1s), expenses of any investor advisory board and any outside advisory councils, costs related to the holding of meetings of investors, expenses associated with the acquisition, investing, developing, holding, financing, refinancing, structuring, restructuring, monitoring and disposition of its investments (including, without limitation, due diligence and travel expenses, which may include expenses for chartered or first class travel), and extraordinary expenses (such as indemnification and litigation), and the Fund's pro rata share of the costs of acquiring and maintaining insurance policies.

Except as provided above, and to the extent not reimbursed by a portfolio company or other third party, GIM will generally pay for all ordinary operating expenses of the Funds, including overhead expenses, facilities expenses and compensation of employees.

Although GIM does not generally utilize the services of broker-dealers, in the event it chooses to use a broker-dealer in connection with an investment by a Fund, the Fund will incur brokerage and other transaction costs which will be borne by such Fund. For additional information regarding brokerage practices, please see Item 12 below. In addition, please see Item 6 below for information regarding Carried Interest (as defined below) received by affiliates of GIM with respect to the Main Funds.

Related Other Fees

GIM may receive other fees paid by an actual or prospective portfolio company of a Main Fund. Such fees may include advisory or directors' fees, transaction, commitment, closing, monitoring, financing, structuring, divestiture, topping, break-up and other fees. Although these fees are in addition to management fees paid by the Main Funds, GIM will reduce management fees in connection with the receipt of these fees as set forth in the organizational documents of the relevant Main Fund. The amount and manner of such reduction is set forth in the organizational documents of the applicable Main Fund. Additionally, a portfolio company may reimburse GIM for expenses (including, without limitation, travel expenses, which may include expenses of chartered or first class travel) incurred by GIM in connection with its performance of services for such portfolio company, and such reimbursements are not subject to the sharing or reduction arrangements described above.

Item 6. Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

In respect of each Main Fund, the applicable general partner is also generally entitled to receive a portion of distributions of net Fund profits (the "Carried Interest") that would otherwise be distributed to such Fund's investors. The Carried Interest received by such related person conforms to the requirements set forth in Section 205 of the Advisers Act. Co-Investment Funds may or may not pay Carried Interest depending upon the organizational documents of each Co-Investment Fund.

The precise amount of, and the manner and calculation of, the Carried Interest for each Fund is disclosed in the organizational and offering documents of each Fund. The Carried Interest provisions are negotiated collectively with the investors of each Fund, and are also subject to waiver or reduction by the general partner.

Performance based fee arrangements may create an incentive for GIM to cause the Funds to make investments which may be riskier or more speculative than those which would be recommended under a different fee arrangement.

The existence of the Carried Interest may incentivize GIM to dedicate increased resources and allocate more profitable investment opportunities to a Fund whose distribution characteristics would allow GIM or its affiliates to receive a higher Carried Interest (or to be paid a Carried Interest sooner) based on the success of portfolio investments. Further, GIM may be incentivized to allocate

investment opportunities to Funds that, based on investment performance, are not required to reimburse the Fund for losses attributable to prior unprofitable investments.

Each Fund's investment limitations are defined in its respective governing documents, and the governing documents of the Funds set forth allocation guidelines, subject to certain investment considerations, to handle potential conflicts in relation to investment overlaps in a fair and reasonable manner. GIM will seek to manage potential conflicts of interest in good faith, and subject to the provisions of the governing documents of the affected accounts, GIM will be guided by its good faith judgment as to the best interests of the Funds on any matter involving a conflict of interest. See Item 11 for a discussion of GIM's allocation guidelines.

Item 7. Types of Clients

GIM provides investment advisory services to the Funds. Investment advice is provided directly to the Funds and not individually to the investors in the Funds. Investors in the Funds are generally "qualified purchasers" as defined in the 1940 Act and "accredited investors" as defined in Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act, and may include, among others, high net worth individuals, banks, thrift institutions, pension and profit sharing plans, trusts, estates, charitable organizations, university endowments, corporations, sovereign wealth funds, limited partnerships and limited liability companies. The Funds do not have a minimum size, but minimum investment commitments may be established for investors in the Funds. The general partner of each Fund may in its sole discretion permit investments below the minimum amounts set forth in the offering documents of such Fund.

Item 8. Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

Methods of Analysis and Investment Strategies

GIM's investment professionals, operating professionals and senior advisers seek to generate attractive deal flow. Once a potential investment is identified, it typically is reviewed and analyzed by a team of investment professionals assigned to the deal and, where appropriate, one or more operating professionals or senior advisers. Prospective investments that pass the initial review then proceed to an intensive due diligence review. This process typically involves extensive analysis of the company's strategy, historical and projected operating results, regulatory and tax issues, as well as an assessment of key market dynamics. GIM typically receives information directly from the entity (or its agents and/or representatives) it is investigating as a potential investment opportunity for a Fund.

GIM will seek to have the Funds invest primarily in control-oriented equity and equity-related investments and, on a selected basis, investments in debt securities, in each case in infrastructure and infrastructure-related assets, primarily located in OECD countries. GIM focuses on three industry sectors: energy, transportation, and water / waste. GIM intends to deploy its operational team to bring industrial best practices to the Funds' investments, with the goal of achieving attractive returns through operational value creation. GIM intends to adopt a prudent approach to financial leverage in

order to provide appropriate financial flexibility for the Funds' investments. The Funds will not borrow an amount in excess of one-half of their net asset value (including any committed capital).

Risks

Investing in securities involves risk of loss that clients should be prepared to bear, including the risks discussed below. These risks are generally applicable to the investment strategy of each Fund. The risks summarized below are described in greater detail in the Private Placement Memoranda provided to limited partners. The risks include but are not limited to those related to:

Risks Related to Infrastructure Investments

- Unique locational and market characteristics of infrastructure assets;
- Infrastructure project construction and development issues;
- Operational and technical challenges related to infrastructure assets;
- Statutes, ordinances, rules and regulations related to environmental protection;
- Disputes regarding highly complex legal contracts and documents;
- Substantial governmental oversight and regulation;
- Fluctuations in commodity markets and prices;
- Illiquidity of portfolio investments;
- Exposure to inflation and interest rate fluctuations;
- Highly competitive market for investments and other infrastructure assets;
- Potential liabilities stemming from the management of portfolio companies;
- Fund indemnification obligations triggered by dispositions of portfolio companies;
- Changes in general economic conditions;
- Limited availability of debt financing for transactions; and
- Use of hedging instruments by Funds and portfolio companies.

Risk Factors Relating to Conflicts of Interest

General

There will be situations in which the general partner of a Fund, GIM, and their respective principals and affiliates may encounter potential or actual conflicts of interests in connection with a Fund's investment activities. While the general partners and GIM intend to avoid situations involving

conflicts of interest, there may be situations in which the interests of a Fund, in a portfolio company or otherwise, may conflict with the interests of other funds managed by GIM, the relevant general partner, the principals of GIM or one or more of their respective affiliates. There is a risk that such conflict may have a material adverse effect on the availability of investments for a Fund or the returns from investments of a Fund.

On any matter involving a potential conflict of interest not provided for in the governing documents of a Fund, the relevant general partner and GIM will be guided by their good faith judgment as to the best interests of the Fund and shall take such actions as are determined by the relevant general partner or GIM, as the case may be, to be necessary or appropriate to ameliorate such conflicts of interest. The relevant general partner or GIM also may consult with either a board of advisors composed of selected representatives of the investors in the Fund, or the investors themselves, with respect to any matter as to which the relevant general partner determines in good faith that such a conflict of interest exists.

There can be no assurances that the general partner of a Fund and GIM will be able to resolve all conflicts in a manner favorable to the Fund or the investors.

Investments

It is expected that GIM and its affiliates will have long term relationships with a significant number of portfolio companies and their respective senior management. GIM also has relationships with numerous investors, including institutional investors and their senior management.

The existence and development of these relationships may influence whether GIM undertakes a particular investment on behalf of a Fund and, if so, the form and level of such investment. Similarly, GIM may take the existence and development of such relationships into consideration in its management of the Funds and their investments. There may, for example, be certain strategies involving the management or realization of particular investments that GIM will not employ on behalf of a Fund in light of these relationships.

Other Permitted Investment Activities

The principals of GIM will devote such time and attention as shall be reasonably necessary to conduct the business affairs of each Fund managed by GIM in an appropriate manner. However, the principals will work on other matters, including the other Funds managed by GIM, as is required to discharge their duties relating to such activities. Also, as a result thereof, the principals and their affiliates may from time to time acquire confidential or material non-public information that they will not be able to use for the benefit of the Funds, which may lead to the Funds not being able to initiate a transaction that it otherwise might have initiated and not being able to sell an investment that it otherwise might have sold.

There are certain risks (in addition to the above risks) associated with investing in the Funds, which are also described in the Private Placement Memoranda.

Item 9. Disciplinary Information

There are no legal or disciplinary events that are material to a client's or an investor's evaluation of GIM.

Item 10. Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

Fund General Partners

The general partner of each of the Funds comprising Global Infrastructure Partners is Global Infrastructure GP, LP, a Guernsey limited partnership. Global Infrastructure GP, LP controls the business and affairs of Global Infrastructure Partners. The general partner of Global Infrastructure GP, LP is Global Infrastructure Investors, Limited, a Guernsey limited company, which is controlled by the principals of GIM.

The general partner of each of the Funds comprising Global Infrastructure Partners II is Global Infrastructure GP II, LP, a Guernsey limited partnership. Global Infrastructure GP II, LP controls the business and affairs of Global Infrastructure Partners II. The general partner of Global Infrastructure GP II, LP is Global Infrastructure Investors II, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which is controlled by the principals of GIM.

Affiliated Sub-Managers

GIM is advised by two affiliated sub-managers, Global Infrastructure Management Australia Pty Limited ("GIM Australia"), which holds an Australian Financial Services License, and Global Infrastructure Management LLP ("GIM LLP"), which is authorized by the U.K. Financial Services Authority. GIM Australia and GIM LLP act as sub-advisers and provide investment advice on certain investment opportunities to GIM. GIM Australia and GIM LLP conduct no other material investment advisory activities.

Other Activities and Relationships

The employees of GIM and its affiliates may serve on the boards of directors of portfolio companies of Funds. Serving in such capacity may give rise to conflicts to the extent that an employee's fiduciary duties to a portfolio company as a director may conflict with the interests of the relevant Fund.

Other Advisory Clients

GIM currently acts as investment adviser to a number of Funds, and related persons typically act as a general partner of such Funds. GIM may face a number of potential conflicts of interest including (i) allocation of investment opportunities among the Funds, (ii) Funds making investments in portfolio companies in which other Funds (for example, Co-Investment Funds) have a different principal investment, and (iii) allocation of time of the personnel of GIM and its affiliates to the business affairs of the different Funds. Such conflicts of interest are discussed in more detail in Items 8 and 11.

Relationship with Credit Suisse and General Electric

On November 21, 2012, an agreement to restructure GIM was reached among affiliates of the Credit Suisse Group (“CS”), the General Electric Company (“GE”) and the principals of GIM, and on December 10, 2012, the investor advisory board of Global Infrastructure Partners approved the deemed assignment of the management agreement between GIM and Global Infrastructure Partners. The material features of the restructuring of GIM are that CS and GE no longer own equity interests in GIM, the board of GIM has been dissolved, and CS and GE no longer have substantive governance rights in relation to the management of GIM. CS and GE will continue to have representation on the Investment Committee that has the authority to determine which investments GIM recommends to the Global Infrastructure Partners (though not Global Infrastructure Partners II), but CS and GE do not have control (either individually or collectively) over such investment decisions. The independent principals of GIM continue to exercise day to day management and control of GIM.

As a diversified financial services company and investment and merchant bank, the Credit Suisse Group and its affiliates engage in a broad spectrum of activities including securities underwriting, sales and trading, investment banking, lending, merchant banking, financial advisory services, investment research, venture capital, asset management and other activities. These activities include the buying and selling of debt and equity securities for Credit Suisse or its affiliates own accounts and for the accounts of others. The General Electric Company is a diversified manufacturing, technology and services company. Directly and through its subsidiaries, the General Electric Company develops, manufactures and markets a variety of products and provides financial, technical and other services. Through its provision of goods and services, the General Electric Company engages in a broad spectrum of activities. In the ordinary course of business, Credit Suisse, the General Electric Company and their respective affiliates engage in activities where their interests or the interests of their clients will conflict with the interests of the Funds and the investors in the Funds. In addition, affiliates of Credit Suisse and the General Electric Company may provide from time to time services to the Funds such as financial advisory, consulting and securities underwriting services. Such potential conflicts will be handled in accordance with the governing documents of the relevant Fund, which may in certain circumstances require the approval of the investor advisory board of the relevant Fund.

Item 11. Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

Code of Ethics

GIM’s Code of Ethics requires its employees to act at all times in accordance with the GIM’s fiduciary duty to the Funds. Each employee is required to (i) at all times place the interests of the Funds before the his or her own interests, (ii) act with honesty and integrity with respect to the Funds and the Funds’ investors, (iii) never take inappropriate advantage of the his or her position for personal benefit, (iv) make full and fair disclosure of all material facts, particularly where the GIM’s or the employees own interests may conflict with the Funds’, and (v) have a reasonable, independent basis for the employee’s investment advice. The Code of Ethics includes policies regarding personal

trading by GIM's employees and members of their immediate families. These policies limit personal trading by employees in a wide range of securities, including common and preferred stock, debt instruments, securities that are convertible or exchangeable for equity or debt securities, and derivative instruments. Employees must report every account that they use for the trading of securities covered by the policy and, if they directly or indirectly influence or control trading in the account, they must generally pre-clear covered securities transactions and have copies of periodic account statements sent by their broker to GIM's compliance department. Trading by employees for their personal accounts is prohibited without pre-clearance in certain securities that appear on the GIM's restricted list, which includes certain securities selected for the Funds.

A copy of the Code of Ethics is available to any client or prospective client upon request by calling Mark Levitt at (212) 315-8111 or by writing to Mr. Levitt, Chief Operating Officer, Global Infrastructure Management, LLC, 12 E.49th St., 38th Floor, New York, NY 10017.

Participation or Interest in Client Transactions

The principals and certain employees and affiliates of GIM may invest in and alongside the Funds, either through the general partners of the Funds, as direct investors in the Funds or otherwise. Management fees and Carried Interest assessed on such investments may be substantially reduced or waived entirely by GIM, a Fund or its general partner, as applicable.

Conflicts of Interest; Resolution of Conflicts

GIM and its affiliates engage in a broad range of activities, including investment activities for their own account and for the account of the Funds and providing transaction-related, advisory, management and other services to operating companies, including portfolio companies of the Funds. GIM has described various conflicts of interest that may arise in respect of its business, as well as a description of how GIM addresses such conflicts of interest, below. The discussion below does not describe all conflicts that may arise.

On any matter involving a potential conflict of interest not provided for in the governing documents of a Fund, the relevant general partner and GIM will be guided by their good faith judgment as to the best interests of the Fund and shall take such actions as are determined by the relevant general partner or GIM, as the case may be, to be necessary or appropriate to ameliorate such conflicts of interest. The relevant general partner or GIM also may consult with either a board of advisors composed of selected representatives of the investors in the Fund, or the investors themselves, with respect to any matter as to which the relevant general partner determines in good faith that such a conflict of interest exists.

Potential Conflicts

The potential material conflicts of interest encountered by a Fund include those discussed below, although the discussion below does not necessarily describe all of the conflicts that may be faced by a Fund. Other conflicts may be disclosed throughout this brochure and the brochure should be read in its entirety for other conflicts.

Principal Transactions

In connection with GIM's management of its Funds, certain of GIM's affiliates may engage in principal transactions with the Funds. With respect to these transactions, GIM may have an incentive to cause the Funds to engage in transactions at an unfavorable price or under other unfavorable terms or, more generally, to not act in the best interests of the Funds. To address this incentive, the Limited Partnership Agreements of the Funds generally require that GIM seek the approval of the Board of Advisers prior to engaging in any such principal transactions. In addition, GIM has established certain policies and procedures to comply with the requirements of the Advisers Act as they relate to principal transactions, including that disclosures required by Section 206 be made to the applicable Fund regarding any proposed principal transactions and that any required prior consent is received.

Allocations

Each Fund may pursue investment opportunities similar to those pursued by another Fund. Allocation decisions can raise conflicts, for example, if Funds have different fee structures, as discussed in Item 6 above. The allocation of investment opportunities among Funds will be determined by GIM in its good faith judgment and in accordance with the organizational documents of the relevant Funds.

Subject to any restrictions in the organizational documents of the applicable Fund, or terms that may be negotiated in any side-letter arrangement, in general: (i) no investor in a Fund has a right to participate in any co-investment opportunity; (ii) decisions regarding whether and to whom to offer co-investment opportunities are made in the sole discretion of GIM and its affiliates; (iii) co-investment opportunities may, and typically will, be offered to some and not to other investors in the Funds, in the sole discretion of GIM and its affiliates; and (iv) certain persons other than investors in the Funds (e.g., third parties) may be offered co-investment opportunities, in the sole discretion of GIM and its affiliates. In addition, in exercising GIM's discretion to decide how to allocate investment opportunities among its Funds and related vehicles (including co-investment opportunities), GIM may consider some or all of a wide range of factors.

Subject to any restrictions in the organizational documents of the applicable Fund, or terms that may be negotiated in any side-letter arrangement, in general the appropriate allocation between Funds of expenses and fees generated in the course of evaluating and making investments which are not consummated, such as out-of-pocket fees associated with due diligence, attorney fees and the fees of other professionals, will be determined by GIM and its affiliates in their good faith judgment.

In addition, a potential conflict may arise between limited partners of a Fund in the event that a limited partner requests to transfer its interest in a Fund in a secondary transaction. Subject to any restrictions in the organizational documents of the applicable Fund, or terms that may be negotiated in any side-letter arrangement, GIM or the applicable general partner may identify certain, but not all, limited partners to potentially acquire the interest being transferred.

Follow-on Investments

Investments made by a Fund to finance follow-on acquisitions may present conflicts of interest, including determination of the equity component and other terms of any new financing as well as the allocation of the investment opportunities in the case of follow-on acquisitions by one Fund in a portfolio company in which another Fund has previously invested. In addition, a Fund may participate in re-levering and recapitalization transactions involving a portfolio company in which another Fund has already invested or will invest. Conflicts of interest may arise, including determinations of whether existing investors are being cashed out at a price that is higher or lower than market value and whether new investors are paying too high or too low a price for the company or purchasing securities with terms that are more or less favorable than the prevailing market terms.

Item 12. Brokerage Practices

Generally, the Funds' investments are not purchased through a broker, dealer or underwriter. GIM has discretion to determine the broker or dealer to be used and the commission rates to be paid in instances where a broker or dealer is used. When executing transactions on behalf of the Funds through a broker, dealer or underwriter, GIM's objective will be to obtain the most favorable commission and the best price obtainable on each transaction in light of the quality of execution provided. As such, brokers, dealers and underwriters are selected primarily on the basis of their execution capability and trading expertise. GIM does not enter into soft dollar arrangements or otherwise take into account research and non-execution services in selecting brokers to execute client transactions.

Item 13. Review of Accounts

The investments made by the Funds are generally private, illiquid and long-term in nature. Accordingly, the review process is not directed toward a short-term decision to dispose of securities. However, GIM closely monitors the portfolio companies in which the Funds invest and generally maintains an ongoing oversight position in such companies (including, in many cases, representation on the board of directors of such companies). Reviews occur on at least a quarterly basis and are conducted by certain of GIM's senior personnel. Moreover, GIM has specific personnel designated to monitoring portfolio company performance, which provides a second level of review of each client portfolio company on a periodic basis.

GIM provides quarterly unaudited reports and annual audited reports to the investors in the Funds as set forth in the organizational documents of the Funds, as well as quarterly letters to the investors in the Funds.

Item 14. Client Referrals and Other Compensation

GIM may from time to time engage one or more persons to act as a placement agent for a Fund in connection with the offer and sale of interests to certain prospective investors. Fees payable to a placement agent will be negotiated individually between GIM and the placement agent. Generally,

and except as otherwise set forth in the organizational documents of a Fund, GIM will ultimately bear all fees and out-of-pocket expenses of any placement agent that solicits investors for the Funds.

Item 15. Custody

Because related persons of GIM serve as general partners of the Funds, GIM is deemed to have custody of the underlying assets of the Funds. To the extent required by law, GIM uses unaffiliated, qualified, third-party custodians to hold the assets of the Funds. The Funds are subject to a year-end audit by a major accounting firm that is a member of, and examined by, the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (“PCAOB”). The audited financial statements are provided to the underlying investors of these Funds within 120 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Item 16. Investment Discretion

An affiliate of GIM, typically the general partner of the applicable Fund, has discretionary investment authority for each Fund pursuant to the terms of the applicable organizational documents. The governing agreements of each Fund provide that the applicable general partner has the authority to make all decisions concerning the investigation, evaluation, selection, negotiation, structuring, commitment to, monitoring of and disposition of investments. Pursuant to management agreements between GIM, the general partners, and the respective Funds, the general partners of the Funds have delegated to GIM the discretion to determine, without consent of the Funds or the investors in the Funds, the particular portfolio investments to be bought and sold in accordance with the terms and conditions of the applicable organizational documents of each Fund. GIM will provide investment advice to the Funds, subject to certain limitations and restrictions on the Funds as to diversification and type of permitted investments as described in the applicable organizational documents. The Funds will typically make investments in companies through one or more special purpose vehicles established for tax, regulatory or other purposes.

Item 17. Voting Client Securities

The Funds invest primarily in private companies, which typically do not issue proxies. However, it is GIM’s policy to vote proxies and consents in the best interests of the Funds.

GIM will retain all books and records relating to its proxy voting activities on behalf of client accounts in accordance with the requirements of Rule 204-2(c)(2) under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. Copies of relevant proxy logs are available to any client or prospective client upon request by calling Mark Levitt at (212) 315-8111 or by writing to Mr. Levitt, Chief Operating Officer, Global Infrastructure Management, LLC, 12 E.49th St., 38th Floor, New York, NY 10017.

Item 18. Financial Information

At this time, GIM is not aware of any financial condition that could impair GIM’s ability to meet its contractual obligations to its clients.