

Part 2A of Form ADV: *Firm Brochure*

GREENWICH CREEK CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, LLC.

11 Cardinal Road
Greenwich, CT 06830

Telephone: (203) 769-5300

Facsimile: (203) 643-2226

E-mail: spadilla@greenwichcreekcapital.com

Web: www.greenwichcreekcapital.com

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This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Greenwich Creek Capital Management, LLC. (hereinafter “GCCM” or “firm” or “we”). If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at (203) 769-5300 or at spadilla@greenwichcreekcapital.com. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Additional information about GCCM is available on the SEC’s website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov. You can search this site by a unique identifying number, known as a CRD number. The CRD number for GCCM is 147348.

Registration as an investment adviser does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

Item 2. Summary of Material Changes

We have no material changes to report at this time.

Item 3. Table of Contents

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Item 4. Advisory Business

GCCM is a fee-based state-registered investment adviser with its principal place of business located in Greenwich, Connecticut. We have been in business since 2008 with Saul Alejandro Padilla as the sole owner, Managing Member and Chief Compliance Officer.

Discretionary assets under our firm's management were \$22,375,033 as of December 31, 2011.

Non-discretionary assets under our firm's management were \$39,179,535 as of December 31, 2011.

Portfolio Management Services

GCCM is in the business of managing individually tailored investment portfolios. Our firm provides continuous advice to a client regarding the investment of client funds based on the individual needs of the client. Through personal discussions in which goals and objectives based on a client's particular circumstances are established, we develop a client's personal investment policy and create and manage a portfolio based on that policy. During our data-gathering process, we determine the client's individual objectives, time horizons, risk tolerance, and liquidity needs. We may also review and discuss a client's prior investment history, as well as family composition and background.

We will manage advisory accounts on a discretionary or non-discretionary basis, depending on the specific agreement with the client. For discretionary accounts, we will implement transactions without seeking prior client consent. For non-discretionary accounts, we will seek prior client consent for every contemplated transaction. Therefore, clients with non-discretionary accounts should understand that any delay in obtaining consent may result in less favorable transaction terms, including higher security price and/or higher commissions and/or limited availability of the securities sought.

Account supervision is guided by the stated objectives of the client (i.e., maximum capital appreciation, growth, income, or growth and income), as well as tax considerations. Clients may impose reasonable restrictions on investing in certain securities, types of securities, or industry sectors.

Use of Sub-Advisers and Third-Party Managers

We may also, when appropriate, sub-advise certain portions of a client portfolio to independent third-party managers or recommend direct investment with independent third-party managers, typically when those managers demonstrate knowledge and expertise in a particular investment strategy.

As part of this service, we perform management searches of various unaffiliated registered investment advisers. Based on a client's individual circumstances and needs (as exhibited in the client's IPS) we will determine which selected registered investment adviser's portfolio management style is appropriate for that client. Factors considered in making this determination include account size, risk tolerance, the opinion of each client and the investment philosophy of the selected registered investment adviser. We encourage clients to review each third-party manager's disclosure documents regarding the particular characteristics of any program and managers selected by us.

Once we determine which selected registered investment adviser(s) are most appropriate for the client, we will provide the selected registered investment adviser(s) with the client's IPS. The selected registered investment adviser(s) will then create and manage the client's portfolio based upon the client's individual needs as exhibited in the client's IPS.

We will regularly and continuously monitor the performance of the selected registered investment adviser(s). If we determine that a particular selected registered investment adviser(s) is not providing sufficient management services to the client, or is not managing the client's portfolio in a manner consistent with the client's IPS, we will remove the client's assets from that selected registered investment adviser(s) and place the client's assets with another registered investment adviser(s) at our discretion and without prior consent from the client.

Our firm will conduct appropriate due diligence on all independent third-party managers, making reasonable inquiries into their performance calculations, policies and procedures, Code of Ethics, and other operational and compliance matters deemed important to account performance and risk management.

Services in General

Our investment recommendations are not limited to any specific product or service offered by a broker dealer or insurance company and will primarily include advice regarding the following instruments:

- Exchange-listed securities
- Exchange traded funds (ETFs)
- "No-load" or "load-waived" mutual funds
- Corporate debt securities
- Option contracts on securities

Occasionally, we may also recommend investments in pooled investment vehicles, including hedge funds as well as other private investments.

We tailor all of our portfolio management recommendations to the individual needs of each client. All such recommendations are tailored based on information gathered through client questionnaires, telephone and in-person discussions.

Item 5. Fees and Compensation

Portfolio Management Services

Our annual fees for Portfolio Management Services generally range from 0.5% to 2.0% of client assets under management and are individually negotiated with each client.

Portfolio management fees are directly debited by our firm, in arrears, from the client's custodial account, at the end of each quarter, based upon the billable balance on the last day of that calendar quarter.

Performance-Based Fees

Our performance-based fee schedule is based on a percentage of assets under management plus a percentage of the difference between a client's account and that of an appropriate index. The index will be chosen by GCCM and the client based on the nature of the investment strategy to be used.

The fees charged for this service will be determined by the client's individual circumstances and will never exceed 25% of the account's performance above an appropriate index. The actual fees are disclosed to the client before entering into this type of arrangement and are detailed in the client's Investment Management Agreement. The percentage of assets under management is billed quarterly, in arrears.

The client must understand the proposed method of compensation and its risks prior to entering into the contract. Accordingly, clients paying performance-based fees are directed to the "Performance-Based Fees" section (Item 6) below for more comprehensive disclosures, including potential conflicts of interest resulting from this type of compensation.

To qualify for this type of fee schedule, a client must either demonstrate a net worth of at least \$2,000,000 or must have at least \$1,000,000 under management.

Clients who elect to terminate their contracts will be charged a performance-based fee based on the performance of the account for the measuring period going back from the termination date and pro-rated from the date on which the performance-based fee was previously assessed by our firm.

The measure to determining performance will be the net profits of the portfolio represented by the net of realized and unrealized gains and losses for the period plus net investment income. The annual Performance Fee rate (20%) is then applied to the net increase or net profit payable once a year in arrears.

The performance-based fee may create an incentive for GCCM to recommend investments which may be riskier or more speculative than those which would be recommended under a different fee arrangement.

PERFORMANCE-BASED FEES WILL ONLY BE CHARGED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF REG. 205-3 OF THE INVESTMENT ADVISERS ACT OF 1940 AND/OR APPLICABLE STATE REGULATIONS. THE FEES WILL NOT BE OFFERED TO ANY CLIENT RESIDING IN A STATE IN WHICH SUCH FEES ARE PROHIBITED.

Fees in General

Fees and account minimums for all services are negotiable based upon certain criteria (i.e. anticipated future earning capacity, anticipated future additional assets, dollar amount of assets to be managed, related accounts, account composition, negotiations with client, etc.). Discounts, not generally available to our advisory clients, may be offered to family members and friends.

We may group certain related client accounts for the purposes of determining the account size and/or annualized fee.

Certain legacy client agreements may be governed by fee schedules different from those listed above.

Under no circumstances will we earn fees in excess of \$500 more than six months in advance of services rendered.

Account Termination

Clients will have a period of five (5) business days from the date of signing the agreement to unconditionally rescind the agreement and receive a full refund of all fees. Thereafter, the client may terminate the agreement by providing us a 30-day written notice at our principal place of business. Upon termination of any account, any prepaid, unearned fees will be promptly refunded, and any earned, unpaid fees will be due and payable.

Mutual Fund and ETF Fees and Expenses: All fees paid to our firm for investment advisory services are separate and distinct from the fees and expenses charged by mutual funds and ETFs to their shareholders. These fees and expenses are described in each fund's prospectus. These fees will generally include a management fee, other fund expenses, and a possible distribution fee. A client could invest in a mutual fund or and ETF directly, without the services of our firm. In that case, the client would not receive the services provided by us which are designed, among other things, to assist the client in determining which mutual fund or funds or ETFs are most appropriate to each client's financial condition and objectives. Accordingly, the client should review both the fees charged by the funds and ETFs and the fees charged by us to fully understand the total amount of fees to be paid by the client and to thereby evaluate the advisory services being provided.

Brokerage and Custodian Fees

In addition to advisory fees paid to our firm, clients will also be responsible for all transaction, brokerage, and custodian fees incurred as part of their account management. Please see Item 12 of this Brochure for important disclosures regarding our brokerage practices.

Item 6. Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

As we disclosed in Item 5 of this Brochure, our firm accepts a performance-based fee from the client. Such a performance-based fee is calculated based on a share of capital gains on or capital appreciation of the assets of the client. To qualify for a performance-based fee arrangement, a client (or Fund investor, as applicable) must either demonstrate a net worth of at least \$2,000,000 or must have at least \$1,000,000 under management immediately after entering into a management agreement with us.

Clients should be aware that performance-based fee arrangement may create an incentive for us to recommend investments which may be riskier or more speculative than those which would be recommended under a different fee arrangement.

Furthermore, as we also have clients who do not pay performance-based fees, we have an incentive to favor accounts that do pay such fees because compensation we receive from these clients is more directly tied to the performance of their accounts.

Item 7. Types of Clients

Our firm generally provides advisory services to individuals, trusts, estates, charitable organizations, corporations and other business entities.

We generally impose a \$500,000 account minimum for Portfolio Management Services.

Item 8. Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

Our firm employs the following types of analysis to formulate client recommendations:

Fundamental Analysis: Fundamental analysis of a business involves analyzing its income statement, financial statements and health, its management and competitive advantages, and its competitors and markets. Fundamental analysis school of thought maintains that markets may mis-price a security in the short run but that the "correct" price will eventually be reached. Profits can be made by trading the mis-priced security and then waiting for the market to recognize its "mistake" and re-price the security. However, fundamental analysis does not attempt to anticipate market movements. This presents a potential risk, as the price of a security can move up or down along with the overall market regardless of the economic and financial factors considered in evaluating the stock. Therefore, unforeseen market conditions and/or company developments may result in significant price fluctuations that can lead to investor losses.

Mutual fund and/or ETF analysis: We look at the experience and track record of the manager of the mutual fund or ETF in an attempt to determine if that manager has demonstrated an ability to invest over a period of time and in different economic conditions. We also look at the underlying assets in a mutual fund or ETF in an attempt to determine if there is significant overlap in the underlying investments held in other funds in the client's portfolio. We also monitor the funds or ETFs in an attempt to determine if they are continuing to follow their stated investment strategy.

A risk of mutual fund and/or ETF analysis is that, as in all securities investments, past performance does not guarantee future results. A manager who has been successful may not be able to replicate that success in the future. In addition, as we do not control the underlying investments in a fund or ETF, managers of different funds held by the client may purchase the same security, increasing the risk to the client if that security were to fall in value. There is also a risk that a manager may deviate from the stated investment mandate or strategy of the fund or ETF, which could make the fund or ETF less suitable of the client's portfolio.

Technical analysis. We analyze past market movements and apply that analysis to the present in an attempt to recognize recurring patterns of investor behavior and to potentially predict future price movement. Technical analysis does not consider the underlying financial condition of a company. This presents a risk in that a poorly-managed or financially unsound company may underperform regardless of market movement.

Third-Party Manager Analysis: We examine the experience, expertise, investment philosophies, and past performance of independent third-party investment managers in an attempt to determine if that manager has demonstrated an ability to invest over a period of time and in different economic conditions. We monitor the manager's underlying holdings, strategies, concentrations and leverage as part of our overall periodic risk assessment. Additionally, as part of our due-diligence process, we survey the manager's compliance and business enterprise risks.

A risk of investing with a third-party manager who has been successful in the past is that he/she may not be able to replicate that success in the future. In addition, as we do not control the underlying investments in a third-party manager's portfolio, there is also a risk that a manager may deviate from the stated investment mandate or strategy of the portfolio, making it a less suitable investment for our clients. Moreover, as we do not control the manager's daily business and compliance operations, it is possible for us to miss the absence of internal controls necessary to prevent business, regulatory or reputational deficiencies.

Risks for all forms of analysis: Our securities analysis method relies on the assumption that the companies whose securities we purchase and sell, the rating agencies that review these securities, and other publicly-available sources of information about these securities, are providing accurate and unbiased data. While we are alert to indications

that data may be incorrect, there is always a risk that our analysis may be compromised by inaccurate or misleading information.

Our firm employs the following investment strategies to implement investment advice given to clients:

Long-term purchases: We mostly purchase securities with the idea of holding them in the clients account for a year or longer. We may do this because we believe the securities to be currently undervalued. We may do this because we want exposure to a particular asset class over time, regardless of the current projection for this class.

A risk in a long-term purchase strategy is that, by holding the security for this length of time, we may not take advantages of short-term gains that could be profitable to a client. Moreover, if our predictions are incorrect, a security may decline sharply in value before we make the decision to sell.

Short-term purchases: At times, we may also purchase securities with the idea of selling them within a relatively short time (typically a year or less). We do this in an attempt to take advantage of conditions that we believe will soon result in a price swing in the securities we purchase.

A risk in a short-term purchase strategy is that, should the anticipated price swing not materialize, we are left with the option of having a long-term investment in a security that was designed to be a short-term purchase, or potentially taking a loss. In addition, this strategy involves more frequent trading than does a longer-term strategy, and will result in increased brokerage and other transaction-related costs, as well as less favorable tax treatment of short-term capital gains.

Trading: We purchase securities with the idea of selling them very quickly (typically within 30 days or less). We do this in an attempt to take advantage of our predictions of brief price swings.

A risk in a short-term purchase is the potential for sudden losses if the anticipated price swing does not materialize. Moreover, should the anticipated price swing not materialize, we are left with the option of having a long-term investment in a security that was designed to be a short-term purchase, or potentially taking a loss. In addition, this strategy involves more frequent trading than does a longer-term strategy, and will result in increased brokerage and other transaction-related costs, as well as less favorable tax treatment of short-term capital gains.

Short sales: We borrow shares of a stock for your portfolio from someone who owns the stock on a promise to replace the shares on a future date at a certain price. We then sell the shares we have borrowed. On the agreed-upon future date, we buy the same stock and return the shares to the original owner. We engage in short selling on based on our determination that the stock will go down in price after we have borrowed the shares. If

the stock has gone down since we purchased the shares from the original owner, we keep the difference.

One risk in selling short is that losses are theoretically unlimited; we are obligated to repurchase the stock no matter how much the price has climbed. In addition, even if we are correct in determining that the price of a stock will decline, we run the risk of incorrectly determining when the decline will take place. Short selling may not be appropriate in times of inflation, as prices may adjust upwards regardless of the value of the stock.

Margin transactions: We will purchase stocks for your portfolio with money borrowed from your brokerage account. This allows you to purchase more stock than you would be able to with your available cash, and allows us to purchase stock without selling other holdings.

A risk in margin trading is that, in volatile markets, securities prices can fall very quickly. If the value of the securities in your account minus what you owe the broker falls below a certain level, the broker will issue a “margin call”, and you will be required to sell your position in the security purchased on margin or add more cash to the account. In some circumstances, you may lose more money than you originally invested.

Option writing: We may use options as an investment strategy. An option is a contract that gives the buyer the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell an asset (such as a share of stock) at a specific price on or before a certain date. An option, just like a stock or bond, is a security. An option is also a derivative, because it derives its value from an underlying asset.

The two types of options are calls and puts:

A call gives us the right to buy an asset at a certain price within a specific period of time. We will buy a call if we have determined that the stock will increase substantially before the option expires.

A put gives us the holder the right to sell an asset at a certain price within a specific period of time. We will buy a put if we have determined that the price of the stock will fall before the option expires.

We will use options to speculate on the possibility of a sharp price swing. We will also use options to “hedge” a purchase of the underlying security; in other words, we will use an option purchase to limit the potential downside of a security we have purchased for your portfolio.

We use “covered calls”, in which we sell an option on security you own. In this strategy, you receive a fee for making the option available, and the person purchasing the option has the right to buy the security from you at an agreed-upon price.

A risk of covered calls is that the option buyer does not have to exercise the option, so that if we want to sell the stock prior to the end of the option agreement, we have to buy the option back from the option buyer, for a possible loss.

We use a “spreading strategy”, in which we purchase two or more option contracts (for example, a call option that you buy and a call option that you sell) for the same underlying security. This effectively puts you on both sides of the market, but with the ability to vary price, time and other factors.

A risk of spreading strategies is that the ability to fully profit from a price swing is limited.

Clients should understand that investing in any securities, including mutual funds and ETFs, involves a risk of loss of both income and principal.

Item 9. Disciplinary Information

Our firm has no reportable disciplinary events to disclose.

Item 10. Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

Neither our firm nor our employees engage in any other financial industry activities or have any other financial industry affiliations.

Item 11. Code of Ethics, Participation in Client Transactions and Personal Trading

Code of Ethics Disclosure

Our firm has adopted a Code of Ethics which sets forth high ethical standards of business conduct that we require of our employees, including compliance with applicable federal securities laws. Our Code of Ethics includes policies and procedures for the review of quarterly securities transactions reports as well as initial and annual securities holdings reports that must be submitted by the firm’s access persons. Among other things, our Code of Ethics also requires the prior approval of any acquisition of securities in a limited offering (e.g., private placement) or an initial public offering. Our code provides for oversight, enforcement and recordkeeping provisions. A copy of our Code of Ethics is available to our advisory clients and prospective clients upon request to Saul Padilla, Managing Member and Chief Compliance Officer, at the firm’s principal office address.

Our firm or individuals associated with our firm may buy or sell securities identical to those recommended to or purchased for customers for their personal accounts. In addition, any related person(s) may have an interest or position in a certain security(ies) which may also be recommended to a client. This practice results in a potential conflict of interest, as we may have an incentive to manipulate the timing of such purchases to obtain a better price or more favorable allocation in rare cases of limited availability.

To mitigate these potential conflicts of interest and ensure the fulfillment of our fiduciary responsibilities, we have established the following restrictions:

1. No principal or employee of our firm may buy or sell securities for their personal portfolio(s) where their decision is substantially derived, in whole or in part, by reason of his or her employment unless the information is also available to the investing public on reasonable inquiry. No principal or employee of our firm may prefer his or her own interest to that of the advisory client;
2. It is the expressed policy of our firm that no person employed by us is allowed to purchase or sell any security prior to a transaction(s) being implemented for an advisory account, and therefore, preventing such employees from benefiting from transactions placed on behalf of advisory accounts. Any exceptions to this policy must be approved by the Chief Compliance Officer and be well documented;
3. We do not generally aggregate employee trades with client trades;
4. We maintain a list of all securities holdings for our firm and anyone associated with this advisory practice with access to advisory recommendations;
5. We emphasize the unrestricted right of the client to decline to implement any advice rendered, except in situations where our firm is granted discretionary authority;
6. All of our principals and employees must act in accordance with all applicable Federal and State regulations governing registered investment advisory practices; and
7. Any individual not in observance of the above may be subject to disciplinary action or termination.

Item 12. Brokerage Practices

We do not have any formal soft-dollar arrangements and do not contract with any broker dealer to receive soft-dollar benefits. This means that we do not receive research or gain access to industry analysts or conferences in return for paying higher commissions for client trades to a particular broker dealer.

As our firm does not have the discretionary authority to determine the broker-dealer to be used or the commission rates to be paid, clients must direct Greenwich Creek Capital Management, LLC as to the broker-dealer to be used.

For clients in need of brokerage or custodial services, and depending on client circumstances and needs, we may recommend the use of one of several brokers, provided that such recommendation is consistent with our firm's fiduciary duty to the client. Our

clients must evaluate these brokers before opening an account. The factors we consider when making these recommendations are the broker's ability to provide professional services, our experience with the broker, the broker's reputation, the broker's quality of execution services and costs of such services, among other factors. Clients are not under any obligation to effect trades through any recommended broker.

In directing the use of a broker, it should be understood that we will not have the authority to negotiate commissions, obtain volume discounts and best execution may not be achieved. In addition, under these circumstances a disparity in commission charges may exist between the commissions charged to other clients since our firm may not be able to aggregate orders to reduce transaction costs or the client may receive less favorable prices.

We reserve the right to decline acceptance of any client account for which the client directs the use of a broker if we believe that this choice would hinder its fiduciary duty to the client and/or our ability to service the account.

Trade Aggregation

As a matter of policy and practice, our firm does not block client trades and, therefore, implements client equity transactions separately for each account. Due to this practice, certain client trades may be executed before others, at a different price and/or commission rate. Additionally, our clients may not receive volume discounts available to advisers to block client trades.

Item 13. Review of Accounts

Portfolio Management Services

Saul Padilla will continuously monitor the underlying securities in client accounts and perform at least quarterly reviews of account holdings for all clients. He will also monitor the performance of third-party managers on a continuous basis. Accounts are reviewed for consistency with client investment strategy, asset allocation, risk tolerance and performance relative to the appropriate benchmark. More frequent reviews may be triggered by changes in an account holder's personal, tax or financial status. Economic and macroeconomic specific events may also trigger reviews.

In addition to the monthly/quarterly statements and confirmations of transactions that clients receive from their broker dealer, our firm will provide quarterly holdings, cash flow and/or performance analytical reports. As outlined in their disclosure documents and advisory agreements with clients, selected third-party managers may provide additional reports for accounts managed by them.

Item 14. Client Referrals and Other Compensation

It is our policy not to engage solicitors or to pay related or non-related persons for referring potential clients to our firm.

Further, it is our policy not to accept or allow our related persons to accept any form of compensation, including cash, sales awards or other prizes, from a non-client in conjunction with the advisory services we provide to our clients.

Item 15. Custody

Custody is defined as any legal or actual ability by our firm to access client funds or securities. Since all client funds and securities are maintained with a qualified custodian, we don't take physical possession of client assets. However, under the current State of Connecticut guidelines ([Order Updating Custody Requirements for State-Registered Advisers, 02/04/2005](#)), our firm is deemed to have constructive custody of client assets because we directly debit client fees from their custodial accounts. Therefore, we urge all of our management clients to carefully review and compare their quarterly reviews of account holdings and/or performance results received from us to those they receive from their custodian. Should you notice any discrepancies, please notify us and/or your custodian as soon as possible.

Item 16. Investment Discretion

For clients granting us discretionary authority to determine which securities and the amounts of securities that are to be bought or sold for their account(s), we request that such authority be granted in writing, typically in the executed investment management agreement. The discretionary authority to hire and fire third-party managers without prior client consent must also be reflected in writing.

Should the client wish to impose reasonable limitations on this discretionary authority, such limitations shall be included in this written authority statement. Clients may change/amend these limitations as desired. Such amendments must be submitted to us by the client in writing.

Item 17. Voting Client Securities

As a matter of firm policy, our firm does not vote proxies on behalf of clients. Clients will receive their proxies and other solicitations directly from their custodian or transfer agent and retain sole responsibility for voting. However, we may provide clients with consulting assistance regarding proxy issues if they contact us with questions at our principal place of business.

We will neither advise nor act on behalf of the client in legal proceedings involving companies whose securities are held in the client's account(s), including, but not limited to, the filing of "Proofs of Claim" in class action settlements. If desired, clients may

direct us to transmit copies of class action notices to the client or a third party. Upon such direction, we will make commercially reasonable efforts to forward such notices in a timely manner.

Item 18. Financial Information

Under no circumstances will we earn fees in excess of \$500 more than six months in advance of services rendered.

Item 19 Requirements for State-Registered Advisers

A. The following individuals are the principal executive officers and management persons of Greenwich Creek Capital Management, LLC:

- Saul A. Padilla, Managing Member

Information regarding the formal education and business background for Mr. Padilla is provided in his respective Brochure Supplement (Form ADV Part 2B).

B. We are not engaged in any business activity other than giving investment advice.

C. As previously disclosed, GCCM charges performance-based fees. Clients should be aware that performance-based fee arrangement may create an incentive for us to recommend investments which may be riskier or more speculative than those which would be recommended under a different fee arrangement.

Accordingly, please refer to Item 5 ("Fees and Compensation") and Item 6 ("Performance-Based Fees"), for detailed information about our firm's practices regarding the use of performance-based fees.

D. We are required to disclose all material facts regarding certain legal or disciplinary events pertaining to arbitration awards or other civil, regulatory or administrative proceedings in which our firm or management personnel were found liable or against whom an award was granted. Our firm and our management personnel have no reportable disciplinary events to disclose.

E. Neither our firm nor our management personnel have a relationship or arrangement with any issuer of securities.

Part 2B of Form ADV: *Brochure Supplement*

Saul Alejandro Padilla
11 Cardinal Road
Greenwich, CT 06830

Telephone: (203) 769-5300

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Greenwich, CT 06830

Telephone: (203) 769-5300

10/19/2012

This brochure supplement provides information about Saul Padilla that supplements the Greenwich Creek Capital Management, LLC brochure. You should have received a copy of that brochure. Please contact Saul Padilla if you did not receive our brochure or if you have any questions about the contents of this supplement.

Additional information about Saul Padilla is available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov. You can search this site by a unique identifying number, known as a CRD number. The CRD number for Saul Padilla is 2110221.

Item 2. Educational Background and Business Experience

Saul Alejandro Padilla, Managing Member & Chief Compliance Officer

Year of Birth: 1953

Education:

Mr. Padilla graduated from Universidad Catolica Argentina with a Bachelors degree in Agricultural production and cattle breeding in 1977.

Background:

Managing Member and Chief Compliance Officer, Greenwich Creek Capital Management, LLC from 04/2008 to present

Senior Vice President and Registered Representative, EFG Capital International from 11/2002 to 08/2008

Vice President and Registered Representative, Morgan Stanley from 11/2000 to 10/2002

Vice President and Registered Representative, Lehman Brothers from 02/1991 to 10/2000

Independently managed financial portfolios for family and family business from 03/1987 to 12/1990

Item 3. Disciplinary Information

Mr. Padilla does not have any history of disciplinary events.

Item 4. Other Business Activities

Mr. Padilla is not engaged in any other business or occupation.

Item 5. Additional Compensation

Mr. Padilla does not receive any additional compensation from third parties for providing investment advice to its clients.

Item 6. Supervision

As the sole owner of GCCM, Saul Padilla is responsible for all employee supervision and general business strategy of the firm. He can be reached at (203) 769-5300. Mr. Padilla is also responsible for formulation and monitoring of investment advice offered to client, documenting investment meeting deliberations, overseeing all material investment policy

changes, and conducting periodic testing to ensure that client objectives and mandates are being met. All of Mr. Padilla's personal securities transactions and annual holding reports are collected on a quarterly and annual basis, respectively, and are available for regulatory review.

Item 7. Requirements for State-Registered Advisers

Saul Padilla has never been the subject of a bankruptcy petition nor has he ever been involved in any of the additional disciplinary events reportable under this Item.