

**Item 1 – Cover Page**

**Mid-Continent Capital**  
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**March 14, 2012**

This Brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Mid-Continent Capital. If you have any questions about the contents of this Brochure, please contact us at 312-551-8205. The information in this Brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Mid-Continent Capital is a registered investment adviser. Registration of an Investment Adviser does not imply any level of skill or training.

Additional information about Mid-Continent Capital also is available on the SEC's website at [www.adviserinfo.sec.gov](http://www.adviserinfo.sec.gov).



## **Item 2 – Material Changes**

There were no material changes since our last brochure was filed in March of 2011.

Our Brochure may be requested by contacting Susan E. Lorsch, SVP, CCO at 312-551-8205 or [slorsch@mccllc.com](mailto:slorsch@mccllc.com)

### Item 3 -Table of Contents

Item 1 – Cover Page .....	i
Item 2 – Material Changes .....	ii
Item 3 -Table of Contents.....	iii
Item 4 – Advisory Business .....	1
Item 5 – Fees and Compensation .....	3
Item 6 – Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management.....	4
Item 7 – Types of Clients .....	4
Item 8 – Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss .....	4
Item 9 – Disciplinary Information .....	6
Item 10 – Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations.....	6
Item 11 – Code of Ethics.....	6
Item 12 – Brokerage Practices .....	7
Item 13 – Review of Accounts .....	10
Item 14 – Client Referrals and Other Compensation .....	10
Item 15 – Custody .....	11
Item 16 – Investment Discretion .....	11
Item 17 – Voting Client Securities .....	12
Item 18 – Financial Information .....	13

## Item 4 – Advisory Business

Mid-Continent Capital (“MCC”), established in 1983, is a Chicago-based, registered investment management and advisory firm. Five senior members of the firm have invested personally in the business.

The majority owner of MCC is Convergent Capital Management (“CCM”). CCM is a holding company that specializes in investing in organizations within the investment management industry. CCM provides us access to both the resources and expertise of a large organization. CCM's parent company is City National Corporation (NYSE:CYN), a publicly held financial services firm with a long-term commitment to the asset management business.

### Equity Products

We offer four core equity strategies to our clients:

- Our traditional growth strategy is referred to as "GARP" or Growth at a Reasonable Price and invests across the capitalization spectrum. Portfolios typically hold 30 – 40 stocks and are usually benchmarked against the S&P 500.
- Consistent Growth focuses on mid to large cap companies and invests in companies that not only have consistently demonstrated their ability to grow their earnings but that we believe are well poised to continue doing so in the future. Portfolios typically hold 30 – 40 stocks and are usually benchmarked against the S&P 500.
- Large Value focuses on the large cap sector of the market and has as its overriding premise inexpensive current valuations coupled with improving sentiment. Portfolios typically hold 30 – 40 stocks and are usually benchmarked against the Russell 1000 Value.
- Focused Opportunity targets stocks that have a reasonable chance of outsized returns over a 5-year holding period. In determining stocks that meet this mandate, intense focus is given to the operating fundamentals within the company and its industry, the growth rates of each, and the resultant prospect for earnings growth. Because of this more concentrated (portfolios typically contain 25-35 securities), fundamentally driven approach, portfolios are unlikely to resemble commonly quoted benchmark indices (such as the S&P 500).

### Fixed Income Management

If appropriate for the client and their circumstances, we will purchase a series of fixed income securities as a complement to the equity side of the portfolio and run an overall “balanced” strategy for the client. Each client's portfolio asset allocation is determined after conversations with the client to assess their investment objectives and risk tolerances. Some taxable clients may choose to have us structure a municipal bond portfolio for their fixed income portion of the portfolio.

### Other Securities

Some of our clients also have expressed a desire for a dependable income stream from their investments. Our approach for these clients is to own a variety of traditional and

“non-traditional” asset classes that focus on growing their profitable businesses but also returning profits to their investors in the form of dividends. Portfolios include dividend paying common stocks, preferred securities, bonds and pass through securities like energy trusts, master limited partnerships (“MLP’s”) and real estate investment trusts (“REITs”).

We may from time to time, purchase or recommend to our clients investments in publicly traded partnership interests which are involved in businesses outside of real estate and oil and gas interests. These interests may include, but are not limited to, debt, preferred and convertible securities.

#### Client Restrictions

Clients may also impose restrictions on their portfolios as long as they do not impact our overall investment strategy. As examples, clients may ask us to hold low basis stock or have limits on asset classes in balanced portfolios.

#### Discretionary Account Management

For discretionary clients, we take into consideration the asset allocation needs of each client and structure portfolios with appropriate allocations between stocks and bonds. Some of our clients invest solely in a particular equity strategy due to the nature of the funds being invested. Other clients will have a balanced portfolio using one or more of our equity strategies, along with a portfolio of fixed income securities, in a mix that is appropriate to that client’s particular situation.

#### Non-Discretionary Account Management

MCC’s business includes providing investment supervisory services to existing non-discretionary client accounts. MCC will not accept new non-discretionary accounts except those related to existing accounts.

MCC provides asset allocation services for that portion of the client assets devoted to the US securities market, tailoring portfolio recommendations (including quantities of individual securities suggested to be bought/sold with price parameters, if any) to meet the specific needs of each client, and updating those recommendations as market conditions or client circumstances change. For these services, all final investment decisions remain with those clients. Clients may trade based on our recommendations or may delegate trading responsibility back to MCC.

In a small number of instances for non-discretionary clients, we are paid a retainer to provide consulting services to monitor the performance of other investment advisors with day-to-day responsibility for the accounts.

#### Other Services

Some clients will also ask us to review other aspects of their financial situation, including but not limited to, insurance products or estate questions. We will, as part of our overall service to our clients, provide guidance to them when viable to do so; there are no additional fees charged for these consultative services. Clients should understand that

this guidance is a courtesy service and that they should consult an expert/professional in that area (e.g., a tax professional/CPA).

We may introduce clients to other (affiliated or non-affiliated) investment and non-investment related service providers/professionals (for example: accountants, attorneys, insurance providers, etc). The client is under no obligation to engage the services of any of these professionals. The client retains absolute discretion over all such hiring decisions and is free to accept or reject any introduction or recommendation from us. Although we may have experience with these service providers, we have not performed due diligence on these service providers and are not responsible for the services provided by them. No fees or other compensation are given to or received by MCC for these referrals.

#### Assets under Management

As of 12/31/11 we have \$1,533.7 million in total assets under management; \$1,318.0 million is discretionary and \$215.7 million is non-discretionary (includes non-discretionary clients with and without trading authority and assets under consultation).

The total assets under management figure is different from that reported in ADV Part 1 because assets under management reported in Part 1 does not include non-discretionary accounts without trading authority or assets under consultation.

### **Item 5 – Fees and Compensation**

Mid-Continent charges investment management fees based on clients' assets under management. Our current fee schedule is not negotiable.

The fee schedule on new equity and balanced accounts is:

Annual % of Assets Managed:

First \$ 1 million	1.00%
Next \$ 34 million	0 .80%
Assets > \$ 35 million	0.40%

There is a minimum relationship size of \$2,000,000

We may make exceptions to the minimum relationship size in cases where accounts are expected to grow through additional contributions or in cases where the new relationship is associated with existing clients.

Assets that are held for clients in the "unsupervised" category are not charged a fee.

Accounts that were opened prior to the institution of this fee schedule are billed based on the fee schedule in effect at the time the account was opened or according to negotiated rates.

Clients direct MCC to deduct the management fees from their account or receive an invoice for payment. Fees are paid quarterly, in advance, based on the value of the clients' assets on the last business day of the quarter.

In addition to investment management fees, clients will also incur custodial fees and brokerage/transaction costs (described fully in Item 12). The client's custodian may impose other fees, such as wire transfer fees and check charges.

Occasionally we may invest, or recommend that our clients invest, in mutual fund or exchange-traded-fund ("ETF") shares. Each mutual fund or ETF pays fees, borne by its shareholders, to the manager of the mutual fund or ETF and to other service providers to the fund. We base our management fees, including mutual fund and ETF investments, on a percentage of the market value of the assets in the client's account. As a result, a client whose account is invested in a mutual fund or ETF will bear the client's proportionate share of the mutual fund or ETF's fees and expenses and pay a management fee to us for the same investment. In many cases, the client could invest in the same mutual fund or ETF without paying a fee to us but would then not have the benefit of the advice, review and monitoring we provide.

We charge our investment management fees in advance. If clients terminate our services prior to quarter-end, they may request a refund of fees. The refund will be determined by pro-rating the unearned fees.

## **Item 6 – Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management**

We do not charge any performance-based fees.

## **Item 7 – Types of Clients**

Our services typically are provided to individuals, high net worth individuals, trusts, family groups, pension and profit sharing plans, endowments and foundations in need of on-going advice on how to structure their investments given their unique objectives (return requirements and risk tolerance) and circumstances (time horizons, liquidity needs, tax and legal considerations).

There is a minimum relationship size of \$2,000,000. See Item 5 for additional information related to account sizes.

## **Item 8 – Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss**

### Methods of Analysis

We use a combination of qualitative fundamental research and quantitative screening methods to identify companies we would choose to invest in for our various equity strategies (see Item 4). Our investment professionals meet regularly to review current holdings as well as stocks being considered for purchase in client portfolios. Portfolio monitoring is continuous, and we review the following factors: stock weightings, sector weightings, price targets, performance and fundamental data for current holdings.

We also monitor and assess company fundamentals. This assessment typically includes:

- written review of earnings releases and conference calls;
- monitoring holdings for excessive valuation;
- monitoring holdings for deterioration in long-term business outlook; and
- qualitative assessments of management decision-making or changes.

We tend to structure short-to-intermediate maturity fixed income portfolios for clients. Our analysis of credit quality, the current interest rate environment, available spreads over rates on Treasury securities, and expectations for future interest rate moves determines our allocations amongst governments, agencies, mortgages, corporates and “bond-like” investments such as trust preferred and straight preferred securities. Some taxable clients may choose to have us structure a municipal bond portfolio for their fixed income portion of the portfolio.

### Risk of Loss

Equities: By investing in stocks, you may be exposed to sudden declines in a holding’s share price or overall decline in the stock market. Stock markets are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, industry, political, regulatory, market or economic developments. The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and perform differently than the market. Additionally, the value of your investments will fluctuate on a daily and cyclical basis with movements in the stock market as well as in response to the activities of individual companies. Individual companies may report poor results or be negatively affected by industry or economic trends.

Fixed Income: The prices of fixed income securities respond to economic developments, particularly interest rate changes, as well as to the perceptions about the creditworthiness of individual issuers, including governments. Fixed income securities decrease in value if interest rates rise and increase in value if interest rates fall. Lower rated securities tend to be more volatile than higher rated securities. The duration of these securities affects risk as well, with longer duration securities generally more volatile than shorter duration securities. Duration is a weighted measure of the length of time required to receive the present value of future payments, both interest and principal, from a fixed income security.

Trust preferred and straight preferred stock is issued with a fixed par value and pays interest or dividends based on a percentage of that par value at a fixed rate. As with other fixed income securities that also make fixed payments, the market value of preferred securities is sensitive to changes in interest rates as well as the perceptions about the creditworthiness of individual issuers. Preferred securities generally decrease in value if interest rates rise and increase in value if interest rates decrease. Lower rated securities tend to be more volatile than higher rated securities.

Issuers of municipal securities, US state and local governments, rely on taxes and, sometimes, revenues from projects financed by municipal securities to pay interest and principal on municipal debt. Poor statewide or local economic results, changing political sentiments, legislation, policy changes or voter based initiatives at the state or local level, erosion of the tax base or revenues of the state or one or more local governments, natural disasters, or other economic or credit problems affecting the state generally or a



particular issuer may reduce tax revenues and increase the expenses of municipal issuers, making it more difficult for them to meet their obligations.

### **Item 9 – Disciplinary Information**

No information is applicable to this item

### **Item 10 – Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations**

We are affiliated with other investment advisors because we are all under common control of City National Corporation (“CNC”), an indirect owner of MCC. CNC is a publicly owned company with significant majority ownership in Convergent Capital Management (“CCM”), among other companies. CCM is a holding company, that directly and indirectly, owns and maintains ownership interest in asset management firms, including MCC. CCM makes available to its affiliates opportunities for cooperative purchasing of certain administrative programs and products. CCM also provides us with advice and assistance on general business issues unrelated to the investment advisory services we provide.

MCC operates completely independently from CCM and CNC and each of its investment advisory affiliates, does not conduct joint operations with any of those affiliated investment advisors and does not provide investment advice that is formulated, in whole or in part, by such affiliated investment advisors. CNC also has a broker/dealer that is a subsidiary of the corporation; we do not utilize the services of this broker/dealer. Other affiliated investment advisors provide pension consulting, financial planning and proprietary hedge funds; we do not use these services.

### **Item 11 – Code of Ethics**

We have both a Code of Ethics and a Policy to Prevent the Misuse of Insider Information.

Together these policies promulgate general standards of conduct for officers and employees. The Code of Ethics outlines our fiduciary duty and duty of loyalty to clients. The Code addresses: fair dealing with clients; gifts, favors and gratuities; political contributions; confidentiality; outside business activity; social media; and personal securities transactions of officers and employees. Officers and employees must sign an acknowledgement of having read, understood and complied with our Code of Ethics and Policy to Prevent the Misuse of Insider Information policies annually and whenever material changes are made to the documents.

A copy of our Code of Ethics will be provided to you upon request made to Susan Lorsch at 312-551-8205.

All employees of Mid-Continent are required to comply with the Code of Ethics. In accordance with our policies, and subject to Federal Securities Laws, officers and employees may purchase and sell securities that may be bought or sold for client accounts. To avoid the potential conflicts of interest with this practice (benefitting from executing personal trades ahead of a large block being traded in that same security or trading ahead of strategic client transactions), it is the policy of the firm that trades on behalf of client accounts be given priority over trades on behalf of its officers or employees; trading in close proximity to strategic client trading activity is restricted. Personal security trades must be reported to the Chief Compliance Officer. These trades are reviewed on a monthly basis to detect and prevent conduct that might create an actual or potential conflict of interest.

On occasion, some of our officers may serve as Trustees or Directors of organizations affiliated with our clients; these are non-public entities. Currently our Chairman, John Mabie, serves as a Life Trustee of a non-profit foundation client and as a Director of another non-profit client entity. Ed Bruere, one of our Co-Chief Executives, serves on the Board of a sister entity of one of our association clients. These appointments and changes to them are reported quarterly to the CCO as part of our regular compliance monitoring. No compensation is received for these positions. MCC Officers are barred from serving as directors of public companies unless the CCO has authorized the appointment.

On occasion, the firm or its employees may make donations to charitable organizations that are clients of Mid-Continent. These contributions are tracked on a quarterly basis as part of our regular compliance reporting and monitored for potential problems by the CCO.

## **Item 12 – Brokerage Practices**

The firm's overriding objective in effecting portfolio transactions is to seek the best combination of net price and execution under the circumstances ("best execution"). (Client direction to use a particular broker or dealer for executing transactions in that client's accounts will affect our ability to obtain best execution). The best net price, giving consideration to brokerage commission, and other transaction costs, is normally an important factor in this decision, but a number of other judgmental factors may also enter into the decision. These can include:

- our knowledge of negotiated commission rates currently available and other current transaction costs;
- the nature of the security being traded;
- the size of the transaction;
- the desired timing of the trade;
- the activity existing and expected in the market for the particular security;
- confidentiality;
- the execution, clearance and settlement capabilities of the broker or dealer selected, including status as a market-maker in the security;
- our knowledge of the financial stability of the broker or dealer selected; and

Recognizing the value of these additional factors, the firm may pay a brokerage commission in excess of that which another broker might have charged for effecting the same transaction.

We maintain and periodically update a list of approved brokers and dealers which, in our judgment, are generally able to provide best net price and execution after taking into consideration the factors noted above. Our trader is directed to use only brokers and dealers on the approved list except in the case of client specific designations.

From time to time, we may direct trades to a broker/dealer that employs an individual who is a client of Mid-Continent. By executing a trade through that broker/dealer, that client may receive credit for the trade, including remuneration from his employer. We will only utilize such a broker/dealer for the reasons outlined above and not because our client is employed at that firm.

#### Soft Dollars

When selecting brokers for a particular transaction, we may also consider, in addition to the factors noted above, the value of research or trade execution products or services furnished to us by those brokers. The research products/services may include: proprietary brokerage research reports; subscriptions to financial publications and research compilations; earnings, dividends and similar data; computer databases; securities quotation services; research-oriented computer software and services; and research services of economists and other consultants. We receive the benefit from these arrangements without paying directly for these research services.

We may have an agreement or understanding with the broker providing the research that we will direct transactions to that broker generating a stated dollar amount of commissions and may otherwise be required to pay for the services if sufficient commission dollars are not generated. Our obligation pursuant to that agreement or understanding may, in some transactions, be an important or determining factor in the selection of a broker, even if another broker would execute the same transaction at a lower commission rate. While receiving these additional benefits from certain brokers, we will enter into such an agreement with a broker only if, in our judgment, the benefits to clients of the research products or services provided outweigh the potential disadvantage to clients of higher commissions.

We currently have arrangements with brokers to acquire the following research: proprietary brokerage firm research reports; stock market quotation and news services from Bridge/Reuters Information Systems; market, company and security information via Bloomberg. Pursuant to those arrangements, we direct client brokerage transactions to compensate the organizations for providing that research. We may enter into additional such arrangements in the future.

We may also enter into “mixed-use” arrangements wherein a service or product provided to us can be used for investment decisions and trade execution as well as other business purposes. In such cases, we allocate payment of such services or products between commission dollars and cash (paid by MCC) according to how we use such products or services. The usage of these services is evaluated periodically to determine the appropriate payment split between cash and commissions.

We currently have mixed-use payment allocations for the following services:

- Advent/MOXY provides portfolio managers assistance in managing clients' portfolios with asset allocation analyses, performance measurement evaluations, security information and trade order management functionality.
- Baseline provides portfolio managers with a fundamental database of company information on a universe of several thousand companies.
- S&P Weighting information assists portfolio managers in determining appropriate stock and sector weightings in portfolios.

Services that we purchase with brokerage commissions benefit all clients. Clients who specify that their brokerage be directed to a specific broker therefore receive the benefits of these services without paying for them. Soft dollar benefits are not proportionally allocated to any accounts that may generate different amounts of the soft dollar benefits. We may also use the commissions of non-discretionary clients that have not directed us to utilize a particular broker to pay for these research and execution services.

#### Directed Brokerage

Clients may direct us to effect portfolio transactions through particular brokers or dealers. This direction must be in writing. Such a direction to utilize a particular broker or dealer may be conditioned by the client on the broker or dealer being competitive as to price and execution of each transaction, or may be subject to varying degrees of "restriction" (i.e., an instruction to utilize the broker or dealer whether or not competitive, or at specified levels of commissions or commission discounts which are less favorable than might otherwise be attained by the firm). Clients may also sometimes wish to restrict brokerage to a particular broker or dealer in recognition of custodial or other services provided to the client by the broker or dealer.

A client who chooses to designate the use of a particular broker or dealer, should consider whether doing so may result in certain costs or disadvantages to the client, either because the client may pay higher commissions on some transactions than might otherwise be attainable by MCC, or may receive less favorable execution of some transactions, or both.

In determining whether to instruct the firm to utilize a specific broker or dealer, the client may wish to compare the possible costs or disadvantages of such an arrangement with the value of the custodial or other services provided. When a client restricts the firm to a particular broker or dealer with respect to transactions for that client's account, the client may be disadvantaged in obtaining allocations of new issues of securities which the firm purchases or recommends for purchase in other client accounts. Additionally clients with directed brokerage instructions are handled separately (unable to participate in aggregation of orders, see below), and their accounts are generally traded after non-directed clients.

#### Trade Aggregation

When feasible for discretionary, non-directed clients, we will aggregate orders for the purchase or sale of a particular security for the accounts of several clients as a single transaction in order to seek a lower commission, more advantageous net price or more efficient execution. Before placing an aggregated trade, we generally establish a target allocation of securities to be purchased or sold for each account of all participating

clients. If an aggregated order is only partially filled on a day, the securities purchased or sold are generally allocated among the accounts of participating clients on a pro rata basis. If the fill is particularly low, shares are allocated through the use of a “random allocator” function in our order management software. Similarly, if we participate in a new offering, and are granted less than the desired number of shares, shares received are either spread across appropriate accounts on a pro rata basis (if a viable amount of stock is received) or through the “random allocator” function in our trade management system.

In addition to the client directed brokerage arrangements noted above that are unable to participate in the aggregation of orders, there are also certain “special” client accounts, that, due to either their size or a particular situation (e.g. large block of low basis stock), are unable to be aggregated with other client accounts for trading purposes.

Non-discretionary client trades are executed upon the approval of the client. Trades for these accounts are not generally aggregated with discretionary accounts due to the time necessary to obtain the client approval of proposed transactions.

### **Item 13 – Review of Accounts**

MCC reviews accounts frequently based upon matters such as the prevailing market conditions, business conditions, world events, changing interest rates, and changing client circumstances. Client account reviews are performed on an on-going basis by the senior investment personnel: John Mabie, Edwin Bruere, Lawrence Brottman, Roger Albrecht, Michael Hussey, and Charles Sloan.

We will send either monthly or quarterly written statements to clients depending on their written instructions. These reports will, at a minimum, include cost, market value and yield information for the portfolio holdings. Asset summaries, as well as income, purchases and sales, and realized gains and losses can be included at the client’s request.

### **Item 14 – Client Referrals and Other Compensation**

In exchange for commissions generated by discretionary trading activity, MCC receives research services from a variety of brokerage firms. See Item 12 for a description of the services and benefits MCC receives from brokerage firms.

## **Item 15 – Custody**

MCC does not take possession of client funds or securities; nevertheless we have custody of some client assets through the direct debiting of management fees from client custodial accounts.

Each of those clients has an unaffiliated qualified custodian that sends account statements to them. Clients should receive at least quarterly statements from their broker dealer, bank or other qualified custodian that holds and maintains their investment assets. We urge those clients to carefully review such statements and compare such official custodial records to the account statements that we provide. Our statements may vary from custodial statements based on accounting procedures, reporting dates, or valuation methodologies of certain securities.

For a limited number of other clients, an officer of MCC has been named as a Successor Trustee or Successor Co-Trustee for a trust that the client has established. At the current time, the affected MCC officer(s) does not serve as trustee to those trusts, and accordingly, MCC does not have custody over those assets in its capacity as successor trustee.

MCC provides investment advisory services only and does not provide the physical safekeeping of client assets, as provided by a qualified custodian. We have established procedures to avoid being deemed to have custody other than in the limited situations mentioned above. In certain circumstances, client assets are held by a related entity, City National Bank, which is operationally independent of MCC. We do not share personnel, office space or access to assets with this custodian or any other.

## **Item 16 – Investment Discretion**

In general, clients hire us on a discretionary basis by executing the appropriate investment management contract with us. MCC will not accept new non-discretionary accounts except those related to existing accounts.

Clients may also impose restrictions on their portfolios as long as they do not impact our overall investment strategy. As examples, clients may ask us to hold low basis stock or have limits on asset classes in balanced portfolios.

When the client hires us on a discretionary basis, we have authority to supervise and direct the investments for the client's account without prior consultation with the client. Pursuant to this discretionary authority, the firm will normally determine which securities are bought and sold for the account, the total amount of such purchases and sales, the brokers or dealers through which transactions will be executed, and the commission rates paid to effect the transactions. The firm's discretionary authority may be subject to conditions imposed by the client, e.g., when the client restricts or prohibits transactions in certain types of securities or directs that transactions be effected through specific brokers or dealers.

When the client has not chosen to grant us investment discretion, we make recommendations to the client as to which securities are to be bought or sold, and the amounts to be bought or sold. Upon client approval of the recommended transactions, if we have trading authority, we direct the execution of purchase or sale orders to implement the recommendations. In these circumstances, the firm generally has the authority to determine the time and price at which the transactions will be executed, the brokers or dealers through which the transactions will be executed, and the commission rates paid to effect the transactions. As described above with respect to discretionary accounts, the client may direct that transactions be effected through specific brokers or dealers. If we do not have trading authority, we may nevertheless execute a recommended transaction if requested to do so by the client; otherwise trading decisions remain with those clients.

### **Item 17 – Voting Client Securities**

We will vote client accounts where we have historically done so, or where the client has contractually assigned proxy voting responsibility to us. We will vote proxies on a best efforts basis. Periodic reviews are done for ERISA accounts to determine that the custodian is sending ballots to the correct address; mis-directed proxies do not get voted. Some ERISA accounts have instructed us in writing that they will maintain voting responsibility for their proxies. Historically we have also agreed to vote proxies for non-ERISA clients as an accommodation to those clients; however, we are not providing this service to new clients.

Our investment philosophy (across all investment strategies) is predicated on the belief that the quality of management is often a key to the ultimate success or failure of a business. Because we make investments in companies in which we have confidence in management, proxies are generally voted in accordance with management's recommendation. We may vote a proxy in a manner contrary to management's recommendation, if, in our judgment, the proposal would not enhance shareholder value.

We believe that we are unlikely to be in a situation that results in a material conflict of interest between our clients' interests and the interest of our firm. However, if a situation should arise where a material conflict of interest is determined to exist, we will make an effort to seek out the opinion of a qualified independent third party regarding this issue. If this situation should occur, it will be thoroughly documented.

Clients for whom we vote proxies can obtain information about how we voted with respect to their securities by contacting their portfolio manager. Clients can also obtain a copy of our full proxy voting policy and procedures by contacting their portfolio manager.

We will not advise or take any action on behalf of clients in any legal proceeding, including bankruptcies or class actions, involving securities held in or formerly held in

clients' accounts. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, we will continue to assist certain clients in filing class action lawsuits.

#### **Item 18 – Financial Information**

We have no financial commitment that impairs our ability to meet contractual and fiduciary commitments to clients.