

EXHIBIT 5

The text of the proposed rule change is below. Proposed new language is underlined; deletions are bracketed.

NASDAQ OMX PHLX Rules

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NASDAQ OMX PHLX LLC¹ PRICING SCHEDULE

ALL BILLING DISPUTES MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE EXCHANGE IN WRITING AND MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION. ALL DISPUTES MUST BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN SIXTY (60) DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF A BILLING INVOICE, EXCEPT FOR DISPUTES CONCERNING NASDAQ OMX PSX FEES, PROPRIETARY DATA FEED FEES AND CO-LOCATION SERVICES FEES. AS OF JANUARY 3, 2011, THE EXCHANGE WILL CALCULATE FEES ON A TRADE DATE BASIS.

¹PHLX[®] is a registered trademark of The NASDAQ OMX Group, Inc.

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VIII. NASDAQ OMX PSX FEES

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Order Execution and Routing

(a) – (b) No change.

(c) Excess Order Fee

(1) To deter member organizations that are PSX Participants from inefficient order entry practices that place excessive burdens on the systems of the Exchange and other member organizations and that may negatively impact the usefulness of market data, the Exchange imposes an Excess Order Fee on [market participant identifiers ("MPIDs")] member organizations with an "Order Entry Ratio" of more than 100. The Order Entry Ratio is calculated, and the Excess Order Fee imposed, on a monthly basis. All calculations under the rule will be based on orders received by PSX during regular market hours (generally, 9:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.) and will exclude orders received at other times, even if they execute during regular market hours.

(2) For each [MPID] member organization, the Order Entry Ratio is the ratio of (i) the [MPID's] member organization's Weighted Order Total to (ii) the greater of one (1) or

the number of displayed, non-marketable orders sent to NASDAQ OMX PSX [through the MPID] by the member organization that execute in full or in part. The Weighted Order Total is the number of displayed, non-marketable orders sent to NASDAQ OMX PSX [through the MPID] by the member organization, as adjusted by a "Weighting Factor." The applicable Weighting Factor is applied to each order based on its price in comparison to the national best bid or best offer ("NBBO") at the time of order entry:

Order's Price versus NBBO at Entry	Weighting Factor
Less than 0.20% away	0x
0.20% to 0.99% away	1x
1.00% to 1.99% away	2x
2.00% or more away	3x

Thus, in calculating the Weighted Order Total, an order that was more than 2.0% away from the NBBO would be equivalent to three orders that were 0.50% away. Due to the applicable Weighting Factor of 0x, orders entered less than 0.20% away from the NBBO would not be included in the Weighted Order Total, but would be included in the "executed" orders component of the Order Entry Ratio if they execute in full or part. The following example illustrates the calculation of the Order Entry Ratio:

- A member organization enters 15,000,000 displayed, liquidity-providing orders:
- 10,000,000 orders are entered at the NBBO. The Weighting Factor for these orders is 0x.
- 5,000,000 orders are entered at a price that is 1.50% away from the NBBO. The Weighting Factor for these orders is 2x.
- Of the 15,000,000 orders included in the calculation, 90,000 are executed.
- The Weighted Order Total is $(10,000,000 \times 0) + (5,000,000 \times 2) = 10,000,000$. The Order Entry Ratio is $10,000,000 / 90,000 = 111$

(3) If [an MPID] a member organization has an Order Entry Ratio of more than 100, the Order Entry Fee will be calculated by determining the [MPID's] member organization's Excess Weighted Orders. Excess Weighted Orders are calculated by subtracting (i) the Weighted Order Total that would result in the [MPID] member organization having an Order Entry Ratio of 100 from (ii) the [MPID's] member organization's actual Weighted Order Total.

In the example above, the Weighted Order Total that would result in an Order Entry Ratio of 100 is 9,000,000, since $9,000,000 / 90,000 = 100$. Accordingly, the Excess Weighted Orders would be $10,000,000 - 9,000,000 = 1,000,000$.

The Excess Order Fee charged to the member organization will then be determined by multiplying the Applicable Rate by the number of Excess Weighted Orders. The

Applicable Rate is determined based on the [MPID's] member organization's Order Entry Ratio.

Order Entry Ratio	Applicable Rate
101 - 1,000	\$0.005
More than 1,000	\$0.01

In the example above, the Applicable Rate would be \$0.005, based on the [MPID's] member organization's Order Entry Ratio of 111. Accordingly, the monthly Excess Order Fee would be $1,000,000 \times \$0.005 = \$5,000$.

(4) Notwithstanding the foregoing, [MPIDs] member organizations with a daily average Weighted Order Total of less than 100,000 during the month will not be subject to the Excess Order Fee.

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