

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required Pursuant to Rules 17a-5, 17a-12, and 18a-7 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

FILING FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 07/01/2022 AND ENDING 06/30/2023
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF FIRM: FUSION PARTNERS GLOBAL, LLC

TYPE OF REGISTRANT (check all applicable boxes):

- Broker-dealer Security-based swap dealer Major security-based swap participant
 Check here if respondent is also an OTC derivatives dealer

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use a P.O. box no.)

205 EAST 59 ST, SUITE 12B

(No. and Street)

NEW YORK

NY

10022

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

PERSON TO CONTACT WITH REGARD TO THIS FILING

ILINA STAMOVA

(212) 668-8700

istamova@acisecure.com

(Name)

(Area Code – Telephone Number)

(Email Address)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose reports are contained in this filing*

BAKER TILLY US, LLP

(Name – if individual, state last, first, and middle name)

66 HUDSON BLVD E, SUITE 2200

NEW YORK

NY

10001

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

10/22/2003

23

(Date of Registration with PCAOB)(if applicable)

(PCAOB Registration Number, if applicable)

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* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual reports be covered by the reports of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis of the exemption. See 17 CFR 240.17a-5(e)(1)(ii), if applicable.

Persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, KAREN SEITZ, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the financial report pertaining to the firm of FUSION PARTNERS GLOBAL, LLC, as of JUNE 30, 2023, is true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, officer, director, or equivalent person, as the case may be, has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.

Signature:

[Handwritten Signature]

Title:

Founder & Managing Director

[Handwritten Signature]
Notary Public

JOSEPH DERAFFELE
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01DE4988573
Qualified in Westchester County
Commission Expires November 12, 2025

This filing contains (check all applicable boxes):**

- (a) Statement of financial condition.
- (b) Notes to consolidated statement of financial condition.
- (c) Statement of income (loss) or, if there is other comprehensive income in the period(s) presented, a statement of comprehensive income (as defined in § 210.1-02 of Regulation S-X).
- (d) Statement of cash flows.
- (e) Statement of changes in stockholders' or partners' or sole proprietor's equity.
- (f) Statement of changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of creditors.
- (g) Notes to consolidated financial statements.
- (h) Computation of net capital under 17 CFR 240.15c3-1 or 17 CFR 240.18a-1, as applicable.
- (i) Computation of tangible net worth under 17 CFR 240.18a-2.
- (j) Computation for determination of customer reserve requirements pursuant to Exhibit A to 17 CFR 240.15c3-3.
- (k) Computation for determination of security-based swap reserve requirements pursuant to Exhibit B to 17 CFR 240.15c3-3 or Exhibit A to 17 CFR 240.18a-4, as applicable.
- (l) Computation for Determination of PAB Requirements under Exhibit A to § 240.15c3-3.
- (m) Information relating to possession or control requirements for customers under 17 CFR 240.15c3-3.
- (n) Information relating to possession or control requirements for security-based swap customers under 17 CFR 240.15c3-3(p)(2) or 17 CFR 240.18a-4, as applicable.
- (o) Reconciliations, including appropriate explanations, of the FOCUS Report with computation of net capital or tangible net worth under 17 CFR 240.15c3-1, 17 CFR 240.18a-1, or 17 CFR 240.18a-2, as applicable, and the reserve requirements under 17 CFR 240.15c3-3 or 17 CFR 240.18a-4, as applicable, if material differences exist, or a statement that no material differences exist.
- (p) Summary of financial data for subsidiaries not consolidated in the statement of financial condition.
- (q) Oath or affirmation in accordance with 17 CFR 240.17a-5, 17 CFR 240.17a-12, or 17 CFR 240.18a-7, as applicable.
- (r) Compliance report in accordance with 17 CFR 240.17a-5 or 17 CFR 240.18a-7, as applicable.
- (s) Exemption report in accordance with 17 CFR 240.17a-5 or 17 CFR 240.18a-7, as applicable.
- (t) Independent public accountant's report based on an examination of the statement of financial condition.
- (u) Independent public accountant's report based on an examination of the financial report or financial statements under 17 CFR 240.17a-5, 17 CFR 240.18a-7, or 17 CFR 240.17a-12, as applicable.
- (v) Independent public accountant's report based on an examination of certain statements in the compliance report under 17 CFR 240.17a-5 or 17 CFR 240.18a-7, as applicable.
- (w) Independent public accountant's report based on a review of the exemption report under 17 CFR 240.17a-5 or 17 CFR 240.18a-7, as applicable.
- (x) Supplemental reports on applying agreed-upon procedures, in accordance with 17 CFR 240.15c3-1e or 17 CFR 240.17a-12, as applicable.
- (y) Report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit, or a statement that no material inadequacies exist, under 17 CFR 240.17a-12(k).
- (z) Other: _____

**To request confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see 17 CFR 240.17a-5(e)(3) or 17 CFR 240.18a-7(d)(2), as applicable.

Fusion Partners Global, LLC

**Report on Audit of Financial Statement
and Supplementary Information**

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Fusion Partners Global, LLC

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As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Member of
Fusion Partners Global, LLC

Opinion on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Fusion Partners Global, LLC (the Company) as of June 30, 2023, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the financial statement). In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2023, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

The financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that our audit provided a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Baker Tilly US, LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2019.

New York, New York
September 26, 2023

Fusion Partners Global, LLC

Statement of Financial Condition
June 30, 2023

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 521,359
Accounts receivable	74,863
Investments in private company, at cost	50,000
Prepaid expenses	33,155
Other assets	<u>120</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 679,497</u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

LIABILITIES:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 32,967
Deferred revenue	<u>1,269</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	34,236

MEMBER'S EQUITY

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	<u>\$ 679,497</u>
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See Notes to Accompanying Financial statement.

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Fusion Partners Global, LLC (the "Company") is a Limited Liability Company that was formed in New York on November 28, 2017. The Company is a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") as of May 11, 2018. The firm operates in New York City and is limited to raising capital for private placements in various asset management entities.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statement has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

Accounts Receivable

The Company's accounts receivable consists primarily of amounts due from private placement fees.

The Company follows Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 326, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses ("ASC 326"). ASC 326 impacts the impairment model for certain financial assets measured at amortized cost by requiring a current expected credit loss ("CECL") methodology to estimate expected credit losses over the entire life of the financial asset, recorded at inception or purchase. Under the accounting update, the Company has the ability to determine there are no expected credit losses in certain circumstances. The allowance for credit losses is based on the Company's expectation of the collectability of financial instruments carried at amortized cost, including fees receivable utilizing the CECL framework.

The Company considers factors such as historical experience, credit quality, age of balances and current and future economic conditions that may affect the Company's expectation of the collectability in determining the allowance for credit losses. The Company's expectation is that the credit risk associated with fees receivables is not significant until they are not 90 days past due on the contractual arrangement and expectation of collection in accordance with industry standards. As of June 30, 2023, there are no fees receivable that are in excess of 90 days past due. Management does not believe that an allowance is required as of June 30, 2023.

Revenue and Expense Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC Topic 606"). ASC Topic 606 requires that an entity recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance requires an entity to follow a five step model to (a) identify the contract(s) with a customer, (b) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (c) determine the transaction price, (d) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (e) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. In determining the transaction price, an entity may include variable consideration only to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized would not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is resolved.

Private placement fees

The Company engages in private placement services for various asset management entities. Revenues can be earned in multiple ways pursuant to the underlying contracts. One manner in which fees can be earned is from the ongoing portion of management fees earned quarterly based upon assets under management at the fund. The other way the Company can earn fees is upon the successful placement of funds. In addition, the Company may earn payments for ongoing advisory and consulting services in accordance with the terms of their contract under normal trade terms. The Company may also earn success fees that are recognized and payable on the closing date (the date on which the buyer purchases the securities from the seller) for the portion the Company is contracted to earn in accordance with its agreements.

On occasion the Company may receive compensation in the form of securities, which are recognized at the closing of the transaction. Such compensation is recognized in accordance with ASC Topic 606. The value of any investment balance is described in the investment section of footnote 2.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Revenue and Expense Recognition (continued)

Disaggregation of Revenue

The Company's revenues, for the year ended June 30, 2023, originated from private placement fees and consulting fees.

Contract Balances

Contract assets arise when the revenue associated with the contract is recognized prior to the Company's unconditional right to receive payment under a contract with a customer (i.e., unbilled receivable) and are derecognized when either it becomes a receivable or the cash is received. Contract assets are reported in the statement of financial condition. As of June 30, 2023, there were no contract assets.

Contract liabilities arise when customers remit contractual cash payments in advance of the Company satisfying its performance obligations under the contract and are derecognized when the revenue associated with the contract is recognized when the performance obligation is satisfied. As of June 30, 2023, there were no contract liabilities.

In exchange for general advisory services, the Company earned shares in a private company as part of compensation in the current fiscal year in accordance with the respective agreement. The Company relied on a third party valuation report when recording the market value of the investments on its financial statement. The entire gain from investment was then distributed to the Member of the Company.

These investments in privately held companies that are received in lieu of cash are deemed illiquid securities without a publicly traded market. This compensation is recognized when the transaction is completed as this is when the customer has obtained control over the promised good or service.

Income Taxes

The Company is a single member limited liability company that is deemed to be a disregarded entity for income tax purposes. The taxable income or loss of the Company is allocated to its member. The Company's sole member is subject to the New York City Unincorporated Business Tax ("UBT"). As the liability associated with the UBT is principally the result of the operations of the Company, the UBT, which is calculated using currently enacted tax laws and rates, is reflected on the books of the Company, in accordance with the FASB ASC 740, Income Taxes. This Topic requires the consolidated current and deferred tax expense (benefit) for a group that files a consolidated tax return to be allocated among the members of the group when those members issue separate financial statement. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Company had no allocated portion of UBT.

The Company accounts for uncertainties in income taxes under the provisions of FASB ASC 740-10-05, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes." The ASC clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statement. The ASC prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement approach for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The ASC provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. At June 30, 2023, the Company had no material unrecognized tax and no uncertain tax positions.

The Company's conclusions regarding uncertain tax positions may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon ongoing analyses of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof as well as other factors. Generally, federal and state authorities may examine the Company's income tax returns for three years from the date of filing.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statement and related disclosures is in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement, and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates and such differences could be material.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments

The Company may, from time to time, receive ownership interest of private companies as a form of compensation for services rendered. The Company will recognize revenue associated with this interest of private companies as earned under ASC 606. The investments are then distributed as capital distributions.

FASB Accounting Standards Updated ("ASU") 2016-01, Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, generally requires entities to measure equity investments (other than equity method investments, controlling financial interests that result in consolidation of the investee and certain other investments) at fair value and recognize any changes in fair value in net income. However, entities will be able to elect a measurement alternative for equity investments that do not have readily determinable fair values and do not qualify for the practical expedient in ASC 820 to estimate fair value using the net asset value (NAV) per share. Pursuant to ASU 2016-01, the Company has made an accounting policy election to measure certain equity securities without readily determinable fair value at cost, less any impairment, adjusted for any changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for the identical or a similar investment.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company has determined that no recently issued accounting pronouncements will have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows, or do not apply to its operations.

NOTE 3 – CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

Cash

The Company maintains principally all cash balances in one financial institution which, at times, may exceed the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The exposure to the Company is solely dependent upon daily bank balances and the strength of the financial institution. The Company has not incurred any losses on this account. As of June 30, 2023 the amount in excess of the FDIC limit was \$271,359.

Accounts Receivable

During the year ended June 30, 2023, two customers accounted for 88% and 12% of the accounts receivable. These balance were collected subsequent to year-end.

NOTE 4 – LEASES

The Company follows the provisions of ASC Topic 842 for lease accounting. The Company has currently sub-leased an office space from the Managing Member on an annual basis in New York City. The lease is classified as an operating lease. The Company has elected the short-term lease exception and therefore only recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases with a term greater than one year. For the year ended June 30, 2023, \$24,000 of expenses were incurred related to this agreement, which is included within Occupancy Expenses on the Statement of Operations. The Company has no immediate plans to occupy any additional office space.

NOTE 5 - INDEMNIFICATIONS

In the normal course of its business, the Company indemnifies and guarantees certain service providers against specified potential losses in connection with their acting as an agent of, or providing services to, the Company. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statement for these indemnifications.

The Company provides representations and warranties to counterparties in connection with a variety of commercial transactions and occasionally indemnifies them against potential losses caused by the breach of those representations and warranties. The Company may also provide standard indemnifications to some counterparties to protect them in the event additional taxes are owed or payments are withheld, due either to a change in or adverse application of certain tax laws. These indemnifications generally are standard contractual terms and are entered into in the normal course of business. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statement for these indemnifications.

NOTE 6 – NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital, and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. SEC Rule 15c3-1 also provides that capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on June 30, 2023, the Company had net capital of \$487,123 which was \$482,123 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000; and the Company's percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was approximately 7.03%.

NOTE 7 – EXEMPTION FROM RULE 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. The Company does not hold customers' cash or securities and, therefore, has no obligations under SEC Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

NOTE 8 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated the Company's events and transactions that occurred subsequent to June 30, 2023 through September 26, 2023 the date which the financial statement were available to be issued. There were no other events or transactions that occurred during this period that materially impacted the amounts or disclosures in the Company's financial statement.