



AKB

SEC  
Mail Processing  
Section  
FEB 27 2017  
Washington DC  
415

17004621

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT  
FORM X-17A-5  
PART III

OMB APPROVAL  
OMB Number: 3235-0123  
Expires: May 31, 2017  
Estimated average burden  
hours per response..... 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER  
8-46412

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2016 AND ENDING 12/31/2016  
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Asia Pacific Financial  
Management Group, Inc.  
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: 145 Aspinall Avenue  
(No. and Street)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY  
FIRM I.D. NO.

Hagatna Guam 96910-5156  
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT  
Sandra McKeever (671) 472-6400  
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\*  
Burger & Comer, P.C.  
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

278 S Marine Corps Dr. Ste. 104 Tamuning Guam 96913  
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

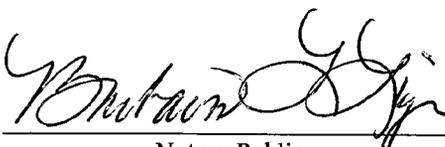
\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Sandra McKeever, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc. of December 31, 2016, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

  
Signature

  
Notary Public

**BARBARA L. LUJAN**  
**NOTARY PUBLIC**  
In and for Guam, U.S.A.  
My Commission Expires: June 24, 2017  
145 Aspinall Avenue Hagatna, Guam 96910

President  
Title

This report \*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) A report of Independent Public Accountant on Internal Control Structure.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

**BURGER & COMER, P.C.**  
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
**(a Guam Corporation)**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016**

**WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON**

**Hengi Plaza, Suite 104, 278 South Marine Corps Drive Tamuning, Guam 96913**

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**

(a Guam Corporation)

Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

Year ended December 31, 2016

**Contents**

Independent Auditors' Report .....	1-2
Audited Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Condition .....	3
Statement of Income .....	4
Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity .....	5
Statement of Cash Flows.....	6
Notes to Financial Statements .....	7-12
Supplemental Schedules	
Computation of Net Capital .....	13
Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness .....	14
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement .....	15
Net Capital Reconciliation with Focus Report .....	16
Exemption Letter .....	17-18
Schedule II Determination of Reserve Requirements .....	19
Schedule III Information relating to Possession or Control .....	20
Letter on Internal Controls .....	21
Agreed-upon Procedures Report .....	22

**Burger & Comer, P.C.**

Tamuning, Guam USA

February 15, 2017

**BURGER & COMER, P.C.**  
**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

The Board of Directors  
Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc.:

**Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc. (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2016 and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

**Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

**Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc. as of December 31, 2016, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information contained in schedules of computation of net capital, aggregate indebtedness, basic net capital requirement, and net capital reconciliation with Focus Report required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

*Burger & Comer, P.C.*

**Burger & Comer, P.C.**

Tamuning, Guam

February 15, 2017

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
(a Guam corporation)

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2016

<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 106,025
Deposit with clearing organization	57,486
Funds held in trading securities account	114,375
Receivable from brokers	208,964
Prepaid expenses	4,703
Property, equipment and leasehold improvements, net of accumulated depreciation (note 4)	<u>35,918</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 527,471</u>
 <u>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</u>	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	29,280
Commissions payable to stockholders	110,892
Commissions payable to other brokers	16,325
Guam income tax payable (note 5)	21,420
Deferred income taxes	<u>10,269</u>
Total liabilities	188,186
Commitments and contingencies (notes 6 and 7)	
Stockholders' equity:	
Common stock, \$1 par value. 800,000 shares authorized; 26,000 shares issued and outstanding	26,000
Additional paid-in capital	12,000
Retained earnings	<u>413,285</u>
	451,285
Less: Treasury stock, 2,592 shares at cost	<u>(112,000)</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>339,285</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 527,471</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements and auditors' report.

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
(a Guam corporation)

Statement of Income

Year ended December 31, 2016

Revenues:	
Commissions and fees	\$1,338,595
Account annual fees	8,262
Other income	1,591
Interest income	<u>3,525</u>
Total revenues	1,351,973
Operating expenses:	
Commissions	802,329
Employee salaries and wages	196,316
Other operating expenses	186,360
Taxes and licenses	15,769
Occupancy (note 6)	45,323
Depreciation	<u>12,536</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>1,258,633</u>
Operating income	93,340
Other income:	
Unrealized gains on securities	<u>9,027</u>
Income before income taxes	102,367
Guam income tax expense	<u>(25,903)</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 76,464</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements and auditors' report.

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
(a Guam corporation)

Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Year ended December 31, 2016

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Additional</u>	<u>Retained</u>	<u>Treasury</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Paid-in</u> <u>Capital</u>	<u>Earnings</u>	<u>Stock</u>	
Balance December 31, 2015	26,000	\$ 26,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 356,821	\$ (72,000)	\$ 322,821
Net income		-	-	76,464	-	76,464
Purchase of treasury stock		-	-	-	(40,000)	(40,000)
Dividends declared and paid		-	-	(20,000)	-	(20,000)
Balance December 31, 2016	<u>26,000</u>	<u>\$ 26,000</u>	<u>12,000</u>	<u>413,285</u>	<u>(112,000)</u>	<u>339,285</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements and auditors' report.

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
(a Guam corporation)

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2016

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$ 76,464
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities	
Depreciation	12,536
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Deposit with clearing organization	(11)
Funds held in trading securities accounts	(40,512)
Receivables from brokers	(14,875)
Prepaid expenses	(244)
Deferred tax asset	2,523
Accounts payable	(13,306)
Commissions payable	1,467
Deferred tax liability	1,959
Guam income tax payable	<u>9,312</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	35,313
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchases of property and equipment	<u>(7,160)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(7,160)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Dividends declared and paid	(20,000)
Purchase of treasury stock	<u>(40,000)</u>
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(60,000)</u>
Net decrease in cash	(31,847)
Cash at beginning of year	<u>137,872</u>
Cash at end of year	<u><u>\$ 106,025</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements and auditors' report.

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
**(a Guam Corporation)**

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

**1. Organization and Nature of Business**

Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc. (APFMG or the Company), previously named Asia Pacific Investors Services, was incorporated under the laws of the Territory of Guam on March 2, 1993 with the filing of its incorporation documents at the Government of Guam Department of Revenue and Taxation. The Company is registered as a broker-dealer in securities under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. APFMG renders investment management and broker-dealer services in mutual funds, corporate stocks and fixed income securities on both an agency and principal basis to its Guam located customers on a fully disclosed basis through other broker-dealers. APFMG is exempt from the reserve requirement under SEC rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), since it does not handle or carry customer securities and cash.

**2. Significant Accounting Policies**

**Basis of Accounting**

Security transactions and related commission revenue and expense are recorded on a trade date basis.

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of the statement of financial condition and the statement of cash flows, cash is defined as cash on hand, money market accounts, cash due from banks and brokerage accounts, and cash on deposit with banks.

**Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable primarily represent management and consulting fees due for financial and investment advisory services.

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
**(a Guam Corporation)**

Notes to Financial Statements, continued

December 31, 2016

**2. Significant Accounting Policies, continued**

**Commissions**

Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

**Revenue Recognition**

Revenue, which consists of management and consulting fees for financial and investment advisory services, is recognized as it is performed. Commissions earned on life insurance policies sold are recognized as premiums are collected. Commissions earned on annuity contracts are recognized initially when the customer purchases the annuity; there are also residual commissions based on the amount invested. Investment advisory fees are received and recognized monthly.

**Property, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements**

Property, equipment and leasehold improvements are recorded at cost or estimated net book value at the date of transfer. Depreciation of property and equipment, and amortization of leasehold improvements, which is included in depreciation expense, is based on the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lives of the respective lease or the service lives of the improvements.

**Income Taxes**

The Territory of Guam adopted most sections of the United States Internal Revenue Code as the territorial or local income tax.

Guam income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred tax assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statement and income tax purposes. The differences relate to the use of mandatory depreciation methods for fixed assets under the tax laws. Deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax return consequences of those differences which will be recoverable or taxable when the temporary differences reverse or certain future events occur. No deferred tax liability is recorded for permanent tax differences.

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
**(a Guam Corporation)**

Notes to Financial Statements, continued

December 31, 2016

**2. Significant Accounting Policies, continued**

**Income Taxes, continued**

The Company files its corporate income tax return in the Territory of Guam. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to Guam income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2013. The Company does not have any unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2016 that would affect the annual effective tax rate.

The Company recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits as interest expense and recognizes penalties in operating expenses. The Company did not recognize any interest or penalties in the year ended December 31, 2016 related to unrecognized tax benefits.

**Advertising**

The costs of non direct response advertising are charged to expense as incurred.

**3. Fair Value**

***Fair Value Hierarchy***

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a hierarchy of fair value inputs. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1. Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2. Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3. Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
**(a Guam Corporation)**

Notes to Financial Statements, continued

December 31, 2016

**3. Fair Value, continued**

The availability of observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of security, the liquidity of markets, and other characteristics particular to the security. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in level 3.

The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

*Processes and Structure*

The Board of Directors is responsible for the Company's fair value valuation policies, processes, and procedures. The Board implements valuation control processes to validate the fair value of the Company's financial instruments measured at fair value, including those derived from pricing models. These control processes are designed to assure that the values used for financial reporting are based on observable inputs wherever possible. In the event that observable inputs are not available, the control processes are designed to assure that the valuation approach utilized is appropriate and consistently applied and that the assumptions are reasonable.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Company's own assumptions are set to reflect those that the Company believes market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

A description of the valuation techniques applied to the company's major categories of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis follows:

Cash and cash equivalents, and deposits with clearing organizations are essentially cash and are therefore valued at fair value. The fair value of amounts receivable from brokers, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and commissions payable are approximately the same as their carrying values, due to the short term nature of the accounts.

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
**(a Guam Corporation)**

Notes to Financial Statements, continued

December 31, 2016

**3. Fair Value, continued**

*Exchange-Traded Equity Securities.* Exchange-traded equity securities are generally valued based on quoted prices from the exchange. To the extent these securities are actively traded, valuation adjustments are not applied, and they are categorized in level 1 of the fair value hierarchy; otherwise, they are categorized in level 2 or level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2016:

	<u>Level 1</u>
Corporate equities	\$ 68,995
Exchange traded products	<u>44,685</u>
Total	\$ <u>113,680</u>

The investments carried at fair value above are included with a cash equivalent of \$696 in the accompanying statement of financial condition as "Funds held in trading securities account."

***Fair Value Option***

FASB ASC 825, *Financial Instruments*, provides a fair value option election that allows entities to irrevocably elect fair value as the initial and subsequent measurement attribute for certain financial assets and liabilities. Changes in fair value are recognized in earnings as they occur for those assets and liabilities for which the election is made. The election is made on an instrument by instrument basis at initial recognition of an asset or liability or upon an event that gives rise to a new basis of accounting for that instrument. The fair value option has not been elected as of December 31, 2016.

**4. Property and Equipment**

A summary of property and equipment as of December 31, 2016 follows:

Furniture	\$ 104,592
Equipment	44,740
Leasehold improvements	<u>21,094</u>
	170,426
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(134,508)</u>
Property and equipment, net	\$ <u>35,918</u>

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
**(a Guam Corporation)**

Notes to Financial Statements, continued

December 31, 2016

**5. Guam Income Tax**

During the year ended December 31, 2016 the Company paid \$12,108 in Guam income taxes. The Company's deferred income tax liability decreased by \$1,108 due to the reversal of tax depreciation in excess of book depreciation and increased by \$3,069 due to unrealized gains on investments. Income taxes currently payable are \$21,420 at December 31, 2016.

**6. Lease Commitment**

The Company leases its administrative office under a noncancelable operating lease with a term expiring on December 31, 2018. Monthly rent under the lease was \$2,500 until December 31, 2015. The rent was increased to \$2,800 per month effective January 1, 2016. The building and related improvements from which APFMG conducts its operations are owned by U.D.P. Corporation, a Guam corporation owned two-thirds by APFMG's majority stockholder.

Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$33,600. Future rent due under this lease is \$33,600 per year for 2017 and 2018, for a total of \$67,200.

**7. Subsequent Events**

In preparing the accompanying financial statements and these footnotes, management has evaluated subsequent events through February 15, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

**8. Net Capital Requirement**

APFMG is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2016, APFMG had net capital of \$139,042, which was \$127,181 in excess of its required net capital of \$11,861. The Company's net capital ratio was 1.28 to 1.

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
**(a Guam Corporation)**

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1  
of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2016

NET CAPITAL:	
Total stockholders' equity qualified for net capital	\$ 339,285
Additions:	
Allowable credit for deferred income taxes payable	10,269
Deductions:	
Non-allowable assets:	
Clearing accounts	(57,486)
Broker and other receivables	(95,189)
Prepaid insurance	(4,703)
Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements	(35,918)
Petty cash	<u>(150)</u>
	(193,446)
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions (tentative net capital)	156,108
Haircuts on securities from Part IIA	<u>(17,066)</u>
Net capital	\$ <u>139,042</u>

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
**(a Guam Corporation)**

Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness

December 31, 2016

Total liabilities in the statement of financial condition	\$ 188,186
Deferred income taxes payable	<u>(10,269)</u>
Aggregate indebtedness for the Forms Report	\$ 177,917
Net capital	\$ 139,042
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	128.0%

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
**(a Guam Corporation)**

Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement

December 31, 2016

Minimum net capital required (6 and 2/3 percent of aggregate indebtedness)	\$ 11,861
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum net capital requirement of subsidiaries	\$ 5,000
Net capital requirement	\$ 11,861
Net capital	\$ 139,042
Excess net capital	\$ 127,181
Excess net capital at 1000%	
Excess net capital	\$ 127,181
Less: 10% of aggregate indebtedness	<u>17,791</u>
Excess net capital at 1000%	\$ <u>109,390</u>

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
**(a Guam Corporation)**

Reconciliation with Focus Report Form X-17A-5

December 31, 2016

Total ownership equity qualified for net capital per Forms Report	\$ 339,286
Difference – rounding	<u>1</u>
Total ownership equity qualified for net capital per Audit	\$ <u>339,285</u>

**BURGER & COMER, P.C.**  
**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

February 15, 2017

The Board of Directors  
Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(1) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

**Hengi Plaza, Suite 104, 278 South Marine Corps Drive Tamuning, Guam 96913 \* Phone: (671) 646-5044 \* Fax: (671) 646-5045**  
**<http://www.guamcpa.com>**

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2016, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



**BURGER & COMER, P.C.**

Tamuning, Guam

February 15, 2017

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
**(a Guam Corporation)**

Schedule II

Determination of Reserve Requirements  
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission  
December 31, 2016

The Company is exempt from the Reserve Requirement of computation according to the provision of Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

See accompanying auditors' report.

**ASIA PACIFIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GROUP, INC.**  
**(a Guam Corporation)**

Schedule III

Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements  
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2016

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 as it relates to Possession and Control requirements under the (k)(2)(ii) exemptive provision.

See accompanying auditors' report.

**BURGER & COMER, P.C.**  
**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

February 15, 2017

The Board of Directors  
Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, on which we have issued our report dated February 15, 2017, we considered its system of internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control. We noted no matters involving the system of internal control and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the organization's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the SIPC, FINRA, and others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,



**BURGER & COMER, P.C.**  
Tamuning, Guam USA

**BURGER & COMER, P.C.**  
**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon  
Procedures Related to an Entity's SIPC Assessment Reconciliation

To the Board of Directors  
Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc.  
Hagatna, Guam

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2016, which were agreed to by Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc. (APFMG) and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc.'s management is responsible for Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursements records entries (a) Check number 8449 on July 29, 2016 for \$51.00, noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2016, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2016, noting no differences;
3. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 noting no differences; and
4. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

**Burger & Comer, P.C.**  
Tamuning, Guam  
February 15, 2017

**BURGER & COMER, P.C.**  
**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

We have reviewed management's statements, included in the accompanying Exemption Report, in which (1) Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc. identified the following provisions of 17 C.F.R. §240.15c3-3(k) under which Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc. claimed an exemption from 17 C.F.R. §240.15c3-3: 17 C.F.R. §240.15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) (the "exemption provisions") and (2) Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc. stated that Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc. met the identified exemption provisions throughout the most recent fiscal year without exception. Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc.'s management is responsible for compliance with the exemption provisions and its statements.

Our review was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and, accordingly, included inquiries and other required procedures to obtain evidence about Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc.'s compliance with the exemption provisions. A review is substantially less in scope than an examination, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on management's statements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to management's statements referred to above for them to be fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the provisions set forth in paragraph (k)(2)(ii), of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

*Burger & Comer, P.C.*  
**Burger & Comer, P.C.**  
Tamuning, Guam  
February 15, 2017

## Asia Pacific Financial Management Group's Exemption Report

Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc. (the "Company") is a registered broker-dealer subject to SEA Rule 17a-5. This Exemption Report was prepared as required by provisions in SEA Rule 17a-5(d)(4)(i)-(iii). To the best of its knowledge and belief, the Company states the following:

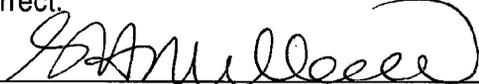
- (1) The Company claimed an exemption from §240.15c3-3 under the following provisions of §240.15c3-3(k)(2)(ii). All customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.
- (2) The Company had no obligations under §240.15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) throughout the most recent fiscal year without exception.

---

Asia Pacific Financial Management Group, Inc.

I, Sandra McKeever, affirm that, to my best knowledge and belief, this Exemption Report is true and correct.

By: \_\_\_\_\_

  
Sandra McKeever, President